

THERMOGENESIS CORP  
Form S-4  
November 08, 2013

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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 8, 2013  
Registration 333-\_\_\_\_\_

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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FORM S-4  
REGISTRATION STATEMENT  
UNDER  
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

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THERMOGENESIS CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 3821 94-3018487  
(State or other jurisdiction of (Primary Standard Industrial (I.R.S. Employer  
incorporation or organization) Classification Code Number) Identification Number)

2711 Citrus Road  
Rancho Cordova, California 95742  
(916) 858-5100  
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

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Matthew T. Plavan  
Chief Executive Officer  
ThermoGenesis Corp.  
2711 Citrus Road  
Rancho Cordova, California 95742  
(916) 858-5100  
(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

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Copies to:

David C. Adams, Esq. Weintraub Tobin Chediak Coleman Grodin 400 Capitol Mall, Eleventh Floor Sacramento, California 95814 (916) 558-6000	Kenneth L. Harris Chief Executive Officer TotipotentRX Corporation 548 South Spring Street, Suite 210 Los Angeles, CA 90013 (213) 221-7373	Alan B. Spatz, Esq. Troy Gould PC 1801 Century Park East, Suite 1600 Los Angeles, CA 90067 (310) 553-4441
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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If the securities being registered on this Form are being offered in connection with the formation of a holding company and there is compliance with General Instruction G, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration

statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

If applicable, place an X in the box to designate the appropriate rule provision relied upon in conducting this transaction:

Exchange Act Rule 13e-4(i) (Cross-Border Issuer Tender Offer)

Exchange Act Rule 14d-1(d) (Cross-Border Third-Party Tender Offer)

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of each class of securities to be registered	Amount to be registered(1)	Proposed maximum offering price per share	Proposed maximum aggregate offering price(2)	Amount of registration fee(2)
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share	12,490,841	N/A	\$10,742,123	\$ 1,384

(1) Relates to common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, of ThermoGenesis Corp., or ThermoGenesis, issuable to holders of common stock, no par value per share, of TotipotentRX Corporation, or TotipotentRX, in the proposed merger of TotipotentRX with and into ThermoGenesis. The amount of ThermoGenesis common stock to be registered is based on the maximum number of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock that are expected to be issued pursuant to the merger. The actual number of shares issued pursuant to the merger transaction may be less than the number of shares being registered.

(2) Pursuant to Rule 457 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee, the proposed maximum aggregate offering price was calculated as the product of \$0.86 (the average high and low price of ThermoGenesis common stock on November 5, 2013) and 12,490,841 (the maximum possible number of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock which may be exchanged in the merger) times \$128.80 per million.

The registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED NOVEMBER 8, 2013

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. ThermoGenesis may not issue the securities being offered by use of this prospectus until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, of which this prospectus is a part, is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities, nor is it soliciting offers to buy these securities, in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

To the stockholders of ThermoGenesis Corp. and shareholders of TotipotentRX Corporation:

The boards of directors of ThermoGenesis Corp., referred to herein as ThermoGenesis, and TotipotentRX Corporation, referred to herein as TotipotentRX, have each unanimously approved an Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated July 15, 2013 by and among ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX, Kenneth L. Harris and Mitchel Sivilotti ("Merger Agreement"), pursuant to which TotipotentRX will merge with and into ThermoGenesis and ThermoGenesis will survive the merger, subsequently changing its name to Cesca Therapeutics Corp. upon consummation of the merger.

ThermoGenesis is soliciting proxies for use at a special meeting of stockholders to consider and vote upon (i) to adopt and approve the Merger Agreement including the contemplated merger and transactions related thereto, and (ii) a proposal to adjourn the special meeting, if necessary, if a quorum is present, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes in favor to approve the Merger Agreement.

TotipotentRX is soliciting written consents from its shareholders to consider and vote on a proposal to adopt and approve the Merger Agreement including the contemplated merger and transactions completed thereby.

If the merger is consummated, each TotipotentRX shareholder will receive, in exchange for each share of TotipotentRX common stock held immediately before the closing of the merger, 30.284 shares of ThermoGenesis common stock, representing in the aggregate approximately 12,490,800 shares of common stock or approximately 43.0% of the outstanding common stock of the combined company assuming all TotipotentRX outstanding options are exercised.

The Merger Agreement, among other things, further provides that each outstanding warrant to acquire the common stock of TotipotentRX will be assumed by ThermoGenesis and will become a warrant to acquire shares of common stock of ThermoGenesis, with the number of shares and exercise price proportionately adjusted based on the exchange ratio of the merger.

ThermoGenesis' common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Markets under the ticker "KOOL". On [\_\_\_\_\_], 2013, the last trading day before the date of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, the closing price of the ThermoGenesis common stock was \$[\_\_\_\_\_] per share. TotipotentRX is a privately-held company and there is no public market for its securities.

This proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation provides you with detailed information concerning ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX and the merger. Please give all of the information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation your careful attention.

In particular, you should carefully consider the discussion in the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 19 of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Matthew Plavan	Kenneth L. Harris
Chief Executive Officer	Chief Executive Officer
ThermoGenesis Corp.	TotipotentRX Corporation

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the shares to be issued under this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation is dated [ 2013] and was first mailed to stockholders of ThermoGenesis and shareholders of TotipotentRX on or about [ 2013].

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ThermoGenesis Corp.  
2711 Citrus Road  
Rancho Cordova, CA 95742  
(916) 858-5100

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS  
TO BE HELD ON [ 2013]

TO THE THERMOGENESIS STOCKHOLDERS:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ThermoGenesis Corp. will hold a special meeting of its stockholders on [ 2013 at \_\_\_\_ a.m., Pacific Standard Time], at 400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1100, Sacramento, CA 95814, for the following purposes:

1. To consider and vote upon a proposal to approve and adopt the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated July 15, 2013, by and among ThermoGenesis Corp., TotipotentRX Corporation, Kenneth Harris and Mitchel Sivilotti, a copy of which is attached as Annex A to the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, and related transactions therein, pursuant to which among other things ThermoGenesis will issue shares of common stock to the shareholders of TotipotentRX Corporation and TotipotentRX Corporation will merge with and into ThermoGenesis, with ThermoGenesis surviving the merger.
2. To consider and vote upon a proposal to adjourn the special meeting, if necessary, if a quorum is present, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes in favor to approve the Merger Agreement.
3. To consider and act upon such other business and matters or proposals as may properly come before the special meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof.

The board of directors of ThermoGenesis has fixed [ 2013] as the record date for determining which stockholders have the right to receive notice of and to vote at the ThermoGenesis special meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof. Only holders of record of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock at the close of business on the record date have the right to receive notice of and to vote at the ThermoGenesis special meeting. At the close of business on the record date, ThermoGenesis had [16,677,909] shares of common stock outstanding and entitled to vote.

Your vote is important. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis common stock having voting power on the record date for the ThermoGenesis special meeting is required for approval of Proposal No. 1. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of ThermoGenesis common stock having voting power present in person or represented by proxy at the ThermoGenesis special meeting is required for approval of Proposal No. 2, if necessary.

Whether or not you plan to attend the ThermoGenesis special meeting, please complete, sign and date the enclosed proxy and return it promptly in the enclosed postage-paid return envelope. You may revoke the proxy at any time before its exercise in the manner described in the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. Any stockholder present at the ThermoGenesis special meeting, including any adjournment or postponement of the meeting, may revoke such stockholder's proxy and vote personally on the matters to be considered at the ThermoGenesis special meeting. Executed proxies with no instructions indicated thereon will be voted "FOR" each of the proposals outlined above.

THE THERMOGENESIS BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAS DETERMINED THAT EACH OF THE PROPOSALS OUTLINED ABOVE IS ADVISABLE TO AND IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THERMOGENESIS AND ITS STOCKHOLDERS AND HAS APPROVED EACH SUCH PROPOSAL. THE THERMOGENESIS BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT THERMOGENESIS STOCKHOLDERS VOTE "FOR"

EACH SUCH PROPOSAL.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

**Rancho Cordova, California**  
[\_\_\_\_\_, 2013]

**David C. Adams**  
**Corporate Secretary**

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TotipotentRX Corporation  
548 South Spring Street, Suite 210  
Los Angeles, CA 90013

NOTICE OF SOLICITATION OF WRITTEN CONSENT  
TO THE TOTIPOTENTRX SHAREHOLDERS:

TotipotentRX Corporation has entered into the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization, dated July 15, 2013, by and among ThermoGenesis Corp., TotipotentRX, Kenneth L. Harris and Mitchel Sivilotti (“Merger Agreement”), a copy of which is attached as Annex A to the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, pursuant to which TotipotentRX will merge with and into ThermoGenesis with ThermoGenesis surviving the merger and ThermoGenesis will issue common stock to the shareholders of TotipotentRX.

This proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation is being delivered to you on behalf of the TotipotentRX board of directors to request that holders of TotipotentRX common stock as of [ 2013] or the record date, execute and return written consents to adopt and approve the Merger Agreement including the merger and transactions completed thereby. At the close of business on the record date, TotipotentRX had [401,558] shares of common stock outstanding and entitled to vote.

As a record holder of outstanding TotipotentRX common stock on the record date, you are urged to complete, date and sign the enclosed written consent and promptly return it to TotipotentRX. The TotipotentRX board of directors has set [ 2013] as the target final date for receipt of written consents. TotipotentRX reserves the right to extend the final date for receipt of written consents without any prior notice to shareholder.

This proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation describes the merger agreement and the actions to be taken in connection with the merger and provides additional information about the parties involved. Please give this information your careful attention. A summary of the dissenters’ rights that may be available to you is provided in the section entitled “The Merger—Appraisal and Dissenters’ Rights” on page 65 of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Written consents from the holders of a majority of the shares of TotipotentRX common stock outstanding on the applicable record date are required to adopt and approve the Merger Agreement, including the merger and transactions contemplated thereby.

Regardless of the number of shares you own, your written consent is important. Please complete, date and sign the written consent furnished with this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and return it promptly to TotipotentRX by one of the means described in “Solicitation of TotipotentRX Written Consent—Submission of Consents” on page 3 of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. You may change or revoke your consent to a proposal at any time before the consents of holders of a sufficient number of shares to approve and adopt such proposal have been filed with the corporate secretary of TotipotentRX.

THE TOTIPOTENTRX BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAS CAREFULLY CONSIDERED THE MERGER AND THE TERMS OF THE MERGER AGREEMENT AND HAS DETERMINED THAT THE MERGER IS FAIR, ADVISABLE AND IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF TOTIPOTENTRX AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS. ACCORDINGLY, THE TOTIPOTENTRX BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT TOTIPOTENTRX SHAREHOLDERS APPROVE THE MERGER AND ADOPT AND APPROVE THE MERGER AGREEMENT AND THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED THEREBY BY EXECUTING AND DELIVERING THE WRITTEN CONSENT FURNISHED WITH THIS PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS/CONSENT SOLICITATION.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

**Los Angeles, California**  
[\_\_\_\_\_, 2013]

**Kenneth L. Harris**  
**Chief Executive Officer**

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QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE MERGER

The following section provides answers to frequently asked questions about the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization, dated July 15, 2013, by and among ThermoGenesis Corp., TotipotentRX, Kenneth L. Harris and Mitchel Sivilotti (“Merger Agreement”) and the merger (“Merger”) and transactions contemplated thereby and the effect of the Merger on holders of ThermoGenesis common stock and TotipotentRX common stock, the ThermoGenesis special meeting of stockholders and the TotipotentRX shareholder action by written consent. This section, however, only provides summary information. ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX urge you to read carefully the remainder of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, including the annexes to this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, because the information in this section does not provide all the information that might be important to you regarding the Merger and the other matters being considered at the ThermoGenesis special meeting of stockholders and by the TotipotentRX shareholder action by written consent.

As used in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, references to “ThermoGenesis” refer collectively to ThermoGenesis Corp. and its subsidiary unless the context requires otherwise, references to “TotipotentRX” refers to TotipotentRX Corporation and its subsidiaries, and references to the “combined company” refer to ThermoGenesis following the proposed merger described in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and the anticipated change of ThermoGenesis’ name to “Cesca Therapeutics Corp.”

Questions and Answers Regarding the Merger

Q: What is the transaction?

A: The transaction is the Merger of TotipotentRX with and into ThermoGenesis with ThermoGenesis surviving the Merger. As a result, each share of TotipotentRX common stock will be converted into 30.28381 shares of ThermoGenesis common stock.

Q: Why am I receiving this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation?

A: You are receiving this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation because you have been identified as a stockholder of ThermoGenesis or shareholder of TotipotentRX. If you are a stockholder of ThermoGenesis, you are entitled to vote at ThermoGenesis’ special meeting of stockholders. If you are a shareholder of TotipotentRX, you are entitled to vote by signing the TotipotentRX shareholder action by written consent. This document serves as a proxy statement of ThermoGenesis used to solicit proxies for ThermoGenesis’ special meeting of stockholders, as a consent solicitation of TotipotentRX shareholders, and as a prospectus of ThermoGenesis used to offer shares of ThermoGenesis common stock to TotipotentRX shareholders in exchange for their shares of TotipotentRX common stock pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement. This document contains important information about the Merger Agreement, Merger, the shares of ThermoGenesis common stock to be issued in the Merger, the special meeting of ThermoGenesis stockholders, and consent solicitation of the holders of common stock of TotipotentRX and you should read it carefully.

Q: What is required to approve the Merger Agreement and consummate the Merger?

A: To consummate the Merger, ThermoGenesis stockholders must approve and adopt the Merger Agreement including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby, including but not limited to, the issuance of shares of common stock in the Merger, and TotipotentRX stockholders must approve and adopt the Merger Agreement including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby.

The approval of the Merger Agreement by the stockholders of ThermoGenesis requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the common stock having voting power outstanding on the record date of the ThermoGenesis special meeting. The approval of the Merger Agreement by the stockholders of TotipotentRX requires the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the common stock having voting power outstanding on the applicable record date.

In addition to the requirement of obtaining such stockholder and shareholder approvals, each of the other closing conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement must be satisfied or waived. For a more complete description of the closing conditions under the Merger Agreement, we urge you to read the section entitled “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to Completion of the Merger” on page 10 of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

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Q: What happens to ThermoGenesis if the Merger is not ultimately completed?

A: ThermoGenesis will continue as it currently is. ThermoGenesis believes that the Merger with TotipotentRX will enable the combined company to capture additional gains and growth in the regenerative medicine industry rather than a stand-alone because currently each company's business focuses on complementary parts of the regenerative medicine industry; however, ThermoGenesis believes that its current business would continue to grow even without the Merger.

Q: When do ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX expect to complete the Merger?

A: ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX are working to complete the Merger during the first quarter of 2014 or as soon thereafter as reasonably possible. ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX must first obtain the necessary approvals, including, but not limited to, the approval of each company's stockholders, and satisfy the closing conditions described in the Merger Agreement. ThermoGenesis cannot assure as to if or whether all the conditions to the Merger will be met nor can ThermoGenesis predict the exact timing of the closing of the Merger. It is possible neither ThermoGenesis nor TotipotentRX will be able to complete the Merger.

Q: What are the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Merger to me?

A: The Merger has been structured to qualify as a tax-free reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code. As a result of the Merger's qualification as a reorganization, it is anticipated that TotipotentRX shareholders will not recognize a gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes upon the exchange of shares of TotipotentRX common stock for shares of ThermoGenesis common stock, except with respect to cash received in lieu of fractional shares of ThermoGenesis common stock and except for TotipotentRX shareholders who exercise their appraisal rights with respect to the Merger.

Tax matters are very complicated, and the tax consequences of the Merger to a particular stockholder will depend in part on such stockholder's circumstances. Accordingly, you should consult your tax advisor for a full understanding of the tax consequences of the Merger to you, including the applicability and effect of federal, state, local and foreign income and other tax consequences. For more information, please see the section entitled "The Merger—Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger" beginning on page 63 of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Q: What risks should I consider in deciding whether to vote in favor of the proposals?

A: You should carefully review the section of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 20, which sets forth certain risks and uncertainties related to the Merger, risks and uncertainties to which the combined company's business will be subject, and risks and uncertainties to which each of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX, as an independent company, is subject.

Q: Who is paying for this proxy solicitation and consent solicitation?

A: ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX are conducting this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and will each bear their own costs of the proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, including the preparation, assembly, printing and mailing of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, the proxy card and any additional information furnished to ThermoGenesis stockholders or TotipotentRX shareholders. ThermoGenesis may also reimburse brokerage houses and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for their costs of forwarding the proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation materials to beneficial owners.

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Questions and Answers for ThermoGenesis Stockholders

Q: What do I need to do now?

A: After you have carefully read and considered this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, if you are the stockholder of record, you may instruct the proxy holders how to vote your shares by completing, signing, dating and returning a requested proxy card in the provided, postage pre-paid envelope or by using the Internet voting site or the toll-free telephone number listed on the proxy card. Specific instructions for using the Internet and telephone voting systems are on the website and proxy card (and repeated in the box below). The Internet and telephone voting systems for ThermoGenesis stockholders of record will be available until 1:00 a.m., Central Time, on \_\_\_\_\_ 2013 (the morning of the special meeting). Please indicate on your proxy card how you want your shares to be voted, then sign, date and mail the proxy card in the enclosed prepaid return envelope as soon as possible so that your shares may be represented and voted at the ThermoGenesis special meeting.

If you are the beneficial owner of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock held in street name, you have the right to direct your broker, bank or nominee on how to vote your shares. Your broker, bank or nominee has provided a voting instruction card for you to use in directing the broker, bank or nominee regarding how to vote your shares.

ThermoGenesis stockholders may also attend the ThermoGenesis special meeting and vote in person.

VOTE BY INTERNET

Shares Held of Record:

[www.envisionreports.com/KOOL](http://www.envisionreports.com/KOOL)

Shares Held Through Broker, Bank or Nominee:

Internet: [www.proxyvote.com](http://www.proxyvote.com)

24 hours a day/7 days a week

Through 1:00 am Central Time, [ 2013]

INSTRUCTIONS:

Read this Proxy Statement/Prospectus/Consent Solicitation.

Go to the applicable website listed above.

Have your proxy card or voting instruction card in hand (including the control number specified on that notice or card) and follow the instructions.

VOTE BY TELEPHONE

Shares Held of Record:

1-800-652-VOTE (8683)

Shares Held Through Broker, Bank or Nominee:

1-800-579-1639

Toll-free 24 hours a day/7 days a week

Through 1:00 am Central Time, [ 2013]

INSTRUCTIONS:

Read this Proxy Statement/Prospectus/Consent Solicitation.

Call the applicable toll-free number above.

Have your proxy card or voting instruction card in hand (including the control number specified on that notice or card) and follow the instructions.

Q: Why is my vote important?

A: If you do not return your proxy card at or before the special meeting, it will be more difficult for ThermoGenesis to obtain the necessary quorum to hold the special stockholder meeting. In addition, if you fail to vote by proxy or in person, it will have the same effect as a vote against the Merger Agreement including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby.

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Q: How many votes do I have?

A: You are entitled to one vote for each share of ThermoGenesis common stock you owned at the close of business on the record date, provided that those shares are either held directly in your name as the stockholder of record or were held for you as the beneficial owner through a broker, bank or other nominee.

Q: What should I do if I receive more than one set of voting materials?

A: You may receive more than one notice or set of voting materials, including multiple copies of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and multiple proxy cards or voting instruction cards. For example, if you hold your shares in more than one brokerage account, you may receive a separate voting instruction card for each brokerage account in which you hold shares. If you are a stockholder of record and your shares are registered in more than one name, you will receive more than one proxy card. Please vote by telephone or the Internet with respect to each proxy card that you receive, or complete, sign, date and return each proxy card and voting instruction card that you receive, to ensure that all of your shares are voted at the special meeting.

Q: If my shares are held in "street name" by my broker, will my broker automatically vote my shares for me?

A: No. Your broker cannot automatically vote your shares without instructions from you. If your shares are held in street name, you should instruct your broker as to how to vote your shares, following the instructions contained in the voting instructions card that your broker provides to you. Without instructions, your shares will not be voted, which will have the same effect as if you voted against approval of the Merger Agreement.

Q: What happens if I do not return a proxy card or otherwise provide proxy instructions?

A: The failure to return your proxy card will have the same effect as voting against the Merger Agreement and your shares will not be counted for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the ThermoGenesis special meeting. Executed proxies without instructions will be voted for Merger Agreement and other proposals outlined in ThermoGenesis' Special Meeting notice.

Q: Can I change or revoke my vote after I return a proxy card or voting instruction card?

A: If you are the stockholder of record, you may revoke your proxy or change your vote by:

- delivering to the Corporate Secretary of ThermoGenesis, prior to your shares being voted at the special meeting, a written notice of revocation or a duly executed proxy card, in either case dated later than the prior proxy card relating to the same shares (such written notice should be hand delivered to ThermoGenesis' Assistant Corporate Secretary or should be sent so as to be delivered to ThermoGenesis Corp., 2711 Citrus Rd., Rancho Cordova, CA 95742, Attn: Corporate Secretary);
- attending the special meeting and voting in person; or
- making a timely and valid later Internet or telephone vote, as the case may be, if you have previously voted on the Internet or by telephone in connection with the special meeting.

If you are the beneficial owner of shares held in street name, you may change your vote by:

- submitting new voting instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee in a timely manner; or
- attending the special meeting and voting in person, if you have obtained a legal proxy from the broker, bank or nominee that holds your shares giving you the right to vote the shares.

Questions and Answers for TotipotentRX Shareholders

Q: Who is soliciting my written consent?

A: The TotipotentRX board of directors is providing these consent solicitation materials to you to seek action by written consent to approve the Merger Agreement including the Merger and the transactions contemplated thereby. These materials also constitute a prospectus with respect to the ThermoGenesis common stock to be issued to

TotipotentRX stockholders in connection with the Merger.

Q: What am I being asked to approve?

A: You are being asked to approve the Merger Agreement including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby. The approval of the Merger Agreement by the shareholders of TotipotentRX requires the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the common stock having voting power outstanding on the applicable record date.

Mr. Kenneth L. Harris and Mitchel Sivilotti, TotipotentRX's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Biologist, respectively, own, in the aggregate, 300,000 shares of common stock representing approximately 74.7% of TotipotentRX.

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Q: What happens to TotipotentRX if the Merger is not ultimately completed?

A: If the Merger is not completed, TotipotentRX is likely to continue as an independent privately held company for the foreseeable future. TotipotentRX believes that the Merger with ThermoGenesis will enable the combined company to capture additional gains and growth in the regenerative medicine industry rather than a stand-alone because currently each company's business focuses on complementary parts of the regenerative medicine industry; however, TotipotentRX is confident that its current business would continue to grow even without the Merger.

Q: Who is entitled to give a written consent?

A: The TotipotentRX board of directors has set [ 2013] as the record date for determining holders of TotipotentRX common stock entitled to execute and deliver written consent with respect to this solicitation. Holders of TotipotentRX common stock on the record date will be entitled to give a consent using the written consent furnished with this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. If you are a TotipotentRX shareholder on the record date, you will be able to give or withhold a consent, or abstain, on the proposal on which you are entitled to vote, using the written consent furnished with this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Q: What do TotipotentRX shareholders need to do now?

A: TotipotentRX urges you to read this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation carefully, including its annexes, and consider how the Merger affects you. TotipotentRX shareholders are being asked to sign and return the written consent. TotipotentRX is not asking TotipotentRX shareholders for a proxy and TotipotentRX shareholders are not requested to send TotipotentRX a proxy.

Q: What options do I have with respect to the Merger Agreement proposal?

A: With respect to the shares of TotipotentRX common stock that you hold, you may execute a written consent to approve the Merger Agreement, including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby (which is equivalent to a vote for the Merger Agreement) or to disapprove such proposal (which is equivalent to a vote against the Merger Agreement). If you fail to execute and return your written consent, it has the same effect as voting against the Merger Agreement.

Q: How can I return my TotipotentRX written consent?

A: If you hold shares of TotipotentRX common stock as of the record date and you wish to submit your consent, you must fill out the enclosed written consent, date and sign it, and promptly return it to TotipotentRX. Once you have completed, dated and signed your written consent, deliver it to TotipotentRX by faxing it, by emailing a pdf copy of your written consent to proxyvote@totipotentrx.com, or by mailing your written consent to TotipotentRX, 548 S. Spring Street, Suite 210, Los Angeles, CA 90013; Fax number (213) 341-2415. TotipotentRX will not be holding a shareholders' meeting to consider the Merger Agreement, and therefore you will be unable to vote by attending a shareholders' meeting.

Q: What happens if I do not return my TotipotentRX written consent?

A: If you are a record holder of shares of TotipotentRX common stock and you do not return your written consent, that will have the same effect as a vote against the Merger Agreement.

Q: Will my rights as a ThermoGenesis stockholder be different from my rights as a TotipotentRX shareholder?

A: Yes. Upon completion of the Merger, each shareholder of TotipotentRX, a California corporation, will become a stockholder of ThermoGenesis, a Delaware corporation. There are important differences between the rights of stockholders of ThermoGenesis and shareholders of TotipotentRX. Please carefully review the description of these differences in the section of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation entitled "Comparison of Rights of Holders of ThermoGenesis Stock and TotipotentRX Stock" beginning on page 107.

Q: Should I send in my share certificates now?

A: No. If you are a TotipotentRX shareholder, after the Merger is consummated, you will receive written instructions from ThermoGenesis' exchange agent for exchanging your certificates representing shares of TotipotentRX common stock for certificates representing shares of ThermoGenesis common stock.

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Q: As a TotipotentRX shareholder, how does TotipotentRX's board of directors recommend that I vote?

A: After careful consideration, TotipotentRX's board of directors has approved the terms of the Merger Agreement, including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby, and has determined that they are advisable, fair to and in the best interests of TotipotentRX shareholders. Accordingly, TotipotentRX's board of directors recommends that TotipotentRX's shareholders approve Merger Agreement by written consent.

Q: Are TotipotentRX shareholders entitled to dissenters' rights?

A: Under California law, holders of TotipotentRX common stock are entitled to dissenters' rights in connection with the Merger. If you do not wish to accept shares of ThermoGenesis common stock in the Merger and you do not approve the Merger Agreement by the TotipotentRX shareholder action by written consent, you have the right under California law to seek from TotipotentRX the "fair market value" of your shares in lieu of the ThermoGenesis common stock you would receive if the Merger is completed. TotipotentRX refers you to the information under the heading "The Merger—Appraisal and Dissenters' Rights" on page 65 of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and to the applicable California statute attached as Annex B to this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation for information on how to exercise your dissenters' rights. Failure to follow all of the steps required under California law will result in the loss of your dissenters' rights. In addition, if holders of more than two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the outstanding shares of TotipotentRX decide to exercise their dissenters' rights, ThermoGenesis will have the right to terminate the Merger Agreement.

Q: What will TotipotentRX shareholders receive in the Merger?

A: ThermoGenesis has agreed to issue, and holders of TotipotentRX common stock will receive, shares of ThermoGenesis common stock such that following the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, current stockholders of ThermoGenesis are expected to own approximately 57.0% of the common stock of the combined company, and current TotipotentRX shareholders are expected to own approximately 43.0% of the combined company. If the Merger is consummated, each share of TotipotentRX common stock is expected to convert into the right to receive 30.284 shares of ThermoGenesis common stock.

Q: How will the Merger affect stock options and warrants for TotipotentRX common stock?

A: ThermoGenesis will assume each outstanding warrant to purchase shares of TotipotentRX common stock, which will become exercisable for shares of ThermoGenesis common stock with the same terms, exercisability, vesting schedule and other provisions, but with the number of shares and exercise price being appropriately adjusted based on the exchange ratio of the Merger. In connection with the Merger, each outstanding option held by TotipotentRX shareholders to purchase common stock of TotipotentRX will be cancelled.

Q: What if I am a record holder of TotipotentRX Common Stock and I don't indicate a decision with respect to the Merger Agreement proposal?

A: If you are a record holder on the record date of shares of TotipotentRX common stock and you return a signed written consent without indicating your decision on a proposal, you will have given your consent to adopt and approve the Merger Agreement including the Merger and other transactions contemplated thereby.

Q: What is the deadline for returning my written consent?

A: The TotipotentRX board of directors has set [ 2013] as the targeted final date for receipt of written consents. TotipotentRX reserves the right to extend the final date for receipt of written consents beyond [ 2013], in the event that consents adopting and approving the Merger Agreement including the Merger and the transactions contemplated thereby have not been obtained by that date from holders of a sufficient number of shares of TotipotentRX common stock to satisfy the conditions to the Merger. Any such extension may be made without notice to shareholders. Once TotipotentRX has received written consents from holders owning more than a majority of outstanding shares of common stock of TotipotentRX, the consent solicitation will conclude.

Q: Can I change or revoke my written consent?

A: Yes, if you are a record holder on the record date of shares of TotipotentRX common stock, you may change or revoke your consent to the Merger Agreement at any time before the consents of a sufficient number of shares to approve and adopt such proposal have been received by TotipotentRX. If you wish to change or revoke your consent before that time, you may do so by sending in a new written consent with a later date by one of the means described in the section entitled “Solicitation of TotipotentRX Written Consent—Submission of Consents” on page 36, or delivering a notice of revocation to the corporate secretary of TotipotentRX.

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SUMMARY

The following summary highlights selected information from this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and may not contain all of the information that is important to you. To better understand the Merger Agreement, including the Merger and other transactions contemplated thereby being considered at the ThermoGenesis special meeting and by written consent by the TotipotentRX shareholders, you should carefully read this entire proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, including the Merger Agreement attached as Annex A to this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. For purposes of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, the term “Merger Agreement” will refer to the Merger Agreement, as the same may be amended.

The Companies

ThermoGenesis Corp.  
2711 Citrus Road  
Rancho Cordova, CA 95742  
(916) 858-5100

ThermoGenesis is a leading designer and supplier of clinical technologies for processing and storing stem cells used in the practice of regenerative medicine. Regenerative medicine is an emerging field using cell-based therapies to address a number of clinical indications, including the repair or restoration of diseased or damaged tissue and cell function. ThermoGenesis’ products isolate and automate the volume reduction and cryopreservation of adult stem cell concentrates from cord blood, bone marrow and peripheral blood for use in laboratory and point of care settings.

ThermoGenesis’ primary business model is based on the sale of medical devices and the recurring revenues generated from their companion single-use, sterile disposable products. ThermoGenesis currently sells its products in over 30 countries throughout the world to customers that include private and public cord blood banks, surgeons, hospitals and research institutions. ThermoGenesis’ worldwide commercialization strategy relies primarily on the utilization of distributors. Founded in 1986, ThermoGenesis has approximately 66 employees and is located in Rancho Cordova, California.

ThermoGenesis’ growth strategy is to expand its offerings in regenerative medicine while partnering with other pioneers in the stem cell arena to accelerate our worldwide penetration of this potentially explosive market.

ThermoGenesis plans to have a product line that will facilitate the processing of an increasing number of therapeutic cell sources and to leverage our technological investments into profitable adjacent markets.

ThermoGenesis’ common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol KOOL.

TotipotentRX Corporation  
548 S. Spring Street, Suite 210  
Los Angeles, CA 90013  
(213) 221-7373

TotipotentRX Corporation, formerly known as MK Alliance, Inc., is engaged in the research, development, and commercialization of cell-based therapeutics for use in regenerative medicine. In addition, TotipotentRX sells medical devices and equipment for collection, transportation, and processing of cord blood, cord tissue, bone marrow, and peripheral blood stem cells; reagents for culturing and assaying stem cells; and services to hospital and surgeons for processing autologous cellular therapies at the point of care. Founded in November 2007, TotipotentRX has approximately 51 employees and is headquartered in Los Angeles, California.

TotipotentRX Corporation is the surviving corporation of a merger between MK Alliance Inc., and TotipotentRX. Prior to the merger, MK Alliance owned approximately 77.0% of the outstanding shares of common stock of

TotipotentRX. TotipotentRX merged with and into MK Alliance Inc. with the surviving corporation changing its name to TotipotentRX. TotipotentRX also has two wholly-owned subsidiaries: TotipotentRX Cell Therapy, Pvt. Ltd. (cellular therapeutics) including its joint collaboration Fortis-TotipotentRX Centre for Cellular Medicine (cellular clinical trials), and TotipotentSC Scientific Product Pvt. Ltd. (medical devices). Unless otherwise indicated, reference to TotipotentRX includes its predecessor and its subsidiaries TotipotentRX Cell Therapy Pvt. Ltd., Fortis-TotipotentRX Centre for Cellular Medicine, and TotipotentSC Scientific Product Pvt. Ltd.

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TotipotentRX operates four lines of business and serves patients, physicians and partners:

- Therapeutics Division;
- Medical Devices Division;
- Contract Services Division; and
- Cell Manufacturing and Banking Division

TotipotentRX's general business strategy is to attempt to increase sales of existing and proposed products and services from its TotipotentRX operations in order to generate cash flow to help support the cardiovascular and orthopedic autologous cell therapy point-of-care combination product development efforts of TotipotentRX. TotipotentRX also operates a medical device assembly and supply business at its Gurgaon, a suburb of New Delhi, facility in India. This facility was designed to house the sales and operations departments, which cater specifically to the design, assembly and supply of medical devices and kits to the regenerative medicine market, primarily private cord blood banks.

## The Merger

A copy of the Merger Agreement is attached as Annex A to this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX encourage you to read the entire Merger Agreement carefully because it is the principal document governing the Merger.

## Merger Consideration (see page 67)

If the Merger is completed, TotipotentRX will merge with and into ThermoGenesis, and ThermoGenesis will be the surviving entity. A TotipotentRX shareholder will receive, in exchange for each share of TotipotentRX common stock held by such shareholder immediately before the effective date of the Merger, 30.284 shares of ThermoGenesis common stock (the "Merger Consideration"), excluding TotipotentRX dissenting shares. As a result, immediately after the Merger TotipotentRX shareholders are expected to own in the aggregate approximately 43.0% of the outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis after giving effect of the Merger without taking into account any outstanding ThermoGenesis' options or TotipotentRX warrants that will be assumed by ThermoGenesis to acquire shares of common stock. For a more complete description of the Merger Consideration to be issued by ThermoGenesis, please see the section entitled "The Merger Agreement" in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

## Treatment of TotipotentRX Options and Warrants (see page 67)

In connection with the Merger, each outstanding option to purchase common stock of TotipotentRX not exercised will be cancelled and each warrant to purchase the common stock of TotipotentRX will be assumed by ThermoGenesis and will become a warrant to purchase shares of common stock of ThermoGenesis, with the number of shares of common stock and exercise price adjusted to reflect the exchange ratio in the Merger. As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, there were outstanding options to purchase 10,901 shares and warrants to acquire 2,004 shares of TotipotentRX common stock. After giving effect to the exchange ratio, it is assumed that 330,124 shares of ThermoGenesis common stock will be issued to TotipotentRX option holders assuming the exercise thereof and TotipotentRX warrants will be assumed by ThermoGenesis to purchase 60,689 shares of ThermoGenesis common stock. For a more complete description of the treatment of TotipotentRX options and warrants, please see the section entitled "The Merger Agreement" in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

## Reasons for the Merger (see page 39)

ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX anticipate that the combined company resulting from the Merger will be a fully integrated regenerative medicine company with the ability and expertise to research, design, and develop devices and disposables necessary to facilitate, or integrate into the design of clinical protocols and applications directed at cell

therapies at the point of care, managing both risk of regulatory approval, and channel distribution. The combined company will have the ability to develop new products, devices, and disposables, and support existing products, while directing new development of products and services to clinical trials. ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX believe the combined company will have the following strategic benefits:

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One of the First Integrated Regenerative Medicine Companies. The combined company will be one of the first companies to bring together cell-therapy-related devices, patented platform technology, proprietary cell formulations and treatment protocols and a cell-therapy-specific clinical research organization increasing the likelihood that a safe and effective therapy can reach full commercialization.

Practical, Commercializable Cell Therapies. The combined company will offer safe and effective therapies backed by clinical evidence, including eight clinical trials in osteoarthritis, avascular necrosis, cardiac and critical limb ischemia, among others, using patient and regulator friendly autologous cells and at the bedside, 60-90 minute protocol.

Ability to Rapidly and Cost-Effectively Implement New Clinical Trials. The combined company will have the ability to rapidly initiate early clinical development of new cell therapies at its U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-registered clinical research organization in India and generate high quality data at a fraction of the cost of clinical trials undertaken in the U.S. or Europe.

Positioned to Commercialize in Both Developed and Emerging Markets. The combined company's existing U.S. and Asian footprints uniquely position it to meet the needs of patients, hospitals and physicians across the globe. This footprint allows flexibility to meet the variable market demands in service and price.

Significant Value Creation. The combined company should support a higher valuation than either company alone, with the potential to create additional, near and long-term shareholder value through the development of new protocols in major therapeutic areas.

For a more complete description of the factors on which the ThermoGenesis board of directors based its decision to approve the Merger Agreement including the issuance of ThermoGenesis common stock to TotipotentRX shareholders in connection with the Merger discussed in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, please see the section entitled “The Merger—ThermoGenesis’ Reasons for the Merger” in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. For a more complete description of the factors on which the TotipotentRX board of directors based its decision to approve the Merger Agreement discussed in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, please see the section entitled “The Merger—TotipotentRX “Reasons for the Merger” in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Overview of the Merger Agreement (see page 39)

Conditions to completion of the Merger.

ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX are required to complete the Merger only if certain customary conditions are satisfied or waived, including:

- the Merger Agreement must be approved by the TotipotentRX shareholders and ThermoGenesis stockholders; the registration statement on Form S-4, of which this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation is a part, must have been declared effective by the SEC;
- ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX shall each have the written opinion from ThermoGenesis' counsel to the effect that the Merger will constitute a “reorganization” within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code; and
- ThermoGenesis shares of common stock to be issued in connection with the Merger shall have been authorized for listing on the NASDAQ Capital Market.

In addition, the obligation of ThermoGenesis to complete the Merger is further subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following conditions:

- the representations and warranties of TotipotentRX and Messrs. Kenneth Harris and Mitchel Sivilotti (the “Principal Stockholders”) contained in the Merger Agreement shall have been true and correct as of the date of the Merger Agreement and the closing date;

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TotipotentRX and the Principal Stockholders shall have performed or complied in all material respects with all agreements and covenants to be performed or complied with by them;

- the employment agreements with the Principal Stockholders shall be in full force and effect;
- each of the non-competition agreements shall be in full force and effect;
- TotipotentRX shall have paid less than \$300,000 to satisfy appraisal rights in connection with the merger involving TotipotentRX and MK Alliance, Inc.; and
- holders of no more than two and one half percent (2.5%) of the outstanding shares of TotipotentRX common stock shall have exercised dissenters' rights.

In addition, the obligation of TotipotentRX to complete the Merger is further subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following conditions:

- the representations and warranties of ThermoGenesis contained in the Merger Agreement shall have been true and correct as of the date of the Merger Agreement, and as of the closing date;
- ThermoGenesis shall have performed or complied in all material respects with all agreements and covenants required by the Merger Agreement to be performed or complied with by them on or prior to the closing;
- Kenneth L. Harris and another TotipotentRX nominee shall have been appointed as directors of ThermoGenesis and there shall be no more than seven directors serving on ThermoGenesis' board of directors; and
- holders of no more than two percent (2.0%) of the outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis common stock shall have exercised dissenters' rights under applicable law with respect to their shares by virtue of the Merger. Holders of ThermoGenesis common stock, however, have no dissenters' rights.

Termination of the Merger Agreement (see page 75)

The Merger Agreement may be terminated at any time before the completion of the Merger by the mutual consent of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX.

Under certain circumstances specified in the Merger Agreement, the Merger Agreement may be terminated if:

- by ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX if the Merger has not been consummated by (i) December 15, 2013, provided however, that if the SEC declare the registration statement effective by October 31, 2013, then either party may extend the termination date by an additional 60 days;
- by ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX if a court of competent jurisdiction or any governmental entity prohibits the Merger;
- by either ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX if the Merger shall not have been approved by the ThermoGenesis' stockholders at its stockholders' meeting or by written consent from the TotipotentRX shareholders;
- by TotipotentRX if (i) the board of directors of ThermoGenesis shall have failed to recommend to approve the Merger; (ii) ThermoGenesis shall have failed to file the registration statement with the SEC within 60 days of receipt of TotipotentRX's financial statements; (iii) ThermoGenesis shall have failed to hold its stockholders' meeting within 60 days after the registration statement is declared effective; (iv) ThermoGenesis shall have entered into any letter of intent or similar document to any acquisition proposal; or (v) ThermoGenesis shall have breached the no solicitation provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement;
- by ThermoGenesis if (i) the board of directors of TotipotentRX shall have failed to recommend approval of the Merger; (ii) the board of directors of TotipotentRX shall have endorsed any acquisition proposal; (iii) TotipotentRX shall have entered into any letter of intent or similar document relating to any acquisition proposal; or (iv) TotipotentRX shall have breached the no solicitation provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement;

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by ThermoGenesis (i) if TotipotentRX GAAP financial statements are not delivered to ThermoGenesis by July 30, 2013; or (ii) if, excluding differences related to non-cash charges for deferred revenue, compensation expenses and the reduction in the value of securities held by TotipotentRX for investment, TotipotentRX audited (A) consolidated net income before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) for each of the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 is more than \$100,000 less than the EBITDA of the TotipotentRX unaudited annual financial statements for the corresponding year; (B) consolidated revenue for the year ended December 31, 2012 is more than \$100,000 less than the consolidated revenue as set forth in the TotipotentRX unaudited annual financial statements for such year; (C) shareholders' equity for TotipotentRX and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012 is more than \$250,000 less than the shareholders' equity for TotipotentRX and its subsidiaries at December 31, 2012 as set forth in the TotipotentRX unaudited annual financial statements; or (D) financial statements are qualified by TotipotentRX's auditors other than a going concern;

by TotipotentRX upon a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of ThermoGenesis set forth in the Merger Agreement; or

by ThermoGenesis upon a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of TotipotentRX set forth in the Merger Agreement.

Opinion of Roth Capital Partners (see page 54)

Roth Capital Partners, LLC rendered its opinion to the board of directors of ThermoGenesis, based upon and subject to the assumptions, factors, qualifications and limitations set forth in the written opinion described herein, to the effect that, as of July 15, 2013, the total consideration to be paid by ThermoGenesis in connection with the Merger, including the Merger Consideration, is fair to ThermoGenesis from a financial point of view.

Lock-up Agreements (see page 77)

Kenneth Harris and Mitchel Sivilotti, each of whom will sometimes be referred to collectively in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation as the Principal Stockholders, have each entered into a stockholder lock-up agreement pursuant to which, among other things, such Principal Stockholder agrees not to transfer his TotipotentRX shares of common stock except pursuant to the Merger or transfers of less than 4.0% of the outstanding common stock of TotipotentRX to other shareholders of TotipotentRX, and not to exercise his dissenters' rights related to the Merger.

In addition, each Principal Stockholder has agreed that until the second anniversary of the effective date of the Merger, such Principal Stockholder will not pledge, sell, sell any option or warrant related to or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any ThermoGenesis shares of common stock received in the Merger. During each of the first and second year of the lock-up agreement, each Principal Stockholder may sell up to 25.0% of the outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis common stock that such Principal Stockholder received in the Merger without restriction.

As of the date of the Merger Agreement, the Principal Stockholders beneficially owned an aggregate of approximately 300,000 shares of TotipotentRX common stock, representing approximately 74.7% of the outstanding shares of TotipotentRX common stock, and the Principal Stockholders will beneficially own approximately 9,331,500 shares of ThermoGenesis common stock representing approximately 32.0 % of the outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis common stock after giving effect to the Merger.

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Board of Directors; Management of the Combined Company Following the Merger (see page 99)

The Merger Agreement provides that TotipotentRX shall appoint two directors, one of whom must be an independent director, to ThermoGenesis' board of directors. TotipotentRX intends to appoint Mr. Kenneth L. Harris as one of the two directors to ThermoGenesis' board. It is anticipated that all current members of ThermoGenesis' directors shall remain on the board.

If the Merger is completed, Matthew T. Plavan will serve as Chief Executive Officer; Kenneth L. Harris shall serve as President; Dan T. Bessey shall serve as Chief Financial Officer; and Mitchel Sivilotti shall serve as Chief Biologist, Senior Vice President of the combined company. Mr. Harris and Mr. Sivilotti have each entered into employment agreements with ThermoGenesis which will become effective upon the effective date of the Merger.

Interests of Certain Persons in the Merger (see page 62)

In considering the recommendation of the TotipotentRX board of directors with respect to approving the Merger Agreement, TotipotentRX shareholders should be aware that certain members of the board of directors and executive officers of TotipotentRX have interests in the Merger Agreement that may be different from, or in addition to, interests they have as TotipotentRX shareholders. For example, upon the effective date of the Merger, Mr. Harris will serve on the board of directors of the combined company; Mr. Harris and Mr. Sivilotti will also serve as executive officers of the combined company. In addition, upon the effective date of the Merger, ThermoGenesis' employment agreements with Mr. Harris and Mr. Sivilotti will become effective, and ThermoGenesis will payoff certain loans due to Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti by TotipotentRX.

Accounting Treatment (see page F-49)

The Merger will be accounted for as a "purchase," as that term is used under generally accepted accounting principles, for accounting and financial reporting purposes. Under purchase accounting, the assets (including identifiable intangible assets) and liabilities (including executory contracts and other commitments) of TotipotentRX as of the effective date of the Merger will be recorded at their respective fair values and added to those of ThermoGenesis. Any excess of purchase price over the fair values is recorded as goodwill. Consolidated financial statements of ThermoGenesis issued after the Merger would reflect these fair values and would not be restated retroactively to reflect the historical consolidated financial position or results of operations of TotipotentRX. The purchase method of accounting is based on ASC 805 "Business Combinations."

Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences (see page 63)

Each of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX will receive an opinion of Weintraub Tobin Chediak Coleman Grodin, counsel to ThermoGenesis, that the Merger will qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, sometimes referred to herein as the Code or the IRC. In general, TotipotentRX shareholder will not recognize gain or loss for United States federal income tax purposes upon the exchange of shares of TotipotentRX common stock for shares of ThermoGenesis common stock, except for TotipotentRX shareholders who exercise their dissenters' rights with respect to the Merger. In addition, ThermoGenesis stockholders will not recognize gain or loss for United States federal income tax purposes in connection with the Merger. Tax matters are very complicated, and the tax consequences of the Merger to a particular shareholder will depend in part on such shareholder's circumstances. Accordingly, you are urged to consult your own tax advisor for a full understanding of the tax consequences of the Merger to you, including the applicability and effect of federal, state, local and foreign income and other tax laws. For more information on the federal income tax effect of the Merger, see the section entitled "Material Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger."

Comparison of Stockholder Rights (see page 107)

Upon consummation of the Merger, the holders of issued and outstanding TotipotentRX common stock will be entitled to receive ThermoGenesis common stock. The rights of the holders of ThermoGenesis common stock are governed by ThermoGenesis' Certificate of Incorporation, ThermoGenesis' Bylaws and Delaware General Corporation Law, while the rights of holders of TotipotentRX common stock are generally governed by TotipotentRX's Articles of Incorporation, TotipotentRX's Bylaws and California law. There are difference in rights afforded by under Delaware law and California law. See "Comparison of Rights of Holders of ThermoGenesis Stock and TotipotentRX Stock" in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation for more information.

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Appraisal and Dissenters' Rights in Connection with the Merger (see page 65)

Under Delaware law, holders of ThermoGenesis common stock are not entitled to appraisal rights in connection with the Merger because ThermoGenesis' shares of common stock are listed on a national securities exchange.

If the Merger Agreement is approved by written consent from required vote of TotipotentRX shareholders and is not abandoned or terminated, holders of TotipotentRX common stock who did not approve the Merger Agreement via written consent may, by complying with Sections 1300 through 1313 of the California General Corporation Law or CGCL, be entitled to dissenters' rights as described herein and receive cash for the fair market value of their TotipotentRX common stock. For more information about dissenters' rights, see Sections 1300 through 1313 of the CGCL, attached as Annex B to this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, and the section entitled "Appraisal and Dissenter's Rights" in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Risks Associated with the Merger (see page 20)

Both ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX are subject to various risks associated with their businesses and industries. In addition, the Merger poses a number of risks to each company and its respective stockholders or shareholders, including, but not limited to, the following:

- if the proposed Merger is not completed, both ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX may experience negative publicity and a negative impression in the investment community since each party has spent a substantial amount of effort, time and money to consummate the Merger;
- failure to complete the Merger may result in ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX paying a termination fee or expenses to the other party;
- the combined company may not be able to obtain necessary financing after the effective date of the Merger adversely affecting its business plan;
- the market price of ThermoGenesis' common stock may decline as a result of the Merger;
- ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX stockholders may not realize a benefit from the Merger commensurate with the ownership dilution they will experience in connection with the Merger;
- certain provisions of the Merger Agreement may discourage third parties from submitting alternative business proposals, including proposals that may be superior to the financial arrangements contemplated by the Merger Agreement; and
- ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX may not be able to successfully integrate their operations.

These risks are discussed in greater detail under the section entitled "Risk Factors" in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX encourage you to read and consider all of these risks carefully.

**SELECTED HISTORICAL AND UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The following tables present summary historical and unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data for ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX.



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## Selected Historical Financial Data of ThermoGenesis

The following selected financial data should be read together with ThermoGenesis' financial statements and accompanying notes and "ThermoGenesis' Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. The selected financial data in this section is not intended to replace ThermoGenesis' financial statements and the accompanying notes. Historical results are not necessarily indicative of operating results to be expected in the future.

The statement of operations data for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 and the balance sheet data as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 was derived from ThermoGenesis' audited financial statements contained in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2013, which is included in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. The statement of operations data for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 and balance sheet data as of June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 was derived from audited financial statements not included in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Summary of Operations	Year Ended June 30,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Net revenues	\$ 17,963,000	\$ 19,023,000	\$ 23,400,000	\$ 23,088,000	\$ 19,799,000
Cost of revenues	(11,598,000)	(12,690,000)	(14,563,000)	(15,643,000)	(14,106,000)
Gross profit	6,365,000	6,333,000	8,837,000	7,445,000	5,693,000
Sales and marketing	(2,955,000 )	(2,761,000 )	(3,195,000 )	(2,889,000 )	(3,808,000 )
Research and development	(2,991,000 )	(3,729,000 )	(3,003,000 )	(5,013,000 )	(5,222,000 )
General and administrative	(5,645,000 )	(5,222,000 )	(5,474,000 )	(4,797,000 )	(5,441,000 )
Gain on sale of product lines	2,161,000	--	--	--	--
Loss from operations	(3,065,000 )	(5,379,000 )	(2,835,000 )	(5,254,000 )	(8,778,000 )
Interest and other income (expense), net	(21,000 )	393,000	268,000	61,000	228,000
Net loss	\$ (3,086,000 )	\$ (4,986,000 )	\$ (2,567,000 )	\$ (5,193,000 )	\$ (8,550,000 )
Per share data:					
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.19 )	\$ (0.30 )	\$ (0.17 )	\$ (0.37 )	\$ (0.61 )
Balance Sheet Data	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Cash, cash equivalents and short term investments	\$ 6,884,000	\$ 7,879,000	\$ 12,309,000	\$ 10,731,000	\$ 15,631,000
Working capital	\$ 11,125,000	\$ 14,034,000	\$ 18,976,000	\$ 16,587,000	\$ 20,923,000
Total assets	\$ 18,529,000	\$ 21,080,000	\$ 24,399,000	\$ 24,030,000	\$ 27,655,000
Total liabilities	\$ 5,211,000	\$ 5,182,000	\$ 4,306,000	\$ 6,251,000	\$ 5,201,000
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 13,318,000	\$ 15,898,000	\$ 20,093,000	\$ 17,779,000	\$ 22,454,000
Other Data	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (3,961,000)	\$ (3,984,000)	\$ (1,409,000)	\$ (4,244,000)	\$ (7,825,000)

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Adjusted EBITDA represents loss from operations excluding amounts for depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation expense, impairment of intangible asset and gain on sale of product lines. Adjusted (1) EBITDA is a common measure of operating performance and helps us evaluate our performance by removing from our operating results non-cash items and items which do not relate to our core operating performance.

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## Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to the results reported in accordance with US GAAP, we also use a non-GAAP measure, adjusted EBITDA, to evaluate operating performance and to facilitate the comparison of our historical results and trends. This financial measure is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for loss as a measure of performance. The calculation of this non-GAAP measure may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. Reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure are provided below.

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Loss from operations	\$ (3,065,000)	\$ (5,379,000)	\$ (2,835,000)	\$ (5,254,000)	\$ (8,778,000)
Add (subtract):					
Depreciation and amortization	538,000	604,000	466,000	492,000	474,000
Stock-based compensation expense	563,000	791,000	960,000	518,000	479,000
Impairment of intangible asset	164,000	--	--	--	--
Gain on sale of product lines	(2,161,000)	--	--	--	--
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (3,961,000)	\$ (3,984,000)	\$ (1,409,000)	\$ (4,244,000)	\$ (7,825,000)

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## Selected Historical Financial Data of TotipotentRX

The following selected financial data should be read together with TotipotentRX's financial statements and accompanying notes and "TotipotentRX's Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. The selected financial data in this section is not intended to replace TotipotentRX's financial statements and the accompanying notes. Historical results are not necessarily indicative of operating results to be expected in the future.

The statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 were derived from TotipotentRX's audited financial statements that are included in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. The statement of operations data for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 and the balance sheet data as of June 30, 2013 was derived from unaudited condensed financial statements also included in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. The unaudited financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which TotipotentRX considers necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and the results of operations for these periods. Operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in future periods.

Summary of Operations	Year Ended December 31,		(Unaudited) Six Months Ended June	
	2012	2011	30, 2013	2012
Net revenues	\$ 1,177,000	\$ 1,839,000	\$ 767,000	\$ 466,000
Gross profit	\$ 401,000	\$ 830,000	\$ 172,000	\$ 142,000
Loss from operations	\$ (1,117,000)	\$ (228,000 )	\$ (522,000)	\$ (381,000)
Net loss	\$ (1,157,000)	\$ (322,000 )	\$ (528,000)	\$ (417,000)

Balance Sheet Data	December 31,		(Unaudited) June 30,	
	2012	2011	2013	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,035,000	\$ 1,174,000	\$ 723,000	
Working capital	\$ 809,000	\$ 713,000	\$ 371,000	
Total assets	\$ 1,842,000	\$ 2,097,000	\$ 1,572,000	
Total liabilities	\$ 1,028,000	\$ 987,000	\$ 1,316,000	
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 814,000	\$ 1,110,000	\$ 256,000	

Other Data	Year Ended December		(Unaudited) Six Months Ended June	
	31, 2012	2011	30, 2013	2012
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (777,000)	\$ (63,000)	\$ (426,000)	\$ (338,000)

Adjusted EBITDA represents loss from operations excluding amounts for depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation expense and impairment of investment in private corporation. Adjusted EBITDA is a common measure of operating performance and helps evaluate performance by removing from operating results non-cash items and items which do not relate to core operating performance.

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## Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to the results reported in accordance with US GAAP, TotipotentRX also uses a non-GAAP measure, adjusted EBITDA, to evaluate operating performance and to facilitate the comparison of historical results and trends.

This financial measure is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for loss as a measure of performance. The calculation of this non-GAAP measure may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. Reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure are provided below.

(Unaudited)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended December 31,	
	2013	2012	2012	2011
Loss from operations	\$ (522,000)	\$ (381,000)	\$ (1,117,000)	\$ (228,000)
Add:				
Depreciation and amortization	96,000	42,000	89,000	60,000
Stock-based compensation expense	--	1,000	1,000	105,000
Impairment of investment in private corporation	--	--	250,000	--
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (426,000)	\$ (338,000)	\$ (777,000)	\$ (63,000)

## Selected Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Data of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data should be read in conjunction with the historical financial statements and the accompanying notes of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX, and “ThermoGenesis’ Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and “TotipotentRX’s Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” which are included elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, and the other information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. See the financial statements of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX beginning on pages F-2 and F-24, respectively.

The following selected unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information was prepared using the purchase method of accounting under ASC 805, Business Combinations. For accounting purposes, ThermoGenesis is considered to be purchasing TotipotentRX in this merger. The ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet data assume that the merger of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX took place on June 30, 2013, and combines ThermoGenesis’ historical balance sheet at June 30, 2013 with TotipotentRX’s historical balance sheet at June 30, 2013. The ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations data assume that the merger of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX took place as of the beginning of the period presented. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations data for the year ended June 30, 2013 combines ThermoGenesis’ historical statement of operations for the year then ended with TotiPotentRX’s statement of operations for the year then ended.

The selected unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of the combined financial position or results of operations of future periods or the results that actually would have been realized had the entities been a single entity during these periods. The selected unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial data as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013 are derived from the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information starting at page F-44 of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and should be read in conjunction with those statements and the related notes. See “Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information.”

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(Unaudited)	For the year ended	
	June 30, 2013	At June 30, 2013
Statement of Operations:		
Net revenues	\$ 19,280,000	
Gross profit	\$ 6,791,000	
Loss from operations	\$ (4,614,000 )	
Net loss	\$ (4,645,000 )	
Net loss per common share	\$ (0.16 )	

## Balance Sheet Data:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$8,041,000
Working capital	\$11,966,000
Total assets	\$30,956,000
Total liabilities	\$6,077,000
Total stockholders' equity	\$24,879,000

## MARKET PRICE DATA AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION

## ThermoGenesis

ThermoGenesis' common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol KOOL. The following table sets forth the range of high and low closing sales prices for the common stock as reported on the NASDAQ Capital Market for the periods indicated below.

Fiscal 2014	High	Low	Fiscal 2013	High	Low	Fiscal 2012	High	Low
First Quarter (Sep. 30)	\$1.52	\$1.01	First Quarter (Sep. 30)	\$1.29	\$0.88	First Quarter (Sep. 30)	\$2.13	\$1.20
			Second Quarter (Dec. 31)	\$1.01	\$0.67	Second Quarter (Dec. 31)	\$1.29	\$0.71
			Third Quarter (Mar. 31)	\$1.00	\$0.82	Third Quarter (Mar. 31)	\$1.15	\$0.70
			Fourth Quarter (June 30)	\$1.53	\$0.77	Fourth Quarter (June 30)	\$0.95	\$0.80

On July 16, 2013, the date of the public announcement of the signing of the Merger Agreement and on [ ] 2013], the last sales price reported on the NASDAQ Capital Market for ThermoGenesis common stock was \$1.26 per share and [ \$\_\_ ] per share, respectively. As of [ ] 2013], the record date for the ThermoGenesis special meeting, there were [ ] shares of ThermoGenesis common stock outstanding and approximately [ ] holders of record of ThermoGenesis common stock.

ThermoGenesis has never declared or paid any cash dividends on its common stock nor does it intend to do so in the foreseeable future. Any future determination to pay cash dividends will be at the discretion of ThermoGenesis' board of directors and will depend upon its financial condition, operating results, capital requirements, any applicable contractual restrictions and such other factors as ThermoGenesis' board of directors deems relevant.

## TotipotentRX

TotipotentRX is a privately-held company and there is no established public trading market for its common stock. As of [ ] 2013], the record date for seeking TotipotentRX shareholder consent, there were 401,558 shares of TotipotentRX common stock outstanding and twelve holders of record of TotipotentRX common stock.

TotipotentRX has never declared or paid any cash dividends on its common stock nor does it intend to do so in the foreseeable future.

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RISK FACTORS

ThermoGenesis stockholders and TotipotentRX shareholders should carefully consider the following factors, in addition to the other information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, before deciding how to vote their shares of common stock. The risk factors relating to TotipotentRX will also apply to the combined company going forward because the business of the combined company will primarily be TotipotentRX's business.

Risks Related to the Merger

Consummation of the Merger is Subject to Various Closing Conditions and the Failure to Complete the Merger Could Negatively Impact the Perception of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX.

The consummation of the Merger is subject to the satisfaction of a number of conditions, including, but not limited to approval by ThermoGenesis' stockholders and TotipotentRX's shareholders. No assurance can be given that the Merger will occur on the terms and timeline currently contemplated or at all. If the proposed Merger is not completed, the share price of ThermoGenesis common stock may decline to the extent that the current market price of ThermoGenesis common stock reflects an assumption that the Merger will be completed. Further, a failed Merger may result in negative publicity and a negative impression of both ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX in the investment community since both parties have spent a substantial amount of effort, time and money to explain the benefits of the Merger.

Some of TotipotentRX's Officers and Directors May Have Conflicts of Interests in Recommending that You Vote in Favor of the Merger that May Influence Them to Support or Approve the Merger Without Regard to Your Interests.

Certain officers and directors of TotipotentRX have entered into employment contracts with ThermoGenesis that become effective upon the effective date of the Merger and that provide them with interests in the Merger that are different from other shareholders of TotipotentRX, including, among others, the service as an officer or director of the combined company. In addition, ThermoGenesis will payoff certain loans due to Mr. Harris and Mr. Sivilotti by TotipotentRX. These employment contracts and assumption of loans by ThermoGenesis may influence the officers and directors of TotipotentRX to support and approve the Merger.

The Market Price of the Combined Company's Common Stock May Decline As a Result Of the Merger.

The market price of the combined company's common stock may decline as a result of the Merger for a number of reasons, including the following:

- the combined company does not achieve the perceived benefits of the Merger as rapidly or to the extent anticipated by financial or industry analysts or the investment community; or
- the combined company is unable to obtain required financing.

ThermoGenesis Stockholders and TotipotentRX Shareholders May Not Realize a Benefit From the Merger Commensurate With the Ownership Dilution They Will Experience In Connection With the Merger.

If the combined company is unable to realize the strategic and financial benefits currently anticipated from the Merger, ThermoGenesis stockholders will have experienced an approximately 43% dilution of their ownership interests in ThermoGenesis, and TotipotentRX shareholders will have experienced an approximately 57% dilution of their ownership interests in TotipotentRX without receiving any commensurate benefit.



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Certain Provisions Of the Merger Agreement May Discourage Third Parties From Submitting Alternative Takeover Proposals, Including Proposals That May Be Superior to the Merger Consideration Contemplated By the Merger Agreement.

The terms of the Merger Agreement prohibit each of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX from soliciting alternative takeover proposals or cooperating with persons making unsolicited takeover proposals. In addition, under certain circumstances ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX would be required to pay a termination fee of \$500,000 to the other party if the Merger Agreement is terminated. This termination fee may discourage third parties from submitting alternative takeover proposals to ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX or their respective stockholders or shareholders, and may cause the respective boards of directors to be less likely to recommend an alternative proposal.

ThermoGenesis' and TotipotentRX's Inability to Successfully Integrate Their Operations Could Adversely Affect the Combined Business.

The ability of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX to fulfill their strategy and business plan is dependent on their ability to successfully integrate their operations. Failure to quickly and adequately integrate their operations and personnel could adversely affect the combined company's business and its ability to achieve its objectives and strategy.

ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX May Not Be Able to Successfully Integrate Their Business, or to Realize the Anticipated Synergies of the Combined Businesses.

The Merger between ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX represents a significant investment by both companies. The Merger will require significant attention and resources of both ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX which could reduce the likelihood of achievement of other corporate goals. The additional financing needs created by the combined company will also require additional management time to address. There is no assurance that ThermoGenesis will realize synergies in the scientific, clinical, regulatory, or other areas as the parties currently contemplate.

Upon Completion of the Merger, ThermoGenesis Will Need to Raise Additional Capital in Furtherance of its Business Plan.

Upon completion of the Merger, management estimates a need for \$15 million to \$20 million of additional growth capital to execute the Cesca business plan over the next 24 to 36 months. The proposed financing may include shares of common stock and warrants to purchase additional shares of common stock, equity investments from strategic development partners or some combination of each. Any additional equity financings may be financially dilutive to, and will be dilutive from an ownership perspective to, the combined company's stockholders.

Lack of demonstrated clinical utility of cord blood derived stem cells beyond hematopoietic transplantation may result in a decline in demand for cord blood banking services, adversely affecting sales of ThermoGenesis' products

Transplants using stem cells derived from cord blood and cord tissue have become a standard procedure for treating blood cell lineage disorders including leukemia, lymphoma and anemia. However, clinical research demonstrating the utility of cord blood stem cells for use in treating other diseases or injury has been minimal, leaving claims of broad clinical utility of cord blood stem cells by cord blood banks largely unsubstantiated. The low utilization rate of banked cord blood samples coupled with the lack of demonstrated clinical results for multiple treatment indications has led to consumer skepticism regarding the benefits of cord blood banking and in turn, a significant reduction in collection rates in a number of geographies in Europe and the US. A continued lack of investment in the research and development of supporting clinical data for additional applications may lead to greater skepticism globally, further adversely affecting demand for cord blood banking services and revenues to ThermoGenesis.

Risks Related to ThermoGenesis' Business and Operations

ThermoGenesis' Future Revenue Growth is Dependent on its New Products and its Existing Products being accepted for New Indications or into New Markets.

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The acceptance of ThermoGenesis' products into new markets or for new indications will depend upon the medical community and third-party payers accepting the products as clinically useful, reliable, accurate, and cost effective compared to existing and future products or procedures. Acceptance will also depend on ThermoGenesis' ability to adequately train technicians on how to use its existing and future products. Even if its products are released for sale, their use may not be recommended by the medical profession or hospitals unless acceptable reimbursement from healthcare and third-party payers is available. Failure of these products to achieve significant market share could have material adverse effects on ThermoGenesis long term business, financial condition, and results of operation.

Outcomes of Pending or Future Clinical Trials or Evaluations May be Negative and the Regenerative Medicine Market May not Expand, or May Not Expand in the Areas Targeted by ThermoGenesis' Products.

The marketing and sales of new products may depend on successful clinical trials or evaluation outcomes in the regenerative medicine areas targeted by ThermoGenesis' products and the approval of regulators. Clinical trials also represent a significant expenditure of resources. Negative clinical trial results in connection with ThermoGenesis' products or in the areas targeted by it could negatively impact regulatory approval or market acceptance of ThermoGenesis' products. Unfavorable clinical trials or failure of study results to obtain regulatory approval in a targeted clinical application and/or geographical area even with successful clinical trials, could have material adverse effects on ThermoGenesis' long term business, financial condition, and results of operations.

A Significant Portion of ThermoGenesis' Revenue is Derived from Customers in Foreign Countries. ThermoGenesis May Lose Revenues, Market Share, and Profits Due to Exchange Rate Fluctuations, Political and Economic Changes Related to Its Foreign Business.

For the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, sales to customers in foreign countries comprised approximately 55.0% and 43.0%, respectively, of ThermoGenesis' revenues. ThermoGenesis' foreign business is subject to economic, political and regulatory uncertainties and risks that are unique to each area of the world. Fluctuations in exchange rates may also affect the product prices that ThermoGenesis' foreign customers are willing to pay, and may put it at a price disadvantage compared to other competitors. Potentially volatile shifts in exchange rates may negatively affect ThermoGenesis' financial position and results.

The Loss of a Significant Distributor or End User Customer May Adversely Affect ThermoGenesis' Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Revenues from four significant distributors comprised 56.0% of ThermoGenesis' revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and a significant portion of its largest distributor's revenue came from one customer. The loss of a large end user customer or distributor may decrease ThermoGenesis' revenues.

ThermoGenesis is Reliant on Highly Specialized Distributors and Regulatory Approval to Market and Sell Its Bone Marrow Processing System.

Although ThermoGenesis has added distributors in other territories, ThermoGenesis may not be able to expand its sales of in vivo applications utilizing bone marrow processing devices until clinical trials are conducted. Since the MXP, Res-Q, and VXP products are projected as a significant portion of ThermoGenesis' revenue growth, a delay in finding competent distributors in the clinical space and/or a delay or failure to complete clinical trials and each on-label regulatory approval may adversely affect its future revenues and competitive advantage.

ThermoGenesis' Inability to Protect Its Patents, Trademarks, Trade Secrets and Other Proprietary Rights Could Adversely Impact Our Competitive Position.

ThermoGenesis believes that its patents, trademarks, trade secrets and other proprietary rights are important to its success and its competitive position. Accordingly, ThermoGenesis devotes substantial resources to the establishment and protection of its patents, trademarks, trade secrets and proprietary rights. If ThermoGenesis' products are challenged as infringing upon patents of other parties, ThermoGenesis may be required to modify the design of the product, obtain a license, or litigate the issues, all of which may have an adverse business effect on ThermoGenesis.

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ThermoGenesis May Be Subject to Claims That Its Products or Processes Infringe the Intellectual Property Rights of Others, Which May Cause ThermoGenesis to Pay Unexpected Litigation Costs or Damages, Modify Its Products or Processes or Prevent Us From Selling Its Products.

Although it is ThermoGenesis' intention to avoid infringing or otherwise violating the intellectual property rights of others, third parties may nevertheless claim that ThermoGenesis' processes and products infringe their intellectual property and other rights. ThermoGenesis competes with other companies for contracts in some small or specialized industries, which increases the risk that the other companies will develop overlapping technologies leading to an increased possibility that infringement claims will arise. ThermoGenesis may be subject to costly and time-consuming legal proceedings, and this could divert ThermoGenesis' management's attention from operating its business. In order to resolve such proceedings, ThermoGenesis may need to obtain licenses from these third parties or substantially re-engineer or rename our products in order to avoid infringement. In addition, ThermoGenesis might not be able to obtain the necessary licenses on acceptable terms, or at all, or be able to re-engineer or rename its products successfully.

ThermoGenesis May Not Be Able to Protect Its Intellectual Property In Countries Outside the United States.

Intellectual Property Law Outside the United States Is Uncertain and In Many Countries Is Currently Undergoing Review and Revisions.

The laws of some countries do not protect ThermoGenesis' patent and other intellectual property rights to the same extent as United States laws. This is particularly relevant to ThermoGenesis as a significant amount of its current and projected future sales are outside of the United States. Third parties may attempt to oppose the issuance of patents to ThermoGenesis in foreign countries by initiating opposition proceedings. Opposition proceedings against any of our patent filings in a foreign country could have an adverse effect on its corresponding patents that are issued or pending in the United States. It may be necessary or useful for ThermoGenesis to participate in proceedings to determine the validity of its patents or its competitors' patents that have been issued in countries other than the U.S. This could result in substantial costs, divert ThermoGenesis' efforts and attention from other aspects of its business, and could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

Any Failure to Achieve and Maintain the High Design and Manufacturing Standards That ThermoGenesis' Products Require May Seriously Harm Its Business.

ThermoGenesis' products require precise, high-quality manufacturing. Achieving precision and quality control requires skill and diligence by our personnel as well as our vendors. Our failure to achieve and maintain these high manufacturing standards, including the incidence of manufacturing errors, design defects or component failures could result in patient injury or death, product recalls or withdrawals, delays or failures in product testing or delivery, cost overruns or other problems that could seriously hurt ThermoGenesis' business. Additionally, the large amount of AXP disposable inventory certain distributors and end-users maintain may delay the identification of a manufacturing error and expand the financial impact. A manufacturing error or defect, or previously undetected design defect, or uncorrected impurity or variation in a raw material component, either unknown or undetected, could affect the product. Despite ThermoGenesis' very high manufacturing standards, ThermoGenesis cannot completely eliminate the risk of errors, defects or failures. If ThermoGenesis or its vendors are unable to manufacture ThermoGenesis' products in accordance with necessary quality standards, ThermoGenesis' business and results of operations may be negatively affected.

ThermoGenesis' Revenues and Operating Results May Be Adversely Affected As A Result of Its Required Compliance With the Adopted European Union Directive On the Restriction Of the Use of Hazardous Substances In Electrical and Electronic Equipment, As Well As Other Standards Around the World.



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A number of domestic and foreign jurisdictions seek to restrict the use of various substances, a number of which have been or are currently used in ThermoGenesis' products or processes. For example, the European Union Restriction of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) Directive now requires that certain substances, which may be found in certain products ThermoGenesis has manufactured in the past, be removed from all electronics components. Eliminating such substances from its manufacturing processes requires the expenditure of additional research and development funds to seek alternative substances for its products, as well as increased testing by third parties to ensure the quality of its products and compliance with the RoHS Directive. Other countries, such as China, have enacted or may enact laws or regulations similar to RoHS. While ThermoGenesis has implemented a compliance program to ensure its product offering meets these regulations, there may be instances where alternative substances will not be available or commercially feasible, or may only be available from a single source, or may be significantly more expensive than its restricted counterparts. Additionally, if ThermoGenesis was founded to be non-compliant with any such rule or regulation, ThermoGenesis could be subject to fines, penalties and/or restrictions imposed by government agencies that could adversely affect its operating results.

### ThermoGenesis' Products May Be Subject to Product Recalls Which May Harm Its Reputation And Divert Its Managerial And Financial Resources.

The FDA and similar governmental authorities in other countries have the authority to order the mandatory recall of ThermoGenesis' products or order their removal from the market if the governmental entity finds ThermoGenesis' products might cause adverse health consequences or death. The FDA may also seize product or prevent further distribution. A government-mandated or voluntary recall by ThermoGenesis could occur as a result of component failures, manufacturing errors or design defects (including labeling defects). In the past ThermoGenesis has initiated voluntary recalls of some of its products and it could do so in the future. Any recall of ThermoGenesis' products may harm its reputation with customers, divert managerial and financial resources and negatively impact our profitability.

### ThermoGenesis Is Dependent On Its Suppliers And Manufacturers to Meet Existing Regulations.

Certain of ThermoGenesis' suppliers and manufacturers are subject to heavy government regulations, including FDA QSR compliance, in the operation of its facilities, products and manufacturing processes. Any adverse action by the FDA against ThermoGenesis' suppliers or manufacturers could delay supply or manufacture of component products required to be integrated or sold with its products. There are no assurances ThermoGenesis will be successful in locating an alternative supplier or manufacturer to meet product shipment or launch deadlines. As a result, our sales, contractual commitments and financial forecasts may be significantly affected by any such delays.

### Dependence On Suppliers For Disposable Products And Custom Components May Impact the Production Schedule.

ThermoGenesis obtains certain disposable products and custom components from a limited number of suppliers. If the supplier raises the price or discontinues production, ThermoGenesis may have to find another qualified supplier to provide the item or re-engineer the item. In the event that it becomes necessary for ThermoGenesis to find another supplier, it would first be required to qualify the quality assurance systems and product quality of that alternative supplier. Any operational issues with re-engineering or the alternative qualified supplier may impact the production schedule, therefore delaying revenues, and this may cause the cost of disposables or key components to increase.

### ThermoGenesis' AXP Revenue Is Indirectly Subject to Customer And Distributor Inventory Requirements And Continuity Of Inventory Purchasing.

On August 26, 2013, ThermoGenesis sent a 90 day notice of termination of the GEHC AXP distribution agreement. This termination will cause the sale of AXP disposable product inventory by GEHC, which would result in a surplus of product availability in the market. During the sell-off of product inventory by GEHC, ThermoGenesis' revenues could decline significantly, which would have a material adverse effect on its financial performance during those

periods. ThermoGenesis estimates the amount of such a revenue decline could be up to \$1.8 million over two consecutive quarters, beginning in the quarter ended June 30, 2013. ThermoGenesis is attempting to mitigate this potential financial impact on working capital requirements by seeking other distribution partners, modifying customer contracts or seeking additional debt or equity financing.



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### Failure To Meet Certain Financial Covenants Could Decrease ThermoGenesis' AXP Revenues.

Under certain license and escrow agreements, if ThermoGenesis fails to meet certain financial covenants, other companies may take possession of the escrowed intellectual property and initiate manufacturing of the applicable device and disposables. If this were to occur, ThermoGenesis' revenues would be negatively impacted.

### Failure To Retain Or Hire Key Personnel May Adversely Affect ThermoGenesis' Ability to Sustain or Grow its Business.

ThermoGenesis' ability to operate successfully and manage its potential future growth depends significantly upon retaining key research, technical, clinical, regulatory, sales, marketing and managerial personnel. ThermoGenesis' future success partially depends upon the continued services of key technical and senior management personnel. ThermoGenesis' future success also depends on its continuing ability to attract, retain and motivate highly qualified managerial and technical personnel. The inability to retain or attract qualified personnel could have a significant negative effect upon ThermoGenesis' efforts and thereby materially harm its business and future financial condition.

### All Of ThermoGenesis' Operations Are Conducted At A Single Location. Any Disruption At ThermoGenesis' Facility Could Delay Revenues Or Increase Our Expenses.

All of ThermoGenesis' operations are conducted at a single location although ThermoGenesis contracts the manufacturing of certain devices, disposables and components. ThermoGenesis takes precautions to safeguard its facility, through insurance, health and safety protocols, and off-site storage of computer data. However, a natural disaster, such as a fire, flood or earthquake, could cause substantial delays in ThermoGenesis' operations, damage or destroy its manufacturing equipment or inventory, and cause ThermoGenesis to incur additional expenses. The insurance ThermoGenesis' maintains against fires, floods, and other natural disasters may not be adequate to cover ThermoGenesis' losses in any particular case.

### Risks Related to ThermoGenesis' Industry

#### ThermoGenesis' Business Is Heavily Regulated, Resulting In Increased Costs of Operations And Delays In Product Sales.

Many of ThermoGenesis' products require FDA approval or clearance to sell in the U.S. and will require approvals from comparable agencies to sell in foreign countries. These authorizations may limit the U.S. or foreign markets in which ThermoGenesis' products may be sold. Further, ThermoGenesis' products must be manufactured under requirements of ThermoGenesis' quality system for continued CE-Marking so they can continue to be marketed and sold in Europe. These requirements are similar to the QSR of both the FDA and California Department of Public Health. Failure to comply with or inappropriately interpret these quality system requirements and regulations may subject the ThermoGenesis to delays in production while it corrects deficiencies found by the FDA, the State of California, or the ThermoGenesis' notifying body as a result of any audit of its quality system. If ThermoGenesis is found to be out of compliance, ThermoGenesis could receive a warning letter or an untitled letter from the FDA or even be temporarily shut down in manufacturing and product sales while the non-conformances are rectified. Also, ThermoGenesis may have to recall products and temporarily cease their manufacture and distribution, which would increase its costs and reduce its revenues. The FDA may also invalidate ThermoGenesis' premarket application (PMA) or 510(k) if appropriate regulations relative to the PMA or 510(k) product are not met. The notified bodies may elect to not renew CE-Mark certification. Any of these events would negatively impact ThermoGenesis' revenues and costs of operations.

#### Changes In Governmental Regulations May Reduce Demand For ThermoGenesis' Products Or Increase ThermoGenesis' Expenses.

ThermoGenesis competes in many markets in which ThermoGenesis and its customers must comply with federal, state, local and international regulations, such as environmental, health and safety and food and drug regulations. ThermoGenesis develops, configures and markets its products to meet customer needs created by those regulations. Any significant change in regulations could reduce demand for ThermoGenesis' products or increase its expenses. For example, many of ThermoGenesis' instruments are marketed to the industry for enabling new regenerative therapies. Changes in the U.S. FDA's regulation of the devices and products directed at regenerative medicine, and development process for new therapeutic applications could have an adverse effect on the demand for these products.

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To Sell In International Markets, ThermoGenesis Will Be Subject to Regulation in Foreign Countries.

In cooperation with its distribution partners, ThermoGenesis intends to market our current and future products both domestically and in many foreign markets. A number of risks are inherent in international transactions. In order for ThermoGenesis to market its products in certain non-U.S. jurisdictions, ThermoGenesis needs to obtain and maintain required regulatory approvals or clearances and must comply with extensive regulations regarding safety, manufacturing processes and quality. These regulations, including the requirements for approvals or clearances to market, may differ from the FDA regulatory scheme. International sales also may be limited or disrupted by political instability, price controls, trade restrictions and changes in tariffs. Additionally, fluctuations in currency exchange rates may adversely affect demand for its products by increasing the price of ThermoGenesis' products in the currency of the countries in which the products are sold.

There Can Be No Assurance That ThermoGenesis Will Obtain Regulatory Approvals Or Clearances In All Of The Countries Where ThermoGenesis Intends To Market Our Products, Or That ThermoGenesis Will Not Incur Significant Costs In Obtaining Or Maintaining Foreign Regulatory Approvals Or Clearances, Or That ThermoGenesis Will Be Able To Successfully Commercialize Current Or Future Products In Various Foreign Markets.

Delays in receipt of approvals or clearances to market our products in foreign countries, failure to receive such approvals or clearances or the future loss of previously received approvals or clearances could have a substantial negative effect on ThermoGenesis' results of operations and financial condition.

Competition In ThermoGenesis' Industry Is Intense And Will Likely Involve Companies With Greater Resources Than It Has.

ThermoGenesis hopes to develop a competitive advantage in the medical applications of its products, but there are many competitors that are substantially larger and possess greater financial resources and more personnel than ThermoGenesis does. ThermoGenesis' current principal market is cord blood banks, and with regards to the BioArchive and AXP Systems, numerous larger and better-financed medical device manufacturers may choose to enter this market as it develops.

Influence By The Government And Insurance Companies May Adversely Impact Sales Of ThermoGenesis' Products.

ThermoGenesis' business may be materially affected by continuing efforts by government, third-party payers such as Medicare, Medicaid, and private health insurance plans, to reduce the costs of healthcare. For example, in certain foreign markets the pricing and profit margins of certain healthcare products are subject to government controls. In addition, increasing emphasis on managed care in the U.S. will continue to place pressure on the pricing of healthcare products. As a result, continuing efforts to contain healthcare costs may result in reduced sales or price reductions for ThermoGenesis' products. To date, ThermoGenesis is not aware of any direct impact on its pricing or product sales due to such efforts by governments to contain healthcare costs, and ThermoGenesis does not anticipate any impact in the near future.

Product Liability And Uninsured Risks May Adversely Affect ThermoGenesis' Continuing Operations.

ThermoGenesis operates in an industry susceptible to significant product liability claims. ThermoGenesis may be liable if any of its products cause injury, illness, or death. These claims may be brought by individuals seeking relief or by groups seeking to represent a class. ThermoGenesis also may be required to recall certain of its products should they become damaged or if they are defective. ThermoGenesis is not aware of any material product liability claims against it. However, product liability claims may be asserted against ThermoGenesis in the future based on events ThermoGenesis is not aware of at the present time. ThermoGenesis maintains a product liability policy for \$3,000,000 and a general liability policy that includes product liability coverage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and

\$2,000,000 per year in the aggregate. However, a product liability claim against ThermoGenesis could have a material adverse effect on its business or future financial condition.

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Risks Related to Operating Results and Financial Markets

ThermoGenesis Has Incurred Net Losses Since its Inception And Losses May Continue.

Except for net income of \$11,000 for fiscal 1994, ThermoGenesis has not been profitable since its inception. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, ThermoGenesis had a net loss of \$3,086,000 and an accumulated deficit at June 30, 2013, of \$114,191,000. ThermoGenesis will continue to incur significant costs as it develops and markets its current products and related applications. Although ThermoGenesis is executing its business plan to develop, market and launch new products, continuing losses may impair its ability to fully meet its objectives for new product sales.

Demand For Most Of ThermoGenesis' Products Depends On Capital Spending Policies Of Its Customers And On Government Funding Policies.

ThermoGenesis' customers include stem cell banks (both private and non-profit), laboratories, universities, healthcare providers, government agencies and public and private research institutions. Many factors, including public policy spending priorities, available resources and product and economic cycles, have a significant effect on the capital spending policies of these entities. These policies in turn can have a significant effect on the demand for ThermoGenesis' products. Further, the current economic crisis heightens the risk that its customers may lack the funding or credit facilities that they may have previously used for acquiring its products. Such credit or funding restrictions could delay or lower ThermoGenesis' future revenues.

Risks Related to ThermoGenesis Common Stock

Trading Prices For ThermoGenesis' Common Stock Have Been, And May Continue To Be, Volatile.

The trading price of ThermoGenesis' common stock has been subject to wide fluctuations and may continue to be volatile in the future. Trading price fluctuations can be caused by a variety of factors, many of which are beyond its control, including, among other things:

- Variations in operating results;  
ThermoGenesis' common stock is thinly traded;
- Regulatory actions, such as product recalls;
- Governmental regulatory acts;
- Biological or medical discoveries;
- Changes in earnings estimates by securities analysts; and
- Market conditions in ThermoGenesis' industry and the economy as a whole.

If ThermoGenesis' revenues or operating results fall below the expectations of securities analysts and investors, the price of its common stock would likely decline. In the last few years, the stock market experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations due to the unprecedented turmoil and upheaval of the credit markets and the financial services industry, which have particularly affected the market prices for emerging biotechnology and medical device companies, and has adversely affected the market price of ThermoGenesis common stock.

If The Price Of ThermoGenesis' Common Stock Does Not Meet The Requirements Of The NASDAQ Capital Market, Its Shares May Be Delisted.

The listing standards of NASDAQ Capital Market provide, among other things, that a company may be delisted if the bid price of its stock drops below \$1.00 for a period of 30 consecutive business days. Delisting from NASDAQ Capital Market could adversely affect ThermoGenesis' ability to raise additional financing through the public or

private sale of equity securities, could significantly affect the ability of investors to trade ThermoGenesis' securities and could negatively affect the value and liquidity of its common stock. Delisting could also have other negative results, including the potential loss of confidence by employees, the loss of institutional investor interest and fewer business development opportunities.

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ThermoGenesis Has Never Paid Cash Dividends.

ThermoGenesis has never paid any cash dividends on its common stock and does intend to pay cash dividends in the future. Instead, ThermoGenesis intends to apply earnings, if any, to the expansion and development of its business.

Risks Related to the Business and Operations of TotipotentRX

TotipotentRX's Limited Operating History May Make It Difficult to Evaluate Its Business.

TotipotentRX is in the early stage of its operations and development, and has a limited operating history on which to base an evaluation of its business and prospects. TotipotentRX will be subject to the risks inherent in the ownership and operation of a company with a limited operating history such as regulatory setbacks and delays, fluctuations in expenses, competition, the general strength of regional and national economies, and governmental regulation. Any failure to successfully address these risks and uncertainties could seriously harm TotipotentRX's business and prospects.

TotipotentRX Has Incurred Losses Since Inception and Anticipates That It Will Continue To Incur Losses For The Foreseeable Future.

TotipotentRX has incurred losses since its inception and expects to continue to incur losses for the foreseeable future. These losses may increase as TotipotentRX continues its research and development activities, seeks regulatory approvals for its product candidates and commercializes any approved products.

TotipotentRX's Potential Products And Technologies Are In Early Stages Of Development.

The development of new cell therapy combination products (pharmaceutical products) is a highly risky undertaking, and there can be no assurance that any future research and development efforts TotipotentRX might undertake will be successful. TotipotentRX's potential products in cardiovascular, orthopedic and wound care indications will require extensive additional research and development and regulatory approval before any commercial introduction. There can be no assurance that any future research, development and clinical trial efforts will result in viable products or meet efficacy standards.

TotipotentRX Is Subject To Substantial Government Regulation Which Could Materially Adversely Affect TotipotentRX's Business.

The production and marketing of TotipotentRX's products and potential products and its ongoing research and development, pre-clinical testing and clinical trial activities are currently subject to extensive regulation and review by numerous governmental authorities in the United States and will face similar regulation and review for overseas approval and sales from governmental authorities outside of the United States. All of the products TotipotentRX is currently developing must undergo rigorous clinical testing and an extensive regulatory approval process before they can be marketed. This process makes it longer, harder and more costly to bring TotipotentRX's potential products to market, and TotipotentRX cannot guarantee that any of its potential products will be approved. If TotipotentRX or its collaboration partners do not comply with applicable regulatory requirements, such violations could result in non-approval, suspensions of regulatory approvals, civil penalties and criminal fines, product seizures and recalls, operating restrictions, injunctions, and criminal prosecution.

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To Operate In Foreign Jurisdictions, TotipotentRX Is Subject to Regulation by Non-U.S. Authorities.

TotipotentRX has operations in India, and as such is subject to Indian regulatory agencies. A number of risks are inherent in conducting business and clinical operations overseas. In order for TotipotentRX to operate as a majority owned foreign corporation in India, it is subject to financial regulations imposed by the Reserve Bank of India. This includes the rules specific to the capital funding, repatriation of funds and payment of dividends from and to the foreign subsidiaries from and to the parent in the U.S.

In order for TotipotentRX to manufacture and/or market its services and products in India, TotipotentRX needs to obtain and maintain required regulatory approvals or clearances and must comply with extensive regulations regarding safety, manufacturing processes and quality. These regulations, including the requirements for approvals or clearances to market, and/or export may differ from the U.S. FDA regulatory scheme.

In order for TotipotentRX to complete clinical trials, clinical trial services and cell banking in India, and other foreign jurisdictions, TotipotentRX needs to obtain and maintain approvals and licenses which comply with extensive regulations of the appropriate regulatory body.

International sales also may be limited or disrupted by political instability, price controls, trade restrictions and changes in tariffs as ordered by various governmental agencies. Additionally, fluctuations in currency exchange rates may adversely affect demand for its products by increasing the price of ThermoGenesis' products in the currency of the countries in which the products are sold.

TotipotentRX Intends To Rely On Third Parties For Certain Functions In Conducting Clinical Trials Of Its Product Candidates.

TotipotentRX relies on third parties for clinical trial activities of its products. In this regard, TotipotentRX has entered into a collaborative agreement with Fortis Healthcare Limited, a hospital chain networked throughout India and Asia, where TotipotentRX acts as an exclusive regenerative medicine service provider to Fortis Healthcare and which arrangement expires in May 2016. Additionally, TotipotentRX receives certain discounts from Fortis Healthcare for clinical and hospital services specific to conducting early clinical trials in their organization. If the agreement is not renewed or is terminated by Fortis, TotipotentRX will have to find other entities or organizations to fulfill Fortis' favorable cost structure thus jeopardizing or delaying development of TotipotentRX's products.

TotipotentRX relies on other third parties for various miscellaneous clinical trial activities. Any one of these third-party contractors may fail to comply with regulatory requirements or meet their contractual obligations to TotipotentRX in a timely manner or at all.

Delays In The Commencement Or Completion Of Clinical Testing Of TotipotentRX's Products Could Result In Increased Costs To TotipotentRX And Delay Its Ability To Generate Revenues.

Delays in the commencement or completion of clinical testing could significantly impact TotipotentRX's product development costs. TotipotentRX does not know whether current or planned clinical trials will begin on time or be completed on schedule, if at all. The commencement of clinical trials can be delayed for a variety of reasons, including delays in:

- obtaining regulatory approval to commence a clinical trial;
- reaching agreement on acceptable terms with prospective contract research organizations and clinical trial sites for Phase II and III trials;
- obtaining proper devices for any or all of the combination product candidates;
- obtaining institutional review board approval to conduct a clinical trial at a prospective site; and



·recruiting participants for a clinical trial.

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In addition, once a clinical trial has begun, it may be suspended or terminated by TotipotentRX or the FDA or other regulatory authorities due to a number of factors, including:

- failure to conduct the clinical trial in accordance with regulatory requirements;
- inspection of the clinical trial operations or clinical trial site by the FDA or other regulatory authorities resulting in the imposition of a clinical hold;
- failure to achieve certain efficacy and/or safety standards;
- reports of serious adverse events or adverse events including but not limited to death of trial subjects; or
- lack of adequate funding to continue the clinical trial.

TotipotentRX's clinical therapy candidates may produce negative or inconclusive results, and TotipotentRX may decide, or regulators may require, to conduct additional clinical trials or abandon product development programs that it expects to be pursuing.

