SEAMLESS Corp Form 10-K October 29, 2009

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 $\,$

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009

or

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission file number: 000-202559

SEAMLESS CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as specific in its Charter)

Nevada

33-0845463

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

800 N. Rainbow Blvd., Ste. 200, Las Vegas, NV 89109 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code

(702) 448-1861

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(B) OF THE ACT: NONE

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, \$.001 par value

INDICATE BY CHECK MARK IF THE REGISTRANT IS A WELL-KNOWN SEASONED ISSUER, AS DEFINED IN RULE 405 OF SECURITIES ACT. YES [] NO [X]

INDICATE BY CHECK MARK IF THE REGISTRANT IS NOT REQUIRED TO FILE REPORTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR SECTION 15(D) OF THE ACT YES $[\]$ NO $[\rm X]$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periods that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its Web site, if any every Interactive Data File required to be

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submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files) Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K9229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained herein, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, and accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b -2 of the Exchange Act:

Large Accelerated filer [] Accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act) Yes $[\]$ No [X]

Aggregate market value of our common stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant as of October 26, 2009 was approximately \$1,598,908.

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock as of October 9, 2009: 15,989,080,963.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year June 30, 2006, filed on October 13, 2006; Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for period ended September 30, 2006, filed on November 20, 2006; Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for period ended December 31, 2006, filed on February 20, 2007; Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 20, 2007; Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for period ended March 31, 2007, filed on May 21, 2007; Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 23, 2007; Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 11, 2007; Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 29, 2007; Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year June 30, 2007, filed on October 15, 2007; Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for period ended September 30, 2007, filed on November 19, 2007; Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on January 24, 2008; Current Report on Form 8-K/A, filed on February 5, 2008; Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for period ended December 31, 2007, filed on February 19, 2008; Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB/A for period ended March 31, 2008 filed on May 20, 2008; Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 17, 2008; Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 30, 2008; Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year June 30, 2008, filed on October 14, 2008; Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year June 30, 2008, filed on October 16, 2008; Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for period ended September 30, 2008, filed on November 17, 2008; Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for period ended December 31, 2008, filed on February 23, 2009; Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for period ended March 31, 2009 filed on June 12, 2009; Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for period ended March 31, 2009 filed on June 15, 2009; Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for period ended September 30, 2008, filed on July 15, 2009; Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 16, 2009;

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for period ended December 31, 2008, filed on July 22, 2009; Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for period ended March 31, 2009 filed on July 24, 2009; Preliminary Information Statement Form 14C, filed on July 29, 2009 Preliminary Information Statement Form 14C/A, filed on August 13, 2009 Preliminary Information Statement Form 14C Amendment 2 filed on September 14, 2009 Definitive Information Statement From 14C, filed on October 9, 2009

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ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.

OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS

Seamless Corporation has one operating subsidiary: Seamless Sales LLC which incorporates the TEK Labs, and TEK Ware. TEK Labs develops security software for accessing the Internet with a patent pending software program for Secure Internet browsing (S-SIB) and Secure Internet video conferencing Phenom(R) that encrypts Internet communications and provides flexible telecom data and voice transport solutions, TEK Ware manufactures the patented ultra mobile personal computer named the S-Gen a mini-notebook the SNBK-1, a 10 inch, 120 G. HD, 1G RAM with OS Windows XP home edition and Seamless Sales LLC which sells the products and software programs developed by Seamless Sales subsidiaries. The evolution of from a Wi-Fi provider to a hardware manufacture and software developer began during the last quarter of this fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 and was completed during the first quarter of fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. Seamless Sales eCommerce activities started May of 2009 in association with Amazon on the new Seamless Sales eCommerce website (www.seamlesssale.com). The Amazon (www.amazon.com) partnership allowed Seamless to offer additional products that it currently does not carry

BUSINESS

SEAMLESS SALES TEK WARE

Is the developer a producer of the S-Gen a Pocket Personal Computer, the SNBK-1 a 120G- 10" Mini Note Book, and several different MP3-4 players. Seamless Sales LLC (please see Seamless Sales LLC section) the marketing and sales subsidiary is currently establishing distributors to sell Seamless products.

CURRENT TEK WARE PRODUCTS

SEAMLESS S-GEN: Seamless is in the process of upgrading the design of the S-Gen to incorporate new features and functions has cumulated into the new S-Gen (Seamless Generation) Pocket Personal Computer these changes are as follows: 20 G-Solid State Hard Drive, 620 MGZ processor and 128 MG of Ram, a TFT Transflective Touch Screen viewable in sunlight, 802.11b/g and Bluetooth connectivity, SD MMC and Compact Flash sockets, 2-USB 2.0 ports, and a near full sized QWERTY folding keyboard, stereo speakers and inputs/outputs, docking socket and un locked tri-band cell phone, GPS system and with a 1.3 Mega Pixel video camera. The S-Gen comes with Microsoft Windows Mobil 6.1 operating system and a Garmin GPS operating system. The unit weighs approximately one pound and has an 8 hour battery life. Seamless acquired the Microsoft Windows Mobil operating system in January 2007 and in August 2008 Seamless partnered with Garmin GPS guidance operating system for the S-Gen.

SEAMLESS SNBK-1 is a 10" mini-notebook with a 120 Hard-drive a 1.6 GZ with 1 G of Ram for a 1024X600 resolution with 802.11a/b/g. The SNBK-1 comes with Windows XP home addition. The unit weighs approximately 2.2 pounds and has a 4 hour battery life.

SEAMLESS SPMP 3 -4, Seamless also produces 3 different models of Seamless Personal Media Players.

CHRONOLOGY OF TEK WARE

TEK Ware was originally created to support Seamless Wi-Fi service which was expanded to provide in-house server solutions for parent company Seamless Corporation. Seamless TEK Ware first expanded after the acquisition of the Peer 2 Peer Software and the creation of the Peer 2 Peer subsidiary because of the potential clients that were going to acquiring the Phenom(R) software program 1

did not have the capability of properly securing their new sever, to either insure the integrity of the software or be able to provide the technical support required to support the software program. Offering secure hosting services allows us to meet this potential client demand while also giving us the ability to support our products in the most efficient manner.

In March 2006, Seamless TEK Ware acquired the patent, development and marketing rights for the ED.1 (Entertainment Device) minicomputer and communication device from Vercel Corporation. The ED.1 was an ergonomically-designed portable entertainment device and full-fledged computer boasting a form factor of 5" x 4" x 2" and weighing less than 12 ounces. When closed, it offers an MP3 player, a gaming device when opened, and a full-fledged internet communications device and computer when the integrated keyboard is unfolded. The keyboard offers almost full-size keyboard functionality and ergonomics.

Seamless named its mobile minicomputer the S-Gen (for Seamless Generation) Mobile Computing and Communications Device. In addition, began aggressive redesign and are preparing for volume manufacturing of the device.

The S-Gen, while maintaining its small size, has been specifically designed with a fully deployable folding keyboard for data manipulation and navigation allowing the user easy access. It has a 4 inch high definition screen that provides a clear and crisp screen display. The unit was extremely versatile and the first version had, among it many capabilities, the ability to be used as a completely loaded Wireless working computer. It is "Blue Tooth" enabled and can be used as an entertainment and gaming unit.

The unit's size places it in between the "Palm and the Lap Top" size category in the Ultra Mobile Personal Computer (UMPC) class of minicomputers and as such, it can be transported easily because it readily fits into a pocket or a purse, or be easily carried by hand. It does not require a carrying case, and despite its small size, it is designed so that its batteries can last up to eight hours.

We have also expanded the features and functionality of the S-Gen, including increasing standard internal memory from 128 Kb to 256 Kb, integrating an onboard camera and also more gaming buttons to facilitate gaming interactivity.

After the initial marketing campaign Seamless began upgrading the S-Gen in August 2008 (please read the above section "CURRENT TEK WARE PRODUCTS").

While working on the redesign of the S-Gen, Seamless TEK Ware also began production of the SNBK-1 and the SPMP $3\!-\!4$

In April 2009 Seamless TEK Ware became a subsidiary of Seamless Sales with the advent of it new online presence Seamless Sales of www.seamlesssale.com

COMPETITION

See Seamless Sales LLC section.

MARKETING STRATEGY

See Seamless Sales LLC section.

SOURCES AND AVAILABILITY OF RAW MATERIAL AND PRINCIPAL SUPPLIERS

Raw material used for molded parts and circuit boards are readily available with limited lead time. Parts such as CPUs and hard drives are also standard productions parts and are readily available. However some of our parts do require an eight week lead time. These parts are also available through many suppliers.

SEAMLESS SALES TEK LABS

TEK LABS is the developer of the patent pending software programs that provide Wi-Fi and Internet users with Seamless-Secure Internet Browsing (S-SIB(TM)) that encrypts the user's Wi-Fi signal and the Phenom(R) Software which allows secure communications over Wi-Fi, local area network (LAN), and wide area networks (WAN) with its Virtual Internet Extranet Network technology.

CURRENT TEK LABS PRODUCTS

S-SIB

Seamless-Secure Internet Browsing (S-SIB(TM)) that encrypts the user's Wi-Fi signal. S-SIB is offered in two versions:

S-SIB STANDARD INCLUDES:

- Provides anonymous web browsing feature protecting your Identity online
- Government grade 256bit AES Internet data encryption tunnel protecting against evil twins and other malicious Wi-Fi attacks

S-SIB COMPLETE INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING AVG SECURITY SOFTWARE AND S-SIB STANDARD PLUS:

- Anti-Virus (against viruses, worms and Trojans that may corrupt your data or disable your computer)
- Anti-Spyware (against spyware that may monitor your activities or scan your computer for credit card information or passwords)
- Anti-Rootkit (against hidden threats rootkits that deliver malicious content)
- o HTTP scanning (screens downloads for malicious content)
- o AVG Active Surf-Shield (real-time protection from poisoned web pages)
- AVG Search-Shield (safely click search results)
- o Instant Messaging Protection

PHENOM

PHENOM(R) developed for Seamless TEK LABS through its subsidiary Seamless Peer 2 Peer, Inc., is encryption software which allows secure communications over Wi-Fi, local area network ("LAN"), and wide area networks ("WAN") with its Virtual Internet Extranet Network technology. Phenom(R) software provides secure peer mail, chat, file transfer, and remote PC access in a two-megabyte download. Phenom(R) software's application protocol interface ("API") also supports voice over Internet protocol ("VoIP"), video voice conferencing, and white boarding.

