Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. Form 10-Q May 13, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to .

Commission file number 1-34682

Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. (Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

27-1449820 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1400 Prospect Avenue, Helena, MT 59601 (Address of principal executive offices)

(406) 442-3080 (Issuer's telephone number)

Website address: www.americanfederalsavingsbank.com

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

reporting company)

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company x

(Do not check if smaller

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date:

Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share

3,918,399 shares outstanding

As of May 13, 2014

EAGLE BANCORP MONTANA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMAT	TION	PAGE
Item 1.	Financial Statements (Unau	udited)	
	·	Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013	1
	_	Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013	3
	<u>ti</u>	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013	5
	<u>I</u>	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013	6
	_	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013	7
	Notes to the Unaudited Cor	nsolidated Financial Statements	9
Item 2.	Management's Discussion a Operations	and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of	36
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitativ	re Disclosures About Market Risk	43
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures		44
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION		
Item 1. Item 1A. Item 2. Item 3. Item 4. Item 5. Item 6.	Legal Proceedings Risk Factors Unregistered Sales of Equitor Defaults Upon Senior Secure Mine Safety Disclosures Other Information Exhibits	ty Securities and Use of Proceeds urities	45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45
<u>Signatures</u>			46
Exhibit 31.1			
Exhibit 31.2			

Exhibit 32.1

Exhibit 32.1

101.INS XBRL Instance Document

101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This report includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning and protections of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be forward-looking statements. You can identify these forward-looking statements through our use of words such as "may," "will," "anticipate," "assume," "should," "indicate," "would," "believe," "contemplate," "expect," "estimate," "contin "could," "intend," "target" and other similar words and expressions of the future. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

statements of our goals, intentions and expectations; statements regarding our business plans, prospects, growth and operating strategies; statements regarding the asset quality of our loan and investment portfolios; and estimates of our risks and future costs and benefits.

These forward-looking statements are based on current beliefs and expectations of our management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change.

The following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements:

changes in laws or government regulations or policies affecting financial institutions, including changes in regulatory fees and capital requirements;

general economic conditions, either nationally or in our market areas, that are worse than expected;

competition among depository and other financial institutions;

changes in the prices, values and sales volume of residential and commercial real estate in Montana; inflation and changes in the interest rate environment that reduce our margins or reduce the fair value of financial instruments:

changes or volatility in the securities markets;

our ability to enter new markets successfully and capitalize on growth opportunities;

our ability to successfully integrate acquired entities or businesses;

the possibility of goodwill impairment charges in the future;

changes in consumer spending, borrowing and savings habits;

our ability to continue to increase and manage our commercial and residential real estate, multi-family, and commercial business loans:

possible impairments of securities held by us, including those issued by government entities and government sponsored enterprises;

the level of future deposit premium assessments;

the impact of the current economic conditions on our loan portfolio (including cash flow and collateral values), investment portfolio, customers and capital market activities;

the impact of recently enacted legislation to restructure the U.S. financial and regulatory system, including proposals to reform the housing markets and government-sponsored enterprises serving such markets;

the failure of assumptions underlying the establishment of allowance for possible loan losses and other estimates; changes in the financial performance and/or condition of our borrowers and their ability to repay their loans when due; and

the effect of changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by the regulatory agencies, as well as the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the Financial Accounting Standards Board and other accounting standard setters.

Because of these and other uncertainties, our actual future results may be materially different from the results indicated by these forward-looking statements. For a further list and description of various risks, relevant factors and uncertainties that could cause future results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements, see the Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" sections contained elsewhere in this report, as well as our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, any subsequent Reports on Form 10-Q and Form 8-K, and other filings with the SEC. We do not undertake any obligation to publicly update or correct any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that subsequently occur, or of which we hereafter become aware.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (Dollars in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data)

(Unaudited)

ASSETS	March 31, 2014	June 30, 2013
Cash and due from banks	\$6,278	\$3,776
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	3,013	2,385
Total cash and cash equivalents	9,291	6,161
•		
Securities available-for-sale,		
at market value	191,280	218,963
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	1,878	1,931
Investment in Eagle Bancorp Statutory Trust I	155	155
Mortgage loans held-for-sale	9,405	20,807
Loans receivable, net of deferred loan expenses of \$414 at March 31, 2014		
and \$117 at June 30, 2013 and allowance for loan losses of \$2,175 at		
March 31, 2014 and \$2,000 at June 30, 2013	258,592	214,677
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	2,219	2,387
Mortgage servicing rights, net	3,602	3,192
Premises and equipment, net	19,655	18,943
Cash surrender value of life insurance	11,004	10,869
Real estate and other repossessed assets acquired in settlement of loans, net	458	550
Goodwill	7,034	6,890
Core deposit intangible, net	788	922
Other assets	4,470	4,087
Total assets	\$519,831	\$510,534

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

-1-

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (Continued) (Dollars in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

	March 31, 2014	June 30, 2013
LIABILITIES		
Deposit accounts:		
Noninterest bearing	\$59,889	\$52,972
Interest bearing	378,913	364,779
Total deposits	438,802	417,751
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	3,164	3,535
FHLB advances and other borrowings	23,211	34,861
Subordinated debentures	5,155	5,155
Total liabilities	470,332	461,302
EQUITY		
Preferred stock (no par value, 1,000,000 shares		
authorized, none issued or outstanding)	-	-
Common stock (par value \$0.01 per share; 8,000,000 shares authorized;		
4,083,127 shares issued; 3,918,399 and 3,898,685 shares outstanding		
at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively)	41	41
Additional paid-in capital	22,120	22,109
Unallocated common stock held by employee		
stock ownership plan ("ESOP")	(1,265) (1,390)
Treasury stock, at cost	(1,800) (1,993)
Retained earnings	34,246	33,849
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(3,843) (3,384)
Total equity	49,499	49,232
Total liabilities and equity	\$519,831	\$510,534

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

-2-

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Dollars in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

	M	Three Months Ended March 31,		onths Ended arch 31,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Interest and Dividend Income:	****		40.505	40.416
Interest and fees on loans	\$3,254	\$3,012	\$9,606	\$8,316
Securities available-for-sale	1,066	1,087	3,168	2,491
Interest on deposits with banks	1	10	5	26
Total interest and dividend income	4,321	4,109	12,779	10,833
Interact Evnance				
Interest Expense: Deposits	329	305	962	886
FHLB advances & other borrowings	152	208	517	732
Subordinated debentures	21	22	63	69
Total interest expense	502	535	1,542	1,687
Total interest expense	302	333	1,542	1,007
Net interest income	3,819	3,574	11,237	9,146
Loan loss provision	128	116	440	538
Net interest income after loan loss provision	3,691	3,458	10,797	8,608
•	,	,	,	,
Noninterest Income:				
Service charges on deposit accounts	226	197	769	547
Net gain on sale of loans (includes \$366 and \$396 for the				
three				
months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and				
\$582 and \$192 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014				
and 2013, respectively, related to accumulated other				
comprehensive earnings reclassification)	836	1,718	3,390	3,492
Mortgage loan servicing fees	359	262	1,012	743
Net gain on sale of available for sale securities (includes				
\$196 and				
(\$564) for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and				
2013,				
respectively, and \$1,032 and (\$716) for the nine months				
ended				
March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively related to	106	4.6.	1.000	
accumulated other comprehensive earnings reclassification)	196	465	1,032	777
Net loss on sale of OREO	-	(9) (50) (32
Net (loss) gain on fair value hedge	(72) 43	(1) 108
Other	578	597	1,538	1,130
Total noninterest income	2,123	3,273	7,690	6,765

