DELAWARE INVESTMENTS FLORIDA INSURED MUNICIPAL INCOME FUND

Form N-Q

February 28, 2008

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM N-Q

QUARTERLY SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY

Investment Company Act file number: 811-7410

Exact name of registrant as specified in charter: Delaware Investments National

Municipal Income Fund

Address of principal executive offices: 2005 Market Street

Philadelphia, PA 19103

Name and address of agent for service: David F. Connor, Esq.

2005 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

Date of fiscal year end:

March 31

Date of reporting period: December 31, 2007

Item 1. Schedule of Investments.

Schedule of Investments (Unaudited)

<u>Delaware Investments National Municipal Income Fund (formerly Delaware Investments Florida Insured Municipal Income Fund)</u>

December 31, 2007

	Principal Amount
Municipal Bonds 🛘 154.72%	
Corporate Revenue Bond 🛮 0.98%	
Buckeye, Ohio Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Asset-Backed Senior Turbo Series A-2 6.50% 6/1/47	\$ 325,000
Education Revenue Bond [] 3.68%	
Florida Agriculture & Mechanical University Revenue (Student Apartment Facility) 5.625% 7/1/21 (MBIA)	1,250,000
Electric Revenue Bond ☐ 5.99%	
JEA Florida Electric Systems Revenue Series 3-A 5.00% 10/1/34 (FSA)	2,000,000
Health Care Revenue Bonds □ 18.47%	

Health Care Revenue Bonds [] 18.47%

Escambia County, Florida Health Facilities Authority (Florida Health Care Facilities - VHA Program) 5.95% 7/1/20 (AMBAC)

355,000

Lee Memorial Health System Board of Directors Refunding Series A 5.00% 4/1/20 (FSA) Miami-Dade County, Florida Public Facilities Revenue (Jackson Health Systems) Series A 5.00% 6/1/35 (MBIA) Orange County, Florida Health Facilities Authority Revenue (Orlando Regional Healthcare) Series A 6.25% 10/1/18 (MBIA)		1,000,000 1,500,000
South Broward Hospital District Florida Refunding 5.00% 5/1/35 (MBIA)		2,000,000 1,000,000
Housing Revenue Bonds [] 23.17% Broward County, Florida Housing Finance Authority (St. Croix Apartments Project) Series A 5.45% 11/1/36 (FSA) (Florida Housing Finance Agency	AMT)	925,000
(Homeowner Mortgage) Series 2 5.90% 7/1/29 (MBIA) (AMT)		355,000
(Leigh Meadows Apartments) Series N 6.30% 9/1/36 (AMBAC) (AMT) (HUD Section 8)		2,510,000
(Woodbridge Apartments Project) Series L		
6.05% 12/1/16 (AMBAC) (AMT)		1,040,000
6.25% 6/1/36 (AMBAC) (AMT)		1,500,000
Volusia County, Florida Multifamily Housing Finance Authority (San Marco Apartments) Series A		
5.60% 1/1/44 (FSA) (AMT)		1,500,000
I D D		
Lease Revenue Bonds [] 20.34% Broward County, Florida School Board Certificates of Participation Series A 5.25% 7/1/24 (FSA)		1,000,000
Florida State Municipal Loan Council Revenue Series A 5.00% 2/1/35 (MBIA)		2,000,000
Orange County, Florida School Board Certificates of Participation Series A 5.00% 8/1/27 (MBIA)		1,250,000
Palm Beach County, Florida School Board Certificates of Participation Series D 5.00% 8/1/28 (FSA) South Florida Water Management District Certificate of Participation 5.00% 10/1/36 (AMBAC)		1,500,000 1,000,000
Journ Florida Water Fluingement District Certificate of Farticipation 3.00% 10/1/30 (AMDAC)		1,000,000
Local General Obligation Bond [] 3.03%		
Port St. Lucie, Florida 5.00% 7/1/35 (MBIA)		1,000,000
§Pre-Refunded Bonds ☐ 9.44% Florida State Board of Education (Capital Outlay Public Education) Series C 6.00% 6/1/21-10 (FGIC)		2,000,000
Tampa, Florida Utility Tax Improvement Series A 6.125% 10/1/19-09 (AMBAC)		1,000,000
Special Tax Revenue Bonds ☐ 29.95%		
Flagler County, Florida Capital Improvement Revenue 5.00% 10/1/35 (MBIA)		1,000,000
Florida State Department of Transportation (Right of Way) 5.00% 7/1/31 (FGIC)		1,525,000
Jacksonville, Florida Sales Tax Revenue (Better Jacksonville) 5.00% 10/1/30 (MBIA) Jacksonville, Florida Transportation Revenue 5.25% 10/1/29 (MBIA)		1,500,000 2,000,000
ΩMiami-Dade County, Florida Special Obligation (Capital Appreciation & Income) Series B 5.00% 10/1/35 (MBIA)		2,000,000
Seminole County, Florida Sales Tax Revenue Series A 5.00% 10/1/31 (MBIA)		1,000,000
St. Johns County, Florida Sale Tax Revenue 5.00% 10/1/36 (MBIA)		1,000,000
State General Obligation Bond [] 4.09%		
Puerto Rico Commonwealth Refunding (Public Improvement) Series A 5.50% 7/1/19 (MBIA)		1,250,000
Transportation Revenue Bonds [] 15.68% Florida Ports Financing Commission Revenue (State Transportation Trust Fund) 5.375% 6/1/27 (MBIA) (AMT)	1,000,000	
Miami-Dade County, Florida Aviation Revenue (Miami International Airport) Series B 5.00% 10/1/37 (FGIC)	2,250,000	
Miami-Dade County, Florida Expressway Authority Toll Systems Revenue		
5.00% 7/1/37 (AMBAC)	1,000,000	
Series B 5.00% 7/1/33 (FGIC)	1,000,000	
Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds ☐ 19.90%		
Cape Coral, Florida Water & Sewer Revenue 4.75% 10/1/31 (AMBAC)	1,000,000	
JEA Florida Water & Sewer Systems Revenue Sub-Second Crossover Series B 5.00% 10/1/25 (MBIA) Riviera Beach, Florida Utilities Special District Florida Water & Sewer Revenue 5.00% 10/1/34 (FGIC)	1,000,000 1,200,000	
Village Center Community Development District Florida Utility Revenue 5.00% 10/1/36 (MBIA)	1,500,000	
Winter Haven Utilities Systems Florida Revenue 5.00% 10/1/30 (MBIA)	1,915,000	