**TotipotentRX Does Not Have Commercial-Scale Manufacturing Capability And It Lacks Commercial Manufacturing Experience.**

TotipotentRX operates GMP manufacturing facilities for both devices and cellular production; however, they are not of sufficient size for medium to large commercial production of product candidates. TotipotentRX will not have large scale experience in cell-drug formulation or manufacturing, and it will lack the resources and the capability to manufacture any of the combined company's product candidates on a clinical or commercial scale. Accordingly, TotipotentRX expects to depend on third-party contract manufacturers for the foreseeable future. Any performance failure on the part of TotipotentRX's contract manufacturers could delay clinical development, regulatory approval or commercialization of its current or future products, depriving it of potential product revenues and resulting in additional losses.

**TotipotentRX Is Subject To Complex Regulations, And Is Unable To Predict Future Regulatory Requirements.**

TotipotentRX may be subject to a more complex regulatory process since stem cell therapies are relatively new and regulatory agencies have less experience with them than with traditional pharmaceutical products and medical devices. Additionally, TotipotentRX believes many of its therapies will be subject to the U.S. FDA Office of Combination Products, and there have not been any cellular biological-device combinations approved to date by this office.

**If TotipotentRX Fails To Obtain Acceptable Prices Or Appropriate Reimbursement For Its Products, Its Ability To Successfully Commercialize Its Products Will Be Impaired.**

Government and insurance reimbursements for healthcare expenditures play an important role for all healthcare providers, including physicians and pharmaceutical companies such as TotipotentRX that plan to offer various products in the United States and other countries in the future. TotipotentRX's ability to earn sufficient returns on its products and potential products will depend in part on the extent to which reimbursement for the costs of such products will be available from government health administration authorities, private health coverage insurers, managed care organizations, and other organizations. In the United States, TotipotentRX's ability to have its products eligible for Medicare, Medicaid or private insurance reimbursement will be an important factor in determining the ultimate success of its products. If, for any reason, Medicare, Medicaid or the insurance companies decline to provide reimbursement for TotipotentRX's products, its ability to commercialize its products would be adversely affected.

**TotipotentRX Has Limited Sales, Marketing and Distribution Experience.**

TotipotentRX has limited experience in the sales, marketing, and distribution of pharmaceutical products. There can be no assurance that TotipotentRX will be able to establish sales, marketing, and distribution capabilities or make arrangements with its current collaborators or others to perform such activities or that such efforts will be successful.

If TotipotentRX decides to market any of its new products directly, it must either partner, acquire or internally develop a marketing and sales force with technical expertise and with supporting distribution capabilities. The acquisition or development of a sales, marketing and distribution infrastructure would require substantial resources, which may not be available to the combined company or, even if available, divert the attention of its management and key personnel, and have a negative impact on further product development efforts.

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TotipotentRX May Seek To Enter Into Collaborative Arrangements To Develop and Commercialize Its Products Which May Not Be Successful.

TotipotentRX may seek to enter into collaborative arrangements to develop and commercialize some of its potential products both in North America and international markets. There can be no assurance that TotipotentRX will be able to negotiate collaborative arrangements on favorable terms or at all or that its current or future collaborative arrangements will be successful.

If TotipotentRX's Competitors Develop And Market Products That Are More Effective Than TotipotentRX's Product Candidates Or Obtain Regulatory And Marketing Approval For Similar Products Before TotipotentRX does, TotipotentRX's Commercial Opportunity May Be Reduced Or Eliminated.

The development and commercialization of new pharmaceutical products which target cardiovascular, orthopedic, chronic dermal wounds and other conditions addressed by the current and future products of TotipotentRX is competitive, and the combined company will face competition from numerous sources, including major biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies worldwide. Many of TotipotentRX's competitors have substantially greater financial and technical resources, and development, production and marketing capabilities than TotipotentRX does. In addition, many of these companies have more experience than TotipotentRX in pre-clinical testing, clinical trials and manufacturing of compounds, as well as in obtaining FDA and foreign regulatory approvals. As a result, there is a risk that one of the competitors will develop a more effective product for the same indications for which TotipotentRX is developing a product or, alternatively, bring a similar product to market before TotipotentRX can do so.

If TotipotentRX Suffers Negative Publicity Concerning The Safety Of Its Products In Development, Its Sales May Be Harmed And TotipotentRX May Be Forced To Withdraw Such Products In Development.

If concerns should arise about the safety of TotipotentRX's products that are in development or marketed, regardless of whether or not such concerns have a basis in generally accepted science or peer-reviewed scientific research, such concerns could adversely affect the market for its products.

Product Liability And Uninsured Risks May Adversely Affect TotipotentRX's Continuing Operations.

TotipotentRX operates in an industry susceptible to significant product liability claims. TotipotentRX may be liable if any of its services, products or clinical trials cause injury, illness, or death. These claims may be brought by individuals seeking relief or by groups seeking to represent a class. TotipotentRX also may be required to recall certain of its products should they become damaged, if they are defective, or if they are adulterated. TotipotentRX is not aware of any material services, product or clinical trial liability claims against it. However, services, product or clinical trial liability claims may be asserted against TotipotentRX in the future based on events TotipotentRX is not aware of at the present time. TotipotentRX maintains a commercial general liability and professional liability policy for \$5,000,000 and a product liability policy inclusive of completed operations liability coverage of \$2,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 per year in the aggregate. However, any liability claim against TotipotentRX could have a material adverse effect on its business or future financial condition.

The Loss of Either Mr. Kenneth L. Harris, Mr. Mitchel Sivilotti or Dr. Venkatesh Ponemone Will Adversely Affect TotipotentRX.

The loss of the services of any principal member of TotipotentRX's management and research, development and clinical teams, and especially Mr. Kenneth Harris, Mr. Mitchel Sivilotti or Dr. Venkatesh Ponemone could adversely affect TotipotentRX and the combined company. TotipotentRX does not maintain "key person" life insurance on any of its officers, employees or consultants.

TotipotentRX's Principal Stockholders Have Significant Influence Over TotipotentRX and Will Have Significant Influence Over the Combined Company.

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As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, the Principal Stockholders beneficially own 74.7% of TotipotentRX common stock and will beneficially own approximately 32.0% of the outstanding common stock of the combined company. As a result, the Principal Stockholders will be able to exert a significant degree of influence or actual control over the combined company's management and affairs after the Merger and over matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors, any merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of the combined company's assets, and any other significant corporate transaction. The interests of the Principal Stockholders may not always coincide with the interests of the combined company or its other stockholders.

TotipotentRX Is A Private Company And Has Not Been Subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act Of 2002, the Rules and Regulations of the SEC or Other Corporate Governance Requirements.

TotipotentRX is a private company and has not been subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the rules and regulations of the SEC, or other corporate governance requirements to which public reporting companies may be subject. During the audit of TotipotentRX's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, TotipotentRX's independent registered public accounting firm determined that a material weakness existed in its internal control over financial reporting as TotipotentRX did not have adequate personnel and information systems in place to prepare financial statements on a timely basis, including accrual accounting, non-routine data processes and estimation processes. If the Merger is completed, ThermoGenesis will be required to implement the appropriate internal control processes and procedures over financial accounting and reporting. However, there is a risk that the combined company may incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses to ensure that TotipotentRX meets these requirements. Such requirements include, but are not limited to, that the combined company will be required to report on the effectiveness of its internal control of over financial reporting. Implementing the controls and procedures required to comply with the various applicable laws and regulations may place a significant burden on the combined company's management and internal resources. The diversion of management's attention and any difficulties encountered in such an implementation could result in delays in the combined company's clinical trials and product development programs and could otherwise harm the combined company's business, financial condition and operating results.

TotipotentRX Has Never Paid Cash Dividends On Its Common Stock.

TotipotentRX has never declared or paid cash dividends on its common stock and does not anticipate to pay any cash dividends in the future.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation contains “forward-looking statements” of ThermoGenesis within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which is applicable to ThermoGenesis because ThermoGenesis is a public company subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, but is not applicable to TotipotentRX because TotipotentRX is not a public company and is not currently subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. These forward-looking statements include:

- the potential value created by the proposed Merger for ThermoGenesis’ and TotipotentRX’s stockholders; the conduct and results of TotipotentRX’s research, discovery and preclinical efforts and clinical trials;
- anticipated timelines for product development efforts; the amount of time required to obtain regulatory approvals for TotipotentRX or the combined company’s product candidates; TotipotentRX’s plans regarding future research, discovery and preclinical efforts and clinical activities, and ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX’s collaborative, intellectual property and regulatory activities;
- information concerning possible future or assumed results of the combined company; the period in which ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX expect cash to be available to fund their current operating plans, both before and after giving effect to the Merger;
- future required funding needs;
- the benefits of Merger; each of ThermoGenesis’ and TotipotentRX’s results of operations, financial condition and businesses, and products and drug candidates under development and the expected impact of the proposed Merger on the combined company’s financial and operating performance; and estimates concerning future revenues and other future financial and other results that are contained in the section of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation entitled “Certain Projected Financial Information Concerning TotipotentRX.”

Words such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “forecast,” “potential,” “contemplates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “sees,” “estimates,” “could,” “would,” “will,” “may,” “can” and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results contemplated by the forward-looking statements, including the following:

- ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX may not be able to complete the Merger; TotipotentRX’s product candidates that appear promising in early research and clinical trials but may not demonstrate safety and efficacy in subsequent clinical trials;
- revenues and income from TotipotentRX’s anticipated future products may not meet expectations; the combined company may not be able to obtain the equity or debt financing necessary to support its anticipated level of operations;
- risks associated with reliance on collaborative partners for further clinical trials and other development activities; and
- risks involved with development and commercialization of product candidates.

Many of the important factors that will determine these results and values are beyond ThermoGenesis’ and TotipotentRX’s ability to control or predict. You are cautioned not to put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Except as otherwise required by law, ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX do not assume any obligation to update any forward-looking statements. In evaluating the Merger, you should carefully consider the discussion of risks and uncertainties in the section entitled “Risk Factors” in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

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THE SPECIAL MEETING OF THERMOGENESIS STOCKHOLDERS

Date, Time and Place

The special meeting of ThermoGenesis stockholders will be held on [ 2013], at 400 Capitol Mall, Suite 1100, Sacramento, CA 95814 commencing at [ ]. ThermoGenesis is sending this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation to its stockholders in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the ThermoGenesis board of directors for use at the ThermoGenesis special meeting and any adjournments or postponements of such meeting. This proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation is first being furnished to stockholders of ThermoGenesis on or about [ 2013].

Purposes of the ThermoGenesis Special Meeting

The purposes of the ThermoGenesis special meeting are:

1. To consider and vote upon a proposal to approve and adopt the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated July 15, 2013, by and among ThermoGenesis Corp., TotipotentRX Corporation, Kenneth Harris and Mitchel Sivilotti, and related transactions therein, pursuant to which among other things ThermoGenesis will issue shares of common stock to the shareholders of TotipotentRX Corporation and TotipotentRX Corporation will merge with and into ThermoGenesis, with ThermoGenesis surviving the merger;
2. To consider and vote upon a proposal to adjourn the special meeting, if necessary, if a quorum is present, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes in favor to approve the Merger Agreement; and
3. To consider and act upon such other business and matters or proposal as may properly come before the Meeting, including adjournment.

The board of directors of ThermoGenesis has fixed [ 2013] as the record date for determining which stockholders have the right to receive notice of and to vote at the ThermoGenesis special meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof. Only holders of record of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock at the close of business on the record date have the right to receive notice of and to vote at the ThermoGenesis special meeting. At the close of business on the record date, ThermoGenesis had [16,677,909] shares of common stock outstanding and entitled to vote.

Your vote is important. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis common stock having voting power on the record date for the ThermoGenesis special meeting is required for approval of Proposal No. 1. The affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of ThermoGenesis common stock having voting power present in person or represented by proxy at the ThermoGenesis special meeting is required for approval of Proposal No. 2, if necessary.

Whether or not you plan to attend the ThermoGenesis special meeting, please complete, sign and date the enclosed proxy and return it promptly in the enclosed postage-paid return envelope. You may revoke the proxy at any time before its exercise in the manner described in this accompanying proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. Any stockholder present at the ThermoGenesis special meeting, including any adjournment or postponement of the meeting, may revoke such stockholder's proxy and vote personally on the matters to be considered at the ThermoGenesis special meeting. Executed proxies with no instructions indicated thereon will be voted "FOR" each of the proposals outlined above.



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Recommendation of ThermoGenesis' Board of Directors

THE THERMOGENESIS BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAS DETERMINED THAT THE MERGER AS DESCRIBED IN THIS PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS/CONSENT SOLICITATION, IS ADVISABLE AND IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THERMOGENESIS AND ITS STOCKHOLDERS AND HAS APPROVED SUCH PROPOSAL. THE THERMOGENESIS BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT THERMOGENESIS STOCKHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THERMOGENESIS PROPOSAL NO. 1.

THE THERMOGENESIS BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAS DETERMINED THAT ADJOURNING THE THERMOGENESIS SPECIAL MEETING, IF NECESSARY, TO SOLICIT ADDITIONAL PROXIES IF THERE ARE NOT SUFFICIENT VOTES IN FAVOR OF THE THERMOGENESIS PROPOSAL NUMBER 1 OUTLINED ABOVE IS ADVISABLE AND IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THERMOGENESIS AND ITS STOCKHOLDERS AND HAS APPROVED SUCH PROPOSAL. THE THERMOGENESIS BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT THERMOGENESIS STOCKHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THERMOGENESIS PROPOSAL NO. 2 TO ADJOURN THE THERMOGENESIS SPECIAL MEETING, IF NECESSARY, TO SOLICIT ADDITIONAL PROXIES IF THERE ARE NOT SUFFICIENT VOTES IN FAVOR OF THE MERGER AGREEMENT PROPOSAL OUTLINED ABOVE.

Record Date and Voting Power

Only holders of record of ThermoGenesis common stock at the close of business on the record date, [ 2013], are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the ThermoGenesis special meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof. At the close of business on the record date, [16,677,909] shares of ThermoGenesis common stock were issued and outstanding and entitled to vote. Each share of ThermoGenesis common stock entitles the holder thereof to one vote on each matter submitted for stockholder approval. See the section entitled "Principal Stockholders of ThermoGenesis" in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation for information regarding persons known to the management of ThermoGenesis to be the principal stockholders of ThermoGenesis.

Voting and Revocation of Proxies

The ThermoGenesis proxy accompanying this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation is solicited on behalf of the board of directors of ThermoGenesis for use at the ThermoGenesis special meeting.

If you are a stockholder of record of ThermoGenesis as of the applicable record date referred to above, you may vote in person at the ThermoGenesis special meeting or vote by proxy using the enclosed proxy card. Whether or not you plan to attend the ThermoGenesis special meeting, ThermoGenesis urges you to vote by proxy to ensure your vote is counted. You may still attend the ThermoGenesis special meeting and vote in person if you have already voted by proxy.

To vote in person, come to the ThermoGenesis special meeting and ThermoGenesis will give you a ballot when you arrive.

To vote using the proxy card, simply mark, sign and date your proxy card and return it promptly in the postage-paid envelope provided. If you return your signed proxy card to ThermoGenesis before the ThermoGenesis special meeting, ThermoGenesis will vote your shares as you direct.

All properly executed ThermoGenesis proxies that are not revoked will be voted at the ThermoGenesis special meeting and at any adjournments or postponements of the ThermoGenesis special meeting in accordance with the instructions contained in the proxy. If a holder of ThermoGenesis common stock executes and returns a proxy and does not specify otherwise, the shares represented by that proxy will be voted "FOR" ThermoGenesis Proposal No. 1 to approve and adopt the Merger Agreement, and "FOR" ThermoGenesis Proposal No. 2 to adjourn the ThermoGenesis special meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes in favor of the

ThermoGenesis proposal number 1 outlined above in accordance with the recommendation of the ThermoGenesis board of directors.

A ThermoGenesis stockholder of record as of the applicable record date described above who has submitted a proxy may revoke it at any time before it is voted at the ThermoGenesis special meeting by executing and returning a proxy bearing a later date, filing written notice of revocation with the Secretary of ThermoGenesis stating that the proxy is revoked, or attending the ThermoGenesis special meeting and voting in person.

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Required Vote

The presence, in person or represented by proxy, at the ThermoGenesis special meeting of the holders of a majority of the shares of ThermoGenesis common stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the ThermoGenesis special meeting is necessary to constitute a quorum at the special meeting. Abstentions and broker non-votes will be counted towards a quorum. Approval of ThermoGenesis Proposal No. 1 requires the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the ThermoGenesis common stock having voting power outstanding on the record date for the ThermoGenesis special meeting. Approval of each of ThermoGenesis Proposal No. 2 requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the ThermoGenesis common stock having voting power present in person or represented by proxy at the ThermoGenesis special meeting.

Votes will be counted by the inspector of election appointed for the special meeting, who will separately count “FOR”, “WITHHOLD,” and “AGAINST” votes, and abstentions and broker non-votes. Broker non-votes and abstentions will have the same effect as “AGAINST” votes for ThermoGenesis Proposal No. 1. For ThermoGenesis Proposal No. 2, broker non-votes will not be counted towards the vote total.

At the record date for the ThermoGenesis special meeting, the directors and executive officers of ThermoGenesis beneficially owned approximately 3.5% of the outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis common stock entitled to vote at the ThermoGenesis special meeting.

Solicitation of Proxies

In addition to solicitation by mail, the directors, officers, employees and agents of ThermoGenesis may solicit proxies from ThermoGenesis’ stockholders by personal interview, telephone, telegram or otherwise. In addition, ThermoGenesis may engage a soliciting company to assist in the solicitation of proxies.

Other Matters

As of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, the ThermoGenesis board of directors does not know of any other business to be presented at the ThermoGenesis special meeting other than as set forth in the notice accompanying this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. If any other matters should properly come before the ThermoGenesis special meeting, it is intended that the shares represented by proxies will be voted with respect to such matters in accordance with the judgment of the persons voting the proxies.

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SOLICITATION OF TOTIPOTENTRX WRITTEN CONSENT

TotipotentRX Shareholder Action by Written Consent

The TotipotentRX board of directors is providing this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation to its shareholders. TotipotentRX shareholders are being asked to execute and deliver the written consent furnished with this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation to adopt and approve the Merger Agreement, including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby.

Shares Entitled to Consent and Consent Required

Only TotipotentRX shareholders of record at the close of business on [ ] will be notified of and be entitled to execute and deliver a written consent. On the record date, the outstanding securities of TotipotentRX eligible to consent with respect to the Merger Agreement proposal consists of [401,558] shares of TotipotentRX common stock. Each holder of common stock is entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held of record.

Approval of the adoption and approval of the Merger Agreement including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby requires the approval by the holders owning a majority of the shares of TotipotentRX common stock outstanding on the record date.

On the record date, the directors and executive officers of TotipotentRX were beneficial owners of 91.52% of the outstanding shares of TotipotentRX common stock entitled to execute and deliver the written consent.

Submission of Consents

You may consent to the Merger Agreement proposal with respect to your shares of common stock by completing and signing the written consent furnished with this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and returning it to TotipotentRX on or before[ ], the date the TotipotentRX board of directors has set as the targeted final date for receipt of written consents. TotipotentRX reserves the right to extend the final date for receipt of written consents beyond [ ] in the event that consents adopting and approving the Merger Agreement, including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby have not been obtained by that date from holders of a sufficient number of shares of TotipotentRX common stock to satisfy the conditions to the Merger. Any such extension may be made without notice to shareholders. Once TotipotentRX has received written consents from holders owning more than a majority of outstanding shares of common stock of TotipotentRX, the consent solicitation will conclude.

If you hold shares of TotipotentRX common stock as of the record date and you wish to give your written consent, you must complete the enclosed written consent, date and sign it, and promptly return it to TotipotentRX. Once you have completed, dated and signed your written consent, deliver it to TotipotentRX by faxing it, by emailing a pdf copy of your written consent to [proxyvote@totipotentrx.com](mailto:proxyvote@totipotentrx.com), or by mailing your written consent to TotipotentRX Corporation, 548 S. Spring Street, Suite 210, Los Angeles, CA 90013, Phone: (213) 221-7373 Fax: (213) 341-2415; attention :Kenneth L. Harris.

Executing Consents; Revocation of Consents

With respect to the Merger Agreement proposal for which the shares of TotipotentRX common stock that you hold allow you to give consent, you may execute a written consent to approve the Merger Agreement proposal (which is equivalent to a vote for the proposal) or disapprove the Merger Agreement proposal (which is equivalent to a vote against the proposal). If you do not return your written consent, it will have the same effect as a vote against the Merger Agreement. If you are a record holder and you return a signed written consent without indicating your decision on the Merger Agreement proposal, you will have given your consent to adopt and approve the Merger

Agreement including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby.

Your consent to the Merger Agreement proposal may be changed or revoked at any time before the consents of a sufficient number of shares to approve and adopt such proposal have been filed with TotipotentRX's corporate secretary. If you wish to change or revoke a previously delivered consent before that time, you may do so by delivering a notice of revocation to TotipotentRX's corporate secretary or by delivering a new written consent with a later date.

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Solicitation of Consents; Expense

The expense of preparing, printing and mailing these consent solicitation materials is being borne by TotipotentRX. Officers and employees of TotipotentRX may solicit consents by telephone and personally, in addition to solicitation by mail. These persons will receive their regular salaries but no special compensation for soliciting consents.

Recommendation of the TotipotentRX Board

THE TOTIPOTENTRX BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS THAT TOTIPOTENTRX SHAREHOLDERS ADOPT AND APPROVE THE MERGER AGREEMENT INCLUDING THE MERGER AND TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED THEREBY BY EXECUTING AND DELIVERING THE WRITTEN CONSENT FURNISHED WITH THIS PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS/CONSENT SOLICITATION.

The TotipotentRX board of directors believes the Merger Agreement, including the merger consideration to be received by TotipotentRX stockholders is fair, advisable and in the best interests of TotipotentRX and its shareholders. The TotipotentRX board of directors, after careful study and evaluation of the economic, financial, legal and other factors, also believe the Merger could provide the combined company with increased opportunity for profitable expansion of its business, which in turn should benefit TotipotentRX shareholders who become stockholders of ThermoGenesis. See “The Merger—Reasons for the Merger— TotipotentRX’s Reasons for the Merger” on page 39 of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

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THE MERGER

This section and the section entitled “The Merger Agreement” in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation describe the material aspects of the Merger, including the Merger Agreement. While ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX believe that this description covers the material terms of the Merger and the Merger Agreement, it may not contain all of the information that is important to you. You should read carefully this entire proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation for a more complete understanding of the Merger and the Merger Agreement, including the Merger Agreement attached as Annex A to this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Reasons for the Merger

The following discussion of the parties’ reasons for the Merger contains a number of forward-looking statements that reflect the current views of ThermoGenesis and/or TotipotentRX with respect to future events that may have an effect on their future financial performance. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties. Actual results and outcomes may differ materially from the results and outcomes discussed in the forward-looking statements. Cautionary statements that identify important factors that could cause or contribute to differences in results and outcomes include those discussed in the sections entitled “Risk Factors” and “Forward-Looking Statements” in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Mutual Reasons for the Merger

In reaching the decision to adopt the Merger and recommend the Merger Agreement for approval by the stockholders of ThermoGenesis and shareholders of TotipotentRX, each board of directors consulted with its respective management as well as legal and financial advisors. As discussed in greater detail below, these consultations included discussions regarding TotipotentRX’s and ThermoGenesis’ strategic business plan, the costs and risks of executing that business plan as an independent company, post and current business operations and financial condition, future prospects, the strategic rationale for the potential transaction, and the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement.

ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX believe that the combined company will have the following potential advantages:

**One of the First Integrated Regenerative Medicine Companies.** The combined company will be one of the first companies to bring together cell-therapy-related devices, patented platform technology, proprietary cell formulations and treatment protocols and a cell-therapy-specific clinical research organization increasing the likelihood that a safe and effective therapy can reach full commercialization.

**Practical, Commercializable Cell Therapies.** The combined company will offer safe and effective therapies backed by clinical evidence, including eight clinical trials in osteoarthritis, avascular necrosis, cardiac and critical limb ischemia, among others, using patient and regulator friendly autologous cells and at the bedside, 60-90 minute protocol.

**Ability to Rapidly and Cost-Effectively Implement New Clinical Trials.** The combined company will have the ability to rapidly initiate early clinical development of new cell therapies at its U.S. FDA-registered clinical research organization in India and generate high quality data at a fraction of the cost of clinical trials undertaken in the U.S. or Europe.

**Positioned to Commercialize in Both Developed and Emerging Markets.** The combined company's existing U.S. and Asian footprints uniquely position it to meet the needs of patients, hospitals and physicians across the globe. This footprint allows flexibility to meet the variable market demands in service and price.

**Significant Value Creation.** The combined company should support a higher valuation than either company alone, with the potential to create additional, near and long-term shareholder value through the development of new protocols in major therapeutic areas.

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Background of the Merger

Historical Background for ThermoGenesis

In early 2012, ThermoGenesis management began a formal assessment of the near and long-term prospects of its cord blood business in response to the unexpected slow-down of automated cord blood processing and storage units beginning in 2011 in the U.S. and Europe. In connection with the appointment of a new Chief Executive Officer and a management restructuring in February of 2012, the board of directors and management undertook to evaluate the state of ThermoGenesis' business, including its organization and product capabilities in light of the evolving economic and regulatory environments. As a result of its assessment of the cord blood, bone marrow and peripheral blood processing markets, management concluded:

demand for cord blood services outside of Asia was stagnant due to continuing weak economic conditions; Annual unit volume collections in public banks had declined due to a lack of government funding and of the units being collected, units qualifying for storage declined due to higher minimum cell yield requirements established by the U.S. Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

the competitive landscape had increased as a result of the entrance of new companies in the cord blood cell processing space.

the regulatory landscape was rapidly changing, requiring safety and efficacy data to be submitted to the FDA for marketing approval, meaning a more onerous and costly pre-market approval (PMA) pathway for in-vivo stem cell device products rather than the previous 510(k) approval pathway.

per FDA issued guidance, future cellular therapies to be approved by the FDA will be as "combination products", which they broadly define as the combination of co-labeled, optimized "cell friendly" devices, effective cell/biological formulations and cell dose.

the FDA position on combination products punctuated the critical role of ThermoGenesis' cell collection, separation and concentration technologies for point-of-care, large patient population clinical indications. At the same time, the need to further improve the system intelligence of its processing platforms to better meet these requirements, including more flexible harvest volumes and greater cell characterization capabilities through on-line diagnostics became apparent.

shifting the burden of proof for safety and efficacy to medical device manufacturers substantially increases the organizational clinical and scientific capability requirements as well as greater direct point-of-care experience for ThermoGenesis.

Given the above conclusions, coupled with ThermoGenesis' trading volume, stock price, and available working capital, ThermoGenesis' board of directors and management determined that the time period for shareholders to realize the full value of ThermoGenesis' business plan as a stand-alone device design and manufacturing company could be significantly protracted. Therefore, the Company determined to explore opportunities in adjacent markets and potential strategic alliances to expand its capabilities and market position, to address broader markets for its current and proposed technologies in the regenerative medicine space, thereby repositioning ThermoGenesis to provide greater near and long-term shareholder value.

Accordingly, the board of directors authorized management to further streamline the base business to grow its share in the cord blood market and develop the capabilities to more fully address the new, large market opportunities in the regenerative medicine space. This plan included:

executing on its current stand-alone operating plan with a focus on (i) increasing revenues from the cord blood market through competitive share gains in Europe and North America (ii) further adoption of the AXP System in new markets including China and India via commercial partnerships and joint ventures; and (iii) disposing of non-key operations including its ThermoLine and CryoSeal product lines;

pursuing a growth strategy within the cord blood industry through strategic acquisitions and/or mergers; and



- extending its reach into the regenerative medicine industry by developing greater internal clinical and scientific expertise and point-of-care experience or by entering into a merger or combination with an existing company operating in the regenerative medicine industry.

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As discussed below in the section entitled “Market Review and Discussions with Certain Other Entities,” during this time, the ThermoGenesis board considered several alternatives, including some unsolicited offers and proposals by third parties, which the board ultimately concluded were not in the best interest of ThermoGenesis and its shareholders.

### Strategic Discussions with TotipotentRX

On March 28, 2012, Matthew Plavan had initial discussions with Kenneth Harris and Mitchel Sivilotti, TotipotentRX’s Chief Executive Officer and President, respectively, regarding a potential strategic combination between ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX. TotipotentRX is engaged in the research, development, and commercialization of cell-based therapeutics for use in regenerative medicine. ThermoGenesis had an existing business relationship with TotipotentRX whereby TotipotentRX sold various ThermoGenesis products and also used various ThermoGenesis products in their clinical procedures and trials. ThermoGenesis’ management understood TotipotentRX possesses deep experience in developing point-of care clinical applications in the regenerative medicine industry, has extensive experience in running cell-based human FDA clinical trials and has an exclusive relationship with Fortis Healthcare. As such, management believed a merger or partnership with TotipotentRX would bring to ThermoGenesis the ideal scientific and biological capabilities to complement its engineering, cell processing, and commercialization know-how to produce a fully integrated regenerative medicine company to target the regenerative medicine market opportunity and increase near-term shareholder value.

Subsequent to the March 28, 2012 meeting, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti met again in June and July 2012 in addition to holding several conference calls to conduct due diligence, discuss the potential for combining the companies, and to discuss relative valuation. Effective April 4, 2012, ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX entered into a mutual non-disclosure agreement and on June 21, 2012, in connection with further due diligence efforts, ThermoGenesis granted TotipotentRX access to a data room. Based on further conversations among Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti, management of TotipotentRX proposed a merger that would result in a substantially greater than 50.0% ownership position by Totipotent’s shareholders in the combined company. During the same conversations Mr. Plavan communicated that he did not believe a greater than 50.0% ownership by TotipotentRX shareholders in the combined company would be acceptable to ThermoGenesis and its shareholders.

On July 22 and 23, 2012 Mr. Plavan traveled to India with Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti to tour TotipotentRX’s India facilities and perform due diligence on TotipotentRX’s operations, including diligence sessions on their Clinical Research Organization, clinical trial process and the Fortis hospital. Additionally, Mr. Plavan interviewed key personnel at TotipotentRX and met with the clinical department heads employed by the Fortis Healthcare System.

Further, and in light of the different views of the relative values of each company, on August 1, 2012, ThermoGenesis signed a letter of understanding with Roth Capital Partners, LLC to provide ThermoGenesis with valuation and strategic advisory services in connection with its various strategic merger or acquisition activities.

During the first two weeks of August 2012, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti held conference calls and in-person meetings to conduct due diligence on one another and prepare a business plan and preliminary financial information for the combined company for valuation purposes. On August 8, 2012, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti made a presentation of the business plan and preliminary financial information for the combined company to Roth for the purposes of obtaining input and guidance on the relative valuations of each company. Also, during the first two weeks of August, 2012, management of TotipotentRX reaffirmed its position that TotipotentRX would not accept an ownership share of less than 50.0% of the combined company.

On August 22, 2012, ThermoGenesis’ board of directors held a special meeting. At the meeting Mr. Plavan reviewed the status of the strategic alternatives the ThermoGenesis’ board of directors and management had been considering including the status and progress of discussions with TotipotentRX. Although the ThermoGenesis board of directors

indicated that it continued to believe that a greater than 50.0% ownership by TotipotentRX was not in the best interests of ThermoGenesis and its shareholders, the board authorized senior management to continue discussions with TotipotentRX.

During late August and early September of 2012, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti continued to have conference calls to discuss the business plan for the combined company, due diligence and relative valuation. On September 12, 2012, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti had a conference call with Roth to discuss the combined business plan, preliminary financial information and relative valuation. Roth's preliminary view did not support a greater than 50.0% ownership in the combined company by TotipotentRX. On September 13, 2012, ThermoGenesis' board of directors held a special meeting wherein Mr. Plavan presented the results of Roth's preliminary view noting that it did not support ownership percentage of greater than 50.0% by TotipotentRX. After discussion, the ThermoGenesis board agreed to continue to pursue a strategic combination with TotipotentRx under the condition that ThermoGenesis would maintain greater than 50.0% ownership of the combined company.

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During September and October of 2012, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti continued to discuss a potential merger between ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX wherein ThermoGenesis would retain greater than 50.0% ownership. Additionally, further discussion ensued regarding the management and board of director structures of the combined company.

On October 26, 2012, ThermoGenesis held a regularly scheduled board of directors meeting. During the meeting Mr. Plavan provided an update on the status of the discussions with TotipotentRX, including the valuation impasse as well complications in discussions brought about by the public announcement on October 25, 2012 that Harvest Technologies had filed a lawsuit alleging ThermoGenesis' Res-Q product infringes two Harvest patents. Based upon the uncertainty introduced by the lawsuit, and the continued inability to agree on relative valuations, Mr. Plavan recommended an indefinite deferral of merger discussions with TotipotentRX. In lieu of merger discussion, The ThermoGenesis Board authorized management to focus on opportunities to expand its commercial partnership with TotipotentRX.

During the process of pursuing a new commercial relationship with TotipotentRX, in early November 2012, Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti commenced discussions with Mr. Plavan regarding the potential for a three-way merger between ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX and another medical device oriented company operating in the cord blood sector (Company A) with a strategic focus of producing cell separation tools and accessories to support regenerative medicine. During the period November 2012 through March 7, 2013, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti explored a three-way merger with Company A, however on March 7, 2013, Mr. Plavan and Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti terminated negotiations with Company A and agreed to focus on a merger between ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX. For additional information regarding discussion and negotiations between ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX and Company A, please see the section "Strategic Discussions with Company A" below.

On March 8 and March 10, 2013, Messrs. Plavan and Harris met at ThermoGenesis' offices to continue discussing a possible merger. From March 31 through April 23, 2013, management from both ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX held various meetings to discuss the combined business plan and related preliminary financial information, conduct due diligence on each other and discuss relative valuations. On April 23, 2013, counsel for ThermoGenesis distributed the first draft of the Merger Agreement and a timeline of the proposed merger to the parties.

On April 26, 2013, the ThermoGenesis board of directors held a regularly scheduled meeting. In addition to Messrs. Plavan and Mr. Bessey ThermoGenesis Chief Financial Officer, also in attendance were Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti. Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti introduced themselves and provided their relevant professional background and experience. Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti made a presentation to the ThermoGenesis board of directors outlining the nature of TotipotentRX's operations, long-term business plan and related financial information. Discussion ensued regarding TotipotentRX's partnership with Fortis Healthcare, its Clinical Research Organization and the status and future of their clinical trials program. Both ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX then presented the proposed business plan and related financial information for the combined company. After further discussion, the ThermoGenesis board of directors agreed to engage an independent accounting firm to conduct financial due diligence on TotipotentRX. Roth, the financial advisor to ThermoGenesis' board of directors also made a presentation on the timing and steps associated with the merger timeline with additional discussion on a potential future equity financing.

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From April 26, 2013, through signing of the Merger Agreement on July 15, 2013, ThermoGenesis management met on a weekly basis with TotipotentRX management to finalize the business operating plan and associated long-term financial information, complete due diligence and negotiate the final relative ownership percentages in the combined company. Also during this time period, ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX and their respective representatives entered into numerous discussions regarding management structure and board of director composition of the combined company, employment agreements for Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti, lock-up agreements, assumption of certain TotipotentRX debt and certain India tax issues that may affect the shareholders of TotipotentRX. Based on the review and analysis of ThermoGenesis' management as well as input and guidance from ThermoGenesis' financial advisor, ThermoGenesis management determined that an exchange ratio whereby ThermoGenesis would own 57.0% of the combined company and Totipotent would own 43.0% of the combined company would be in the best interest of ThermoGenesis shareholders.

Also during the period from April 26, 2013 through the signing of the Merger Agreement, the ThermoGenesis board of directors met 15 times to monitor the status of discussions, evaluate the progress and discuss and analyze the terms of the Merger and related issues.

On July 14, 2013, the ThermoGenesis board of directors held a meeting to review the final terms of the Merger Agreement, including the associated lock-up agreement, non-compete agreement and employment agreements for Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti. The board of directors was also provided a draft copy of Roth's valuation analysis which supported the ThermoGenesis merger consideration of 43.0% relative shareholder ownership by TotipotentRX. On July 15, 2013, Roth made its formal presentation of its valuation analysis to the ThermoGenesis' board of directors followed later that day in a separate board of directors meeting in which Roth issued its fairness opinion regarding the Merger Consideration of 43.0% of the combined company to the shareholders of TotipotentRX. Following the issuance of the fairness opinion and further discussion, including discussion with counsel, ThermoGenesis' board of directors approved the Merger Agreement of ThermoGenesis with TotipotentRX.

### Alternative Strategic Discussions with Company A

During discussions with TotipotentRX, ThermoGenesis also had other discussions with another company (Company A) with respect to a potential business combination. The following is a summary of discussions which were subsequently terminated.

Early in 2012, the CEO of a privately-backed company that was developing a cell processing device for use in the cord blood industry contacted Mr. Plavan and indicated that Company A was interested discussing a potential business combination between ThermoGenesis and Company A. Company A made an unsolicited proposal to acquire ThermoGenesis in a merger that would result in Company A obtaining an ownership interest in ThermoGenesis significantly greater than 50.0%, and thus resulting in a change of control. Company A requested a response to their proposal within 10 days of delivery. On March 20, 2012, ThermoGenesis' board of directors held a meeting and discussed Company A's proposal. Following discussion, the ThermoGenesis board of directors determined that the proposed transaction structure significantly undervalued ThermoGenesis, lacked sufficient capital to execute the combination and relinquished control of the combined company to Company A. Therefore, on behalf of its stockholder, ThermoGenesis rejected the proposal.

There were no substantive discussions between ThermoGenesis and Company A with respect to a potential business combination from March 2012 to July 2012. In early August of 2012, the CEO of Company A again contacted Mr. Plavan to discuss a potential business combination between ThermoGenesis and Company A. On August 10, 2012 and August 21, 2012, Mr. Plavan met with the CEO of Company A to revisit the potential of a business combination with ThermoGenesis and Company A, with the prospect of an infusion of capital from a private equity firm invested in Company A (PE firm A) and to revisit ways to better align the two managements' strategic plans.

On August 22, 2012, ThermoGenesis' board of directors held a special meeting wherein Mr. Plavan reviewed the status of the potential strategic relationship with Company A coupled with funding from PE firm A. Based on a review and recommendation by Mr. Plavan, the board of directors authorized senior management to continue conversations with Company A to develop a business plan with a focus on driving stockholder value in the regenerative medicine markets leveraging a growth capital infusion from PE firm A.

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During September and October of 2012, Mr. Plavan had several meetings with Company A's senior management to discuss a combined business plan, attempting to drive alignment in strategic direction towards regenerative medicine, building on the base cord blood business.

On October 11, 2012, the ThermoGenesis board of directors held a special meeting wherein Mr. Plavan provided an update on the discussions with Company A regarding a possible strategic merger. Based on review, discussion and recommendation by Mr. Plavan, the ThermoGenesis board of directors agreed to cease merger conversations with Company A given the lack of progress in bridging the substantial valuation and strategic vision gaps between the two companies.

During the process of pursuing a strategic relationship with TotipotentRX, in early November 2012, Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti commenced discussions with Mr. Plavan regarding the potential for a three-way merger among ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX and Company A and a capital infusion from a private equity firm, with a strategic focus on producing cell separation tools and accessories to support regenerative medicine. On November 27, 2012, representatives of ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX and Company A met to discuss the possibility of such a combination. The parties believed that potential and existing products offered by Company A and ThermoGenesis could further enhance TotipotentRX's services in the regenerative medicine market. Further due diligence for all parties occurred over the holidays and during the month of December 2012, leading to a discussion of terms of a proposed standstill agreement and non-disclosure agreement.

From January 10<sup>th</sup> to the 27<sup>th</sup> of 2013, all three parties continued to conduct due diligence on each other and met to have further discussions regarding the business plan of the combined entity and the relative valuation of each party to the proposed merger.

On January 25, 2013, the ThermoGenesis board of directors held a regularly scheduled meeting wherein Mr. Plavan reviewed a previously circulated draft non-binding letter of intent whereby ThermoGenesis would acquire 100.0% of the outstanding shares of common stock of both TotipotentRX and Company A with the surviving entity continuing as a public company. The proposed exchange rate would result in each of the three entities owning 33.0% of the combined company, but in no circumstances would any of the three entities own more than 40.0% or less than 25.0%. In addition, PE firm A was expected to lead an approximate \$20 million financing in conjunction with the approved transaction.

On January 30, 2013, Messrs. Plavan, Harris, Sivilotti and the CEO of Company A signed the non-binding letter of intent. On February 15, 2013, Messrs. Plavan, Harris, and Sivilotti and Company A's CEO held a meeting to negotiate the terms of the proposed three-way merger. The discussions were primarily focused on the valuations of each of the companies and each company's percentage ownership of the combined company. From February 15, 2013 through March 5, 2013, the parties further negotiated ownership of each respective company in the combined company, management of the combined company, product development strategies and strategic marketing. Strong alignment in each of these areas developed between TotipotentRX and ThermoGenesis; however, after continued discussion and negotiation, management of Company A remained misaligned to these strategic imperatives.

Accordingly, on March 7, 2013 Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti notified Company A in writing that ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX were terminating the letter of intent for a three-way merger because the parties could not agree on a number of fundamental strategic initiatives.

Subsequent to March 7, 2013, certain members of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX met with Company A and PE firm A to discuss the possibility of reviving discussions. Despite numerous attempts these meetings did not result in resolution of significant structural and valuation issues. On April 18, 2013, ThermoGenesis' board of directors agreed to abandon the proposed merger involving Company A as they could not substantially bridge the gap in expectations for ownership of each respective company in the combined company, management of the combined company, product

development strategies and strategic marketing. In addition, based on review and recommendation by senior management, including Messrs. Plavan and Bessey, the board of directors agreed to move forward with a proposed merger with TotipotentRX where significant alignment of fundamental, strategic imperatives existed.



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### Market Review and Discussions with Certain Other Entities

In addition, during discussions with TotipotentRX and prior thereto, ThermoGenesis took certain steps and had certain inquiries regarding possible strategic relationships.

ThermoGenesis' board of directors and senior management reviewed from time-to-time potential industry shifts, and assessed strategic alternatives in an effort to strategically position ThermoGenesis. During 2011, the board engaged a financial advisor to assist with strategic prospects, and to perform limited inquiries to gauge interest by third-party entities interested in strategic alternatives. The outcome from these efforts did not result in any meaningful opportunities.

During 2011 a large publicly-traded company operating in the regenerative medicine industry made an unsolicited offer to purchase ThermoGenesis. The ThermoGenesis board of directors reviewed the offer and determined that it was not complete, and lacked sufficient terms to evaluate meaningfully, and therefore did not pursue the unsolicited offer.

During the period March 2012 through August 2012, a privately-held company operating in the cell based practice of medicine sector made a series of unsolicited inquiries to ThermoGenesis as to whether ThermoGenesis would be interested in being acquired. However, because this company was unwilling to make a firm offer in order for the ThermoGenesis board to make an initial determination, and because this company did not appear to have the financial resources or ability to close any proposed transaction, ThermoGenesis did not further pursue discussions.

### ThermoGenesis' Reasons for the Merger

For more than fifteen years, ThermoGenesis has been a leading supplier of enabling technologies to the global cord blood market, having more recently entered the bone marrow and platelet rich plasma processing markets.

Expectations for high growth in the cord blood markets have not been fulfilled due to a number of macro-market factors, none more influential than the lack of funding to demonstrate the clinical potential of cord blood therapies (beyond a bone marrow blood transfusion substitute). Therefore, the world-wide cord blood processing and storage market has not met the expectations for high growth. Although a relatively small overall addressable market, in the near term, serving the cord blood market remains ThermoGenesis' essential base business.

Seeking larger addressable market opportunities, beginning in 2009, ThermoGenesis expanded into adjacent markets where its automation platforms can process cells sourced from bone marrow and peripheral blood to treat damaged or diseased tissues at the bedside. Since that time, cells derived from bone marrow have become a leading candidate source for regenerative medicine therapies, a market estimated to exceed \$6 billion by 2020.

Targeting the global market for regenerative medicine has become ThermoGenesis' primary strategy for growth and enhancing shareholder value. The isolation and capture of specific stem cell formulations, in the right quantities and highest viability, quickly, safely, consistently and at the point of care is essential for successful regenerative medicine therapies. ThermoGenesis' "smart" processing technologies meet these essential requirements, having been used in over 20,000 hematopoietic stem cell transplant processing applications since 2009. Coupled with these processing capabilities, ThermoGenesis believes the speed, versatility and cost effectiveness of its processing platforms make bedside autologous cell therapy delivery highly affordable and commercially viable. Additionally, in 2010, the FDA clarified its position with regard to the in-vivo use of cells derived from a patient, used either to treat the same or unrelated patient. Such therapies will be approved by the FDA as "combination products", which they broadly define as the combination of co-labeled, optimized "cell friendly" devices, effective cell/biological formulations and cell dose. Therefore, applicants seeking FDA approval of cell therapies to treat large patient populations must possess a broad range of capabilities to effectively progress a combination product from initial application through to final PMA approval.

Although ThermoGenesis possesses extensive cell processing and storage device design, development and commercialization know-how, it lacks the depth of clinical, scientific and biological engineering experience at the bedside necessary to fully engineer and effectively navigate the evolving regulatory pathways necessary to commercialize approved blockbuster cell therapies.