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Continued) (Dollars in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			nths Ended ch 31,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Noninterest Expense:				
Salaries and employee benefits	3,209	3,193	9,639	6,765
Occupancy and equipment expense	711	692	2,086	1,542
Data processing	458	512	1,389	852
Advertising	211	278	668	697
Amortization of mortgage servicing rights	132	158	466	566
Amortization of core deposit intangible and tax credits	105	145	322	193
Federal insurance premiums	84	82	252	174
Postage	40	36	132	99
Legal, accounting, and examination fees	111	123	380	336
Consulting fees	164	14	319	75
Acquisition costs	-	712	-	1,920
Valuation loss on OREO	-	93	-	191
Other	474	415	1,512	1,264
Total noninterest expense	5,699	6,453	17,165	14,674
•				
Income before provision for income taxes	115	278	1,322	699
Income Tax Expense (Benefit) (includes \$1,291 and (\$796) for the three months ended March, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and (\$314) and (\$1,020) for the nine months ended March 31, 2014				
and 2013, respectively, related to income tax expense				
(benefit)				
from reclassification items)	7	(629)	73	(590)
Net Income	\$108	\$907	\$1,249	\$1,289
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.03	\$0.24	\$0.32	\$0.34
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.03	\$0.23	\$0.31	\$0.33
Weighted average shares outstanding (basic eps)	3,918,399	3,752,813	3,909,549	3,739,806
	. ,	. ,		
Weighted average shares outstanding (diluted eps)	3,973,202	3,937,255	3,976,599	3,933,105

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			Nine Months Ended March 31,				
	2014		2013		2014		2013	
NET INCOME	\$108		\$907		\$1,249		\$1,289	
OTHER ITEMS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS):								
Change in fair value of investment securities								
available for sale, before income taxes	3,489		(2,500)	603		(3,406)
Reclassification for realized gains and losses on								
investment securities included in net earnings, before								
income tax	(196)	564		(1,032)	716	
Change in fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow								
hedges, before income taxes	238		379		238		379	
Reclassification for realized gains and losses on derivatives								
designated as cash flow hedges, before income taxes	(366)	(396)	(582)	(192)
Total other items of comprehensive income (loss)	3,165		(1,953)	(773)	(2,503)
Income tax (expense) benefit related to:								
Investment securities	(1,343)	789		174		1,096	
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges	52		7		140		(76)
	(1,291)	796		314		1,020	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$1,982		\$(250)	\$790		\$(194)

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

-5-

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (Dollars in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data)

(Unaudited)

	ADDITIONAL ACCUMULAT UNALLOCATED OTHER PREFERREDOMMON PAID-IN ESOP TREASURY RETAINEDOMPREHENS						SIV								
	STO	OCK	STOCK	CAP	TAL	SHA	RES	STOC	K E	EARNING		INCOME (LOSS)	r	TOTAI	Ĺ
Balance, July 1, 2012	\$ -		\$ 41	\$ 22,	112	\$ (1,5	556)	\$ (2,210	0) \$	32,990	\$	2,273	\$	5 53,650)
Net income										1,289				1,289	
Other comprehensive loss												(1,483)	(1,483)
Dividends paid (\$0.07125 per share per quarter)										(832)			(832)
Treasury stock reissued				(11)			217						206	
ESOP shares allocated or committed to be released for allocation (12,46	2			-		125								120	
shares)				5		125								130	
Balance, March 31, 2013	\$ -		\$ 41	\$ 22,	106	\$ (1,4	131)	\$ (1,993	3) \$	33,447	\$	790	\$	52,960)
Balance, July 1,	2013	\$-	S	\$41	\$2	2,109	\$(1,3	390) \$(1,993) \$33,8	349	\$(3,384)	\$49,232	2
Net income										1,24	19			1,249	
Other compreher loss	nsive											(459)	(459)
Dividends paid (\$0.0725 per sha	re									(852	2)			(852)

Edgar Filing: Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. - Form 10-Q

per quarter)								
Treasury stock reissued					193			193
ESOP shares allocated								
or committed to								
be released for allocation (12,462								
shares)			11	125				136
Dalamas March 21								
Balance, March 31, 2014	\$-	\$41	\$22,120	\$(1,265)	\$(1,800) \$34,246	\$(3,843) \$49,499

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

-6-

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ende March 31,			
	2014		2013	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$1,249		\$1,289	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Provision for loan losses	440		538	
Valuation losses on OREO	-		191	
Depreciation	858		652	
Net amortization of marketable securities premium and discounts	2,290		1,235	
Amortization of capitalized mortgage servicing rights	466		566	
Amortization of core deposit intangible and tax credits	322		193	
Gain on sale of loans	(3,390)	(3,492)
Net realized gain on sale of available-for-sale securities	(1,032)	(777)
Loss on sale of OREO	50		32	
Loss (gain) on fair value hedge	1		(108)
Net gain on sale/disposal of fixed assets	(15)	(285)
Appreciation in cash surrender value of life insurance, net	(244)	(221)
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in assets:				
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	168		(866)
Loans held-for-sale	14,446		1,664	
Other assets	(256)	(1,672)
(Decrease) increase in liabilities:				
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(41)	167	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	15,312		(894)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Activity in available-for-sale securities				
Sales	38,333		15,060	
Maturities, principal payments, calls	18,665		21,235	
Purchases	(31,002)	(176,163)
FHLB stock redeemed	53		54	
Cash received in acquisition of Sterling Bank branches, net of cash paid	-		130,094	
Final valuation adjustments related to acquisition of Sterling Bank branches	(144)	-	
Net (increase) decrease in loan receivable, excludes transfers to real estate				
acquired in settlement of loans	(45,273)	2,066	
Proceeds from bank owed life insurance	109		-	
Proceeds from the sale of real estate and other repossessed				
property acquired in the settlement of loans	83		1,314	
Insurance proceeds related to property and equipment	31		-	
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	-		647	

Purchase of property and equipment	(1,586)	(1,207)
Net cash used in investing activities	(20,731)	(6,900)
See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.				
-7-				

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Dollars in Thousands, Except for Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended March 31,		
	2014	2013	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net increase in checking and savings accounts	\$21,051	\$19,135	
Net payments on short-term FHLB and other borrowings	(7,500) -	
Long-term advances from FHLB and other borrowings	-	865	
Payments on long-term FHLB and other borrowings	(4,150) (14,150)	
Dividends paid	(852) (832)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	8,549	5,018	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	3,130	(2,776)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	6,161	19,814	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$9,291	\$17,038	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:			
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$1,552	\$1,750	
1 0 1			
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$108	\$372	
		·	
NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Decrease in market value of securities available-for-sale	\$429	\$2,689	
	+ 122	+ =,000	
Mortgage servicing rights recognized	\$876	\$1,180	
Mongage servicing rights recognized	ΨΟΙΟ	Ψ1,100	
Loans transferred to real estate and other assets acquired in foreclosure	\$51	\$569	
Louis transferred to rear estate and other assets acquired in forcefosure	Ψ31	Ψ307	
Real estate acquired in foreclosure transferred to premises and equipment	\$-	\$306	
ical estate acquired in forcelosure transferred to premises and equipment	φ-	φ300	
Treasury shares reissued for compensation	\$193	\$206	
Treasury shares reissued for compensation	φ193	φ 200	
ESOP shares released	\$136	\$130	
ESOF shares released	\$130	\$130	

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

-8-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. However, such information reflects all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of results for the unaudited interim periods.