Total Municipal Bonds (cost \$51,928,599)

Short-Term Investments □ 1.76%	
Variable Rate Demand Notes [] 1.76%	
Philadelphia Authority for Industrial Development Revenue (Newcourtland Elder Services Project) 3.67% 3/1/27	400,000
University of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Commonwealth System of Higher Education Refunding	
(University Capital Project) Series B 3.38% 9/15/27	200,000
Total Short-Term Investments (cost \$600,000)	
Total Value of Securities [] 156.48%	
(cost \$52,528,599)	
Receivables and Other Assets Net of Liabilities (See Notes) [] 2.26%	
Liquidation Value of Preferred Stock [] (58.74%)	

 Ω Step coupon bond. Indicates security that has a zero coupon that remains in effect until a predetermined date at which time the stated interest rate becomes effective.

§Pre-Refunded bonds. Municipals that are generally backed or secured by U.S. Treasury bonds. For pre-refunded bonds, the stated maturity is followed by the year in which the bond is pre-refunded. See Note 3 in [Notes.]

□Variable rate security. The rate shown is the rate as of December 31, 2007.

Net Assets Applicable to 2,422,200 Shares Outstanding ☐ 100.00%

Summary of Abbreviations:

AMBAC

Insured by the AMBAC Assurance Corporation

AMT

Subject to Alternative Minimum Tax

FGIC

Insured by the Financial Guaranty Insurance Company

FSA

Insured by Financial Security Assurance

HUD

Housing and Urban Development

MBIA

Insured by the Municipal Bond Insurance Association

VHA

Veterans Health Administration

Notes

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies are in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and are consistently followed by Delaware Investments National Municipal Income Fund (formerly Delaware Investments Florida Insured Municipal Income Fund) (Fund).

Security Valuation - Long-term debt securities are valued by an independent pricing service and such prices are believed to reflect the fair value of such securities. Short-term debt securities having less than 60 days to maturity are valued at amortized cost, which approximates value. Generally other securities and assets for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith under the direction of the Fund's Board of Directors/Trustees. In determining whether market quotations are readily available or fair valuation will be used, various factors will be taken into consideration, such as market closures, aftermarket trading or significant events after local market trading (e.g., government actions or pronouncements, trading volume or volatility on markets, exchanges among dealers, or news events).

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Statement No. 157 [Fair Value Measurements] (Statement 157). Statement 157 establishes a framework for measuring fair value in U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, clarifies the definition of fair value within that framework, and expands disclosures about the use of fair value measurements. Statement 157 is intended to increase consistency and comparability among fair value estimates used in financial reporting. Statement 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Management does not expect the adoption of Statement 157 to have a material impact on the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Federal Income Taxes - The Fund intends to continue to qualify for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and make the requisite distributions to shareholders. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes has been made in the financial statements.

