BTHC VI Inc Form 10QSB October 30, 2006

> UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

> > Form 10-QSB

(Mark one)
X Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2006
Transition Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 0-52108
BTHC VI, Inc. (Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)
Delaware 20-4494098
(State of incorporation) (IRS Employer ID Number)
12890 Hilltop Road, Argyle, Texas 76226
(Address of principal executive offices)
(972) 233-0300
(Issuer's telephone number)
Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES X NO

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity as of the latest practicable date: October 30, 2006: 500,000

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): YES NO X

BTHC VI, Inc.

Form 10-QSB for the Quarter ended September 30, 2006

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Part I Item 1 - Financial Statements

> BTHC VI, Inc. (a development stage company) Balance Sheets September 30, 2006 and 2005

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2

(Unaudited)

		-	ber 30, 006 	-	mber 30, 2005
	ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash on hand and in bank Due from bankruptcy trust		\$		\$ 	1,000
Total Assets		\$ ======		\$ =====	1,000

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

\$ 	\$
15,298	
15,298	
\$	

Commitments and Contingencies

Stockholders' deficit Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value			
10,000,000 shares authorized			
None issued and outstanding			
Common stock - \$0.001 par value			
40,000,000 shares authorized			
500,000 shares issued and outstanding	50	0	500
Additional paid-in capital	50	0	500
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(16,29	8)	
Total Stockholders' Deficit	(15,29	8)	1,000
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit	\$	\$	1,000
		= ====	

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BTHC VI, Inc. (a development stage company) Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss Nine and Three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and Period from November 29, 2004 (date of bankruptcy settlement) through September 30, 2006

(Unaudited)

Peric Novem

(da

		Nine months ended September 30, 2006		d ended ended r 30, September 30, September 30,		e Septe	e months ended ember 30, 2005	ba se t Sep	
Revenues	\$		\$		\$ 		\$ 		\$
Operating expenses Reorganization costs General and administrative		1,511							
expenses		14,787				14,787			
Income from operations		(16,298)				(14,787)			
Provision for income taxes									
Net loss		(16,298)				(14,787)			
Other comprehensive income									
Comprehensive loss	\$ =====	(16,298)	\$ ======		\$ ====	(14,787)	\$ =====		\$ ===
Loss per weighted- average share of common stock outstanding, computed on net loss - basic and fully diluted	\$ =====	(0.03)		nil	\$ ====	(0.03)		nil	\$
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding - basic									

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BTHC VI, Inc. (a development stage company) Statements of Cash Flows Nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and Period from November 29, 2004 (date of bankruptcy settlement) through September 30, 2006

(Unaudited)

		Nine months Nine months ended ended September 30, September 30, 2006 2005			Nov (d ban set t	iod from rember 29, 2004 ate of kruptcy tlement) hrough ember 30, 2006
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Net loss for the period Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by	Ş	(16,298)	Ş		Ş	(16,298)
operating activities						
Net cash used in operating activities		(16,298)				(16,298)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Cash funded from bankruptcy trust Cash advanced by stockholder		1,000 15,298				1,000 15,298
Net cash provided by financing activities		16,298				16,298
Increase in Cash						
Cash at beginning of period						
Cash at end of period	\$		Ş		\$	

Supplemental Disclosure of				
Interest and Income Taxes Paid				
Interest paid during the period	\$	 \$	 \$	
	=====	 =====	 =====	
Income taxes paid during the period	\$	 \$	 \$	
	=====	 =====	 =====	

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BTHC VI, Inc. (a development stage company) Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2006 and 2005

Note A - Background and Description of Business

BTHC VI, Inc. (Company) was reincorporated on June 7, 2005 under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Company is the U. S. Bankruptcy Court mandated reincorporation of and successor to BTHC VI, LLC, a Texas Limited Liability Company which was discharged from bankruptcy on November 29, 2004. The effective date of the merger of BTHC VI, Inc. and BTHC VI, LLC was April 11, 2006.