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ThermoGenesis is committed to acquiring the additional capabilities necessary to fully exploit the regenerative market opportunity and fulfill its growth and value creation goals. Management believes the Merger with TotipotentRX is highly complementary and immediately fills the skillset and point-of-care experience gaps existing within ThermoGenesis today. Furthermore, ThermoGenesis' and TotipotentRX's respective management teams share a consistent vision for the market potential of individualized autologous cell therapies. If delivered safely and effectively in a single procedure at the bedside, both companies believe Cesca Therapeutics has the potential to substantially change the cost and quality of care delivered today. Cesca's primary therapies target the root cause of disease or illness which is curative. In addition, the target cost of Cesca's autologous treatments are less than the current standard of care and the clinical applications are numerous, creating meaningful opportunities for cost reductions.

ThermoGenesis believes the primary advantages of the Merger to ThermoGenesis are:

Cell Therapy Clinical Research Organization (CTCRO) – To Management's knowledge, the TotipotentRX CTCRO is the only CRO specializing in cell therapy clinical trials having full capability for processing, cryostoring and treating patients in a state-of-the art tertiary care research hospital. This combination adds to ThermoGenesis a world class cell therapy clinical data generation capability, embedded within the Fortis Hospital network. Fortis Healthcare is one of the premier private healthcare organizations globally, and operates 72 hospital facilities in 6 countries worldwide (India, UAE, Hong Kong, Singapore, Mauritius, and Canada). Within the CTCRO, TotipotentRX employs 18 clinical scientists, including PhDs, MDs and MScs, who work with Fortis surgeons managing clinical trials and providing cell therapy treatments in the operating theater. During the early phase of clinical trials, management of the operating room clinicians and technicians facilitates that ThermoGenesis' tools and clinical protocols are being consistently applied ensuring our cell formulations and dosing are optimized during each procedure. In addition, having a presence in the operating room or procedure theater ensures an invaluable feedback loop for process improvement and new product development.

Human stem cell clinical data – With the Merger, ThermoGenesis inherits one of the world's most comprehensive autologous human stem clinical data sets. TotipotentRX has over five years of clinical experience using stem cells in approximately 600 human procedures, mostly performed through the TotipotentRX/Fortis Healthcare cell therapy partnership. TotipotentRX has engaged in Pilot and Phase I/Ib clinical trials in ten specific clinical indications targeting vascular, orthopedic and neurological diseases or conditions. ThermoGenesis sees tremendous value in the safety and early efficacy results shown in these trials. Given this baseline, the combined company is poised to begin Phase 1b, Phase II/Ib or Phase II/III clinical trials in Cardiac, critical limb ischemia (CLI) and Avascular Necrosis indications within the initial year following the Merger.

Cell Therapy Clinical Protocols – TotipotentRX's extensive clinical trial experience has yielded eight cell therapy clinical protocols, each containing a proprietary cell formulation and optimized instructions for use at the point of care to ensure optimal clinical outcomes. These proprietary protocols are essential to controlling the many variables at the point of care, ensuring consistent application of the therapies and clinical outcomes. These protocols are protected by intellectual property filings and ThermoGenesis intends for them to be embedded in the approved cell therapies, ensuring the combined company maintains a proprietary marketing position.

Hospital Network – TotipotentRX is the exclusive provider of cell therapy services to Fortis Healthcare. This provides the combined company access to excellent clinical staff and world class secondary and tertiary care hospitals, along with access to more than 15,000 patients per day. This translates into the ability to enroll patients faster into the combined company's clinical trial initiatives, and each patient receiving treatment in state-of-the art facilities with first-in-class diagnostics and imaging systems. ThermoGenesis believes that this will provide it the ability to rapidly test new therapies for safety and early efficacy through ThermoGenesis' CTCRO for the combined company as well as ThermoGenesis' potential license or marketing partners, and represents an opportunity to provide contract CTCRO services.

Low cost, high quality Asian infrastructure – TotipotentRX has an experienced clinical, scientific and professional staff of approximately 51 full time employees based in New Delhi, India. TotipotentRX’s staff maintains the ability to run high quality cell therapy clinical trials, manage global regulatory filings and perform proprietary clinical product development initiatives. ThermoGenesis has found that the average professional wage rate in New Delhi to be less than 50.0% of U.S. wages for comparable positions. Thus, ThermoGenesis is filling its clinical and scientific skills gap most economically through this combination. In addition, New Delhi represents a vast pool of cost effective, highly educated and experienced resources to further grow ThermoGenesis’ capabilities as needed. Moreover, ThermoGenesis’ management estimates the cost savings achieved by TotipotentRX in performing their ten pilot, Phase I or Phase Ib clinical trials through their India CTCRO has saved in excess of \$12 million in the past five years as compared to performing the same trials in the U.S. ThermoGenesis expects its upcoming Phase I trial work planned for the combined company through its India CTCRO to generate an equivalent level of savings or better, as compared to U.S. trial costs, over the next 24 to 36 months.

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The combined company also gains the benefit of high quality, low cost cell manufacturing. The TotipotentRX cell laboratory facility within the Fortis New Delhi facility is U.S. FDA registered, ISO certified, and accredited for Good Manufacturing Practices, Good Clinical Practices, and Good Laboratory Practices by the British Standards Group (BSI).

In addition to considering the factors outlined above, the ThermoGenesis board of directors considered the following factors in reaching its conclusion to approve the Merger and to recommend that the ThermoGenesis stockholders approve the Merger Agreement and the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby including the issuance of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock in the Merger:

- ThermoGenesis will have access to TotipotentRX's extensive human clinical trial portfolio;
- ThermoGenesis will have access to TotipotentRX's highly valuable low cost clinical research organization; ThermoGenesis believes that by merging with TotipotentRX, ThermoGenesis will be able to participate in the potentially lucrative regenerative medicine industry which may provide for potentially higher margins than through the sale its products;
- TotipotentRX's expertise in clinical trials and its existing relationship with Fortis Healthcare; the results of the due diligence review of TotipotentRX's business and operations by ThermoGenesis' management, which confirmed, among other things, that TotipotentRX met the criteria set by ThermoGenesis' board for a potential merger candidate and that the assets and liabilities of TotipotentRX were substantially as represented by TotipotentRX management;
- the fact that the Merger Agreement would be submitted to the ThermoGenesis stockholders for approval;
- the future prospects for ThermoGenesis' business, and the costs of attempting to continue as an independent company;
- the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement, including the following related factors:
  - o the percentage of the combined company that the ThermoGenesis stockholders will maintain in the transaction;
  - o the fact that the exchange ratio will not fluctuate based upon changes in the price of ThermoGenesis common stock or the value of TotipotentRX common stock prior to completion of the Merger;
  - o ThermoGenesis' rights under the Merger Agreement to consider certain unsolicited acquisition proposals under certain circumstances should ThermoGenesis receive a superior proposal;
  - o the conclusion of ThermoGenesis' board of directors that the potential termination fee of \$500,000, and the circumstances when such fee may be payable, were reasonable;
  - o the no-solicitation provisions governing TotipotentRX's ability to engage in negotiations with, provide any confidential information or data to, and otherwise have discussions with, any person relating to an acquisition proposal;
  - o the belief that the terms of the Merger Agreement, including the parties' representations, warranties and covenants, and the conditions to their respective obligations, are reasonable under the circumstances; and
  - o the expectation that the Merger will be treated as a reorganization for U.S. federal income tax purposes, with the result that in the Merger, the ThermoGenesis stockholders will not recognize taxable gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

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ThermoGenesis' understanding of TotipotentRX's business, including its product candidates, TotipotentRX's experienced management team, and the prospects for value creation for ThermoGenesis stockholders in connection with the Merger;

the fairness opinion issued to the board of directors by Roth Capital Partners, LLC on July 15, 2013, analyzing the fairness of the consideration provided for in the Merger, as more fully described in Annex C;

the likelihood that the Merger will be consummated on a timely basis, including the likelihood that the Merger will receive all necessary approvals; and

the possibility that the combined entity would be able to take advantage of the potential benefits resulting from the combination.

In the course of its deliberations, ThermoGenesis' board of directors also considered a variety of risks and other countervailing factors related to entering into the Merger Agreement, including:

the risks related to TotipotentRX and the combined company as described in the risk factors set forth elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, including the risk that the combined company will not benefit from the Merger as anticipated;

the fact that the shares of ThermoGenesis common stock to be issued in the Merger will represent forty-three percent (43.0%) of the outstanding shares of common stock of the combined company immediately after completion of the Merger, thus causing ThermoGenesis stockholders to experience immediate and significant dilution in their equity interests and voting power upon completion of the Merger;

the \$500,000 termination fee payable to TotipotentRX upon the occurrence of certain events and the potential effect of such termination fee in deterring other potential acquirers from proposing an alternative transaction that may be more advantageous to ThermoGenesis stockholders;

the risks, challenges and costs inherent in combining the operations of the two companies and the substantial expenses to be incurred in connection with the Merger, including the possibility that delays or difficulties in completing the integration could adversely affect the combined company's operating results and preclude the achievement of some of the benefits anticipated from the Merger;

the risk of diverting the attention of ThermoGenesis' management from other strategic priorities to implement the Merger and make arrangements for the integration of each company's operations and infrastructure following the Merger;

the possible volatility, at least in the short term, of the trading price of ThermoGenesis' common stock resulting from the Merger announcement;

the risk that the Merger might not be consummated in a timely manner or at all;

the possibility that the anticipated benefits of the Merger may not be realized or they may be lower than expected;

the risk to ThermoGenesis' business, operations and financial results in the event that the Merger is not consummated;

the restrictions on the conduct of ThermoGenesis' business prior to completion of the Merger, which require ThermoGenesis to carry on its business in the ordinary course and consistent with past practice, subject to specific additional restrictions, which may delay or prevent ThermoGenesis from pursuing business opportunities that otherwise would be in its best interests as an independent, stand-alone company;

the substantial transaction costs and expenses that have been incurred to date and likely will be incurred in connection with the Merger; and

various other risks associated with the combined company and the Merger, including those described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

After evaluating the proposed transaction with TotipotentRX and taking into account all of the factors previously discussed and considered by the board, the board unanimously approved the Merger with TotipotentRX and authorized management to negotiate and enter into definitive agreements on terms consistent in material respects with the terms presented to the board. In making its determination, the board considered the percentage of the combined company that would be held by ThermoGenesis stockholders, the existing business and future business prospects of the combined company, the overall structure of the transaction, the terms of the Merger Agreement and the factors and

considerations described above.

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The foregoing information and factors considered by ThermoGenesis' board of directors are not intended to be exhaustive but are believed to include all of the material factors considered by ThermoGenesis' board of directors. The ThermoGenesis board of directors viewed its recommendation to approve the Merger as being based upon its business judgment in light of the totality of the information presented and considered, and the overall effect of the transaction on the stockholders of ThermoGenesis compared to other alternatives. In view of the wide variety of factors considered in connection with its evaluation of the Merger and the complexity of these matters, ThermoGenesis' board of directors did not find it useful, and did not attempt, to quantify, rank or otherwise assign relative weights to these factors. In considering the factors described above, individual members of ThermoGenesis' board of directors may have given different weight to different factors. ThermoGenesis' board of directors conducted an overall analysis of the factors described above, including discussions with, and questioning of, ThermoGenesis' management and ThermoGenesis' financial and legal advisors, and considered the factors overall to be favorable to, and to support, its determination.

### Historical Background for TotipotentRX

The TotipotentRX Corporation five year plan as presented to its Board of Directors in December 2011 and again updated in March 2013 outlined the prospects for, and TotipotentRX's gaps in, further advancing its autologous cellular therapies, disposable cellular medical devices, and cellular clinical trials services business verticals.

TotipotentRX's management advised the Board that the regulatory agencies, and most specifically the U.S. FDA were coming to a concentric opinion that "approvable" cellular therapies would require a combination product within an integrated approach to product development and the regulatory application; meaning that all devices, diagnostics, and cellular biologicals used in the preparation of autologous cell therapies would require optimization, testing, and approval as an integrated product. Therefore, for TotipotentRX to advance the commercialization of its clinical intellectual property, it would require partnering, licensing or acquisition of several key technologies, and the access to funding to complete the related technical agreements and subsequent clinical trials. TotipotentRX's Board was apprised of these requirements, and subsequently the management was authorized to license technology and raise the appropriate equity investment(s) to fund the programs. The sequence that followed was:

The first and most urgent technology necessary was the mechanical means to purify a desired cell formulation from a heterogeneous bone marrow mixture within a short and highly controlled time period. In 2011 there were two commercially available platforms and one early development stage platform. Using an internal technological vetting process the prospective list was shortened to two. TotipotentRX had an existing distribution relationship with one of the manufacturers of a commercially available device, ThermoGenesis, and initial discussions were started which led to a collaborative Phase 1b clinical trial. At that time ThermoGenesis was not ready for licensing the technology exclusively in the cardiovascular space and had existing contractual limitations in the orthopedic space.

Simultaneously, TotipotentRX pursued the product still in development and completed a global exclusive license agreement for intracoronary delivery of cells, but the option for orthopedic applications had already been licensed to another third-party. The licensed product ultimately failed in repeated laboratory experiments throughout 2011 and 2012.

The second requirement of TotipotentRX was to raise the necessary capital to expand its clinical intellectual property and clinical trials organization, and a Series B funding was completed in January 2012 to advance the pilot trial clinical programs in cardiovascular and orthopedic indications.

Having limited access to a commercializable cell processing technology and planning to do another substantial capital raise for advancing several of its high impact clinical therapies, TotipotentRX's management approached ThermoGenesis' new Chief Executive Officer in March 2012 to consider a merger of the two companies.



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Management felt the synergies between the two companies were obvious:

- ThermoGenesis required significant leaps in clinical capability to catch-up and to recognize the value of their processing platform,
- ThermoGenesis had engineering strength to execute on the design changes required by TotipotentRX,
- TotipotentRX has the clinical competence to provide the clinical leap required by ThermoGenesis, and
- ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX jointly could create a company that would have considerable synergy value.

On March 28, 2012 Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti held an initial meeting with Matt Plavan, ThermoGenesis CEO to discuss the concept of combining the companies.

Subsequent to the March 28, 2012 meeting, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti met again in June and July 2012 in addition to holding several conference calls to conduct due diligence, discuss the potential for combining the companies, and to discuss relative valuation. Effective April 4, 2012, ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX entered into a mutual non-disclosure agreement and on June 21, 2012, in connection with further due diligence efforts, MK Alliance and TotipotentRX granted ThermoGenesis access to a data room created on OneHub. Jointly on behalf of both Boards, MK Alliance and TotipotentRX, Mr. Harris presented a rationale for majority ownership position by MK Alliance's and Totipotent's shareholders in the combined company. The rationale was that ThermoGenesis stock price was severally depressed and in the opinion of Mr. Harris and Mr. Sivilotti the private cord blood business would face serious headwinds. During the same conversations Mr. Plavan communicated that he did not believe a greater than 50.0% ownership by MK Alliance and TotipotentRX shareholders in the combined company would be acceptable to ThermoGenesis and its shareholders, however all parties agreed that it was too early to fully assess each other without deeper diligence.

On June 20, 2012, Mr. Harris and Sivilotti presented an initial update to the Board of MK Alliance and subsequently to the Board of TotipotentRX. Both Boards approved expanding the diligence process even though the valuation concerns remained.

On July 22 and 23, 2012 Mr. Harris and Sivilotti traveled with Mr. Plavan to tour TotipotentRX's India facilities and perform assess the GMP medical device operations of MK Alliance and the cellular GMP and clinical trial operations of TotipotentRX, including diligence sessions on their Clinical Research Organization, clinical trial process and the Fortis hospital. Mr. Plavan was given full access to staff, records, doctors, and facilities.

During the first two weeks of August 2012, Messrs. Harris, Sivilotti and Plavan held conference calls and in-person meetings to conduct due diligence on one another and prepare a business plan and preliminary financial information for the combined company for valuation purposes.

On August 8, 2012, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti made a presentation of the business plan and preliminary financial information for the combined company to Roth in their headquarters in Newport Beach, California for the purposes of obtaining input and guidance on the relative valuations of each company.

Discussions and diligence with ThermoGenesis continued in the months of September and October 2012, however the challenges remained per Mr. Plavan that the valuation splits were likely unacceptable to ThermoGenesis.

The discussions with ThermoGenesis slowed by the second week in October 2012, and both the Board of MK Alliance and TotipotentRX felt the potential for reaching an agreeable valuation was becoming challenging.

During the third week in October 2012, TotipotentRX research team continued diligence on another pre-production lot of the licensed technology, and the results were extremely discouraging.

On November 17, 2012, TotipotentRX served a breach of contract notice to the licensor of the early stage cell processing device. The Board of TotipotentRX considered its options of litigation, and retained counsel to pursue the licensor for breach of contract. The Board of TotipotentRX authorized management to approach ThermoGenesis for a development collaboration and potential license to ThermoGenesis' MXP platform.

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During the process of pursuing a new commercial relationship for potential access to ThermoGenesis MXP processing Mr. Harris and Mr. Sivilotti commenced discussions with Mr. Plavan regarding the potential for a three-way merger between ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX/MK Alliance (in combination) plus another medical device early development company (Company A) with a strategic focus of producing cell separation tools and accessories to support regenerative medicine. Company A had a venture capital firm (VC A) interested in options for combining the companies.

On December 22, 2012 the Boards of TotipotentRX and subsequently MK Alliance authorized Mr. Harris to enter into full diligence and discussions with ThermoGenesis, Company A and VC A.

During the period November 2012 through March 2013, Messrs. Plavan, Harris and Sivilotti explored a three-way merger with Company A however the parties could not agree on the proper split. On February 20, 2012 Mr. Harris and Mr. Plavan met and jointly discussed the impasse with Company A and VCA.

On March 1, 2013 the TotipotentRX Board and subsequently MK Alliance Board was updated on the recommendation of Mr. Harris and Mr. Sivilotti that the three way merger was no longer practical due to unreasonable demands of Company A and VC A on devaluing all other parties, i.e. ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX and MK Alliance. The Boards of TotipotentRX and MK Alliance authorized the termination of further merger discussions.

On March 7, 2013, Mr. Plavan and Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti terminated negotiations with Company A and VCA and agreed to focus on a merger between ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX/MK Alliance.

On March 8 and March 10, 2013, Messrs. Plavan and Harris met at ThermoGenesis' offices to continue discussing a possible merger. From March 31 through April 23, 2013, management from both ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX held various meetings to discuss the combined business plan and related preliminary financial information, conduct due diligence on each other and discuss relative valuations. On April 23, 2013, counsel for ThermoGenesis distributed the first draft of the Merger Agreement and a timeline of the proposed merger to the parties.

On March 24, 2013 MK Alliance, Inc.'s corporate counsel presented a notice that the Board of MK Alliance should consider a potential conflict as follows:

1. Mr. Harris and Mr. Sivilotti potentially be employees of a joint company with ThermoGenesis
2. MK Alliance and TotipotentRX have the same corporate counsel
3. Mr. Harris, Mr. Sivilotti and Mr. Rehra are on both the MK Alliance and TotipotentRX boards

The Boards deferred all authority to accept the conflict or hire a second legal firm, to the independent directors, Dr. Gary Cohan for MK Alliance, and Mr. Michael Rhein for TotipotentRX. Both independent directors considered the cost of doubling up the legal fees, and felt that both MK Alliance and TotipotentRX shared the same desires and goals. The decision by Dr. Cohan and Mr. Rhein was to waive the conflict and appoint Troy Gould to represent both companies was signed on March 24, 2013 and presented into the records of both Boards on May 26, 2013.

Discussions and diligence between ThermoGenesis, MK Alliance (represented by Mitchel Sivilotti), and TotipotentRX (represented by Ken Harris) continued in April and May. Also during this time period, ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX and their respective representatives entered into numerous discussions regarding management structure and board of director composition of the combined company, employment agreements for Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti, lock-up agreements, assumption of certain TotipotentRX debt and certain India tax issues that may affect the shareholders of TotipotentRX.

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Mr. Harris and Mr. Sivilotti updated the Board of MK Alliance and TotipotentRX on June 2, 2013 that the anticipated valuation split with ThermoGenesis would be 43.0% to 45.0% of the combined company to be held by MK Alliance and TotipotentRX. The Boards discussed the near term dilutive effect to the shareholders, but the Directors agreed the opportunity for medium term appreciation outweighed the short term dilution and risk that further negotiation for incremental ownership could create a walk away by ThermoGenesis.

The Boards of MK Alliance and TotipotentRX met five more times between June 2, 2013 and July 15, 2013.

The shareholders of MK Alliance and TotipotentRX unanimously approved through written consent the merger of the companies. The consents were gathered from July 3 to July 9, 2013. MK Alliance (surviving as TotipotentRX) also approved the appointment of Mr. Michael Rhein, former independent director from TotipotentRX, to its board.

On July 15, 2013, the TotipotentRX board held a meeting to review the final terms of the Merger Agreement, including the associated lock-up agreement, non-compete agreement and employment agreements for Messrs. Harris and Sivilotti. The management valuation report and the due diligence final reports were also presented. After careful consideration the Board unanimously approved the merger agreement with ThermoGenesis.

### TotipotentRX's Reasons for the Merger; Recommendation of the TotipotentRX Board of Directors

The TotipotentRX board of directors has determined that the terms of the Merger are fair and in the best interests of TotipotentRX and its shareholders. Accordingly, the board of directors approved the Merger Agreement including the Merger and related transactions contemplated thereby, and recommended that Totipotent's shareholders consent vote FOR the Merger Agreement including the Merger and related transactions contemplated thereby.

The TotipotentRX board considered a number of factors in reaching its decision, without assigning any specific or relative weight to such factors. The material factors considered included:

- ThermoGenesis processing technology in all fields of use;
- ThermoGenesis' engineering competency;
- ThermoGenesis' scaled cell processing device manufacturing which was approaching Six Sigma quality;
- information concerning the business, operations, net worth, liabilities, cash assets and needs, and future business prospects of TotipotentRX and ThermoGenesis, both individually and on a combined basis;
- the belief that by combining operations, the combined company would have better opportunities for future growth than TotipotentRX would have on its own;
- the current and prospective economic and competitive environments facing TotipotentRX as a stand-alone company;
- the fact that the holders of TotipotentRX common stock would own 43.0% of the outstanding common stock of the combined company;
- the belief that the Merger would provide TotipotentRX with additional management and financial resources;
- the opportunity for TotipotentRX's shareholders to benefit from potential appreciation in the value of the combined company's common stock; and
- the expectation that the Merger would be accomplished on a tax-free basis for United States federal income tax purposes for TotipotentRX shareholders, except for taxes payable on cash received by TotipotentRX stockholders in lieu of fractional shares and holders who exercise their dissenters rights.

In addition to considering the factors outlined above, the TotipotentRX board of directors considered the following factors in reaching its conclusion to approve the Merger and to recommend that the TotipotentRX stockholders approve the Merger Agreement, all of which it viewed as supporting its decision to approve the business combination with ThermoGenesis:

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- the results of the due diligence review of ThermoGenesis' business and operations by TotipotentRX's management confirmed that the assets and liabilities of ThermoGenesis were substantially as represented by ThermoGenesis management;
- the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement, including the following related factors:
  - o the number of shares of the combined company that the TotipotentRX shareholders will receive in the transaction;
  - o the fact that the exchange ratios will not fluctuate based upon changes in the price of ThermoGenesis common stock or the value of TotipotentRX common stock prior to completion of the Merger;
  - o the conclusion of TotipotentRX's board of directors that the potential termination fee of \$500,000, and the circumstances when such fee may be payable, were reasonable;
  - o the no-solicitation provisions governing ThermoGenesis' ability to engage in negotiations with, provide any confidential information or data to, and otherwise have discussions with, any person relating to an acquisition proposal; and
  - o the belief that the terms of the Merger Agreement, including the parties' representations, warranties and covenants, and the conditions to their respective obligations, are reasonable under the circumstances; and
  - o the opportunity for TotipotentRX shareholders to hold shares of a publicly traded company;
- the likelihood that the Merger will be consummated on a timely basis, including the likelihood that the merger will receive all necessary approvals;
- the possibility that the combined entity would be able to take advantage of the potential benefits resulting from the combination of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX; and
- the TotipotentRX board of directors' consideration of strategic alternatives to the Merger.

The TotipotentRX board also considered a number of risks and potentially negative factors in its deliberations concerning the Merger, including the risk factors described elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, and in particular:

- the risk that the Merger would not be completed in a timely manner or at all;
- the substantial expenses to be incurred in connection with the Merger;
- the fact that TotipotentRX's shareholders will not receive the full benefit of any future growth in the value of their equity that TotipotentRX may have achieved as an independent company;
- the restrictions on the ability of the Principal Stockholders to freely trade their shares of ThermoGenesis common stock for a certain period of time following the effective date of the Merger;
- the risks associated with the existing operations of ThermoGenesis;
- the limitations on TotipotentRX, as set forth in the Merger Agreement, from engaging in discussions and negotiations with any party, other than ThermoGenesis, concerning a business combination involving TotipotentRX;
- the possibility that TotipotentRX will be required to pay the termination fee provided for in the Merger Agreement;
- the risk that the potential benefits of the Merger may not be realized;
- the risks, challenges and costs inherent in combining the operations of the two companies and the substantial expenses to be incurred in connection with the Merger, including the possibility that delays or difficulties in completing the integration could adversely affect the combined company's operating results and preclude the achievement of some of the benefits anticipated from the Merger;
- the restrictions on the conduct of TotipotentRX's business prior to completion of the Merger, which require TotipotentRX to carry on its business in the ordinary course and consistent with past practice, subject to specific additional restrictions, which may delay or prevent TotipotentRX from pursuing business opportunities that otherwise would be in its best interests as an independent, stand-alone company;
- the possible volatility, at least in the short term, of the trading price of ThermoGenesis' common stock following the Merger;
- the risk of diverting management's attention from other strategic priorities to implement Merger integration efforts;

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the risk that the Merger might not be consummated in a timely manner or at all and the potential adverse effect of the public announcement of the announcing the delay or non-consummation of the Merger on TotipotentRX's reputation; the risk to TotipotentRX's business, operations and financial results in the event that the Merger is not consummated; and

various other risks associated with the combined company and the Merger, including those described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

The board of directors of TotipotentRX determined that the Merger is preferable to the other alternatives which might be available to TotipotentRX, such as remaining independent and attempting to grow organically using equity or debt financings, or engaging in a transaction with another party. The TotipotentRX board made that determination because it believes that the Merger will unite two companies with complementary needs, assets and board members, thereby creating a combined company with greater capital strength and profitability potential than TotipotentRX possesses on a stand-alone basis or that TotipotentRX might be able to achieve through other alternatives.

For the reasons set forth above, the board of directors of TotipotentRX recommends that holders of TotipotentRX common stock vote to approve the Merger Agreement, including Merger and transactions contemplated thereby.

Opinion of Roth Capital Partners

The ThermoGenesis board of directors retained Roth Capital Partners, LLC (Roth) to render an opinion as to the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the consideration to be paid in the Merger by ThermoGenesis.

On July 15, 2013, Roth rendered its oral opinion to the board of directors of ThermoGenesis (which was subsequently confirmed in writing by delivery of Roth's written opinion dated the same date) to the effect that, based upon and subject to the assumptions, factors, qualifications and limitations set forth in the written opinion described herein, as of July 15, 2013, the total consideration to be paid by ThermoGenesis in connection with the Merger, including the Merger Consideration, is fair to ThermoGenesis from a financial point of view.

Roth's opinion was prepared solely for the information of the board of directors of ThermoGenesis and only addressed the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the total consideration to be paid by ThermoGenesis in connection with the Merger, including the Merger Consideration. Roth was not requested to opine as to, and Roth's opinion does not address, the relative merits of the Merger Agreement or the Merger or any alternatives to such transactions, ThermoGenesis' underlying decision to proceed with or effect the Merger, or any other aspect of the Merger. The summary of Roth's opinion in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of its written opinion, which is included as Annex C to this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and sets forth the procedures followed, assumptions made, qualifications and limitations on the review undertaken and other matters considered by Roth in preparing its opinion. However, neither Roth's written opinion nor the summary of its opinion and the related analyses set forth in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation are intended to be, and they do not constitute, advice or a recommendation to any stockholder as to how such stockholder should act or vote with respect to any matter relating to the Merger.

The terms of the Merger, the Merger Consideration, and the related transactions were determined through arm's length negotiations between ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX and were approved unanimously by ThermoGenesis' board of directors. Roth did not determine the consideration to be paid by ThermoGenesis to TotipotentRX shareholders in connection with the Merger.

The full text of Roth's opinion, which sets forth the assumptions made, general procedures followed, factors considered and limitations on the review undertaken by Roth in rendering its opinion is attached as Annex C and is incorporated herein by reference. ThermoGenesis urges you to read the opinion in its entirety. The summary of the opinion of Roth set forth below is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the opinion. Roth's opinion,

based upon and subject to the procedures followed, assumptions made, qualifications and limitations on the review undertaken and the other factors Roth deemed relevant, is that the total consideration to be paid by ThermoGenesis in connection with the Merger, including the Merger Consideration, is fair to ThermoGenesis, from a financial point of view.

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In connection with rendering the opinion described above and performing its related financial analyses, Roth, among other things:

- reviewed the financial terms of a draft of the Merger Agreement dated July 15, 2013;
- reviewed certain financial information regarding ThermoGenesis provided to Roth by senior management of ThermoGenesis;
- reviewed certain publicly available financial statements and other information concerning ThermoGenesis;
- reviewed certain financial projections prepared by senior management of ThermoGenesis;
- participated in certain discussions among members of senior management of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX; discussed the past and current operations and financial condition and the prospects of the Merger with ThermoGenesis' senior management members;
- compared certain financial terms of the Merger to the financial terms, to the extent publicly available, of certain other acquisition transactions that Roth deemed to be comparable to the Merger; and
- reviewed such other financial studies and analyses and conducted such other investigations as Roth deemed necessary or appropriate for the purpose of rendering its opinion.

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses performed by Roth in connection with the preparation of its fairness opinion, which opinion was rendered orally to the board of directors of ThermoGenesis (and subsequently confirmed in writing by delivery of Roth's written opinion dated the same date) on July 15, 2013. The preparation of analyses and a fairness opinion is a complex analytic process involving various determinations as to the most appropriate and relevant methods of financial analysis and the application of those methods to the particular circumstances and, therefore, such an opinion is not readily susceptible to summary description and this summary does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Roth or the delivery of Roth's opinion to the board of directors of ThermoGenesis.

This summary includes information presented in tabular format. In order to fully understand the financial analyses presented by Roth, the tables must be read together with the text of each analysis summary and considered as a whole. The tables alone do not constitute a complete summary of the financial analyses. Considering any portion of such analyses and of the factors considered, without considering all analyses and factors, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the process underlying Roth's opinion.

In arriving at its opinion, Roth assumed and relied upon, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of the information that was publicly available or supplied or otherwise made available to Roth by ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX and further relied upon the assurances of ThermoGenesis that it is not aware of any facts that would make any of the information reviewed by Roth inaccurate, incomplete or misleading in any material respect. Roth expressed no opinion with respect to the fairness of the amount or nature of the compensation to any of TotipotentRX's officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons and the assumption by ThermoGenesis of certain TotipotentRX debt due to the Principal Stockholders, relative to the consideration to be paid to the holders of shares of TotipotentRX common stock in the Merger.

With respect to the financial forecasts relating to ThermoGenesis prepared by the management of ThermoGenesis, Roth assumed that they had been reasonably prepared reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of ThermoGenesis' management as to the future financial performance of ThermoGenesis. Roth was not engaged to assess the achievability of any projections or the assumptions on which they were based, and Roth expressed no view as to such projections or assumptions. In addition, Roth did not assume any responsibility for any independent valuation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities of ThermoGenesis, nor was Roth furnished with any such valuation or appraisal. Roth did not assume any obligation to conduct, and did not conduct, any physical inspection of the properties or facilities of ThermoGenesis.



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Roth assumed that the Merger will be consummated in accordance with the terms set forth in the Merger Agreement. Roth also assumed that the representations and warranties of each party in the Merger Agreement are true and correct, that each party will perform on a timely basis all covenants and agreements required to be performed by it under the Merger Agreement and that all conditions to the consummation of the Merger will be satisfied without waiver thereof. Roth further assumed that the draft of the Merger Agreement provided to Roth will conform in all material respects to the Merger Agreement and that the Merger will be consummated in all material respects as described in the draft of the Merger Agreement provided to Roth. Finally, Roth also assumed that all governmental, regulatory and other consents and approvals contemplated by the Merger Agreement will be obtained and that, in the course of obtaining any of those consents and approvals, no modification, delay, limitation, restriction or condition will be imposed or waivers made that would have an adverse effect on ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX or on the contemplated benefits of the Merger. Roth is not a legal, tax or regulatory advisor. Roth's fairness opinion was approved by its fairness committee.

Roth's opinion is necessarily based on economic, market and other conditions as they existed and the information made available to Roth as of July 15, 2013, which is the date of the Roth opinion. Although subsequent developments may affect the opinion, Roth does not have any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm its opinion and Roth expressly disclaims any responsibility to do so. Roth did not express any opinion as to the underlying valuation, future performance or long-term viability of ThermoGenesis or as to what the value of the shares of ThermoGenesis actually will be when issued to holders of TotipotentRX pursuant to the Merger or the prices at which shares of ThermoGenesis common stock will trade at any time.

The Merger Consideration was determined through arm's length negotiations between ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX and was approved by the ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX boards of directors. Although Roth provided advice to ThermoGenesis' board of directors during these negotiations, the decision to enter into the Merger was solely that of ThermoGenesis' board of directors. Roth's opinion and its presentation to ThermoGenesis' board of directors was one of many factors taken into consideration by the ThermoGenesis board of directors in deciding to approve, adopt and authorize the Merger Agreement. Consequently, the analyses as described herein should not be viewed as determinative of the opinion of ThermoGenesis' board of directors with respect to the Merger Consideration or of whether ThermoGenesis' board of directors would have been willing to agree to different consideration. The following is a brief summary of each of the material analyses performed by Roth in connection with its opinion letter dated July 15, 2013.

In furnishing its opinion, Roth does not admit that it is an expert within the meaning of the term "expert" as used in the Securities Act of 1933 and the rules and regulations thereunder, nor does it admit that its opinion constitutes a report or valuation within the meaning of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933. Roth did not attempt to combine the analyses described herein into one composite valuation range, nor did Roth assign any quantitative weight to any of the analyses or the other factors considered. Furthermore, in arriving at its opinion, Roth did not attribute any particular weight to any analysis or factor considered by it, but rather made qualitative judgments as to the significance and relevance of each analysis and factor in light of one another. Accordingly, Roth has stated that it believes that its analyses must be considered as a whole and that considering any portion of its analyses, without considering all of the analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the process underlying its opinion or the conclusions to be drawn therefrom.

In conducting the analysis as to the fairness to ThermoGenesis, from a financial point of view, of the consideration to be paid by ThermoGenesis pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, Roth conducted a stand-alone valuation of ThermoGenesis. Roth then conducted a valuation of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX as a pro-forma combined entity, against which Roth compared the pro-forma ThermoGenesis ownership based on the Merger Agreement, with ThermoGenesis' stand-alone valuation.

The results of the application by Roth of each of the valuation methodologies utilized in connection with its fairness opinion is summarized below.

Stand-Alone Valuation

Roth conducted an analysis of the value of ThermoGenesis on a stand-alone basis. In determining the value, Roth reviewed and conducted:

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- Comparable Companies Analysis;
- Precedent M&A Transactions Analysis;
- Discounted Cash Flow Analysis of the projected operations of ThermoGenesis; and
- Market valuation Analysis.

Utilizing the various valuation methodologies listed above and based on ThermoGenesis' fiscal year end 2013 projected revenues of \$18.2 million, Roth estimated a valuation of ThermoGenesis utilizing the Comparable Companies Analysis of \$23.7 million to \$25.7 million; Precedent M&A Transactions Analysis of \$32.2 million to \$40.4 million; Discounted Cash Flow Analysis of \$30.6 million to \$39.3 million; and Market Valuation Analysis of \$21.7 million to \$23.4 million. Roth then determined the average of these four methodologies which ranged from \$27.0 million to \$32.2 million, leading to a \$29.6 million stand-alone average value.

The results of these analyses are summarized as follows:

Methodology	2013 Projected Revenue	EV/2013 Revenue Multiple		Implied Enterprise Value	
		Low	High	Low	High
Comparable Companies Analysis	\$ 18,227	1.3x	1.4 x	\$23,697	\$25,704
Precedent M&A Transactions <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 18,227	1.8x	2.2 x	\$32,230	\$40,400
DCF (Revenue Multiple Method) <sup>(b)(c)(d)(e)</sup>	\$ 18,227	1.7x	2.2 x	\$30,649	\$39,256
ThermoGenesis Market Valuation <sup>(f)</sup>	\$ 18,227	1.2x	1.3 x	\$21,716	\$23,370
Average	\$ 18,227	1.5x	1.8 x	\$27,073	\$32,182

## Notes:

High and low ranges are based on mean and median values.

(a) Based on selected transactions from January 1, 2008 to July 12, 2013.

(b) Based on Max and Min values.

(c) DCF calculated with median discount rate of 17.0% and median terminal revenue multiple of 1.5x.

(d) EBITDA used a proxy for free cash flow.

(e) Based on projections from 2013 to 2020.

(f) Based on 52 week high/low as of July 12, 2013.

## Comparable Companies Analysis

The comparable companies' analysis uses data from comparable guideline companies to develop a measure of current value for ThermoGenesis based on its current and estimated sales, operating income and earnings per share. The theory underlying the comparable companies' valuation is that companies in the same industry with similar operating characteristics should have certain valuation benchmarks in common. The goal of the analysis is to develop a premise for relative value, which when coupled with other valuation approaches, presents a foundation for determining a range of firm value.

Under this analysis, Roth assembled a peer group of comparable companies among clinical technologies companies based on the following criteria: lines of business, maturity of business, business model and risks, size and scale of operations, growth prospects and other relevant characteristics. Roth examined and compared each company's performance, profitability, leverage and business trends. Based on these analyses, a number of financial multiples and ratios are calculated to gauge each company's relative performance and valuation.

The following companies were included in Roth's comparable companies' analysis:

China Cord Blood Corporation:

China Cord Blood Corporation, together with its subsidiaries, primarily engages in the provision of umbilical cord blood storage and ancillary services in the People's Republic of China. The company provides cord blood testing, processing, and storage services under the direction of subscribers; laboratory testing and hematopoietic stem cell services; and tests, processes, and stores donated cord blood, as well as offers matching services. As of March 31, 2013, it had three operating cord blood banks in the Beijing municipality, the Guangdong province, and the Zhejiang province. China Cord Blood Corporation is based in Central, Hong Kong. (Source: Capital IQ)

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Rochester Medical Corporation:

Rochester Medical Corporation engages in the development, manufacture, and marketing of PVC-free and latex-free urinary continence and urine drainage care products for the home and acute care markets. Its home care products include silicone male external catheters (MECs) under the UltraFlex, Pop-On, Wide Band, Natural, Clear Advantage, Transfix, and Spirit names for managing male urinary incontinence; latex MECs under the Freedom and Freedom Plus names for managing male urinary incontinence; intermittent catheters, such as standard, antibacterial, hydrophilic, and antibacterial personal catheters in various diameters for male, female, and pediatric use; and the FemSoft Insert, a liquid-filled urethral insert for managing stress urinary incontinence in adult females. The company's acute care products comprise standard and StrataSI silicone Foley catheters, as well as StrataNF catheter, an antibacterial Foley catheter that reduces the incidence of hospital acquired urinary tract infection. It also distributes ostomy, and wound and scar care products and accessories; anti-decubitus mattresses; and other branded urological products. Rochester Medical Corporation offers its products to distributors, individual hospitals, healthcare institutions, and extended care facilities. The company markets its products primarily under the Rochester Medical brand name through a direct sales force in the United States, the United Kingdom, and the Netherlands; and supplies to various medical product companies and group purchasing organizations, as well as markets through independent distributors in other international markets. Rochester Medical Corporation was founded in 1988 and is headquartered in Stewartville, Minnesota. (Source: Capital IQ)

Cryo-Cell International:

Cryo-Cell International, Inc. engages in cellular processing and cryogenic cellular storage, with a focus on the collection and preservation of umbilical cord (U-Cord) blood stem cells for family use. Its Menstrual Stem Cell technology allows women to store their own menstrual stem cells, which regenerative capabilities as stem cells from umbilical cord blood or bone marrow. The company offers menstrual stem cell service to capture self-renewing stem cells, and processes and cryopreserves them for cellular therapies and potential treatment of various life threatening diseases, such as stroke, heart disease, diabetes, neurodegenerative diseases, and ischemic wounds. Its services also include reproductive tissue storage service, which includes storage of cryopreserved embryos, oocytes, and sperm; and cord tissue service, which stores a section of the umbilical cord tissue for use in regenerative medicine research of potential therapies for various conditions, including heart disease, stroke, multiple sclerosis, and diabetes. The company markets its cord blood stem cell preservation services directly to expectant parents, as well as by distributing information through obstetricians, pediatricians, childbirth educators, certified nurse-midwives, and other related healthcare professionals. It stores approximately 275,000 cord blood specimens worldwide. The company holds research and development agreement with Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc. to collaborate on research utilizing the company's menstrual stem cell technology in pre-clinical models for certain neurological diseases and disorders. Cryo-Cell International, Inc. was founded in 1989 and is headquartered in Oldsmar, Florida. (Source: Capital IQ)

Cord Blood America:

Cord Blood America, Inc., through its subsidiaries, provides private cord blood stem cell preservation services to families in the United States, Puerto Rico, Germany, Spain, Italy, Argentina, Uruguay, and Paraguay. Its services include collection of materials, physician and customer support, transportation, and comprehensive testing. The company is headquartered in Las Vegas, Nevada. (Source: Capital IQ)

Roth concluded that the enterprise value for ThermoGenesis on a comparable company basis ranged from \$23.7 million to \$25.7 million which compared favorably to the enterprise value represented by the consideration to be paid by ThermoGenesis in the Merger, including the Merger Consideration. This enterprise value range was calculated using the relative valuation metric of ThermoGenesis estimated 2013 revenue multiplied by the mean and median enterprise value/revenue multiples of the comparable companies. The comparable company metrics were based off of trading multiples as of July 12, 2013.



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This analysis yielded the following (in millions):

Blood Banking/Consumables Comps  
(\$ in millions, except per share data)

Company	7/12/13 Price	52		(3 Mo) Avg Daily	Market Cap.	Enterprise			LTM Revenue	EV/Rev. LTM
		week Low	week High	Value Traded		Value	Cash	Debt		
China Cord Blood Corporation	\$3.39	\$2.21	\$3.50	\$0.000	\$247.5	\$136.8	\$240.4	\$129.0	\$87.8	1.6 x
Rochester Medical Corporation	\$15.14	\$9.11	\$15.80	\$0.552	\$186.8	\$164.0	\$22.8	\$0.0	\$67.8	2.4 x
Cryo-Cell International, Inc.	\$1.94	\$1.80	\$2.60	\$0.013	\$21.0	\$18.1	\$2.9	\$0.0	\$18.8	1.0 x
Cord Blood America Inc.	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.02	\$0.033	\$1.6	\$3.4	\$0.4	\$1.5	\$5.8	0.6 x
Mean				\$0.150	\$114.2	\$80.6	\$66.6	\$32.6	\$45.1	\$1.4 x
Median				\$0.023	\$103.9	\$77.4	\$12.8	\$0.8	\$43.3	\$1.3 x

## Precedent M&amp;A Transactions Analysis

The precedent transaction analysis uses data based on the values acquirers have previously placed on comparable companies in a merger or acquisition to develop a measure of current value for ThermoGenesis.

Roth examined precedent transactions, from January 1, 2008 through July 12, 2013, involving clinical technologies companies that it viewed as similar to ThermoGenesis which included companies involved in the blood banking / consumables space.

These entities were selected on the basis of the nature of their businesses, their size and operating characteristics. The data available on these transactions, due in part to their size, is limited. Roth examined the data points set out in the table below for the selected precedent transactions.

Closing Date	Target	Buyers	Total Transaction Value (M)	TTM Revenue (Target)	Revenue Multiple
03/08/2013	Goodman Co., Ltd.	Nipro Corporation	\$184.2	\$173.6	1.1 x
02/24/2013	HemoCue AB	Radiometer Medical ApS	\$300.00	\$115.4	2.6 x
10/04/2012	Stellacure GmbH	MediVision Trägergesellschaft mbH	\$117.0	NA	NA
08/10/2012	Lifebank Corp.	Inception Biosciences Inc.	\$4.9	\$3.1	1.6 x
07/25/2012	Aspen Surgical Products, Inc.	Hill-Rom, Inc.	\$400.0	\$120.0	3.3 x
1/27/2012	Florida's Blood Centers, Inc.	OneBlood, Inc.	NA	NA	NA
		Advanced Medical Solutions Group			
12/02/2011	RESORBA Wundversorgung	plc	\$85.4	\$26.9	3.2 x
8/15/2011	Attends Healthcare Products, Inc.	Domtar Corporation	\$300.0	\$200.0	1.5 x
08/02/2011	Byrne Medical, Inc.	Medivators Inc.	\$109.8	\$38.6	2.8 x
07/11/2011	Coral Blood Services, Inc.	The American National Red Cross	\$3.0	NA	NA
	Blood Bank Of The Redwoods				
06/30/2011	Inc.	Blood Centers Of The Pacific	NA	NA	NA
04/30/2011	NeoCells, Inc.	Cord Blood America Inc.	\$0.3	NA	NA
03/01/2011		Acme United Corp.	\$3.4	\$5.4	0.6 x

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Pac-Kit Safety Equipment Co., Inc. Reproductive Genetics Institute, 02/24/2011 Inc.	Cord Blood America Inc.	\$ 0.1	NA	NA	
01/05/2011 Elastic Therapy, Inc. Central Illinois Community 07/31/2010 Blood Center	DJO, LLC Mississippi Valley Regional Blood Center, Inc.	\$ 45.8	\$ 26.0	1.8	x
04/19/2010 BioCells, Inc. 04/09/2010 Sorin Group USA, Inc.	Cord Blood America Inc. Cytomedix, Inc.	\$ 2.1	\$ 1.2	1.8	x
03/07/2010 York S/A. Indústria E Comércio 12/31/2009 Vista Cord LLC Power Medical Interventions, 07/28/2009 Inc.	Hypermarcas SA Family Cord, Inc. United States Surgical Corporation	\$ 11.0	\$ 9.6	1.2	x
11/25/2008 Distrex Ibérica S.A. 10/04/2008 Life Sera Inc. 03/10/2008 Specialized Health Products	Cederroth Distrex, S.A. Octapharma AG CR Bard Inc.	\$ 54.3	\$ 35.6	1.5	x
	Mean	\$ 90.9	\$ 51.6	2.2	x
	Median	\$ 57.2	\$ 26.5	1.8	x

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Roth also examined enterprise value/LTM (last twelve months) revenue multiples for the selected precedent transactions, which yielded multiples ranging from 1.8x – 2.2x. The median enterprise value/LTM revenue multiple for the selected precedent transactions was 1.8x. The mean enterprise value/LTM revenue multiple for the selected precedent transactions was 2.2x. This implied a valuation range of \$32.2 million to \$40.4 million for ThermoGenesis.

