

BLUE HOLDINGS, INC.  
Form 10-Q  
October 06, 2008

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the Quarterly Period Ended: June 30, 2008**

**Commission File Number: 000-33297**

**BLUE HOLDINGS, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Nevada**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**88-0450923**

(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

**4901 Zambrano Street, Commerce, CA 90040**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**(323) 726-0297**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

|                         |                       |                                                                       |                                  |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Large Accelerated Filer | <input type="radio"/> | Accelerated Filer                                                     | <input type="radio"/>            |
| Non-Accelerated Filer   | <input type="radio"/> | (Do not check if smaller reporting company) Smaller Reporting Company | <input checked="" type="radio"/> |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of October 2, 2008, 26,232,200 shares of the registrant's common stock were outstanding.

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**PART I****ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****BLUE HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | June 30,<br>2008<br>(Unaudited) | December 31,<br>2007 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                 |                      |
| Current assets:                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                 |                      |
| Cash                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | \$ 25,773                       | \$ 74,842            |
| Due from factor, net of reserves of \$18,921 and \$173,805, respectively                                                                                                                                                    | 85,430                          | 94,194               |
| Accounts receivable, net of reserves of \$442,807 and \$1,138,664, respectively:                                                                                                                                            |                                 |                      |
| - Purchased by factor with recourse                                                                                                                                                                                         | 3,440,739                       | 1,668,498            |
| - Others                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 489,644                         | 548,548              |
| Inventories                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 4,575,146                       | 9,328,581            |
| Income taxes receivable                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 1,419,900                       | 1,419,697            |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets                                                                                                                                                                                   | 516,227                         | 1,283,990            |
| Total current assets                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 10,552,859                      | 14,418,350           |
| Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation                                                                                                                                                                     | 690,900                         | 1,771,868            |
| Total assets                                                                                                                                                                                                                | \$ 11,243,759                   | \$ 16,190,218        |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY</b>                                                                                                                                                                             |                                 |                      |
| Current liabilities:                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                 |                      |
| Bank overdraft                                                                                                                                                                                                              | \$ 90,649                       | \$ 75,764            |
| Accounts payable                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 4,730,481                       | 2,577,454            |
| Short-term borrowings                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 11,227,779                      | 12,582,129           |
| Due to related parties                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 271,375                         | 279,336              |
| Advances from majority shareholder                                                                                                                                                                                          | 2,059,795                       | 1,398,842            |
| Current portion of convertible debt                                                                                                                                                                                         | 928,959                         | -                    |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities                                                                                                                                                                              | 703,846                         | 1,620,954            |
| Total current liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 20,012,884                      | 18,534,479           |
| Non-current portion of convertible debt                                                                                                                                                                                     | 696,667                         | -                    |
| Total liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 20,709,551                      | 18,534,479           |
| Stockholders' deficiency:                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                 |                      |
| Preferred stock \$0.001 stated value, 5,000,000 shares authorized,<br>1,000,000 Series A convertible shares issued with 6% cumulative dividend<br>of the designated purchase price and initial conversion price of \$0.7347 | 1,000                           | 1,000                |
| Common stock \$0.001 par value, 75,000,000 shares authorized,<br>26,232,200 shares issued and outstanding                                                                                                                   | 26,232                          | 26,232               |
| Additional paid-in capital                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 8,764,207                       | 8,059,648            |
| Accumulated deficit                                                                                                                                                                                                         | (18,257,231)                    | (10,431,141)         |
| Total stockholders' deficiency                                                                                                                                                                                              | (9,465,792)                     | (2,344,261)          |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' deficiency                                                                                                                                                                              | \$ 11,243,759                   | \$ 16,190,218        |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements



**BLUE HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)**  
**FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007**

|                                                        | Three Months ended June 30, |                | Six Months ended June 30, |                |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
|                                                        | 2008                        | 2007           | 2008                      | 2007           |
| Net sales                                              | \$ 4,712,793                | \$ 8,401,971   | \$ 13,266,912             | \$ 16,842,193  |
| Cost of goods sold                                     | 3,770,151                   | 4,973,237      | 11,570,832                | 8,581,433      |
| Gross profit                                           | 942,642                     | 3,428,734      | 1,696,080                 | 8,260,760      |
| Selling, distribution & administrative expenses        | 4,038,380                   | 4,057,091      | 8,894,141                 | 8,577,659      |
| Loss before other expenses                             | (3,095,738)                 | (628,357)      | (7,198,061)               | (316,899)      |
| Other expenses - Interest expense                      | 346,190                     | 414,389        | 799,411                   | 752,533        |
| - Closure of retail stores                             | 528,618                     | -              | 528,618                   | -              |
| Net loss                                               | \$ (3,970,546)              | \$ (1,042,746) | \$ (8,526,090)            | \$ (1,069,432) |
| Loss per common share, basic and diluted               | \$ (0.15)                   | \$ (0.04)      | \$ (0.33)                 | \$ (0.04)      |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted | 26,232,200                  | 26,057,200     | 26,232,200                | 26,057,200     |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

**BLUE HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY**  
**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (UNAUDITED)**

|                                                                                            | Preferred Shares Issued | Par Value | Common Shares Issued | Par Value | Additional      | Accumulated     | Total          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
|                                                                                            | Number                  | 0.001     | Number               | 0.001     | Paid In Capital | Deficit         |                |
| Balance, January 1, 2008                                                                   | 1,000,000               | \$ 1,000  | 26,232,200           | \$ 26,232 | \$ 8,059,648    | \$ (10,431,141) | \$ (2,344,261) |
| Fair value of vested stock options                                                         | -                       | -         | -                    | -         | 108,959         | -               | 108,959        |
| Foregiveness of debt by majority shareholder                                               | -                       | -         | -                    | -         | -               | 700,000         | 700,000        |
| Fair value of discount associated with convertibility feature of notes and warrants issued | -                       | -         | -                    | -         | 595,600         | -               | 595,600        |
| Net loss for the period                                                                    | -                       | -         | -                    | -         | -               | (8,526,090)     | (8,526,090)    |
| Balance, June 30, 2008                                                                     | 1,000,000               | \$ 1,000  | 26,232,200           | \$ 26,232 | \$ 8,764,207    | \$ (18,257,231) | \$ (9,465,792) |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

**BLUE HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007 (UNAUDITED)**

|                                                                                | 2008             | 2007              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities:                                          |                  |                   |
| Net loss                                                                       | \$ (8,526,090)   | \$ (1,069,432)    |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating activities:        |                  |                   |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                  | 274,443          | 187,679           |
| Fair value of vested stock options                                             | 108,959          | 137,747           |
| Amortization of debt discount                                                  | 79,189           | -                 |
| Provision for loss on closure of retail stores                                 | 528,618          | -                 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities:                                             |                  |                   |
| Accounts receivable                                                            | (1,713,337)      | 1,015,687         |
| Due from factor                                                                | 8,764            | 127,547           |
| Income taxes receivable                                                        | (203)            | 14,044            |
| Inventories                                                                    | 4,753,435        | (3,067,458)       |
| Due to related parties                                                         | (7,961)          | (584,419)         |
| Deferred income taxes                                                          | -                | (27,330)          |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets                                      | 767,763          | (684,220)         |
| Bank overdraft                                                                 | 14,885           | 544,985           |
| Accounts payable                                                               | 1,918,027        | (1,345,241)       |
| Other current liabilities                                                      | (221,808)        | (459,163)         |
| Net cash used in operating activities                                          | (2,015,316)      | (5,209,574)       |
| Cash flows from investing activities:                                          |                  |                   |
| Purchase of equipment                                                          | (182,392)        | (224,530)         |
| Net cash used in investing activities                                          | (182,392)        | (224,530)         |
| Cash flows from financing activities:                                          |                  |                   |
| Short-term borrowings                                                          | (1,354,350)      | 4,042,625         |
| Advances from majority shareholder                                             | 1,360,953        | 1,466,967         |
| Issuance of convertible notes                                                  | 2,142,036        | -                 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities                                      | 2,148,639        | 5,509,592         |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash                                                | (49,069)         | 75,488            |
| Cash at beginning of period                                                    | 74,842           | 109,031           |
| <b>Cash at end of period</b>                                                   | <b>\$ 25,773</b> | <b>\$ 184,519</b> |
| <b>SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>                                     |                  |                   |
| Cash paid for interest                                                         | \$ 799,411       | \$ 993,814        |
| Cash paid for income tax                                                       | \$ -             | \$ 2,551,605      |
| <b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b> |                  |                   |
| Forgiveness of debt from majority stockholder                                  | \$ 700,000       | \$ -              |
| Cumulative effect of FIN 48                                                    | \$ -             | \$ 52,465         |

|                                                                                            |    |         |    |   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|---------|----|---|
| Fair value of discount associated with convertibility feature of notes and warrants issued | \$ | 595,600 | \$ | - |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|---------|----|---|

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements



**BLUE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

**NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION, ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

**(a) Basis of Presentation**

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited, but in the opinion of management of the Company, contain all adjustments, which include normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial position at June 30, 2008 and the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2007 is derived from the Company's audited financial statements, (as restated).

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements that have been presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to interim financial statements, although management of the Company believes that the disclosures contained in these financial statements are adequate to make the information presented therein not misleading. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 (as restated), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 1, 2008.

The Company's results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2008.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the operations of Blue Holdings, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation.

**(b) Organization**

Blue Holdings, Inc. (a Nevada corporation formerly known as Marine Jet Technology Corp.) was incorporated in the State of Nevada on February 9, 2000. On April 14, 2005, Blue Holdings entered into an Exchange Agreement with Antik Denim, LLC ("Antik"). At the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Exchange Agreement, which occurred on April 29, 2005, Blue Holdings acquired all of the outstanding membership interests of Antik (the "Interests") from the members of Antik, and the members contributed all of their Interests to Blue Holdings. In exchange, Blue Holdings issued to the members 843,027 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of Blue Holdings ("Preferred Shares"), which, on June 7, 2005, as a result of a change to Marine Jet Technology Corp.'s name to Blue Holdings, Inc. and a 1 for 29 reverse stock split, were converted into 24,447,783 shares of Blue Holding's common stock on a post-reverse stock split basis.

As such, immediately following the closing and upon the conversion of the Preferred Shares, the Antik members and Elizabeth Guez, our former Chief Operating Officer and wife of Paul Guez, owned approximately 95.8% of the total issued and outstanding common stock of Blue Holdings on a fully-diluted basis. Following completion of the exchange transaction, Antik became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Blue Holdings. The acquisition was accounted for as a reverse merger (recapitalization) in the accompanying financial statements with Antik deemed to be the accounting acquirer and Blue Holdings deemed to be the legal acquirer. As such, the financial statements herein include those of Antik since September 13, 2004 (the date of its inception). All assets and liabilities of Marine Jet Technology Corp. were assumed by the major stockholder of Blue Holdings, Inc. prior to the exchange transaction and were inconsequential to the merged companies.



**BLUE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

On June 7, 2005, Marine Jet Technology Corp. changed its name to Blue Holdings, Inc., and increased its authorized number of shares of common stock to 75,000,000.

On October 31, 2005, the Company entered into an exchange agreement with Taverniti So Jeans, LLC, a California limited liability company ("Taverniti"), and the members of Taverniti (the "Taverniti Members"). Under the exchange agreement, the Company acquired all of the outstanding membership interests of Taverniti (the "Taverniti Interests") from the Taverniti Members, and the Taverniti Members contributed all of their Taverniti Interests to the Company. In exchange, the Company issued to the Taverniti Members, on a pro rata basis, an aggregate of 500,000 shares of the Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of the Company, and paid to the Taverniti Members, on a pro rata basis, an aggregate of Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$750,000). At the closing of the exchange transaction, Taverniti became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Paul Guez, the Company's Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, President and majority stockholder, was and remains the sole manager and was a member of Taverniti. Elizabeth Guez, Paul Guez's spouse and the Company's former Chief Operating Officer, was also a member of Taverniti. Two other members of Mr. and Mrs. Guez's family were the remaining members of Taverniti. The transaction was accounted for as a combination of entities under common control. As such, the financial statements herein have been presented to include the operations of Taverniti since September 13, 2004, the date of its inception, and the \$750,000 payment was considered as a deemed distribution to the members of Taverniti upon the closing of the combination.