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CHRONOLOGY OF TEK LABS

TEK Labs was originally created in October 2000; as a provider of Wi-Fi to the hospitality industry then in January 2005 its subsidiary Seamless Peer 2 Peer acquired the rights to Phenom secure software solution which was being developed at the time of acquisition. As Seamless TEK LABS was adding Wi-Fi locations the

Phenom encryption software was being developed by a contract software development team.

In September of 2006 TEK Labs began the development of Secure Internet Browsing software for Wi-Fi locations. Seamless Secure Internet Browsing was brought to market in March 2007. In August 2008 Seamless TEK LABS partnered with AVG Technologies' to offer the Seamless Secure Internet Browsing (S-SIB) software program with AVG Technologies' Anti-Virus programs as a bundled Internet Security software solution.

Seamless Phenom(R) Software still in development will allow secure communications over Wi-Fi, local area network (LAN), and wide area networks (WAN) with its Virtual Internet Extranet Network technology. Phenom(R) software provides secure peer mail, chat, file transfer, and remote PC access in a two-megabyte download. Phenom(R) software's application protocol interface (API) also supports voice over internet protocol (VoIP), video voice conferencing, and white boarding is.

COMPETITION

See Seamless Sales LLC section.

MARKETING STRATEGY

See Seamless Sales LLC section.

AVAILABILITY OF DEVELOPMENT TEAMS TO IMPROVE THE SOFTWARE PROGRAMS

There are sufficient Contract Software Development Teams to available to continually improve the S-SIB and Phenom software programs and there are also qualified individuals that can be brought on board to keep current with the software upgrades and developments.

SEAMLESS SALES LLC

Seamless Sales LLC offers TEK Ware and TEK LABS products for sale.

TEK Ware products are as follows: the S-Gen a Pocket Personal Computer, the SNBK-1 a 120G- 10" Mini Note Book, and several different MP3-4 players.

TEK LABS software products are as follows: Seamless-Secure Internet Browsing (S-SIB(TM)) that encrypts the user's Wi-Fi signal and Phenom(R) Software which allows secure communications over Wi-Fi, local area network (LAN), and wide area networks (WAN) with its Virtual Internet Extranet Network technology.

CHRONOLOGY OF SEAMLESS SALES

Seamless Sales LLC was created to market and sell TEK Ware and TEK LABS products and of other manufactures through its eCommerce website www.seamlesssale.com.

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COMPETITION

TEK WARE

S-GEN to date there is no direct competition to the S-GEN however there are several Micro Computers, GPS devices, Video players and Cell phone all with in the same size and form factor as the S-GEN. However we know that there are several well known companies that could become direct com SNBK-1: Within the 10 inch notebook products there are a variety of major manufacturer that produce similar products. Seamless SNBK-1 has comparable specifications and quality of any competitors listed below. Seamless very aggressive pricing makes the SNBK-1 competitive within this market area.

o Hewlet Packard
o Dell
o Apple
o Lenovo
o ASUS

SPMP 3-4: The music and media player sector has a variety of major manufacturers. The SPMP has similar specifications to the MP-3's currently on the market today; the MP-4's are relatively new to the North American market enabling Seamless to be one of the first to offer the product to this market. Our pricing structure will make will be very aggressive in this sector making the Seamless SPMP competitive in the marketplace.

0	Apple	
0	Creative	Labs
0	I-River	
0	Sansa	
0	Zen	

TEK LABS

S-SIB

The market for Secure Internet software is highly competitive Companies such as AVG INTERNET SECURITY 9.0, PANDA ANTIVIRUS 2008, TREND MICRO INTERNET SECURITY 2008 AND MCAFEE PERSONAL FIREWALL PLUS 5.0 have already created software products for the Internet security however few address the area that we developed our software for. Secure Internet Browsing in bundling our S-SIB product with the AVG Anti-Virus/Anti-Spyware product Seamless has every aspect of Internet security covered.

- o AVG Internet Security
- o Panda Antivirus
- o Trend Micro Internet Security
- o McAfee Personal Firewall

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PHENOM

The market for Internet based software services is highly competitive. There are substantial barriers for entry into the software internet service market. However the Phenom product is provides every aspect of online communication and collaboration and combines these features with government grade security and encryption, providing a unique blend of needed communication and security. This combined with an aggressive pricing structure favorably places Phenom in this market place.

Our competition for PHENOM includes, but is not limited to, the following companies.

0	Citrix	Systems,	Inc.
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- o 3AM Labs, Inc.
- o Amteus Ltd.

o Securit-e-doc, Inc.

MARKETING AND SALES PLAN

SEAMLESS SALES ECOMMERCE

SEAMLESS SALES ECOMMERCE WILL MARKET AND SELL PRODUCTS PRODUCED BY SEAMLESS SALES SUBSIDIARIES AND PRODUCTS DEVELOPED AND MANUFACTURED BY OTHERS.

Seamless marketing plan also incorporates the following distribution channels:

- Direct sales: Through our eCommerce website and through distribution agreements that target brick and mortar retail chain, B2B direct distribution into vertical market networks for example: healthcare providers, government agencies, defense contractors, military, non-profits, etc.
- OEM distribution sales to private networks as well as general users. Furthermore, they will be able to bundle the Phenom software client software for handheld devices, PDA's, desktop computers and laptops.
- 3. Internet/online users as well as online retailers such as ECost.com whom we have a distribution agreement with. Customers will be able to download any of the software programs for their daily Internet usage, or purchase our hardware products online directly from E-Tailors.

SEAMLESS SALES COMPETITION

The eCommerce sector is highly competitive with low barriers to entry and characterized by narrow profit margins. The most successful companies execute on selection, price, convenience, availability, and customer service. Peer competitors who offer products similar to Seamless Corporation are TigerDirect and Newegg. Newegg is an online-only retailer that sells computer hardware and software communications products. The second largest online retailer in the United States, the company has net sales of \$2.1 billion with the majority of net sales consisting of I.T. products. Newegg recently expanded its product offering to consumer electronics sales and expanded its reach to China. TigerDirect is a subsidiary of Systemax and is an online retailer of consumer electronics with seven domestic and five international stores. The company has net sales of \$2.7 billion with the majority consisting of online and catalog consumer electronics through rebate marketing to offer lower prices. The

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TigerDirect product line first began as build-for-yourself PC kits, then evolved to computer and electronics, and finally expanded to refurbished brand name computers such as Gateway, HP, IBM, and eMachine. It acquired a traditional brick and mortar brand (CompUSA) in Jan 2008 to complement its TigerDirect web commerce and eCommerce brand.

SEAMLESS CORPORATION SUBSIDIARY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Seamless owns the following registered trademarks:

0	Phenom
0	Seamless P2P
0	Seamless Peer2Peer
0	!

ΡP 0 Seamless applied for trademark registration for the following marks: _____ 0 Freek2Freek Phenom Mobile 0 S-SIB 0 Seamless SIB 0 Get SINB 0 Get Phenom 0 SINB 0 SXGEN 0 Seamless has the following patents and/or patents pending for the: _____ Phenom(R) Encryption Software 0 S-SIB (TM) 0 S-Gen (R) 0 0 Various accessories for the S-Gen (TM) GOVERNMENT APPROVAL

Regulation of the following areas could impact our operations:

Regulation of the Internet

To date, there has been some regulation of content providers on the Internet and this regulation may increase due to the increasing popularity and use of the Internet by broad segments of the population. It is possible that new laws and regulations may be passed and/or adopted with respect to the Internet pertaining to access, content of Web sites, privacy, pricing, encryption standards, consumer protection, electronic commerce, taxation, and copyright infringement and other intellectual property issues. No one is able to predict the effect, if

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any, what future regulatory changes or developments may have on the demand for Internet services, access and/or other Internet-related activities. Changes in the regulatory environment relating to the Internet access industry may include the enactment of laws and/or regulations that directly or indirectly affect the costs of telecommunications and Internet access. These changes could increase competition from national and/or regional telephone companies and other Internet access providers. These changes could adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

Regulation of Internet Access

We provide Internet service by using Internet access provided by telecommunications carriers. Terms, conditions and prices for telecommunications services are subject to economic regulation by state and federal agencies. Internet access providers are not currently subject to direct economic regulation by the FCC or any state regulatory body, other than the type and scope of regulation that is applicable to businesses generally. In April 1998, the FCC reaffirmed that Internet access providers should be classified as unregulated "information service providers" rather than regulated "telecommunications providers" under the terms of the Federal Telecommunications

Act of 1996. Currently, we are not subject to federal regulations applicable to telephone companies and similar carriers because the Internet access services offered are provided by third-party telecommunications providers. To date, no state has attempted to exercise economic regulation over Internet service providers.

Regulation of Wireless Access

Wi-Fi Internet access products primarily operate in unregulated frequencies. Due to the growth of Wi-Fi and the corresponding increased use within this bandwidth, there may be regulation in the near future. The regulation could impact broadcast range and use within given locations; however, at present the broadcast frequency remains unregulated.

Regulation of Peer 2 Peer communication

The courts and the legislature have recently become active in the peer 2 peer communications space, which can negatively impact us due to our acquisition of peer 2 peer software technologies. If the legislatures and court determine that this type of communications violates existing laws and/or new laws may be proposed that could limit and/or prohibit this type of communication then this could have a negative impact on our ability to generate revenue from this type of communications.

Regulation of Communication Devices

Communications industry regulation changes rapidly, and such changes could adversely impact us. The following discussion describes some of the major communications-related regulations that affect us, but numerous other substantive areas of regulation not discussed here also may influence our business.

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Communications services are regulated to varying degrees at the federal level by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") and at the state level by public utilities commissions ("PUCs"). Seamless's suite of wireless broadband products and services is subject to federal regulation in a number of areas, including the licensing and use of spectrum, and the technical parameters, certification, marketing, operation and disposition of wireless devices. Applicable consumer protection regulations also are enforced at the federal and state levels. his does not describe all present and proposed federal, state and local legislation and regulations affecting the communications industry. Some legislative hearings and administrative proceedings that could change the manner in which our industry is regulated and the manner in which we operate. We cannot predict the outcome of any of these matters or their potential impact on our business and as such cannot predict potential risks in our development efforts in these areas.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS

There were no expenditures for research and development by Seamless during fiscal year ended June 20, 2009. Seamless spent \$876,213 on research and development during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008

EMPLOYEES

As of the date hereof, we have two full-time employees and three independent contractors. We hire independent contractors for sales personnel, technical

support and installation expertise. We have no collective bargaining agreements with our employees. We believe that our employee relationships are satisfactory.

ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

The following locations are the principal places of business of the Company, some of the Companies share facilities:

800 N. Rainbow Blvd., Ste 208	2050 Russett Way, Ste 338,
Las Vegas, Nevada 89107	Carson City, Nevada 89703

The Company entered into lease agreements for an office space which expires on August 31, 2010 and November 2, 2011. The Company rents additional office space in Nevada, on a month to month basis. Rent expense under these leases for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$168,840,and \$150,875, respectively. The annual minimum future lease payments required under the Company's operating leases are as follows.

June	30,	2010	\$	168,840
June	30,	2011	\$	47,890
Total	L		\$	216,730
			==	

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ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In July 2003, Globalist sued the Company and was awarded a judgment plus interest in the amount of approximately \$301,000. The Company appealed the Court's decision and the award amount. In February 2005 the Company reached a settlement agreement with Globalist. However, Globalist later rejected the settlement agreement and an appeal was filed in the second quarter with the appellate court by the Company seeking confirmation of the settlement agreement. The current liability in the amount of \$361,054 reflects the current liability of discontinued operations in the accompanying financial statements.

To the best knowledge of our management, there are no legal proceedings pending or threatened against us.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY

Our common stock is currently quoted on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board under the Symbol "SMWF." Set forth below is the trading history of our common stock without retail mark-up, mark-down or commissions:

	High	Low
2008 Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2008		
*3rd Quarter ended March 31, 2008	0.51	0.0001
4th Quarter ended June 30, 2008	0.0227	0.0016
*on February 15, 2008 stock reverse 10,000 shares	for one	

2009 Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2009

		ended September 30, 2008 ended December 31, 2008	0.0004 0.0002	0.0003 0.0001
	~	ended March 31, 2009 ended June 30, 2009	0.0001 0.0002	0.0001 0.0001
2010	Fiscal Year	ended June 30, 2010		
	1st QUARTER	ended September 30, 2009	0.0002	0.0001

The above quotations are inter-dealer quotations from market makers of our common stock. At certain times the actual closing or opening quotations may not represent actual trades that took place.

QUALIFIED HOLDERS

As of October 9, 2009 there were approximately 1,383 shareholders holding certificated securities.

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DIVIDENDS

We have paid no cash dividends on our common stock since inception and do not anticipate or contemplate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the following securities were issued.

600,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were issued to Ayuda Funding, LLC for \$900,000. The shares are convertible to common stock worth \$600,000.

200,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were issued for \$200,000 as officer's compensation.

400,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were issued to Adobe Oil Development Corp. for \$200,000. The shares are convertible to common stock worth \$400,000 and \$200,000 was recorded as deemed dividend for beneficiary conversion feature. \$130,000 was outstanding as stock subscription receivable at June 30, 2008.

500,000 common stock shares were issued to DC Assembly for a production in China as a collateral.

400,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were issued to DC Assembly for a production in China as a collateral.

The Company has a funding agreement with Alpha Blue, Inc. to receive up to \$5,000,000. Alpha Blue paid \$240,000 in the third quarter and the Company issued 100,000 shares of Series A preferred Stock.

The Company has a funding agreement with MAKR, Inc. that is to provide a fund up to \$600,000 for a production in China. The Company issued 800,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock as a collateral.

Dettman Group was granted an option to purchase 975,000 shares of common stock at a strike price of \$0.01 as a consulting fee. The option was evaluated to be worth \$268,418.

125,000 shares of common stock were issued to employees for their services and \$18,750 was recorded as such.

750,000 shares of common stock were issued to Wakabayashi and \$39,375 was recorded as marketing service.

400,000 shares of common stock were issued for consulting service and \$13,200 was recorded as such.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the following securities were issued:

10,000,000 shares of common stock were issued for consulting services and \$10,000 was recorded as such.

320,000 shares of Series D Preferred Stock were issued to Alpha Blue Inc. in lieu of 320,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock that was owed to Alpha Blue in consideration of \$208,489 paid for Series A Preferred Stock.

80,000 shares of Series D Preferred Stock were issued to MAKR Inc. in lieu of 80,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock that was owed to the MAKR Inc. In consideration of \$106,544 paid for the Series C Preferred Stock.

28,550 shares of Series D Preferred Stock were issued to Omega Inc. in lieu of 285,500,000 shares of Common Stock that was owed to Omega Inc. in consideration of \$28,350 paid for Common Stock.

858,298 shares of Series D Preferred Stock were issued to AR Corporation to settle an officer loan payable of \$339,149. The loan payable was money due to Al Reda, the majority shareholder of AR Corporation.

MAKR's stock subscription was \$800,000 at June 30, 2008 and the payment of the \$296,744 was received in the quarter ended September 30, 2008. At September 30, 2008 the remaining \$97,856 was receivable and \$405,400 was recorded as deemed dividend during the quarter ended September 30, 2008.

Antigua LLC paid \$100,000 for 500,000 shares of the Series A Preferred Stock which was issued in the year ended June 30, 2008.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Not Applicable

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ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our financial statements, including the notes thereto, appearing elsewhere in this Report.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONTAINS CERTAIN FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS OF OUR MANAGEMENT. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE STATEMENTS THAT ESTIMATE THE

HAPPENING OF FUTURE EVENTS AND ARE NOT BASED ON HISTORICAL FACT. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS MAY BE IDENTIFIED BY THE USE OF FORWARD-LOOKING TERMINOLOGY, SUCH AS "MAY," "COULD," "EXPECT," "ESTIMATE," "ANTICIPATE," "PLAN," "PREDICT," "PROBABLE," "POSSIBLE," "SHOULD," "CONTINUE," OR SIMILAR TERMS, VARIATIONS OF THOSE TERMS OR THE NEGATIVE OF THOSE TERMS. THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS SPECIFIED IN THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION HAVE BEEN COMPILED BY OUR MANAGEMENT ON THE BASIS OF ASSUMPTIONS MADE BY MANAGEMENT AND CONSIDERED BY MANAGEMENT TO BE REASONABLE. OUR FUTURE OPERATING RESULTS, HOWEVER, ARE IMPOSSIBLE TO PREDICT AND NO REPRESENTATION, GUARANTY, OR WARRANTY IS TO BE INFERRED FROM THOSE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

OVERVIEW

Seamless Corporation has one operating subsidiary: Seamless Sales LLC which incorporates the TEK Labs, and TEK Ware. TEK Labs develops security software for accessing the Internet with a patent pending software program for Secure Internet browsing (S-SIB) and Secure Internet video conferencing Phenom(R) that encrypts Internet communications and provides flexible telecom data and voice transport solutions, TEK Ware manufactures the patented ultra mobile personal computer named the S-Gen a mini-notebook the SNBK-1, a 10 inch, 120 G. HD, 1G RAM with OS Windows XP home edition and Seamless Sales LLC which sells the products and software programs developed by Seamless Sales subsidiaries. The evolution of from a Wi-Fi provider to a hardware manufacture and software developer began during the last quarter of this fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 and was completed during the first quarter of fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. Seamless Sales eCommerce activities started May of 2009 in association with Amazon on the new Seamless Sales eCommerce website (www.seamlesssale.com). The Amazon (www.amazon.com) partnership allowed Seamless to offer additional products that it currently does not carry.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth, for the years indicated, our selected financial information:

	2009	2008
Revenues	\$ 608	 \$
Cost of revenues	 25,149	 30,245
Gross Income (Loss)	(24,541)	(30,245
Expenses:	 	
Selling, general and admin.	1,165,398	679 , 493
Consulting	113,644	337,559
Legal	335,116	349,239
Officer Payroll	300,000	327,221
Settlement fee	169,262	
Loss on termination of productions contract	400,000	
License Fee Write-Off	239,147	
Depreciation and amortization	 21,206	 20,992
Total Expenses	2,743,773	1,714,504

Loss from continuing operations before interest and other items		(2,768,314)	(1,744,749
Other income Cancellation of indebtedness Interest Financing fees Unrealized Loss from change in		48,476 (399,961) (95,878)	48,476 (4,492
derivatives liabilities Other		(1,584,113)	 1,491
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes		(4,799,790)	 (1,699,274
Income taxes (benefit) (note 8)			
Loss from continuing operations		(4,799,790)	(1,699,274
Loss from discontinued operations (Benefit from) provision for income taxes		(2,996,514)	(94,062
Total discontinued operations		(2,996,514)	 (94,062
Net loss		(7,796,304)	(1,793,336
Preferred C stock dividends-deemed		(405,400)	(200,000
Net loss available to common stockholders		(8,201,704)	
Basic and Diluted loss per common shares Loss from continuing operations, after preferred dividends Loss from discontinued operations		(0.00) (0.00)	(0.09 (0.00
Net loss available to common stockholders	\$	(0.00)	\$,
Weighted average basic and diluted common shares	2	,877,813,045	21,332,651

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FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 COMPARED TO FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (AUDITED)

Our revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 of \$608. There was no revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 due to the decision to cease the Wi-Fi service to the hospitality industry during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

We had a net loss of (4,799,790) from continuing operations the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 as compared to a net loss from continuing operations of (1,699,274) for the year ended June 30, 2008. The net loss overall which

includes discontinued operations was (8,201,704) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 as compared to the net loss overall which includes discontinued operations was (1,993,336) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

OTHER: During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 the following expenses were incurred with funding the Company

Interest Expenses, Financing fees and Derivatives liabilities	
Amortization of Debt Discount	(339,961)
Financing fees	(95 , 878)
Unrealized loss from change in	
derivative liabilities	(1,584,113)

These expenses will continue to occur as the company continues to raise capital through loan agreements, convertible preferred and convertible debenture agreements.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Net cash used by operations activities of (1, 363, 736) for the year ended June 30, 2009 increased by (634, 641) over the net cash used in operational activities of (729, 095) for the same period for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Net cash provided by financing activities of \$1,365,196 for the year ended June 30, 2009 decreased by \$(320,566) over the net cash provided by financing activities of \$1,685,762 for the same period for the year ended June 30, 2008

The Company will continue to seek additional debt and equity financing.