Roth believed that this analysis is very imprecise due to its lack of fundamental valuation based on the future cash flow generation capabilities of ThermoGenesis. Roth applied LTM revenue multiples from the precedent transactions to ThermoGenesis' projected revenue for 2013.

This analysis yielded the following relative valuation range (in millions):

	Revenue Multiple	Relative Value
Mean	2.2	x \$ 40.4
Median	1.8	x \$ 32.2

Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

The discounted cash flow analysis is a “forward looking” methodology and is based on projected future cash flows to be generated by ThermoGenesis which are then discounted back to the present. This methodology has three primary components: (1) the present value of projected unlevered cash flows for a determined period; (2) the present value of the terminal value of cash flows (representing firm value beyond the time horizon on the projections); and (3) the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) used to discount such future cash flows and terminal value back to the present. In the discounted cash flow analysis, Roth used EBITDA as a proxy for free cash flow. The future cash flows plus the terminal value of such cash flows are discounted by the company's risk-adjusted cost of capital, the WACC, to derive a present value.

In conducting its discounted cash flow analysis for the purpose of determining the enterprise value of ThermoGenesis, Roth calculated the EBITDA (used as a proxy for free cash flow) that ThermoGenesis is expected to generate during fiscal years 2013 to 2020 based upon financial projections prepared by ThermoGenesis' management. Terminal values based on terminal revenue multiples of 1.3x to 1.7x were applied to management's revenue estimates in year 2020 to complete the basis for calculating the present value of future free cash flows. The future free cash flows are then discounted by the company's risk-adjusted cost of capital rate, to derive a present value. In selecting an appropriate discount rate, Roth took into account ThermoGenesis' unlevered equity beta, ThermoGenesis' debt to equity ratio, ThermoGenesis' tax rate assumption (which applied ThermoGenesis' net operating losses to eliminate taxes through 2020), the risk free rate of 3.2% based on Bloomberg (July 1, 2013), the equity risk premium of 18.4% based on Ibbotson Associates SBBI 2013 representing the long-term historical equity risk premium as of year-end 2012 of 6.7%, and a small stock premium of 11.65% based on Ibbotson Associates SBBI 2013 representing the micro-cap premium for the bottom 10th decile of companies on the NYSE/AMEX/NASDAQ. Application of the foregoing principles resulted in a 16.6% WACC. Roth performed a sensitivity analysis using discount rates from 16.0% to 18.0% to arrive at a range of present values.

Based on the foregoing, Roth computed an enterprise value range of \$30.6 million to \$39.3 million which compared favorably to the enterprise value implied by the consideration to be paid by ThermoGenesis in the Merger, including the Merger Consideration. Applying the range of enterprise values obtained from the discounted cash flow analysis, compared to ThermoGenesis' expected 2013 revenue, Roth arrived at a range of EV/2013 revenue multiples of 1.7x to 2.2x. In evaluating the foregoing, it should be noted that the WACC does not take into consideration the specific firm risks such as bankruptcy. As a result, ThermoGenesis' true WACC may be higher when taking into consideration the risks of default and negative operating profit history of the business which would have the effect of reducing the enterprise value range. By conducting an analysis of a range of discount rates rather than relying one specific WACC, Roth is comfortable that the analysis is appropriate.

### Market Valuation Analysis

The market valuation analysis is based on the 52-week high and low of a company's market capitalization on its respective market exchange. Applying ThermoGenesis' 52-week high and low trading prices Roth arrive at an implied enterprise valuation range of \$21.7 million to \$23.4 million which translates into 2013 revenue multiples ranging from 1.2x to 1.3x.

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## Combined Entity-Enterprise Value

In evaluating the value of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX as a combined company, Roth performed the following analyses:

- public comparable company enterprise valuations; and
- discounted cash flow analysis of the projected therapeutic and non-therapeutic operations of the combined company.

Under a combined entity analysis, a public comparable company analysis attempts to provide an implied value of a company by comparing it to similar companies that are publicly traded. Roth assembled a peer group of comparable public companies. The criteria for selecting comparable companies included line of business, business model and risks, growth prospects, maturity of business, size and scale of operations, and other relevant characteristics. Based on its analysis, Roth estimated that the implied enterprise value of the combined company was between \$73.9 million and \$118.8 million.

For a combined entity analysis, the discounted cash flow analysis, as described in further detail above, is designed to provide insight into the estimated value of a company's equity as a function of the company's estimated future free cash flows. This methodology is a forward looking approach which discounts expected future cash flows by the firm's risk-adjusted cost of capital. In utilizing the discounted cash flow analysis, Roth used EBITDA as a proxy for free cash flow, and risk adjusted therapeutic EBITDA for probability of success. Roth also used a declining growth method for the terminal value associated with therapeutic EBITDA and a terminal revenue multiple of 1x-2x for the non-therapeutic EBITDA. Based on the discounted cash flow analysis, Roth estimated a combined enterprise value of the combined company ranging from \$41.5 million to \$93.2 million.

The results of these analyses are summarized as follows:

Methodology	Implied Enterprise Value	
	Low	High
Comparable Company Analysis <sup>(a)</sup>	\$73,880	\$118,767
Combined DCF <sup>(b) (c)</sup>	\$41,469	\$93,219
Average	\$57,674	\$105,993

## Notes:

Dollars in thousands.

High and low ranges are based on mean and median values.

(a) Based low and high based on Mean and Median values, comps updated as of July 12, 2013.

(b) Discounted cash flow (DCF) uses EBITDA as a proxy for free cash flow; therapeutic EBITDA is adjusted for probability of success.

(c) DCF uses the declining growth method for therapeutic EBITDA terminal value and multiple of 1x-2x for the non-therapeutic EBITDA terminal value.

Roth then calculated the average of the combined company enterprise value utilizing the comparable companies' analysis and combined discounted cash flow analysis to determine a range of \$57.7 million to \$106.0 million to derive an average enterprise value of \$81.8 million for the combined company. Roth then applied the 57.0% ThermoGenesis and 43.0% TotipotentRX pro-forma equity ownership percentages based on the Merger Agreement, which would attribute \$47.5 million of the combined company value to ThermoGenesis.

Roth noted that the \$47.5 million in value attributed to ThermoGenesis using the combined entity-enterprise value is greater than ThermoGenesis stand-alone equity value of \$29.6 million.

As discussed above, Roth performed a variety of financial and comparative analyses for purposes of rendering its opinion. While the preceding summary describes several analyses and examinations that Roth deems material to its evaluation and opinion, they are not a comprehensive description of all analyses and examinations actually conducted by Roth.

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### General

Roth is a nationally recognized investment banking firm that provides financial advisory services and is continually engaged in the valuation of businesses and their securities in connection with mergers and acquisitions, negotiated underwritings, secondary distributions of listed and unlisted securities, private placements and valuations for estate, corporate and other purposes. The ThermoGenesis board of directors retained Roth to render an opinion as to the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the consideration to be received in the Merger by ThermoGenesis and its stockholders based upon the foregoing qualifications, experience and expertise.

Roth has acted as valuation and strategic advisor to ThermoGenesis in connection with the Merger for which it received a fee for its services of \$150,000 that was paid upon engagement. ThermoGenesis also paid Roth a fee of \$200,000 for rendering its fairness opinion delivered in connection with the Merger. The \$200,000 opinion fee was not contingent in whole or in part on the success of the Merger and related transactions, or on the conclusions reached in the opinion. ThermoGenesis has also agreed to indemnify Roth against certain liabilities and other items that arise out of the ThermoGenesis' engagement of Roth. ThermoGenesis' board of directors did not limit Roth in any way in the investigations it made or the procedures it followed in rendering its opinion.

Roth in the past has provided and may in the future provide investment banking and other financial services to ThermoGenesis and its affiliates for which Roth and its affiliates have received or may receive compensation. Roth is a full service securities firm engaged in securities trading and brokerage activities, as well as providing investment banking and other financial services. In the ordinary course of business, Roth and its affiliates may acquire, hold or sell, for their own accounts and for the accounts of customers, equity, debt and other securities and financial instruments (including bank loans and other obligations) of ThermoGenesis, and, accordingly, Roth and its affiliates may at any time hold a long or a short position in such securities.

### Interests of TotipotentRX Directors and Executive Officers in the Merger

In considering the recommendation of the TotipotentRX board of directors with respect to adopting the Merger Agreement, TotipotentRX shareholders should be aware that certain members of the board of directors and executive officers of TotipotentRX have interests in the Merger that may be different from, or in addition to, interests they may have as TotipotentRX stockholders. For example, following the consummation of the Merger, Kenneth L. Harris will serve as President and Mitchel Sivilotti will serve as Chief Biologist, Senior Vice President of the combined company.

In addition, the combined company will assume certain TotipotentRX debt in the approximate aggregate amount of \$336,000 due to the Principal Stockholders through the payment of \$150,000 in cash in the aggregate with the balance payable through the issuance of the combined company's common stock.

For a description of the terms of Messrs. Harris's and Sivilotti's employment contracts, see the section entitled "Agreements Related to the Merger Agreement" on page 77.

TotipotentRX's board of directors was aware of these potential conflicts of interest and considered them, among other matters, in reaching its decision to approve the Merger Agreement including the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby and to recommend that its shareholders consent to the approval of the Merger Agreement proposal contemplated by this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

### Effective Date of the Merger

The Merger Agreement requires the parties to consummate the Merger after all of the conditions to the consummation of the Merger contained in the Merger Agreement are satisfied or waived, including the approval of the Merger Agreement by the stockholders of ThermoGenesis and shareholders TotipotentRX. The Merger will become effective upon the filing of a certificate of merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware or at such later time as is

agreed by ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX and specified in the certificate of merger. Neither ThermoGenesis nor TotipotentRX can predict the exact timing of the consummation of the Merger.

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### Regulatory Approvals

ThermoGenesis must comply with applicable federal and state securities laws in connection with the issuance of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock in the Merger and the filing of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation with the SEC.

ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX must comply with applicable Reserve Bank of India laws specific to the Foreign Exchange Management Act in connection with the transfer of shares from a nonresident shareholder (TotipotentRX) to another nonresident shareholder (ThermoGenesis).

### Tax Treatment of the Merger

ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX intend the Merger to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code. Each of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX will use its commercially reasonable best efforts to cause the Merger to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code, and not to permit or cause any affiliate or any subsidiary of ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX to take any action or cause any action to be taken which would cause the Merger to fail to qualify as a reorganization under Section 368(a) of the Code. For a description of the material United States federal tax consequences of the Merger, see the section entitled “Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger” below.

### Material United States Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger

#### General

The following general discussion summarizes the material United States federal income tax consequences of the Merger to ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX, and holders of TotipotentRX common stock who are “United States persons” (as defined in Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code) and who hold their TotipotentRX common stock as a capital asset within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code. The term “non-United States person” means a person or holder other than a “United States person.” If a partnership or other flow-through entity is a beneficial owner of TotipotentRX common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership or an owner of the entity will depend upon the status of the partner or other owner and the activities of the partnership or other entity.

This section does not discuss all of the United States federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to a particular shareholder in light of his or her individual circumstances or to shareholders subject to special treatment under the federal income tax laws, including, without limitation:

- brokers or dealers in securities or foreign currencies;
- shareholders who are subject to the alternative minimum tax provisions of the Code;
- tax-exempt organizations;
- shareholders who are “non-United States persons”;
- expatriates;
- shareholders that have a functional currency other than the United States dollar;
- banks, financial institutions or insurance companies;
- shareholders who acquired TotipotentRX stock in connection with stock option or stock purchase plans or in other compensatory transactions; or
- shareholders who hold TotipotentRX stock as part of an integrated investment, including a straddle, hedge, or other risk reduction strategy, or as part of a conversion transaction or constructive sale.

Assuming the Merger is completed according to the terms of the Merger Agreement and this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, and based upon customary assumptions and certain representations as to factual matters by ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX, it is the opinion of Weintraub Tobin Chediak Coleman Grodin that the Merger will be treated for United States federal income tax purposes as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. No ruling has been or will be sought from the Internal Revenue Service, or the IRS, as to the United States federal income tax consequences of the Merger, and the following summary is not binding on the IRS or the courts. This discussion is based upon the Code, laws, regulations, rulings and decisions in effect as of the date of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. This summary does not address the tax consequences of the Merger under state, local and foreign laws or under United States federal tax law other than income tax law. There can be no assurance that the IRS will not challenge one or more of the tax consequences described herein.

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TotipotentRX shareholders are urged to consult their own tax advisors as to the specific tax consequences to them of the Merger, including any applicable federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences.

The following summary sets forth the material federal income tax consequences for the TotipotentRX shareholders and the corporate parties to the Merger assuming that the Merger will constitute a “reorganization” within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code.

TotipotentRX shareholders will not recognize any gain or loss upon the receipt of ThermoGenesis common stock in exchange for TotipotentRX stock in connection with the Merger (except to the extent of cash received in lieu of a fractional share of ThermoGenesis common stock, as discussed below).

cash payments received by a TotipotentRX stockholder for a fractional share of ThermoGenesis common stock will be treated as if such fractional share had been issued in connection with the Merger and then redeemed by ThermoGenesis for cash. TotipotentRX shareholders will recognize capital gain or loss with respect to such cash payment, measured by the difference, if any, between the amount of cash received and the tax basis in such fractional share.

the aggregate tax basis of the ThermoGenesis common stock received by a TotipotentRX stockholder in connection with the Merger will be the same as the aggregate tax basis of the TotipotentRX stock surrendered in exchange for ThermoGenesis common stock, reduced by any amount allocable to a fractional share of ThermoGenesis common stock for which cash is received.

the holding period of the ThermoGenesis common stock received by a TotipotentRX shareholder in connection with the Merger will include the holding period of the TotipotentRX stock surrendered in connection with the Merger.

a dissenting shareholder who perfects appraisal rights will generally recognize gain or loss with respect to his or her shares of the TotipotentRX stock equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and his or her basis in such stock. Such gain or loss will generally be long term capital gain or loss, provided the shares were held for more than one year before the disposition of the shares. Interest, if any, awarded in an appraisal proceeding by a court would be included in such stockholder’s income as ordinary income.

ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX will not recognize gain or loss solely as a result of the Merger.

## Backup Withholding

If you are a non-corporate holder of TotipotentRX stock you may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding on any cash payments received in lieu of a fractional share interest in ThermoGenesis common stock or cash payments for perfecting appraisal rights. You will not be subject to backup withholding, however, if you:

furnish a correct taxpayer identification number and certify that you are not subject to backup withholding on the substitute Form W-9 or successor form included in the letter of transmittal to be delivered to you following the completion of the merger (or the appropriate Form W-8, as applicable); or  
are otherwise exempt from backup withholding.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or credit against your United States federal income tax liability, provided you furnish the required information to the IRS.

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### Tax Return Reporting Requirements

If you receive ThermoGenesis common stock as a result of the Merger, you will be required to retain records pertaining to the Merger, and you will be required to file with your United States federal income tax return for the year in which the Merger takes place a statement setting forth certain facts relating to the Merger as provided in Treasury Regulations Section 1.368-3(b).

### Taxable Acquisition

The failure of the Merger to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code would result in a TotipotentRX shareholder recognizing gain or loss with respect to the shares of TotipotentRX stock surrendered by such shareholder equal to the difference between the shareholder's basis in the shares and the fair market value, as of the effective date of the Merger, of the ThermoGenesis stock received in exchange for the TotipotentRX stock (and the cash received in lieu of a fractional share of TotipotentRX stock). In such event, a shareholder's aggregate basis in the ThermoGenesis common stock so received would equal its fair market value and such shareholder's holding period would begin the day after the Merger. A dissenting shareholder who receives cash will be required to recognize gain or loss in the same manner as described above (see discussion of dissenters in a reorganization above).

The foregoing discussion is not intended to be a complete analysis or description of all potential United States federal income tax consequences of the Merger. In addition, the discussion does not address tax consequences which may vary with, or are contingent on, your individual circumstances. Moreover, the discussion does not address any non-income tax or any foreign, state or local tax consequences of the Merger. Accordingly, TotipotentRX shareholders are urged to consult with their own tax advisor to determine the particular United States federal, state, local or foreign income or other tax consequences to them of the merger.

### Appraisal and Dissenters' Rights

#### Appraisal Rights of ThermoGenesis Stockholders

Because ThermoGenesis common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Markets, a National Securities Exchange, under Delaware law, holders of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock are not entitled to appraisal rights.

#### Dissenters' Rights of TotipotentRX Shareholders

The following is a summary of Chapter 13 of the California General Corporate Law (CGCL), which sets forth the procedures for TotipotentRX shareholders to dissent from the Merger and to demand statutory dissenters' rights under the CGCL, including a brief description of the procedures to be followed if a holder of TotipotentRX common stock desires to exercise dissenters' rights. The record holders of TotipotentRX common stock who have perfected their dissenters' rights in accordance with Chapter 13 of the CGCL and have not withdrawn their demands or otherwise lost their rights to exercise their dissenters' rights with respect to the Merger are referred to herein as "Dissenting Shareholders," and the shares of TotipotentRX common stock with respect to which they exercise dissenters' rights are referred to herein as "Dissenting Shares." This summary does not purport to be a complete statement of the provisions of California law relating to the rights of TotipotentRX shareholders to an appraisal of the value of their shares and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Chapter 13 of the CGCL, the full text of which is attached as Annex B hereto. Please note that failure to follow the procedures required by the CGCL could result in the loss of dissenters' rights.

If the Merger Agreement is approved by the required vote of TotipotentRX shareholders and is not abandoned or terminated, holders of TotipotentRX common stock who did not approve the Merger may, by complying with Sections 1300 through 1313 of the CGCL, be entitled to dissenters' rights as described herein and receive cash for the fair market value of their Dissenting Shares.



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Dissenting Shareholders of TotipotentRX common stock must satisfy each of the following requirements to qualify as Dissenting Shares under California law:

- the Dissenting Shares must have been outstanding on [Record Date\_\_\_\_, 2013];
- the TotipotentRX shareholder must not have voted in favor of the Merger Agreement and any proxy card submitted must have been marked to be either voted “Against” or “Abstain.” If the TotipotentRX shareholder returns a signed proxy card without voting instructions or with instructions to vote “FOR” the Merger Agreement, his or her shares were automatically voted in favor of the Merger Agreement and they have lost their dissenters’ rights;
- the Dissenting Shareholder must make a written demand that TotipotentRX repurchase the Dissenting Shares at fair market value (as described below); and
- the Dissenting Shareholder must submit the Dissenting Shares certificates for endorsement (as described below).

Refusal to approve the Merger Agreement by written consent does not in and of itself constitute a demand for appraisal under California law.

Pursuant to Sections 1300 through 1313 of the CGCL, holders of Dissenting Shares may require TotipotentRX to repurchase their Dissenting Shares at a price equal to the fair market value of such shares which shall be determined as of, and immediately prior to, the first announcement of the terms of the proposed Merger, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in consequence of the proposed Merger, as adjusted for any stock split, reverse stock split or stock dividend that becomes effective thereafter.

Within ten days following approval of the Merger Agreement by the TotipotentRX shareholders, TotipotentRX will mail a dissenters’ notice to each person who did not vote or abstained from voting in favor of or voted against the Merger Agreement. The TotipotentRX dissenters’ notice must contain the following:

- notice of the approval of the Merger Agreement;
- a statement of the price determined by TotipotentRX to represent the fair market value of Dissenting Shares (which shall constitute an offer by TotipotentRX to purchase such Dissenting Shares at a stated price unless such shares lose their status as “Dissenting Shares” under Section 1309 of the CGCL);
- a brief description of the procedures for Dissenting Shareholders to exercise their rights; and
- a copy of Sections 1300 through 1304 of Chapter 13 of the CGCL.

Within 30 days after the date on which the dissenters’ notice was mailed by TotipotentRX to each person who did not vote or abstained from voting in favor of, or voted against, the Merger Agreement, a Dissenting Shareholder must:

- demand that TotipotentRX repurchase such shareholder’s Dissenting Shares;
- include in that demand the number and class of Dissenting Shares held of record that the Dissenting Shareholder demands that TotipotentRX purchase;
- state that the Dissenting Shareholder is demanding purchase of the shares and payment of their fair market value. The statement of fair market value constitutes an offer by the Dissenting Shareholder to sell the Dissenting Shares at such price within such 30-day period; and
- submit to TotipotentRX certificates representing any Dissenting Shares that the Dissenting Shareholder demands TotipotentRX purchase, so that such Dissenting Shares may either be stamped or endorsed with the statement that the shares are Dissenting Shares or exchanged for certificates of appropriate denomination so stamped or endorsed. The demand statement and TotipotentRX certificates should be delivered to:

TotipotentRX Corporation  
Attn: Kenneth L. Harris, Chief Executive Officer  
548 South Spring Street, Suite 210  
Los Angeles, CA 90013



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If upon the Dissenting Shareholder's surrender of the certificates representing the Dissenting Shares, TotipotentRX and a Dissenting Shareholder agree upon the price to be paid for the Dissenting Shares and agree that such shares are Dissenting Shares, then the agreed price is required by law to be paid (with interest thereon at the legal rate on judgments from the date of the agreement) to the Dissenting Shareholder within the later of 30 days after the date of such agreement or 30 days after any statutory or contractual conditions to the completion of the Merger are satisfied.

If TotipotentRX and a Dissenting Shareholder disagree as to the price for such Dissenting Shares or disagree as to whether such shares are entitled to be classified as Dissenting Shares, such Dissenting Shareholder has the right to bring an action in California Superior Court of the proper county, within six months after the date on which the notice of the shareholders' approval of the Merger is mailed, to resolve such dispute. In such action, the court will determine whether the shares of TotipotentRX common stock held by such shareholder are Dissenting Shares or as to the fair market value of the holder's shares, or both, or may intervene in any action pending on such a complaint. If the complaint is not filed or intervention in a pending action is not made within the specified six-month period, the dissenters' rights are lost.

In determining the fair market value of the dissenting TotipotentRX shares, the court may appoint one or more impartial appraisers to make the determination. Within a time fixed by the court, the appraiser, or a majority of them, will make and file a report with the court. If the appraisers cannot determine the fair market value within ten days of their appointment, or within a longer time determined by the court, or the court does not confirm their report, then the court will determine the fair market value. The costs of the appraisal action, including reasonable compensation to the appraisers appointed by the court, will be allocated between TotipotentRX and Dissenting Shareholder as the court deems equitable. However, if the appraisal of the fair market value of TotipotentRX shares exceeds the price offered by TotipotentRX in the notice of approval, then TotipotentRX shall pay the costs. If the fair market value of the shares awarded by the court exceeds 125.0% of the price offered by TotipotentRX, then the court may in its discretion impose additional costs on TotipotentRX, including attorneys' fees, fees of expert witnesses and interest.

TotipotentRX shareholders considering whether to exercise dissenters' rights should consider that the fair market value of their TotipotentRX common stock determined under Chapter 13 of the CGCL could be more than, the same as or less than the value of Merger Consideration to be paid in connection with the Merger, as set forth in the Merger Agreement. Also, TotipotentRX reserves the right to assert in any appraisal proceedings that, for purposes thereof, the fair market value of TotipotentRX common stock is less than the value of the Merger Consideration to be issued and paid in connection with the Merger, as set forth in the Merger Agreement.

Strict compliance with certain technical prerequisites is required to exercise dissenters' rights. TotipotentRX shareholders wishing to exercise dissenters' rights should consult with their own legal counsel in connection with compliance with Chapter 13 of the CGCL. Any TotipotentRX shareholder who fails to comply with the requirements of Chapter 13 of the CGCL, attached as Annex B to this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation, will forfeit the right to exercise dissenters' rights and will, instead, receive the Merger Consideration to be issued and paid in connection with the Merger, as set forth in the Merger Agreement.

TotipotentRX shareholders should be aware that California law provides, among other things, that a Dissenting Shareholder may not withdraw the demand for payment of the fair market value of Dissenting Shares unless TotipotentRX consents to such request for withdrawal.

IN VIEW OF THE COMPLEXITY OF THE PROVISIONS OF CALIFORNIA LAW RELATING TO DISSENTERS' RIGHTS, ALL TOTIPOTENTRX SHAREHOLDERS THAT WISH TO EXERCISE DISSENTERS' RIGHTS OR THAT WISH TO PRESERVE THEIR RIGHT TO DO SO SHOULD CAREFULLY REVIEW CHAPTER 13 OF THE CALIFORNIA CORPORATIONS CODE, BECAUSE FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE PROCEDURES SET FORTH THEREIN WILL RESULT IN THE LOSS OF SUCH RIGHTS. THOSE WISHING TO DISSENT SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN LEGAL COUNSEL IN CONNECTION WITH

COMPLIANCE UNDER CHAPTER 13.

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THE MERGER AGREEMENT

The following is a summary of selected provisions of the Merger Agreement. While ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX believe that this description covers the material terms of the Merger Agreement, it may not contain all of the information that is important to you. The Merger Agreement has been attached as Annex A to this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation to provide you with information regarding its terms. It is not intended to provide any other factual information about ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX. The following description does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Merger Agreement. You should refer to the full text of the Merger Agreement for details of the Merger and the terms and conditions of the Merger.

The Merger Agreement contains representations and warranties that ThermoGenesis, on the one hand, and TotipotentRX and the Principal Stockholders, on the other hand, have made to the other as of specific dates. In your review of the representations and warranties contained in the Merger Agreement and described in this summary, it is important to bear in mind that the representations and warranties were made solely for the benefit of the parties to the Merger Agreement, and were negotiated with the principal purpose of allocating risk between the parties to the Merger Agreement, rather than establishing matters as facts. The representations and warranties may also be subject to a contractual standard of materiality that may be different from that generally relevant to stockholders or applicable to reports and documents filed with the SEC, and in some cases are qualified by confidential disclosures that were made by each party to the other, which disclosures are not reflected in the Merger Agreement or otherwise publicly disclosed. The representations and warranties in the Merger Agreement will not survive the completion of the Merger. Moreover, information concerning the subject matter of the representations and warranties may have changed since the date of the Merger Agreement and subsequent developments or new information qualifying a representation or warranty may have been included or incorporated by reference into this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation. For the foregoing reasons, the representations, warranties and covenants or any descriptions of those provisions should not be read alone, but instead should be read together with the information provided elsewhere in this proxy statement/prospectus.

The Merger and Effective Date of the Merger

The Merger Agreement provides that TotipotentRX will merge with and into ThermoGenesis, with ThermoGenesis surviving the Merger. The closing of the Merger will occur at a date as ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX agree, but no later than the third business day after the satisfaction or waiver of the last to be satisfied or waived of the closing conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, or at such other time, date and place as ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX mutually agree in writing. As soon as practicable after the closing, ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX will file a certificate of merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware and the Secretary of State of California. The Merger will become effective upon the filing of such certificate or at such later time as may be specified in such certificate and as agreed by ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX. ThermoGenesis currently expects that the closing of the Merger will take place in the fourth calendar quarter of 2013. However, because the Merger is subject to ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX stockholder approvals and other conditions to closing, ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX cannot predict exactly when the closing will occur.

Merger Consideration

Conversion of Securities, Exchange Ratio

If the Merger is completed, each share of TotipotentRX common stock outstanding immediately before the Merger, other than TotipotentRX common stock held as treasury stock or held or owned by ThermoGenesis or any direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of TotipotentRX or ThermoGenesis, and any dissenting shares, automatically will be converted into the right to receive 30.284 shares of ThermoGenesis common stock assuming that all TotipotentRX options have been exercised and ThermoGenesis has assumed the TotipotentRX warrants. As further described



herein, ThermoGenesis anticipates that immediately following completion of the Merger, the current holders of TotipotentRX's common stock will own approximately 43.0% of the outstanding ThermoGenesis common stock.

Each option to purchase TotipotentRX common stock that is outstanding and unexercised immediately before the effective date of the Merger will be cancelled. On the effective date, each TotipotentRX warrant to purchase TotipotentRX common stock that is outstanding and unexercised immediately before the Merger will be converted into a warrant to purchase shares of ThermoGenesis' common stock with such number of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock and exercise price as adjusted to reflect the exchange ratio.

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### Fractional Shares

No fractional shares of ThermoGenesis common stock will be issued in exchange for shares of TotipotentRX common stock at the closing of the Merger. In lieu of fractional shares, ThermoGenesis will pay cash to each TotipotentRX stockholder for any remaining fraction equal to the product of (i) such fraction multiplied by (ii) the applicable price per share which shall equal to the average closing price of ThermoGenesis common stock as reported on Nasdaq for the five trading days immediately before the effective date of the Merger.

### Exchange Procedures

Promptly after the effective date of the Merger, Computer Share Investor Services, LLC, or such other exchange agent as ThermoGenesis appoints, will provide appropriate transmittal materials to holders of record of TotipotentRX common stock (other than with respect to any such shares held directly or indirectly by ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX or dissenting stockholders of TotipotentRX), advising such holders of the procedure for surrendering their stock to the exchange agent.

Upon the surrender of the holder's shares of TotipotentRX common stock, along with a duly executed letter of transmittal and any other required documents, the holder will be entitled to receive in exchange therefor:

- a certificate representing the number of whole shares of ThermoGenesis common stock that such holder is entitled to receive pursuant to the Merger, as described in the section entitled "Conversion of TotipotentRX Securities, Exchange Ratio" in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation; and
- a check in the amount of any cash payable in lieu of fractional shares.

### Board of Directors and Officers of the Combined Company

The Merger Agreement provides that, immediately after the Merger, TotipotentRX shall appoint two directors, one of whom must be an independent director, to ThermoGenesis' board of directors. TotipotentRX intends to appoint Mr. Kenneth L. Harris as one of the two directors to ThermoGenesis' board. It is anticipated that all current members of ThermoGenesis' directors shall remain on the board.

If the Merger occurs, Matthew T. Plavan will serve as Chief Executive Officer; Kenneth L. Harris shall serve as President; Dan T. Bessey shall serve as Chief Financial Officer; and Mitchel Sivilotti shall serve as Chief Biologist, Senior Vice President of the combined company.

### Representations and Warranties

The Merger Agreement contains generally similar representations and warranties of ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX and Principal Stockholders as to, among other things:

- corporate organization and existence;
- corporate power and authority;
- capitalization and related matters;
- availability, accuracy and compliance with generally accepted accounting principles of financial reports;
- no conflict, required filings and governmental approvals required to complete the Merger, except as contemplated by the Merger Agreement;
- no broker, finder, agent or other intermediary retained;
- full disclosure of facts;
- compliance with laws, contracts, certificate of incorporation and bylaws;

absence of subsidiaries and interests in other entities or venture except as disclosed;

· compliance with legal requirements of government entities;

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- no pending legal proceedings;
- absence of certain changes;
- tax matters;
- environmental matters;
- labor matters;
- validity of, and the absence of defaults under, certain contracts;
- intellectual property;
- insurance coverage;
- transactions with affiliates;
- employee benefit matters;
- no unlawful payment to governmental officers; and
- completeness of representations.

In addition, the Merger Agreement contains further representations and warranties of ThermoGenesis as to, among other things:

- filings and material accuracy of the SEC filings;
- compliance with listing and maintenance requirements of trading market or stock quotation system on which ThermoGenesis' common stock is listed; and
- compliance with federal drug, FDA and similar legal requirements.

Covenants; Conduct of Business Pending the Merger

Each of TotipotentRX and ThermoGenesis agreed that during the period before the effective date of the Merger it will:

- carry on its business diligently and in accordance with good commercial practice and in the ordinary course in substantially the same manner heretofore conducted in compliance with legal requirements;
- pay its debts and taxes when due;
- pay or perform other material obligations when due; and
- use its commercially reasonable best efforts consistent with past practices and policies to preserve intact its current business organization, keep available the services of its officers and employees and preserve its relations with suppliers, customers, distributors, licensors, licensees, and others with whom it has business dealings.

Further, each of TotipotentRX and ThermoGenesis also agreed that, subject to certain limited exceptions, without the consent of the other Party in writing that neither will not, during the period before the effective date of the Merger:

- enter into any contract or commitment or engage in any transaction not in the usual and ordinary course of business and consistent with its normal business practices;
- waive any stock repurchase rights, accelerate, amend or change any stock option, including cash payments in exchange thereof, or restricted stock for any employee, consultant or director, or adopt or amend any employee benefit plan;
- grant any severance or termination pay to any director, officer or employee;
- transfer or license to any person or amend or modify in any material respect any right to each party's intellectual property except in the ordinary of course of business;
- do any act or omit to do any act, or permit any act or omission to act, which will cause a material breach of any contract, commitment or obligation of a party, which could have a material adverse effect on the business, assets or financial condition of such party, other than with respect to discontinued operations;
- declare or pay any dividends on, make any other distributions in respect of, or redeem or purchase any shares of its capital stock;
- issue, grant, or sell shares of its capital stock or securities convertible into its capital stock;

· modify its certificate of incorporation or bylaws;

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- effect or become a party to any merger or consolidation, or acquire any stock of, or, except in the ordinary course of business, acquire any assets or property of any other business entity;
- adopt a plan of complete or partial liquidation, dissolution, consolidation, or recapitalization;
- hire any employee over a certain dollar threshold level;
- incur any indebtedness or guarantee any such indebtedness of another person; and
- sell, lease, license or otherwise dispose of any asset other than in the ordinary course of business.

Additional Agreements

Each of Party has agreed to use its commercially reasonable efforts to:

- take all actions necessary to complete the Merger;
  - coordinate with the other party in preparing and exchanging information for purposes of this registration statement, compliance with state and federal securities laws and otherwise;
  - obtain all consents, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the other party required for the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement; and
  - consult and agree with each other about any public statement either will make concerning the Merger, subject to certain exceptions.
- each party will, subject to limited exceptions, promptly take all steps necessary to duly call, give notice of, convene and hold a meeting of its respective stockholders for the purposes of approving the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement including, in the case of ThermoGenesis, amendment to its amended and restated certificate of incorporation to change its name to Cesca Therapeutics, and will recommend such approvals and use its best efforts to obtain such approvals;
- in the case of ThermoGenesis, ThermoGenesis will assume debt in the aggregate amount of approximately \$240,000 and accrued interest due thereon in the approximate amount of \$96,000 owed to the Principal Stockholders by TotipotentRX and will pay each Principal Stockholder \$75,000 in cash against the debt with the remaining balance to be paid through the issuance of ThermoGenesis shares of common stock based on the ten-day average trading price of ThermoGenesis' common stock prior to the closing date; and
- in the case of TotipotentRX, to cancel its outstanding options immediately before the effective date.

No Solicitation

In the Merger Agreement, ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX have agreed that each party and their respective subsidiaries will not, nor will either company authorize or permit any of its directors, officers, investment bankers, attorneys, or accountants or agents to, directly or indirectly:

- solicit, initiate, encourage, induce or knowingly facilitate the communication, making or announcement of any acquisition proposal or acquisition inquiry or take any action that could reasonably be expected to lead to an acquisition proposal or acquisition inquiry;
- furnish any information regarding such party to any person in connection with or in response to an acquisition proposal or acquisition inquiry;
- engage in discussions or negotiations with any person with respect to any acquisition proposal or acquisition inquiry;
- approve, endorse or recommend any acquisition proposal; or
- execute or enter into any letter of intent or similar document or any contract relating to any acquisition proposal.

In the event that either party receives an offer, proposal or request of the type discussed above, it has agreed to immediately notify the other party and provide information as to the identity of the offeror and the specific terms of such offer or proposal, and such other information related thereto as the other party may reasonably request.

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Notwithstanding these restrictions, before obtaining stockholder approval, each party may furnish information and enter into discussions or negotiations in response to an unsolicited, bona fide written acquisition proposal when such party's board of directors determines in good faith that the acquisition proposal constitutes, or is reasonably likely to result in, a superior offer (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and the failure to take such action would result in a breach of the fiduciary duties of that party's board of directors. To the extent that a party determines that such offer constitutes a superior proposal (as defined in the Merger Agreement), such party will give at least two business days' notice of its intent to provide non public information or enter into discussions with the person who has made the acquisition proposal to the other party.

For purposes of the Merger Agreement, an "acquisition proposal" means: with respect to a party, any offer or proposal, whether written or oral, from a third-party to acquire beneficial ownership (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act) of (a) 15.0% or more of any class of the equity securities of such party or a material subsidiary of such party or (b) 15.0% or more of the assets of such party or a material subsidiary of such party, in each case pursuant to any merger, consolidation, amalgamation, share exchange, business combination, issuance of securities, acquisition of securities, reorganization, recapitalization, tender offer, exchange offer or other similar transaction or series of related transactions, which is structured to permit such third-party to acquire beneficial ownership of (y) 15.0% or more of any class of equity securities of the party or a material subsidiary of the party or (z) 15.0% or more of the assets of the party or a material subsidiary of the party; provided, however, that none of the following shall be an "Acquisition Proposal" within the meaning of the Merger Agreement: (i) any capital raising transaction allowed by ThermoGenesis; and (ii) the transfer by TotipotentRX of up to 1.0% of the outstanding equity securities in the TotipotentRX subsidiaries to a third-party to comply with the requirement that there must be two shareholders of a corporation incorporated in India.

A "superior offer" means an unsolicited bona fide written offer by a third-party to enter into (i) a merger, consolidation, amalgamation, share exchange, business combination, issuance of securities, acquisition of securities, reorganization, recapitalization, tender offer, exchange offer or other similar transaction as a result of which either (A) the party's stockholders prior to such transaction in the aggregate cease to own at least 50.0% of the voting securities of the entity surviving or resulting from such transaction (or the ultimate company entity thereof) or (B) in which a person or "group" (as defined in the Exchange Act and the rules promulgated thereunder) directly or indirectly acquires beneficial ownership of securities representing 50.0% or more of the voting power of the party's capital stock then outstanding or (ii) a sale, lease, exchange transfer, license, acquisition or disposition of any business or other disposition of at least 50.0% of the assets of the party or its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, in a single transaction or a series of related transactions that: (A) was not obtained or made as a direct or indirect result of a breach of (or in violation of) the Merger Agreement; and (B) is on terms and conditions that the board of directors of ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX, as applicable, determines, in its reasonable, good faith judgment, after obtaining and taking into account such matters that its board of directors deems relevant following consultation with its outside legal counsel and financial advisor: (x) is reasonably likely to be more favorable, from a financial point of view, to ThermoGenesis' stockholders or TotipotentRX's stockholders, as applicable, than the Merger and the other transactions contemplated; and (y) is reasonably capable of being consummated.

## Approval of Stockholders

ThermoGenesis is obligated under the Merger Agreement to take all actions necessary under applicable law to hold and convene a meeting of its stockholders for purposes of approving the Merger Agreement pursuant to which ThermoGenesis will issue shares to TotipotentRX shareholders and will amend its certificate of incorporation to change its corporate name to Cesca Therapeutics Corp. at the closing of the Merger. Further, ThermoGenesis is required to promptly distribute a registration statement and proxy statement relating to such stockholder approvals.

In the Merger Agreement, ThermoGenesis agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to have the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation is a part declared effective under the Securities Act of

1933, as amended as promptly as practicable after filing, and to use commercially reasonable efforts to comply with the securities laws and blue sky laws of all jurisdictions which are applicable to the issuance of ThermoGenesis common stock in the Merger.

TotipotentRX is obligated under the Merger Agreement to take all actions necessary under applicable law to solicit approval by written consent from the shareholders of TotipotentRX for purposes of approving the Merger Agreement and the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby. TotipotentRX has agreed that its board of directors will recommend to adopt and approve the Merger Agreement and the Merger and transactions contemplated thereby.

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### Indemnification and Insurance of Directors and Officers

The Merger Agreement provides that ThermoGenesis shall fulfill and honor its obligations pursuant to the indemnification agreements, and for any TotipotentRX officer or director that continues employment with ThermoGenesis following the effective date of the Merger their indemnification agreements shall be amended to be in the same form as the indemnification agreements between ThermoGenesis and its directors and officers, except that those amended indemnification agreements shall provide expressly that the agreements shall also apply to periods in which the TotipotentRX officers and directors were officers or directors of TotipotentRX and its predecessors.

The Merger Agreement also provides that ThermoGenesis for a period of five years from the effective date of the Merger will purchase “tail” coverage for up \$4 million covering TotipotentRX’s current officers and directors for their acts or omissions prior to the effective date. However, in no case shall ThermoGenesis be required to spend more than \$50,000 in annual premiums for such coverage.

### Indemnification by the Principal Stockholders

The Principal Stockholders agree to indemnify and hold ThermoGenesis harmless against all losses incurred or suffered by ThermoGenesis directly or indirectly, as a result of or in connection with: (i) TotipotentRX common stock that were not considered in determining the exchange ratio; (ii) there being outstanding TotipotentRX securities (other than TotipotentRX warrants) exercisable or convertible into shares of TotipotentRX common stock; (iii) the exercise price of any TotipotentRX warrant is reduced or the number of shares of TotipotentRX common stock underlying any TotipotentRX warrant is increased for any reason; (iv) TotipotentRX does not own at least 99.0% of the equity securities of the TotipotentRX subsidiaries; (v) any breach of the representations and warranties of TotipotentRX relating to its employee benefit plans and operations in the Republic of India; and (vi) any tax payable or required to be withheld by ThermoGenesis under the tax laws of any jurisdiction other than the United States of America as a result of the TotipotentRX and MK Alliance Merger.

The total obligations of the Principal Stockholders to indemnify ThermoGenesis as a result indemnification obligations set forth in (i) through (v) of this section shall be limited to an amount equal to the product of 10.0% times the number of shares of ThermoGenesis common stock issued in respect of the TotipotentRX common stock in the Merger (excluding shares issued to the Principal Stockholder to pay for debt) times the average price of ThermoGenesis common stock for the ten trading day period ending on the closing date. There shall be no right to indemnification under (i) through (v) of this section unless and until identifying aggregate losses exceeds \$150,000 in which event the Principal Stockholders will indemnify ThermoGenesis for the excess amount.

### Conditions to Completion of the Merger

Each party’s obligation to complete the Merger is subject to the satisfaction or waiver by each of the parties, at or before the Merger, of various conditions, which include the following:

- there must not have been issued any restraining order, injunction or other order by any governmental agency, court or administrative agency which prevents consummation of the Merger or other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, or otherwise has the effect of making the consummation of the Merger illegal;
- the Merger Agreement and the Merger must have been approved by the TotipotentRX shareholders and ThermoGenesis stockholders;
- any governmental authorization or consent required to be obtained under any applicable antitrust or competitive law or regulation (of which the parties believe there are none), or under any other applicable legal requirement, shall have been obtained and remain in full force and effect;
- the registration statement on Form S-4, of which this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation is a part, must have been declared effective by the SEC and must not be subject to any stop order or proceeding, or any proceeding

threatened by the SEC, seeking a stop order;

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ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX shall each have the written opinion from ThermoGenesis' counsel to the effect that the Merger will constitute a "reorganization" within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code; and ThermoGenesis shares of common stock issuable in connection with the Merger and such other shares required to be reserved for issuance shall have been authorized for listing on the NASDAQ Capital Market.

In addition, the obligation of ThermoGenesis to complete the Merger is further subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following conditions:

- (A) the representations and warranties of TotipotentRX and the Principal Stockholders contained in the Merger Agreement shall have been true and correct as of the (i) date of the Merger Agreement, except where the failure to be so true and correct would not, in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to TotipotentRX and (ii) shall be true and correct on and as of the closing date, except for those representations and warranties which address matters only as of a particular date, with the same force and effect as if made on and as of the closing date, except in such cases where the failure to be so true and correct would not, in the aggregate, reasonably be material to TotipotentRX and (B) ThermoGenesis shall have received a certificate with respect to the foregoing regarding TotipotentRX signed on behalf of TotipotentRX by Principal Stockholders as officers of TotipotentRX; TotipotentRX and the Principal Stockholders shall have performed or complied in all material respects with all agreements and covenants to be performed or complied with by them, and ThermoGenesis shall have received a certificate with respect to the foregoing regarding;
- No material adverse effect on TotipotentRX shall have occurred;
  - The employment agreements with the Principal Stockholders shall be in full force and effect;
- Each of the non-competition agreements shall be in full force and effect;
- TotipotentRX shall have paid less than \$300,000 to satisfy appraisal rights in connection with the Merger involving TotipotentRX and MK Alliance, Inc.; and
- Holders of no more than two and one half percent of the outstanding shares of TotipotentRX common stock shall have exercised dissenters' rights.