**(c) Nature of Operations**

The Company operates exclusively in the wholesale apparel industry. The Company designs, develops, markets and distributes high fashion jeans and accessories under the brand names *Antik Denim*, *Yanuk*, *U*, *Faith Connexion* and *Taverniti So Jeans*. The Company's products currently include jeans, jackets, belts, purses and T-shirts. The Company currently sells its products in the United States, Canada, Japan and the European Union directly to department stores and boutiques and through distribution arrangements in certain foreign jurisdictions. The Company is headquartered in Commerce, California and maintains showrooms in New York and Los Angeles. The Company opened a retail store in Los Angeles during August 2005 and another store in San Francisco in July 2006. The retail operations are not significant to the consolidated operations.

**(d) Going Concern**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. However, the Company had a net loss of \$8,631,943 and utilized cash of \$4,046,796 in operating activities during the year ended December 31, 2007, and had a stockholders' deficiency of \$2,344,261 as at December 31, 2007. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, the Company had a net loss of \$8,526,090 and utilized cash of \$2,015,316 in operating activities, and had a stockholders' deficiency of \$9,465,792 at June 30, 2008. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, or amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty.

**BLUE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

The Company's primary source of liquidity in the past was cash flow generated from operations, cash and cash equivalents currently on hand, and working capital attainable through both its factor and its majority stockholder. However, the Company is currently in an over-advance position with its factor and certain of the Company's receivables are being directly paid to the factor until such over-advance is being satisfied (See Note 3).

The Company has already in 2008 sought to, and may continue to seek to, finance future capital needs through various means and channels, such as issuance of long-term debt or sale of equity securities. On March 5, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") with an institutional investor pursuant to which it issued an aggregate of \$2.0 million of thirty-month senior secured convertible notes, and five-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 875,000 shares, to the investor (see Note 8). In addition, management believes that the Company will begin to operate profitably due to improved operational results, improved margins on goods sold, and cost cutting practices. However, there can be no assurances that the Company will be successful in this regard or will be able to eliminate its stockholders deficit or operating losses.

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**(a) Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate estimates, including those related to returns, discounts, bad debts, inventories, intangible assets, income taxes, contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

**(b) Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognized when merchandise has been shipped against a customer's written purchase order, the risk of ownership has passed, selling price has been fixed and determined and collectibility is reasonably assured either through payment received, or fulfillment of all the terms and conditions of the particular purchase order. Revenue is recorded net of estimated returns, charge backs and markdowns based on management's estimates and historical experience.

**(c) Inventory Valuation**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

**BLUE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

**(d) Advertising Costs**

Advertising costs are expensed as of the first date the advertisements take place. Advertising expenses included in selling expenses approximated \$45,837 and \$64,216 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, as compared with \$57,652 and \$119,574 for the same respective periods last year.

**(e) Shipping and Handling Costs**

Freight charges are included in selling, distribution and administrative expenses in the statement of operations and approximated \$61,570 and \$235,234 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, as compared to \$149,960 and \$297,235 for the same respective periods in the prior year.

**(f) Major Suppliers**

We purchase our fabric, thread and other raw materials from various industry suppliers within the United States and abroad. We do not currently have any long-term agreements in place for the supply of our fabric, thread or other raw materials. The fabric, thread and other raw materials used by us are available from a large number of suppliers worldwide. During the three months ended June 30, 2008, only three suppliers accounted for more than 10% of our purchases. Purchases from those suppliers were 23.1%, 14.5% and 13.8%, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, two suppliers accounted for more than 10% of our purchases, 25.6% and 13.7%, respectively. During the three months ended June 30, 2007, one supplier accounted for more than 10% of our purchases. Purchases from that supplier were 25.4%. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, three suppliers accounted for more than 10% of our purchases and purchases from these suppliers were 18.3%, 11.1% and 10.1%, respectively.

**(g) Major Customers**

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, two customers accounted for more than 10% of the Company's sales. Sales to those customers were 13.1% and 10.3%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2008, and 27.6% and 8.4%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2008. International sales accounted for approximately 19.2% and 19.3% of the Company's sales during the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, including Japan which accounted for 11.0% and 10.0%, respectively, of our total sales. As of June 30, 2008 one customer accounted for 63% of total accounts receivable.

During the three months ended June 30, 2007, two customers accounted for more than 10% of the Company's sales. Sales to those customers were 13.5% and 10.3%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2007, and 11.6% and 10.4%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2007. International sales accounted for approximately 17.9% and 21.6% of the Company's sales during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, including Japan which accounted for 11.5% and 13.3%, respectively, of our total sales. As of June 30, 2007 one customer accounted for 34% total accounts receivable.

**BLUE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

**(h) Stock-Based Compensation**

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 123R, “Share-Based Payment” (“SFAS 123R”). This statement requires that the cost resulting from all share-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements. This statement establishes fair value as the measurement objective in accounting for share-based payment arrangements and requires all entities to apply a fair-value based measurement method in accounting for share-based payment transactions with employees except for equity instruments held by employee share ownership plans. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123R, using the modified prospective method. Under this method, the provisions of SFAS 123R apply to all awards granted or modified after the date of adoption and all previously granted awards not yet vested as of the date of adoption.

The fair value of options was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007:

|                          | June 30,<br>2008 | June 30,<br>2007 |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Dividend yield           | —                | —                |
| Risk-free interest rate  | 4.50%            | 4.50%            |
| Expected volatility      | 46.01%           | 46.01%           |
| Expected life of options | 5 years          | 5 years          |

**(i) Earnings per Share**

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, “Earnings per Share,” requires presentation of basic earnings per share (“Basic EPS”) and diluted earnings per share (“Diluted EPS”). Basic earnings (loss) per share are computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution, using the treasury stock method, that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the Company. In computing diluted earnings per share, the treasury stock method assumes that outstanding options and warrants are exercised and the proceeds are used to purchase common stock at the average market price during the period. Options and warrants will have a dilutive effect under the treasury stock method only when the average market price of the common stock during the period exceeds the exercise price of the options and warrants.

At June 30, 2008, potentially dilutive securities consisted of outstanding common stock options to acquire 1,004,500 shares, outstanding warrants to acquire 1,025,000 shares, 2,608,000 shares issuable under convertible notes, and 4,623,589 shares issuable under convertible preferred stock. At June 30, 2007, potentially dilutive securities consisted of outstanding common stock options to acquire 697,000 shares. These potentially dilutive securities were not included in the calculation of loss per share for the quarters ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 as they were anti-dilutive. Accordingly, basic and diluted earnings per share for quarters ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are the same.

**(j) Fair Value Measurements**

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. This Statement defines fair value for certain financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This guidance applies to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. On February 12, 2008, the FASB finalized FASB Staff Position (FSP) No.157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157. This Staff Position delays the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for non-financial assets and liabilities to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 and interim periods within those fiscal years, except for those items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually). The adoption of SFAS No. 157 had no effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

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**(k) Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

References to the “FASB”, “SFAS” and “SAB” herein refer to the “Financial Accounting Standards Board”, “Statement of Financial Accounting Standards”, and the “SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin”, respectively.

In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 141 (R), “Business Combinations” (FAS 141(R)), which establishes accounting principles and disclosure requirements for all transactions in which a company obtains control over another business. Statement 141 (R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Earlier adoption is prohibited.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, “Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB No. 51”. SFAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards that require that the ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent be clearly identified, labeled, and presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, but separate from the parent’s equity; the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the non-controlling interest be clearly identified and presented on the face of the consolidated statement of income; and changes in a parent’s ownership interest while the parent retains its controlling financial interest in its subsidiary be accounted for consistently. SFAS No. 160 also requires that any retained non-controlling equity investment in the former subsidiary be initially measured at fair value when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. SFAS No. 160 also sets forth the disclosure requirements to identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the non-controlling owners. SFAS No. 160 applies to all entities that prepare consolidated financial statements, except not-for-profit organizations, but will affect only those entities that have an outstanding non-controlling interest in one or more subsidiaries or that deconsolidate a subsidiary. SFAS No. 160 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Earlier adoption is prohibited. SFAS No. 160 must be applied prospectively as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which it is initially applied, except for the presentation and disclosure requirements. The presentation and disclosure requirements are applied retrospectively for all periods presented.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, “Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities\*an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133” (SFAS 161). This Statement requires enhanced disclosures about an entity’s derivative and hedging activities, including (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under SFAS No. 133, “Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities” (SFAS 133), and its related interpretations, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity’s financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. SFAS 161 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008.

The Company does not believe that the adoption of the above recent pronouncements will have a material effect on the Company’s consolidated results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.



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**NOTE 3 – DUE FROM FACTOR**

The Company uses a factor for working capital and credit administration purposes. Under the various factoring agreements entered into separately by Blue Holdings, Antik Denim, LLC and Taverniti So Jeans, LLC, the factor purchases all the trade accounts receivable assigned by the Company and its subsidiaries and assumes all credit risk with respect to those accounts approved by it.

The factor agreements provide that the Company can borrow up to 90% of the value of purchased customer invoices, less a reserve of 10% of unpaid accounts purchased and 100% of all such accounts which are disputed. The factor agreements renew automatically, subject to 120 days' termination notice from any party. The factor also makes available to all three companies a combined line of credit up to the lesser of \$2.4 million and 50% of the value of eligible raw materials and finished goods. As of June 30, 2008, the factor made advances to the Company of \$11.7 million of which the Company drew down \$2.2 million against inventory, \$3.5 million against accounts receivable and \$6 million against personal guarantees of Paul Guez, our Chairman and majority stockholder, and the living trust of Paul and Elizabeth Guez. As the Company is an over-advance position, the Company has agreed with the factor that it will pledge to them the income tax receivable of approximately \$1,400,000. Furthermore, the Company and the factor have agreed that approximately \$2,500,000 of outstanding receivables owed to the Company and included in outstanding accounts receivable at June 30, 2008 will be paid directly to the factor by a customer in monthly payments of \$250,000 that are due through approximately April, 2009 to reduce amounts outstanding under the factor agreements.

As of June 30, 2008, the factor holds \$585,430 of accounts receivable purchased from us on a without recourse basis and has made advances to us of \$500,000 against those receivables, resulting in a balance Due from Factor of \$85,430, net of \$18,921 of reserves. The Company has accounted for the sale of receivables to the factor in accordance with SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for the Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities." Also, as of June 30, 2008, the factor held as collateral \$3,883,546 of accounts receivable that were subject to recourse, against which the Company has provided reserves of \$442,807. As of June 30, 2008, the Company had received advances totaling \$11,727,779 against such receivables, eligible inventory, and on the personal guarantee of the Company's majority stockholder, has included the net amount of \$500,000 in accounts receivable, and has reflected the remaining \$11,227,779 as short term borrowings on the accompanying balance sheet.

The factor commission on receivables purchased on a without recourse basis is 0.75% if the aggregate amount of approved invoices is below \$10 million per annum 0.70% if between \$10 million and \$20 million and 0.65% if between \$20 million and \$30 million. The Company is contingently liable to the factor for merchandise disputes, customer claims and the like on receivables sold to the factor. To the extent that the Company draws funds prior to the deemed collection date of the accounts receivable sold to the factor, interest is charged at the rate of 1% over the factor's prime lending rate per annum, which was 7% as of June 30, 2008. Factor advances are collateralized by the non-factored accounts receivable, inventories and the personal guarantees of Paul Guez, our Chairman and majority stockholder, and the living trust of Paul and Elizabeth Guez.

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**NOTE 4 – INVENTORIES**

Inventories are summarized as follows:

|                                          | June 30,<br>2008<br>(Unaudited) | December 31,<br>2007 |
|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Raw Materials                            | \$ 1,401,176                    | \$ 2,717,085         |
| Work-in-Process                          | 1,383,589                       | 962,781              |
| Finished Goods                           | 1,790,381                       | 3,450,454            |
| Finished Goods held for sale to customer | -                               | 2,198,261            |
|                                          | \$ 4,575,146                    | \$ 9,328,581         |

**NOTE 5 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Property and equipment is summarized as follows:

|                                                 | June 30,<br>2008<br>(Unaudited) | December 31,<br>2007 |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Furniture                                       | \$ 33,317                       | \$ 33,317            |
| Leasehold Improvements                          | 194,816                         | 1,312,498            |
| Computer Equipment                              | 1,213,308                       | 1,125,365            |
|                                                 | 1,441,441                       | 2,471,180            |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation and Amortization | (750,541)                       | (699,312)            |
|                                                 | \$ 690,900                      | \$ 1,771,868         |

Depreciation expense totaled \$142,174 and \$97,078 for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 totaled \$274,443 and \$187,679, respectively.