After fiscal year ended June 30, 3009 the company raised additional capital through debt and equity financing as follows

	Shares	Funds Received
Proceeds from sale of Common stock	1,014,000,000	76,000
Proceeds from sale of preferred A stock	65,000	32,500
Proceeds from loan		64,000
Net cash provided by financing activities		172,500

The Company is actively pursuing additional equity financing through discussions with investment bankers and private investors. There can be no assurance the Company will be successful in its effort to secure additional equity financing. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is contingent upon its ability to secure financing and attain profitable operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustment to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from the possible inability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Securities and Exchange Commission issued Financial Reporting Release No. 60, "Cautionary Advice Regarding Disclosure About Critical Accounting Policies," or FRR 60, suggesting that companies provide additional disclosure and commentary on their most critical accounting policies. The most critical accounting policies are the ones that are most important to the portrayal of a company's financial condition and operating results, and require management to make its most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. Our management believes that of the significant accounting policies used in the preparation of

the consolidated financial statements (see Note 2 to the Financial Statements), the following are critical accounting policies, which may involve a higher degree of judgment, complexity and estimates. The methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying these most critical accounting policies have a significant impact on the results reported in our financial statements.

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USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements are in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles require us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Sales are recognized upon shipment of goods to customers. Amounts billed related to shipping and handling are included in net sales.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company had adopted SFAS 123R which requires all share based payments to officers, directors, and employees, including stock options to be recognized as a cost in the financial statements based on their fair values. The Company accounts for stock based grants issued to non-employees at fair value in accordance with SFAS 123 and ETIF 96-18 "Accounting for Equity Instruments That are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or In Conjunction with Selling, Goods, or Services". There were no employee stock options granted during the year ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008. A non-employee stock option was issued during the third quarter of year 2008. It is disclosed in Note 7.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

On July 1, 2008, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" as required for financial assets and liabilities. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 had no material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows during the year ended June 30, 2009. SFAS No. 157 was effective July 1, 2008 for financial assets and liabilities and will be effective July 1, 2009 for non-financial assets and liabilities. The standard provides guidance for establishing a frame work for measuring fair values of assets and liabilities. Under the standard, fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price). The standard clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions or inputs market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

In support of this principle, SFAS No. 157 establishes a three level hierarchy for fair value measurements based on the quality or transparency of inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability at the measurement date.

The three levels are defined as follows:

 Level 1 (the highest priority) - inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted market prices (unadjusted) for identical financial assets or

liabilities in active markets.

- o Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted market prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of a financial instrument.
- o Level 3 (the lowest priority) inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These inputs reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing a financial instrument.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level or priority of input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the financial asset or liability.

The Company's only financial assets or liabilities subject to SFAS No. 157 are its conversion feature liability on its convertible debt. Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used to determine the fair value of the Company's financial assets including the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using

Description	Ju	ne 30, 2009	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets
			(Level 1)
Conversion feature liability-convertible debt	\$	1,426,044	\$ 1,426,044

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DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND BENEFICIAL CONVERSION FEATURES

We do not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market, or foreign currency risks.

We review the terms of convertible debt and equity instruments we issue to determine whether there are embedded derivative instruments, including the embedded conversion option, that are required to be bifurcated and accounted for separately as a derivative financial instrument. When the ability to physical or net-share settle the conversion option is deemed to be not within our control, the embedded conversion option may be required to be accounted for as a derivative instrument, including the conversion option, that is required to be bifurcated, the bifurcated derivative instruments are accounted for as a single, compound derivative instrument. We may also issue options or warrants to non-employees in connection with consulting or other services they provide. Depending on their terms, these options and warrants may be accounted for as derivative instrument liabilities, rather than as equity.

When the embedded conversion option in a convertible debt or equity instrument is not required to be bifurcated and accounted for separately as a derivative instrument, we review the terms of the instrument to determine whether it is necessary to record a beneficial conversion feature in accordance with EITF Issues 98-05 and 00-27. When the effective conversion rate of the instrument at the time is issued and eligible for conversion is less than the fair value of the common stock into which it is convertible, we may recognize a beneficial

conversion feature, which is credited to equity and reduces the initial carrying value of the instrument.

When convertible debt is initially recorded at less than its face value as a result of allocating some or all of the proceeds received to derivative instrument liabilities, to a beneficial conversion feature or to other instruments, the discount from the face amount, together with the stated interest on the convertible debt, is amortized over the life of the instrument through periodic charges to income using the effective interest method

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OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have not entered into any off balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, result of operations, liquidity, capital expenditure, or capital resources, which would be considered material to investors.

INFLATION

The moderate rate of inflation over the past few years has had an insignificant impact on our sales and results of operations during the period.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

There were no capital expenditures during the 2009 fiscal year.

NET OPERATING LOSS CARRY FORWARDS

No provision for income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements as a result of the Company's net operating losses. The Company has unused tax loss carry forwards of approximately \$28,000,000 and \$20,000,000 at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 respectively to offset future taxable income. Such carry forwards expire in the years beginning 2021. The deferred tax asset recorded by the Company as a result of these tax loss carry forwards is approximately \$9,500,000 and \$7,000,000 at June 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively. The Company has reduced the deferred tax asset resulting from its tax loss carry forwards by a valuation allowance of an equal amount as the realization of the deferred tax asset is uncertain.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

The financial statements required to be filed pursuant to this Item 7 begin on page F-1 of this report.

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ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

None.

ITEM 9A CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURES CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Security Exchange Act of 1934 reports are recorder, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(C) and under the Securities Exchanged Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of June 30, 2009.

Based on this evaluation, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

(b) Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of June 30, 2009, management preformed, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer/Chief Financial Officer (who is the same person), and evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosures controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15c-15 (e) of the Exchange Act. Our Disclosure controls and procedures controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the report we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management including our Chief Executive Officer/Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Based on the evaluation and the identification of the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting described below, our Chief Executive Officer/Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2009, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under Exchange Act). The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial policies and procedures that:

*pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets;

*provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures of our company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and

*provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, the Company assessed the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2009. In making this assessment, we used the criteria set forth in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on the results of this assessment and on those criteria the Company concluded that a material weakness exists in the internal controls as of June 30, 2009.

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A material weakness in the Company's internal controls exists in that, there is (1) limited segregation of duties amongst the Company's employees with respect to the Company's preparation and review of the Company's financial statements, and (2) a limited financial background and lack of appropriate experience and knowledge of U.S. GAAP and SEC reporting requirements amongst all of the executive officers and the board of directors. This material weakness may affect management's ability to effectively review and analyze elements of the financial statement closing process and prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In making this assessment, our management used the criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). As a result of the material weaknesses described above, our management concluded that as of October 13, 2009, we did not maintain effective internal control - Integrated Framework issued by the Coso.

This annual report does not include any attestation report of the company's registered public accounting firm regarding internal controls over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit the company to provide only management's report in this annual report. We will be subject to this requirement for our next fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

(c) Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the year ended June 30, 2009, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting, however the company plans to take steps to rectify these material weaknesses in the future which includes in part weekly reviews of accounts payable and accounts receivable by the chief financial officer with the new accounting personnel. While all of material weaknesses have not been remediated to date, we believe that all weaknesses identified will be remediated by the next reporting period.

ITEM 9B OTHER INFORMATION

IN AUGUST 2009, SEAMLESS CORPORATION through a wholly owned subsidiary acquired the Gadget Enterprise website for eCommerce for a total of 147,500,000 common shares.

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT.

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS, AND CONTROL PERSONS

Our directors and executive officers are as follows:

Name	Age	Position
Albert R. Reda	63	Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief
		Financial Officer, Secretary

ALBERT R. REDA, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER, SECRETARY AND DIRECTOR. Mr. Reda joined us in November 1998. From 1996 through 1998, he was employed with CRT Corporation as Vice President in charge of production for manufacturing frozen food products. For the period of 1994 to 1995, Mr. Reda was self-employed in the financial lending area, buying and selling loans between individuals and institutions. Mr. Reda received his Bachelor of Science Degree from California State University, Long Beach, with a major in engineering.

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires our directors and certain officers, as well as persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities, ("Reporting Persons") to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership on Forms 3, 4 and 5 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The following Reporting Persons have not complied on a timely basis with all filing requirements applicable to them:

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Set forth below is a summary of compensation for our principal executive officer and our two most highly compensated officers other than our principal executive officer (collectively, the "named executive officers") for our last two fiscal years. There have been no annuity, pension or retirement benefits ever paid to our officers, directors or employees.

With the exception of reimbursement of expenses incurred by our named executive officers during the scope of their employment and unless expressly stated otherwise in a footnote below, none of the named executive officers received other compensation, perquisites and/or personal benefits in excess of \$10,000.

				-======================================			
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Non-Equity Incentive Plan	Non-Qua Defer Compen
100101011	icui	burury	Donab	invariab	marab	Compensation	Earn
		(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(b
Albert R. Reda, CEO, CFO, Secretary (Principal Executive Officer)	2009	\$300,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	 \$

2008	\$240,000	\$0	\$O	\$O	\$0	\$

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GRANTS OF PLAN-BASED AWARDS

We did not grant any plan-based awards during this fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END

The following table sets forth information for the named executive officers regarding the number of shares and underlying shares both exercisable and unexercisable stock options, as well as the exercise prices and expiration dates thereof, as of June 30, 2009.

			Option Awards				
Name	Number of securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable U	Unexercised Options (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Unearned Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares of Units of Stock that have not vested (#)	Mar Val Sha or of th hav ves
Albert R. Reda, CEO, Secretary (Principal Executive Officer)	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$-0-	-0-	-0-	

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

The Company has an employment contract with their Chief Executive Officer, Albert Reda that calls for a base salary of \$300,000 for the year ended June 30, 2008 and thereafter, a base salary of \$25,000 a month from July 2007 until its expiration date in June 2012. In the event that the company becomes profitable according to generally accepted accounting principles, the employee's monthly salary shall be increased to \$30,000 for the remainder of the employment term. In addition, the contract includes a bonus that will be determined by the company's Board of Directors

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

Our Directors do not receive any cash compensation, but are entitled to reimbursement of their reasonable expenses incurred in attending directors' meetings.

We do not have any audit, nominating, compensation or other committee of our Board of Directors.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

The following table sets forth certain information regarding our shares of outstanding common stock beneficially owned as of the date hereof by (i) each of our directors and executive officers, (ii) all directors and executive officers as a group, and (iii) each other person who is known by us to own beneficially more than 5% of our common stock based upon 15,989,080,963 issued shares of common stock.

Note on February 15, 2008 there was a 10,000 for one stock split

Name and Address of Beneficial Owners(1)	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent Ownership(2)
Albert R. Reda, CEO, CFO, Secretary, Director	1,021,770,000(3)	6.4%

*Less than 1%.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE.

None.

(1) C/o our address, 800 N. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 200, Las Vegas, NV 89109, unless otherwise noted.