The results of operations for the nine month period ended March 31, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 or any other period. The unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes presented herein should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in Eagle's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

The Company evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and/or disclosure through May 13, 2014 the date the consolidated financial statements were issued.

NOTE 2. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Investment securities are summarized as follows:

		March	31, 2014				June 30, 2013				
(In Thousands)		G	ross			Gross					
	Amortized	Unre	ealized		Fair	Amortized	Unr	ealized	Fair		
	Cost	Gains	(Losses	(3)	Value	Cost	Gains	(Losses)	Value		
Available-for-sale:											
U.S. government and											
agency obligations	\$44,084	\$36	\$(940)	\$43,180	\$50,904	\$514	\$(487)	\$50,931		
Municipal obligations	84,167	609	(4,903)	79,873	88,948	1,072	(5,584)	84,436		
Corporate obligations	5,980	20	(83)	5,917	9,130	84	(153)	9,061		
Mortgage-backed											
securities -											
government backed	28,108	28	(694)	27,442	27,680	35	(813)	26,902		
CMOs - government											
backed	35,663	240	(1,035)	34,868	48,594	307	(1,268)	47,633		
Total	\$198,002	\$933	\$(7,655)	\$191,280	\$225,256	\$2,012	\$(8,305)	\$218,963		

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, net proceeds from sales of securities available for sale amounted to \$3,955,000 and \$6,722,000, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 gross realized gains amounted to \$213,000 and \$465,000, respectively and gross realized losses amounted to \$17,000 and \$0, respectively. For the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, net proceeds from sales of securities available for sale amounted to \$38,333,000 and \$15,060,000, respectively. For the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, gross realized gains amounted to \$1,132,000 and \$833,000, respectively and gross realized losses amounted to \$100,000 and \$56,000, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2. INVESTMENT SECURITIES - continued

The amortized cost and fair value of securities at March 31, 2014 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Amortized Cost		Fair Value		
	(In Thousands)				
Due in one year or less	\$ 1,000	\$	1,021		
Due from one to five years	3,726		3,741		
Due from five to ten years	20,846		20,092		
Due after ten years	108,659		104,116		
	134,231		128,970		
Mortgage-backed securites - government-backed	28,108		27,442		
CMOs - government backed	35,663		34,868		
Total	\$ 198,002	\$	191,280		

Maturities of securities do not reflect repricing opportunities present in adjustable rate securities.

The following table discloses, as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, the Company's investment securities that have been in a continuous unrealized-loss position for less than twelve months and those that have been in a continuous unrealized-loss position for twelve or more months:

	March 31, 2014					
	Less Than	n 12 Months	12 Month	ns or Longer		
		(In Tho	ousands)			
	Gross Gr					
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized		
	Value	Losses	Value	Losses		
U.S. government and agency	\$27,753	\$479	\$10,023	\$461		
Corporate obligations	3,932	68	985	15		
Municipal obligations	31,422	1,859	29,296	3,044		
Mortgage-backed and CMOs	11,015	242	34,415	1,487		
Total	\$74,122	\$2,648	\$74,719	\$5,007		

June 30, 2013
Less Than 12 Months 12 Months or Longer
(In Thousands)
Gross Gross

Edgar Filing: Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. - Form 10-Q

	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
U.S. government and agency	\$19,615	\$487	\$-	\$-
Corporate obligations	5,017 153		-	-
Municipal obligations	60,910	5,495	539	89
Mortgage-backed & CMOs	52,548	2,080	309	1
Total	\$138,090	\$8,215	\$848	\$90
-10-				

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2. INVESTMENT SECURITIES - continued

In evaluating debt securities for other-than-temporary impairment losses, management assesses whether the Company intends to sell or if it is more likely than not that it will be required to sell impaired debt securities. In doing so, management considers contractual constraints, liquidity, capital, asset/liability management and securities portfolio objectives. With respect to its impaired debt securities at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, management determined that it does not intend to sell and that there is no expected requirement to sell any of its impaired debt securities.

As of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, there were, respectively, 119 and 126 securities in an unrealized loss position and were considered to be temporarily impaired and therefore an impairment charge has not been recorded. All of such temporarily impaired investments are debt securities.

At March 31, 2014, 11 U.S. government and agency obligations had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of approximately 2.43% from the Company's amortized cost basis of these securities. We believe these unrealized losses are principally due to interest rate movements. As such, the Company determined that none of such securities had other-than-temporary impairment.

At March 31, 2014, 5 corporate obligations had unrealized losses of approximately 1.66% from the Company's amortized cost basis of this security. We believe these unrealized losses are principally due to interest rate movements. As such, the Company determined that none of this security had other-than-temporary impairment.

At March 31, 2014, 86 municipal obligations had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of approximately 7.47% from the Company's amortized cost basis of these securities. We believe these unrealized losses are principally due to interest rate movements and recent credit concerns in the overall municipal bond market. As such, the Company determined that none of such securities had other-than-temporary impairment.

At March 31, 2014, 17 mortgage backed and CMO securities had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of approximately 3.66% from the Company's cost basis of these securities. We believe these unrealized losses are principally due to the credit market's concerns regarding the stability of the mortgage market. Management considers available evidence to assess whether it is more likely than not that all amounts due would not be collected. In such assessment, management considers the severity and duration of the impairment, the credit ratings of the security, the overall deal and payment structure, including the Company's position within the structure, underlying obligor, financial condition and near term prospects of the issuer, delinquencies, defaults, loss severities, recoveries, prepayments, cumulative loss projections, discounted cash flows and fair value estimates. There has been no disruption of the scheduled cash flows on any of the securities. Management's analysis as of March 31, 2014 revealed no expected credit losses on these securities.

At June 30, 2013, 98 U.S. Government and agency securities and municipal obligations had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of approximately 6.96% from the Company's amortized cost basis. These unrealized losses were principally due to changes in interest rates and credit spreads. As management has the ability to hold debt securities until maturity, or for the foreseeable future if classified as available for sale, no declines are deemed to be other than temporary.

At June 30, 2013, 5 corporate obligations had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of approximately 2.96% from the Company's cost basis. This unrealized loss is principally due to changes in interest rates. No credit issues have been identified that caused management to believe the declines in market value were other than temporary. As management has the ability to hold debt securities until maturity, or for the foreseeable future if classified as available for sale, no declines are deemed to be other than temporary.

At June 30, 2013, 23 mortgage backed and CMO securities had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of approximately 3.79% from the Company's cost basis. We believed these unrealized losses were principally due to the credit market's concerns regarding the stability of the mortgage market. There has been no disruption of the scheduled cash flows on any of the securities. Management's analysis as of June 30, 2013 revealed no expected credit losses on the securities.