**NOTE 6 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Company purchased fabric at cost from Blue Concept, LLC, an entity which is owned by Paul Guez, the Company's Chairman, for \$0 and \$97,680, respectively, during the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007; and for \$6,562 and \$183,302, respectively, during the six months. On January 1, 2006, the Company leased its facility at Commerce, California from Azteca Production International Inc., as a sub-tenant and paid \$19,030 per month through December 31, 2007, when the lease was terminated. Azteca is a company co-owned by Paul Guez. Rent expense includes \$0 and \$57,090, respectively, for payments under this lease for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007; and \$0 and \$114,180, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

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On July 5, 2005 the Company entered into a ten-year license agreement with Yanuk Jeans, LLC, an entity that is solely owned by Paul Guez. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company became the exclusive licensor for the design, development, manufacture, sale, marketing and distribution of the Yanuk brand products to the wholesale and retail trade. The Company pays to Yanuk Jeans, LLC a royalty of six percent of all net sales of the licensed products and a guaranteed minimum royalty on an annual basis. Yanuk has agreed to waive such royalties for the years ending 2007 and 2008 and, accordingly, no royalties were paid or payable for the three or six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007. Additionally, during the term of the license agreement, the Company has the option to purchase from Yanuk Jeans, LLC the property licensed under the agreement.

On October 6, 2005, the Company entered into a five-year license agreement with Yanuk Jeans, LLC. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company became the exclusive licensor for the design, development, manufacture, sale, marketing and distribution of Yanuk Jeans, LLC's U brand products to the wholesale and retail trade. The Company pays to Yanuk Jeans, LLC a royalty of five percent of all net sales of the licensed products and shall pay a guaranteed minimum royalty on an annual basis. In addition, during the term of the license agreement, the Company has the option to purchase from Yanuk Jeans, LLC the property licensed under the agreement. No royalties were paid or payable to Yanuk Jeans, LLC for the U brand products for the three or six months ended June 30, 2008 or 2007.

Paul Guez and the living trust of Paul and Elizabeth Guez have guaranteed all advances and ledger debt due to the Company's factor (see Note 3).

On August 27, 2005, the Company opened a retail store on Melrose Avenue, Los Angeles, California and took over all the obligations of a 10-year property lease which had previously been entered into by Blue Concept, LLC in April 2005. The lease will expire on March 15, 2015. Related rental expense included in the statements of operation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$70,500 and \$141,000, respectively. Effective June, 2008, the Company decided to close its retail stores and has, accordingly, provided for the estimated cost of such closings in the statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 (see note 11).

Taverniti is the exclusive licensee for the design, development, manufacture, sale, marketing and distribution of the Taverniti So Jeans trademark in the denim and knit sports wear categories for men and women. It is paying royalties to Taverniti Holdings, LLC at rates varying from 5-8 percent depending upon the levels of net sales of related licensed products, pursuant to a license agreement with Taverniti Holdings, LLC. Taverniti Holdings, LLC is jointly owned by Paul Guez (60%) and Jimmy Taverniti (40%), the designer of the products for the brand, and Mr. Guez is the sole manager. The license agreement was signed in May 2004 and expires on December 31, 2015. Royalties paid or payable for the three and six months June 30, 2008 were \$165,507 and \$334,405. No royalties were paid or payable for the three or six months ended June 30, 2007, royalties for that year having been waived by Licensor.

Company has entered into an agreement with the living trust of Paul and Elizabeth Guez, pursuant to which the Company has leased a merchandising and design facility located in Marina del Rey, California. The lease is on a "month-to-month" basis and requires that, beginning September 1, 2007, the Company pay rent at the rate of \$24,000 per month. Rent expense of \$72,000 and \$144,000 due under this lease agreement is included in the accompanying statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively.

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**NOTE 7 - DUE FROM/TO RELATED PARTIES**

**Due to related parties**

The Company has various due to/from accounts with related parties that relate to trade related activities. These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand. The related parties are the Company's majority stockholder (who is also the Company's Chairman) and limited liability companies that are either owned or co-owned by the majority stockholder. Trade-related outstanding items follow regular payment terms as invoiced. As of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, total trade-related items due to related parties amounted to \$271,375 and \$279,336, respectively.

**Advances from Majority Stockholder**

From time to time, the Company's majority stockholder, Paul Guez, made advances to the Company to support its working capital needs under a revolving line of credit agreement. The line of credit allowed the Company to borrow from him up to a maximum of \$3 million at an interest rate of 6% per annum. The Company was to repay the advances in full or in part at any time until the credit line expires, and repayment was required on December 31, 2008. On March 5, 2008, the Company and Mr. Guez entered into an agreement whereby Mr. Guez agreed to cancel \$1,400,000 of such indebtedness in consideration of the issuance of 1,750,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

In early May 2008, Mr. Guez informed the Company of claims for sums he believed were due and owing him pursuant to advances made to and payments made on behalf of the Company during fiscal 2007 that were separate from the revolving line. In light of this dispute, the Company's Audit Committee conducted an internal investigation which revealed accounting errors in the Company's related party accounts pertaining to payables due to Mr. Guez and his affiliated entities in the aggregate amount of \$2,009,435, and which resulted in a revised amount due Mr. Guez of \$1,398,842 as of December 31, 2007 under the above discussed line of credit agreement. As such, the Company determined that it was necessary to restate its previously filed December 31, 2007 financial statements. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, Mr. Guez made further advances to the Company of \$919,251 under the line of credit agreement. As of June 30, 2008, the amount due Mr. Guez under this revolving line of credit agreement was \$1,618,093. Mr. Guez was also owed \$441,702 for accrued royalties and rental expense as of June 30, 2008.

On September 23, 2008, the parties entered into a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release pursuant to which the Company rescinded Mr. Guez's conversion of \$1,400,000 of net advances made to the Company into 1,750,000 shares of our common stock, Mr. Guez forgave \$700,000 of indebtedness under the revolving line effective as of March 31, 2008 (which the Company has reflected as a contribution of capital in the accompanying financial statements since it came from its majority stockholder), the Company issued an 8% Senior Secured Convertible Note with a 30-month term and a per share conversion price of \$0.40 to Mr. Guez in the principal amount of approximately \$1,618,093 in settlement of all amounts owed to Mr. Guez and his affiliates as of the date of the settlement (other than certain amounts outside of the revolving line accrued during fiscal 2008 and set forth in the Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release), the Company issued a Warrant to Mr. Guez to purchase 1,415,832 shares of its common stock at a per share exercise price of \$0.40 and a term of 5 years, and the parties mutually released each other from existing claims.

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**NOTE 8 – Senior Secured Convertible Notes**

Senior Convertible Notes Payable consist of the following at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007:

|                                            | June 30, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Senior Convertible Notes Payable, Investor | \$ 2,000,000  | \$ -              |
| Senior Convertible Notes Payable, Finder   | 86,400        | -                 |
| Accrued Interest                           | 55,637        | -                 |
| Valuation Discount                         | (516,411)     | -                 |
| Net                                        | \$ 1,625,626  | \$ -              |

On March 5, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the “Securities Purchase Agreement”) with an institutional investor pursuant to which the Company issued an aggregate of \$2.0 million of thirty-month senior secured convertible notes, and five-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 875,000 shares, to the investor. Pursuant to the terms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company may issue additional convertible notes in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,000,000 and additional warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 437,500 shares of common stock.

The convertible notes carry interest at 8% per annum on the unpaid/unconverted principal balance, and are secured on a second priority basis against all of the assets of the Company. One-twenty-fourth of the principal amount of the convertible notes, and accrued but unpaid interest, are due and payable monthly in 24 installments beginning on the first day of each calendar month, commencing on the first day of the first full calendar month occurring after the date which is six months following the original issue date. These installment payments can be made in cash or through the issuance of stock provided that certain equity conditions (as further set forth in the convertible notes) are met. The convertible notes are convertible into approximately 2,500,000 shares of common stock, based on a conversion price equal to \$0.80 per share. The additional convertible notes issuable pursuant to the terms of the Securities Purchase Agreement would be convertible into an aggregate maximum of an additional 1,250,000 shares of common stock based on a conversion price of \$0.80 per share.

The convertible notes include customary anti-dilution provisions. While the convertible notes are outstanding, if the Company issues or sells, or is deemed to have issued or sold, any shares of common stock (other than certain excluded issuances) for a consideration per share less than the per share conversion price in effect immediately prior to such issuance or sale, then immediately after such issuance or sale the per share conversion price then in effect pursuant to the convertible notes shall be reduced to the issuance price per share of such newly issued or sold securities. The Company is not required to issue, and the investors are not permitted to convert the convertible notes into or exercise the warrants for, more than 42,000,000 shares of our common stock in the aggregate.

The convertible notes are convertible at the option of the investor prior to their maturity. Additionally, beginning twelve (12) months after their issuance, the Company can require the investor to convert the convertible notes to common stock if the volume-weighted average price (as determined pursuant to the convertible notes) of the common stock for any 20 out of 30 consecutive trading days exceeds \$1.60 and certain equity conditions (as further set forth in the convertible notes) are met.

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The maturity date of the convertible notes is September 1, 2010. At any time after six months following the original issue date, and provided that certain equity conditions (as further set forth in the convertible notes) are met, the Company may redeem the convertible notes for cash in an amount equal to the sum of (i) 120% of the then outstanding principal amount of the convertible notes, (ii) all accrued but unpaid interest thereon, and (iii) all liquidated damages and other amounts due in respect of the convertible notes.

The Investor will be entitled to accelerate the maturity of the convertible notes in the event that there occurs an event of default under the convertible notes, including, without limitation, if the Company fails to pay any amount under the convertible notes when due, if a judgment is rendered against the Company in an amount set forth in the convertible notes, if the Company breaches any representation or warranty under the Securities Purchase Agreement or other transaction documents, or if the Company fails to comply with the specified covenants set forth in the convertible notes.

The warrants have an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The warrants include customary anti-dilution provisions. While the warrants are outstanding, if the Company issues or sells, or is deemed to have issued or sold, any shares of common stock (other than certain excluded issuances) for a consideration per share less than the per share exercise price in effect immediately prior to such issuance or sale, then immediately after such issuance or sale the per share exercise price shall be reduced to an amount determined by multiplying the exercise price then in effect by a fraction (a) the numerator of which shall be the sum of (1) the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately prior to such issue or sale, plus (2) the number of shares of common stock which the aggregate consideration received by the Company for such additional shares would purchase at such exercise price, and (b) the denominator of which shall be the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after such issue or sale, and the number of shares issuable upon exercise of the warrant shall be increased such that the aggregate exercise price payable hereunder, after taking into account the decrease in the exercise price, shall be equal to the aggregate exercise price prior to such adjustment. The Company is not required to issue, and the investors are not permitted to convert the convertible notes into or exercise the warrants for, more than 42,000,000 shares of our common stock in the aggregate.

The convertible notes and warrants provide that if the Company has not obtained stockholder approval, the Company may not issue, upon conversion or exercise of the convertible notes and warrants, as applicable, a number of shares of common stock which, when aggregated with any shares of common stock issued on or after March 5, 2008 and prior to expiration of the warrants and the maturity of the convertible notes (A) in connection with the conversion of any convertible notes issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement or as payment of principal, interest or liquidated damages, (B) in connection with the exercise of any warrants issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, and (C) in connection with any warrants issued to any registered broker-dealer as a fee in connection with the issuance of the securities pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, would exceed 19.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding on March 4, 2008.

On March 5, 2008, the Company obtained the written consent of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Company's capital stock to the transactions contemplated under the Securities Purchase Agreement and filed an information statement to effectuate the actions approved therein on April 18, 2008.

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In connection with the transactions contemplated by the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company's majority stockholders, Paul Guez (the Company's Chairman of the Board of Directors) and Elizabeth Guez, each entered into a Lock-Up Letter Agreement pursuant to which they agreed not to offer, sell, pledge or otherwise dispose of any shares of common stock of the Company for a 6-month period following the closing and at all times thereafter during which the Company has not been subject to the reporting requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act for the then preceding 90 days or has failed to file all reports required for the preceding 12 months, subject to specified limited exceptions.

In connection with the transactions contemplated by the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company was required to pay its previously engaged placement agent an aggregate fee of \$120,000 (equal to 6% of the gross proceeds from the sale of the convertible note and warrant). The fees have been reflected as deferred financing cost in the accompanying balance sheet and will be amortized over the life of the convertible notes. The fees were payable \$33,600 in cash at time of closing, and issued to the placement agent a convertible note in the aggregate principal amount of \$86,400 and a warrant (with the same terms as the warrants issued to the investor) to purchase 150,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$1 per share. The convertible note issued to the placement agent is convertible into 108,000 shares of common Stock at a per share price of \$0.80, and has the same terms as the convertible notes issued to the Investor.