(2) Except as otherwise indicated, we believe that the beneficial owners of Common Stock listed above, based on information furnished by such owners, have sole investment and voting power with respect to such shares, subject to community property laws where applicable. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Shares of common stock subject to options or warrants currently exercisable, or exercisable within 60 days, are deemed outstanding for purposes of computing the percentage of the person holding such options or warrants, but are not deemed outstanding for purposes of computing the percentage of any other person.

(3) Includes 100,000,000, shares of common stock held by the Reda Family Trust of common stock; and 30,000 shares of common shares of common stock held by Albert Reda and preferred shares held by others controlled by Albert Reda.

ITEM 14. EXHIBITS

- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation, dated December 4, 1998(1)
- 3.2 Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, dated February 17, 1999(2)
- 3.3 Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation, dated June 30, 1999(1)
- 3.4 Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation, dated December 22, 1999(3)
- 3.5 Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation, dated February 9, 2000(3)
- 3.6 Certificate of Designation, Number, Powers, Preferences and Other Rights and Qualifications, Limitations, Restrictions and Other Characteristics of Series "C" Preferred Stock, dated September 30, 2004(4)
- 3.7 Bylaws, dated June 1, 1999(1)
- 3.8 Certificate of Designation, Number, Powers, Preferences and Other Rights and Qualifications, Limitations, Restrictions and Other Characteristics of Series "A,B,C, and D" Preferred Stock, dated June 25, 2009
- 10.1 Form of Location Provider Agreement(5)
- 10.2 Asset Purchase Agreement between Seamless P2P, LLC and Seamless Peer 2 Peer, Inc., dated January 18, 2005(6)
- 10.3 Promissory Note and Security Agreement from 1st Global Financial Corporation, dated July 14, 2006(7)
- 10.4 Revolving Line of Credit Agreement with DLR Funding, Inc., dated January 15, 2007(7)
- 10.5 Secured Promissory Note Payable in Agreed Installments and Secured Term Note, dated October 1, 2006(7) 10.6 Loan Agreement with Ayuda Funding Corp., dated October 26, 2006
- 10.7 OEM Mobility License Agreement with Microsoft Licensing, GP, dated May 22, 2007
- 10.8 Microsoft Services OEM Foundation Service Agreement Non-Standard, dated June 9, 2007
- 10.9 Loan Satisfaction Agreement with Ayuda Funding Corp. dated June 7, 2007
- 10.10 Employment Agreement with Albert Reda, dated June 8, 2007
- 10.11 Financial Agreements issued at various time during the fiscal year To Ended June 30, 2009
- 10.21
- 14 Code of Business Conduct and Ethics(8)
- 21 Subsidiaries
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

(2) Incorporated by reference from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for

(3) Incorporated by reference from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2000, filed on May 22, 2000.

(5) Incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on October 7, 2004.

Incorporated by reference from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended September 30, 1999, filed on December 1, 1999.

the quarterly period ended March 31, 1999, filed on May 19, 1999.

⁽⁴⁾ Incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on October 4, 2004.

- (6) Incorporated by reference from our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on January 19, 2005.
- (7) Incorporated by reference from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended December 31, 2006, filed on February 20, 2007.
- (8) Incorporated by reference from our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year June 30, 2004, filed on November 12, 2004.

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ITEM 15. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

DEMETRIUS & COMPANY LLC

Demetrius was our independent auditor and examined our financial statements for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008.

Demetrius' fees charged were as follows for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 for professional services rendered:

2009	2008
\$56,000	\$46,000
0	0
0	0
0	0
\$56,000	\$46,000
	\$56,000 0 0

AUDIT COMMITTEE

We do not have an audit committee.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, duly authorized.

SEAMLESS CORPORATION

DATED: October 26, 2009

By: /s/ Albert R. Reda

Albert R. Reda Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary (Principal Executive Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer) 24

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Seamless Corporation f/k/a Seamless Wi-Fi, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Seamless Corporation f/k/a Seamless Wi-Fi, Inc. as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended June 30, 2009. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Seamless Corporation f/k/a Seamless Wi-Fi, Inc. as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the results of its operations and their cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended June 30, 2009 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that Seamless Corporation f/k/a Seamless Wi-Fi, Inc. will continue as a going concern. As more fully described in Note 3, the Company has incurred operating losses since inception and requires additional capital to continue operations. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plan in regards to these matters is also described in Note 3. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ DEMETRIUS & COMPANY, L.L.C Wayne, New Jersey October 28, 2009

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SEAMLESS CORPORATION f/k/a/ SEAMLESS WI-FI, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	June 30, 2009
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 1,460
Inventory	
Prepaid license fees	
Other current assets	22,634
Current assets of discontinued operations	
Total current assets	24,094
Property and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$52,763 and	
\$76,169 at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008, respectively)	2,077,331
Security deposit	13,910
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,115,335
IUIAL ASSEIS	\$ 2,115,555 =========
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current liabilities	
Bank overdraft	\$
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,448,081
Other current liabilities	600
Loan Payable, net of \$509,820 discount Payable to officer	399,941 6,738
Preferred Stock Liability	3,088,805
Convertible Debt-Conversion Feature Liability	1,426,044
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	361,054
Total current liabilities	6,731,263
Commitments and contingencies (See Note 9)	
Stockholders' equity	
Preferred A stock, par value \$0.001, 2,000,000 shares and 10,000,000 shares authorized at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008; 618,403 shares and 692,312 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2009 and	
June 30, 2008.	
Preferred B stock, par value \$0.001, 1,000,000 shares and 10,000,000 shares authorized at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 zero shares issued and outstanding.	
Loro onaroo roodaa ana oacocanarny.	
Preferred C stock, par value \$0.001, 3,000,000 shares and 5,000,000 authorized at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008, 1,852,000 shares and 2,700,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008.	
Preferred D Stock, par value \$0.001, 4,000,000 and zero shares authorized at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008, 1,286,848 and zero shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008	1,287
Common stock, par value \$0.001, 19,990,000,000 shares and 11,000,000,000 shares authorized at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008. 10,348,080,963 shares and 227,890,963 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008	10,348,081

Additional paid-in capital Stock subscription receivable	14,017,272
Accumulated deficit	(28,882,568)
Total stockholders' equity	(4,515,928)
Less: Treasury stock at cost	(100,000)
Stockholders' equity	(4,615,928)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 2,115,335 =========

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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SEAMLESS CORPORATION f/k/a/ SEAMLESS WI-FI, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2009	2008
Revenues Cost of revenues	\$ 608 25,149	\$
Gross Income (Loss)	 (24,541)	 (30,245
Expenses:		
Selling, general and admin.	1,165,398	679,493
Consulting		337,559
Legal	335,116	349,239
Officer Payroll	300,000	327,221
Settlement fee	169,262	
Loss on termination of production contract	400,000	
License Fee Write-Off	239,147	
Depreciation and amortization	 21,206	 20,992
Total Expenses	 2,743,773	 1,714,504
Loss from continuing operations		
before interest and other items	(2,768,314)	(1,744,749
Other income (expense)		
Cancellation of indebtedness	48,476	48,476
Interest	(399,961)	(4,492
Financing fees	(95 , 878)	
	(1,584,113)	
Other		1,491

Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(4,799,790)	(1,699,274
Income taxes (benefit) (note 8)	 	
Loss from continuing operations	(4,799,790)	(1,699,274
Loss from discontinued operations (Benefit from) provision for income taxes	(2,996,514)	\$ (94,062
Total discontinued operations	 (2,996,514)	 (94,062
Net loss	(7,796,304)	(1,793,336
Preferred C stock dividends-deemed	 (405,400)	 (200,000
Net loss available to common stockholders	(8,201,704)	
Basic and Diluted loss per common shares Loss from continuing operations, after preferred dividends Loss from discontinued operations	\$ (0.00) (0.00)	
Net loss available to common stockholders	(0.00)	(
Weighted average basic and diluted common shares	,877,813,045	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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SEAMLESS CORPORATION f/k/a/ SEAMLESS WI-FI INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,

	2009	
Cash flows used in operating activities Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(4,799,790)	-
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to used by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	21,206	
Noncash interest expense-debt discount	399,941	
Unrealized Loss from Change in Derivative Liabilities	1,584,113	
Noncash financing fee	95 , 878	
Cancellation of indebtedness	(48,476)	
Noncash loss on issuance of preferred stock for termination of contract	400,000	
Issuance of common stock for services	10,000	
Issuance of preferred C stock for payment of expense		

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\$

Interest expense	
Licence Write off	239,146
Settlement Fee	19,261
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	
Inventory	
Other current assets	(15,834)
Security deposits	7,651
Accounts payable	622,171
Payroll taxes payable	
Other current liabilities	(54,856)
Payable to officer	155,853
Restricted cash - Escrow	
Discontinued operations	
Dibtoneinada operacióno	
Net cash used by operating activities	(1,363,736)
Cash flows used in investing activities:	
Technology	
Tooling	
Equipment	
Discontinued operations	
Net cash used in investing activities	
Cash flows from financing activities	
Proceeds from sale of common stock	
Proceeds from sale of preferred A stock	229,150
Proceeds from sale of preferred C stock	296,744
Proceeds from sale of preferred D stock	28,350
Bank overdraft	(2,930)
Proceeds from loan	813,882
PIOCEEUS IIOM IOAN	015,002
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,365,196
Increase (decrease) in cash	1,460
Cash at beginning of period	
Cash at end of period	1,460

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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SEAMLESS CORPORATION f/k/a SEAMLESS WI-FI, INC. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2009		2008	
Cash paid for:	 			
Interest	\$ 21	\$		
Taxes	\$ 	\$		

Noncash investing, and financing activities

Machinery & Equipment Writeoff	\$	44,611	\$	
Tooling transferred to manufacturer in lieu of cash payment	\$	128,500	\$	
Inventory transferred to manufacturer in lieu of cash payment	\$	150,000	\$	
Accounts payable writeoff	\$	558,569	\$	
Notes and accrued interest receivable write off	\$2	,996,512	\$	
Prepaid license fee write off	\$	490,000	\$	
Noncash financing fees	\$	95 , 878	\$	
Preferred C stock issued for cancellation of production contract	\$	400,000	\$	
Preferred C stock issued as collateral	\$		\$1	,200,000
Common stock issued for services	\$	10,000	\$	71 , 325
Common stock issued for conversion of preferred C stock	\$	758,000	\$	
Common stock issued as collateral	\$		\$	10,750
Common stock issued for conversion of preferred A stock	\$2	,518,190	\$1	,327,642
Preferred A stock issued for conversion of preferred C stock	\$	4,000		
Preferred C stock issued for officer's compensation	\$		\$	200,000
Preferred A stock issued for conversion of preferred C stock	\$	5,000	\$	
Preferred C stock issued for stock subscription receivable	\$		\$	200,000
Preferred D stock issued in exchange for officer loan	\$	339,149		
Deemed dividends recorded for Preferred C stock	\$	405,400	\$	200,000
Stock option issued for services	\$		\$	268,418
Additional paid in capital recorded for third party payments	\$		\$	64,592