In addition, the obligation of TotipotentRX to complete the Merger is further subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following conditions:

- the representations and warranties of ThermoGenesis contained in the Merger Agreement shall have been true and correct as of the (i) date of the Merger Agreement, except where the failure to be so true and correct would not, in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to be material to ThermoGenesis and (ii) shall be true and correct on and as of the closing date, except for those representations and warranties which address matters only as of a particular date, with the same force and effect as if made on and as of the closing date, except in such cases where the failure to be so true and correct would not, in the aggregate, reasonably be material to ThermoGenesis and (B) TotipotentRX shall have received a certificate with respect to the foregoing regarding;
- ThermoGenesis shall have performed or complied in all material respects with all agreements and covenants required by the Merger Agreement to be performed or complied with by ThermoGenesis on or prior to the closing, and TotipotentRX shall have received a certificate to such effect;
- No material adverse effect on ThermoGenesis shall have occurred from the date of the Merger Agreement;
  - The employment agreements for the Principal Stockholders shall be in full force and effect at the closing;
- Kenneth L. Harris and the other TotipotentRX nominee shall have been appointed as directors of ThermoGenesis and there shall be no more than seven directors serving on ThermoGenesis' Board of Directors; and
- Holders of no more than two and one half percent of the outstanding shares of TotipotentRX common stock shall have exercised dissenters' rights under applicable law with respect to their shares by virtue of the Merger.

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Termination

The Merger Agreement may be terminated at any time before the completion of the Merger, whether before or after the required stockholder approvals to complete the Merger have been obtained, as set forth below:

- by mutual written consent duly authorized by the board of directors of each of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX;
- by ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX if the Merger has not been consummated by (i) December 15, 2013, provided however, that if the SEC declares the registration statement effective by October 31, 2013, then either party may extend the termination date by an additional 60 days;
- by ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX if a court of competent jurisdiction or any governmental entity having authority with respect thereto has issued a final and nonappealable order, decree or ruling or taken any other action that permanently restricts, restrains, enjoins or otherwise prohibits the Merger;
- By either ThermoGenesis or TotipotentRX if the Merger shall not have been approved by the ThermoGenesis' stockholders or by the TotipotentRX's stockholders at their respective stockholder meetings;
- By TotipotentRX if (i) the board of directors of ThermoGenesis shall have failed to recommend that ThermoGenesis' stockholders vote to approve the Merger proposal; (ii) ThermoGenesis shall have failed to include in the proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation ThermoGenesis' recommendation; (iii) ThermoGenesis shall have failed to file the registration statement with the SEC by a specified date; (iv) ThermoGenesis shall have failed to hold its stockholders' meeting within 60 days after the registration statement is declared effective; (vi) ThermoGenesis shall have entered into any letter of intent or similar document to any acquisition proposal other than a confidentiality agreement; or (v) ThermoGenesis shall have willfully and intentionally breached the no solicitation provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement;
- By ThermoGenesis if (i) the board of directors of TotipotentRX shall have failed to recommend that TotipotentRX's stockholders vote to approve the Merger; (ii) TotipotentRX shall have failed to include in the proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation TotipotentRX board recommendation; (iii) the board of directors of TotipotentRX shall have approved, endorsed or recommended any acquisition proposal; (iv) TotipotentRX shall have entered into any letter of intent or similar document relating to any acquisition proposal other than a confidentiality agreement permitted; or (v) TotipotentRX shall have willfully and intentionally breached the no solicitation provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement;
- By TotipotentRX upon a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of ThermoGenesis set forth in the Merger Agreement;
- By ThermoGenesis upon a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant or agreement on the part of TotipotentRX set forth in the Merger Agreement; and
- By ThermoGenesis (i) if TotipotentRX GAAP financial statements are not delivered to ThermoGenesis by July 30, 2013; or (ii) if, excluding differences related to non-cash charges for deferred revenue, compensation expenses and the reduction in the value of securities held by TotipotentRX for investment, TotipotentRX audited (A) consolidated net income before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) for each of the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 is more than \$100,000 less than the EBITDA of the TotipotentRX unaudited annual financial statements for the corresponding year, (B) consolidated revenue for the year ended December 31, 2012 is more than \$100,000 less than the consolidated revenue as set forth in the TotipotentRX unaudited annual financial statements for such year, (C) shareholders' equity for TotipotentRX and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2012 is more than \$250,000 less than the shareholders' equity for TotipotentRX and its subsidiaries at December 31, 2012 as set forth in the TotipotentRX unaudited annual financial statements, or (D) financial statements are qualified by TotipotentRX's auditors other than a going concern.

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On December 7, 2013, ThermoGenesis received a copy of TotipotentRX's audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. Upon review of TotipotentRX's audited financial statements, ThermoGenesis noted that TotipotentRX did not meet the requirements set forth in clauses (ii)(A) and (ii)(B) of the preceding paragraph because TotipotentRX's EBITDA loss based on its audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012 was greater than TotipotentRX's EBITDA loss based on its unaudited financial statements for the same year and TotipotentRX's audited revenue for the year ended December 31, 2012 was less than TotipotentRX's unaudited revenue for the same year. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, ThermoGenesis could terminate the Merger Agreement with TotipotentRX because it failed to deliver its audited GAAP financial statements by July 30, 2013 and can give notice to TotipotentRX within 20 days from the delivery of the TotipotentRX's audited financial statements that ThermoGenesis wishes to terminate the Merger Agreement because TotipotentRX failed to meet the requirements of clauses (ii)(A) and (ii)(B) of the preceding paragraph. Notwithstanding the forgoing, ThermoGenesis intends to waive requirement (i) of the preceding paragraph and let the 20 day notice period lapse for failure to meet the requirements under (ii)(A) and (ii)(B) of the preceding paragraph and proceed with the Merger. In coming to its decision, ThermoGenesis believes that the TotipotentRX's audit adjustments do not negatively affect the underlying value of TotipotentRX since the Merger Agreement was entered into nor does ThermoGenesis believe that TotipotentRX's financial condition has fundamentally changed due to the audit. In that regard, ThermoGenesis' financial diligence objectives were primarily focused on verification of cash balances, strength of revenue sources, and cash expenditure trends. In addition, ThermoGenesis believes that the overall nature of TotipotentRX's audit adjustments were non-cash adjustments, recognizing revenue on a deferred basis rather than current, and accrual adjustments to properly state balance sheet accounts and that such adjustments do not materially changed ThermoGenesis' financial diligence conclusion.

## Fees and Expenses

Generally, each party will pay its own fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Merger Agreement, whether or not the Merger is completed. However, if the Merger Agreement is terminated by (i) mutual consent; (ii) failure to consummate the Merger by December 15, 2013; (iii) a governmental entity that prohibits the Merger; (iv) TotipotentRX's failure to obtain TotipotentRX stockholder approval; (v) TotipotentRX GAAP financial statements failing to meet certain financial thresholds; (vi) TotipotentRX's failure to recommend approval of the Merger Agreement; or (vii) TotipotentRX's breach, then TotipotentRX shall reimburse ThermoGenesis for 50.0% (up to a maximum reimbursement of \$150,000) for all fees and expenses paid by ThermoGenesis to third parties for professional accounting services incurred and paid by ThermoGenesis in connection with TotipotentRX's audit.

If the Merger Agreement is terminated by ThermoGenesis as a result of a breach by TotipotentRX of its covenants or is terminated by ThermoGenesis because (i) the board of directors of TotipotentRX shall have failed to recommend that TotipotentRX's stockholders vote to approve the Merger; (ii) TotipotentRX shall have failed to include in the proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation TotipotentRX board recommendation to approve the Merger; (iii) the board of directors of TotipotentRX shall have approved, endorsed or recommended any acquisition proposal; (iv) TotipotentRX shall have entered into any letter of intent or similar document relating to any acquisition proposal other than a confidentiality agreement permitted; or (v) TotipotentRX shall have willfully and intentionally breached the no solicitation provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement or if (i) at any time before the earlier to occur of (A) obtaining the TotipotentRX stockholder vote and (B) termination of the Merger Agreement, an acquisition proposal with respect to TotipotentRX shall have been publicly announced or disclosed or entered into and (ii) within 12 months after the date of termination of the Merger Agreement, TotipotentRX enters into a definitive agreement with respect to an acquisition proposal that is subsequently consummated, TotipotentRX shall pay to ThermoGenesis \$500,000.

If the Merger Agreement is terminated by TotipotentRX as a result of a breach by ThermoGenesis of its covenants or is terminated by TotipotentRX because (i) the board of directors of ThermoGenesis shall have failed to recommend that ThermoGenesis' stockholders vote to approve the Merger proposal; (ii) ThermoGenesis shall have failed to

include in the proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation ThermoGenesis' recommendation; (iii) ThermoGenesis shall have failed to file the registration statement with the SEC by a specified date; (iv) ThermoGenesis shall have failed to hold its stockholders' meeting within 60 days after the registration statement is declared effective; (vi) ThermoGenesis shall have entered into any letter of intent or similar document to any acquisition proposal other than a confidentiality agreement; or (v) ThermoGenesis shall have willfully and intentionally breached the no solicitation provisions set forth in the Merger Agreement or if (i) at any time before the earlier to occur of (A) obtaining the ThermoGenesis stockholder vote and (B) termination of the Merger Agreement, an acquisition proposal with respect to ThermoGenesis shall have been publicly announced, disclosed or entered into and (ii) within 12 months after the date of termination of the Merger Agreement, ThermoGenesis enters into a definitive agreement with respect to an acquisition proposal that is subsequently consummated, ThermoGenesis shall pay to TotipotentRX \$500,000.

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Agreements Related to the Merger Agreement

Stockholder Lock-up Agreements

The Principal Stockholders, in their capacity as shareholders of TotipotentRX, have each entered into a stockholder lock-up agreement with ThermoGenesis pursuant to which, among other things, such Principal Stockholders agreed not to transfer their TotipotentRX shares of common stock except pursuant to the Merger or transfers of less than 4.0% of the outstanding common stock of TotipotentRX to other shareholders of TotipotentRX, to enter into a voting agreement or grant voting rights related to their common stock of TotipotentRX and to exercise their dissenters' rights related to the Merger. This restriction will lapse upon the consummation of the Merger or its termination. Notwithstanding any provision of the lock-up agreement, the lock-up agreement shall not limit or restrict a Principal Stockholder from acting in such Principal Stockholder's capacity as a director or officer of TotipotentRX.

In addition, each Principal Stockholder has agreed that until the second anniversary of the consummation of the Merger, such Principal Stockholder will not pledge, sell, sell any option or warrant related to or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any ThermoGenesis shares of common stock received in the Merger. During each of the first and second year of the lock-up agreement, each Principal Stockholder may sell up to 25.0% of the outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis common stock that such Principal Stockholder received in the Merger without restriction.

Further, pursuant to the lock-up agreement, each Principal Stockholder agreed to restrict his shares of ThermoGenesis common stock if requested by the underwriter or placement agent in connection with a ThermoGenesis financing.

As of the date of the Merger Agreement, the Principal Stockholders beneficially owned an aggregate of approximately 300,000 shares of TotipotentRX common stock, representing approximately 74.7% of the outstanding shares of TotipotentRX common stock.

Employment Agreements

Concurrent with entering into the Merger Agreement, ThermoGenesis entered into employment agreements with Mr. Kenneth L. Harris and Mr. Mitchel Sivilotti.

Under the terms of the employment agreement with Mr. Harris, Mr. Harris shall serve as President of ThermoGenesis. For his services, Mr. Harris will receive a base salary of \$280,000 per annum plus a bonus in amount equal to 35.0% of his then base salary based on performance criteria to be determined by Mr. Harris and ThermoGenesis' chief executive officer. In addition, Mr. Harris will be granted 50,000 shares of ThermoGenesis restricted stock and six-year options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price equal to the fair market value as of the Effective Date of the Merger, with such restricted stock and options subject to three year vesting. Mr. Harris will also be paid a \$40,000 relocation bonus to move to the San Francisco-Bay Area. Mr. Harris will also receive a \$1,000 monthly auto allowance and be able to participate in other benefits granted to other employees of ThermoGenesis. In the event that Mr. Harris' employment is terminated without cause or Mr. Harris terminates employment for good reason, he shall receive severance equal to 18 months of his then base salary, plus any unpaid bonus. In addition to the foregoing, Mr. Harris shall be paid an additional six months of his then base salary if he is not re-nominated or not re-elected for a specified period to the ThermoGenesis Board of Directors which shall be deemed good reason for termination of employment. If Mr. Harris is terminated without cause or Mr. Harris terminates employment for good reason in connection with a change in control, Mr. Harris shall receive severance equal to 18 months of his then base salary, a monthly \$2,000 stipend for a specified period, a bonus equal to, in general, 35.0% of his base salary and all unvested restricted stock and options will vest. Finally, if Mr. Harris is no longer an employee of ThermoGenesis other than for good reason, termination without cause or change in control, he shall immediately resign as a member of the ThermoGenesis Board.

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Under the terms of the employment agreement with Mr. Sivilotti, Mr. Sivilotti shall serve as Chief Biologist, Senior Vice President of ThermoGenesis. For his services, Mr. Sivilotti will receive a base salary of \$215,000 per annum plus a bonus in amount equal to 35.0% of his then base salary based on performance criteria to be determined by Mr. Sivilotti and ThermoGenesis' chief executive officer. In addition, Mr. Sivilotti will be granted 50,000 shares of ThermoGenesis restricted stock and six-year options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price equal to the fair market value as of the Effective Date of the Merger, with such restricted stock and options subject to three year vesting. Mr. Sivilotti will also be paid a \$40,000 relocation bonus to move to the San Francisco-Bay Area. Mr. Sivilotti will also receive a \$1,000 monthly auto allowance and be able to participate in other benefits granted to other employees of ThermoGenesis. In the event that Mr. Sivilotti's employment is terminated without cause or Mr. Sivilotti terminates employment for good reason, he shall receive severance equal to 18 months of his then base salary, plus any unpaid bonus. If Mr. Sivilotti's employment is terminated without cause or Mr. Sivilotti terminates employment for good reason in connection with a change in control, Mr. Sivilotti shall receive severance equal to 18 months of his then base salary, a monthly \$2,000 stipend for a specified period, a bonus equal to, in general, 35.0% of his base salary and all unvested restricted stock and options will vest.

Messrs. Harris's and Sivilotti's employment contracts are subject to consummation of the Merger and will become effective on the Merger Effective Date.

## TOTIPOTENTRX'S BUSINESS

### Company Overview

TotipotentRX Corporation or TotipotentRX, is focused in the research, development, and commercialization of autologous cell-based therapeutics for use in regenerative medicine.

TotipotentRX Corporation (formerly MK Alliance) is the surviving corporation of a merger whereby TotipotentRX merged with and into MK Alliance, Inc. and MK Alliance changed its name to TotipotentRX. Through this merger, in addition to its U.S. operation, TotipotentRX has two wholly-owned subsidiaries in Gurgaon, a suburb of New Dehli, India. Unless otherwise indicated, reference to TotipotentRX includes its predecessors and its subsidiaries. (TotipotentRX Cell Therapy Pvt. Ltd. and TotipotentSC Scientific Product Pvt. Ltd.).

### TotipotentRX Strategy

Regenerative Medicine is the future of healthcare and TotipotentRX is focused on commercializing innovative and cost effective ways of treating our aging population. As we live longer, our dependency on chronic health supportive therapies grows and the resulting long-term economic impact is not sustainable. Clearly, the ideal treatment options for medicine are curative in nature, and similarly to surgical procedures, only cellular therapy can provide sustainable physiological improvements. According to the Alliance for Regenerative Medicine, Annual Report 2013, by reducing hospital care, physician and professional services, and nursing/home healthcare through sustainable "curative therapies," the U.S. could reduce its healthcare costs by up to \$250 billion/year. Allogeneic cell developments introduce unknown levels of safety risk, which may or may not be offset by the potential benefit. In contrast, autologous therapies bridge this safety gap, though the absolute prerequisite to fulfill treatment efficacy (cell potency), reproducibility, and eventual commercialization requirements have remained challenging until now. TotipotentRX's strategy has been to address these gaps through process control-optimization and controlling all high impact variables so the autologous cells (active material) can achieve their endpoint(s).

Today, over \$200 million of autologous cell therapy type products are sold around the globe. TotipotentRX believes that the reason the market isn't larger isn't due to a lack of physician and patient interest – it's the result of an oversimplification and general misunderstanding of the process steps surrounding both scientific (the cell handling and treatment methods) as well as market commercialization (scale up) needs.



TotipotentRX's strategy is to maximize the cellular treatment benefit by addressing the critical steps necessary for introducing viable functional cells required for each clinical indication. TotipotentRX manages this process through absolute control of all parameters involved in the cell production and delivery process:

Parameters with major impact on clinical outcomes in cellular therapies:

Environmental & chemical exposure (Safety & Efficacy)

Equipment & disposable impact (Safety & Efficacy)

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- Cell source and patient specific variabilities (Efficacy)
- Treatment protocol (critical analysis of each step from collection through delivery) (Safety & Efficacy)
- Cell Dosage and Purity (Safety & Efficacy)
- Clinical Trial Design (Safety, Efficacy & Commercialization)

In order to achieve competitive advantages in these parameters, TotipotentRX has created a framework that surrounds and controls the cell therapeutic research, development, and commercialization process through “in-house” clinical laboratory and cell production capabilities, “in-house” clinical trials through our clinical research organization, “in-house” customized medical device development as well as unparalleled access to patients and leading surgeons through long-term partnerships with leading healthcare providers, such as Fortis Healthcare.

TotipotentRX’s Current Business

TotipotentRX is focused on four companion core competencies to serve patients, physicians and partners in the regenerative medicine market space:

- Therapeutic
- Contract Clinical Trial Services
- Cell Manufacturing and Banking
- Medical Device Development and Commercialization

Therapeutic

TotipotentRX views the combination product as the key to the autologous market. Through control of a mobile manufacturing process with a disposable single use “pharma manufacturing in a box,” every parameter of the cellular treatment is controlled in the operation theater and/or catheterization lab. We believe the direct result of a rapid intra-operative process is a marked improvement in cellular safety and a reduction in the loss of potency and thus speaks to the fundamental premise that using our technology with autologous cells equals clinical efficacy.

The chart below (Autologous Clinical Technology) summarizes the salient features of the proprietary bedside manufacturing process (in a kit) in clinical trials by TotipotentRX. In brief, each specific clinical indication is independently reviewed, studied, engineered, and tested with three main goals: (i) to ensure cell safety, viability, potency for each appropriate application by our clinical research and development team; (ii) to ensure rapid, reproducible (user independent) cell delivery addressing the constraints faced by surgeons conducting surgical treatments on a day to day basis; and (iii) to ensure patient safety. TotipotentRX believes it is essential to provide assurance of potent cellular product and equally essential to provide a process which can be conducted by surgeons and healthcare professionals with ease, without the risk of operator error, and in a rapid cost effective manner.

Through many years of direct physician and patient exposure we have distilled the elements of our mobile bedside manufacturing technology to the precise therapy specific needs in a easy to use disposable “kit”, ancillary equipment system, and indication specific protocol; each configured and customized to one of our therapeutic candidates. It is expected this technology system and therapeutic biological will follow the U.S. FDA PMA “combination product” process in the U.S., and be available for use in any operating room (O.R.) for on-label treatments with minimal user training.

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The disposable clinical kit, specific to each clinical indication, is designed to provide a customized pre-market approved solution for each of our clinical applications. The purpose of the kit is to provide a highly controlled, regulated and fully integrated solution to surgeons eliminating any perceived need for additional uncontrolled products/processes during the treatment protocol. TotipotentRX believes that this complete end-to-end solution is a necessity for both regulatory approval and surgeon adoption. Not only does this approach address quality control deviations and directly address the FDA's requirement for combination product quality, but it also provides an ease of use to the physician user by eliminating the need for pre-surgery preparations such as disposable supply chain and/or cold chain cell management. Each disposable kit contains the four major component categories, which work in concert with the mobile equipment system and in conjunction with the proprietary protocol:

Autologous Clinical Technology Kit Component Categories:

1. Cell Harvest and Anti-coagulation System
2. Cell Processing and Formulation System
3. Cell Diagnostic System
4. Cell Delivery System

TotipotentRX Proprietary Solution – The Combination Product

Component 1: In brief, depending on the source and quantity of the cellular material (i.e. bone marrow, peripheral blood, and cord blood), an integrated cell collection system is provided, which is fully validated to the precise cell collection scenario experienced by the physician at the point-of-care. Using the example of bone marrow source material, TotipotentRX has optimized a proprietary formulation of cell and patient-tested anti-coagulant (an FDA approved polypeptide) designed to minimize adverse effects on the stem cells. To provide further detail on the unique specification of this, TotipotentRX can provide an overview of the features critical to its anti-coagulant system (a chemical added to bone marrow aspirate to prevent the formation of microthrombae) without inhibiting the chemokine receptor 4 (CXCR4)/stromal cell-derived factor-1 (SDF-1) axis, which plays a crucial role in homing to and engraftment of progenitor cells (1, 2). The importance of the CXCR4/SDF-1 axis is unambiguous in the arena of regenerative medicine, and chemicals that interfere with this mechanism impact the overall efficacy of the infused cellular product. Heparins are the most commonly employed anticoagulants for bone marrow aspiration, and are reported to disrupt the pivotal CXCR4/SDF-1 axis (3). The heparin-treated bone marrow cells become unresponsive due to inhibition of the CXCR4 receptor internalization that further blocks CXCR4 downstream signaling. In response to this data, TotipotentRX has created a proprietary formulation designed to avoid this cell inactivation mechanism; a major differentiator to our platform.

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Component 2: TotipotentRX's cell processing and formulation system is designed in exclusive collaboration with ThermoGenesis to integrate "smart" and time-tested medical technology into one of the most critical steps of TotipotentRX's bedside cell manufacturing system. This automated computer-aided technology enables a "hands-free" user-independent infrared cellular selection system that defines a unique cell dose in less than 30 minutes.

TotipotentRX refers to this platform as the VXP™ technology as is based on an evolution of the ThermoGenesis AXP™ System, a technology which has been used in processing over 600,000 cellular samples and several thousand human transplants over the past 10 years. The AXP's quality record ensures that one of the cornerstones of our process will operate to a clinical commercial standard and is scalable.

Component 3: In advance of the cell delivery, the importance of cellular diagnostics has, until now, not been adequately addressed at the point-of-care in both the autologous and allogeneic cell therapy arena. The FDA has underlined this gap in various communications where "No lot of any licensed product shall be released by the manufacturer prior to the completion of tests for conformity with standards applicable to such product." (21 CFR 610.1), which include tests for potency, sterility, purity, and identity (21 CFR Part 610 B). These requirements apply to all biological products, including autologous and single patient allogeneic products, where a lot may be defined as a single dose (U.S. FDA Guidance for Industry. Potency Tests for Cellular and Gene Therapy Product CBER, Jan. 2011). TotipotentRX addresses this requirement through a mobile cell diagnostic platform designed to specifically and rapidly address pre-transplant cell diagnostics. TotipotentRX's system, which we anticipate to be part of the combination product, a rapid feedback system provides a clear differentiator that ensures a traceable record of defined cellular doses specific to the clinical application, and in the event of cellular insufficiency, and immediate notification to the surgical team to harvest additional cells thus ensuring each patient is treated with an effective dose.

Component 4: The cell delivery system is a cell friendly system designed to ensure cells being injected/transplanted into the patient are unchanged by the physics and chemistry of and throughout the delivery device's lumen and surface coating, including control of the cell product physical inputs, and the location of the target delivery is a highly refined, controlled and measurable process. Each step is created to minimize potential harm to the cellular product during delivery to the patient's target organ of interest and can survive to initiate therapeutic benefit. Though in retrospect TotipotentRX considers this principle of cell-based treatments obvious, many examples of competitive poor delivery dynamics have likely been the cause of poor study results and as a result, TotipotentRX has engaged leading medical technology partners to collaborate with TotipotentRX's scientific and clinical team on the customized design and integration of cell delivery devices into the TotipotentRX cell manufacturing kit. Taken together, the Cell Therapy Combination Product Kit (Disposable, Equipment, Diagnostics and Protocol) is a controlled cellular production process under the control of the physician as represented by an example from the TotipotentRX AMIRST study procedure below.

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#### References in this section:

- (1) Takahashi M. (2011) Role of the SDF-1/CXCR4 system in myocardial infarction. *Circ. J.*, 74, 418
- (2) Prokoph S, Chavakis E, Levental KR et al. (2012) Sustained delivery of SDF-1a from heparin-based hydrogels to attract circulating pro-angiogenic cells, *Biomaterials*, 33, 4792
- (3) Seeger FH, Rasper T, Fischer A, Reinholz MM, Hergenreider E, Dimmeler S et al. (2012) Heparin disrupts the CXCR4/SDF-1 axis and impairs the functional capacity of bone marrow-derived mononuclear cells used for cardiovascular repair, *Circ Res.*, 111, 854

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### Therapy Candidates:

TotipotentRX's lead therapeutic technology core combination product platform just outlined is TotiCell™ an intraoperative rapid system for harvesting, preparing, testing, and delivering a therapeutic dose of autologous bone marrow derived or peripheral blood derived cells and proteins. TotipotentRX's integrated treatment kits (unique to each indication) are designed to comply with the FDA's Combination Product definition and as a result combine a proprietary, effective and safe cell formulation specific to the disease indication with all the required medical devices to harvest, process, quality control and deliver the therapeutic cell dose at the patient's bedside in 60-90 minutes.

The TotiCell platform is currently in various stages of Pilot and Phase 1b trials as a potential treatment for vascular and orthopedic indications.

To date TotipotentRX has completed 10 pilot or phase 1b clinical trials, having a net non-dilutive market "cost equivalent" value exceeding \$17M.

· Approximately 600 patients have been treated to date using the TotiCell approach.

The therapeutic candidates of primary focus by TotipotentRX include advancing the development in acute myocardial infarction, critical limb ischemia and orthopedic regeneration spinal fusion and avascular necrosis. TotipotentRX anticipates receiving regulatory clinical trial approval for advancing to the next stage of clinical trials in each. Initial safety pilot or Phase 1b (safety & efficacy) studies have been executed in several additional indications (see Therapy Pipeline Chart below), and TotipotentRX anticipates pursuing partnerships in the other indications prior to advancing into Phase II.

### Key Target Indications

The company will initially focus on the following three indications:

#### 1) Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI):

AMI is a rapid development of myocardial necrosis due to a critical imbalance between oxygen supply and demand to the myocardium (heart muscle) often caused by the occlusion of a coronary artery – commonly known as a heart attack.

Certain patients who suffer an AMI may experience a Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction below 40.0%, and therefore often proceed to suffer from near and medium term ischemic cardiomyopathy, a process leading to chronic heart failure and a high morbidity and mortality rate. This progression of disease and the management of it is extremely expensive to society, health care payers, and government. Our treatment intends to limit the deterioration of the patient towards heart failure, and thus having a significant positive benefit to the patient (quality of life and economic contribution) and healthcare payer system (economic contribution).

Cardiovascular disease (CVD) is the number one cause of morbidity and mortality worldwide. An estimated 17.3 million people died from CVDs in 2008, representing 30.0% of all global deaths. Of these deaths, an estimated 7.3 million were due to coronary heart disease. TotipotentRX's treatment focuses on patients who have low ejection fractions (<40.0%) three to ten days post AMI, and have a predictably high mortality rate one to five years post infarct. TotipotentRX estimates the resulting addressable market to be a more than 700,000 patients per annum worldwide with 90,000 to 100,000 patients in the U.S. alone.

Over the past decade, the use of regenerative medicine methodologies for cardiovascular disease, and specifically bone marrow derived progenitor cell therapy for AMI has been tested in more than 35 Phase I and Phase II clinical studies demonstrating overall safety and measurable clinical benefit 12-61 months post treatment as evaluated by

improvement of the Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (LVEF) post AMI. Delewi, et al, European Heart Journal, Sept 2013, reported in a meta-analysis study the impact of intracoronary bone marrow cells showed a positive 2.55% LVEF improvement in six months or less with a 95.0% confidence interval in 1641 patients comprising 16 randomized controlled trials.

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In 2010, TotipotentRX began developing the TotiCell program with the intent of targeting the low LVEF post AMI indication. This program was named AMIRST (Acute Myocardial Infarction Rapid-Delivery of Stem cell Therapy) and the estimated time to market is 7 years from the commencement of the Phase 1 double blinded randomized controlled clinical study.

In September 2013, TotipotentRX completed a 24 month case study follow-up on a 43 year old, non-diabetic, non-obese, smoker male who presented with symptoms of AMI. On admission, the AMI was confirmed with electrocardiogram ST elevation and biochemical tests. The patient was normo-tensive with no family history of ischemic heart disease. The patient presented with two hours of chest pain with a 2 mm ST segment elevation in the anterior leads. The patient's Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction, LVEF, was estimated to be around 35.0 % by bedside 2D ECHO. Primary PCA was performed using a routine technique, and a single drug-eluting stent was deployed in the proximal LAD with TIMI-3 grade flow results. Post- procedure, the patient's LVEF remained < 40.0% at the 120 hour point as measured by MuGA and ECHO, which met our inclusion criteria and is predictive of a higher than acceptable one year mortality rate. The patient was advised that he met the inclusion criteria for a clinical trial program using his own (autologous) bone marrow concentrated progenitor stem cells. The clinical trial is registered with clinicaltrials.gov (NCT01536106) and is approved by the Institutional Ethics Committee (IEC) (IEC Approval # TIEC/2011/32/02). The patient, Primary Investigator and Clinical Investigator concurred, and consent was obtained. On the 6th day post PTCA/stent implant, the patient was transferred to the heart catheterization laboratory, and the AMIRST protocol was completed. The entire procedure was completed within 90 minutes. As a safety study, the patient was followed up for 24 months and evaluated with standard diagnostic metrics. No serious adverse event or re-hospitalization event was reported, demonstrating the safety of this adjuvant treatment. The patient's LVEF improved from 35.0% at the time of the AMIRST treatment to 60.3% on the 24 month final exam.

TotipotentRX has designed a 30 patient Phase Ib (Safety and Preliminary Efficacy), Randomized Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled, multi-center study to be conducted at Fortis Escorts Hospital (New Delhi), Fortis Flt. Lt. Rajan Dhall Hospital (New Delhi), and Care Hospital (Hyderabad). This study is scheduled to commence in the first quarter of calendar 2014 and TotipotentRX anticipates completion within 18 months.

The protocol in brief:

Bone marrow is aspirated in all the patients and they may or may not receive the bone marrow for their treatment depending on a blinded random selection process.

The aspirated bone marrow enters the TotiCell process – controlled collection, processing, and delivery at a recorded dosage and within 60-90 minutes to each patient selected for the treatment arm. Patients not selected for immediate treatment (placebo arm) will have their cell dose cryopreserved for a potential cross-over study.

The manufactured cells are infused through a specialized catheter into the infarct-related artery in the same operative procedure less than 10 days following an AMI, which TotipotentRX believes is the optimum time for cellular intervention immediately following the pro-inflammatory reaction of the body to the ischemic injury.

Infusate cells migrate / home to areas of cardiac need in response to controlled ischemic events.

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The objective of this Phase 1b is to:

Evaluate the safety of intracoronary infusion of our unique composition of autologous bone marrow mononuclear cells utilizing the TotiCell proprietary process for the treatment of patients with acute myocardial infarction (AMI).

To measure changes in ventricular hemodynamic, infarct size, viable myocardium and cardiac remodeling following intracoronary of the TotiCell Cellular product.

Measure the rehospitalization rate specific to understanding the anticipated positive economics for supporting reimbursement.

2) Critical Limb Ischemia (CLI):

Inadequate blood flow to the limbs leading to chronic ischemic rest pain, ulcers, or gangrene of the feet, legs or both. CLI is a serious form of peripheral artery disease (PAD) also often referred to as peripheral vascular disease (PVD), which is caused by atherosclerosis, the hardening and narrowing of the arteries over time due to the buildup of fatty deposits called plaque.

Prevalence of CLI has been increasing in recent years, affecting several million people across the globe. PAD has been estimated to occur in 10.0-25.0% percent of adults older than 55. The standard of therapy for severe limb-threatening ischemia is either surgical or endovascular revascularization that aims to improve the blood flow to the affected extremity. In the absence of revascularization options (up to 40.0% of CLI patients are not candidates for revascularization) or the subsequent failure, of such surgical inventions, such patients with CLI will require amputation within 6 months. Patients requiring major amputation face a diminished quality of life, an unfavorable life expectancy and extensive resources for their post-amputation rehabilitation and course. The 1-year amputation-free survival rate for patients diagnosed with CLI is 45.0%; the mortality rate is approximately 25.0% and may be as high as 45.0% in those who have undergone amputation. Management of this end-stage disease process consumes a significant amount of healthcare resources.

TotipotentRX estimates the resulting number of “no-option” CLI patients to exceed 250,000 in the U.S., a large addressable market.

Bone marrow (BM)-derived stem and progenitor cells have been identified as a potential new therapeutic option to induce therapeutic angiogenesis, and have demonstrated positive outcomes in both pre-clinical and early clinical models. This approach aims at improving the vascularization of the ischemic leg so that perfusion improves sufficiently for wound healing to occur, and at resolving resting pain ultimately allowing limb salvage.

In 2011, in collaboration with ThermoGenesis, TotipotentRX began a 17 patient Phase 1b (Safety and Preliminary Efficacy), single-center open label study at Fortis Escorts Hospital (New Delhi). The purpose was to demonstrate the safety and efficacy of TotiCell manufactured bone marrow mononuclear cells injected into ischemic tissue of patients with non-reconstructable critical limb ischemia. The one-year follow-up of this study was concluded in August of 2013 and the results are scheduled to be published in November 2013. In advance of publishing the final results TotipotentRX provided the market with interim updates which showed that TotipotentRX achieved the primary endpoint of safety and after 12 months 85.7% of the patients had retained their leg and showed measurable improvement in blood flow and pain scores. This study also served as the proof of principle for our acute myocardial infarction therapy, demonstrating that vasculogenesis was possible in the human subject using TotipotentRX’s combination product.

This program name has been updated to CLIRST (Critical Limb Ischemia Rapid-delivery of Stem cell Therapy) and pending regulatory approval, we will commence the next phase of TotipotentRX’s clinical data collection in the U.S.

The Protocol in brief:



Bone marrow is aspirated in all the patients (all subjects treated) in the heart catheterization lab. TotipotentRX only considered “no option” patients for inclusion in response to the requirements of the institutional ethics committee overseeing this study.

The aspirated bone marrow enters the TotiCell process – controlled collection, processing, and delivery at a recorded dosage and within 60-90 minutes to each subject selected for the treatment arm.

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The bedside manufactured cells are injected intra-muscularly into the affected limb in accordance with a grid-based strategy to ensure appropriate cell distribution.

·Cells migrate / home to areas of vascular need in response to ongoing ischemia in the affected limb.

### 3) Orthopedic Repair:

TotipotentRX has two lead candidates in the orthopedics space: (1) Degenerative Disc Disease and (2) Avascular Necrosis.

Degenerative disc disease refers to a condition in which pain is caused from a damaged spine disc. A wide range of symptoms and severity is associated with this condition, and in more than 400,000 patients per year in the U.S. leads to surgical removal of the diseased disc. Once the disc (vertebral cushion) is removed between two discs, the effected vertebrae are “fused” both mechanically and biologically. The biological fusion is typically completed by inserting a bone scaffold between the vertebrae, and seeding the scaffold with biologicals (proteins, growth factors and/or stem cells) to induce growth of a solid supportive boney fusion. Over the past decade the use of recombinant human bone morphogenic protein (BMP) has been used to supercharge the biological growth of the bone implant. However, recent studies have raised significant safety concerns about the use of this growth factor, and most recently Lad et al (Neurology 2013) reported that the use of rhBMP increases the risk of non-malignant tumors by more than 30.0%.

The current rhBMP U.S. market is believed to exceed \$700 million. In a recent survey of orthopedic physicians asked what they would be replacing BMP should the U.S. FDA take steps to restrict the on-label allowances of rhBMP, more than 31.0% said they would use autologous bone graft with stem cells.

TotipotentRX believes the addressable U.S. market is large, with more than 120,000 procedures per year.

This procedure involves the use of autologous bone marrow stem cells, and as it is a minimally manipulated homologous use of the patients own cells TotipotentRX, upon consultation with the U.S. FDA, anticipates in will seek CBER approval to complete a Phase II/III Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) clinical trial. If this path is approved, the potential time to market will be considerably shorter than our other product indications.

This program is called the Vertebrae Fusion Rapid Implant Stem cell Therapy (VFIRST).

Avascular necrosis (AVN) is a disease resulting from the temporary or permanent loss of blood supply to the bones. Without blood, the bone tissue dies, and ultimately the bone may collapse. If the process involves the bones near a joint (typically the hip), it often leads to collapse of the joint surface. AVN is also known as osteonecrosis, aseptic necrosis, and ischemic necrosis.

·The incidence rate of AVN is 1 in 27,200 U.S. adults (approx. 10,000 – 20,000 new cases per year)

·There are five (5) grades of disease development

oGrade I (least severe) : painful but difficult to diagnose on MRI

o Grade II : still asymptomatic but recognizable  
in MRI

oGrade III: painful and flattening of femoral head

oGrade IV: increased pain and collapse of necrotic segment

oGrade V: cystic changes are seen

We have completed a pilot study (investigator initiated) of 15 subjects having Grade II and II/III AVN of the femoral head. Our procedure involves the use of autologous bone marrow derived enriched progenitor cells, a allogeneic bone graft in combination with autologous (patient’s own) biologics to enhance cell survival. The company has filed a patent on both the methods and on a device for calculating the allograft to cell volume ratio. The company is considering options for seeking fast track status of its AVN therapy in pediatric patients.



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In addition to our initial pursuit of the above four indications, we have the following in-human clinical initiatives also underway:

Other Target Diseases and Treatments	
Indication	Status
Osteoarthritis	Pilot Phase
Non-Union Fracture	Pilot Complete, Under Review
Chronic Dermal Wounds	Pilot Phase
Ischemic Brain Injury	Under Review

### Contract Clinical Trial Services

TotipotentRX has a leading cell therapy CRO team of clinical scientists, physicians, and graduate level scientific associates. This program emerged as a necessity for conducting cell-based clinical trials as few CRO's understand the complexities of conducting autologous cellular therapy programs. TotipotentRX combines its expertise in intra-operative medical management, cellular manufacturing, device validation and regulatory affairs to provide complete and seamless cellular drug and device clinical services. This service is now being marketed to regenerative medicine biotech and academic centers seeking high quality, rapid enrollment, and lower cost clinical trial studies.

TotipotentRX's full service cellular biological and medical device services include clinical study design, cost effective contract Phase I-II clinical trials, regulatory consultation, physician/surgeon training and support for cellular product potency validation, handling and delivery of the cellular therapy, and fully validated laboratory services for cellular bioanalytics. The services offered ensure patient safety under Good Clinical Practices (GCP), quality laboratory documentation under Good Laboratory Practices (GLP), and quality cell processing and handling under both Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) and Good Tissue Practices (GTP).

TotipotentRX's scientific and clinical team's comprehension of the complex issues of cellular therapy trials translates into earlier identification of potential problems, hands on decision making, patient and care giver support, physician training and support all leading to superior results. We believe TotipotentRX's experience in cellular therapy allows us to work smarter, minimize cost, and maximize time efficiencies for TotipotentRX's client trials.

Employee Expertise includes:

- Project Management
- Clinical Research Associates for Clinical Support & Monitoring
- Medical Monitors and Physician Oversight
- Quality Assurance teams
- Regulatory Specialists

TotipotentRX's exclusive partnership with Fortis Healthcare has also lead to unique marketing opportunities where the CRO offering has been strategically planned in cooperation and co-marketing programs are underway. The first such co-marketing program was launched at the 2012 International Stem Cell Society Meeting in Seattle Washington.

Leveraging Fortis' experience and traditional clinical trial infrastructure, which includes more than 100 trials underway presently, allowing TotipotentRX to focus on the cell therapy unique requirements without additional overhead.

### Cell Manufacturing and Banking

Over the past decade, the use of adult cell tissues such as bone marrow cells, cord blood cells and adipose cells have held great promise for treatments of debilitating diseases such as genetic abnormalities, cancer, cardiovascular disease,

neurological injury, and secondary effects of adult onset diabetes. TotipotentRX operates advanced clinical cell manufacturing, processing, testing, and storage facilities compliant with GMP, GTP, and GLP and registered with the U.S. FDA and Indian Drug Control (DCGI). With our current infrastructure including the GLP laboratory, GMP development and GCP compliant clinical research teams we house an extremely broad set of capabilities available for internal development needs as well as to outside clients. In exploiting our world-class infrastructure within the Fortis Healthcare network, we provide cell banking (cryopreservation) and cell manufacturing services to both clinical trial clients and patient clients.

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Cell Banking

TotipotentRX operates a premium private cord blood and tissue banking service within the Fortis Healthcare system.

As a contractual component of TotipotentRX's services to Fortis, the NovaCord™ brand was created and deployed at five Fortis Hospitals across New Delhi as well as other Fortis locations in the surrounding regions. The GMP facility is marketed through traditional and telesales teams to pregnant mothers planning to deliver their babies at Fortis Hospitals pan-India.

To support the cryogenic storage requirements of the cord blood industry as well as clinical trial clients, TotipotentRX operates a state-of-the-art cryopreservation facility fully equipped with semi-automated controlled rate freezing and stem cell sample long term storage containment dewars as well as a patient sample bank for quality control purposes. TotipotentRX has implemented robust standard operating procedures (SOPs), quality processes, and in-house diagnostic testing to ensure every sample has full traceability, and the facility is licensed by the state and national drug control departments and certified by the British Standards Institute for ISO 9001, GMP, GCP, and GLP.

Cell Manufacturing

TotipotentRX offers cGMP-compliant cell therapy manufacturing through its ISO Class 7 (Class 10,000) clean room infrastructure meeting U.S. and international requirements. We have experience with multiple platforms of closed-system processing and can adapt to the specific cell culturing strategy of our client. At request, we can also employ our medical device assets to provide customized disposable systems specific to the unique needs of an individual project.

A testament to TotipotentRX cell therapy service capabilities, in August 2013, in collaboration with the Fortis Memorial Research Institute, TotipotentRX announced the successful launch of its pediatric bone marrow transplant program at the Fortis-TotiRX Centre for Cellular Medicine in New Delhi, India. The new program achieved its first 100-day survival milestone following an allogeneic bone marrow engraftment in a pediatric patient with aplastic anemia. The successful transplant was performed through the use of our cell manufacturing and cryopreservation facilities and has paved the way for the expansion of the bone marrow transplant program at Fortis, a much needed service in the region.

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Medical Device Development and Commercialization

TotipotentRX currently operates a medical device assembly and supply business at its Gurgaon (New Delhi N.C.R.) facility in India. This facility was designed to house the organizations sales and operations departments, which cater specifically to the design, assembly and supply of medical devices and kits to the regenerative medicine market, primarily private cord blood banks. This business segment can be divided into two distinct groups:

1. Device Manufacturing

TotipotentRX's device assembly facility is ISO 13485 certified (British Standards Institute) and has manufacturing clean room infrastructure validated to ISO Class 7 to meet the requirements of European CE marking and U.S. FDA 510(k) for sterile disposable assembly and sterile liquid filling applications. This facility has the capability to assemble regulated product disposables and medical convenience kits. This flexibility allows a unique position to provide rapid, low cost, customized products to the regenerative medicine disposables market.

To support the sales and distribution department the operations group is comprised of the following specialized departments to ensure our customer base is supplied with high quality products:

- Finance & Accounts
- Regulatory (product registrations, dossier creation and updates, facility registrations)
- Quality Assurance (quality management, product occurrence tracking and vigilance systems)
- Logistics & Supply Chain
- Engineering (Product Design and advanced engineering support)
- Production
- Warehouse (controlled raw material and finished product storage)

2. Medical Device Sales and Distribution

TotipotentRX markets a growing product line of consumables under the "TotipotentSC" brand. These products are currently sold to the South Asian and European cord blood bank markets for use in umbilical cord blood collection, processing, and cryopreservation as well as transport of umbilical cord tissue.

Cord Blood Banking disposables are either:

- Manufactured / assembled in-house
- Sourced through long-term strategic private label agreements
- Distributed in collaboration with specialized suppliers

TotipotentRX primary customers are private (or public) cord blood banks, which provide an offering to pregnant parents to collect and store their cord blood. These products are sold for single use applications in the GMP laboratory of cord blood banks. Product sales are generally smooth as a business-to-business sale based on annual or multi-year purchase contracts with defined pricing and delivery periods.

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## Major Products

Description	Market	Distribution / TotiSC Brand	Regulatory Approval	Sales Territory
Collection Bag	Cord Blood	Distribution	CE, DCGI	Global (outside U.S.)
Manual Processing Set	Cord Blood	TotiSC Brand	CE, DCGI	Global (outside U.S. & EU)
Manual Processing Set	Cord Blood	Distribution	CE, U.S. FDA, DCGI	India and South Asia
Cord Blood Stem Cell Freezing Bags	Cord Blood	TotiSC Brand	CE, DCGI	Global (outside U.S. & EU)
Stem Cell Freezing Bags	Regen. Med.	TotiSC Brand	CE, DCGI	Global (outside U.S.)
Cryo Overwraps Bags	Cord Blood	TotiSC Brand	N/A	Global
Bone Marrow Processing	Regen Med.	Distribution	CE, U.S. FDA	India and South Asia
Cord Blood Collection Kits	Cord Blood	TotiSC Brand	Convenience Kit (not required)	Global
GMP Cell Expansion Reagents	Regen. Med.	Distribution	N/A	India

## Government Regulations

The development, clinical trials, and marketing of our cell therapy products are subject to the laws and regulations of the U.S. (FDA), European Union (EMA) and other countries including India as projected in TotipotentRX's commercial sales strategy. TotipotentRX's belief is that its clinical approach represents a moderately low regulatory and patient risk due to the following characteristics of its products:

1. Autologous cell source
2. Cells are non-manipulated (or minimally manipulated)
3. Homologous (orthopedic indications) and Non-Homologous (vascular indications)

In accordance with historical regulatory publications, rules, and decisions, we assess our regulatory risk to be lower than our competitors. TotipotentRX ranks the risk profile of its clinical candidates in order of highest to lowest risk as AMI, CLI and Spinal Fusion or Avascular Necrosis, respectively. Moreover, relative to TotipotentRX's competition, it believes that it has a meaningful reduction in time to market where in spite of positive trial outcomes, these competitors' allogeneic risks remain unknown and may require additional years (and comparatively larger patient populations) in the pivotal studies to conclusively demonstrate the absence of adverse or unpredicted results.