-11-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable consist of the following:

	March 31 2014	June 30, 2013
	(In T	housands)
First mortgage loans:	`	,
Residential mortgage (1-4 family)	\$88,507	\$70,453
Commercial real estate	89,896	74,395
Real estate construction	5,050	2,738
Other loans:		
Home equity	35,952	35,660
Consumer	12,299	11,773
Commercial	29,477	21,775
Total	261,181	216,794
Allowance for loan losses	(2,175) (2,000)
Deferred loan fees, net	(414) (117)
Total loans, net	\$258,592	\$214,677

Within the commercial real estate loan category above, \$12,948,000 and \$13,134,000 was guaranteed by the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development, at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively. Within the commercial loan category above, \$3,937,000 and \$0 were in loans originated through a syndication program where the business resides outside of Montana, at March 31, 2014, and June 30, 2013, respectively.

Non-Performing Assets – The following table sets forth information regarding non-performing assets as of the dates indicated.

	March 31,	*			
	2014	2013			
	(Dollars in Thousands)				
Non-accrual loans	\$404	\$470			
Accruing loans delinquent 90 days or more	-	-			
Restructured loans, net	214	303			
Total nonperforming loans	618	773			
Real estate owned and other repossessed assets, net	458	550			
Total	\$1,076	\$1,323			

Total non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets	0.21	% 0.30	%
Allowance for loan losses	\$2,175	\$2,000	
Percent of allowance for loan losses to non-performing loans	351.9	% 258.7	%
	202.1	0/ 151.0	01
Percent of allowance for loan losses to non-performing assets	202.1	% 151.2	%
-12-			
-12-			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. LOANS RECEIVABLE - continued

The following tables set forth information regarding the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the dates indicated:

Allowance for credit losses:	1-4 Family Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	\mathbf{N}	ee Months E larch 31, 20 in Thousand Home Equity	14	Commercial	Total				
Beginning balance, Januay 1, 2014 Charge-offs Recoveries Provision	\$ 463 - - 8	\$ 914 (21) - 23	\$ 25 - 2	\$ 324 - - 1	\$ 51 (53) 1 45	\$ 343 \$ - - 49	2,120 (74) 1 128				
Ending balance, March 31, 2014	\$ 471	\$ 916	\$ 27	325	\$ 44	\$ 392 \$	2,175				
Allowance for credit losses:	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014										
Beginning balance, July 1, 2013 Charge-offs	\$ 423	\$ 952 (199)	\$ 15	\$ 290 (5)	\$ 40 (64)	\$ 280 \$	2,000 (268)				
Recoveries	-	-	-	-	3	-	3				
Provision	48	163	12	40	65	112	440				
Ending balance, March 31, 2014	\$ 471	\$ 916	\$ 27	\$ 325	\$ 44	\$ 392 \$	2,175				
Allowance for credit losses:	1-4 Family Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate	N	ee Months E Iarch 31, 20 In Thousand Home Equity	13	Commercial	Total				
Beginning balance, January 1,	\$ 398	\$ 905	\$ 13	\$ 166	\$ 76	\$ 267 \$	1,825				

Edgar Filing: Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. - Form 10-Q

2013							
Charge-offs	-	-	-	-	(41)	-	(41)
Recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provision	25	47	2	26	4	12	116
Ending balance,							
March 31, 2013	\$ 423	\$ 952	\$ 15	\$ 192	\$ 39	\$ 279	\$ 1,900

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2013

Allowance for	r
credit losses:	
Beginning	

Beginning														
balance, July 1,														
2012	\$ 403		\$ 772		\$ 10	\$	156		\$ 78		\$ 206		\$ 1,625	
Charge-offs	(73)	(35)	-		(148)	(66)	(1)	(323)
Recoveries	-		-		-		-		5		55		60	
Provision	93		215		5		184		22		19		538	
Ending balance,														
March 31, 2013	\$ 423		\$ 952		\$ 15	\$	192		\$ 39		\$ 279		\$ 1,900	

-13-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. LOANS RECEIVABLE - continued

The following table presents details of how the allowance for loan losses is allocated to each portfolio segment at March 31, 2014:

	1-4 Family	Commercial		Home			
	Real Estate	Real Estate	Construction	Equity	Consumer	Commercial	Total
Ending balance allocated to loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68	\$ 24	\$ 144	\$ 236
Ending balance allocated to loans collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 471	\$ 916	\$ 27	\$ 257	\$ 20	\$ 248	\$ 1,939
Loans receivable:							
Ending balance March 31, 2014	\$ 88,507	\$ 89,896	\$ 5,050	\$ 35,952	\$ 12,299	\$ 29,477	\$ 261,181
Ending balance of loans individually evaluated for impairment March 31, 2014	\$ 303	\$ 130	\$ -	\$ 247	\$ 130	\$ 290	\$ 1,100
Ending balance of loans collectively evaluated for impairment March 31, 2014	\$ 88,204	\$ 89,766	\$ 5,050	\$ 35,705	\$ 12,169	\$ 29,187	\$ 260,081

The following table presents details of how the allowance for loan losses is allocated to each portfolio segment at June 30, 2013:

1-4 Family	Commercial		Home			
Real Estate	Real Estate	Construction	Equity	Consumer	Commercial	Total

Edgar Filing: Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Ending balance allocated to loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 153	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ 159
Ending balance allocated to loans collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 423	\$ 952	\$ 15	\$ 137	\$ 34	\$ 280	\$ 1,841
Loans receivable:							
Ending balance June 30, 2013	\$ 70,453	\$ 74,395	\$ 2,738	\$ 35,660	\$ 11,773	\$ 21,775	\$ 216,794
Ending balance of loans individually evaluated for impairment June 30, 2013	\$ 315	\$ 722	\$ -	\$ 779	\$ 78	\$ 121	\$ 2,015
Ending balance of loans collectively evaluated for impairment June 30, 2013	\$ 70,138	\$ 73,673	\$ 2,738	\$ 34,881	\$ 11,695	\$ 21,654	\$ 214,779
-14-							

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. LOANS RECEIVABLE – continued

The Company utilizes a 5 point internal loan rating system, largely based on regulatory classifications, for 1-4 family real estate, commercial real estate, construction, home equity and commercial loans as follows:

Loans rated Pass: these are loans that are considered to be protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor, or by the value of the asset or the underlying collateral.

Loans rated Special Mention: these loans have potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset at some future date.

Loans rated Substandard: these loans are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Loans rated Doubtful: these loans have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified Substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans rated Loss: these loans are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as assets without establishment of a specific reserve is not warranted. This classification does not mean that an asset has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but, rather, that it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off a basically worthless asset even though practical recovery may be affected in the future.

On an annual basis, or more often if needed, the Company formally reviews the ratings of all commercial real estate, construction, and commercial business loans that have a principal balance of \$500,000 or more. Quarterly, the Company reviews the rating of any consumer loan, broadly defined, that is delinquent 90 days or more. Likewise, quarterly, the Company reviews the rating of any commercial loan, broadly defined, that is delinquent 60 days or more. Annually, the Company engages an independent third-party to review a significant portion of loans within these segments. Management uses the results of these reviews as part of its annual review process.