The company determined that the initial fair value of the conversion feature of the convertible notes issued to the investor was \$282,452 and the initial fair value of the warrants to the investor was \$250,466 based upon the relative value of the Black Scholes valuation of the warrants and the underlying debt amount. For the Black Scholes calculation, the Company assumed no dividend yield, a risk free interest rate of 4.5%, expected volatility of 48.2% and an expected term of the warrants of 5 years. The company determined that the initial fair value of the conversion feature of the convertible notes issued to the finder was \$31,341 and the initial fair value of the warrants to the investor was \$31,341 based upon the relative value of the Black Scholes valuation of the warrants and the underlying debt amount. For the Black Scholes calculation, the Company assumed no dividend yield, a risk free interest rate of 4.5%, expected volatility of 48.2% and an expected term of the warrants of 5 years.

The aggregate fair value of warrants and the beneficial conversion of the convertible notes of \$595,600 have been reflected by the Company as a valuation discount and offset to the carrying value of the convertible notes, are amortized over the term of the convertible notes. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, the Company amortized \$60,114 and \$79,818, respectively, related to these transactions and which is reflected as financing costs in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

On July 30, 2008, the Company entered into an amended agreement with the investor. See note 14.

**NOTE 9 - INCOME TAX**

The Company accounts for income taxes and the related accounts under the liability method. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted rates expected to be in effect during the year in which the basis differences reverse.

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Due to the net operating losses for the periods and valuation allowances on deferred tax assets, there was no provision for income taxes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal or state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2002. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) commenced an examination of the Company's U.S. income tax return for 2005 in the first quarter of 2007 that was completed during the first quarter of 2008.

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No.48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes," at the beginning of fiscal year 2007. The Company has no gross unrecognized tax benefits outstanding as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense.

**NOTE 10 – STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS**

**Stock Options**

Under the Company's 2005 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Company Plan"), the Company may grant qualified and nonqualified stock options and stock purchase rights to selected employees. The Company reserved 2,500,000 shares of common stock for issuance under the Company Plan.



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At June 30, 2008 options outstanding are as follow:

|                            | Number of<br>options | Weighted<br>average exercise<br>price |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2008 | 1,084,500            | \$ 2.24                               |
| Granted                    | -                    | -                                     |
| Exercised                  | -                    | -                                     |
| Cancelled                  | (80,000)             | \$ 5.20                               |
| Balance at June 30, 2008   | 1,004,500            | \$ 2.13                               |

Additional information regarding options outstanding as of June 30, 2008 is as follows:

| Options outstanding |                       |                                                                 |                                       | Options exercisable   |                                       |  |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Exercise price      | Number<br>outstanding | Weighted<br>average<br>remaining<br>contractual life<br>(years) | Weighted<br>average exercise<br>price | Number<br>exercisable | Weighted<br>average<br>exercise price |  |  |
| \$ 8.10             | 32,000                | 7.33                                                            | \$ 8.10                               | 22,000                | \$ 8.10                               |  |  |
| \$ 5.30             | 23,500                | 7.75                                                            | \$ 5.30                               | 23,500                | \$ 5.30                               |  |  |
| \$ 5.20             | 74,000                | 8.67                                                            | \$ 5.20                               | 25,500                | \$ 5.20                               |  |  |
| \$ 1.98             | 250,000               | 9.17                                                            | \$ 1.98                               | 125,000               | \$ 1.98                               |  |  |
| \$ 1.40             | 625,000               | 9.33                                                            | \$ 1.40                               | 125,000               | \$ 1.40                               |  |  |
| <b>Total</b>        | <b>1,004,500</b>      | <b>9.14</b>                                                     | <b>\$ 2.13</b>                        | <b>321,000</b>        | <b>\$ 2.67</b>                        |  |  |

Stock based compensation expense relating to the vesting of such options, for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, was \$108,959 and \$137,747, respectively. As of June 30, 2008, the unamortized value of these option awards was \$223,723 which will be amortized as stock based compensation cost over the average of approximately three years as the options vest.

As of June 30, 2008, the outstanding options have no intrinsic value.

### **Warrants**

On March 5, 2008, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") as detailed at Note 8 and pursuant to the terms of which the Company granted five-year warrants to purchase an aggregate of 1,025,000 shares.

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At June 30, 2008, all of the warrants were exercisable and consisted of the following:

|                            | Number of<br>warrants | Weighted<br>average<br>exercise price |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2008 | -                     | \$ -                                  |
| Granted                    | 1,025,000             | \$ 1.00                               |
| Exercised                  | -                     | \$ -                                  |
| Cancelled                  | -                     | \$ -                                  |
| Balance at June 30, 2008   | 1,025,000             | \$ 1.00                               |

As of June 30, 2008, the outstanding warrants have no intrinsic value.

**NOTE 11 – CLOSURE OF RETAIL STORES**

During the month of June, 2008, the Company decided to close its retail operations. Accordingly, the San Francisco store was assigned to an unrelated retailer and its operations ceased effective August 1, 2008. The Company is currently working to assign or otherwise dispose of the Los Angeles store.

The statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 includes provision for costs related to the cessation of its operations totaling \$525,618, representing the write off of the net asset value of related leasehold improvements plus an accrual of \$235,000 representing the management's estimate of rental and other expenses of operating the stores during the closing period.

**NOTE 12 – CO-BRANDING AGREEMENT**

On May 11, 2007, the Company entered into a Letter of Intent with William Adams, aka will.i.am, of the Black Eyed Peas, pursuant to which the parties agreed to enter into (i) a co-branding agreement for the creation of a collection of premium denim and denim-related apparel under the name "i.am Antik" or such other similar name upon which the parties shall agree, and (ii) a joint venture agreement pursuant to which the parties will design, develop, market, manufacture and distribute apparel products bearing the "I.Am" trademark subject to a license agreement. Prior to their entry into the Letter of Intent, the parties had no material relationship with each other. The Letter of Intent was effective May 11, 2007 and was approved and certified by the stockholders of the Company on June 21, 2007.

Mr. Adams was to have performed specific design, marketing and promotional services, and in consideration of such services the Company issued to Mr. Adams as base compensation 175,000 shares of its common stock, valued at \$108,356, and to be amortized as earned over a one year period beginning in May 2007 when the shares were issued.. Amortization of the value of the shares issued resulted in the recognition of compensation expense during the year ended December 31, 2007 of \$58,948, leaving an unamortized balance at that date of \$49,408. The Company and Mr. Adams have agreed to terminate the agreement, with Mr. Adams retaining the 175,000 shares previously issued. Accordingly, during the six months ended June 30, 2008, the \$49,408 has been amortized and is reflected as compensation expense for that period.

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**NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**License agreements:**

On July 5, 2005 the Company entered into a ten-year license agreement with Yanuk Jeans, LLC. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company became the exclusive licensor for the design, development, manufacture, sale, marketing and distribution of the “Yanuk” brand products to the wholesale and retail trade. On October 6, 2005, the Company entered into a five-year license agreement with Yanuk Jeans, LLC. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company became the exclusive licensor for the design, development, manufacture, sale, marketing and distribution of Yanuk Jeans, LLC’s “U” brand products to the wholesale and retail trade.

On January 12, 2007, the Company entered into a License Agreement with Faith Connexion S.A.R.L., a company formed under the laws of France (“Faith”). Pursuant to the License Agreement, Faith granted an exclusive right and license to use the Faith Connexion trademark for the manufacture, marketing, promotion, sale, distribution and other exploitation of men’s and women’s hoodies, t-shirts, sweatshirts, sweatpants and hats in North America (including Canada), South America, Japan and Korea. Compensation for use of the Faith Connexion trademark will consist of a royalty calculated as 9% of the Company’s net sales arising from products bearing the Faith Connexion trademark in the first two years, and 9.5% of net sales in year three. The License Agreement has a term of three years as follows: the first year is comprised of 18 months, year two is comprised of the next six months, and year three is comprised of the following 12 months. Per the agreement, the Company has agreed to a guarantee payment of royalties on identified minimum net sales amounts ranging from \$3.5 to \$10 million over each of the three years (equal to minimum royalties of \$450,000, \$315,000, and \$950,000, in each of years one (first eighteen months), two (next 6 months) and three (next twelve months), respectively, and to spend at least 3% of actual net sales amounts on marketing and advertising the Faith Connexion trademarked products in the territory. During the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company recorded royalty expense of \$42,134 and \$75,000, respectively; and for the corresponding six month periods recorded expense of \$214,179 and \$150,000, respectively. On June 16, 2008, the parties terminated the License Agreement.

On April 27, 2007, Antik Denim, LLC (“Antik”), a California limited liability company and our wholly-owned subsidiary, executed a License Agreement (the “Mercier License Agreement”) dated to be effective as of April 18, 2007, by and between Antik and Mercier SARL, a company formed under the laws of France (“Mercier”). Pursuant to terms of the Mercier License Agreement, Antik granted an exclusive right and license to use the Antik Denim trademark for the manufacture, marketing, promotion, sale, distribution and other exploitation of denim and sportswear apparel in Europe. Compensation for use of the Antik Denim trademark will consist of a royalty calculated as 10% of Mercier’s net sales arising from products bearing the Antik Denim trademark. The Mercier License Agreement has an initial term of twenty (20) months, and includes four (4) one (1)-year extension options available to Mercier to the extent it achieves specified minimum net sales. Mercier has agreed to guarantee payment of royalties on an identified minimum net sales amount of \$2.5 million during the initial twenty (20) month term, and on identified minimum net sales amounts ranging from \$2.5 million to \$10 million over the eligible extension terms. In connection with these minimum net sales, the Mercier License Agreement provides for an upfront minimum guarantee advance of \$250,000 which has been received by the Company and of which \$75,000 is recorded as deferred revenue as of June 30, 2008, and an aggregate of minimum royalty payments of \$2.5 million for the years 2009 through 2012 assuming the Mercier License Agreement is renewed at the end of 2008.



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**Legal proceedings:**

On July 17, 2006, Taverniti Holdings, LLC (THL), an independent entity not owned or controlled by us, and Jimmy Taverniti, an individual, filed an action in the United States District Court for the Central District of California (Case No. CV06-4522 DDP) against Henri Levy alleging that defendant has infringed THL's mark J. TAVERNITI and further infringed Mr. Taverniti's commercial publicity rights, by defendant's adoption and use of the mark TAVERNITY. We have been informed that in a counter-claim against THL, defendant has also named our company and Taverniti as purported counter defendants. As it relates to Taverniti and our company, the counter claim seeks only a declaration of rights, to the effect that Taverniti and our company have conspired with THL to defeat defendant's alleged rights in his TAVERNITY mark, and a further declaration that as a result of such alleged misconduct, neither Taverniti nor our company have any enforceable rights in the TAVERNITI SO JEANS mark. It does not seek any monetary relief against either Taverniti or our company.

We have taken the position that neither Taverniti nor our company can properly be added as new parties to this lawsuit by naming us as counter defendants, and that we can only be named as third party defendants. The defendant has not, as yet, served either Taverniti or us with the counter claim, and so we are not yet formally parties to the case. At such time, if ever, that the defendant takes the necessary action to formally serve us with the counter claim, we intend to deny all the material charging allegations of the defendant's claim for declaratory relief and to vigorously defend against his claims. At this time, we are unable to express an opinion whether it is likely that the defendant will take such actions, or whether, if he does, it is likely or unlikely that he will be able to prevail against us on his claim for declaratory relief.

In 2007, DF Produzioni SPA filed an action in the Court of Bergamo, Italy, against Taverniti and the Company seeking to ascertain the defendants' liability for alleged serious failures in the context of an oral distribution/supply agreement between the parties; the reimbursement of approximately €660,208 in damages or such other amount determined by the court as compensatory for amounts outstanding alleged to equal approximately €286,008; and to reduce the price of the supply to the plaintiff in an amount commensurate with the alleged damage caused by the defendants' conduct. The first hearing is scheduled for June 11, 2008, and the Company is required to file its appearance brief with its counterclaims at least 20 days prior to the hearing date. While management believes that the Company has successful counterclaims against the plaintiff, it is unable at this time to express an opinion whether it is likely that the plaintiff will be able to prevail against the Company on its claims.

On, August 4, 2008, the Company was served with a complaint filed in the Superior Court of the State of California County of Los Angeles, District Court, by LIT Commerce Distribution Center, LLC, the owner of the Company's former premises, alleging that the Company breached a lease agreement regarding its former premises and seeking damages in an amount not less than \$1.25 million plus interest and attorneys' fees. The Company intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit. The Company also recently learned of a \$205,782.24 judgment LIT Commerce Distribution Center, LLC obtained against it without its knowledge regarding the former premises. The Company's legal counsel in this matter will seek to overturn the judgment in the immediate future. While management believes that the Company has successful counterclaims against the plaintiff, it is unable at this time to express an opinion whether it is likely that the plaintiff will be able to prevail against the Company on its claims.

**NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

**Amendment to Senior Secured Convertible Notes**

On July 30, 2008, the Company entered into an Amendment Agreement (“Amendment Agreement”) to the Securities Purchase Agreement dated March 5, 2008 (the “Securities Purchase Agreement”) with Gemini Master Fund, Ltd. as described in Note 8 (the “Investor”), pursuant to which the Company issued a thirty-month senior secured convertible note in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 (the “Existing Note”), and a five-year warrant to purchase an aggregate of 875,000 shares of the Company’s common stock (the “Existing Warrant”). The transactions contemplated by the Amendment Agreement closed on August 12, 2008.

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Under the terms of the Amendment Agreement, the Company and the Investor agreed, in exchange for the Investor's waiver of certain breaches under the Existing Note, to exchange the Existing Note for an amended and restated 8% senior secured convertible note ("Amended and Restated Note"), and to exchange the Existing Warrant for an amended and restated warrant ("Amended and Restated Warrant"). The Amended and Restated Note has an aggregate principal amount of \$2,500,000 and a term of approximately thirty months commencing from March 5, 2008. The Amended and Restated Warrant has a term of five years commencing from March 5, 2008 and entitles the Investor to initially purchase an aggregate of 2,187,500 shares of the Company's common stock (subject to adjustment as provided in the Amended and Restated Warrant, including pursuant to economic anti-dilution adjustments) at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share.

The Amended and Restated Note carries interest at 8% per annum on the unpaid/unconverted principal balance, and is secured on a second priority basis against all of the assets of the Company. One-twenty-fourth of the principal amount of the Amended and Restated Note, and accrued but unpaid interest, are due and payable monthly in 24 installments beginning on October 1, 2008. These installment payments can be made in cash or through the issuance of stock provided that certain equity conditions (as further set forth in the Amended and Restated Note) are met. The Amended and Restated Note is convertible, at the option of the Investor prior to its maturity, into approximately 6,250,000 shares of the Company's common stock (subject to adjustment as provided in the Amended and Restated Note, including pursuant to economic anti-dilution adjustments), based on a conversion price equal to \$0.40 per share. Additionally, beginning March 5, 2009, the Company can require the Investor to convert the Amended and Restated Note into shares of the Company's common stock if the volume-weighted average price (as determined pursuant to the Amended and Restated Note) of the common stock for any 20 out of 30 consecutive trading days exceeds \$0.80 and certain equity conditions (as further set forth in the Amended and Restated Note) are met.

The Amended and Restated Note and the Amended and Restated Warrant provide that if the Company has not obtained stockholder approval, the Company may not issue, upon conversion or exercise of the Amended and Restated Note and the Amended and Restated Warrant, as applicable, a number of shares of the Company's common stock which, when aggregated with any shares of the Company's common stock issued on or after March 5, 2008 and prior to expiration of the Amended and Restated Warrant and the maturity of the Amended and Restated Note (A) in connection with the conversion of the Amended and Restated Note or as payment of principal, interest or liquidated damages, (B) in connection with the exercise of the Amended and Restated Warrant, and (C) in connection with any warrants issued to any registered broker-dealer as a fee in connection with the issuance of the securities pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, would exceed 19.99% of the number of shares of the Company's common stock outstanding on March 4, 2008.

On July 30, 2008, the Company obtained the written consent of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Company's capital stock to the transactions contemplated under the Amendment Agreement and intends to file an information statement to effectuate the actions approved therein in the immediate future.

The Amended and Restated Note and the Amended and Restated Warrant also reduced to \$0.30 the minimum trading price for the Company's common stock in connection with revisions to one of the equity conditions included therein. Except for the provisions described above, the terms of the Amended and Restated Note and Amended and Restated Warrant are the same as those of the Existing Note and Existing Warrant, respectively.

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Also in connection with the Amendment Agreement, the Company and its previously engaged placement agent agreed, in exchange for the placement agent's waiver of certain breaches under the original note in the principal amount of \$86,400 issued to the placement agent (the "Agent Note"), to exchange the Agent Note for an amended and restated 8% senior convertible note in the principal amount of \$108,000 (convertible into 270,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a per share price of \$0.40) with terms substantially similar to the Amended and Restated Note (other than the grant of a security interest) (the "Amended and Restated Agent Note"), and to exchange of the warrant to purchase 150,000 shares of the Company's common stock originally issued to the placement agent, for a new warrant to purchase 244,500 shares of the Company's common stock, with terms substantially similar to the Amended and Restated Warrant (the "Amended and Restated Agent Warrant").

The Amended and Restated Note, the Amended and Restated Warrant, the Amended and Restated Agent Note and the Amended and Restated Agent Warrant were issued promptly following the fifteenth day after the filing of a Notification Form: Listing of Additional Shares with the Nasdaq Stock Market.

**Other:**

On September 15, 2008, the Company received notification from the Nasdaq Hearings Panel (the "Panel") that the Panel had determined to delist the Company's shares from the Nasdaq Capital Market and suspend trading of those shares effective at the open of business on Wednesday, September 17, 2008. The Company's common stock is now quoted on the Pink Sheets electronic over-the-counter market maintained by the Pink OTC Markets, Inc.



## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Forward-Looking Statements

Statements made in this Form 10-Q (the "Quarterly Report") that are not historical or current facts are "forward-looking statements" made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). We intend that such forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbors for such statements. We wish to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. Any forward-looking statements represent management's best judgment as to what may occur in the future. The forward-looking statements included herein are based on current expectations that involve numerous risks and uncertainties. Assumptions relating to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive and market conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond our control. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could be inaccurate and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report will prove to be accurate. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements included herein, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation by us or any other person that our objectives and plans will be achieved. We disclaim any obligation subsequently to revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statement or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

The words "we," "us," "our," and the "Company," refer to Blue Holdings, Inc. The words or phrases "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "estimate," "approximate," or "continue," "would be," "will allow," "intends to," "will likely result," "may result," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimate," "project," or similar expressions, or the negative thereof, are intended to identify "forward-looking statements." Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward looking statements as a result of a number of risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to: (a) our failure to implement our business plan within the time period we originally planned to accomplish; and (b) other risks that are discussed in this Quarterly Report or included in our previous filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

### Description of Business

#### Overview

Blue Holdings, Inc. designs, develops, markets and distributes high end fashion jeans, apparel and accessories under the brand name names *Antik Denim*, *Yanuk*, *U*, and *Taverniti So Jeans*. We plan to also design, develop, market and distribute jeans and accessories under other brands that we may license or acquire from time to time. Our products currently include jeans, jackets, belts, purses and T-shirts. We currently sell our products in the United States, Canada, Japan and the European Union directly to department stores and boutiques and through distribution arrangements in certain foreign jurisdictions. We are headquartered in Commerce, California and maintain two showrooms in New York and Los Angeles. We opened a retail store in Los Angeles during August 2005 and another in San Francisco in September 2006, both of which, management has determined, will be closed as soon as reasonably possible.

Corporate Background

We were incorporated in the State of Nevada on February 9, 2000 under the name Marine Jet Technology Corp. From our inception through January 2005, we focused on developing and marketing boat propulsion technology. Between January and February 2005, we entered into separate transactions whereby, among other matters, Keating Reverse Merger Fund, LLC (“KRM Fund”), an existing stockholder of the Company, agreed to purchase a substantial majority of our outstanding common stock, and Intellijet Marine, Inc., a company formed by our former majority stockholder and principal executive officer and director, Jeff P. Jordan, acquired all of our boat propulsion technology assets and assumed all of our then existing liabilities.

Between February 4, 2005 and April 29, 2005, we existed as a public “shell” company with nominal assets.

Significant Developments

In early May 2008, Mr. Guez informed us of claims for sums he believed were due and owing him pursuant to advances made to and payments made on behalf of our company during fiscal 2007 that were separate from a revolving line of credit advanced by Mr. Guez. In light of this dispute, our Audit Committee conducted an internal investigation which revealed accounting errors in the our related party accounts pertaining to payables due to Mr. Guez and his affiliated entities in the aggregate amount of \$2,009,435, and which resulted in a revised amount due Mr. Guez of \$1,398,842 as of December 31, 2007 under the above discussed line of credit. As such, we determined that it was necessary to restate its previously filed December 31, 2007 financial statements. As of June 30, 2008, the amount due Mr. Guez under the revolving line of credit was \$1,618,093.

On September 23, 2008, the parties entered into a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release pursuant to which we rescinded Mr. Guez’s conversion of \$1,400,000 of net advances made to us under our line of credit with him into 1,750,000 shares of our common stock, Mr. Guez forgave \$700,000 of indebtedness under our line of credit with him, we issued an 8% Senior Secured Convertible Note with a 30-month term and a per share conversion price of \$0.40 to Mr. Guez in the principal amount of approximately \$1,618,093 in settlement of all amounts owed to Mr. Guez and his affiliates as of the date of the settlement (other than certain amounts outside of the line of credit accrued during fiscal 2008 and set forth in the settlement agreement), we issued a Warrant to Mr. Guez to purchase 1,415,832 shares of our common stock at a per share exercise price of \$0.40 and a term of 5 years, and we, along with Mr. Guez, mutually released each other from existing claims.

On June 17, 2008, we entered into a term sheet with Head Gear Inc. (“Head Gear”) outlining the basic business terms of a joint venture whereby we, along with Head Gear, will co-market select brands, including Taverniti So Jeans and Antik Denim, to selected Head Gear retailers, and jointly develop new non-denim products. We continue to negotiate definitive terms with Head Gear.

On September 15, 2008, we received notification from the Nasdaq Hearings Panel (the “Panel”) that the Panel had determined to delist our shares from the Nasdaq Capital Market and suspend trading of those shares effective at the open of business on Wednesday, September 17, 2008. Our common stock is now quoted on the Pink Sheets electronic over-the-counter market maintained by the Pink OTC Markets, Inc., and we anticipate that our common stock will be quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board in the near future provided that a market maker files the appropriate application with, and such application is cleared by, the NASD.

**Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain data derived from our condensed consolidated statements of operations and certain such data expressed as a percentage of net sales:

|                                                 | Three Months Ended June 30, |                | Six Months Ended June 30, |                |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
|                                                 | 2008                        | 2007           | 2008                      | 2007           |
| Net Sales                                       | \$ 4,712,793                | \$ 8,401,971   | \$ 13,266,912             | \$ 16,842,193  |
| Gross Profit                                    | \$ 942,642                  | \$ 3,428,734   | \$ 1,696,080              | \$ 8,260,760   |
| Percentage of net sales                         | 20%                         | 41%            | 13%                       | 49%            |
| Selling, distribution & administrative expenses | \$ 4,038,380                | \$ 4,057,091   | \$ 8,894,141              | \$ 8,577,659   |
| Percentage of net sales                         | 86%                         | 48%            | 67%                       | 51%            |
| Income (loss) before provision for income taxes | \$ (3,970,546)              | \$ (1,042,746) | \$ (8,526,090)            | \$ (1,069,432) |
| Percentage of net sales                         | -84%                        | -12%           | -64%                      | -6%            |
| Net income (loss)                               | \$ (3,970,546)              | \$ (1,042,746) | \$ (8,526,090)            | \$ (1,069,432) |
| Percentage of net sales                         | -84%                        | -12%           | -64%                      | -6%            |

**Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 vs. 2007**

During the second quarter, net sales, and in particular gross margin, were impacted by our strategic decision to continue to reduce excess inventory through increased sales volume of discounted merchandise at substantially increased markdown levels. In addition, transitioning the supply chain and manufacturing base in Mexico, personnel changes and increasing costs of European piece goods resulted in late deliveries and had a significant impact on both net sales and gross margin. Net sales decreased from \$8.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 to \$4.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008. The sales were negatively impacted due to the recessionary economic climate, weak overcrowded premium denim market and limited cash flow. Secondly, we are still recovering from previously experienced delivery problems, which have continued to hinder the Company's performance.

Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2008 decreased to \$0.94 million from \$3.43 million in the three months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease in gross profit was largely due to heavy discounts on the sale of old inventory from prior seasons, and also due to production inefficiencies resulting in diluted gross profit. During the first quarter, the Company experienced a dramatic reduction in the price at which it could sell its off-price product. There is a rather restricted avenue of distribution for off-price denim product and that market at this time is deluged with excess inventory, resulting in substantially lower selling prices. However, we expect our gross margin to improve in the future.