The Company's emergence from Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code on November 29, 2004 created the combination of a change in majority ownership and voting control - that is, loss of control by the then-existing stockholders, a court-approved reorganization, and a reliable measure of the entity's fair value - resulting in a fresh start, creating, in substance, a new reporting entity. Accordingly, the Company, post bankruptcy, has no significant assets, liabilities or operating activities. Therefore, the Company, as a new reporting entity, qualifies as a "development stage enterprise" as defined in Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 7, as amended.

The Company's post-bankruptcy business plan is to locate and combine with an existing, privately-held company which is profitable or, in management's view, has growth potential, irrespective of the industry in which it is engaged. However, the Company does not intend to combine with a private company which may be deemed to be an investment company subject to the Investment Company Act of 1940. A combination may be structured as a merger, consolidation, exchange of the Company's common stock for stock or assets or any other form which will result in the combined enterprise's becoming a publicly-held corporation.

Note B - Bankruptcy Action

Commencing on March 28, 2003, BTHC VI, LLC filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the Federal Bankruptcy Act in the United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of Texas - Dallas Division (Bankruptcy Court). The Company's bankruptcy action was part of a combined case (Case No. 03-33152-HDH-11) encompassing the following related entities: Ballantrae Healthcare, LLC; Ballantrae Texas, LLC; Ballantrae New Mexico, LLC; Ballantrae Missouri, LLC; Ballantrae Illinois, LLC; BTHC I, LLC; BTHC II, LLC; BTHC III, LLC; BTHC IV, LLC; BTHC V, LLC; BTHC VI, LLC; BTHC VII, LLC; BTHC VII, LLC; BTHC XI, LC; BTHC XI, LLC;

XXI, LLC; BNMHC I, LLC; BMOHC II, LLC; BILHC I, LLC, BILHC II, LLC; BILHC III, LLC; BILHC IV, LLC; BILHC V, LLC.

All assets, liabilities and other claims against the Company and it's affiliated entities were combined for the purpose of distribution of funds to creditors. Each of the entities otherwise remained separate corporate entities. From the commencement of the bankruptcy proceedings through November 29, 2004 (the effective date of the Plan of Reorganization), all secured claims and/or administrative claims during this period were satisfied through either direct payment or negotiation.

A Plan of Reorganization was approved by the United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of Texas - Dallas Division on November 29, 2004. The Plan of Reorganization, which contemplates the Company entering into a reverse merger transaction, provided that certain identified claimants as well as unsecured creditors, in accordance with the allocation provisions of the Plan of Reorganization, and the Company's new controlling stockholder would receive "new" shares of the Company's post-reorganization common stock, pursuant to Section 1145(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. As a result of the Plan's approval, all liens, security interests, encumbrances and other interests, as defined in the Plan of Reorganization, attach to the creditor's trust. Specific injunctions prohibit any of these claims from being asserted against the Company prior to the contemplated reverse merger.

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BTHC VI, Inc. (a development stage company) Notes to Financial Statements - Continued September 30, 2006 and 2005

Note B - Bankruptcy Action - Continued

The cancellation of all existing shares at the date of the bankruptcy filing and the issuance of "new" shares of the reorganized entity caused an issuance of shares of common stock and a related change of control of the Company with more than 50.0% of the "new" shares being held by persons and/or entities which were not pre-bankruptcy stockholders. Accordingly, per American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Statement of Position 90-7, "Financial Reporting by Entities in Reorganization Under the Bankruptcy Code", the Company adopted "fresh-start" accounting as of the bankruptcy discharge date whereby all continuing assets and liabilities of the Company were restated to the fair market value. As of November 29, 2004, by virtue of the confirmed Plan of Reorganization, the only asset of the Company was approximately \$1,000 in cash due from the Bankruptcy Estate.

Note C - Preparation of Financial Statements

The Company follows the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and retains the Company's pre-bankruptcy year-end of December 31.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles

generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Management further acknowledges that it is solely responsible for adopting sound accounting practices, establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control and preventing and detecting fraud. The Company's system of internal accounting control is designed to assure, among other items, that 1) recorded transactions are valid; 2) valid transactions are recorded; and 3) transactions are recorded in the proper period in a timely manner to produce financial statements which present fairly the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the respective periods being presented.