The following tables set forth information regarding the internal classification of the loan portfolio as of the dates indicated:

				March 31, 2014									
					(In	Thousand	ls)						
	1	-4 Family	Commercial			Home							
	R	Real Estate	Real Estate	Constructi	on	Equity	Consumer	Commercial	Total				
Grade:													
Pass	\$	88,204	\$ 89,766	\$ 5,050	\$	35,705	\$ 12,169	\$ 29,187	\$ 260,081				
Special mention		-	-	-		-	-	49	49				
Substandard		303	130	-		179	98	97	807				
Doubtful		-	-	-		-	8	-	8				

Loss		-	-	-	68	24	144	236
Total	\$	88,507	\$ 89,896	\$ 5,050	\$ 35,952	\$ 12,299	\$ 29,477	\$ 261,181
Credit Risk Profile B Payment Activity	ased	l on						
Performing	\$	88,454	\$ 89,682	\$ 5,050	\$ 35,824	\$ 12,230	\$ 29,323	\$ 260,563
Restructured loans		-	214	-	-	-	-	214
Nonperforming		53	-	-	128	69	154	404
Total	\$	88,507	\$ 89,896	\$ 5,050	\$ 35,952	\$ 12,299	\$ 29,477	\$ 261,181
-15-								

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. LOANS RECEIVABLE - continued

		June 30, 2013 (In Thousands)												
			_				(In		ds)					
		-4 Family		ommercial				Home						
	R	eal Estate	R	Leal Estate	Co	onstructio	on	Equity	(Consumer	C	ommercial		Total
Grade:														
Pass	\$	70,138	\$	73,680	\$	2,738	\$	34,881	\$	11,695	\$	21,654	\$	214,786
Special mention		-		715		-		-		-		-		715
Substandard		315		-		-		626		62		121		1,124
Doubtful		-		-		-		-		10		-		10
Loss		-		-		-		153		6		-		159
Total	\$	70,453	\$	74,395	\$	2,738	\$	35,660	\$	11,773	\$	21,775	\$	216,794
Credit Risk Profile E	Basec	l on												
Payment Activity														
Performing	\$	70,395	\$	74,092	\$	2,738	\$	35,355	\$	11,732	\$	21,709	\$	216,021
Restructured loans		-		303		-		-		-		-		303
Nonperforming		58		-		-		305		41		66		470
Total	\$	70,453	\$	74,395	\$	2,738	\$	35,660	\$	11,773	\$	21,775	\$	216,794

The following tables set forth information regarding the delinquencies within the loan portfolio as indicated:

March 31, 2014 (In Thousands)

	30-89 Days	90 Days	Total		Total	Recorded Investment >90 Days and
	Past Due	Greater	Past Due	Current	Loans	Still Accruing
1-4 Family real estate	\$402	\$53	\$455	\$88,052	\$88,507	\$-
Commercial real estate	86	130	216	89,680	89,896	-
Construction	-	-	-	5,050	5,050	-
Home equity	352	124	476	35,476	35,952	-
Consumer	138	51	189	12,110	12,299	-
Commercial	172	154	326	29,151	29,477	-
Total	\$1,150	\$512	\$1,662	\$259,519	\$261,181	\$-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. LOANS RECEIVABLE - continued

June 30, 2013 (In Thousands)

		(III THOUSANDS)								
		90 Days				Recorded Investment >90 Days				
	30-89 Days	and	Total		Total	and Still				
	Past Due	Greater	Past Due	Current	Loans	Accruing				
1-4 Family real estate	\$312	\$5	\$317	\$70,136	\$70,453	\$-				
Commercial real estate	39	217	256	74,139	74,395	-				
Construction	-	-	-	2,738	2,738	-				
Home equity	265	196	461	35,199	35,660	-				
Consumer	279	37	316	11,457	11,773	-				
Commercial	187	-	187	21,588	21,775	-				
Total	\$1,082	\$455	\$1,537	\$215,257	\$216,794	\$-				

The following tables set forth information regarding impaired loans as indicated:

	Recorded Investmen	1	March 31, 2014 (In Thousands) Related Allowance	Interest Income Recognized	Average Recorded Investment
With no related allowance:					
1-4 Family	\$ 303	\$ 303	\$ -	\$ 10	\$ 309
Commercial real					
estate	130	243	-	-	426
Construction	-	-	-	-	-
Home equity	179	179	-	6	290
Consumer	106	116	-	3	89
Commercial	146	174	-	4	134
With a related allowance:					
1-4 Family	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial real					
estate	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-	-
Home equity	68	68	68	-	224

Edgar Filing: Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Consumer	24	24	24	-	15
Commercial	144	144	144	-	72
Total:					
1-4 Family	303	303	-	10	309
Commercial real					
estate	130	243	-	-	426
Construction	-	-	-	-	-
Home equity	247	247	68	6	514
Consumer	130	140	24	3	104
Commercial	290	318	144	4	206
Total	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,251	\$ 236	\$ 23	\$ 1,559

-17-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 3. LOANS RECEIVABLE - continued

				Ju	ne 30, 2013				
				(In	Thousands)				
			Unpaid				Interest		Average
		Recorded	Principal		Related		Income		Recorded
	I	nvestment	Balance		Allowance	R	ecognized	I	nvestment
With no related allowance:									
1-4 Family	\$	315	\$ 315	\$	-	\$	14	\$	158
Commercial real									
estate		722	722		-		38		361
Construction		-	-		-		-		-
Home equity		400	400		-		10		200
Consumer		72	72		-		2		36
Commerical		121	121		-		7		61
With a related allowance:									
1-4 Family		-	-		-		-		-
Commercial real									
estate		_	_		-		_		113
Construction		-	-		-		-		-
Home equity		379	404		153		9		-
Consumer		6	6		6		-		4
Commerical		-	-		-		-		-
Total:									
1-4 Family		315	315		-		14		158
Commercial real									
estate		722	722		-		38		474
Construction		-	-		-		-		-
Home equity		779	804		153		19		200
Consumer		78	78		6		2		40
Commerical		121	121		-		7		61
Total	\$	2,015	\$ 2,040	\$	159	\$	80	\$	933

NOTE 4. TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCTURINGS

The Company adopted the amendments in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-02 during the quarter ended December 31, 2011. As required, the Company reassessed all restructurings that occurred on or after the beginning of the current fiscal year (July 1, 2011) for identification as troubled debt restructurings. The Company identified as troubled debt restructurings certain receivables for which the allowance for credit losses had previously been

measured under a general allowance for credit losses methodology (ASC 450-20). Upon identifying the reassessed receivables as troubled debt restructurings, the Company also identified them as impaired under the guidance in ASC 310-10-35. The amendments in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-02 require prospective application of the impairment measurement guidance in Section 310-10-35 for those receivables newly identified as impaired. As of March 31, 2014, the recorded investment in receivables for which the allowance for credit losses was previously measured under a general allowance for credit losses methodology and are now impaired under Section 310-10-35 was \$214,000 (310-40-65-1(b)), and the allowance for credit losses associated with those receivables, on the basis of a current evaluation of loss, was \$120,000 (310-40-65-1(b)).

-18-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 4. TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCTURINGS - continued

Modification Categories

The Company offers a variety of modifications to borrowers. The modification categories offered can generally be described in the following categories:

Rate Modification – A modification in which the interest rate is changed.

Term Modification – A modification in which the maturity date, timing of payments, or frequency of payments is changed.

Interest Only Modification – A modification in which the loan is converted to interest only payments for a period of time.

Payment Modification – A modification in which the dollar amount of the payment is changed, other than an interest only modification described above.

Combination Modification – Any other type of modification, including the use of multiple categories above.

The following tables present troubled debt restructurings as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013:

		Accrual Status	March 31, 20 (In Thousand Non-Accrua Status	ds)
Desidential Montages (1 4 family)	\$		\$ -	\$ -
Residential Mortgage (1-4 family) Commercial Real Estate	Ф	84	130	214
Real estate construction		04	130	214
		-	-	-
Home equity Consumer		-	-	-
		-	-	-
Commercial	ф	-	- h 120	- 0 014
Total	\$	84	\$ 130	\$ 214
		Accrual Status	June 30, 20 (In Thousand Non-Accrua Status	ds)
Residential Mortgage (1-4 family)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Commercial Real Estate		86	217	303
Real estate construction		-	-	-
Home equity		-	-	-
Consumer		-	-	-

Commercial	-	-	-
Total	\$ 86	\$ 217	\$ 303

The Bank's policy is that loans placed on non-accrual will typically remain on non-accrual status until all principal and interest payments are brought current and the prospect for future payment in accordance with the loan agreement appears relatively certain. The Bank's policy generally refers to six months of payment performance as sufficient to warrant a return to accrual status.

-19-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 4. TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCTURINGS - continued

During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 there were no newly restructured loans.

During the three months ended March 31, 2013 there were no newly restructured loans.

The following tables present newly restructured loans that occurred during the nine months ended March 31, 2013:

		March 31, 2013									
			(In The	ousands)							
			Interest								
	Rate	Term	Only	Payment	Combination	Total					
	Modification	Modification	Modification	Modification	Modification	Modification					
Pre-modification Outstanding											
Recorded Investment:											
Residential Mortgage (1-4											
family)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-					
Commercial Real Estate	-	-	-	-	243	243					
Real estate construction	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Home equity	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Consumer	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Total	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$243	\$243					

Nine Months Ended March 31, 2013 (In Thousands) Interest

Nine Months Ended

	Rate	Term	Only	Payment	Combination	Total
	Modification	Modification	Modification	Modification	Modification	Modification
Post-modification Outstanding						
Recorded Investment:						
Residential Mortgage (1-4						
family)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Commercial Real Estate	-	-	-	-	217	217
Real estate construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home equity	-	_	_	-	_	_
Consumer	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial	-	_	_	-	_	_
Total	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$217	\$217

There has been one default within 12 months after the troubled debt restructure. A default for purposes of this disclosure is a troubled debt restructured loan in which the borrower is 90 days past due or results in the foreclosure

and repossession of the applicable collateral. As of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, the Company had no commitments to lend additional funds to loan customers whose terms had been modified in trouble debt restructures.

-20-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 5. DEPOSITS

Deposits are summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2014 (In T	housand	June 30, 2013
Noninterest checking	\$ 59,889	\$	52,972
Interest-bearing checking	69,041		65,876
Savings	62,511		56,051
Money market	92,140		85,361
Time certificates of deposit	155,221		157,491
Total	\$ 438,802	\$	417,751

Time certificates of deposit include \$4,195,000 and \$0 related to a 5 year, 1.80% fixed rate brokered CD at March 31, 2014, and June 30, 2013, respectively.

NOTE 6. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was computed using 3,918,399 weighted average shares outstanding. Basic earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was computed using 3,752,813 weighted average shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share was computed using the treasury stock method by adjusting the number of shares outstanding by the shares purchased. The weighted average shares outstanding for the diluted earnings per share calculations was 3,973,202 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 3,937,255 for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

Basic earnings per share for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 was computed using 3,909,549 weighted average shares outstanding. Basic earnings per share for the nine months ended March 31, 2013 was computed using 3,739,806 weighted average shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share was computed using the treasury stock method by adjusting the number of shares outstanding by the shares purchased. The weighted average shares outstanding for the diluted earnings per share calculations was 3,976,599 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 3,933,105 for the nine months ended March 31, 2013.

NOTE 7. DIVIDENDS AND STOCK REPURCHASE PROGRAM

For the fiscal year July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013, Eagle paid dividends of \$0.07125 per share for the first three quarters and paid \$0.0725 per share in the fourth quarter. A dividend of \$0.0725 per share was declared on July 26, 2013, and paid September 6, 2013 to stockholders of record on August 16, 2013. A dividend of \$0.0725 per share was declared on October 29, 2013, and paid December 6, 2013 to shareholders of record on November 15, 2013. A dividend of \$0.0725 per share was declared on January 23, 2014, and paid March 7, 2014 to shareholders of record on February 14, 2014. A dividend of \$0.0725 per share was declared on April 24, 2014, payable on June 6, 2014 to shareholders of record on May 16, 2014.

On July 1, 2013, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized a common stock repurchase program for 150,000 shares of common stock, effective July 1, 2013. The program is intended to be implemented through purchases made from time to time in the open market or through private transactions.

The Company did not purchase any shares of our common stock during the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

NOTE 8. DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

The Company is exposed to certain risks relating to its ongoing business operations. The primary risk managed by using derivative instruments is interest rate risk. The Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement on August 27, 2010 with a third party to manage interest rate risk associated with a fixed-rate loan. The interest rate swap agreement effectively converted the loan's fixed rate into a variable rate. Derivatives and hedging accounting requires that the Company recognize all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value in the statement of financial position. In accordance with this guidance, the Company designates the interest rate swap on this fixed-rate loan as a fair value hedge.

-21-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 8. DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES - continued

The Company is exposed to credit-related losses in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to this agreement. The Company controls the credit risk of its financial contracts through credit approvals, limits and monitoring procedures, and does not expect any counterparties to fail their obligations. The Company deals only with primary dealers.

If certain hedging criteria specified in derivatives and hedging accounting guidance are met, including testing for hedge effectiveness, hedge accounting may be applied. The hedge effectiveness assessment methodologies for similar hedges are performed in a similar manner and are used consistently throughout the hedging relationships.

The hedge documentation specifies the terms of the hedged item and the interest rate swap. The documentation also indicates that the derivative is hedging a fixed-rate item, that the hedge exposure is to the changes in the fair value of the hedged item, and that the strategy is to eliminate fair value variability by converting fixed-rate interest payments to variable-rate interest payments.

For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as a fair value hedge, the gain or loss on the derivative as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in current earnings. The Company includes the gain or loss on the hedged items in the same line item—noninterest income—as the offsetting loss or gain on the related interest rate swap.

The hedged fixed rate loan has an original maturity of 20 years and is not callable. This loan is hedged with a "pay fixed rate, receive variable rate" swap with a similar notional amount, maturity, and fixed rate coupons. The swap is not callable. At March 31, 2014, and June 30, 2013, the loan had an outstanding principal balance of \$10,924,000, and \$11,191,000 and the interest rate swap had a notional value of \$10,924,000, and \$11,191,000, respectively.