Selling, distribution and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$4.04 million compared with \$4.06 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The principal components for the three months were payroll and related costs of \$1.52 million (compared to \$1.88 million last year), rentals of \$0.42 million (\$0.24 million last year), professional fee expenses of 0.42 million (\$0.41 million in the same period of 2007), stock-based compensation of \$0.07 million (\$0.08 million in the same period last year), and credit and collection costs of \$0.39 million in the second quarter (versus \$0.18 million in the previous year), largely due to an increase in bad debt writeoffs totaling \$0.20 million.

Net Loss after provision for taxes in the second quarter of 2008 was \$3.97 million or 84% of net sales compared to \$1.04 million or 12% of net sales in the second quarter of 2007. Basic and diluted loss per share increased to \$0.15 from \$0.04 in the same period of last year. For the quarters ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company provided \$0

million for income tax.

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**Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 vs. 2007**

During the six months ended June 30, 2008, net sales, and in particular gross margin, were impacted by our strategic decision to continue to reduce excess inventory through increased sales volume of discounted merchandise at substantially increased markdown levels. In addition, transitioning the supply chain and manufacturing base in Mexico, personnel changes and increasing costs of European piece goods resulted in late deliveries and had a significant impact on both net sales and gross margin. Net sales decreased from \$16.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 to \$13.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008. The sales were negatively impacted due to the recessionary economic climate, weak overcrowded premium denim market and limited cash flow. Secondly, we are still recovering from previously experienced delivery problems, which have continued to hinder the Company's performance.

Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2008 decreased to \$1.70 million from \$8.26 million in the six months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease in gross profit was largely due to heavy discounts on the sale of \$2 million of old inventory from prior seasons, and also due to production inefficiencies resulting in diluted gross profit. During the period, the Company experienced a dramatic reduction in the price at which it could sell its off-price product. There is a rather restricted avenue of distribution for off-price denim product and that market at this time is deluged with excess inventory, resulting in substantially lower selling prices. However, we expect our gross margin to improve in the future.

Selling, distribution and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$8.89 million compared with \$8.58 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The principal components for the six months were payroll and related costs of \$3.10 million (compared to \$3.63 million last year), rentals of \$0.78 million (\$0.47 million last year), professional fee expenses of \$0.75 million (\$0.92 million in the same period of 2007), and stock-based compensation of \$0.21 million (\$0.17 million in the same period last year). The first six months of 2008 was adversely impacted by design and sampling costs totaling \$0.56 million (versus \$0.28 million in the previous year), including the writeoff of \$0.25 million of samples previously valued as inventory. Also, credit and collection costs of \$0.89 million in the first six months (versus \$0.33 million in the previous year) increased, largely due to a charge of \$0.30 million taken as a reserve against due from factor, as well as an increase in bad debt writeoffs totaling \$0.20 million.

Net Loss after provision for taxes for the six months of 2008 was \$8.53 million or 64% of net sales compared to \$1.07 million or 6% of net sales for the first six months of 2007. Basic and diluted loss per share increased to \$0.33 from \$0.04 in the same period of last year. For the six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company provided \$0 million for income tax.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. However, we utilized cash of \$2.1 million in operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2008, and had a stockholders' deficiency of \$9,465,792 at June 30, 2008. The cash shortfall was primarily due to the six month operating loss of \$8.5 million plus an increase of \$1.7 million in accounts receivable. These uses of cash were partially offset by a decrease in inventories of \$4.8 million, a reduction in prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$0.8 million and an increase in accounts payable of \$1.9 million. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$2.2 million due to proceeds from issuance of convertible notes of \$2.2 million, an increase in advances from majority stockholder of \$1.4 million, less a reduction in short term borrowings of \$1.4 million. These factors raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, or amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty. Our independent registered public accounting firm

has included an explanatory paragraph expressing doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern in their audit report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 (as restated).

Our primary source of liquidity is expected to be cash flow generated from operations, cash and cash equivalents currently on hand, and working capital attainable through both our factor and our majority stockholder. We have already in 2008 sought to, and will continue to seek to, finance future capital needs through various means and channels, such as issuance of long-term debt or sale of equity securities. While we anticipate a tax recovery and refund in the range of \$1.4 million during 2008, we have agreed to deliver the amount recovered to our factor.

On March 5, 2008, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the “Securities Purchase Agreement”) with an institutional investor pursuant to which we issued a \$2.0 million thirty-month senior secured convertible note (the “Existing Note”), and a five-year warrant to purchase an aggregate of 875,000 shares (the “Existing Warrant”), to the investor. Pursuant to the terms of the Securities Purchase Agreement, we had the option to issue additional convertible notes in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,000,000 and additional warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 437,500 shares of common stock. The Existing Note carried interest at 8% per annum on the unpaid/unconverted principal balance, and was secured on a second priority basis against all of our assets. One-twenty-fourth of the principal amount of the Existing Note, and accrued but unpaid interest, were due and payable monthly in 24 installments beginning on first day of each calendar month, commencing on the first day of the first full calendar month occurring after the date which was six months following the original issue date. These installment payments could be made in cash or through the issuance of stock provided that certain equity conditions (as further set forth in the Existing Note) were met. The Existing Note was convertible into approximately 2,500,000 shares of our common stock, based on a conversion price equal to \$0.80 per share. The additional convertible notes issuable pursuant to the terms of the Securities Purchase Agreement would have been convertible into an aggregate maximum of an additional 1,250,000 shares of common stock based on a conversion price of \$0.80 per share.

On July 30, 2008, we entered into an Amendment Agreement (“Amendment Agreement”) to the Securities Purchase Agreement pursuant to which we agreed to exchange the Existing Note for an amended and restated 8% senior secured convertible note (“Amended and Restated Note”), and to exchange the Existing Warrant for an amended and restated warrant (“Amended and Restated Warrant”), in consideration of the investor’s waiver of certain breaches under the Existing Note. The transactions contemplated by the Amendment Agreement closed on August 12, 2008. The Amended and Restated Note has substantially the same terms as the Existing Note except that it has an aggregate principal amount of \$2,500,000 and is convertible, at the option of the investor prior to its maturity, into approximately 6,250,000 shares of our common stock (subject to adjustment as provided in the Amended and Restated Note, including pursuant to economic anti-dilution adjustments), based on a conversion price equal to \$0.40 per share. Additionally, beginning March 5, 2009, we can require the Investor to convert the Amended and Restated Note into shares of our common stock if the volume-weighted average price (as determined pursuant to the Amended and Restated Note) of our common stock for any 20 out of 30 consecutive trading days exceeds \$0.80 and certain equity conditions (as further set forth in the Amended and Restated Note) are met. The Amended and Restated Warrant has substantially the same terms as the Existing Warrant except that it entitles the investor to initially purchase an aggregate of 2,187,500 shares of our common stock (subject to adjustment as provided in the Amended and Restated Warrant, including pursuant to economic anti-dilution adjustments) at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share.

In conjunction with the issuance of the Existing Note, Mr. Paul Guez, our majority stockholder converted \$1.4 million of net advances made to us, subsequent to December 31, 2007, into 1,750,000 shares of our common stock. The conversion price was \$0.80 per share, which represented the market price on the date of conversion. On September 23, 2008, the parties entered into a Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release pursuant to which we rescinded Mr. Guez's conversion of \$1,400,000 of net advances made to us into 1,750,000 shares of our common stock, Mr. Guez forgave \$700,000 of indebtedness under our line of credit with him as of March 31, 2008 (described below), we issued an 8% Senior Secured Convertible Note with a 30-month term and a per share conversion price of \$0.40 to Mr. Guez in the principal amount of approximately \$1,618,093 in settlement of all amounts owed to Mr. Guez and his affiliates as of the date of the settlement (other than certain amounts outside of the line of credit accrued during fiscal 2008 and set forth in the settlement agreement), we issued a Warrant to Mr. Guez to purchase 1,415,832 shares of our common stock at a per share exercise price of \$0.40 and a term of 5 years, and we, along with Mr. Guez, mutually released each other from existing claims.

We use a factor, FTC Commercial Corp., for working capital and credit administration purposes. Under the various factoring agreements entered into separately by Blue Holdings, Antik and Taverniti So Jeans, LLC ("Taverniti"), the factor purchases all the trade accounts receivable assigned by us and assumes all credit risk with respect to those accounts approved by it.

The factor agreements provide that we can obtain an amount up to 90% of the value of our purchased customer invoices, less a reserve of 10% of unpaid accounts purchased and 100% of all accounts that are disputed. The factor agreements renew automatically, subject to 120 days' termination notice from any party. We receive amounts against purchased customer invoices on a recourse basis or a non-recourse basis under these agreements. Amounts received against customer invoices purchased on a recourse basis are classified as "short-term borrowings" and amounts received against customer invoices purchased on a non-recourse basis are reflected on a net basis against such receivables purchased by the factor in "due from factor" on the balance sheets included in our financial statements.

In addition, the factor also makes available to all three companies a combined line of credit up to the lesser of \$2.4 million and 50% of the value of eligible raw materials and finished goods. As of June 30, 2008, the factor made advances to us of \$11.7 million, of which we had drawn an estimated \$2.2 million against inventory, \$3.8 million against accounts receivable and \$5.7 million against personal guarantees of Paul Guez, our Chairman and majority stockholder, and the living trust of Paul and Elizabeth Guez. As we are in an over-advance position, we have agreed with the factor that we will pledge to them the income tax receivable of approximately \$1,400,000. Furthermore, we have agreed with the factor that approximately \$2,500,000 of outstanding receivables owed to us and included in outstanding accounts receivable at June 30, 2008 will be paid directly to the factor by the customer in monthly payments of \$250,000 that are due through approximately April 2009 to reduce amounts outstanding under the factor agreements.



From time to time, our majority stockholder, Mr. Paul Guez, has made advances to us to support our working capital needs. These advances were non-interest bearing. On July 1, 2006, Mr. Guez converted the advances to a line of credit in an agreement with us. The line of credit allows us to borrow from him up to a maximum of \$3 million at an annual interest rate of 6%. We may repay the advances in full or in part at any time until the credit line expires on December 31, 2008. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, Mr. Guez made \$919,251 of advances to us under the credit line.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

#### ***Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate estimates, including those related to returns, discounts, bad debts, inventories, intangible assets, income taxes, contingencies and litigations. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

#### ***Revenue***

Revenue is recognized when merchandise has been shipped against a customer's written purchase order, the risk of ownership has passed, selling price has been fixed and determined and collectibility is reasonably assured either through payment received, or fulfillment of all the terms and conditions of the particular purchase order. Revenue is recorded net of estimated returns, charge backs and markdowns based on management's estimates and historical experience.

#### ***Accounts Receivable - Allowance for Returns, Discounts and Bad Debts:***

We evaluate our ability to collect accounts receivable and the circumstances surrounding chargebacks (disputes from the customer) based upon a combination of factors. In circumstances where we are aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations (such as in the case of bankruptcy filings or substantial downgrading by credit sources), a specific reserve for bad debts is taken against amounts due to reduce the net recognized receivable to the amount reasonably expected to be collected. For all other customers, we recognize reserves for bad debts and uncollectible chargebacks based on our historical collection experience. If our collection experience deteriorates (for example, due to an unexpected material adverse change in a major customer's ability to meet its financial obligations to us), the estimates of the recoverability of amounts due could be reduced by a material amount.

### ***Inventories***

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements and Developments**

References to the "FASB", "SFAS" and "SAB" herein refer to the "Financial Accounting Standards Board", "Statement of Financial Accounting Standards", and the "SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin", respectively.

In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 141 (R), "Business Combinations" (FAS 141(R)), which establishes accounting principles and disclosure requirements for all transactions in which a company obtains control over another business. Statement 141 (R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Earlier adoption is prohibited.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB No. 51". SFAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards that require that the ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent be clearly identified, labeled, and presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, but separate from the parent's equity; the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the non-controlling interest be clearly identified and presented on the face of the consolidated statement of income; and changes in a parent's ownership interest while the parent retains its controlling financial interest in its subsidiary be accounted for consistently. SFAS No. 160 also requires that any retained non-controlling equity investment in the former subsidiary be initially measured at fair value when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. SFAS No. 160 also sets forth the disclosure requirements to identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the non-controlling owners. SFAS No. 160 applies to all entities that prepare consolidated financial statements, except not-for-profit organizations, but will affect only those entities that have an outstanding non-controlling interest in one or more subsidiaries or that deconsolidate a subsidiary. SFAS No. 160 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Earlier adoption is prohibited. SFAS No. 160 must be applied prospectively as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which it is initially applied, except for the presentation and disclosure requirements. The presentation and disclosure requirements are applied retrospectively for all periods presented.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities\*an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133" (SFAS 161). This Statement requires enhanced disclosures about an entity's derivative and hedging activities, including (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (SFAS 133), and its related interpretations, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. SFAS 161 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008.