During interim periods, the Company follows the accounting policies set forth in its annual audited financial statements filed with the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission on its Form 10-SB - General Form for Registration of Securities of Small Business Issuers Under Section 12(b) or (g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 containing the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005. The information presented within these interim financial statements may not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles and the users of financial information provided for interim periods should refer to the annual financial information and footnotes when reviewing the interim financial results presented herein.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying interim financial statements, prepared in accordance with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's instructions for Form 10-QSB, are unaudited and contain all material adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the respective interim periods presented. The current period results of operations are not necessarily indicative of results which ultimately will be reported for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2006.

Note D - Going Concern Uncertainty

The Company has no post-bankruptcy operating history, no cash on hand, no assets and has a business plan with inherent risk. Because of these factors, the Company's auditors have issued an audit opinion on the Company's financial statements which includes a statement describing our going concern status. This means, in the auditor's opinion, substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern exists at the date of their opinion.

The Company's majority stockholder maintains the corporate status of the Company and has provided all nominal working capital support on the Company's behalf since the bankruptcy discharge date. Because of the Company's lack of operating assets, its continuance is fully dependent upon the majority stockholder's continuing support. The majority stockholder intends to continue the funding of nominal necessary expenses to sustain the corporate entity.

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BTHC VI, Inc. (a development stage company) Notes to Financial Statements - Continued September 30, 2006 and 2005 Note D - Going Concern Uncertainty - Continued

The Company's continued existence is dependent upon its ability to generate sufficient cash flows from operations to support its daily operations as well as provide sufficient resources to retire existing liabilities and obligations on a timely basis. Further, the Company faces considerable risk in it's business plan and a potential shortfall of funding due to our inability to raise capital in the equity securities market. If no additional operating capital is received during the next twelve months, the Company will be forced to rely on existing cash in the bank and additional funds loaned by management and/or significant stockholders.

The Company's business plan is to seek an acquisition or merger with a private operating company which offers an opportunity for growth and possible appreciation of our stockholders' investment in the then issued and outstanding common stock. However, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully consummate an acquisition or merger with a private operating company or, if successful, that any acquisition or merger will result in the appreciation of our stockholders' investment in the then outstanding common stock.

The Company remains dependent upon additional external sources of financing; including being dependent upon its management and/or significant stockholders to provide sufficient working capital in excess of the Company's initial capitalization to preserve the integrity of the corporate entity.

The Company anticipates offering future sales of equity securities. However, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain additional funding through the sales of additional equity securities or, that such funding, if available, will be obtained on terms favorable to or affordable by the Company.

The Company's certificate of incorporation authorizes the issuance of up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock and 40,000,000 shares of common stock. The Company's ability to issue preferred stock may limit the Company's ability to obtain debt or equity financing as well as impede potential takeover of the Company, which takeover may be in the best interest of stockholders. The Company's ability to issue these authorized but unissued securities may also negatively impact our ability to raise additional capital through the sale of our debt or equity securities.

It is the intent of management and significant stockholders to provide sufficient working capital necessary to support and preserve the integrity of the corporate entity. However, no formal commitments or arrangements to advance or loan funds to the Company or repay any such advances or loans exist. There is no legal obligation for either management or significant stockholders to provide additional future funding.

In such a restricted cash flow scenario, the Company would be unable to complete its business plan steps, and would, instead, delay all cash intensive activities. Without necessary cash flow, the Company may become dormant during the next twelve months, or until such time as necessary funds could be raised in the equity securities market.

While the Company is of the opinion that good faith estimates of the Company's ability to secure additional capital in the future to reach its goals have been made, there is no guarantee that the Company will receive sufficient funding to sustain operations or implement any future business plan steps.

Note E - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all cash on hand and in banks, certificates of deposit and other highly-liquid investments with maturities of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

2. Reorganization costs

The Company has adopted the provisions of AICPA Statement of Position 98-5, "Reporting on the Costs of Start-Up Activities" whereby all costs incurred with the incorporation and reorganization, post-bankruptcy, of the Company were charged to operations as incurred.