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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SEAMLESS CORPORATION f/k/a SEAMLESS WI-FI, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) FOR THE PERIOD JULY 1, 2007 TO JUNE 30, 2009

	Common St	Convertible Preferr				
	(\$0.001 par value) Shares Amount					
Balance June 30, 2007		\$ 4,847	498,914			
Common stock issued for services	1,275,000	1,275				
Common stock issued for conversion of preferred A stock	221,273,700	221,274	(407,112)			
Common stock issued as collateral	500,000	500				
Pref A issued for conversion of common stock	(5,100)	(5)	510			
Preferred A stock issued for pending lending agreement			600,000			
Issuance of preferred C stock						

Preferred C stock issued for services			
Preferred C stock issued for subscription receivable			
Preferred C stock issued as collateral			
Adjustment to additional paid in capital			
Fractional shares due to reverse stock split	161		
Option issued for service			
loss for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008		 	
Balance June 30, 2008		\$	692,312 2
Common stock issued for conversion of preferred A stock	2,518,190,000	2,518,190	(251,819)
Common stock issued for service	10,000,000	10,000	
Common stock & preferred A stock issued for conversion of preferred C stock	10,000,000	10,000	4,000
Subscription Receivable paid for Pref C issued in previous year			
Preferred D Stock Issued			
Preferred C Stock converted to Common Stock	7,480,000,000	7,480,000	
Pref A issued for conversion of preferred C stock			5,000
Pref A & C Stock reclassified as a derivative liability			168,910
Common Stock issued as payment for debt	102,000,000	102,000	
Adjustment for cancellation of subscription			
Adjustment to additional paid in capital			
Loss for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009			
Balance June 30, 2009	10,348,080,963	\$ 10,348,081	618,403 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. (continued on next page)

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(continued from previous page)

SEAMLESS CORPORATION f/k/a SEAMLESS WI-FI, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) FOR THE PERIOD JULY 1, 2007 TO JUNE 30, 2009

	 Additional Paid in Capital	suk 1	Stock oscription receivable	n Accumulat e (Defici		
Balance June 30, 2007	\$ 22,199,508	\$ 		\$ 	(18,687,528)	\$
Common stock issued for services	70,050					
Common stock issued for conversion of preferred A stock	(220,867)					
Common stock issued as collateral	10,250		(10,750)			
Pref A issued for conversion of common stock	4					
Preferred A stock issued for pending lending agreement	323,869					
Issuance of preferred C stock	901,832					
Preferred C stock issued for services	199,800					
Preferred C stock issued for subscription receivable	1,012,063		(389 , 250)			
Preferred C stock issued as collateral	799,200		(800,000)			
Adjustment to additional paid in capital	88,341					
Fractional shares due to reverse stock split						
Option issued for service	268,419					
loss for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008	 				(1,993,336)	
Balance June 30, 2008	\$ 25,652,469	\$ 	(1,200,000)	\$ 	(20,680,864)	\$
Common stock issued for conversion of preferred A stock	(2,517,938)					
Common stock issued for service						
Common stock & preferred A stock issued for conversion of preferred C stock	(9,954)					

Subscription Receivable paid for			
Pref C issued in previous year	(296,744)	800,000	
Preferred D Stock Issued	668 , 796		
Preferred C Stock converted to Common Stock	(7,479,252)		
Pref A issued for conversion of preferred C stock	45		
Pref A & C Stock reclassified as a derivative liability	(2,018,675)		
Common Stock issued as payment for debt	(81,475)		
Adjustment for cancellation of subscription		400,000	
Adjustment to additional paid in capital	100,000		
Loss for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009			(8,201,704)
Balance June 30, 2009	\$ 14,017,272	\$ -0-	\$ (28,882,568) \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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SEAMLESS CORPORATION F/K/A SEAMLESS WI-FI INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Prior to December 31, 1997, Seamless Corporation ("The Company") formerly known as Seamless Wi-Fi, Inc. "the Company" was in the food product manufacturing business and formerly known as International Food and Beverage, Inc. In November 1998, new stockholders bought majority control from the previous Chief Executive Officer through a private transaction. Immediately thereafter, the former CEO resigned and the new stockholders assumed the executive management positions. In December 1998, after new management was in place, a decision was made to change the Company's principal line of business from manufacturing to high technology. The Company changed its name from International Food & Beverage, Inc. to Internet Business's International, Inc., and reincorporated the Company on December 8, 1998 in the state of Nevada. During April of 1999, the Company announced the opening of its first e-commerce site and engaged in the development, operation and marketing of a number of commercial web sites. The Company's subsidiaries consisted of: Lending on Line (providing real estate loans and equipment leasing), Internet Service Provider (providing national Internet access dial-up service, wireless high speed Internet, and Internet web design and hosting), E. Commerce (providing Auction sites), and Direct Marketing (providing direct marketing of long distance phone service, computers with Internet access, and Internet web design hosting). The Company ceased operations

during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the Company changed its name to Alpha Wireless Broadband, Inc, and started a wireless operation through it's wholly owned subsidiary Skyy-Fi, Inc a Nevada Corporation. Skyy-Fi began providing access to the Internet, by installing equipment in locations such as hotels and coffee shops for use by their patrons for a fee or free basis. As of June 30, 2008, Skyy-Fi closed the internet service and tech support for these locations.

In January 2005, the Company acquired the assets of Seamless P2P, LLC and contributed these assets to its 80% owned subsidiary Seamless Peer to Peer, Inc., which is a developer and provider of a patent pending software program Phenom Encryption Software that encrypts Wi-Fi transmissions based upon RSA's government certified 256 bit AES encryption coupled with RSA's Public Key Infrastructure flexible telecom data and voice transport solutions.

In May 2005, the Company changed its name from Alpha Wireless Broadband, Inc. to Seamless Wi-Fi, Inc, which was approved by the Board of Directors and its subsidiary from Skyy-Fi, Inc. to Seamless Skyy-Fi, Inc.

In December 2005, the Company started a hosting company Seamless Internet offering Seamless clients a high-security hosting facility.

In July 2008, the Company changed the name of its subsidiary, Seamless Skyy-Fi, Inc. to Seamless Tek Labs, Inc. The Company's subsidiary, Seamless Peer 2 Peer Inc. became a subsidiary of Seamless Tek Labs, Inc. Both Tek Labs and Peer 2 Peer concentrate on software development.

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In July 2008, the Company started a marketing company, Seamless Sales, LLC for all of the products the Company and its subsidiaries produce.

In July 2008, the Company changed its name from Seamless Wi-Fi, Inc. to Seamless Corporation which was approved by the Board of Directors. The Company now concentrates on production of the S-Gen a Pocket Personal Computer, the SNBK-1 a Mini Note Book, and MP3-4 players.

In July 2008 Seamless discontinued its operations of providing Wi-Fi to hospitality providers. The incomes from those operations were from fees paid by the hotels and businesses and the cost associated from those operations include customer support and providing Internet Bandwidth. Therefore the Assets, Liabilities, Income and Expenses associated with those operations are delineated on the financials statements.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries and majority-owned subsidiary. They have been prepared in conformity with (i) accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and (ii) the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation.

RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made in the 2008 financial statements to conform to the 2009 presentation. These reclassifications did not have any effect on net income (loss) or shareholders' equity.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include allowances for doubtful accounts and notes and mortgage loans receivable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity date of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are judged as to collectibility by management and an allowance for bad debts has not been established.

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PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment is stated at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets, which is generally three to five years for computers and computer related equipment and five to seven years for furniture and other non-computer equipment. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the term of the lease, ranging from one to five years.

INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at lower of cost (first-in, first out method) or market.

PROPRIETARY SOFTWARE IN DEVELOPMENT

In accordance with SFAS No. 86, accounting for the Cost of Computer Software to be Sold, Leased, or Otherwise Marketed Software ("FAS 86"), the Company has capitalized certain computer software development costs upon the establishment of technological feasibility. Technological feasibility is considered to have occurred upon completion of a detailed program design which has been confirmed by documenting and tracing the detailed program design to product specifications. Amortization is provided based on the greater of the ratios that current gross revenues for a product bear to the total of current and anticipated future gross revenues for that product. The estimated useful life for the straight-line method is determined to be 2 to 5 years. For the years ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008, there was no amortization for the capitalized costs.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Sales are recognized upon shipment of goods to customers. Amounts billed related to shipping and handling are included in net sales.

ADVERTISING EXPENSE

All advertising costs are expensed when incurred. Advertising costs were \$273,206 and \$155,135 for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is subject to credit risk through trade receivables. Sales through its website are generally billed to the customer's credit card, thus reducing the credit risk. The Company routinely assesses the financial strength of significant customers and this assessment, combined with the large number and geographic diversity of its customers, limits the Company's concentration of risk with respect to trade accounts receivable.

INCOME TAXES

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability approach of reporting for income taxes. Deferred taxes are recorded based upon the tax impact of items affecting financial reporting and tax filings in different periods. A valuation allowance is provided against net deferred tax assets where the Company determines realization is not currently judged to be more likely than not. The Company and its 80% of more owned U.S. subsidiaries file a consolidated federal income tax return.

EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE ("EPS")

Basic EPS is computed by dividing income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS is computed giving effect to all dilutive potential common shares that were outstanding during the period. Dilutive potential common shares consist of incremental shares issuable upon conversion of preferred stock outstanding. At June 30, 2009, Series A Preferred shares are convertible to 6,184,030,000 common shares and Series C Preferred shares are convertible to 18,520,000,000 common shares. Because the convertible preferred shares have an anti-dilutive effect, there is no difference between basic and diluted earnings per share. There were also 975,000 stock options outstanding that were not included in the basic EPS calculation as their effect would have been anti-dilutive to basic EPS.