The trials TotipotentRX conducts in India are all compliant with the applicable Indian Council for Medical Research, and Ministry of Health Order No. V.25011/375/2010-HR rules specific to oversight and rulemaking related to stem cell research and therapy in addition to requisite institutional ethics board and institutional stem cell committee approvals. Both the U.S. and E.U. regulatory agencies are experienced with accepting Indian clinical trial data<sup>(1)(2)</sup>. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration issued a Final Rule in October 2008 revising §21 CFR 312.120(a) and further clarifying their position in a Guidance Document in March 2012, where they will accept as support for a U.S. Investigational New Drug (IND) or application for marketing approval a well-designed and well-conducted foreign clinical study not conducted under a U.S. IND if the study is conducted in accordance with Good Clinical Practices (GCP) and where the sponsor is able to validate the data from the study through an onsite inspection by FDA if necessary. GCP includes review and approval by an IEC before initiating a study, continuing review of an ongoing study by an IEC, and obtaining and documenting the freely given informed consent of the subject before initiating a study.

India has become a major region for conducting clinical studies of equivalent quality and regulatory stringency to the U.S.<sup>(3)</sup>, with the advantage of recognizing a significant savings in clinical costs, accessing many more patients, and enrolling patients faster.



Nevertheless, we understand the necessity to conduct multi-centered trials and aim, in all cases, to select sites in countries, which are on TotipotentRX's commercialization roadmap. TotipotentRX anticipates doing all pilot and Phase I trials in our economically advantageous CRO in India, and then moving onto market/region specific multi-center trials in Phases 2 & 3.

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- (1) Fortis Escorts has completed two U.S. FDA approved cellular therapy CLI studies for competitors prior to initiating the TotipotentRX-ThermoGenesis study.
- (2) Foreign clinical trials conducted in India exceeded \$2.5 billion.  
Fortis Healthcare currently serves as a clinical trial facility for more than 100 U.S. or EMEA IND/IDE multi-site
- (3) clinical trials per annum, demonstrating their proficiency and acceptable Good Clinical Practices as required by the U.S. FDA.

TotipotentRX's regulatory plan focuses on obtaining pre-market approval (PMA) from the FDA or the equivalent via the EMEA and national authorities in Europe as well as other national territories. Therefore, TotipotentRX has designed and anticipates that our studies comply with the guidelines of these regulatory authorities per the Combination Products as defined by the U.S. FDA.

### Competition

The field of cell therapy development is competitive. There are a number of companies that are developing stem cell-based therapies for cardiovascular and/or orthopedic indications, including, but not limited to MesoBlast, Ltd., Osiris Therapeutics, Inc., Baxter International, Inc., Athersys, Ltd., Neostem, Inc., Aastrom Biosciences, Inc., Cytori Therapeutics, Inc., Cytomedix, Inc., Pluristem Therapeutics Inc., and Bioheart, Inc. These companies are utilizing a number of different cellular approaches in pursuit of commercially successful therapeutics. TotipotentRX's competitors employ either autologous or allogeneic-based development programs with cells from three main sources: bone marrow derived cells, fat derived cells, and peripheral blood or cord blood/tissue cells.

To our knowledge, TotipotentRX is the only company providing point-of-care fully integrated autologous combination products.

TotipotentRX's sees the following main advantages to its approach:

Autologous vs. Allogeneic. TotipotentRX employs an autologous cell source (donor and recipient are the same person) to all of its therapeutic candidates) therefore having an inherently lower safety risk profile with respect to transplantation related toxicity, cell durability, and the potential need for immunosuppressive drugs. Allogeneic sources (that is where the donor and recipient are different persons) face a series of technical limitations that we believe will likely impact their clinical value through both an increased risk of treatment success (therapeutic efficacy from a single cell source), potential immunogenicity and the risk of extensive (and expensive) reviews and potential delays by regulatory authorities for safety concerns.

TotiCell is Minimally Manipulated. The majority of TotipotentRX's competitors employ one or more cell manipulation techniques in order to manufacture their final cell product. The listing of these techniques would be exhaustive, however, we can attempt to summarize these to the following: (i) exposure to chemical agents (i.e. for cell isolation/purification), (ii) cell expansion (ex vivo laboratory-based culturing to achieve necessary cell quantities), (iii) cryopreservation (maintenance of cell stock for "off the shelf" supply for patient treatment) and (iv) transport (between multiple laboratory-based devices and through the hands of many different human technicians at collection sites, within laboratory environments and when transporting between geographical locations). Of note, the U.S. National Institutes of Health "NIH" released a critical study in May 2011 showing expanded mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs) experience unacceptable genetic changes after 2 expansion cycles (Campasi et al, ISCT Annual Meeting, Rotterdam, 2011). To achieve a therapeutic dose, one typically needs to carryout 4-6 expansion cycles. Therefore, this "cell-in-a-bottle" concept appears to have considerably more risk than originally believed. Additionally, Galipeau et al published a landmark paper in 2012 demonstrating that cryopreserved MSCs display a loss of immunosuppression (their main benefit) compared to fresh MSC cells - thus, cryopreserved "cells in a bottle" may have challenges meeting their primary efficacy endpoints without some additional process steps immediately prior to injection to overcome the

negative impact of the heat shock protein up regulation due to cryopreservation. These two stability concerns demonstrate challenges that allogeneic cells face in gaining regulatory approval in any conditions which are non-life threatening (no-option). TotipotentRX believes even under the most stringent controls these manipulation steps may have a functional impact on cells, a manifestation that could present itself early in the development path or later after extensive clinical trial investment. Our approach has been to eliminate as many variables and handling steps as possible in producing the cellular product through rapid (60min) intraoperative automation assisted bedside protocols. By providing fresh cells that have only been subjected to short-term ex vivo exposure TotipotentRX believes it maximizes the potency while minimizing the complexity (risk) of the cell treatment process.

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Bone Marrow As A Cell Source. Bone marrow has long been studied and has repeatedly demonstrated its direct involvement in the regenerative process in humans and animals. Though initially associated only with hematopoiesis (creation and maintenance of the blood system), bone marrow has been shown not only to contain and produce vascular and bone progenitor cells (endothelial, osteoblasts, mesenchymal cells) but also actively release these cells from the bone marrow interior into the blood stream in response to acute injuries such as a cardiovascular ischemic event. This natural healing process provides a highly logical approach to exploit and to build a therapeutic platform as designed by TotipotentRX in the TotiCell technology.

Experienced Cell Therapy Development Company. TotipotentRX has been developing point of care cell therapies for over six years and as a result we believe our experience in testing and commercializing combination products (devices/biologic therapeutics) and translating protocols into a point of care environment is unmatched in this space. TotipotentRX believes it is likely the only company providing a front to back systemized process from collection of the cells to controlled delivery with time tested medical device technologies - all with extreme attention to the surgeon's requirements and today's evolving surgical environment.

TotipotentRX's approach maximizes simplicity to avoid the inherent pitfalls of complex product systems; use the body's own cells and cellular factors in a therapeutically viable dose without significant manipulation and delivers them to the required target in minutes versus days or weeks. With this approach TotipotentRX believes it is optimally positioned in the market to provide large patient populations access to safe, effective and economically curative treatments.

## Collaborations

TotipotentRX applies great value to effective partnerships; both for clinical development and corporate commercial goals, often these are combined for the collective benefit of all stakeholders. A testament to this are ongoing collaborations with many orthopedic and vascular surgeons, and interventional cardiologists through TotipotentRX's global reach. Though TotipotentRX cannot provide a complete list of its dedicated collaborators TotipotentRX can name those involved in projects that have graduated to the next level of clinical development:

Prof. (Dr.) Sheila Kar, M.D. Dr. Kar is the past Chief of Cardiology at Cedars Sinai Medical Center in Los Angeles, and Assistant Clinical Professor of Medicine at the University of California, Los Angeles. Project Involvement: AMI Study.

Dr. Ashok Seth, M.D. Dr. Seth is currently the Chairman and Head of Cardiology at Fortis Escorts in New Delhi. (2) Dr. Seth has contributed extensively to the growth, development and scientific progress of Cardiology especially Interventional Cardiology in India and across the world. Project Involvement: AMI / CLI Studies.

Dr. Harsha Hegde, M.B.B.S., M.S., Dr. Hegde, previously the Head of Orthopedics for the Fortis Hospital Group in New Delhi, and presently Director of Orthopedics at Nova Healthcare (a Goldman Sachs backed Indian hospital chain). (3) Dr. Hedge is ranked as one of the top five spinal surgeons in Asia, and currently leads the orthopedic stem cell program with TotipotentRX. Project involvement: Spinal Fusion.

In response to TotipotentRX's clinical translation and commercialization interests, in 2010, TotipotentRX signed a five (5) plus a one (1) year extension exclusive partnership with Fortis Healthcare Limited, the largest hospital and clinical conglomerate in Asia. In essence, TotipotentRX's corporate partnership with Fortis provides it with access to the following unparalleled market advantages:

### 1. World Class Facilities and Equipment

Daily exposure to the administrative and working structure within the healthcare network provides meaningful intelligence on product and service design in order to exceed the expectation of the clinical customers, patients, regulators and payer companies by providing solutions which speak to a completely optimized economically delivered cell treatment approach.



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Fortis Healthcare also prides itself on staying at the forefront of medical technologies, where TotipotentRX is given access to the latest diagnostic and imaging systems, a necessity for high quality clinical data collection.

Fortis Healthcare is an accredited clinical research organization, with its centralized ethics oversight committee approved by the Indian Drugs Controller General. Additionally, its Escorts operations which houses the central ethics oversight committee holds accreditation from the Joint Commission International, the accrediting body for hospitals in the U.S. and abroad. Currently, Fortis participates in more than 100 international clinical trials.

### 2. Access to Patients and Internationally Trained Physicians

72 Hospitals (6 countries), 10,000 inpatient beds comprising a hospital group twice the size as Kaiser Permanente, with access to economic, clinical, and epidemiological statistics from a database built on 15,000 patients entering Fortis' facilities every day.

Diverse and numerous patient populations meeting our study inclusion requirements thus reducing trial related risks particularly with patient selection and adequate enrollment within aggressive timelines.

The Fortis Hospital brand attracts world class internationally trained and recognized physicians, a critical component of our clinical strategy.

### 3. Hospital Embedded Contract Research Organization.

TotipotentRX's in-house CRO, benefits from the facilities, technology, patient and physician access in this exclusive relationship with Fortis Healthcare. The combined benefit of this unique advantage is highly controlled studies produced more quickly and economically than TotipotentRX's competitors.

In addition to physician and hospital-focused partnerships, TotipotentRX has also invested heavily into the essential devices integral to our combination products. Though several of these partnerships remain confidential they are built upon gaining the unique positioning for the following:

The requirement for unique, proprietary and portable device technology critical to the production of rapid cellular  
1. transplants. Our mobile manufacturing requires unique instruments, disposable devices and reagents from collection through patient delivery.

The requirement for rapid commercialization (therapeutic market access). TotipotentRX recognizes the regulatory,  
2. market penetration and competitive challenges in the industry and has taken definitive steps which mitigate our risks by utilizing partnerships having particular expertise in their technology area.

## Research and Development

TotipotentRX's current technology has been in development since 2009 through low cost investigator-initiated, or TotipotentRX sponsored, or co-sponsored studies with corporate partners such as ThermoGenesis. By leveraging these development models we have achieved our clinical data generation goals by conducting trials in lower cost world class facilities with a direct investment exceeding \$2 million. We estimated this approach has saved our company and shareholders an estimated \$12 million to date (due to our in-house CRO and the intelligent use of our foreign facilities and partnerships) as compared to a similar clinical investment funded in the U.S. During this period, having completed ten pilot/phase 1 studies, TotipotentRX has selected 3 indications for immediate investment including AMI, CLI, and Bone Regeneration in either spinal fusion or avascular necrosis as previously detailed in the therapeutic candidates section above. Upon commencement of the next round of clinical studies, TotipotentRX will be assessing its capacity to expand beyond its current targets by considering Phase 1b trials in ischemic stroke, non-healing dermal ulcers and osteoarthritis.

## Infrastructure, Licenses & Certifications

Collectively, TotipotentRX currently operates four global locations, three in India and one in Los Angeles, California. In India, TotipotentRX has designed and built two specialized facilities specifically catering to the needs of the cell therapy market and a third facility housing administrative activities for the Asia region. In total, the facilities in India cover approximately 12,000 square feet of space.



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TotipotentRX Centre for Cellular Medicine (Fortis Collaboration) is located within the newly opened Fortis Memorial Research Institute (FMRI), which is the flagship hospital of Fortis Healthcare, a group comprised of more than 72 primary and tertiary care facilities. TotipotentRX is located within the Oncology wing of FMRI and enjoys exclusive rights in providing all cellular therapies/services through this collaboration. TotipotentRX's unique facility (details below) was designed to maximize our ability to advance our stem cell clinical development goals as well as provide immediate commercial services to the Fortis Healthcare network.

### Cellular Medicine Facility

Location: Gurgaon (New Delhi N.C.R.), India inside FMRI

Major Certifications/Registrations: U.S. FDA Registered; GLP/GMP/GCP and ISO 9001 Certified from the British Standards Institute (BSI); Cord Blood Banking License from the Drug Controller of India

1. Class 10,000 Cell Manufacturing & Cell Expansion Suites
2. Dedicated Cord Blood & Tissue Banking Suites
3. Clinical Diagnostic, Research Analytical Instrumentation, and Cryopreservation Facilities
4. Contract Research Organization
5. Research & Development Laboratory

Located within 5 miles of our Cellular Medicine Facility TotipotentRX leases a property custom designed by TotipotentRX to house capabilities for proprietary medical device design and GMP production. Understanding the unique needs of the regenerative medicine market, we believe that the ability to create customized kits and device solutions "in-house" is a necessity to support our internal clinical goals as well as support a growing market.

### Device Manufacturing Facility

Location: Gurgaon (New Delhi N.C.R.), India

Major Certifications: ISO 13485 (BSI)

1. Class 10,000 Clean Rooms and requisite functional facilities for quality, regulatory, manufacturing, logistics etc.
2. Sterile Product Capabilities: Non-Drug Liquid Filling and Medical Device Assembly/Tailing
3. Non-Sterile Capabilities: Medical Convenience Kit production

### Intellectual Property

TotipotentRX believes that patent protection is important for products and methods to maintain a proprietary position. In the U.S., TotipotentRX currently has four provisional patents pending (submitted to the USPTO) and two additional methods (in patent drafting mode) to protect the methods and or designs of products, which TotipotentRX intends to market. In addition, TotipotentRX has service marks for certain products and services.

### Intellectual Property Summary (Patent and Publication List)

- Sanghi, V, et al. (2013) Clinical Case Report: Safety Study of Autologous Bone Marrow Concentrate Enriched in
1. Progenitor Cells (BMCEPC) as an Adjuvant in the Treatment of Acute Myocardial Infarction (Manuscript under preparation)
  2. Bukhari S, et al. (2013) Safety and Efficacy of Autologous Bone Marrow Mononuclear Cells in Patients With Severe Critical Limb Ischemia (Manuscript under preparation)
  - 3.



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Ponemone V, et al. (2012) Intrathecal administration of autologous bone marrow cells with 10.0% hematocrit – RBCs are clinically safe, Annual ISCT Meeting, Poster 116, Seattle, WA

4. Ponemone V, et al. (2012) Autologous bone marrow derived stem cell graft facilitates remodeling of non union fractures, Annual ISCT Meeting, Poster 191, Seattle, W A

Pending Patent Portfolio

1. 61/751846 – A rapid method for the aspiration, processing, testing and infusion of autologous bone-marrow derived stem cells as an adjuvant therapy for the treatment of ischemic disorders

2. 61/762684 – A method for treating avascular necrosis (AVN) using autologous cellular products

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3.61/762730 – Autologous platelet product for the treatment of Osteoarthritis (OA)

4.61/762946 – Leak proof medical tissue transport device for cellular therapy

Employees

As of June 30, 2013, TotipotentRX had 51 employees, 10 of whom were engaged in manufacturing, providing cell-based services, procurement and quality control, 14 in research and new product development, and 27 in sales, marketing and administration. None of its employees are represented by a collective bargaining agreement, nor has it experienced any work stoppage.

Facilities

Collectively, TotipotentRX currently operates four global locations, three in India and one in Los Angeles, California. In India, TotipotentRX has designed and built two specialized facilities specifically catering to the needs of the cell therapy market and a third facility housing administrative activities for the Asia region. In total, the facilities in India cover approximately 12,000 square feet of space.

Legal Proceedings

TotipotentRX is not a party to nor is any of its property subject to any pending legal proceedings. In the normal course of operations, TotipotentRX may have disagreements or disputes with employees, vendors or customers. These disputes are seen by TotipotentRX's management as a normal part of business, and there are no currently pending actions or threatened actions that management believes would have a significant material impact on TotipotentRX's financial position.

Market for TotipotentRX's Common Stock and Dividend Matters

TotipotentRX's common stock is not traded on any exchange or quoted on any automated quotation system. As of June 30, 2013, there were approximately 12 stockholders of record. TotipotentRX has not paid cash dividends on its common stock.

**TOTIPOTENTRX MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**CERTAIN STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS SECTION AND OTHER PARTS OF THIS PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS/CONSENT SOLICITATION WHICH ARE NOT HISTORICAL FACTS ARE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES. TOTIPOTENTRX'S ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THE PROJECTED RESULTS DISCUSSED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. FACTORS THAT MIGHT AFFECT ACTUAL RESULTS INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, THOSE DISCUSSED IN THE "RISK FACTORS" AND OTHER FACTORS.**

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with TotipotentRX's consolidated financial statements contained in this JOINT proxy statement/prospectus.

Overview

TotipotentRX Corporation is engaged in the research, development, and commercialization of cell-based services, therapeutics and devices for use in regenerative medicine. TotipotentRX is focused on four companion competencies to serve patients, physicians and partners: Therapeutic, Contract Clinical Trial Services, Cell Manufacturing and

Banking and medical device development and commercialization. TotipotentRX sells medical devices and equipment for collection, transportation, and processing of cord blood, cord tissue, bone marrow, and peripheral blood; reagents for culturing and assaying stem cells; and services to hospital and surgeons for processing autologous cellular therapies at the point of care.

On July 2, 2013, TotipotentRX merged with and into MK Alliance which existed as the surviving company and subsequently changed its name to TotipotentRX. Prior to the merger, TotipotentRX was a 77.0% owned subsidiary of MK Alliance.

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### Critical Accounting Policies

TotipotentRX's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon TotipotentRX's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires TotipotentRX to make estimates and judgments that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. TotipotentRX bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

TotipotentRX believes the following critical accounting policies affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

### Revenue Recognition

Revenues from the sale of TotipotentRX's products and services are recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, the price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. Amounts billed in excess of revenue recognized are recorded as deferred revenue on the balance sheet.

Revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables are divided into units of accounting if certain criteria are met, including whether the delivered item(s) has value to the customer on a stand-alone basis. Revenue for each unit of accounting is recognized as the unit of accounting is delivered. Arrangement consideration is allocated to each unit of accounting based upon the relative fair value determined from third-party evidence of the separate units of accounting. TotipotentRX accounts for collection, processing and testing of the umbilical cord blood and the storage as separate units of accounting. Revenue generated from storage contracts is deferred and recorded ratably over the life of the agreement, up to 21 years.

### Inventory Reserves

TotipotentRX states inventories at lower of cost or market value determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

TotipotentRX provides inventory allowances when conditions indicate that the selling price could be less than cost due to physical deterioration, obsolescence, changes in price levels, or other causes, which it includes as a component of cost of revenues. Additionally, TotipotentRX provides reserves for excess and slow-moving inventory on hand that are not expected to be sold to reduce the carrying amount of slow-moving inventory to its estimated net realizable value. The reserves are based upon estimates about future demand from our customers and distributors and market conditions. Because some of TotipotentRX products are highly dependent on current customer use and validation, and completion of regulatory and field trials, there is a risk that we will forecast incorrectly and purchase or produce excess inventories. As a result, actual demand may differ from forecasts and TotipotentRX may be required to record additional inventory reserves that could adversely impact the gross margins. Conversely, favorable changes in demand could result in higher gross margins when products previously reserved are sold.

Shipping and handling fees billed to customers are included in net revenues, while the related costs are included in cost of goods sold.

### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

TotipotentRX evaluates the collectability of accounts receivable and determines the appropriate reserve for doubtful accounts based on a combination of factors. TotipotentRX writes off uncollectible accounts receivable based upon

specific criteria, including when internal and/or external efforts to collect the amounts are unsuccessful, whether a customer has accounts past due over a specified period of time, and whether a customer has filed for or has been placed in bankruptcy. Allowances are recorded for all other receivables based on analysis of historical trends of write-offs and recoveries. In addition, in circumstances where we are aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligation, a specific allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded to reduce the receivable to the net amount reasonably expected to be collected. Our judgment is required as to the impact of certain of these items and other factors as to ultimate realization of our accounts receivable. If the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, additional allowances may be required.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

TotipotentRX measures compensation expense for all share-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognizes compensation expense over the service period for awards expected to vest. TotipotentRX uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to determine the fair-value for awards and recognizes compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the awards' vesting periods. Management has determined the Black-Scholes fair value of stock option awards and related share-based compensation expense with the assistance of third-party valuation specialists.

Determining the fair value of stock options at the grant date requires the use of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected term of the option and the expected volatility of TotipotentRX's stock price. The determination of the grant date fair value of options using an option-pricing model is affected by TotipotentRX's estimated common stock fair value as well as assumptions regarding a number of other complex and subjective variables. In valuing the options, management makes assumptions about risk-free interest rates, dividend yields, volatility, and weighted-average expected lives, of the options.

**Risk-free rate.** Risk-free interest rates are derived from U.S. Treasury securities as of the option grant date.

**Expected dividend yields.** Expected dividend yields are based on TotipotentRX's historical dividend payments, which have been zero to date.

**Volatility.** Absent a public market for its shares, TotipotentRX estimated volatility of its share price based on the volatilities of industry peers in the regenerative medicine space in which TotipotentRX operates.

**Expected term.** TotipotentRX estimates the weighted-average expected life of options as the average of the vesting option schedule and the term of the award, which is known as the simplified method, since, due to the limited period of time share-based awards have been exercisable, TotipotentRX does not have sufficient historical exercise data to provide a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the expected term.

**Forfeiture rate.** As the majority of the stock options granted were immediately vested, a 0% forfeiture rate was used. TotipotentRX expenses the estimated fair value of our stock-based compensation awards. The estimated fair value is calculated using the Black-Scholes model. The compensation cost we record for these awards are based on their grant-date fair value as estimated and amortized over their vesting period.

#### Income Taxes

We account for income taxes using the asset and liability method, under which we recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the future tax consequences attributable to temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and for net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Tax positions that meet a more-likely-than-not recognition threshold are recognized in the first reporting period that it becomes more-likely-than-not such tax position will be sustained upon examination. We record potential accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense.

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As a multinational corporation, we are subject to complex tax laws and regulations in various jurisdictions. The application of tax laws and regulations is subject to legal and factual interpretation, judgment, and uncertainty. Tax laws themselves are subject to change as a result of changes in fiscal policy, changes in legislation, evolution of regulations and court rulings. Therefore, the actual liability for U.S. or foreign taxes may be materially different from our estimates, which could result in the need to record additional liabilities or potentially to reverse previously recorded tax liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is recorded against any deferred tax assets when, in the judgment of management, it is more likely than not that all of or part of a deferred tax asset will not be realized. In assessing the need for a valuation allowance, we consider all positive and negative evidence, including recent financial performance, scheduled reversals of temporary differences, projected future taxable income, availability of taxable income in carryback periods and tax planning strategies. Based on a review of such information, we believe that insufficient positive evidence exists to support that we will more likely than not be able to realize the majority of our foreign and U.S. federal and state deferred tax assets. Therefore, we have recorded a valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets to the extent that they are not expected to be recoverable against taxes previously paid in available carryback periods.

### Results of Operations

The following is management's discussion and analysis of certain significant factors which have affected TotipotentRX's financial condition and results of operations during the periods included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

### Results of Operations for the Six Months ended June 30, 2013 as Compared to the Six Months ended June 30, 2012

#### Net Revenues

Net revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2013 were \$767,000 compared to \$466,000 for the six months year ended June 30, 2012, an increase of \$301,000 or 64%. The increase is primarily due a large cord blood banking customer that resumed placing regular orders in late calendar 2012, new cord blood banking customers and increased orders from existing customers for \$355,000. Revenues also increased by \$50,000 due to growth in the Company's own cord blood banking program. These increases were partially offset by a decrease of \$100,000 in the number of point of care procedures performed.

#### Gross Profit

Gross profit was \$172,000 or 22% of revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2013, as compared to \$142,000 or 30% of revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2012. The increase in gross profit of \$30,000 or 21% was primarily the result of increased revenue, partially offset by a change in the mix of products and services sold and an increase in contractual expenses associated with the Company's own cord blood banking program. The decrease in the gross profit margin is due to an increase in cord blood banking revenues which have a lower gross profit margin than point of care revenues.

#### Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$666,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to \$502,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2012, an increase of \$164,000 or 33%. The increase is primarily the result of costs associated with the pending merger of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX of \$60,000, an increase in selling expenses of \$45,000 relating to the Company's own cord blood banking program, an increase in consulting expenses of \$30,000 for obtaining CE mark on certain cord blood banking products and in accounting services.

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was \$28,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2013, which is comparable to the six months ended June 30, 2012.

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#### Interest and Other Income (Expense)

Interest and other income (expense), net, was (\$6,000) for the six months ended June 30, 2013, which is comparable to the six months ended June 30, 2012.

#### Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA was \$426,000 loss for the six months ended June 30, 2013, as compared to \$338,000 loss for the six months ended June 30, 2012, an increase in the loss of \$88,000 or 26%. The increase is primarily the result of an increase in the operating loss of \$141,000, partially offset by an increase in depreciation of \$54,000.

#### Provision for Income Taxes

Provisions for income taxes were zero for the six month ended June 30, 2013, as compared to \$37,000 for the six month ended June 30, 2012. The decrease is the result of having no taxable income for the six months ended June 30, 2013.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

At June 30, 2013, the company's cash and cash equivalents balance was \$723,000 and working capital of \$371,000.

This compares to cash and cash equivalents balance of \$1,035,000 and working capital of \$809,000 at December 31, 2012.

Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2013 was \$218,000 primarily due to the net loss of \$528,000, offset by depreciation of \$96,000, an increase in accounts payable of \$128,000 and an increase in deferred revenue of \$85,000.

Cash flows from Investing Activities include capital expenditures of \$58,000.

TotipotentRX believes that it has sufficient cash and working capital for its operations for at least the next 12 months.

### Results of Operations for the Year Ended December 31, 2012 as Compared to the Year Ended December 31, 2011

#### Net Revenues

Net revenues for the year ended December 31, 2012 were \$1,177,000 compared to \$1,839,000 for the year ended December 31, 2011, a decrease of \$662,000, or 36%. Revenues decreased by \$800,000 primarily due a large cord blood banking customer placing a stocking order in December 2011 and an overall decrease in other cord blood banking customers' orders and point of care procedures. This decrease was partially offset by increases of \$220,000 relating to growth in the Company's own cord blood banking program, which was launched in the fourth quarter of 2011.

#### Gross Profit

Gross profit was \$401,000 or 34% of revenues for the year ended December 31, 2012, compared to \$830,000 or 45% of revenues for the year ended December 31, 2011. The decrease in gross profit for the year ended December 31, 2012 was primarily the result of lower revenues, change in the mix of products and service sold and an increase in labor costs associated with the addition of personnel to support the launch of manufacturing of cord blood banking products. The decrease in gross profit margin was due to the increase in cord blood banking revenues which have a lower gross profit margin than point of care.

#### Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$1,473,000 for the year ended December 31, 2012 compared to \$1,029,000 for the year ended December 31, 2011, an increase of \$444,000 or 43%. The increase in operating costs is primarily due to a non-cash charge of \$250,000 relating to the impairment of a non-equity investment, labor and selling expenses of \$145,000 associated with growth in our cord blood banking program which was launched in the



fourth quarter of 2011, bad debt expense of \$46,000 and costs of \$45,000 associated with initiating a cardiac clinical study in 2012. These expenses were partially offset by a decrease in stock compensation expense of \$104,000 resulting from stock options that were granted in 2011.

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Depreciation

Depreciation expense was \$45,000 for the year ended December 31, 2012, an increase of \$16,000 or 55%, as compared to \$29,000 for the year ended December 31, 2011. The increase is primarily the result of having a full year of operations of the Company's own cord blood banking program which was launched in the fourth quarter of 2011.

Interest and Other Income (Expense), Net

Interest and other expense was \$3,000 for the year ended December 31, 2012, which is consistent with the year ended December 31, 2011.

Provisions for Income Taxes

Provisions for income taxes was \$37,000 for the year end December 31, 2012, compared to \$91,000 for the year ended December 31, 2011, a decrease of \$54,000 or 59%. The decrease was primarily the result of a foreign subsidiary having foreign taxable income for the year ended December 31, 2011. The same foreign subsidiary had a taxable loss for the year ended December 31, 2012; however, the tax year end for the foreign subsidiary is March 31, so a portion of the income tax expense for the year ended March 31, 2012 was recognized in the calendar year ended December 31, 2012.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA was \$777,000 loss for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to \$63,000 loss for the year ended December 31, 2011, an increase in the loss of \$714,000. The increase is primarily the result of an increase in the operating loss of \$889,000 and a decrease in stock compensation expense of \$104,000, partially offset by an impairment of investment in private company of \$250,000 and an increase in depreciation of \$29,000.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At December 31, 2012, the company's cash and cash equivalents balance was \$1,035,000 and working capital of \$809,000. This compares to cash and cash equivalents balance of \$1,174,000 and working capital of \$713,000 at December 31, 2011.

Net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$780,000 primarily due to the net loss of \$1,157,000 offset by a loss on impairment of a non- equity investment in a private corporation of \$250,000, and an increase in accounts receivable of \$226,000 .

Cash flows from investing activities include capital expenditures of \$155,000 and proceeds from the sale or maturities of short-term investments of (\$185,000). Cash flows from financing activities include the proceeds from sale of subsidiary shares of \$630,000 and proceeds from note payable to a related party of \$60,000.

The outflow of cash due to net cash used in operating activities and from investing activities was offset primarily by the proceeds from the sale of common stock in the amount of \$630,000.

TotipotentRX believes that it has sufficient cash and working capital for its operations for the remainder of the calendar year.

Quantitative and qualitative disclosure about market risk.

Because TotipotentRX is a private company, it is not required to provide information regarding quantitative and qualitative disclosure about market risk.

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## MANAGEMENT OF THE COMBINED COMPANY

## Executive Officers and Directors of the Combined Company Following the Merger

Following the Merger, the combined company's board of directors will be comprised of six directors, two of whom will be new directors from TotipotentRX and the remainder will be the current directors of ThermoGenesis.

Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, TotipotentRX has the right to appoint two directors to the ThermoGenesis' board of directors, one of whom must be an Independent Director. On the effective date of the Merger, Kenneth L. Harris will join ThermoGenesis as a Director and as President and Mitchel Sivilotti will join ThermoGenesis as Chief Biologist, Senior Vice President. The other proposed director to be appointed to ThermoGenesis' board has not yet been determined. The following table lists the names, ages and positions of the individuals who are expected to serve as executive officers and directors of the combined company upon completion of the merger:

Name	Age	Position
Craig Moore	69	Director, Chairman
Patrick McEnany	66	Director
Robin Stracey	55	Director
Matthew Plavan	49	Director and Chief Executive Officer
Kenneth L. Harris	49	Director and President
Dan Bessey	48	Chief Financial Officer
Mitchel Sivilotti	36	SVP Chief Biologist
Harold (Hal) Baker	64	VP Commercial Operations & Marketing
Ken Pappa	52	VP, Manufacturing, Engineering & IT

## Directors

Craig W. Moore was appointed to the Board of Directors in December 2009 and Chairman in January 2012. From 2002 to 2013, Mr. Moore served as director of NxStage (NXTM), chairman of their Compensation Committee and a member of their Audit Committee. From 1986 to 2001, Mr. Moore was Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer at Everest Healthcare Services Corporation, a provider of dialysis and contract services. Since 2001, Mr. Moore has acted as a consultant to various companies in the healthcare services industry. Mr. Moore also spent 13 years with American Hospital Supply/Baxter Healthcare, where he held senior management positions in sales, marketing and business development. Mr. Moore served as a director of Biologic System Corporation (BLSC) from 1992 thru 2006. Mr. Moore also serves as a director on several private company boards. Mr. Moore brings leadership, corporate and healthcare industry experience to our Board. Mr. Moore is one of our independent directors.

Mr. Patrick J. McEnany rejoined the Board of Directors in 1997. Mr. McEnany is co-founder, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Catalyst Pharmaceutical Partners, Inc., a specialty pharmaceutical company. Mr. McEnany has served as Catalyst's Chief Executive Officer and a director since its formation in January 2002. From 1991 to April of 1997, Mr. McEnany was Chairman and President of Royce Laboratories, Inc., a Miami, Florida based manufacturer of generic prescription drugs. From 1997 to 1998, after the merger of Royce Laboratories, Inc., into Watson Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Mr. McEnany served as President of the wholly-owned Royce Laboratories subsidiary and Vice President of Corporate Development for Watson Pharmaceuticals, Inc. From 1993 through 1997, he also served as Vice Chairman and director of the National Association of Pharmaceutical Manufacturers. He currently serves on the Board of Directors for the Jackson Memorial Hospital Foundation and until 2012 for Renal CarePartners, Inc. Mr. McEnany brings his long-term experience in the healthcare industry, leadership experience and judgment to the Board. Mr. McEnany is one of our independent directors.

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Robin C. Stracey was appointed to the Board of Directors in July 2011. Since June 2013 he has served as Managing Director of Apex Life Science Advisors LLC and since July 2012, Director, President and Chief Executive Officer of Integrated Fluidics, Inc., a privately-held microfluidics company. From December 2007 to April 2012 he was the President and Chief Executive Officer of Cantimer Incorporated, a privately-held biosensor company. From November 2003 to March 2007, Mr. Stracey was Director, President and Chief Executive Officer of Applied Imaging Corporation, a publicly-traded, computer-aided diagnostics company that is now part of Danaher Corporation. Previously, Mr. Stracey was the Vice President and General Manager of a Chromatography and Mass Spectrometry business unit of Thermo Electron Corporation, now Thermo Fisher Scientific, the world's largest supplier of laboratory equipment and reagents to life scientists. He also served as a Corporate Vice President at Dade Behring Inc., a leading supplier of clinical diagnostic products that is now part of Siemens Healthcare. Mr. Stracey has a Bachelor of Science degree with honors from the University of Nottingham in the United Kingdom and is a graduate of the Executive Program at the Stanford University Graduate School of Business. Mr. Stracey brings leadership, corporate and healthcare industry experience to our Board. Mr. Stracey is one of our independent directors.

Matthew T. Plavan was named Chief Executive Officer and a member of the Board of Directors in January of 2012. Prior to being named Chief Executive Officer, he served as Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President, Business Development and has also served as interim Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Plavan joined ThermoGenesis in May 2005 as Chief Financial Officer. Before joining the Company, Mr. Plavan served from 2002 to 2005 as Chief Financial Officer of StrionAir, Inc., an air purification product development and marketing company. Prior to that, Mr. Plavan was the Chief Financial Officer for a wireless device management company, Reason Inc., from 2000 to 2002. During the preceding seven years, 1993 through 2000, Mr. Plavan served in a number of key financial and operating leadership roles within McKesson and McKesson-acquired companies, including most recently, Vice President of Finance for a \$300 million ehealth division. Prior to that, Mr. Plavan was an audit manager in the Audit and Risk Advisory Services group of Ernst & Young LLP. Mr. Plavan became a Certified Public Accountant in 1992. Mr. Plavan earned his bachelor's degree in business economics from the University of California at Santa Barbara. Mr. Plavan brings his leadership and deep knowledge of the Company's business to our Board.

Kenneth L. Harris will be a director upon completion of Merger. Mr. Harris has served as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of TotipotentRX Corporation and MK Alliance, Inc. from January 2008 through the Merger with ThermoGenesis. Prior to that Mr. Harris was the Corporate Senior Vice President and Global President of BioSciences, a \$120 million business unit at Pall Corporation (NYSE: PLL) from 2000 to 2008. Mr. Harris has served in a number of key biotechnology and biomedical roles at InVitro International, Qiagen GmbH, Amersham Life Sciences (now GE Life Sciences) and Boehringer Mannheim (now Roche Diagnostics). Mr. Harris is a frequent speaker at international conferences, and a thought leader in the evolving specialized field of conducting cellular clinical therapies. He holds a bachelors degree in microbiology from Indiana University, Bloomington, and graduate molecular biology training at Indiana University School of Medicine, Indianapolis. Mr. Harris brings more than 25 years of biotechnology and cellular biology leadership and executive management with cell therapy inventorship to our Board.

Executive Officers

Mr. Matthew T. Plavan, Chief Executive Officer. See above for Mr. Plavan's biography.

Mr. Kenneth L. Harris, President. Please see above for Mr. Harris's biography.

Mr. Dan T. Bessey joined ThermoGenesis in March 2013 as Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Bessey previously served from 2008 to 2012 as Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of SureWest Communications (SURW), a telecommunications company. Mr. Bessey was with SureWest Communications since 1995 and served in a number of key financial leadership roles including Vice President of Finance, Controller and Director of Corporate Finance.

Prior to joining SureWest Communications, Mr. Bessey was with Ernst & Young, LLP. Mr. Bessey is a Certified Public Accountant and has a B.S. degree in Business Administration with a concentration in Accountancy from California State University – Sacramento, where he graduated Magna Cum Laude.

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Mr. Mitchel Sivilotti will join ThermoGenesis upon completion of the merger as Chief Biologist, Senior Vice President. Prior to the merger, Mr. Sivilotti co-founded TotipotentRX Corporation (formerly MK Alliance, Inc.) where he served as Chief Executive Officer and Director from 2008 to 2012 and as President and Director from 2012 to 2013. Currently, Mr. Sivilotti serves as Chief Biologist and Director of TotipotentRX. From 2003 to 2007, Mr. Sivilotti served in various key technical and business leadership roles at Pall Corporation (PLL: NYSE), completing this tenure as Global Marketing Manager, Regenerative Medicine from 2006-2007. Mr. Sivilotti holds a bachelors degree in Biology (Honors Genetics) from the University of Western Ontario (London, Canada) and a graduate degree in Cellular and Molecular Biology from the University Laval (Quebec, Canada).

Mr. Harold (Hal) Baker joined ThermoGenesis in August 2009 as Vice President of Sales, was appointed Vice President of Commercial Operations in November 2009 and Vice President of Commercial Operations and Marketing in January 2012. From 2006 to 2009, Mr. Baker was Vice President, Global Sales for Hygenic Corporation. He was at Pall Corporation serving as Senior Vice President, Global Marketing from 2004 to 2005 and Senior Vice President, US Commercial Operations from 2001 to 2004. Mr. Baker has a BA in Political Science from Miami University (Oxford, Ohio) and a MA in Political Science from Kent State University.

Mr. Ken Pappa joined ThermoGenesis in April 2006 as Director of Finance and has held the following positions: Senior Director of Finance, Senior Director of Internal Operations, Vice President of Manufacturing and Vice President of Manufacturing and Engineering. In January 2012, he assumed the role of Vice President of Manufacturing, Engineering and Quality. In October 2012 he transitioned to Vice President of Manufacturing and Engineering and in February 2013 he transitioned to VP of Manufacturing, Engineering and IT. Prior to joining ThermoGenesis, Mr. Pappa held various positions with Hewlett Packard–Agilent Technologies including Manufacturing Controller and Senior Operations Manager. Mr. Pappa has a BS in Business Administration-Accounting and a MBA from San Jose State University. Mr. Pappa became a Certified Public Accountant in 1988.

Dr. Venkatesh Ponemone, will join ThermoGenesis upon completion of the Merger as the Executive Director of Indian operations and Director, Indian Clinical and Scientific Affairs. Dr. Ponemone has served in this capacity for TotipotentRX since September 2008. Prior to joining TotipotentRX, he was an Assistant Professor of Medical Microbiology at the Kamineni Institute of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad, India. Dr. Ponemone completed a two year post-doctoral position at the University of Illinois, Chicago, and has authored more than 24 peer reviewed publications related to the roles of cytokines in autoimmune diseases, and to radioprotective agents during chemotherapy. Dr. Ponemone is a Fellow in the American College of Gastroenterology, has a Ph.D. from Manipal University in inflammation immunology and holds an M.Sc. from Manipal University in medical microbiology.

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## STOCK OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT OF TOTIPOTENTRX

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership known to TotipotentRX of its common stock as of [Record Date] by: (i) each director of TotipotentRX; (ii) each of TotipotentRX's named executive officers; (iii) all executive officers and directors of TotipotentRX as a group; and (iv) all those known by TotipotentRX to be beneficial owners of more than five percent of its common stock. Unless indicated otherwise below, the address of each officer or director listed below is c/o TotipotentRX Corporation, 548 South Spring Street, Suite 210, Los Angeles, CA 90013. As of the record date, there were 401,558 shares of common stock outstanding.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Beneficial Ownership <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Number of Shares	Percentage of Total
Kenneth L. Harris	153,517 <sup>(2)</sup>	37.9
Mitchel Sivilotti	153,517 <sup>(2)</sup>	37.9
Gernot Rehra	36,544 <sup>(3)</sup>	9.0
Gary Cohen, M.D., FACP	18,258 <sup>(4)</sup>	4.5
Michael Rhein	16,590 <sup>(5)</sup>	4.1
All executive officers and directors as a group (5 persons)	378,426	91.6 %

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- "Beneficial Ownership" is defined pursuant to Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act, and generally means any person who directly or indirectly has or shares voting or investment power with respect to a security. A person shall be deemed to be the beneficial owner of a security if that person has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of the security within 60 days, including, but not limited to, any right to acquire the security through the exercise of any
- (1) option or warrant or through the conversion of a security. Any securities not outstanding that are subject to options or warrants shall be deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of outstanding securities of the class owned by that person, but shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of the class owned by any other person. Some of the information with respect to beneficial ownership has been furnished to us by each director or officer, as the case may be.
- (2) Includes 150,000 shares of common stock and 3,517 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options.
- (3) Includes 34,083 shares of common stock and 2,461 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options and warrants.
- (4) Includes 16,500 shares of common stock and 1,758 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options.
- (5) Includes 16,360 shares of common stock and 230 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants.

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## STOCK OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT OF THERMOGENESIS

The Company has only one class of stock outstanding, common stock. The following table sets forth certain information as of September 30, 2013 with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock for (i) each director, (ii) each Named Executive Officer (NEO), (iii) all of our directors and officers as a group, and (iv) each person known to us to own beneficially five percent (5%) or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock. As of October 31, 2013 there were 16,677,909 shares of common stock outstanding.

Unless otherwise indicated, the address for each listed stockholder is: ThermoGenesis Corp., 2711 Citrus Road, Rancho Cordova, California 95742. To our knowledge, except as indicated in the footnotes to this table or pursuant to applicable community property laws, the persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares of common stock indicated.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership <sup>(1)</sup>		Percent of Class
Craig Moore	103,740	(2)	*
Patrick McEnany	105,207	(3)	*
Robin Stracey	55,757	(4)	*
Matthew Plavan	177,152	(5)	*
Dan Bessey	--		--
Harold (Hal) Baker	69,575	(6)	*
Ken Pappa	78,856	(7)	*
Officers & Directors as a Group (7 persons)	590,287		3.5 %

\*Less than 1%.

“Beneficial Ownership” is defined pursuant to Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act, and generally means any person who directly or indirectly has or shares voting or investment power with respect to a security. A person shall be deemed to be the beneficial owner of a security if that person has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of the security within 60 days, including, but not limited to, any right to acquire the security through the exercise of any option or (1) warrant or through the conversion of a security. Any securities not outstanding that are subject to options or warrants shall be deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of outstanding securities of the class owned by that person, but shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of the class owned by any other person. Some of the information with respect to beneficial ownership has been furnished to us by each director or officer, as the case may be.

(2) Includes 42,490 shares of common stock and 61,250 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options.

Includes 26,832 shares of common stock and 78,167 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of

(3) options. Also includes 208 shares of common stock owned by McEnany Holding, Inc. Mr. McEnany is the sole shareholder of McEnany Holding, Inc.

(4) Includes 24,090 shares of common stock and 31,667 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options.

(5) Includes 60,485 shares of common stock and 116,667 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options.

(6) Includes 22,700 shares of common stock and 46,875 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options.

(7) Includes 37,917 shares of common stock and 40,939 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options.



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## STOCK OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT OF THE COMBINED COMPANY

The following table and the related notes present certain information with respect to the beneficial ownership of the combined company upon consummation of the Merger, by (1) each person expected to be a director or executive officer of the combined company, (2) all directors and executive officers of the combined company as a group, and (3) each person or group who is known to the management of each of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX to become the beneficial owner of more than 5.0% of the common stock of the combined company upon the consummation of the Merger. Unless otherwise indicated in the footnotes to this table, ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX believe that each of the persons named in this table has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares indicated as beneficially owned.