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BTHC VI, Inc. (a development stage company) Notes to Financial Statements - Continued September 30, 2006 and 2005

Note E - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

3. Income taxes

For periods prior to November 29, 2004, the Company, as a Limited Liability Company, filed Federal and State partnership income tax returns whereby the income and expenses of the Company were passed through to the respective members representing the ownership of the entity. Subsequent to November 29, 2004, the Company files separate stand-alone Federal and State corporation income or franchise tax returns.

4. Income (Loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the respective period presented in our accompanying financial statements.

Fully diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed similar to basic income (loss) per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of common stock equivalents (primarily outstanding options and warrants).

Common stock equivalents represent the dilutive effect of the assumed exercise of the outstanding stock options and warrants, using the treasury stock method, at either the beginning of the respective period presented or the date of issuance, whichever is later, and only if the common stock equivalents are considered dilutive based upon the Company's net income (loss) position at the calculation date.

At September 30, 2006 and 2005, and subsequent thereto, the Company has no

outstanding stock warrants, options or convertible securities which could be considered as dilutive for purposes of the loss per share calculation.

Note F - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and notes payable, as applicable, approximates fair value due to the short term nature of these items and/or the current interest rates payable in relation to current market conditions.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the Company's earnings are subject to fluctuations in interest rates on either investments or on debt and is fully dependent upon the volatility of these rates. The Company does not use derivative instruments to moderate its exposure to interest rate risk, if any.

Financial risk is the risk that the Company's earnings are subject to fluctuations in interest rates or foreign exchange rates and are fully dependent upon the volatility of these rates. The Company does not use derivative instruments to moderate its exposure to financial risk, if any.

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BTHC VI, Inc. (a development stage company) Notes to Financial Statements - Continued September 30, 2006 and 2005

Note G - Income Taxes

The components of income tax (benefit) expense for each of the nine month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and for the period from November 29, 2004 (date of bankruptcy settlement) through September 30, 2006, respectively, are as follows:

		Period from
		November 29,
		2004
		(date of
		bankruptcy
Nine months	Nine months	settlement)
ended	ended	through
September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
2006	2005	2006

Federal:				
Current	\$	 \$	 \$	
Deferred				
State:				
Current				
Deferred				
Total	\$	 \$	 \$	
	======	 	 	

As of September 30, 2006, the Company had an aggregate net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$14,000 to offset future taxable income. The amount and availability of any net operating loss carryforwards will be subject to the limitations set forth in the Internal Revenue Code. Such factors as the number of shares ultimately issued within a three year look-back period; whether there is a deemed more than 50 percent change in control; the applicable long-term tax exempt bond rate; continuity of historical business; and subsequent income of the Company all enter into the annual computation of allowable annual utilization of any net operating loss carryforward(s).

The Company's income tax expense for each of the nine month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 and the period from November 29, 2004 (date of bankruptcy settlement) through September 30, 2006, respectively, are as follows:

		e months ended ember 30, 2006	e	e months ended ember 30, 2005	Nove (da bank sett th	iod fr 2004 ate of crupto clemen nrough ember 2006
Statutory rate applied to income before income taxes	\$	(5,500)	Ş		\$	(5
Increase (decrease) in income taxes resulting from: State income taxes Difference between book method and						
statutory recognition differences on organization costs Other, including reserve for		400				
deferred tax asset and application of net operating loss carryforward		5,100				5
Income tax expense	\$ ====		\$ =====		\$ ====	

BTHC VI, Inc. (a development stage company) Notes to Financial Statements - Continued September 30, 2006 and 2005

Note G - Income Taxes - Continued

The Company's only temporary differences as of September 30, 2006 and 2005 relate to the Company's net operating loss and the statutory deferrals of expenses for organizational costs pursuant to the applicable Federal Tax Law. Accordingly, any deferred tax asset, as fully reserved, or liability, if any, as of September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, is nominal and not material to the accompanying financial statements.

Note H - Capital Stock Transactions

Pursuant to the First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Proposed By The Debtors affirmed by the U. S. Bankruptcy Court - Northern District of Texas - Dallas Division on November 29, 2004, the Company "will include the issuance of a sufficient number of Plan shares to meet the requirements of the Plan. Such number is estimated to be approximately 500,000 Plan Shares relative to each Post Confirmation Debtor. The Plan Shares shall all be of the same class."