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STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The Company had adopted SFAS 123R which requires all share based payments to officers, directors, and employees, including stock options to be recognized as a cost in the financial statements based on their fair values. The Company accounts for stock based grants issued to non-employees at fair value in accordance with SFAS 123 and ETIF 96-18 "Accounting for Equity Instruments That are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or In Conjunction with Selling, Goods, or Services". There were no employee stock options granted during the year ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008. A non-employee stock option was issued during the third quarter of year 2008. It is disclosed in Note 7.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

On July 1, 2008, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" as required for financial assets and liabilities. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 had no material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows during the year ended June 30, 2009. SFAS No. 157 was effective July 1, 2008 for financial assets and liabilities and will be effective July 1, 2009 for

non-financial assets and liabilities. The standard provides guidance for establishing a frame work for measuring fair values of assets and liabilities. Under the standard, fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price). The standard clarifies the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions or inputs market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

In support of this principle, SFAS No. 157 establishes a three level hierarchy for fair value measurements based on the quality or transparency of inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability at the measurement date.

The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 (the highest priority) inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted market prices (unadjusted) for identical financial assets or liabilities in active markets.
- o Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted market prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of a financial instrument.
- o Level 3 (the lowest priority) inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These inputs reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing a financial instrument.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level or priority of input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the financial asset or liability.

The Company's only financial assets or liabilities subject to SFAS No. 157 are its conversion feature liability on its convertible debt. Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used to determine the fair value of the Company's financial assets including the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using

Description	June	e 30, 2009	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets
Conversion feature			(Level 1)
liability-convertible debt	\$	1,426,044	\$ 1,426,044

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DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND BENEFICIAL CONVERSION FEATURES

We do not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market, or foreign currency risks.

We review the terms of convertible debt and equity instruments we issue to determine whether there are embedded derivative instruments, including the embedded conversion option, that are required to be bifurcated and accounted for

separately as a derivative financial instrument. When the ability to physical or net-share settle the conversion option is deemed to be not within our control, the embedded conversion option may be required to be accounted for as a derivative instrument, including the conversion option, that is required to be bifurcated, the bifurcated derivative instruments are accounted for as a single, compound derivative instrument. We may also issue options or warrants to non-employees in connection with consulting or other services they provide. Depending on their terms, these options and warrants may be accounted for as derivative instrument liabilities, rather than as equity.

When the embedded conversion option in a convertible debt or equity instrument is not required to be bifurcated and accounted for separately as a derivative instrument, we review the terms of the instrument to determine whether it is necessary to record a beneficial conversion feature in accordance with EITF Issues 98-05 and 00-27. When the effective conversion rate of the instrument at the time is issued and eligible for conversion is less than the fair value of the common stock into which it is convertible, we may recognize a beneficial conversion feature, which is credited to equity and reduces the initial carrying value of the instrument.

When convertible debt is initially recorded at less than its face value as a result of allocating some or all of the proceeds received to derivative instrument liabilities, to a beneficial conversion feature or to other instruments, the discount from the face amount, together with the stated interest on the convertible debt, is amortized over the life of the instrument through periodic charges to income using the effective interest method

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2007, the Financial accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. ("SFAS") 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations, which replaces SFAS 141. SFAS 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and the goodwill acquired. SFAS 141R also establishes disclosure requirements that will enable users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141R is effective as of the beginning of an entity's fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2008 and will be adopted by the Company in the first quarter of fiscal 2010. While the Company expects that SFAS 141R may have an impact on accounting for business combinations once adopted, the effect is dependent upon acquisitions occurring.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. 141(R)-1 ("FSP FAS 141(R)-1"), ACCOUNTING FOR ASSETS ACQUIRED AND LIABILITIES ASSUMED IN A BUSINESS COMBINATION THAT ARISE FROM CONTINGENCIES, which provides additional clarification on the initial recognition and measurement of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination that arise from contingencies. FSP FAS 141(R)-1 is effective for all fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. FSP FAS 141(R)-1 may have a material impact on the accounting for any business acquired.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements - An Amendment of ARB No. 51 (SFAS 160). SFAS 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary. SFAS 160 also requires that a retained noncontrolling interest upon the deconsolidation of a subsidiary be initially measured at its fair value. SFAS 160 is effective for the Company's 2010 fiscal year. Upon adoption of SFAS 160, the Company will be required to report its noncontrolling interests, if any, as a separate component of shareholders' equity. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 160 to significantly impact its financial position, results of operations or cash flows. F-12

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities-an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133" ("SFAS No. 161"). SFAS No. 161 requires enhanced disclosure related to derivatives and hedging activities and thereby seeks to improve the transparency of financial reporting. Under SFAS No. 161, entitles are required to provide enhanced disclosures relating to: (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; (b) how derivative instruments and related hedge items are accounted for under SFAS No. 133. "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS No. 133"), and its related interpretations; and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. SFAS No. 161 must be applied prospectively to all derivative instruments and non-derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments and related hedged items accounted for under SFAS No. 133 for all financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early application permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 161 to significantly impact its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In April 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") FAS 142-3, "Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets." This FSP amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under FASB Statement No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFS 142"). The intent of this FSP is to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS 142 and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under SFAS 141R, and other GAAP. This FSP is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is prohibited. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact the new pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3: OPERATIONS AND LIQUIDITY

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, which contemplate continuation of the company as a going concern. The Company has experienced significant losses in recent years. At June 30, 2009 the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$28,482,568.

The Company is actively pursuing additional equity financing through discussions with investment bankers and private investors. There can be no assurance the Company will be successful in its effort to secure additional equity financing. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is contingent upon its ability to secure financing and attain profitable operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustment to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from the possible inability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

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NOTE 4: INVENTORY

Inventory consists of parts and materials held by a manufacturer in China. The

Company transferred the ownership of the inventory in the amount of \$150,000 to Kelly's Inc., according to the settlement agreement in the second quarter of year 2009.

NOTE 5: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, AT COST

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	June	30
	2009	2008
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 53,390	\$ 98,001
Technology Tooling	2,076,704 0	2,076,704 128,500
Less: Accumulated	2,130,094	2,303,205
Depreciation	52,763	76,169
	2,077,331	2,227,036

Estimated useful life for machinery and equipment is 5 years. The production for technology is not completed and the estimated useful life is not determined yet.

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 was \$21,206 and \$21,206 respectively.

No amortization has been taken on tooling and technology as the production of inventory has not commenced as of June 30, 2009.

\$44,611 of fixed assets and \$28,743 of depreciation were written off for a loss of \$15,868.

The Company transferred the ownership of the tooling in the amount of \$128,500 to Kelly's Inc. according to the settlement agreement with them in the second quarter of year 2009.

NOTE 6: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company had the following loans and advances to related parties:

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June 30, 2008

		Allowance		
		Loan/Advance Balance	for uncollectible loans/advances	Balance Net
Carbon Jungle, Inc.	(A)	243,332	243,332	0
DLR Funding	(B)	1,000,153		1,000,153
1st Global Financial Service	(C, D)	1,442,847		1,442,847

IOCAL	÷ 2,000,552	♀ ∠٩5,552 ========	92,443,000
Total	\$ 2,686,332	\$ 243.332	\$2,443,000

- A. The President of the Company is a Director of this company; the Secretary of the Company is an officer of this company.
- B. The President of the Company is a stockholder and director of this company. The Secretary of the Company is an officer and stockholder of this company.
- C. The President of the Company is a stockholder and director of this company. The Secretary of the Company is an officer and stockholder of this company. A director of 1st Global was paid \$10,000 per month by the Company, which was recorded as a loan receivable by the Company. As of July 1, 2008, the Company owned 4.9% of the common stock of 1st Global Services, Inc.
- D. The President of the Company is an officer of this company.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2008, the Company wrote off \$100,000 against DLR Funding's loan as uncollectible. During the quarter ended December 31, 2008, the Company wrote off \$1,442,847 against 1st Global Financial Service's loan and \$900,152 against DLR Funding's loan as uncollectible. At June 30, 2008 Carbon Jungle's loan of \$243,332 was fully reserved and during the quarter ended December 2008, the notes receivable and the allowance were both removed. At June 30, 2009, there was no note receivable from related parties.

The above interest at annual rates ranged from 6% to 12%. The Company recorded interest income on the above for the year ended June 30, 2008 in the amount of \$317,380. As all of the notes receivable and the accrued interest receivable were written off in the second quarter of the year 2009, the interest income was not recorded for the year ended June 30, 2009. During the quarter ended December 31, 2008, the Company wrote off the accrued interest receivable of \$553,512. At June 30, 2009, there was no accrued interest receivable.

The total of notes receivable and accrued interest, in the amount of \$2,996,512 is classified as current assets of discontinued operations at June 30, 2008.

During the year ended June 30, 2008, Reda Family Trust converted 10,000 preferred stock shares into 100,000,000 shares of common stock. The trust owned 44% of total common stock shares as of June 30, 2008.

Al Reda, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial officer and a member of the Board of Directors, is a trustee of the trust.

The Company issued 858,298 shares of Preferred D stock to AR Corp. in June 2009 in exchange for the officer loan in the amount of \$339,149. The Company's chief executive officer and the director of the board is a majority shareholder of AR Corp.

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NOTE 7: STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

The Company filed a certificate of designation with the Nevada Secretary of State on June 25, 2009. According to the certificate of designation, the Company is authorized to issue 19,990,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 2,000,000 shares of convertible Series A Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 1,000,000 shares of convertible Series B Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and 3,000,000 shares of convertible Series C Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and 4,000,000 shares of convertible Series D Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and 4,000,000 shares of convertible Series D Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share.

The Board of Directors has the authority to issue such shares of common and/or preferred stock in one or more series, with the designation, number, full or limited voting powers, or the denial of voting powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional, and other special rights and the qualifications, limitations, restrictions, and other distinguishing characteristics as shall be stated in the resolution or resolutions.

The Board of Directors has adopted the following resolutions regarding the preferred stock.

LIQUIDATION RIGHTS. In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the corporation, after setting apart or paying in full the preferential amounts due to holders of senior capital stock, if any, the holders of Series "A" "B" "C" "D" Preferred Stock and parity capital stock, if any, shall be entitled to receive, prior and in preference to any distribution of any of the assets of surplus funds of the corporation to the holders of junior capital stock, including Common Stock, an amount equal to approximately \$1.98 per share.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DIVIDENDS}}$. The Preferred Stock shall not be entitled to receive any dividends.

Conversion Rights. Each share of Series "A" Preferred Stock shall be convertible, at the option of the holder, into 10,000 fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's Common Stock. Each share of Series "B" Preferred Stock shall be convertible, at the option of the holder, into 1,000 fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's Common Stock. Each share of Series "C" Preferred Stock shall be convertible at the option of the holder, based upon the following formula. One Share of "C" Preferred Stock shall convert into One Dollar worth of fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's Common Stock based upon the most recent 10 day average closing price effective the date of receipt of the conversion request. Each share of Series "D" shall have no conversion rights.

VOTING RIGHTS. The holders of shares of Preferred Stock "A" "B" "C" shall NOT be entitled to vote on any matters considered and voted upon by the corporation's Common Stock. Preferred Stock "D" with voting rights as follows. One share of Series of "D" will be equivalent to voting 10,000 shares of common stock.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MANDATORY}}$ REDEMPTION. There shall be no mandatory redemption for preferred stocks.

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Stock Issuance

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the following securities were issued.

407,112 shares of Series A Preferred Stock were converted into 221,273,700 shares of common stock.

600,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were issued to Ayuda Funding, LLC for \$900,000. The shares are convertible to common stock worth \$600,000.

200,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were issued for \$200,000 as officer's

compensation.

400,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were issued to Adobe Oil Development Corp. for \$200,000. The shares are convertible to common stock worth \$400,000 and \$200,000 was recorded as deemed dividend for beneficiary conversion feature. \$130,000 was outstanding as stock subscription receivable at June 30, 2008.

5,100 common stock shares were converted to $510\ {\rm shares}$ of Series A Preferred Stock.

500,000 common stock shares were issued to DC Assembly for a production in China as a collateral.

400,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were issued to DC Assembly for a production in China as a collateral.

The Company has a funding agreement with Alpha Blue, Inc. to receive up to \$5,000,000. Alpha Blue paid \$240,000 in the third quarter and the Company issued 100,000 shares of Series A preferred Stock.

The Company has a funding agreement with MAKR, Inc. that is to provide a fund up to \$600,000 for a production in China. The Company issued 800,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock as a collateral.

Dettman Group was granted an option to purchase 975,000 shares of common stock at a strike price of \$0.01 as a consulting fee. The option was evaluated to be worth \$268,418.

125,000 shares of common stock were issued to employees for their services and \$18,750 was recorded as such.

750,000 shares of common stock were issued to Wakabayashi and \$39,375 was recorded as marketing service.

400,000 shares of common stock were issued for consulting service and \$13,200 was recorded as such.

500,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock were issued to Antigua for a pending lending agreement.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the following securities were issued:

10,000,000 shares of common stock were issued for consulting services and \$10,000 was recorded as such.

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251,819 shares of Series A Preferred Stock were converted to 2,518,190,000 shares of common stock.

748,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were converted into 7,480,000,000 shares of common stock.

100,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock were converted into 10,000,000 shares of common stock and 9,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock.

320,000 shares of Series D Preferred Stock were issued FOR \$320 to Alpha Blue Inc. in lieu of 320,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock that was owed to Alpha Blue in consideration of \$208,489 paid for Series A Preferred Stock.

80,000 shares of Series D Preferred Stock were issued to MAKR Inc. in lieu of 80,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock that was owed to the MAKR Inc. in consideration of \$106,544 paid for the Series C Preferred Stock.

28,550 shares of Series D Preferred Stock were issued to Omega Inc. in lieu of 285,500,000 shares of Common Stock that was owed to Omega Inc. in consideration of \$28,350 paid for Common Stock.

858,298 shares of Series D Preferred Stock were issued to AR Corporation to settle an officer loan payable of \$339,149. The loan payable was money due to Al Reda, the majority shareholder of AR Corporation.

MAKR's stock subscription was \$800,000 at June 30, 2008 and the payment of the \$296,744 was received in the quarter ended September 30, 2008. At September 30, 2008 the remaining \$97,856 was receivable and \$405,400 was recorded as deemed dividend during the quarter ended September 30, 2008.

Antigua LLC paid \$100,000 for 500,000 shares of the Series A Preferred Stock which was issued in the year ended June 30, 2008.

Due to the cancellation of a production contract, the Company was obligated to issue 400,000 Series C Preferred stock which converts into \$400,000 worth of Common Stock. This transaction resulted in the reduction of stock subscription receivable for \$400,000.

Stock Option

During the year ended June 30, 2008, Dettman Group LLC was granted an option to purchase 975,000 shares of common stock at a strike price of \$0.01 as a consulting fee. The option was evaluated using the Black Scholes option pricing model to be worth \$268,418. The Black Scholes input variables were as follows:

100%
1.965%
1.5 years
\$0.01
\$0.285
\$-0-

Beneficial Conversion-Deemed Dividend

As a result of the issuance of series A preferred convertible stock, the Company recorded a "Deemed Dividend" in the amount of \$405,400. The deemed dividend is the result of the conversion price, at issuance, being less than the common stock market price, at issuance, since the preferred stock was immediately convertible. This is considered a "beneficial conversion feature" and is shown as a deemed dividend on the statement of operations for the year ended June 30, 2009.

NOTE 8: INCOME TAXES

No provision for income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements as a result of the Company's net operating losses. The Company has unused tax loss carry forwards of approximately \$28,000,000 and \$20,000,000 at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 respectively to offset future taxable income. Such carry forwards expire in the years beginning 2021. The deferred tax asset recorded by the Company as a result of these tax loss carry forwards is approximately \$9,500,000 and \$7,000,000 at June 30, 2009 and 2008 respectively. The Company has reduced the deferred tax asset resulting from its tax loss carry

forwards by a valuation allowance of an equal amount as the realization of the deferred tax asset is uncertain.

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NOTE 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

LEASE

The Company entered into lease agreements for an office space which expires on August 31, 2010 and a server co-location facility which expires on November 2, 2010. The Company rents additional office space in Nevada, on a month to month basis. Rent expense under these leases for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$182,171 and \$150,875, respectively. The annual minimum future lease payments required under the Company's operating leases are as follows.

June 30,	2010	\$	168,840
June 30,	2011	\$	47,890
		_	
Total		\$	216,730
		=	

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is a party to the following legal proceedings:

GLOBALIST V. INTERNET BUSINESS'S INTERNATIONAL, INC. ET AL

In July 2003, Globalist sued the Company and was awarded a judgment plus interest in the amount of approximately \$301,000. The Company appealed the Court's decision and the award amount. In February 2005 the Company reached a settlement agreement with Globalist. However, Globalist later rejected the settlement agreement and an appeal was filed in the second quarter with the appellate court by the Company seeking confirmation of the settlement agreement. The current liability in the amount of \$361,054 reflects the current liability of discontinued operations in the accompanying financial statements.

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT

The Company has an employment contract with their Chief Executive Officer, Albert Reda that calls for a base salary of \$300,000 for the year ended June 30, 2008 and thereafter, a base salary of \$25,000 a month from July 2007 until its expiration date in June 2012. In the event that the company becomes profitable according to generally accepted accounting principles, the employee's monthly salary shall be increased to \$30,000 for the remainder of the employment term. In addition, the contract includes a bonus that will be determined by the company's Board of Directors.

NOTE 10: CONVERTIBLE INSTRUMENTS

The Company issued the following convertible instruments:

\$200,000 Senior Secured Convertible Promissory Note, Due February 11, 2010

This Note carries interest at 10% per annum, payable monthly. This Note is convertible into common stock at the holder's option at a conversion price of the lesser of: (a) 0.001 and (b) sixty percent (60%) of the average of the

three (3) lowest closing bid prices for the ten (10) trading days immediately preceding the conversion date. This note is secured by a first priority security interest in certain assets of the Company.

Convertible Promissory Notes \$50,000, due December 9, 2009 \$100,000, due October 14, 2009 \$150,000, due August 19, 2009 \$100,000, due July 15, 2009 \$309,760, due June 21, 2010

These Notes carries interest at 7% per annum and are convertible into common stock as follows: Unpaid principal and accrued but unpaid interest divided by the lesser of (a) \$5.00 or (b) the product of 50% discount to market times 10,000.

The conversion feature embedded within all of the above Notes has been classified as a derivative liability and has been fair valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model at June 30, 2009, in accordance with FAS 133. Pursuant to EITF 00-27, the conversion feature has been classified as a derivative liability, with the corresponding change in value reported in the statement of operations, because the conversion option of each note could potentially require the issuance of an unlimited number of common shares as a result of the conversion.

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The fair value of the conversion option ("options") was \$1,426,044 at June 30, 2009. The options were originally valued at \$1,599,227 at issuance. However, since the value of the options at issuance exceeded the face amount of the debt, the Company recognized a loss of \$609,467 as a result of the issuance of these Notes. The gain on the change in value related to these options was \$173,183 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

As a result of the issuance of all these Notes, the Company recorded a discount on the Convertible Debt of \$909,760. The discount was amortized to interest expense during the year ended June 30, 2009 in the amount of \$399,940.

The following assumptions were used in the Black Scholes calculation of the fair value of the conversion feature liabilities:

Volatility:	401%;
Risk free rate:	0.2% to 2.2%;
Term:	ranges from 1 month to 1 year
Exercise price:	ranges from \$0.00005 to \$0.000925
Stock price:	ranges from \$0.0001 to \$0.00025
Dividend yield:	\$-0-
Number of common shares	
convertible into:	ranges from 108,108,108 to 3,097,600,000

NOTE 11: PREFERRED STOCK LIABILITY

The company issued Preferred A stock ("A") and Preferred C stock ("C"). Both issues of stock are convertible into common stock.

The A stock is convertible into 10,000 shares of common stock for each share of A stock. Pursuant to EITF 00-27, since the total of all convertible instruments outstanding would exceed the authorized common stock, the value of A stock that

is convertible into common stock is reflected as a liability at June 30, 2009 of \$1,236,806.

The C stock is convertible into common stock based on the number of outstanding C shares outstanding. At June 30, 2009, there were 1,852,000 shares of C stock outstanding. The C stock is convertible into \$1,852,000 worth of common stock at June 30, 2009. Therefore, 9,260,000,000 shares of common stock would have to be issued (based on the common stock price of \$.0002 at June 30, 2009). Since the C stock could result in an unlimited number of common shares issued, the C stock has been shown as a liability of \$1,852,000 in the balance sheet at June 30, 2009.

NOTE 12: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the Company has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and disclosure through October 26, 2009 the data of financial statement issuance.

In AUGUST 2009, the Company through a wholly owned subsidiary acquired the Gadget Enterprise website for eCommerce for a total of 147,500,000 common shares.

Subsequent to June 30, 2009 the Company raised the follow capital;

	Shares	Funds Received
Proceeds from sale of Common stock Proceeds from sale of preferred A stock Proceeds from loan	1,014,000,000 65,000	76,000 32,500 64,000
Net cash provided by financing activities		172,500

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