Effect of Derivative Instruments on Statement of Financial Condition Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

		Asset I	Derivatives		Liabilities Derivatives					
	March :	31, 2014	June 3	30, 2013	March 31, 2014		June 3	30, 2013		
				(In T	housands)	ousands)				
	Balance		Balance		Balance		Balance			
	Sheet	Fair	Sheet	Fair	Sheet	Fair	Sheet	Fair		
	Location	Value	Location	Value	Location	Value	Location	Value		
Derivatives										
designated										
as hedging										
instruments										
under ASC 815					Other		Other			
Interest rate										
contracts	n/a	\$ -	n/a	\$ -	Liabilities	\$ 30	Liabilities	\$ 115		

Edgar Filing: Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. - Form 10-Q

Change in fair								
value of								
financial								
instrument being								
hedged under								
ASC 815								
Interest rate								
contracts	Loans	\$ 15	Loans	\$ 101	n/a	\$ -	n/a	\$ -

-22-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 8. DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES - continued

Effect of Derivative Instruments on Statement of Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (In Thousands)

1 of the	Timee Months Ended March 51, 2014	ana 2013				
	(In Thousands)					
			Amou	int of		
	Location of		(Loss)	Gain		
Derivatives Designated	(Loss) Gain		Recognized in			
as Hedging Instruments	Recognized in	In	come on	Derivat	ive	
Under ASC 815	Income on Derivative	2	014	20	2013	
Interest rate contracts	Noninterest income	\$	(72)	\$	43	
211000 01	Derivative Instruments on Statement	01 11100111				
For the	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014	and 2013				
	(In Thousands)					
			Amou	int of		
	Location of		(Loss)	Gain		
Derivatives Designated	(Loss) Gain		Recognized in			
as Hedging Instruments	Recognized in	Ir	come on	Derivat	ive	
Under ASC 815	Income on Derivative	2	014	20)13	
Interest rate contracts	Noninterest income	\$	(1)	\$	108	

Derivative loan commitments – Mortgage loan commitments are referred to as derivative loan commitments if the loan that will result from exercise of the commitment will be held for sale upon funding. The Company enters into commitments to fund residential mortgage loans at specified times in the future, with the intention that these loans will subsequently be sold in the secondary market. A mortgage loan commitment binds the Company to lend funds to a potential borrower at a specified interest rate and within a specified period of time, generally up to 60 days after inception of the rate lock.

Outstanding derivative loan commitments expose the Company to the risk that the price of the loans arising from exercise of the loan commitment might decline from inception of the rate lock to funding of the loan due to increases in mortgage interest rates. If interest rates increase, the value of these loan commitments decreases. Conversely, if interest rates decrease, the value of these loan commitments increases. The notional amount of interest rate lock commitments was \$4,189,000 and \$7,076,000 at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively. The fair value of such commitments was insignificant.

The Company has no other off-balance-sheet arrangements or transactions with unconsolidated, special purpose entities that would expose the Company to liability that is not reflected on the face of the financial statements.

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The price in the principal (or most advantageous) market used to measure the fair value of the asset or liability shall not be adjusted for transaction costs. An orderly transaction is a transaction that assumes exposure to the market for a period prior to the measurement date to allow for marketing activities that are usual and customary for transactions involving such assets and liabilities; it is not a forced transaction. Market participants are buyers and sellers in the principal market that are (i) independent, (ii) knowledgeable, (iii) able to transact and, (iv) willing to transact.

FASB ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that are consistent with the market approach, the income approach and/or the cost approach. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets and liabilities. The income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts, such as cash flows or earnings, to a single present amount on a discounted basis. The cost approach is based on the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement costs). Valuation techniques should be consistently applied. Inputs to valuation techniques refer to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from independent sources, or unobservable, meaning those that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. In that regard, FASB ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for valuation inputs that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs.

-23-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES – continued

The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1 Inputs - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date, or convert to cash in the short term.

Level 2 Inputs - Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (for example, interest rates, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 Inputs - Significant unobservable inputs that reflect an entity's own assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities.

A description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy, is set forth below.

In general, fair value is based upon quoted market prices, where available. If such quoted market prices are not available, fair value is based upon internally developed models that primarily use, as inputs, observable market-based parameters. Valuation adjustments may be made to ensure that financial instruments are recorded at fair value. While management believes the Company's valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

Available for Sale Securities – Securities classified as available for sale are reported at fair value utilizing Level 1 and Level 2 inputs. For these securities, the Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, the U. S. Treasury yield curve, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayments speeds, credit information and the bond's terms and conditions, among other things.

Impaired Loans – Impaired loans are reported at the fair value of the underlying collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Collateral values are estimated using Level 3 inputs based on internally customized discounting criteria.

Loans Held for Sale – These loans are reported at fair value. Fair value is determined based on expected proceeds based on sales contracts and commitments and are considered Level 2 inputs.

Repossessed Assets – Fair values are valued at the time the loan is foreclosed upon and the asset is transferred from loans. The value is based upon primary third party appraisals, less costs to sell. The appraisals are generally discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of valuation, and/or management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business. Such discounts are typically

significant and result in Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Repossessed assets are reviewed and evaluated on at least a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly, based on same or similar factors above.

Loan Subject to Fair Value Hedge – The Company has one loan that is carried at fair value subject to a fair value hedge. Fair value is determined utilizing valuation models that consider the scheduled cash flows through anticipated maturity and is considered a Level 2 input.

Derivative financial instruments – Fair values for interest rate swap agreements are based upon the amounts required to settle the contracts. These instruments are valued using Level 3 inputs utilizing valuation models that consider: (a) time value, (b) volatility factors and (c) current market and contractual prices for the underlying instruments, as well as other relevant economic measures. Although the Company utilizes counterparties' valuations to assess the reasonableness of its prices and valuation techniques, there is not sufficient corroborating market evidence to support classifying these assets and liabilities as Level 2.

-24-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES - continued

The following table summarizes financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value:

		Mai	rch 31, 2014	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair
	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs	Value
		(In	Thousands)	
Financial Assets:				
Available for sale securities				
U.S. Government and agency	\$ -	\$ 43,180	\$ -	\$ 43,180
Municipal obligations	-	79,873	-	79,873
Corporate obligations	-	5,917	-	5,917
Mortgage backed securities				
government backed	-	27,442	-	27,442
CMOs - government backed	-	34,868	-	34,868
Loan subject to fair value hedge	-	10,939	-	10,939
Loans held-for-sale	-	9,405	-	9,405
Financial Liability:				
Derivative financial instruments	-	30	-	30
		Jui	ne 30, 2013	
			,	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair
	Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs	Total Fair Value
		Level 2 Inputs	Level 3	
Financial Assets:		Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs	
Available for sale securities	Inputs	Level 2 Inputs (In	Level 3 Inputs Thousands)	Value
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency		Level 2 Inputs (In	Level 3 Inputs	Value \$ 50,931
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency Municipal obligations	Inputs	Level 2 Inputs (In \$ 50,931 84,436	Level 3 Inputs Thousands)	Value \$ 50,931 84,436
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency Municipal obligations Corporate obligations	Inputs	Level 2 Inputs (In	Level 3 Inputs Thousands)	Value \$ 50,931
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency Municipal obligations Corporate obligations Mortgage-backed securities	Inputs	Level 2 Inputs (In \$ 50,931 84,436 9,061	Level 3 Inputs Thousands)	\$ 50,931 84,436 9,061
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency Municipal obligations Corporate obligations Mortgage-backed securities government backed	Inputs	Level 2 Inputs (In \$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902	Level 3 Inputs Thousands)	\$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency Municipal obligations Corporate obligations Mortgage-backed securities government backed CMOs - government backed	Inputs	Level 2 Inputs (In \$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633	Level 3 Inputs Thousands)	\$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency Municipal obligations Corporate obligations Mortgage-backed securities government backed CMOs - government backed Loan subject to fair value hedge	Inputs	Level 2 Inputs (In \$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633 11,292	Level 3 Inputs Thousands)	\$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633 11,292
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency Municipal obligations Corporate obligations Mortgage-backed securities government backed CMOs - government backed Loan subject to fair value hedge Loans held-for-sale	Inputs	Level 2 Inputs (In \$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633	Level 3 Inputs Thousands)	\$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency Municipal obligations Corporate obligations Mortgage-backed securities government backed CMOs - government backed Loan subject to fair value hedge Loans held-for-sale Financial Liability:	\$	Level 2 Inputs (In \$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633 11,292 20,807	Level 3 Inputs Thousands) \$	\$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633 11,292 20,807
Available for sale securities U.S. Government and agency Municipal obligations Corporate obligations Mortgage-backed securities government backed CMOs - government backed Loan subject to fair value hedge Loans held-for-sale	\$	Level 2 Inputs (In \$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633 11,292	Level 3 Inputs Thousands) \$	\$ 50,931 84,436 9,061 26,902 47,633 11,292