As provided in the Plan, 70.0% of the Plan Shares of the Company were issued to Halter Financial Group, Inc., the Company's controlling shareholder, in exchange for the release of its Allowed Administrative Claims and for the performance of certain services and the payment of certain fees related to the anticipated reverse merger or acquisition transactions described in the Plan. The remaining 30.0% of the Plan Shares of the Company were issued to other holders of various claims as defined in the Order Confirming First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization.

Based upon the calculations provided by the Creditor's Trustee, the Company issued an aggregate 500,000 shares of the Company's "new" common stock to all unsecured creditors and the controlling stockholder in settlement of all unpaid pre-confirmation obligations of the Company and/or the bankruptcy trust.

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Part I - Item 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(1) Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Information

Certain statements contained in this quarterly filing, including, without limitation, statements containing the words "believes", "anticipates", "expects" and words of similar import, constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Such factors include, among others, the following: international, national and local general economic and market conditions: demographic changes; the ability of the Company to sustain, manage or forecast its growth; the ability of the Company to successfully make and integrate acquisitions; raw material costs and availability; new product development and introduction; existing government regulations and changes in, or the failure to comply with, government regulations; adverse publicity; competition; the loss of significant customers or suppliers; fluctuations and difficulty in forecasting operating results; changes in business strategy or development plans; business disruptions; the ability to attract and retain qualified personnel; the ability to protect technology; and other factors referenced in this and previous filings.

Given these uncertainties, readers of this Form 10-QSB and investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any such factors or to publicly announce the result of any revisions to any of the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect future events or developments.

(2) Results of Operations

The Company had no revenue for either of the nine or three month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

General and administrative expenses for the nine and three month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 were nominal, relating only to the reorganization of the Company since the November 2004 affirmation of the Company's Plan of Reorganization, filing a Form 10-SB - General Form for Registration of Securities of Small Business Issuers Under Section 12(b) or (g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and maintaining the corporate entity.

It is anticipated that future expenditure levels may increase as the Company intends to fully comply with it's periodic reporting requirements. Earnings per share for the respective nine and three month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 were (0.03), -0-, (0.03) and -0-, respectively, based on the weighted-average shares issued and outstanding at the end of each respective period.

The Company does not expect to generate any meaningful revenue or incur operating expenses for purposes other than fulfilling the obligations of a reporting company under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 unless and until such time that the Company's operating subsidiary begins meaningful operations.

At September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, the Company had working capital of approximately (15,000) and -0, respectively.

It is the belief of management and significant stockholders that they will

provide sufficient working capital necessary to support and preserve the integrity of the corporate entity will be present. However, there is no legal obligation for either management or significant stockholders to provide additional future funding. Should this pledge fail to provide financing, the Company has not identified any alternative sources. Consequently, there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's need for working capital may change dramatically as a result of any business acquisition or combination transaction. There can be no assurance that the Company will identify any such business, product, technology or company suitable for acquisition in the future. Further, there can be no assurance that the Company would be successful in consummating any acquisition on favorable terms or that it will be able to profitably manage the business, product, technology or company it acquires.

Plan of Business

General

The Company intends to locate and combine with an existing, privately-held company which is profitable or, in management's view, has growth potential, irrespective of the industry in which it is engaged. However, the Company does not intend to combine with a private company which may be deemed to be an investment company subject to the Investment Company Act of 1940. A combination may be structured as a merger, consolidation, exchange of the Company's common stock for stock or assets or any other form which will result in the combined enterprise's becoming a publicly-held corporation.

Pending negotiation and consummation of a combination, the Company anticipates that it will have, aside from carrying on its search for a combination partner, no business activities, and, thus, will have no source of revenue. Should the Company incur any significant liabilities prior to a combination with a private company, it may not be able to satisfy such liabilities as are incurred.