We do not believe that the adoption of the above recent pronouncements will have a material effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to off-balance sheet risk consist of factored accounts receivable. The Company sells certain of its trade accounts receivable to a factor and is contingently liable to the factor for merchandise disputes and other customer claims.

As of March 31, 2008, the factor holds \$1.58 million of accounts receivable purchased from us on a without recourse basis and has made advances to us of \$1,250,000 against those receivables, resulting in a net balance amount Due from Factor of \$ 225,827. The Company has accounted for the sale of receivables to the factor in accordance with SFAS No.140, "Accounting for the Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities."

### **RISK FACTORS**

YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING RISK FACTORS AND ALL OTHER INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DESCRIPTION BEFORE PURCHASING SHARES OF OUR COMMON STOCK OR OTHER SECURITIES. INVESTING IN BLUE HOLDINGS' COMMON STOCK INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. THE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES DESCRIBED BELOW ARE NOT THE ONLY ONES FACING US. ADDITIONAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES THAT WE ARE NOT AWARE OF, OR THAT WE CURRENTLY DEEM IMMATERIAL, ALSO MAY BECOME IMPORTANT FACTORS THAT AFFECT US. IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING EVENTS OR OUTCOMES ACTUALLY OCCURS, OUR BUSINESS, OPERATING RESULTS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION WOULD LIKELY SUFFER. AS A RESULT, THE TRADING PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK COULD DECLINE, AND YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR PART OF THE MONEY YOU PAID TO PURCHASE OUR COMMON STOCK.

#### **Risks Related to Our Business**

*We may require additional capital in the future.*

We may not be able to fund our future growth or react to competitive pressures if we lack sufficient funds. Currently, management believes we have sufficient cash on hand and cash available through our factor to fund existing operations for the foreseeable future. However, in the future, we may need to raise additional funds through equity or debt financings or collaborative relationships, including in the event that we lose our relationship with our factor. This additional funding may not be available or, if available, it may not be available on commercially reasonable terms. In addition, any additional funding may result in significant dilution to existing stockholders. If adequate funds are not available on commercially acceptable terms, we may be required to curtail our operations or obtain funds through collaborative partners that may require us to release material rights to our products.

*We may be unable to continue as a going concern if we do not successfully raise additional capital or if our sales decrease substantially.*

If we are unable to successfully raise the capital we need, or experience significant reductions in sales, we may need to reduce the scope of our business to fully satisfy our future short-term liquidity requirements. If we cannot raise additional capital or reduce the scope of our business, we may be otherwise unable to achieve our goals or continue our operations. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, we had a net loss of \$8,526,090 and utilized cash of \$2,015,316 in operating activities, and had a stockholders' deficiency of \$9,465,792 at June 30, 2008. These factors raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. In addition, our auditors have included in their report on our financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2007 an explanatory paragraph expressing substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.



*We have a limited operating history, making it difficult to evaluate whether we will operate profitably.*

Antik and Taverniti, our wholly-owned subsidiaries, were formed in September 2004 to design, develop, manufacture, market, distribute and sell high end fashion jeans, apparel and accessories. As a result, we do not have a meaningful historical record of sales and revenues nor an established business track record. While our management believes that we have an opportunity to be successful in the high end fashion jean market, there can be no assurance that we will be successful in accomplishing our business initiatives, or that we will achieve any significant level of revenues, or continue to recognize net income, from the sale of our products.

Unanticipated problems, expenses and delays are frequently encountered in increasing production and sales and developing new products, especially in the current stage of our business. Our ability to continue to successfully develop, produce and sell our products and to generate significant operating revenues will depend on our ability to, among other matters:

- successfully market, distribute and sell our products or enter into agreements with third parties to perform these functions on our behalf; and

- obtain the financing required to implement our business plan.

Given our limited operating history, our license agreements with Yanuk Jeans, LLC, our acquisition of Taverniti, and our lack of long-term sales history and other sources of revenue, there can be no assurance that we will be able to achieve any of our goals and develop a sufficiently large customer base to be profitable.

*Failure to manage our growth and expansion could impair our business.*

Management believes that we are poised for reasonable growth by diversifying our sales to a higher proportion of department store business and by maintaining focus on our core brands. However, no assurance can be given that we will be successful in maintaining or increasing our sales in the future. Any future growth in sales will require additional working capital and may place a significant strain on our management, management information systems, inventory management, sourcing capability, distribution facilities and receivables management. Any disruption in our order processing, sourcing or distribution systems could cause orders to be shipped late, and under industry practices, retailers generally can cancel orders or refuse to accept goods due to late shipment. Such cancellations and returns would result in a reduction in revenue, increased administrative and shipping costs and a further burden on our distribution facilities.

Additionally, we intend from time to time to acquire and/or license other businesses and brands, as applicable, as we deem appropriate. If we are unable to adequately properly integrate any business or brands we acquire and/or license, this could adversely affect our results of operation and financial condition.

*The loss of Paul Guez, Glenn S. Palmer or our lead designers would have an adverse effect on our future development and could significantly impair our ability to achieve our business objectives.*

Our success is largely dependent upon the expertise and knowledge of our Chairman, Paul Guez, our Chief Executive Officer and President, Glenn S. Palmer, and our lead designers, and our ability to continue to hire and retain other key personnel. The loss of Mr. Guez, Mr. Palmer or any of our other key personnel, could have a material adverse effect on our business, development, financial condition, and operating results. We do not maintain “key person” life insurance on any of our management or key personnel, including Messrs. Guez and Palmer.

*We currently own or license, and operate, a limited number of principal brands. If we are unsuccessful in marketing and distributing those brands or in executing our other strategies, our results of operations and financial condition will be adversely affected.*

While our goal is to employ a multi-brand strategy that will ultimately diversify the fashion and other risks associated with reliance on a limited product line, we currently operate, directly and through our wholly-owned subsidiaries Antik and Taverniti, a limited number of principal brands, most of which are being operated pursuant to very recent license or acquisition agreements. If we are unable to successfully market and distribute our branded products, or if the recent popularity of premium denim brands decreases, or if we are unable to execute on our multi-brand strategy to acquire and/or license additional companies and/or brands, as applicable, identified by our management from time to time, our results of operations and financial condition will be adversely affected.

*Our operating results may fluctuate significantly.*

Management expects that we will experience substantial variations in our net sales and operating results from quarter to quarter. We believe that the factors which influence this variability of quarterly results include:

- the timing of our introduction of new product lines;
- the level of consumer acceptance of each new product line;
- general economic and industry conditions that affect consumer spending and retailer purchasing;
- the availability of manufacturing capacity;
- the seasonality of the markets in which we participate;
- the timing of trade shows;
- the product mix of customer orders;
- the timing of the placement or cancellation of customer orders;
- the weather;
- transportation delays;
- quotas and other regulatory matters;
- the occurrence of charge backs in excess of reserves;
- the timing of expenditures in anticipation of increased sales and actions of competitors; and
- the value of the dollar in relation to other currencies.

As a result of fluctuations in our revenue and operating expenses that may occur, management believes that period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations are not a good indication of our future performance. It is possible that in some future quarter or quarters, our operating results will be below the expectations of securities analysts or investors. In that case, our common stock price could fluctuate significantly or decline.



*The loss of business from any significant customer would affect our results of operations.*

We have one customer who accounted for approximately 48% of our total receivables at March 31, 2008 and 40% of our sales for the quarter ended March 31, 2008. A decrease in business from or loss of any significant customer would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. Additionally, certain retailers, including some of our customers, have experienced in the past, and may experience in the future, financial difficulties which increase the risk of extending credit to such retailers and the risk that financial failure will eliminate a customer entirely. These retailers have attempted to improve their own operating efficiencies by concentrating their purchasing power among a narrowing group of vendors. There can be no assurance that we will remain a preferred vendor for our existing customers. Further, there can be no assurance that our factor will approve the extension of credit to certain retail customers in the future. If a customer's credit is not approved by the factor, we could assume the collection risk on sales to the customer itself, require that the customer provide a letter of credit, or choose not to make sales to the customer.

*Our business is subject to risks associated with importing products.*

A portion of our import operations are subject to tariffs imposed on imported products and quotas imposed by trade agreements. In addition, the countries in which our products are imported may from time to time impose additional new duties, tariffs or other restrictions on their respective imports or adversely modify existing restrictions. Adverse changes in these import costs and restrictions, or our suppliers' failure to comply with customs or similar laws, could harm our business. We cannot assure that future trade agreements will not provide our competitors with an advantage over us, or increase our costs, either of which could have an adverse effect on our business and financial condition.

Our operations are also subject to the effects of international trade agreements and regulations such as the North American Free Trade Agreement, and the activities and regulations of the World Trade Organization. Generally, these trade agreements benefit our business by reducing or eliminating the duties assessed on products or other materials manufactured in a particular country. However, trade agreements can also impose requirements that adversely affect our business, such as limiting the countries from which we can purchase raw materials and setting duties or restrictions on products that may be imported into the United States from a particular country.

Our ability to import raw materials in a timely and cost-effective manner may also be affected by problems at ports or issues that otherwise affect transportation and warehousing providers, such as labor disputes. These problems could require us to locate alternative ports or warehousing providers to avoid disruption to our customers. These alternatives may not be available on short notice or could result in higher transit costs, which could have an adverse impact on our business and financial condition.

*Our dependence on independent manufacturers and suppliers of raw materials reduces our ability to control the manufacturing process, which could harm our sales, reputation and overall profitability.*

We depend on independent contract manufacturers and suppliers of raw materials to secure a sufficient supply of raw materials and maintain sufficient manufacturing and shipping capacity in an environment characterized by declining prices, labor shortages, continuing cost pressure and increased demands for product innovation and speed-to-market. This dependence could subject us to difficulty in obtaining timely delivery of products of acceptable quality. In addition, a contractor's failure to ship products to us in a timely manner or to meet the required quality standards could cause us to miss the delivery date requirements of our customers. The failure to make timely deliveries may cause our customers to cancel orders, refuse to accept deliveries, impose non-compliance charges through invoice deductions or other charge-backs, demand reduced prices or reduce future orders, any of which could harm our sales, reputation and overall profitability.





We do not have long-term contracts with any of our independent contractors and any of these contractors may unilaterally terminate their relationship with us at any time. While management believes that there exists an adequate supply of contractors to provide products and services to us, to the extent we are not able to secure or maintain relationships with independent contractors that are able to fulfill our requirements, our business would be harmed.

We have initiated standards for our suppliers, and monitor our independent contractors' compliance with applicable labor laws, but we do not control our contractors or their labor practices. The violation of federal, state or foreign labor laws by one of our contractors could result in us being subject to fines and our goods that are manufactured in violation of such laws being seized or their sale in interstate commerce being prohibited. To date, we have not been subject to any sanctions that, individually or in the aggregate, have had a material adverse effect on our business, and we are not aware of any facts on which any such sanctions could be based. There can be no assurance, however, that in the future we will not be subject to sanctions as a result of violations of applicable labor laws by our contractors, or that such sanctions will not have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

*We may not be able to adequately protect our intellectual property rights.*

The loss of or inability to enforce our trademarks or any of our other proprietary or licensed designs, patents, know-how and trade secrets could adversely affect our business. If any third party copies or otherwise gains access to our trademarks or other proprietary rights, or develops similar products independently, it may be costly to enforce our rights and we would not be able to compete as effectively. Additionally, the laws of foreign countries may provide inadequate protection of intellectual property rights, making it difficult to enforce such rights in those countries.

We may need to bring legal claims to enforce or protect our intellectual property rights. Any litigation, whether successful or unsuccessful, could result in substantial costs and diversions of resources. In addition, notwithstanding the rights we have secured in our intellectual property, third parties may bring claims against us alleging that we have infringed on their intellectual property rights or that our intellectual property rights are not valid. Any claims against us, with or without merit, could be time consuming and costly to defend or litigate and therefore could have an adverse affect on our business.

*Our business is growing more international and can be disrupted by factors beyond our control.*

We have been reducing our reliance on domestic contractors and expanding our use of offshore manufacturers as a cost-effective means to produce our products. During the quarter ended June 30, 2008, we sourced a significant majority of our finished products from suppliers located outside the United States and we also continued to increase our purchase of fabrics outside the United States. In addition, we have been increasing our international sales of product primarily through our licensees and distributors.

As a result of our increasing international operations, we face the possibility of greater losses from a number of risks inherent in doing business in international markets and from a number of factors which are beyond our control. Such factors that could harm our results of operations and financial condition include, among other things:

- Political instability or acts of terrorism, which disrupt trade with the countries in which our contractors, suppliers or customers are located;
- Local business practices that do not conform to legal or ethical guidelines;
- Adoption of additional or revised quotas, restrictions or regulations relating to imports or exports;
- Additional or increased customs duties, tariffs, taxes and other charges on imports;
- Significant fluctuations in the value of the dollar against foreign currencies;
- Increased difficulty in protecting our intellectual property rights in foreign jurisdictions;
- Social, legal or economic instability in the foreign markets in which we do business, which could influence our ability to sell our products in these international markets; and
- Restrictions on the transfer of funds between the United States and foreign jurisdictions.

**Risks Related to Our Industry**

*Our sales are heavily influenced by general economic cycles.*

Apparel is a cyclical industry that is heavily dependent upon the overall level of consumer spending. Purchases of apparel and related goods tend to be highly correlated with cycles in the disposable income of our consumers. Our customers anticipate and respond to adverse changes in economic conditions and uncertainty by reducing inventories and canceling orders. As a result, any substantial deterioration in general economic conditions, increases in interest rates, acts of war, terrorist or political events that diminish consumer spending and confidence in any of the regions in which we compete, could reduce our sales and adversely affect our business and financial condition.

*Our business is highly competitive and depends on consumer spending patterns.*

The apparel industry is highly competitive. We face a variety of competitive challenges including:

- anticipating and quickly responding to changing consumer demands;
- developing innovative, high-quality products in sizes and styles that appeal to consumers;
- competitively pricing our products and achieving customer perception of value; and
- the need to provide strong and effective marketing support.

*We must successfully gauge fashion trends and changing consumer preferences to succeed.*

Our success is largely dependent upon our ability to gauge the fashion tastes of our customers and to provide merchandise that satisfies retail and customer demand in a timely manner. The apparel business fluctuates according to changes in consumer preferences dictated in part by fashion and season. To the extent we misjudge the market for our merchandise, our sales may be adversely affected. Our ability to anticipate and effectively respond to changing fashion trends depends in part on our ability to attract and retain key personnel in our design, merchandising and marketing staff. Competition for these personnel is intense, and we cannot be sure that we will be able to attract and retain a sufficient number of qualified personnel in future periods.



*Our business may be subject to seasonal trends resulting in fluctuations in our quarterly results, which could cause uncertainty about our future performance and harm our results of operations.*

In the experience of our management, operating results in the high end fashion denim industry have been subject to seasonal trends when measured on a quarterly basis. These trends are dependent on numerous factors, including:

the markets in which we operate;

holiday seasons;

consumer demand;

climate;

economic conditions; and

numerous other factors beyond our control.

#### **Other Risks Related to our Stock**

*Our sale of securities in any equity or debt financing could result in dilution to our stockholders and have a material adverse effect on our earnings.*

Any sale of shares by us in future private placement or other offerings could result in dilution to our existing stockholders as a direct result of our issuance of additional shares of our capital stock. In addition, our business strategy may include expansion through internal growth, by acquiring complementary businesses, by acquiring or licensing additional brands, or by establishing strategic relationships with targeted customers and suppliers. In order to do so, or to fund our other activities, we may issue additional equity securities that could dilute our stockholders' stock ownership. We may also assume additional debt and incur impairment losses related to goodwill and other tangible assets if we acquire another company and this could negatively impact our results of operations.

*Insiders own a significant portion of our common stock, which could limit our stockholders' ability to influence the outcome of key transactions.*

As of October 2, 2008, our executive officers and directors owned approximately 69.9% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. As of October 2, 2008, our Chairman, Paul Guez, and his affiliates collectively owned approximately 68.2% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. We also issued 1,000,000 Series A convertible preferred shares to Mr. Guez in satisfaction of \$2,556,682 of advances to us by Mr. Guez. The Series A preferred shares are convertible into 4,623,589 shares of common stock and vote with our common stock on an as-converted basis on all matters presented to our stockholders. Accordingly, our executive officers and key personnel have the ability to affect the outcome of, or exert considerable influence over, all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election and removal of directors and any change in control. This concentration of ownership of our common stock could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control of our company or otherwise discouraging or preventing a potential acquirer from attempting to obtain control of our company. This, in turn, could have a negative effect on the market price of our common stock. It could also prevent our stockholders from realizing a premium over the market prices for their shares of common stock.

*Our stock price has been volatile.*

Our common stock is quoted on the Pink Sheets electronic over-the-counter market maintained by the Pink OTC Markets, Inc., and there can be substantial volatility in the market price of our common stock. The market price of our common stock has been, and is likely to continue to be, subject to significant fluctuations due to a variety of factors, including quarterly variations in operating results, operating results which vary from the expectations of securities analysts and investors, changes in financial estimates, changes in market valuations of competitors, announcements by us or our competitors of a material nature, loss of one or more customers, additions or departures of key personnel, future sales of common stock and stock market price and volume fluctuations. In addition, general political and economic conditions such as a recession, or interest rate or currency rate fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

In addition, the stock market in general has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have affected the market price of our common stock. Often, price fluctuations are unrelated to operating performance of the specific companies whose stock is affected. In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's stock, securities class action litigation has occurred against the issuing company. If we were subject to this type of litigation in the future, we could incur substantial costs and a diversion of our management's attention and resources, each of which could have a material adverse effect on our revenue and earnings. Any adverse determination in this type of litigation could also subject us to significant liabilities.

*Absence of dividends could reduce our attractiveness to investors.*

Some investors favor companies that pay dividends, particularly in general downturns in the stock market. We have not declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock. We currently intend to retain any future earnings for funding growth, and we do not currently anticipate paying cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. Because we may not pay dividends, your return on an investment in our common stock likely depends on your selling such stock at a profit.

*Our Board is authorized to issue preferred stock, which may make it difficult for any party to acquire us and adversely affect the price of our common stock.*

Under our articles of incorporation, our Board of Directors has the power to authorize the issuance of up to 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock and to determine the price, rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions, including voting rights, of those shares without further vote or action by the stockholders. Accordingly, our Board of Directors may issue preferred stock with terms that could have preference over and adversely affect the rights of holders of our common stock.

On November 28, 2007 we issued 1,000,000 shares of New Series A Preferred to Mr. Guez in consideration for (i) the cancellation of the \$2,556,682 of advances made to us by Mr. Guez and (ii) an additional cash investment of \$125,000. The shares of New Series A Preferred are convertible into 4,623,589 shares of our common stock based on a conversion formula equal to the price per share (\$2.681682) divided by the conversion price (\$0.58) multiplied by the total number of shares of New Series A Preferred issued, subject to adjustment in accordance with the provisions of the certificate of designations for the New Series A Preferred. The New Series A preferred shares accrue cumulative dividends at the annual rate of 6% of the purchase price in preference to the common stock. Upon our liquidation or dissolution the New Series A preferred shares are entitled to receive, prior to any distribution to the holders of our common stock, 100% of the purchase price plus all accrued but unpaid dividends.

The issuance of any preferred stock may:

- make it difficult for any party to acquire us, even though an acquisition might be beneficial to our stockholders;
- delay, defer or prevent a change in control of our company;
- discourage bids for the common stock at a premium over the market price of our common stock;
- adversely affect the voting and other rights of the holders of our common stock; and
- discourage acquisition proposals or tender offers for our shares.

The provisions allowing the issuance of preferred stock could limit the price that investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock.

*Our common stock is subject to the SEC's penny stock rules. Therefore, broker-dealers may experience difficulty in completing customer transactions and trading activity in our securities may be adversely affected.*

If at any time a company has net tangible assets of \$2,000,000 or less and the common stock has a market price per share of less than \$5.00, transactions in the common stock may be subject to the "penny stock" rules promulgated under the Exchange Act. Under these rules, broker-dealers who recommend such securities to persons other than institutional accredited investors must:

- make a special written suitability determination for the purchaser;
- receive the purchaser's written agreement to a transaction prior to sale;
- provide the purchaser with risk disclosure documents which identify certain risks associated with investing in "penny stocks" and which describe the market for these "penny stocks" as well as a purchaser's legal remedies; and
- obtain a signed and dated acknowledgment from the purchaser demonstrating that the purchaser has actually received the required risk disclosure document before a transaction in a "penny stock" can be completed.

As our common stock is subject to these rules, broker-dealers may find it difficult to effectuate customer transactions and trading activity in our securities may be adversely affected. As a result, the market price of our securities may be depressed, and stockholders may find it more difficult to sell their shares of our common stock.

### **ITEM 3. QUANTATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Not applicable.

## ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

### Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our chief executive officer (CEO) and chief financial officer (CFO), as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, we recognize that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Management, with participation by our CEO and CFO, has designed our disclosure controls and procedures to provide reasonable assurance of achieving the desired objectives. As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), in connection with filing this report on Form 10-Q, management conducted an evaluation, with the participation of our CEO and CFO, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of June 30, 2008, the end of the period covered by this report.

Our management, with the participation of our CEO and CFO, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures and concluded that, because of the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting discussed below, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2008.

The Public Company Accounting Oversight Board's Auditing Standard No. 2 defines a material weakness as a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in there being a more than remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected. Management identified the following material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting in connection with this assessment:

*Ineffective Oversight of Financial Reporting.* We have not provided an appropriate level of oversight of the financial reporting process and have not appropriately monitored our system of internal control. Our monitoring of management's assessment of internal control over financial reporting did not result in appropriate actions taken by management to remedy the deficiencies in the process to assess internal control over financial reporting.

*Ineffective Financial Statement Closing and Reporting Processes and Procedures.* Our management has not established with appropriate rigor the accounting policies, procedures, and documentation necessary to close our reporting periods and report our results of operations in an efficient and timely manner. In particular, our management has not established adequate policies, processes and procedures to maintain and support certain balance sheet accounts, including related party accounts, or to reconcile detail ledgers to the general ledger.

Our management also identified a significant deficiency in our information technology infrastructure relating to the lack of appropriate general and application controls and documentation, generally, and the integration between our internally developed software and our general ledger, specifically.



*Lack of Appropriate Accounting Policies and Procedures.* Our management has not established with appropriate rigor the accounting policies, procedures, and documentation of significant judgments and estimates made by management in the preparation of the financial statements, including accounting policies related to revenue recognition and accounting for stock options and warrants. Our management has also not established with appropriate rigor the policies and procedures necessary to cause personnel to adhere to previously established accounting policies, including accounting policies for setting allowances or reserves against accounts receivable and inventory.

*Lack of Appropriate Accounting Personnel.* Our management has not appropriately assessed the risk to reliable financial reporting related to the effects of unfilled key financial reporting positions. With the departure of certain key staff in December 2007, and with the resignation of our Chief Financial Officer, effective September 10, 2008, our management has concluded that we will continue to lack the financial expertise necessary to report our results of operations on a timely basis until such positions are filled.

### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There has not been any material change in our internal control over financial reporting during the six months ended June 30, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting, except for the remediation changes discussed below.

We are actively remediating the material weaknesses and significant deficiencies identified above. Management is actively recruiting to fill the open accounting positions, and is evaluating staffing of the accounting department. We have taken immediate steps to seek a Chief Financial Officer candidate and are in the process of interviewing several individuals. In the meantime, we have engaged a consultant to act as our interim chief accounting officer to assist with our financial reporting and internal accounting functions. Additionally, existing accounting policies and procedures will be enhanced, and policies will be developed to address identified gaps.

## **PART II**

### **ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

On, August 4, 2008, we were served with a complaint filed in the Superior Court of the State of California County of Los Angeles, District Court, by LIT Commerce Distribution Center, LLC, the owner of our former premises, alleging that we breached a lease agreement regarding our former premises and seeking damages in an amount not less than \$1.25 million plus interest and attorneys' fees. We intend to vigorously defend the lawsuit. We also recently learned of a \$205,782.24 judgment LIT Commerce Distribution Center, LLC obtained against us without our knowledge regarding the former premises. Our legal counsel in this matter will seek to overturn the judgment in the immediate future. While management believes that we have successful counterclaims against the plaintiff, it is unable at this time to express an opinion whether it is likely that the plaintiff will be able to prevail against us on its claims.

### **ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

See attached Exhibit Index.

**SIGNATURES**

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**BLUE HOLDINGS, INC.**

Date: October 6, 2008

By: /s/ David Lasell  
David Lasell  
Interim Chief Accounting Officer

**Exhibit Index**

| Exhibit<br>Number | Description of Exhibit                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 31.1              | Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31.2              | Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.1              | Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                               |
| 32.2              | Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                               |