The following tables present the changes in loan subject to fair value hedges and the related derivative financial instrument that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the dates indicated.

Edgar Filing: Eagle Bancorp Montana, Inc. - Form 10-Q

			Ur	realized ((Losses	o um		Purchase	es,			
	Balance In as of in N		Included Noninterest Income		Sales, Issuances, and Settlements, net			Balance as of March 31, 201			
				(In Tho	usan	ds)				
Financial Assets (Liability):											
Loan subject to fair value											
hedge	\$	10,857	\$	176		\$	(94)	\$	10,939	
Derivative financial											
instruments		218		(248)		-			(30)

-25-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES - continued

Financial Assets (Liability):		Balance as of July 1, 20		G	otal Real Unrealiz (Losses ains Incl n Noninte Income	eed s) uded erest	Is Se	Purchase Sales, suances, ttlements ds)	and	M	Balance as of Iarch 31, 2				
Loan subject to fair value															
hedge	\$	11,292		\$	(86)	\$	(267)	\$	10,939				
Derivative financial instruments		(115)		85			-			(30)			
		Balance	e		Total Realized/ Unrealized (Losses) Gains Included			Purchases, Sales,			Balance				
	Ja	as of anuary 1, 2	2013	iı	n Nonint		Se	and ettlement ds)		M	as of Iarch 31, 2	2013			
Financial Assets (Liability): Loan subject to fair value															
hedge	\$	12,132		\$	(153)	\$	(93)	\$	11,886				
Derivative financial instruments		(913)		196			-			(717)			
Financial Assets (Liability):	Balance as of July 1, 2012		Total Realized/ Unrealized (Losses) Gains Included in Noninterest Income (In The		Purchases, Sales, Issuances, and Settlements, net nousands)		, and	Balance as of March 31, 2013							
Loan subject to fair value hedge	\$	12,37	2	\$	(229)	\$	(257)	\$	11,886				
Derivative financial instruments	Ф			Ф	·)	φ	·)	φ		,			
msuuments		(1,054)	1)		337			-			(717)			

Certain financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis; that is, the instruments are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (for example, when there is evidence of impairment).

-26-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES - continued

The following table summarizes financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value:

	March 31, 2014 (In Thousands)									
	Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs	Total Fair Value						
Impaired loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 864	\$ 864						
Repossessed assets	-	-	458	458						
		June 30, 2013 (In Thousands)								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair						
	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs	Value						
Impaired loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,856	\$ 1,856						
Repossessed assets	-	-	550	550						

During the nine months ended March 31, 2014, certain impaired loans were remeasured and reported at fair value through a specific valuation allowance allocation of the allowance for possible loan losses based upon the fair value of the underlying collateral. Impaired loans with a carrying value of \$1,100,000 were reduced by specific valuation allowance allocations totaling \$236,000 to a total reported fair value of \$864,000 based on collateral valuations utilizing Level 3 valuation inputs.

-27-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES - continued

Quantitative Information about Significant Unobservable Inputs Used in Level 3 Fair Value Measurements – The following table represents the Banks's Level 3 financial assets and liabilities, the valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of those financial assets and liabilities, and the significant unobservable inputs and the ranges of values for those inputs:

Instrument	Fair Value at March 31, 2014	Principal Valuation Technique (Dollars In Thousa	Significant Unobservable Inputs ands)	Range of Significant Input Values
Impaired loans	\$ 864	Appraisal of collateral (1)	Appraisal adjustments	10-30%
Repossessed Assets	\$ 458	Appraisal of collateral (1)(3)	Liquidation expenses (2)	10-30%
Instrument	Fair Value at June 30, 2013	Principal Valuation Technique (Dollars In Thousa	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range of Significant Input Values
Impaired loans	\$ 1,856	Appraisal of collateral (1)	Appraisal adjustments	10-30%
Repossessed Assets	\$ 550	Appraisal of collateral (1)(3)	Liquidation expenses (2)	10-30%

- (1) Fair value is generally determined through independent appraisals of the underlying collateral, which generally include various level 3 inputs which are not identifiable, less associated allowance.
- (2) Appraisals may be adjusted by management for qualitative factors such as economic conditions and estimated liquidation expenses. The range of liquidation expenses and other appraisal adjustments are presented as a percent of the appraisal.
- (3) Includes qualitative adjustments by management and estimated liquidation expenses.

FASB ASC Topic 825 requires disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments, both assets and liabilities recognized and not recognized in the statement of financial position, for which it is practicable to estimate fair value. Below is a table that summarizes the fair market values of all financial instruments of the Company at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, followed by methods and assumptions that were used by the Company in estimating the fair value of the classes of financial instruments.

The fair value amounts of financial instruments have been determined by the Company using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required to interpret data to develop the estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

-28-

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES – continued

			March 31, 20)14	
			(In Thousand	ds)	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Carrying
	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs	Fair Value	Amount
Financial Assets:	•	•	•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,291	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,291	\$ 9,291
FHLB stock	1,878	-	-	1,878	1,878
Loans receivable, net	-	-	265,134	265,134	258,592
Accrued interest and dividends					
receivable	2,219	-	-	2,219	2,219
Mortgage servicing rights	-	-	4,774	4,774	3,602
Cash surrender value of life					
insurance	11,004	-	-	11,004	11,004
Financial Liabilities:					
Non-maturing interest bearing					
deposits	-	-	223,692	223,692	223,692
Non-interest bearing deposits	59,889	-	-	59,889	59,889
Time certificates of deposit	-	-	156,137	156,137	155,221
Accrued expenses and other					
liabilities	3,164	-	-	3,164	3,164
Advances from the FHLB &					
other borrowings	-	-	23,685	23,685	23,211
Subordinated debentures	-	-	3,855	3,855	5,155
Off-balance-sheet instruments					
Forward loan sales					
commitments	-	-	-		