If the Company's management pursues one or more combination opportunities beyond the preliminary negotiations stage and those negotiations are subsequently terminated, it is foreseeable that such efforts will exhaust the Company's ability to continue to seek such combination opportunities before any successful combination can be consummated. In that event, the Company's common stock will become worthless and holders of the Company's common stock will receive a nominal distribution, if any, upon the Company's liquidation and dissolution.

Combination Suitability Standards

In its pursuit for a combination partner, the Company's management intends to consider only combination candidates which are profitable or, in management's view, have growth potential. The Company's management does not intend to pursue any combination proposal beyond the preliminary negotiation stage with any combination candidate which does not furnish the Company with audited financial statements for at least its most recent fiscal year and unaudited financial statements for interim periods subsequent to the date of such audited financial statements, or is in a position to provide such financial statements in a timely manner. The Company will, if necessary funds are available, engage attorneys and/or accountants in its efforts to investigate a combination candidate and to consummate a business combination. The Company may require payment of fees by such combination candidate to fund the investigation of such candidate. In the event such a combination candidate is engaged in a high technology business, the

Company may also obtain reports from independent organizations of recognized standing covering the technology being developed and/or used by the candidate. The Company's limited financial resources may make the acquisition of such reports difficult or even impossible to obtain and, thus, there can be no assurance that the Company will have sufficient funds to obtain such reports when considering combination proposals or candidates. To the extent the Company is unable to obtain the advice or reports from experts, the risks of any combined enterprise's being unsuccessful will be enhanced. Furthermore, to the knowledge of the Company's officers and directors, neither the candidate nor any of its directors, executive officers, principal shareholders or general partners:

- will not have been convicted of securities fraud, mail fraud, tax fraud, embezzlement, bribery, or a similar criminal offense involving misappropriation or theft of funds, or be the subject of a pending investigation or indictment involving any of those offenses;
- (2) will not have been subject to a temporary or permanent injunction or restraining order arising from unlawful transactions in securities, whether as issuer, underwriter, broker, dealer, or investment advisor, may be the subject of any pending investigation or a defendant in a pending lawsuit arising from or based upon allegations of unlawful transactions in securities; or
- (3) will not have been a defendant in a civil action which resulted in a final judgement against it or him awarding damages or rescission based upon unlawful practices or sales of securities.

The Company's officers and directors will make these determinations by asking pertinent questions of the management of prospective combination candidates. Such persons will also ask pertinent questions of others who may be involved in the combination proceedings. However, the officers and directors of the Company will not generally take other steps to verify independently information obtained in this manner which is favorable. Unless something comes to their attention which puts them on notice of a possible disqualification which is being concealed from them, such persons will rely on information received from the management of the prospective combination candidate and from others who may be involved in the combination proceedings.

(3) Liquidity and Capital Resources

It is the belief of management and significant stockholders that they will provide sufficient working capital necessary to support and preserve the integrity of the corporate entity will be present. However, there is no legal obligation for either management or significant stockholders to provide

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additional future funding. Should this pledge fail to provide financing, the Company has not identified any alternative sources. Consequently, there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has no current plans, proposals, arrangements or understandings with respect to the sale or issuance of additional securities prior to the location of a merger or acquisition candidate. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that sufficient funds will be available to the Company to allow it to cover the expenses related to such activities.

The Company does not currently contemplate making a Regulation S offering.

Regardless of whether the Company's cash assets prove to be inadequate to meet the Company's operational needs, the Company might seek to compensate providers of services by issuances of stock in lieu of cash.

Item 3 - Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act), as of September 30, 2006. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in alerting them on a timely basis to material information relating to our Company required to be included in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act.

(b) Changes in Internal Controls

There were no significant changes (including corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies or material weaknesses) in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2006 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

- Part II Other Information
- Item 1 Legal Proceedings

None

Item 2 - Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

Item 3 - Defaults on Senior Securities

None

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Company has held no regularly scheduled, called or special meetings of shareholders during the reporting period.

Item 5 - Other Information

None

Item 6 - Exhibits

31.1 Certification pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 32.1 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

(Signatures follow on next page)

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BTHC VI, Inc.

Dated: October 30, 2006

/s/ Timothy P. Halter

Timothy P. Halter President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Sole Director