The percent of common stock of the combined company is based on [29,192,843] shares of common stock of the combined company outstanding upon the consummation of the Merger.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Beneficial Ownership <sup>(1)</sup>			
	Number of Shares		Percent of Total	
Craig Moore	103,740	(2)	*	%
Patrick McEnany	105,207	(3)	*	%
Robin Stracey	55,757	(4)	*	%
Matthew Plavan	177,152	(5)	*	%
Kenneth L. Harris	4,649,067		16.0	%
Dan Bessey	--		--	
Mitchel Sivilotti	4,649,067		16.0	%
Harold (Hal) Baker	69,575	(6)	*	%
Ken Pappa	78,856	(7)	*	%
Officers & Directors as a Group (9 persons)	9,888,421		33.4	%

\* Less than 1%.

- "Beneficial Ownership" is defined pursuant to Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act, and generally means any person who directly or indirectly has or shares voting or investment power with respect to a security. A person shall be deemed to be the beneficial owner of a security if that person has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of the security within 60 days, including, but not limited to, any right to acquire the security through the exercise of any (1) option or warrant or through the conversion of a security. Any securities not outstanding that are subject to options or warrants shall be deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of outstanding securities of the class owned by that person, but shall not be deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of the class owned by any other person. Some of the information with respect to beneficial ownership has been furnished to us by each director or officer, as the case may be.
- (2) Includes 42,490 shares of common stock and 61,250 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options.
- (3) Includes 26,832 common shares and 78,167 shares issuable upon the exercise of options. Also includes 208 shares owned by McEnany Holding, Inc. Mr. McEnany is the sole shareholder of McEnany Holding, Inc.
- (4) Includes 24,090 shares of common stock and 31,667 common shares issuable upon the exercise of options.
- (5) Includes 60,485 common shares and 116,667 shares issuable upon the exercise of options.
- (6) Includes 22,700 common shares and 46,875 shares issuable upon the exercise of options.
- (7) Includes 37,917 common shares and 40,939 common shares issuable upon the exercise of options.



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DESCRIPTION OF THERMOGENESIS SECURITIES

The authorized capital stock of ThermoGenesis consisted of 80,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value, and 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value. As of October 31, 2013, there were 16,677,909 shares of ThermoGenesis common stock outstanding and no outstanding shares of preferred stock.

The following is a summary of the rights of ThermoGenesis' common stock and preferred stock. This summary is not complete. For more detailed information, please see our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws.

Common Stock

The holders of ThermoGenesis common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted on by ThermoGenesis stockholders, including the election of directors. ThermoGenesis' amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws do not provide for cumulative voting rights. Because of this, the holders of a majority of the shares of common stock entitled to vote in any election of directors can elect all of the directors standing for election, if they should so choose. For a discussion of the potential application of provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law, please see "Applicability of Provisions of Delaware General Corporation Law" below.

Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any outstanding preferred stock, the holders of ThermoGenesis common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by ThermoGenesis' board of directors, in its discretion, out of legally available funds. Bank credit agreements that ThermoGenesis may enter into from time to time and debt securities that ThermoGenesis may issue from time to time may restrict ThermoGenesis' ability to declare or pay dividends on its common stock. Upon ThermoGenesis' liquidation, dissolution or winding up, subject to prior liquidation rights of the holders of ThermoGenesis preferred stock, the holders of ThermoGenesis common stock are entitled to receive on a pro rata basis our remaining assets available for distribution. The rights, preferences and privileges of the holders of common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of shares of any series of our preferred stock that we may designate and issue in the future. Holders of ThermoGenesis common stock have no preemptive or other subscription rights, and there are no conversion rights or redemption or sinking fund provisions with respect to such shares. All outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis common stock are, and all shares being offered by this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation will be, fully paid and not liable to further calls or assessment by ThermoGenesis.

Preferred Stock

There are no shares of preferred stock outstanding. Under ThermoGenesis' amended and restated certificate of incorporation, the board of directors has the authority, without further action by the stockholders, to issue up to 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series, to establish from time to time the number of shares to be included in each such series, to fix the rights, preferences and privileges of the shares of each wholly unissued series and any qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereon, and to increase or decrease the number of shares of any such series, but not below the number of shares of such series then outstanding.

ThermoGenesis' board of directors may authorize the issuance of preferred stock with voting or conversion rights that could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of the common stock. The issuance of preferred stock, while providing flexibility in connection with possible acquisitions and other corporate purposes, could, among other things, have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of ThermoGenesis that may otherwise benefit holders of ThermoGenesis common stock and may adversely affect the market price of the common stock and the voting and other rights of the holders of common stock. ThermoGenesis has no current plans to issue

any shares of preferred stock.

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Anti-Takeover Provisions

ThermoGenesis is subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, which, subject to certain exceptions, prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any “business combination” with an “interested stockholder” for a period of three years following the time that such stockholder became an interested stockholder, unless:

the board of directors of the corporation approves either the business combination or the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, before the time the interested stockholder attained that status; upon the closing of the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the number of shares outstanding those shares owned (a) by persons who are directors and also officers and (b) by employee stock plans in which employee participants do not have the right to determine confidentially whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer; or at or subsequent to such time, the business combination is approved by the board of directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, and not by written consent, by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding voting stock that is not owned by the interested stockholder.

With certain exceptions, an “interested stockholder” is a person or group who or which owns 15.0% or more of the corporation’s outstanding voting stock (including any rights to acquire stock pursuant to an option, warrant, agreement, arrangement or understanding, or upon the exercise of conversion or exchange rights, and stock with respect to which the person has voting rights only), or is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and was the owner of 15.0% or more of such voting stock at any time within the previous three years.

In general, Section 203 defines a business combination to include:

- any merger or consolidation involving the corporation and the interested stockholder;
- any sale, transfer, pledge or other disposition of 10.0% or more of the assets of the corporation involving the interested stockholder;
- subject to certain exceptions, any transaction that results in the issuance or transfer by the corporation of any stock of the corporation to the interested stockholder;
- any transaction involving the corporation that has the effect of increasing the proportionate share of the stock or any class or series of the corporation beneficially owned by the interested stockholder; or
- the receipt by the interested stockholder of the benefit of any loans, advances, guarantees, pledges or other financial benefits provided by or through the corporation.

A Delaware corporation may “opt out” of this provision with an express provision in its original certificate of incorporation or an express provision in its amended and restated certificate of incorporation or bylaws resulting from a stockholders’ amendment approved by at least a majority of the outstanding voting shares. However, ThermoGenesis has not opted out of this provision. Section 203 could prohibit or delay mergers or other takeover or change-in-control attempts and, accordingly, may discourage attempts to acquire ThermoGenesis.

The authorized but unissued shares of ThermoGenesis’ common stock may be issued at any time and from time to time by ThermoGenesis’ board of directors without stockholder approval. These additional shares may be utilized for a variety of corporate purposes, including future public offerings to raise additional capital, corporate acquisitions and employee benefit plans. ThermoGenesis currently has no plans to issue shares of its common stock, other than in connection with the merger, the transactions contemplated thereby, in connection with possible future fund-raising transactions after the closing of the merger, and in the ordinary course of business.

Transfer Agent

The transfer agent for ThermoGenesis common stock is Computershare Investor Services, LLC.

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Listing

ThermoGenesis is quoted on NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol KOOL.

COMPARISON OF RIGHTS OF HOLDERS OF THERMOGENESIS STOCK  
AND TOTIPOTENTRX STOCK

ThermoGenesis is incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware and, accordingly, the rights of its stockholders are currently, and will continue to be, governed by the DGCL. TotipotentRX is incorporated under the laws of the State of California and, accordingly, the rights of its shareholders are currently governed by the CGCL. If the Merger is completed, TotipotentRX shareholders will be entitled to become stockholders of ThermoGenesis, and their rights will be governed by the DGCL, the amended and restated certificate of incorporation of ThermoGenesis and the bylaws of ThermoGenesis, as amended.

The following is a summary of the material differences between the rights of ThermoGenesis stockholders and the rights of TotipotentRX shareholders under each company's respective charter documents and bylaws. With respect to ThermoGenesis, the description of the charter documents reflects the certificate and bylaws as they will be in effect immediately after the closing of the Merger. While ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX believe that this summary covers the material differences between the two, this summary may not contain all of the information that is important to you. This summary is not intended to be a complete discussion of the respective rights of ThermoGenesis stockholders and TotipotentRX shareholders and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the DGCL and CGCL and the various documents of ThermoGenesis and TotipotentRX that are referred to in this summary. You should carefully read this entire proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation and the other documents referred to in this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation for a more complete understanding of the differences between being a stockholder of ThermoGenesis and being a shareholder of TotipotentRX.

	TotipotentRX	ThermoGenesis
Authorized Capital	The authorized capital stock of TotipotentRX consists of 1,000,000 shares of Common Stock. As of October 31, 2013, 401,558 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding.	The authorized capital stock of ThermoGenesis consists of 80,000,000 shares of Common Stock and 2,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value per share. The board has the authority to designate the preferences, special rights, limitations or restrictions of the remaining shares of any class of preferred stock or any series of any class without further stockholder approval. As of October 31, 2013, 16,677,909 shares of common stock and no shares of preferred stock were issued and outstanding.

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Dividends	<p>Subject to limitations provided by the CGCL, TotipotentRX's Bylaws provide for the following:</p> <p>The board of directors may from time to time declare, and TotipotentRX may pay, dividends on its outstanding shares in the manner and upon the terms and conditions provided by law and by the board.</p>	<p>Under Delaware law, subject to any restrictions in the corporation's certificate of incorporation, a Delaware corporation may pay dividends out of surplus or, if there is no surplus, out of net profits for the fiscal year in which declared and for the preceding fiscal year. Delaware law also provides that dividends may not be paid out of net profits if, after the payment of the dividend, capital is less than the capital represented by the outstanding stock of all classes having a preference upon the distribution of assets.</p>
Cumulative Voting	<p>Subject to limitations provided by the CGCL, TotipotentRX's Bylaws provide for cumulative voting at each election for directors.</p>	<p>Under Delaware law, stockholders of a Delaware corporation do not have the right to cumulate their votes in the election of directors, unless such right is granted in the certificate of incorporation of the corporation. ThermoGenesis' certificate of incorporation does not provide for cumulative voting by ThermoGenesis stockholders.</p>
Number of Directors	<p>California law provides that the board of directors of a California corporation shall consist of one or more directors as fixed by the corporation's certificate of incorporation or bylaws.</p> <p>TotipotentRX's bylaws provide that the number of directors shall be between three and five directors with the exact number to be fixed from time to time by the shareholders holding not less than 80.0% of the outstanding shares. TotipotentRX's board of directors currently consists of four directors.</p>	<p>Delaware law provides that the board of directors of a Delaware corporation shall consist of one or more directors as fixed by the corporation's certificate of incorporation or bylaws. ThermoGenesis' bylaws provide that the number of directors shall be not less than three or more than seven with the exact number as fixed by a resolution of the directors.</p> <p>ThermoGenesis' board currently consists of five directors.</p>
Removal of Directors	<p>TotipotentRX's directors may be removed from office in any manner proscribed by the CGCL.</p>	<p>Delaware law provides that directors may be removed from office, with or without cause, by the holders of a majority of the voting power of all outstanding voting stock, unless the corporation has a classified board and its certificate of incorporation otherwise provides. ThermoGenesis' bylaws provide that any director or the entire board may be removed, with or without cause, by the holders of a majority of the shares then entitled to vote at an election of directors.</p>



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Vacancies	<p>California law provides that, unless the corporation's certificate of incorporation or bylaws provide otherwise, vacancies and newly created directorships resulting from an increase in the authorized number of directors elected by the stockholders having the right to vote as a single class may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office. Under the bylaws of TotipotentRX, if the office of any director becomes vacant due to resignation, the vacancy can be filled by the board of directors. If the vacancy is due to any reason other than resignation, the vacancy can be filled by holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote, unless the vacancy was due to the removal of a director, in which case the consent of eighty percent of the shares entitled to vote is required. Vacancies may also be filled by a majority of the remaining directors, or by the sole remaining director or incorporator, unless the vacancy was due to the removal of a director, in which case the vacancy may only be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares represented and voting at a duly held meeting at which quorum is present.</p>	<p>Delaware law provides that, unless the corporation's certificate of incorporation or bylaws provide otherwise, vacancies and newly created directorships resulting from an increase in the authorized number of directors elected by the stockholders having the right to vote as a single class may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office. Under the bylaws of ThermoGenesis, if the office of any director becomes vacant by reason of death, resignation, disqualification, removal, failure to elect, or otherwise, the remaining directors, although more or less than a quorum, by a majority vote of such remaining directors, have the sole right to elect a successor or successors who shall hold the office for the unexpired term.</p>
Board Quorum and Vote Requirements	<p>At meetings of the board of directors, a majority of the authorized directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The act of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the board. Only when a quorum is present may the board of directors continue to do business at any such meeting.</p>	<p>At meetings of the board of directors, a majority of the authorized directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The act of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which there is a quorum shall be the act of the board. Only when a quorum is present may the board of directors continue to do business at any such meeting.</p>
Special Meetings of Shareholders	<p>Under TotipotentRX's bylaws, a special meeting of the shareholders may be called, unless otherwise prescribed by statute, by resolution of the board of directors or the request of the holders of not less than a majority of all the outstanding shares of Totipotent RX entitled to vote on any issue to be considered at the meeting.</p>	<p>Delaware law permits special meetings of stockholders to be called by the board of directors and any others persons specified by the certificate of incorporation or bylaws. Delaware law permits but does not require that stockholders be given the right to call special meetings. ThermoGenesis' bylaws provide that special meetings of stockholders may be called by the chairman of the board of directors or the holders of at least 10.0% of all votes entitled to be cast on any issue proposed to be considered at such special meeting. No business may be transacted at a special meeting except that referred to in the notice of meeting.</p>



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<p>Quorum for Shareholders Meetings</p>	<p>Under TotipotentRX's bylaws, the presence at a meeting, in person or by proxy, of holders of shares representing a two-thirds majority of the outstanding shares of the corporation entitled to vote constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business; provided, however, if less than two-thirds majority is present, a majority of those present can adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice being required. Once quorum has been met at a meeting, shareholders may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough shareholders to leave less than a quorum; however, any action taken (aside from adjournment) must be approved by at least a majority of the shares required to constitute a quorum.</p>	<p>Under ThermoGenesis' bylaws, the presence at a meeting, in person or by proxy, of holders of shares representing a majority of votes entitled to be vote on a matter constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business; provided, however, that directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes of the shares present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the election of directors.</p>
<p>Shareholder Proposals</p>	<p>Neither the CGCL, TotipotentRX's Articles of Incorporation nor TotipotentRX's Bylaws contain specific provisions providing for procedures with respect to shareholder proposals.</p>	<p>Under ThermoGenesis' Bylaws, shareholders entitled to vote on the matter may bring business before annual meetings, provided that the business is a proper matter for shareholder action under Delaware law, the notice and information requirements of ThermoGenesis' Bylaws are met, and, in the case of a special meeting, the business is specified in the notice of meeting given to shareholders.</p> <p>For annual meetings, notice of such business containing the information required by ThermoGenesis' Bylaws must be given to ThermoGenesis no later than close of business on the 60th day nor earlier than close of business on the 90th day prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting (or if the date of the annual meeting is more than thirty (30) days before or sixty (60) days after such anniversary date, then not earlier than the close of business on the 90th day nor later than the close of business on the later of the 60th day prior to such annual meeting or the tenth day following the day on which public disclosure of the date of the annual meeting was made).</p>

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Action by Shareholders Without a Meeting	<p>Under TotipotentRX’s bylaws, any action to be taken at an annual or special meeting of the shareholders of the corporation may be taken without meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent in writing, setting forth the action, is signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted.</p>	<p>Under Delaware law, unless a corporation’s certificate of incorporation provides otherwise, any action which may be taken at a meeting of the stockholders of a corporation may be taken by written consent without a meeting.</p> <p>ThermoGenesis’ bylaws provide that action required or permitted to be taken at an annual or special meeting may be taken by written consent, which written consent shall be signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting.</p>
Amendment of Governing Documents	<p>TotipotentRX’s Articles of Incorporation may be amended in accordance with the provisions of the CGCL.</p>	<p>Procedures for Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation: Under Delaware law, the board of directors shall adopt a resolution setting forth the proposed amendment and declaring its advisability, and either call a special meeting of the stockholders entitled to vote thereon or direct that the proposed amendment shall be considered at the next annual meeting of the stockholders. The amendment shall be approved by a majority of the outstanding stock entitled to vote thereon. If the proposed amendment would adversely affect the rights, powers, par value, or preferences of the holders of either a class of stock or a series of a class of stock, then the holders of either the class of stock or series of stock, as appropriate, shall be entitled to vote as a class.</p>
	<p>Procedures for Amendment of Bylaws: TotipotentRX’s bylaws provide that the bylaws may be altered, amended or repealed, and new bylaws may be adopted, only by shareholders holding eighty percent (80.0%) or more of the outstanding shares of the corporation.</p>	<p>Procedures for Amendment of Bylaws: ThermoGenesis bylaws provide that the bylaws may be amended at any meeting of the board, upon notice thereof in accordance with the bylaws, or at any meeting of the stockholders by the vote of the holders of the majority of the stock issued and outstanding and entitled to vote at such a meeting.</p>

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Appraisal and Dissenters' Rights	Under CGCL, shareholders are afforded dissenters' rights and may obtain payment for the fair market value of the shareholder's shares in the corporation in the event of certain corporate actions, including, among other things, the merger of the corporation if shareholder approval of such merger is required under subdivisions (a) and (b) or subdivision (e) or (f) of Section 1201 of the CGCL. See "The Merger – Appraisal and Dissenters' Rights"	Because ThermoGenesis common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Markets, holders of ThermoGenesis common stock generally will not have appraisal or dissenters' rights under Section 262 of the Delaware General Corporation Law.
Indemnification of Directors, Officers and Employees	Under TotipotentRX's Bylaws, TotipotentRX shall indemnify its directors and officers to the full extent permitted under the CGCL against expenses, judgments, fines, settlements and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any proceeding arising by reason of the fact that such person is a director or officer of TotipotentRX. TotipotentRX shall also have the power, to the extent permitted by the CGCL, to indemnify each of its employees and agents.	Under ThermoGenesis' Bylaws, ThermoGenesis will indemnify officers and directors to the full extent permitted under DGCL.  DGCL provides that, subject to certain limitations in the case of "derivative" suits brought by a corporation's shareholders in its name, a corporation may indemnify any person who is made a party to any third-party suit or proceeding on account of being a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation against expenses, including attorney's fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with the action, through, among other things, a majority vote of those directors who were not parties to the suit or proceeding, if the person: (i) acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation; and (ii) in a criminal proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful.  To the extent a director, officer, employee or agent is successful in the defense of such an action, suit or proceeding, ThermoGenesis is required by Delaware law to indemnify such person for expenses actually and reasonably incurred thereby.  Delaware law provides that a corporation may advance to a director or officer expenses incurred in defending any action upon receipt of an undertaking by the director or officer to repay the amount advanced if it is ultimately determined that he or she is not entitled to indemnification. In addition, a corporation may advance to former directors, officers, employees or agents expenses incurred in defending any action upon such terms and conditions as the corporation deems appropriate.



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Anti-Takeover Provisions	Neither the CGCL, TotipotentRX's Articles of Incorporation nor TotipotentRX's Bylaws contain specific provisions providing for procedures with respect to director nominations.	ThermoGenesis is subject to the anti-takeover provisions of Section 203 of the DGCL. In general, the statute prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three (3) years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. For purposes of Section 203, a "business combination" includes a merger, asset sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder, and an "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns (or within three (3) years prior, did own) 15.0% or more of the corporation's voting stock.
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MATTERS TO BE PRESENTED TO THE THERMOGENESIS STOCKHOLDERS

THERMOGENESIS PROPOSAL NO. 1  
APPROVAL OF THE MERGER AGREEMENT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE ISSUANCE OF SHARES TO TOTIPOTENTRX SHAREHOLDERS PURSUANT TO WHICH TOTIPOTENTRX WILL MERGE WITH AND INTO THERMOGENESIS

At the ThermoGenesis special meeting, ThermoGenesis stockholders will be asked to approve the Merger Agreement, including the Merger and related transactions contemplated thereby. Immediately following the Merger, TotipotentRX shareholders, in the aggregate, will own approximately 43.0% of the shares of the combined company with existing ThermoGenesis stockholders holding approximately 57.0% of the shares of the combined company.

The terms of, reasons for and other aspects of the Merger Agreement, the Merger, and the issuance of ThermoGenesis common stock to TotipotentRX shareholders pursuant to the Merger Agreement are described in detail in other sections of this proxy statement/prospectus/consent solicitation.

Vote Required; Recommendation of Board of Directors

The affirmative vote of the holders of the majority of the outstanding shares of ThermoGenesis common stock is required for approval of ThermoGenesis Proposal No. 1.

THE THERMOGENESIS BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT THERMOGENESIS' STOCKHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THERMOGENESIS PROPOSAL NO. 1 TO APPROVE THE MERGER AGREEMENT, INCLUDING THE MERGER AND THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED THEREBY.

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## THERMOGENESIS PROPOSAL NO. 2

## APPROVAL OF POSSIBLE ADJOURNMENT OF THE THERMOGENESIS ANNUAL MEETING

To consider and vote upon a proposal to adjourn the special meeting, if necessary, if a quorum is present, to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes in favor to approve the Merger Agreement.

If ThermoGenesis fails to receive a sufficient number of votes to approve Proposal No. 1, the Merger Agreement, if a quorum is present, ThermoGenesis may propose to adjourn the ThermoGenesis special meeting for a period of not more than 30 days, for the purpose of soliciting additional proxies to approve ThermoGenesis Proposal No. 1.

## Vote Required; Recommendation of Board of Directors

The affirmative vote of the holders of the majority of the shares of ThermoGenesis common stock having voting power present in person or represented by proxy at the ThermoGenesis special meeting is required to approve the adjournment of the ThermoGenesis special meeting for the purpose of soliciting additional proxies to approve ThermoGenesis Proposal No. 1.

THE THERMOGENESIS BOARD OF DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMENDS THAT THERMOGENESIS' STOCKHOLDERS VOTE "FOR" THERMOGENESIS PROPOSAL NO. 2 TO ADJOURN THE SPECIAL MEETING, IF NECESSARY, TO SOLICIT ADDITIONAL PROXIES IF THERE ARE NOT SUFFICIENT VOTES IN FAVOR OF THERMOGENESIS PROPOSAL NO. 1.

## EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

## Summary Compensation Table

## ThermoGenesis

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the compensation paid to our named executive officers for all of the services they rendered to the Company.

## SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) <sup>(1)</sup>	Option Awards (\$) <sup>(1)</sup>	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Matthew Plavan	2013	315,000	--	--	88,000	--	403,000
Chief Executive Officer <sup>(2)</sup>	2012	315,000	--	149,000	--	--	464,000
2011		301,000	89,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	68,000	92,000	--	550,000
Dan Bessey	2013	61,000	--	46,000	22,000	--	129,000
Chief Financial Officer <sup>(4)</sup>							
Hal Baker	2013	263,000	99,000 <sup>(5)</sup>	--	--	8,000 <sup>(6)</sup>	370,000
V.P., Commercial Operations	2012	262,000	85,000 <sup>(5)</sup>	99,000	--	9,000 <sup>(6)</sup>	455,000
& Marketing	2011	250,000	178,000 <sup>(7)</sup>	--	69,000	8,000 <sup>(6)</sup>	505,000
Kevin Cooksy <sup>(8)</sup>	2013	240,000	--	--	--	--	240,000
V.P., Corporate Development & Scientific Affairs	2012	193,000	4,000 <sup>(9)</sup>	82,000	--	--	279,000
Ken Pappa	2013	245,000	25,000 <sup>(10)</sup>	--	--	--	270,000
V.P., Engineering	2012	239,000	--	99,000	--	--	338,000
& Manufacturing	2011	215,000	--	--	35,000	--	250,000



The amounts reported are the aggregate grant date fair value of the awards computed in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board's Codification topic 718. See Note 1 of notes to Financial Statements set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal 2013 for the assumptions used in determining such amounts.

- (2) Mr. Plavan was appointed Chief Executive Officer in January 2012 and from 2005 until Mr. Bessey's appointment also served as Chief Financial Officer.

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- (3) Represents a retention bonus of \$50,000 and a gross-up for taxes of \$39,000.
- (4) Mr. Bessey was hired as Chief Financial Officer on March 28, 2013.
- (5) Represents commission payments as Vice President in charge of sales.
- (6) Includes \$8,000 in payments for an auto allowance.
- (7) Represents \$89,000 commission payments as Vice President of Commercial Operations and \$50,000 as a retention bonus with a gross-up for taxes of \$39,000.
- (8) Effective October 30, 2013, Mr. Cooksy is no longer with ThermoGenesis.
- (9) Represents a referral bonus.
- (10) Represents a bonus for the completion of the sale of the CryoSeal product line.

Employment Agreements

As part of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors annual review of ThermoGenesis' executive officers, effective October 25, 2013, ThermoGenesis entered into employment agreements with its Chief Executive Officer, Matthew T. Plavan and its Chief Financial Officer, Dan T. Bessey.

ThermoGenesis entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Plavan to serve as Chief Executive Officer. For his services, Mr. Plavan will be paid a base annual salary as determined by the Board of Directors through the Board's Compensation Committee, subject to annual review by the Compensation Committee. Based on the terms of his employment agreement, there was no change to Mr. Plavan's base salary. In addition to his base salary, Mr. Plavan will be entitled to cash and stock bonuses and stock options or restricted stock grants as determined by the Compensation Committee. Further, Mr. Plavan shall participate in all of ThermoGenesis' fringe benefit programs in substantially the same manner and to substantially the same extent as other similar employees of ThermoGenesis.

In the event that Mr. Plavan is terminated without cause by ThermoGenesis, or delivers his termination for good reason to ThermoGenesis, Mr. Plavan shall be paid, in addition to his salary earned up until the termination date, a sum equal to twelve months of his base salary in effect as of the termination date. Further Mr. Plavan's outstanding options to acquire ThermoGenesis' common stock and restricted common stock awards which would have otherwise vested by the later of July 2015, or within nine months of the termination date, shall immediately vest.

In the event that Mr. Plavan is terminated without cause by, or delivers his termination for good reason to, ThermoGenesis, and such termination occurs three months prior to or within one year of a change in control, Mr. Plavan shall be paid, in addition to his salary earned up until the termination date, (i) a lump sum equal to eighteen months of his base salary in effect as of the termination date; and (ii) a lump sum cash payment equal to one and one-half times Mr. Plavan's most recently established annual short-term incentive target award. In addition, all of Mr. Plavan's outstanding options to acquire ThermoGenesis' common stock or restricted stock awards which have not vested as of the termination date shall immediately vest.

ThermoGenesis entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Bessey to serve as Chief Financial Officer. For his services, Mr. Bessey will be paid a base annual salary as determined by the Board of Directors through the Board's Compensation Committee, subject to annual review by the Compensation Committee. Based on the terms of his employment agreement, there were no changes to Mr. Bessey's base salary. In addition to his base salary, Mr. Bessey will be entitled to cash and stock bonuses and stock options or restricted stock grants as determined by the Compensation Committee. Further, Mr. Bessey shall participate in all of ThermoGenesis' fringe benefit programs in substantially the same manner and to substantially the same extent as other similar employees of ThermoGenesis.

In the event that Mr. Bessey is terminated without cause by ThermoGenesis, or delivers his termination for good reason to ThermoGenesis, Mr. Bessey shall be paid, in addition to his salary earned up until the termination date, a sum equal to nine months of his base salary in effect as of the termination date. Further Mr. Bessey's outstanding options to acquire ThermoGenesis' common stock and restricted common stock awards which would have otherwise

vested within six months of the termination date shall immediately vest.

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In the event that Mr. Bessey is terminated without cause by, or delivers his termination for good reason to, ThermoGenesis, and such termination occurs three months prior to or within one year of a change in control, Mr. Bessey shall be paid, in addition to his salary earned up until the termination date, (i) a lump sum equal to twelve months of his base salary in effect as of the termination date; and (ii) a lump sum cash payment equal to one times Mr. Bessey's most recently established annual short-term incentive target award. In addition, all of Mr. Bessey's outstanding options to acquire ThermoGenesis' common stock or restricted stock awards which have not vested as of the termination date shall immediately vest.

## TotipotentRX

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the compensation paid to TotipotentRX's named executive officers for all of the services they rendered to TotipotentRX.

## SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and Principal Position	Calendar Year	Salary (\$)	Option Awards (\$) <sup>(1)</sup>	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Kenneth L. Harris	2012	136,000	--	15,000	(2) 151,000
Chief Executive Officer	2011	125,000	35,000	--	160,000
Mitchel Sivilotti	2012	97,000	--	--	97,000
President	2011	91,000	35,000	--	126,000

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<sup>(1)</sup> The amounts reported are the aggregate grant date fair value of the awards computed in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board's Codification topic 718.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents payments for an auto allowance.

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## Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table provides information about outstanding option and stock awards held by the named executive officers as of June 30, 2013. The awards granted in fiscal 2013 are also disclosed in the Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table. The grant date fair value of the awards granted in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011 is disclosed in the Summary Compensation Table.

Name	Option Awards				Stock Awards	
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)
Matthew Plavan	25,000	--	2.54	7/30/13		
	37,500	12,500	(1) 2.32	6/10/15		
	25,000	25,000	(2) 2.88	2/15/16		
	--	162,500	(3) 0.93	7/29/16		
				10,000 <sup>(4)</sup>	14,000	
				50,000 <sup>(5)</sup>	68,000	
Dan Bessey	--	50,000	(6) 0.91	3/26/17		
				50,000 <sup>(6)</sup>	68,000	
Hal Baker	25,000	--	2.88	8/10/13		
	28,125	9,375	(1) 2.32	6/10/15		
	18,750	18,750	2.88	2/15/16		
				33,333 <sup>(5)</sup>	45,000	
Kevin Cooksy					33,333 <sup>(5)</sup>	45,000
Ken Pappa	18,750	--	2.54	7/30/13		
	17,500	--	2.28	2/8/14		
	14,064	4,686	(1) 2.32	6/10/15		
	9,375	9,375	(2) 2.88	2/15/16		
				33,333 <sup>(5)</sup>	45,000	

(1) Vests on June 10, 2014.

(2) One-half vests on February 15, 2014 and 2015.

(3) One-third vests on July 29, 2014, 2015 and 2016.

(4) Vests on June 1, 2014.

(5) One-half vests on July 29, 2013 and 2014.

(6) One-third vests on March 26, 2014, 2015 and 2016.

## Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control

Our named executive officers have certain change of control rights under employment agreements or current company policy. The Compensation Committee considers these policies to provide the named executive officers with the ability to make appropriate, informed decisions on strategy and direction of the Company that may adversely impact their particular positions, but nevertheless are appropriate for the Company and its stockholders. Our Compensation Committee believes that companies should provide reasonable severance benefits to employees, recognizing that it may be difficult for them to find comparable employment within a short period of time and that severance arrangements may be necessary to attract highly qualified officers in a competitive hiring environment.

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The following table describes the potential payments upon a hypothetical termination without cause or due to a change in control of the Company on June 30, 2013 for the NEO's. The actual amounts that may be paid upon an executive's termination of employment can only be determined at the actual time of such termination.

Name	Termination Without Cause			Termination following a Change of Control <sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>	
	Salary	Health Benefits	Total	Salary	Total
M. Plavan	\$315,000 <sup>(4)</sup>	--	\$315,000	\$ 473,000	\$ 473,000
D. Bessey	--	\$ 12,000	\$12,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000
H. Baker	\$132,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 14,000	\$146,000	\$ 263,000	\$ 263,000
K. Cooksy	\$120,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 1,000	\$121,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 240,000
K. Pappa	\$123,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 13,000	\$136,000	\$ 245,000	\$ 245,000

(1) Payable in a lump-sum payment.

This table does not include an estimate for the acceleration of vesting of stock options upon a change in control as

(2) this benefit is available to all employees with outstanding stock options as provided in the Equity Plans at the discretion of the Plan Administrator.

The CEO's prior Employment Agreement provides for a one-time payment equal to twelve months base salary in the event there is a Change of Control and the CEO continues to work in his current position with no significant

(3) changes. However, under the employment agreement ratified on October 25, 2013 the CEO will only receive a payment if terminated upon a change of control as defined below.

(4) Payable in biweekly installments for one year.

Under the Company's Executive Change of Control Policy, "change of control" means an event involving one transaction or a related series of transactions in which one of the following occurs:

- a) the Company issues securities equal to 50% or more of the Company's issued and outstanding voting securities, determined as a single class;
- b) the Company issues securities equal to 50% or more of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company in connection with a merger, consolidation or other business combination;
- c) the Company is acquired in a merger or other business combination transaction in which the Company is not the surviving company; or
- d) all or substantially all of the Company's assets are sold or transferred.

Under the employment agreement of Mr. Plavan "cause" is defined as:

- a) willful or habitual breach of Executive's duties;
- b) fraud, dishonesty, deliberate injury or intentional material misrepresentation by Executive to Employer or any others;
- c) embezzlement, theft or conversion by Executive;
- d) unauthorized disclosure or other use of Employer's trade secrets, customer lists or confidential information;
- e) habitual misuse of alcohol or any non-prescribed drug or intoxicant;
- f) willful misconduct that causes material harm to Employer;
- g) willful violation of any other standards of conduct as set forth in Company's employee manual and policies;
- h) conviction of or plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a felony or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; continuing failure to communicate and fully disclose material information to the board of directors, the failure of
- i) which would adversely impact the Company or may result in a violation of state or federal law, including securities laws; or
- j) debarment by any federal agency that would limit or prohibit Executive from serving in his capacity for Employer under this Agreement.

Under the employment agreements for Mr. Plavan and Mr. Bessey ratified October 25, 2013, “change of control” is defined as: an event involving one transaction or a related series of transactions in which one of the following occurs:

- Employer issues securities equal to fifty percent 50% or more of Employer’s issued and outstanding voting
- (a) securities, determined as a single class, to any individual, firm, partnership or other entity, including a “group” within the meaning of Section 13(d)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;
  - (b) Employer issues securities equal to fifty percent 50% or more of the issued and outstanding common stock of Employer in connection with a merger, consolidation or other business combination;
  - (c) Employer is acquired in a merger or other business combination transaction in which Employer is not the surviving company; or
  - (d) all or substantially all of Employer’s assets are sold or transferred to a third-party.



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## Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table provides information for all of the Company's equity compensation plans and individual compensation arrangements in effect as of June 30, 2013.

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options and restricted stock (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a) <sup>(1)</sup> ) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	1,453,753	\$ 2.36	1,404,125
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	--		--
Total	1,453,753		1,404,125

(1) Under the Company's 2006 Equity Incentive Plan, the number of shares of common stock equal to six percent (6%) of the number of outstanding shares of the Company are authorized to be used. Under this provision, the number of shares available to grant for awards will increase at the beginning of each fiscal year if options were granted or additional shares of common stock were issued in the preceding fiscal year.

## Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of the members of ThermoGenesis compensation committee were at any time an officer or employee of ThermoGenesis. In addition, none of ThermoGenesis' executive officers serves as a member of the compensation committee of any entity that has one or more executive officers serving as a member of ThermoGenesis compensation committee.

## Director Compensation

All of ThermoGenesis' non-employee directors earned director compensation in 2013 in the form of retainers and meeting fees as set forth in the following table.

Fee	
Annual non-executive chairman of the board retainer	\$20,000
Quarterly director retainer	\$6,000
Annual retainer for chairman of a committee	\$5,000
Fee for each board meeting attended	\$1,500
Fee for each committee meeting attended	\$1,000

In addition, ThermoGenesis reimburses its directors for their reasonable expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Board and its committees.

On the first business day of the fiscal year, each ThermoGenesis non-employee director who has served for one full year automatically receives a nonqualified stock option grant of 15,000 shares. Upon the initial election of any new

non-employee director, the director receives a nonqualified stock option grant of 25,000 shares. In both instances, the exercise price is equal to the closing price of the common stock on the date of grant. The options have a four year life, vest over three years and continue to vest, even after a director's service has terminated.

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## Director Compensation Table

1) The following table sets forth the compensation received by each of the Company's non-employee Directors. Each non-employee director is considered independent under NASD listing standards. Their compensation is described in the Summary Compensation Table below. Mr. Plavan, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company was a member of the board of directors in fiscal 2013 and received no additional compensation for serving on the Board.

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Stock Awards <sup>(1)(2)</sup> (\$)	Option Awards <sup>(1)(3)</sup> (\$)	Total (\$)
Mr. Craig W. Moore	66,000	14,000	8,000	(4) 88,000
Mr. David W. Carter resigned effective May 21, 2013	46,000	--	8,000	(4) 54,000
Mr. Patrick J. McEnany	54,000	--	8,000	(4) 62,000
Mr. Robin C. Stracey	33,000	19,000	--	52,000

(1) The amounts reported are the aggregate grant date fair value of the awards computed in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board's Codification topic 718. See Note 1 of notes to Financial Statements set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal 2013 for the assumptions used in determining such amounts for option awards.

(2) Prior to the beginning of the calendar year Mr. Moore and Mr. Stracey elected to receive common stock in lieu of cash for a portion of their Board of Director fees, which fees are paid in quarterly installments.

(3) The following table sets forth the aggregate number of option awards held by each non-employee director as of June 30, 2013:

Name	Aggregate Number of Option Awards
Mr. Craig W. Moore	61,250
Mr. David W. Carter	61,250
Mr. Patrick J. McEnany	94,000
Mr. Robin C. Stracey	25,000

(4) \$8,000 reflects the grant date fair value of the annual option awarded to existing directors who have served for one full year at the time of grant.

## Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

## ThermoGenesis

During 2013, ThermoGenesis believes that there has not been any transaction or series of similar transactions to which it was or is to be a party in which the amount involved exceeds \$120,000 and in which any director, executive officer or holder of more than 5.0% of ThermoGenesis common stock, or members of any such person's immediate family, had or will have a direct or indirect material interest, other than compensation described in "Executive Compensation," including retention bonus payments severance compensation and payments for consulting services to certain of the Named Executive Officers. Pursuant to the charter of ThermoGenesis' audit committee, the audit committee has the responsibility to review and approve the terms of all transactions between ThermoGenesis and any related party, as that term is defined under applicable NASDAQ listing standards; however, compensation arrangements with related parties are reviewed by the compensation committee or the entire board, and the board retains the authority to review and approve other related party transactions. In connection with consideration of related party transactions, the audit committee or the board requires full disclosure of material facts concerning the relationship and financial interest of the relevant individuals involved in the transaction, and then determines whether the transaction is fair to

ThermoGenesis. Approval is by means of a majority of the independent directors entitled to vote on the matter.

ThermoGenesis intends that any such future transactions will be approved by the audit committee and will be on terms no less favorable to ThermoGenesis than could be obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

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TotipotentRX

TotipotentRX engaged in the following related party transactions with persons that will serve as directors or officers of the combined company:

TotipotentRX issued a promissory note to Kenneth L. Harris for the original principle sum of \$75,000 executed on May 28, 2008, amended effective May 28, 2011, May 28, 2012, and May 28, 2013. The maturity date is May 27, 2014, and the note accrues interest at a rate of 7.0% per annum.

TotipotentRX issued a promissory note to Mitchel Sivilotti for the original principle sum of \$75,000 executed on May 28, 2008, amended effective May 28, 2011, May 28, 2012 and May 28, 2013. The maturity date is May 27, 2014, and accrues interest at a rate of 7.0% per annum.

TotipotentRX issued a promissory note to Kenneth L. Harris for the original principle sum of \$30,000 executed on August 28, 2008, amended effective August 28, 2011, August 28, 2012 and August 28, 2013. The maturity date is August 27, 2014 and the note accrues interest at a rate of 7% per annum.

TotipotentRX issued a promissory note to Mitchel Sivilotti for the original principle sum of \$60,000, effective December 20, 2012, with a December 19, 2013 maturity date. The promissory note accrues interest at a rate of 7.0% per annum.

THERMOGENESIS' BUSINESS

Business Overview

ThermoGenesis Corp. is a leading designer and supplier of clinical technologies for processing, storage and administration of stem cells used in the practice of regenerative medicine. Regenerative medicine is an emerging field using cell-based therapies to treat a number of clinical indications, including the repair or restoration of diseased or damaged tissue and cell function. ThermoGenesis products automate the volume reduction and cryopreservation of adult stem cell concentrates from cord blood, peripheral blood, and bone marrow for use in laboratory and point-of-care settings. ThermoGenesis primary business model is based on the sale of medical devices and the recurring revenues generated from their companion single-use, sterile disposable products. ThermoGenesis currently sell its products in approximately 30 countries throughout the world to customers that include private and public cord blood banks, surgeons, hospitals and research institutions. ThermoGenesis' worldwide commercialization strategy relies primarily on the utilization of distributors. ThermoGenesis was founded in 1986 and is located in Rancho Cordova, California.

ThermoGenesis' growth strategy is to expand its offerings in regenerative medicine while partnering with other pioneers in the stem cell arena to accelerate ThermoGenesis' worldwide penetration of this growing market.

Regenerative medicine represents a new paradigm in human health and the treatment of disease and injury. It is uniquely capable of altering the fundamental mechanisms of disease and through translational medicine has the potential to be harnessed for the treatment of acute and chronic conditions has demonstrated curative potential never before seen.

ThermoGenesis believes its enabling tools and technologies are foundational to the automation and commercialization of regenerative medicine practiced at the point-of-care. However, global regulatory bodies are increasing their oversight and placing a greater burden of proof on device manufacturers to demonstrate the safety, consistency, predictability and effectiveness of in-vivo use from the cells produced by ThermoGenesis' devices. In a laboratory or manufacturing setting the consistency and predictability are controlled by the rigorous validated procedures and test methods around their Good Manufacturing Practices (cGMP). A point-of-care product is used by and in a physician managed environment where the safety and well-being of the patient is the key principle. Therefore enabling the physician to ensure a point-of-care product delivers a clinically effective cell therapy meeting current cGMP quality

standards requires rigorous precision and consistent control mechanisms of all variables at the patient bed side during a procedure, including but not limited to cell temperatures, dosing, cell viability, and viscosity. All of these control processes must be simple, rapid, and cost effective to become a routine treatment modality.

To capture the true potential of ThermoGenesis' technological assets and know-how across the entire value stream of regenerative medicine, ThermoGenesis believes it must broaden its clinical capabilities and extend ThermoGenesis' presence into point-of-care to ensure a level of consistency and control across multiple indications and delivery settings. In doing so, ThermoGenesis will evolve into a fully integrated regenerative medicine company capable of developing and delivering safe and consistently efficacious, commercially viable autologous cell therapies physicians can deliver with ease, in less than 60 minutes, at the patient's bed-side. ThermoGenesis believes this transformation will substantially expand its addressable markets to include billion dollar patient populations within the vascular and orthopedic markets.

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### ThermoGenesis' Solutions

ThermoGenesis believes its automated products significantly enhance the safety, reproducibility and viability of regenerative medical procedures and expand the use and success of those products in clinical treatment through their ease of use and high cell recovery rates. ThermoGenesis' competitive advantage is achieved through applying its advanced research and engineering capabilities to the development of a comprehensive line of products for healthcare providers to utilize in regenerative medicine. ThermoGenesis' solutions enable its customers to automate their processes, comply with quality regulations, improve their efficiency and produce therapeutic doses of high quality stem cell concentrates.

### Key Events and Accomplishments

The following are key events and accomplishments that occurred in fiscal 2013:

·Received Registration Approval for AXP in China.

ThermoGenesis' AXP received registration approval from China's State Food & Drug Administration enabling the Company to initiate commercial distribution in China.

·Signed Golden Meditech Holdings Limited (Golden Meditech) AXP Distribution Agreement

ThermoGenesis signed an exclusive, subject to existing distributors and customers, agreement to distribute the AXP Disposable Blood Processing Set in China and several Southeast Asian countries.

·AXP System Selected by New Customers in United Kingdom and Portugal

ThermoGenesis' AXP system was selected by United Kingdom's NHS Blood and Transplant (NHSBT) which manages six cord blood collection facilities and operates a cord blood bank laboratory under a five-year exclusive agreement and Crioestaminal, a leading cord blood stem cell bank in Portugal.

·Sold ThermoLine Product Line to Helmer Scientific.

The sale of ThermoGenesis' ThermoLine plasma freezer and thawer product line was part of its growth strategy to focus its core business on developing enabling technologies for the stem cell regenerative medicine market.

·Signed New Cord Blood Products Distribution Agreements.

ThermoGenesis signed three integrated distribution agreements with Concessus, HVD Biotech Vertriebs GmbH and Comercia Exportacao e Importacao de Materiais Medicos to provide a customer-centric focus that incorporates sales, service and support for its cord blood product portfolio.

## Market Overview

### Regenerative Medicine Market

Regenerative cell therapy relies on replacing diseased, damaged or dysfunctional cells with healthy, functioning ones or repairing damaged or diseased tissue. A great range of cells and cell components can serve in cell therapy, including cells found in peripheral blood and umbilical cord blood, bone marrow etc.

The regenerative medicine market continues to experience meaningful advances in clinical efficacy using cells and cell components as measured by the number of FDA and EU therapeutic product approvals and product commercialization of cell based therapies. The vast majority of this progress has been achieved through the broader application of adult stem cells, reflecting a greater awareness and appreciation of their therapeutic potential.

Positive results generated from the application of adult stem cells have resulted in greater government and private sector investment in the research and development of new cell therapies, including the continued advancement of existing treatments.