Effective December 31, 2007, the Fund adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" (FIN 48). FIN 48 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented, and disclosed in the financial statements. FIN 48 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Fund's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the

current year. The adoption of FIN 48 did not result in the recording of any tax benefit or expense in the current period.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Other - Expenses directly attributable to the Fund are charged directly to the Fund. Other expenses common to various funds within the Delaware Investments® Family of Funds are generally allocated amongst such funds on the basis of average net assets. Management fees and some other expenses are paid monthly. Security transactions are recorded on the date the securities are purchased or sold (trade date) for financial reporting purposes. Costs used in calculating realized gains and losses on the sale of investment securities are those of the specific securities sold. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Discounts and premiums are amortized to interest income over the lives of the respective securities. The Fund declares and pays dividends from net investment income monthly and distributions from net realized gain on investments, if any, at least annually.

In addition, in order to satisfy certain distribution requirements of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, the Fund may declare special year-end dividend and capital gains distributions during November or December to shareholders of record on a date in such month. Such distributions, if received by shareholders by January, are deemed to have been paid by a Fund and received by shareholders on the earlier of the date paid or December 31 of the prior year.

2. Investments

At December 31, 2007, the cost of investments for federal income tax purposes has been estimated since the final tax characteristics cannot be determined until fiscal year end. At December 31, 2007, the cost of investments and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the Fund were as follows:

Cost of investments	\$52,528,599
Aggregate unrealized appreciation_	\$ 1,129,979
Aggregate unrealized depreciation	(382,614)
Net unrealized appreciation	\$ 747,365

3. Credit and Market Risk

The Fund uses leverage in the form of preferred shares. Leveraging may result in a higher degree of volatility because the Fund[s net asset value could be more sensitive to fluctuations in short-term interest rates and changes in market value of portfolio securities attributable to the leverage.

The Fund concentrates its investments in securities issued by municipalities. The value of these investments may be adversely affected by new legislation within the state, regional or local economic conditions, and differing levels of supply and demand for municipal bonds. Many municipalities insure repayment for their obligations. Although bond insurance reduces the risk of loss due to default by an issuer, such bonds remain subject to the risk that value may fluctuate for other reasons and there is no assurance that the insurance company will meet its obligations. These securities have been identified in the Schedule of Investments.

The Fund may invest in advanced refunded bonds, escrow secured bonds or defeased bonds. Under current federal tax laws and regulations, state and local government borrowers are permitted to refinance outstanding bonds by issuing new bonds. The issuer refinances the outstanding debt to either reduce interest costs or to remove or alter restrictive covenants imposed by the bonds being refinanced. A refunding transaction where the municipal securities are being refunded within 90 days from the issuance of the refunding issue is known as a "current refunding." [Advance refunded bonds[] are bonds in which the refunded bond issue remains outstanding for more than 90 days following the issuance of the refunding issue. In an advance refunding, the issuer will use the proceeds of a new bond issue to purchase high grade interest bearing debt securities which are then deposited in an irrevocable escrow account held by an escrow agent to secure all future payments of principal and interest and bond premium of the advance refunded bond. Bonds are "escrowed to maturity" when the proceeds of the refunding issue are deposited in an escrow account for investment sufficient to pay all of the principal and interest on the original interest payment and maturity dates.

Bonds are considered "pre-refunded" when the refunding issue's proceeds are escrowed only until a permitted call date or dates on the refunded issue with the refunded issue being redeemed at the time, including any required premium. Bonds become "defeased" when the rights and interests of the bondholders and of their lien on the pledged revenues or other security under the terms of the bond contract are substituted with an alternative source of revenues (the escrow securities) sufficient to meet payments of principal and interest to maturity or to the first call dates. Escrowed secured bonds will often receive a rating of AAA from Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor standard & Poo

The Fund may invest up to 15% of its total assets in illiquid securities, which may include securities with contractual restrictions on resale, securities exempt from registration under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and other securities which may not be readily marketable. The relative illiquidity of these securities may impair the Fund from disposing of them in a timely manner and at a fair price when it is necessary or desirable to do so. While maintaining oversight, the Fund\[Gamma]s Board of Trustees has delegated to Delaware Management Company the day-to-day functions of determining whether individual securities are liquid for purposes of the Fund's limitation on investments in illiquid assets. As of December 31, 2007, there were no Rule 144A securities and no securities have been determined to be illiquid under the Fund\[Gamma]s Liquidity Procedures.

Item 2. Controls and Procedures.

The registrant sprincipal executive officer and principal financial officer have evaluated the registrant sisclosure controls and procedures within 90 days of the filing of this report and have concluded that they are effective in providing reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the registrant in its reports or statements filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

There were no significant changes in the registrant \square s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant \square s last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant \square s internal control over financial reporting.

Item 3. Exhibits.

File as exhibits as part of this Form a separate certification for each principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the registrant as required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the Act (17 CFR 270.30a -2(a)), exactly as set forth below: