BANK BRADESCO Form 6-K August 09, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of August, 2007

Commission File Number 1-15250

BANCO BRADESCO S.A.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

BANK BRADESCO

(Translation of Registrant's name into English)

Cidade de Deus, s/n, Vila Yara 06029-900 - Osasco - SP Federative Republic of Brazil (Address of principal executive office)

(Clauses of principal checality)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.
Form 20-FX Form 40-F
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
Yes NoX
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Banco Bradesco S.A.

Corporate Taxpayer s ID CNPJ 60.746.948/0001-12	BOVESPA	BBDC3 (common) and BBDC4 (preferred)	NYSE	BBD	LATIBEX XBBDC
		_			

Main Indicators (%)

Indicators		2006		2007			
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	YTD
CDI	4.04	3.58	7.76	3.03	2.89	6.00	13.16
Ibovespa	13.44	(3.48)	9.49	2.99	18.74	22.30	48.49
USD Commercial Rate	(7.19)	(0.37)	(7.54)	(4.10)	(6.05)	(9.90)	(11.00)
IGP-M	0.70	0.71	1.41	1.11	0.34	1.46	3.90
IPCA IBGE	1.44	0.10	1.54	1.26	0.81	2.08	3.69
TJLP	2.18	1.98	4.20	1.59	1.59	3.20	6.84
TR	0.51	0.47	0.98	0.48	0.39	0.87	1.93
Savings Deposits	2.03	1.98	4.05	1.99	1.91	3.94	8.21
Number of Business Days	63	61	124	62	62	124	249

Closing Amount

Indicators	200	2007		
	March	June	March	June
USD Commercial Rate for Sale (R\$)	2.1724	2.1643	2.0504	1.9262
Euro (R\$)	2.6327	2.7681	2.7389	2.6073
Country Risk (Points)	235	246	167	160
Selic Copom Base Rate (% p.a.)	16.50	15.25	12.75	12.00
Pre-BM&F Rate 1 year (% p.a.)	14.84	14.78	11.85	10.77

Compulsory Deposit Rates (%)

Rates and Limits (%)

Deposits	200	06	2007		2007		Items	2007 Items		2006		2007	
	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.		1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.				
Demand													
Deposits (1)	45	45	45	45	Income Tax	25	25	25	25				
Additional (2)	8	8	8	8	Social Contribution	9	9	9	9				
	15	15	15	15	PIS (1)	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65				

Time Deposits									
Additional (2)	8	8	8	8	Cofins (2)	4	4	4	4
Savings					Legal Reserve on Net				
Account (4)	20	20	20	20	Income	5	5	5	5
					Maximum Fixed Assets				
Additional (2)	10	10	10	10	(3)	50	50	50	50
					Capital Adequacy Ratio				
					(Basel) ⁽⁴⁾	11	11	11	11
					(1) The rate applicable to no	n-financi	al and sin	nilar com	panies
(1) Cash deposit No remuneration.					is 1.65% (non-cumulative P	IS).			
					(2) The rate applicable to no	n-financi	al and sin	nilar com	panies
(2) Cash deposit	Compensa	ation by S	Selic rate.		is 7.60% (non-cumulative C	ofins).			
(3) Restricted Sec	urities Fr	om the ar	nount calc	ulated	(3) Maximum Fixed Assets	are applie	ed over Re	eference	
at 15%, R\$300 mi					Equity.	11			
(4) Cash deposit	Compens	ation by l	Reference	Rate	(4) Reference Equity may not be lower than 11% of Weighted				
(TR) + interest of	•	•			Assets.				-

Forward-Looking Statements

This Report on Economic and Financial Analysis contains forward-looking statements relative to our business, which are based on management s current expectations, estimates and projections about future events and financial trends, which could affect our business. Words such as: believes, anticipates, plans, expects, intends, aims, evaluate predicts, foresees, projects, guidelines, should and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements, however, do not guarantee future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, which could be beyond our control. Furthermore, certain forward-looking statements are based on assumptions which, depending on future events, may prove to be inaccurate. Therefore, actual results may differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, projections and intentions expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements.

Factors which could modify actual results include, among others, changes in regional, national and international commercial and economic conditions; inflation rates; increase in customer delinquency on the account of borrowers in loan operations, with the consequent increase in the allowance for loan losses; loss of funding capacity; loss of clients or revenues; our capacity to sustain and improve performance; changes in interest rates which could, among others, adversely affect our margins; competition in the banking sector, in financial services, credit card services, insurance, asset management and other related sectors; government regulations and fiscal matters; disputes or adverse legal proceedings or ruling; as well as credit risks and other loan and investment activity risks.

Accordingly, the reader should not place excessive reliance on these forward-looking statements. These statements are valid only as at the date they were prepared. Except as required under applicable legislation, we assume no obligation whatsoever to update these statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or any other motive.

Risk Factors and Critical Accounting Practices

To assure Bradesco's adhesion to the best international practices for transparency and corporate governance, we point out Risk Factors and Critical Accounting Practices. We consider these factors and practices the most significant and those which could affect our daily business, the results of our operations or our financial position. We stress that Bradesco addresses the management of all risks inherent to its activities in a complete and integrated manner. This integrated approach facilitates the improvement of risk management models and avoids the existence of any gap that could jeopardize the correct identification and assessment of these risks.

Risks Relating to Brazil

1) Brazilian political and economic conditions have direct impact on our business and on the market value of our stocks and ADSs

All of our operations and clients are mainly located in Brazil. Accordingly, our financial condition and results of operations are substantially dependent on the Brazilian economy, which in the past has been characterized by frequent intervention by the Brazilian Government and volatile economic cycles. In addition, our financial condition and the market value of our stocks and ADSs may also be adversely affected by changes in policy involving exchange controls, tax and other matters, as well as factors such as: fluctuations in exchange rates, interest rate, inflation rates, and other political, diplomatic, social and economic developments inside and outside Brazil that affect the country.

We cannot control or predict which measures or policies the Brazilian Government may take in response to the current or future situation of the Brazilian economy or how these measures or policies may affect the Brazilian economy and, both directly and indirectly, our operations and revenues.

2) If Brazil undergoes a period of high inflation in the future, our revenues and the market value of our stocks and ADSs may be reduced

In the last 15 years, Brazil has undergone extremely high inflation rates, with annual rates (IGP DI from Fundação Getulio Vargas) reaching as high as 2,708% in 1993. More recently, Brazil s inflation rates were 1.2% in 2005, 3.8% in 2006 and 1.4% in the 1st half of 2007. Inflation and governmental measures to combat it have had in past years significant negative effects on the Brazilian economy. In addition, public speculation about possible future actions has also contributed to economic uncertainty in Brazil and to heightened volatility in the Brazilian securities markets. If Brazil suffers a period of high inflation in the future, our costs may increase, our operating and net margins may decrease and, if investor s confidence lags, the price of our stocks and ADSs may drop. Inflationary pressures may curtail our ability to access foreign financial markets and may occasionally lead to further government interventions in the economy, including the introduction of government policies that may adversely affect the overall performance of the Brazilian economy.

3) Access to international capital markets by Brazilian companies is influenced by the perception of risk in emerging economies, which may harm our ability to finance our operations

The market of securities issued by Brazilian companies is influenced by economic and market conditions in Brazil and, at different levels, by the market conditions in other Latin American countries and other emerging countries. Although economic conditions in these countries may significantly differ from the Brazilian economic conditions, the investors reaction to events in these countries may have an adverse effect in the market value of the Brazilian companies securities. Crises in other emerging countries or economic policies in other countries, specially in United States and European Union countries, may reduce the demand of investors for Brazilian companies securities, including ours. Any of the events described above may negatively affect the market price of our stocks and make harder or even prevent our access to capital markets and our financing in future operations in acceptable conditions.

4) Developments in other emerging markets may adversely affect the market value of our stocks and ADSs

The market value of our stocks and ADSs may be adversely affected by declines in the international financial markets and world economic conditions. The Brazilian securities market is influenced by the local and other emerging countries economy, especially those in Latin America. Although economic conditions are different in each country, investors reaction to developments in one country may affect the securities markets and the securities issued in other countries, including Brazil.

Occasionally, developments in other countries have adversely affected the market value of our and other Brazilian companies stocks, as investors high risk perception due to crises in other emerging markets may lead to reduced levels of investment in Brazil and, in addition, may hurt our ability to finance our operations through the international capital markets. If the economic situation in Latin America deteriorates, or if similar developments occur in the international financial markets in the future, the market value of our stocks and ADSs may be adversely affected.

Risks Relating to Bradesco and the Brazilian Banking and Insurance Industries

1) The Brazilian Government regulates the operations of Brazilian banks and insurance companies, and changes in prevailing laws and regulations or the imposition of new ones may adversely affect our operations and results

Brazilian banks and insurance companies are subject to extensive and continuous regulatory review by the Brazilian Government. We have no control over government regulations, which govern all facets of our operations, including the imposition of minimum reference equity and capital requirements, compulsory deposits, loan limits and other loan restrictions.

The regulatory structure governing Brazilian banks and insurance companies is continuously evolving, and the laws and regulations could be amended. Besides, the enforcement or interpretation of laws and regulations could change, and new laws and regulations could be adopted. Such changes could materially affect in a negative manner our operations and our results.

Regulatory changes affecting other businesses in which we are engaged, including our broker dealer, consortium and leasing operations, could also have an adverse effect on our operations and our results.

2) The increasingly competitive environment in the Brazilian bank and insurance industries may adversely affect our business prospects

We face significant competition in all of our principal areas of operation from other large Brazilian banks and public and private insurance companies. Brazilian regulations raise limited barriers only to market entry and do not differentiate between local or foreign commercial and investment banks and insurance companies. As a result, the growing presence of foreign banks and insurance companies in Brazil, some of which have greater resources than we do, has grown the competition both in the banking and insurance industries. The privatization of publicly-owned banks has also made the Brazilian markets for banking and other financial services more competitive.

The increased competition may negatively affect our business results and prospects by, among other things: limiting our ability to increase our customer base and expand our operations; reducing our profit margins on the banking, insurance, leasing services and other products we offer; and increasing competition for foreign investment opportunities.

Furthermore, additional publicly-owned banks and insurance companies may be privatized in the future. The acquisition of a bank or insurance company in a privatization process by one of our competitors would generally add to the acquirers market share, and as a result we may face increased competition from the acquirer.

3) Some of our common stocks are held by two stockholders, whose interests may conflict with other investors interests

On June 30, 2007 Cidade de Deus Companhia Comercial de Participações held 48.46% of our common stocks and Fundação Bradesco directly and indirectly held 48.32% of our common stocks. As a result, these stockholders have the power to prevent a change in control of our company, even if a transaction of that nature would be beneficial to our other stockholders, as well as to approve related-party transactions or corporate reorganizations, which may not be beneficial to our other stockholders.

III

Critical Accounting Practices

Bradesco s results are susceptible to accounting policies, assumptions and estimates. It is incumbent upon the Management to adopt proper accounting policies and provide reasonable and suitable judgments and estimates when preparing the financial statements.

Our relevant accounting policies are outlined in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements included in chapter 8 of this Report.

In terms of materiality, the following 5 items outline the accounting policies deemed as critical, as well as areas requiring a greater judgment and estimate or involving a higher level of complexity, which may affect our financial condition and the results of our operations. The accounting estimates made under such context impel us to make assumptions on highly uncertain issues. In each case, if we had made other estimates, or if changes in estimates had occurred period by period, these could have significantly impacted our financial condition or the results of our operations:

1) Allowance for Loan Losses

We periodically adjust our allowance for loan losses, which include leasing operations and other operations with loan characteristic, based on the analysis of our portfolio, including probable losses estimate in these segments at the end of each period.

The determination of allowance for loan losses amount by its nature requires us to make judgments and assumptions related to our loan operations portfolio, not only on an individual basis, but also on a portfolio basis. When we revise our portfolio as a whole, various factors may affect our estimate of probable extension of losses, including the methodology we use to measure historical rates of delinquency and the historical period we take into account in such measurements. When we revise loan operations on an individual basis, we make judgments related to the factors, which most probably should affect the risk levels and which specific credit rating we should attribute. Additional factors, which may affect our determination of allowance for loan losses include:

general economic conditions in Brazil and conditions of relevant sector;

previous experience with borrower or relevant sector of economy, including losses recent experience; credit quality trends;

guarantees amounts and quality of a loan operation;

volume, composition and growth of our loan operations portfolio;

Brazilian Government s monetary policy; and

any delays when receiving information necessary to assess loan operations or confirm the deterioration of existing credit.

Our determination of allowance for loan losses is influenced by the risk rating of each loan operation. By assuming a positive fluctuation of 1% in delinquency ratio expected for our loan operations portfolio in full performance on June 30, 2007, the allowance for loan losses would increase approximately R\$44 million. Such sensitivity analysis is hypothetical and intends to illustrate the risk rating and loss severity impact on our allowance for loan losses and, thus, must not be considered as an observation of our expectations for future determinations of risk rating or future alterations in loss severity. In view of the procedures we observe, in order to determine our risk rating of loan portfolio and our assessment of loss severity, we believe that the current risk rating and the estimate of loss severity for our loan portfolio are appropriate.

For further information about our practices referring to the allowance for loan losses, see content of loan operations included in chapter 3 and notes 3e and 10 included in the chapter 8 hereof.

2) Assessment of Securities and Derivatives

The financial instruments recorded at fair value in our financial statements mainly include securities classified as for trading, available for sale and other trading assets, including derivatives. The fair value is defined as the value in which a position could be closed or sold in a transaction with a party aware of the issue and willing to trade, without any benefit.

We estimate the fair value by using market-quoted prices when available. We observe that the fair value may be affected by the volume of stocks traded and also may not reflect the control premiums resulting from stockholder agreements, those holding significant investments. However, the Management believes that market-quoted prices are the fair value best indicators.

IV

When market-quoted prices are not available, we use models to estimate the fair value. The factors used in these models include distributors—quotations, pricing models, prices of instruments with similar characteristics and discounted cash flows. The pricing based on models also uses information about interest rates, exchange rates, options volatility, when these are relevant and available.

In the determination of fair value, when market-quoted prices are not available, we have the Management s judgment, since the models depend on our judgment concerning the weight to be attributed to different factors and the quality of information we receive. For instance, reliable market data, when estimating the impact of maintaining a high position are generally limited. Likewise, we use our judgment in the estimate of prices when there is no external parameter. Should we make incorrect assumptions or the model itself makes correlations or incorrect assumptions, the value of income or loss recorded for a specific asset or liability may be improper. The judgment shall also determine if a decline in fair value below the up-to-date cost of a security held to maturity or security available for sale is not temporary, so that to require we recognize a devaluation of up-to-date cost and we may reflect such reduction as expense. In the assessment, if devaluation is not temporary, the Management decides the historical period to be considered and the level of severity of a loss.

Such assessment methods may lead Bradesco to different results, if models used or assumptions and estimates are inaccurate.

For further information about our practices referring to the assessment of securities and derivative financial instruments, see Notes 3c, 3d and 8 included in Chapter 8 of this Report.

3) Classification of Securities

The classification of securities occurs in three categories: for trading, available for sale and held to maturity. This classification is based on the Management s intent, on the date of acquisition of securities, of maintaining or trading such securities. The accounting treatment of securities held depends on our classification upon their acquisition. Circumstantial changes may modify our strategy related to a specific security, which will require a transfer among the three categories.

The classification of securities can be found in Note 8 included in Chapter 8 of this Report.

4) Taxes on Income

The determination of the amount of our taxes and contributions is related to the analysis of our deferred tax assets and liabilities, and taxes on income payable. Generally, our assessment requires us to estimate the future values of deferred tax assets and taxes on income payable. Our assessment about the possibility of a deferred tax asset to be realized is subjective and involves evaluations and assumptions originally uncertain. The realization of deferred tax assets is subject to alterations in future tax rates and the development of our tax planning strategies. The support to our assessments and assumptions may change over time as a result of unpredictable occurrences or circumstances, influencing the determination of the value of our tax liabilities.

We constantly monitor and assess the impact of new tax laws on our liabilities, which could affect the assessments and assumptions of our analysis about the possibility of realizing deferred tax assets. For further information about Bradesco s taxes on income, see Notes 3f and 34 to our financial statements included in Chapter 8 of this Report.

5) Use of Estimates

Our Management estimates and makes assumptions, which include the amount of provisions for deferred taxes, the assumptions for the calculation of allowance for loan losses, the assumptions for calculations of technical provisions for insurance, private pension plans and certificated savings plans, the choice of useful lives of certain assets and the

determination of whether an asset or group of specific assets was deteriorated. The estimates are based on the judgment and available information. Therefore, effective results may differ from such estimates.

V

Corporate Strategy

We understand that the expansion of the Brazilian economy, jointly with a strong growth of the Brazilian population, will increase the demand for such services. Under such context, our main objective is to maintain the focus on the domestic market and take advantage of our position as the largest private bank in Brazil, to expand profitability, maximize value to our stockholders and generate higher returns compared to other Brazilian financial institutions.

We intend to achieve such goals with a strategy not only to continuously expand our customer base, but also to consolidate our role as the priority bank of each of our clients, so that to be their first option towards their financial services needs. Our goal is to be a Banco Completo (All-inclusive Bank) in the Brazilian market. In this regard, we strive to maintain a remarkable presence in every line of financial services.

In the banking segment, we aim at rendering the most varied range of services as a retail bank, supported by a staff with more than 80 thousand employees, a wide Service Network, including our Branches, Corporate Site Branches, Banco Postal and Bradesco Expresso (Correspondent Banks), besides the ATMs, always concerned with the expansion of business volume. We are also focused on expanding our businesses as a wholesale bank in all its aspects (investment bank and corporate business) and expand our private banking business.

In the insurance segment, we intend to consolidate Bradesco Seguros e Previdência leadership, and in relation to the supplementary private pension segment, we intend to take advantage of our ongoing expansion of demand for our private pension products.

In every line of our operation, we intend to stand out and be recognized by our clients as leaders in terms of performance and efficiency.

We understand that the essence of business success in the financial sector consists of the combination between winning the client and a team highly qualified and devoted to the rendering of services, permanently trained and with rigid discipline standards at work. Our growth plans are not only translated into seeking the addition of new clients but are also focused on the frequent improvement of products and distribution channels. It is fundamental to promote the business, the treatment given to our team in terms of qualification, promotion and creation of a solidarity culture at work, with a view to fomenting an environment where our employees may develop a career enduring during their entire professional life.

Finally, the main component of our philosophy is to conduct the business according to the highest ethical standards. Therefore, our strategy is always guided by seeking the best Corporate Governance practices and by the understanding that Bradesco, besides being a source of profits to its stockholders, should also be a building element in our society.

The key elements of our business strategy are:

expansion by means of organic growth;

performance based on the Bank-Insurance Model, which is a business model of a large banking institution, having as subsidiary an important insurance company, with a view to maintaining our profitability and consolidating our leadership in the insurance industry;

increase of revenues, profitability and value to our stockholders, by consolidating our loan operations, our main activity, and the expansion of new products and services;

maintenance of our commitment to the technological innovation;

profitability and return to the stockholders by means of improved efficiency ratio;

maintenance of acceptable risk levels in our operations; and

expansion by means of strategic alliances and selective acquisitions, when these are beneficial.

1) To expand main business areas by means of organic growth

The Brazilian economy has been showing solidity over the past years and has been creating strategic opportunities for financial and insurance segments growth, mainly by means of increased business volume. We intend to take advantage of such opportunities to increase our revenues, obtain profitability and maximize value to the stockholders, as outlined as follows:

benefiting from the opportunity in the Brazilian markets to obtain new clients with loan and financial needs only partially met, incrementing the competition for a small level of clients with higher income levels;

expanding our financial services distribution, by using creativity in developing new products, solidly employing non-traditional means, for instance, expanding our credit cards offer and extension of loan granting to stores, by utilizing alliances with such stores and rendering services via Banco Postal;

VI

using the distribution channels in benefit of the Bank, including our traditional branch network and technology to access the Internet in order to identify demand for new products;

offering our customer base, broadly, our products and services;

using the systems of our Branches, with a view to assessing and monitoring the use of our products by clients, so that to drive them to the appropriate sale, delivery and commercialization platforms; and

developing varied products, in compliance with the needs of our current and potential clients.

2) To operate based on the Insurance Bank Model,in order to maintain the profitability and consolidate Bradesco s leadership in the insurance industry

Our goal is to be the priority bank for our clients, thus increasing attendance according to their banking, insurance and private pension needs. We believe to be in a privileged position to capitalize the synergy among banking, insurance, private pension services and other financial activities in order to sell our traditional banking products and insurance and private pension products, by means of our branch network, our brokers and dealerships network, distribution services via Internet and our creativity in developing new distribution channels.

Concurrently, we aim at increasing profitability levels of insurance and supplementary private pension plans segments, by using the profitability measure rather than the volume of underwritten premium or amounts deposited, as observed as follows:

maintaining our current policy of carefully assessing the car insurance risks and rejecting them in events where risks are too high;

intensively trading our products; and

maintaining acceptable risk levels in our operations by means of a strategy of:

- setting priorities to insurance underwriting opportunities, according to the risk spread, between the revenue expected pursuant to the terms of insurance agreement and the amount of projected claims (statistically) to be due under the terms of such agreement;
- carrying out hedge transactions, so as to set out the mismatch between the real inflation index and provisions for adjustments of interest rates and inflation in long-term agreements;
- entering into reinsurance agreements with renowned reinsurance companies, executed by means of IRB-Brasil Resseguros (IRB), viewing to reducing the exposure to great risks; and
- using reinsurance contracts with important reinsurance companies.

3) Increased revenues from banking activities, profitability and value to stockholders, by reinforcing loan operations and expanding new products and services

We are concerned about the increase of revenues and profitability in our banking operations, with the following measures:

carrying out our traditional deposit-taking activities and loan operations, continuously seeking to improve the quality of our loan portfolio, by means of risk mitigation plans and improvement in the assessment of loan granting ratings; building our customer base, legal entities and individuals, by offering services meeting the needs of specific clients, including foreign exchange services and import/export financing;

intensively seeking the development of paid services based on fees, such as collection and payment processing for current and potential clients;

expanding our financial services and products distributed out of our conventional means of branches, such as credit card activities, taking advantage of change in the consumers behavior concerning the financial services consumption; increasing our revenues from asset management and private pension plans; and

continuously building our high-income customer base, by providing a varied range of tailor-made financial products and services, and offering maximum efficiency in asset management.

4) To maintain Bradesco s commitment to technological innovation

The development of efficient means to reach clients and to process operations is a key element of our goal to increase our profitability and thus obtain coordinated growth opportunities. Recently, Bradesco resolved to reinforce such strategy with the challenge of changing our technological model, with a view to definitively maintaining Bradesco s market leadership in the industry in terms of technology. Thus, Bradesco set a task force devoted to the advance of our profile and public perception towards technology.

We believe that technology offers unequalled opportunities to reach our clients efficiently in terms of costs and with satisfactory levels of security. We maintain the commitment of being ahead in the banking automation process, by creating opportunities for Brazilians to contact us via the Internet. We expect to continue increasing the number of clients and operations carried out through the Internet, by means of techniques, such as:

by continuously installing stations of access to the Internet (Web Points) in public sites, allowing clients to use our banking system via the Internet, whether or not they have access to a personal computer;

by enlarging our mobile banking service (Bradesco Mobile Banking), allowing clients to carry out their banking operations via the Internet, with compatible mobile phones; and

by providing Pocket Internet Banking for palmtops and Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs) allowing our clients to see their checking and savings accounts, credit card transactions, provide for payments, transfer funds and also obtain institutional information.

5) To obtain profitability and return to stockholders by improving the efficiency ratio

We intend to improve our efficiency levels:

by maintaining the austerity as guideline for our cost control policy;

by consolidating the synergies enabled by our recent acquisitions;

by still reducing our operating costs, by means of technology investments, decreasing the costs per transaction, always maintaining our automated distribution channels updated, including our distribution systems by phone, Internet and teller machines; and

by still incorporating institutions to be acquired in our existing system, in order to remove potential overlaps, redundancies and inefficiency.

6) To maintain acceptable risk levels in our operations

Bradesco is constantly identifying and assessing the risks inherent to the activities we developed and we maintain proper controls, ensuring the conformity of processes and capital efficient allocation, with a view to maintaining levels similar to international standards, as well as to obtain competitive advantages.

7) To enter into strategic alliances and selective acquisitions

We understand that the expansion phase of Brazilian financial institutions will occur due to the organic growth over the next years. In addition, we believe that acquisition opportunities will be smaller size institutions available. Notwithstanding, we deem that certain institutions, susceptible to be acquired, could present niche opportunities, such as consumer financing, credit cards and investment bank. Therefore, we continuously evaluate the potential strategic alliances as well as consolidation opportunities, including privatization and acquisitions proposals, and other forms, which offer potential opportunities to Bradesco increases its market share or improve its efficiency. Besides focusing on the value and the quality of assets, Bradesco takes into account potential operating synergies, crossed sales opportunities, know-how acquisitions and other advantages of potential alliance or acquisition. Our analysis of potential opportunities is guided by the impact these would have over our results.

Contents

List of Main Abbreviations					
1 Bradesco Line by Line			11		
Net Income	12	Statement of Income	22		
Summarized Analysis of the Statement of					
Income	13	Analysis of the Statement of Income	23		
Highlights	15	Comparative Balance Sheet	40		
Bradesco s stocks	18	Equity Analysis	41		
2 Main Information on Statement of Income			53		
Consolidated Statement of Adjusted Income	54	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	67		
Profitability	56	Fee and Commission Income	68		
Results by Business Segment Change in the Main Items of Statement of	58	Administrative and Personal Expenses	69		
Income	58	Operating Efficiency	70		
Change in Net Interest Income Items plus		Other Indicators	72		
Exchange Adjustment	59				
Analysis of the Adjusted Net Interest					
Income and					
Average Rates	60				
3 Main Information on Balance Sheet			73		
Consolidated Balance Sheet	74	Funding	84		
Total Assets by Currency and Maturities	76	Checking Accounts	84		
Securities	77	Savings Accounts	85		
Loan Operations	78	Assets under Management	86		
4 Operating Companies			89		
Grupo Bradesco de Seguros e Previdência	90	Banco Bradesco BBI	111		
Insurance Companies (Consolidated)	90	Leasing Companies	113		
		Bradesco Consórcios (Consortium Purchase			
Bradesco Saúde	96	Plans)	115		
Bradesco Auto/RE	98	Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e			
Bradesco Vida e Previdência	100	Valores Mobiliários	121		
Bradesco Capitalização	104	Bradesco Securities, Inc.	124		
Banco Finasa	109				
5 Operational Structure			125		
Corporate Organization Chart	126	Customer Service Network	137		
		Bradesco Day & Night Customer Service			
Administrative Body	128	Channels	139		
Risk Ratings	129	Investments in Infrastructure, Information			
Ranking	130	Technology and Telecommunications	146		

Market Segmentation	131	Risk Management and Compliance	147
Bradesco Corporate	131	Cards	165
Bradesco Empresas (Middle Market)	132	International Area	169
Bradesco Private	132	Cash Management Solutions	173
Bradesco Prime	133	Qualified Services for Capital Markets	176
Bradesco Varejo (Retail)	134	Business Processes	178
Banco Postal	134	Acknowledgments	181
6 Social-environmental Responsibility			183
Bradesco Organization and the			
Social-environmental		Fundação Bradesco	209
Responsibility	184	Social Report	215
Human Resources	191		
7 Independent Auditors Report			217
Report of Independent Auditors on Limited Review	of Su	applementary Accounting Information	
included in the			
Report on Economic and Financial Analysis and in	the So	ocial Balance Sheet.	218
	Rep	ort, Summary of the Audit Committee Report	
and Fiscal Council s Report			219
Management Report	220	Consolidated Added Value Statement	235
Consolidated Balance Sheet	227	Index of Notes to the Financial Statements	236
Consolidated Statement of Income	231	Notes to the Financial Statements	237
Consolidated Statement of Changes in		Management Bodies	292
Stockholders Equity	232	Independent Auditors Report	293
Consolidated Statement of Changes in		Summary of the Audit Committee Report	294
Financial Position	233	Fiscal Council s Report	296
Consolidated Cash Flow	234	-	
Glossary of Technical Terms			297
Cross Reference Index			302

Certain figures included in this document have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, figures shown as totals in certain tables may not be an arithmetic sum of the figures preceding them.

List of Main Abbreviations

	Association of Assistance to Disabled		
AACD	Children	IBNR	Incurred But Not Reported
ABC	Activity-Based Costing	Ibovespa	São Paulo Stock Exchange Index
	Brazilian Association of Credit Card	-	C
Abecs	Companies and Services	Ibracon	Brazilian Institute of Independent Auditors
	Brazilian Association of Leasing		
ABEL	Companies	IBRE	Brazilian Economy Institute
ABM	Activity-Based Management	IEO	Operating Efficiency Ratio
ACC	Advances on Foreign Exchange Contracts	IFC	International Finance Corporation
ADR	American Depositary Receipt	IFT	Quarterly Financial Information
ADS	American Depositary Share Association of Sales and Marketing	IGP-DI	General Price Index Internal Availability
ADVB	Managers of Brazil	IGP-M	General Price Index Market
		_	National Institute of Metrology,
Anbid	National Association of Investment Banks National Agency for Supplementary	Inmetro	Standardization
ANS	Healthcare		and Industrial Quality
AP	Personal Accident	INSS	Social Security National Institute
	Association of the Capital Markets		
Apimec	Investment Analysts and	IPCA	Extended Consumer Price Index
	Professionals	IPO	Initial Public Offering
Bacen	Brazilian Central Bank	IPTU ID	Municipal Real Estate Tax
BDR BM&F	Brazilian Depositary Receipt Mercantile and Futures Exchange	IR IRRF	Income Tax Withholding Income Tax
DNICE	National Bank for Economic and Social	IKKI	Withholding Income Tax
BNDES	Development	ISO	International Standard Organization
Bovespa	São Paulo Stock Exchange	ISE	Corporate Sustainability Index
	Brazilian Settlement and Custody		r r
CBLC	Company	ISS	Tax on Services
CDB	Bank Deposit Certificate	IT	Information Technology
CDC	Consumer Sales Financing	JCP	Interest on Own Capital
			Latin American Stock Exchange Market in
CDI	Interbank Deposit Certificate	Latibex	Euros (Spain)
CEF	Federal Savings Bank	MBA	Master of Business Administration
CETT	Clearing House for the Custody and	MUEC	M'. 1'1'ITELE' '10
CETIP	Financial Settlement of	MUFG	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group
	Securities Information Technology Congress and	NBR	Registered Brazilian Rule
CIAB	Exposition of the	NPL	Non-Performing Loans
CIAD	Financial Institutions	NYSE	New York Stock Exchange
	Timulotat Institutions	11152	Occupational Health and Safety Assessment
CMN	National Monetary Council	OHSAS	Series
CNSP	National Private Insurance Council	OIT	International Labor Organization
	Control Objectives for Information and		-
Cobit	Related Technology	ON	Common Stocks
Cofins	Contribution for Social Security Financing	ONG	Non-Governmental Organization
	National Council for the Rights of Children		
Conanda	and Adolescents	PAA	Advanced Service Branch
Copom	Monetary Policy Committee	PAB	Banking Service Branch

	Chart of Accounts for National Financial		
Cosif	System Institutions	PAE	Electronic Service Branch in Companies
COSO	Committee of Sponsoring Organizations	PDD	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts
	Provisory Contribution on Financial		
CPMF	Transactions	PGBL	Unrestricted Benefits Generating Plan
CRI	Certificate of Real Estate Receivables	PIS	Social Integration Program
CS	Social Contribution	\mathbf{PL}	Stockholders Equity
CVM	Brazilian Securities Commission	PLR	Employee Profit Sharing
DJSI	Dow Jones Sustainability World Index	PN	Preferred Stocks
DPV	Available for Sale (Securities)	PPNG	Unearned Premiums Provisions
DPVAT	Compulsory Vehicle Insurance	PTRB	Online Tax Payment
DR	Depositary Receipt	RCF	Optional Third-Party Liability
DRE	Statement of Income for the Year	RE	Basic lines (of Insurance Products)
DTVM	Securities Dealer	ROA	Return on Assets
DVA	Value-Added Statement	ROAA	Return on Average assets
EPE	Specific Purpose Entities	ROAE	Return on Average Equity
ERP	Enterprise Resource Planning	ROE	Return on Stockholders Equity
	Export and Import BNDES Financing		
EXIM	Line	SA 8000	Social Accountability
	National Federation of Life and Private		
Fenaprevi	Pension Plans	SAP	Systems Applications and Products
FGV	Getulio Vargas Foundation	SBPE	Brazilian Savings and Loan System
			Brazilian Micro and Small Business
FIA	Management Institute Foundation	Sebrae	Support Service
FIDC	Credit Right Funds	SEC	U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission
FIE	Exclusive Investment Fund	Selic	Special Clearance and Custody System
	Financing Line of other Assets and		
Finabens	Services	SESI	National Industry Social Service
	Fund for Financing the Acquisition of		
Finame	Industrial Machinery	SFH	National Housing System
			Internal Week of Labor Accident
	and Equipment	Sipat	Prevention
FIPE	Economic Research Institute Foundation	Susep	Superintendence of Private Insurance
	Accounting, Actuarial and Financial		
Fipecafi	Research Institute	TJLP	Long-term Interest Rate
EIDN	Foundation	TR	Reference Rate
FIRN	Floating Rate Note	TVM	Securities
FxRN	Fixed Rate Note	UN	United Nations
IDGE	Brazilian Institute of Geography and	V D	W.1. (P.1
IBGE	Statistics	VaR	Value at Risk
Ibmec	Brazilian Capital Markets Institute	VGBL	Long-term Life Insurance

1 - Bradesco Line by Line

Net Income

The Reported Net Income of 2Q07 was impacted by some extraordinary events. Thus, in order to enable a better analysis and comparability between the periods, we present below the Reported Net Income statement, without considering such extraordinary events (Adjusted Net Income).

R\$ million

2007

	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Reported Net Income	1,705	2,302	4,007
Extraordinary Events in the Period:	,	ŕ	•
(-) Total Sale of Investment in Arcelor		(354)	(354)
(-) Partial Sale of Investment in Serasa		(599)	(599)
(+) Full Goodwill Amortization (1)		182	182
(+) Civil Provision (2)		74	74
(-) Activated Tax Credit of Previous Periods		(41)	(41)
(+) Fiscal Effects		237	237
Adjusted Net Income	1,705	1,801	3,506

⁽¹⁾ It refers to the full goodwill amortization calculated in the 2nd quarter by the acquisition of investments basically represented by Josema Administração e Participação S.A. (Parent company of Credifar S.A. Crédito, Financiamento e Investimento); and

Returns on Stockholders Equity Adjusted Net Income in percentage

	2007			
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	
Return on Equity ROE	28.9	28.9	27.1	
Return on Average Equity ROAE	30.2	29.5	28.8	
Return on Equity ROE (without mark-to-market adjustment TVM and				
Derivatives)	31.5	31.3	29.3	
Return on Average Equity ROAE (without mark-to-market adjustment TVM and Derivatives)	32.6	32.9	31.5	
I vivi and Derivatives)	32.0	32.9	31.3	
Return on Equity ROE (straight-line calculation)	26.2	26.2	25.5	
Return on Average Equity ROAE (straight-line calculation)	27.2	26.7	27.0	
Return on Assets ROA	2.4	2.5	2.4	
Return on Total Average Assets ROAA	2.5	2.5	2.5	

Reported Net Income x Net Income Adjusted by Extraordinary Events and Goodwill Amortizations R\$ million

⁽²⁾ Related to Economic Plans Restitution of Excluded Indices.

Summarized Analysis of the Statement of Income

With the purpose of favoring the better understanding, comparability and analysis of Bradesco s results, we are disclosing the Statement of Adjusted Income, which is obtained from a series of adjustments made on the Adjusted Statement of Income. We point out that the Statement of Recurring Income will be the basis used for analysis and comments of this Report on Economic and Financial Analysis.

Below, we show tables with the Adjusted Statement of Income, the respective adjustments and the Statement of Recurring Income.

1H06 x 1H07 R\$ million

	1H06					1H07					
	Reported	Adjustments	Adjusted	Reported			Adjustments				
	Statement of Income	Fiscal Hedge (1)	Statement Statement	Arcelor (2)	Serasa (3)	Goodwill (4)	Civil Provision (5)	Tax Credit (6)	F H		
Net Interest											
Income (a)	10,220	(295)	9,925	11,589	(354)						
Allowance for											
Doubtful Accounts											
PDD (b)	(2,054)		(2,054)	(2,504)							
Intermediation											
Gross Income	8,166	(295)	7,871	9,085	(354)						
Insurance, Private											
Pension Plan and											
Certificated											
Savings Plans											
Operating Income	355		355	357							
Fee and											
Commission											
Income (c)	4,131		4,131	5,168							
Personnel											
Expenses (d)	(2,888)		(2,888)	(3,109)							
Other											
Administrative											
Expenses (d)	(2,692)		(2,692)								
Tax Expenses (d)	(1,078)	37	(1,041)	(1,231)							
Other Operating											
Income/Expenses	(1,408)		(1,408)	(1,848)			182	74			
Operating											
Income	4,586	(258)	4,328	5,238	(354)		182	74			
Non-Operating											
Income	(20)		(20)	601		(599)					
	(1,434)	258	(1,176)	(1,832)	120	204	(62)	(25)	(41))	

IR/CS and

Minority Interest

Net Income 3,132 3,132 4,007 (234) (395) 120 49 (41)

- (1) the partial result of derivatives used for hedge effect of investments abroad, which in terms of Net Income, simply annuls the fiscal and tax effect (IR/CS and PIS/Cofins) of the hedge strategy.
- (2) positive result recorded in the sale of our share in Arcelor in the 2nd quarter of 2007;
- (3) positive result recorded in the sale of part of our share in Serasa, in the 2nd quarter of 2007;
- (4) full goodwill amortization in subsidiaries in the 2nd quarter of 2007;
- (5) constitution of civil provision related to Economic Plans Restitution of Excluded Indices; and
- (6) activation of the fiscal credits of previous periods

Bradesco s Net Income in 1H07 reached R\$3,506 million, accounting for an 11.9% increase in relation to Net Income of the same period of the previous year. Bradesco s Stockholders Equity amounted to R\$27,515 million as of June 30, 2007, equivalent to a 28.2% increase compared to the balance as of June 30, 2006. Consequently, the annualized return on Average Stockholders Equity (ROAE) reached 28,8%. Total consolidated assets reached R\$290,568 million as of June 30, 2007, accounting for a 24.7% growth in relation to the balance of same date of the previous year. The annualized return on Average Assets (ROAA), in 1H07, was 2.5%. Earnings per stock reached R\$1.75.

The main items influencing net income in 1H07, compared to the previous period, can be seen below:

(a) Net Interest Income R\$798 million

Such growth is mainly due to interest component, with a share of R\$823 million (R\$1,848 million due to the increase in business volume, and R\$1,025 million to the decrease in spreads), pointing out a 19.0% increase in the volume of loan operations for individuals carried out in the twelve-month period ended on June 30, 2007, mainly concerned with consumer sales and personal loan financing, the spread of which is higher if compared to corporate loans.

(b) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts R\$(450) million

The variation is mostly due to a 22.1% increase in the volume of loan operations in the twelve-month period ended on June 30, 2007, pointing out the individual client operations, mainly under the type consumer financing, with an increase of 24.0%, which, in view of its specific characteristic requires, a higher volume of provision.

(c) Fee and Commission Income R\$1,037 million

The increase in the period is mainly due to a higher volume of operations and to Amex Brasil consolidation, pointing out the items
Card Income
R\$435 million, Loan Operations
R\$170 million, Checking Accounts
R\$152 million, Assounder Management
R\$70 million, Charging
R\$52 million, Custody and Brokerage Services
R\$29 million and
Collections
R\$16 million.

(d)Personnel, Administrative and Tax Expenses R\$(839) million

Out of such amount, R\$221 million of personnel expenses is due to: (i) the increase in salary levels resulting from the collective bargaining agreement of 2006 (3.5%); (ii) higher PLR expenses R\$68 million; (iii) the consolidation of Amex Brasil and Fidelity R\$77 million; **mitigated** by: (iv) lower expenses with provision for labor proceedings R\$44 million.

The R\$492 million of other administrative expenses basically refers to: (i) the effects on increased volume of business; (ii) the investments in the improvement and optimization of the technological platform; and (iii) contractual adjustments in the period.

The R\$126 million of tax expenses derives basically from (i) the increase in PIS/Cofins expenses R\$65 million, due to the increase in taxable income; (ii) the increase in ISS expenses R\$26 million; and (iii) the higher CPMF expenses R\$15 million.

13

1Q07 x 2Q07 R\$ million

1Q06				1Q07					
	Reported	Adjustments	Adjusted	Reported			Adjus	tments	
	Statement of Income	Fiscal Hedge (1)	Statement of Income	Statement	Arcelor (2)	Serasa (3)	Goodwill (4)	Civil Provision (5)	Tax Credit (6)
Net Interest									
Income (a) Allowance for	5,231	(212)	5,019	6,358	(354)				
Doubtful Accounts PDD (b)	(1,160)		(1,160)	(1,344)					
Intermediation	4.051	(212)	2.050	5 04 4	(25.4)				
Gross Income Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans	4,071	(212)	3,859	5,014	(354)				
Operating									
Income (c) Fee and Commission	241		241	116					
Income (d) Personnel	2,559		2,559	2,609					
Expenses (e) Other	(1,460)		(1,460)	(1,649)					
Administrative	(1,540)		(1,540)	(1,644)					
Expenses (e) Tax Expenses (e)	(1,340) (612)		(585)	(1,0 44) (619)					
Other Operating	(012)	21	(363)	(019)					
Income/Expenses Operating	(793)		(793)	(1,055)			182	74	
Income	2,466	(185)	2,281	2,772	(354)		182	74	
Non-Operating	2,100	(100)	2,201	-,2	(55)		102	, -	
Income IR/CS and	(3)		(3)	604		(599)			
Minority Interest	(758)	185	(573)	(1,074)	120	204	(62)	(25)	(41)

⁽¹⁾ partial result of derivatives used for hedge effect of investments abroad, which in terms of Net Income, simply annuls the fiscal and tax effect (IR/CS and PIS/Cofins) of this hedge strategy.

1,705

2,302

(395)

120

(234)

1,705

Net Income

49

(41)

H

⁽²⁾ positive result recorded in the sale of our share in Arcelor in the 2nd quarter of 2007;

⁽³⁾ positive result recorded in the sale of part of our share in Serasa, in the 2nd quarter of 2007;

⁽⁴⁾ full goodwill amortization in subsidiaries in the 2nd quarter of 2007;

⁽⁵⁾ constitution of civil provision related to Economic Plans Restitution of Excluded Indices; and

⁽⁶⁾ activation of the fiscal credits of previous periods.

In the 2nd quarter of 2007, Bradesco s Net Income reached R\$1,801 million, which corresponds to a 5.6% growth when compared to the 1st quarter of 2007. Bradesco s Stockholders Equity amounted to R\$27,515 million on June 30, 2007, an 5.7% increase in relation to March 31, 2007. Total consolidated assets reached R\$290,568 million as of June 30, 2007, growing 3.1% in the quarter.

The main items influencing net income in the 2^{nd} quarter of 2007 compared to the previous quarter can be seen below:

(a) Net Interest Income R\$685 million

Such variation is due to the growth in the $\,$ non-interest $\,$ income in the amount of R\$463 million, in view of the higher TVM and treasury gains in 2Q07 and the increase in the result of interest -bearing operations in the amount of R\$222 million (R\$283 million due to the increase in business volume, especially due to consumer financing operations, and R\$61 million to the decrease in spreads) .

(b) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts R\$(184) million

The increase of the expense in 2Q07 is consistent with the growth of our loan portfolio (by R\$6,718 million or 6.6%) and mainly with the growth in operations with individual clients, which, due to its characteristic, requires higher provisioning volume.

(c) Income from Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans Operations R\$(125) million

The variation is basically due to the higher recording of technical provision in the traditional pension plan and PGBL/Traditional and VGBL products.

(d) Fee and Commission Income R\$50 million

The increase is mostly due to an expansion in the volume of operations in the quarter, reflecting substantially in the following items: Loan Operations R\$27 million; and Card Income R\$24 million.

(e) Personnel, Administrative and Tax Expenses R\$(290) million

Out of this amount, R\$189 million of personnel expenses is due to: (i) the increase in expenses with provisions for labor proceedings in the amount of R\$73 million; (ii) the increase in the PLR expense in the amount of R\$10 million; and (iii) the higher expenses incurred this quarter as compared to the previous one due to the concentration of vacation in the 1st quarter.

The R\$104 million of other administrative expenses refers basically to higher expenses with: (i) Third -party Services R\$40 million; (ii) Advertising R\$22 million; (iii) Communication R\$12 million; and (iv) Data Processing R\$9 million.

14

Highlights

Income

R\$ million

	1 st Half		Variation 2007		07	Variation
	2006	2007	%	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	%
Adjusted Net Interest Income	9,925	10,723	8.0	5,019	5,704	13.6
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Expenses	2,054	2,504	21.9	1,160	1,344	15.9
Fee and Commission Income	4,131	5,168	25.1	2,559	2,609	2.0
Insurance, Private Pension Plans and						
Certificated Savings Plans						
Retained Premiums	6,746	7,449	10.4	3,606	3,843	6.6
Personnel Expenses	2,888	3,109	7.7	1,460	1,649	12.9
Other Administrative Expenses	2,692	3,184	18.3	1,540	1,644	6.8
Operating Income	4,328	4,692	8.4	2,281	2,411	5.7
Adjusted Net Income	3,132	3,506	11.9	1,705	1,801	5.6

Balance Sheet

R\$ million

	June		Variation	2007		Variation
	2006	2007	%	March	June	%
Total Assets	232,935	290,568	24.7	281,944	290,568	3.1
Securities and Derivative Financial						
Instruments	70,382	103,577	47.2	97,534	103,577	6.2
Loan and Leasing Operations	88,643	108,191	22.1	101,473	108,191	6.6
Permanent Assets	5,779	3,498	(39.5)	3,557	3,498	(1.7)
Deposits	78,356	82,601	5.4	84,162	82,601	(1.9)
Borrowings and Onlendings	15,485	19,165	23.8	18,634	19,165	2.8
Technical Provisions	43,947	52,900	20.4	50,653	52,900	4.4
Stockholders Equity	21,461	27,515	28.2	26,029	27,515	5.7

Change in Number of Outstanding Stocks

	ON	PN	Total
Number of Outstanding Stocks on December 31, 2006	500,071,456	500,811,468	1,000,882,924
Stocks Acquired and not Cancelled	(28,800)	(366,400)	(395,200)
100% Bonus	500,042,656	500,637,068	1,000,679,724
Number of Outstanding Stocks on June 30, 2007	1,000,085,312	1,001,082,136	2,001,167,448

Stock Performance (*)

R\$

		1st Half		Variation 2007		07	7 Variation	
		2006	2007	%	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	%	
Net Income per Stock		1.60	1.75	9.4	0.85	0.90	5.9	
Dividends/JCP per Stock Income Tax) Dividends/JCP per Stock Income Tax)	·	0.474 0.522	0.588 0.647	24.1 23.9	0.243 0.268	0.345 0.379	42.0 41.4	
Book Value per Stock (Co Preferred)	ommon and	10.96	13.75	25.5	13.01	13.75	5.7	
Last Business Day Price Last Business Day Price	Common Preferred	31.99 33.85	48.75 46.74	52.4 38.1	41.45 42.00	48.75 46.74	17.6 11.3	
Market Value (R\$ million) (**)	64,473	95,545	48.2	83,507	95,545	14.4	

^(*) For comparison purposes, in 2007 there was a 100% stock bonus, which was applied to 1H06.

^(**) Number of stocks (disregarding the treasury stocks) x closing price of Common and Preferred stocks of the last day of the period.

Cash Generation (*)

R\$ million

	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Net Income	1,530	1,602	3,132	1,705	1,801	3,506
Equity in the Earnings of Affiliated						
Companies	(5)	(30)	(35)	(12)	(4)	(16)
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	938	1,116	2,054	1,160	1,344	2,504
Allowance/Reversal for Mark-to-Market						
Adjustment	16	35	51		1	1
Depreciation and Amortization	109	114	223	133	133	266
Goodwill Amortization	119	314	433			
Other	28	(25)	3	17	17	34
Total	2,735	3,126	5,861	3,003	3,292	6,295
(*) It considers the Adjusted Net Income.						

Added Value with Hedge Adjustment and without Extraordinary Events

R\$ million

	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Added Value (A+B+C)	4,138	4,094	8,232	4,320	4,645	8,965
A Gross Income from Financial Intermediation	4,037	3,835	7,872	3,859	4,360	8,219
B Fee and Commission Income	2,040	2,091	4,131	2,559	2,609	5,168
C Other Operating Income/Expenses	(1,939)	(1,832)	(3,771)	(2,098)	(2,324)	(4,422)
Distribution of Added Value (D+E+F+G)	4,138	4,094	8,232	4,320	4,645	8,965
D Employees	1,246	1,286	2,532	1,278	1,444	2,722
E Government	1,362	1,206	2,568	1,337	1,400	2,737
F JCP/Dividends to Stockholders (paid and						
provisioned)	539	609	1,148	601	796	1,397
G Profit Reinvestment	991	993	1,984	1,104	1,005	2,109
Distribution of Added Value percentage	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Employees	30.1	31.3	30.8	29.6	31.1	30.4
Government	32.9	29.5	31.2	30.9	30.2	30.5
JCP/Dividends to Stockholders (paid and						
provisioned)	13.0	14.9	13.9	13.9	17.1	15.6
Profit Reinvestments	24.0	24.3	24.1	25.6	21.6	23.5

R\$ million

2006 2007 March June March June Stockholders Equity + Minority **Stockholders** 20,447 21,516 26,090 27,577 **Subordinated Debts** 8,549 9,650 9,550 10,351 Tax Credits (149)(149)(79)(79)**Exchange Membership Certificates** (88)(96)(73)(78)Other Adjustments (107)(26)Reference Equity (A) (*) 30,939 28,774 35,447 37,646 Permanent Assets 8,608 10,170 9,342 10,238 Fixed Assets and Leasing (3,713)(4,301)(5,702)(6,664)**Unrealized Leasing Losses** (97)(104)(106)(100)Other Adjustments (788)(689)517 (274)Total Fixed Assets (B) (*) 4,010 5,074 4,057 3,196 13.9 16.4 8.5 (B/A) % 11.4 Margin 10,396 10,377 13,666 15,627

^(*) For the calculation of Fixed Assets to Stockholders Equity Ratio, the Exchange Membership Certificates are excluded from the Reference Equity and Fixed Assets, as per Bacen resolution 2,283.

Highlights

Performance Ratios (annualized) in percentage

		2006		2007			
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	
Return on Stockholders Equity (total) Return on Stockholders Equity (average)	33.6 34.6	33.4 35.0	31.3 33.4	28.9 30.2	28.9 29.5	27.1 28.8	
Return on Stockholders Equity (total) without mark-to-market adjustment TVM and Derivatives	34.5	34.4	32.2	31.5	31.3	29.3	
Return on Stockholders Equity (average) without mark-to- market adjustment TVM and Derivatives	35.8	35.8	34.3	32.6	32.9	31.5	
Return on Stockholders Equity (total) straight-line calculation Return on Stockholders Equity (average)	30.0	29.9	29.2	26.2	26.2	25.5	
straight-line calculation	30.8	31.2	31.0	27.2	26.7	27.0	
Return on Total Assets (total) Return on Total Assets (average)	2.9 2.9	2.8 2.9	2.7 2.9	2.4 2.5	2.5 2.5	2.4 2.5	
Stockholders Equity on Total Assets	9.4	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.5	9.5	
Capital Adequacy Ratio (Basel) Financial Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (Basel) Total	19.0	18.7	18.7	17.8	18.2	18.2	
Consolidated	16.7	16.5	16.5	15.7	16.1	16.1	
Fixed Assets to Stockholders' Equity Ratio Financial Consolidated Fixed Assets to Stockholders' Equity Ratio	42.6	48.0	48.0	49.2	47.4	47.4	
Total Consolidated	13.9	16.4	16.4	11.4	8.5	8.5	
Expanded Combined Ratio Insurance	86.0	85.4	85.0	87.6	90.3	89.0	
Efficiency Ratio (12 months accumulated)	44.1	43.2	43.2	42.1	42.0	42.0	

Market Share Consolidated in percentage

200)6	2007				
March	June	March	June			

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Banks Source: Bacen				
Time Deposit	9.1	9.8	9.4	N/D
Savings Deposit	15.3	14.8	14.2	N/D
Demand Deposit	17.4	17.3	17.5	N/D
Loan Operations	12.8	12.7	12.4	12.5(**)
Number of Branches	16.9	16.8	16.7	16.7(*)
Banks Source: Anbid				
Investment Funds + Portfolios	14.9	15.2	14.5	14.3
Banks Source: Federal Revenue Secretariat				
CPMF	19.8	20.0	19.7	19.5
Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated				
Savings Plans Source: Susep and ANS				
Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings	24.6	24.6	24.4	04.0(***)
Plans Premiums	24.6	24.6	24.4	24.8(***)
Insurance Premiums (including VGBL)	24.7	24.7	24.4	25.4(***)
Income on VGBL Premiums Payanus from Paysian Plans Contributions (evaluding	43.6	42.7	43.6	41.3(*)
Revenues from Pension Plans Contributions (excluding VGBL)	28.3	28.6	29.0	31.5(*)
Revenues from Certificated Savings Plans	28.3 19.5	28.0 19.6	19.0	20.0(*)
Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans	17.5	17.0	17.0	20.0()
and Certificated Savings Plans	37.5	37.3	36.8	36.4(***)
Insurance and Private Pension Plans Source: Fenaprevi				
Revenues from PGBL Contributions	28.9	33.1	30.9	29.1(*)
Private Pension Plans Investment Portfolios (including	_0.,	00.1	20.7	
VGBL)	43.2	43.0	41.4	41.5(*)
				,
Credit and Debit Card Source: Abecs				
Credit and Debit Card Revenue	14.5	15.3	18.8	18.6
Leasing Source: Abel	11.5	11.0	11.0	11 1/৬\
Active Operations	11.5	11.8	11.0	11.1(*)
Banco Finasa Source: Bacen				
Finabens (Portfolio)	20.6	20.1	18.8	17.8
Auto (Portfolio) This includes Banco Bradesco	27.0	26.4	25.4	25.9
Consortia Source: Bacen				
Real Properties	23.1	25.4	25.9	26.1(*)
Auto	16.4	18.3	20.0	20.2(*)
Trucks, Tractors and Agricultural Implements	3.2	5.0	6.3	6.5(*)
International Area Source: Bacen				
Export Market	23.1	22.6	20.1	20.8(**)
Import Market	14.7	14.5	16.6	16.6(**)
(*) Reference date: May 2007, except for Consortia, whose refere	nce date is Ap	ril 2007.		
(**) Previous data.				
(***) Pafaranca data: May 2007 Definitive data of Susan and est	imated date of	ANC		

(***) Reference date: May 2007. Definitive data of Susep and estimated data of ANS.

³⁶

Highlights

Other Information

	2007		Variation	June		Variation
	March	June	%	2006	2007	%
Funding and Assets Managed in R\$ million	406,970	421,602	3.6	343,628	421,602	22.7
Number of Employees	79,686	80,287	0.8	75,295	80,287	6.6
Number of Branches	3,015	3,031	0.5	2,993	3,031	1.3
Checking Account Holders thousand	16,627	16,930	1.8	16,629	16,930	1.8
Savings Account Holders thousand	31,329	31,330		32,407	31,330	(3.3)
Debit and Credit Card Base million	60.2	63.2	5.0	52.5	63.2	20.4

Bradesco s Stocks

Number of Stocks (in thousands) Common and Preferred Stocks (*)

	December				2007		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	March	June
Common	863,212	958,036	953,405	978,900	1,000,143	1,000,085	1,000,085
Preferred	850,244	944,328	944,327	979,878	1,001,623	1,001,274	1,001,082
Subtotal Outstanding							
Stocks	1,713,456	1,902,364	1,897,732	1,958,778	2,001,766	2,001,359	2,001,167
Treasury Stocks	5,878	344		464	758	962	1,154
Total	1,719,334	1,902,708	1,897,732	1,959,242	2,002,524	2,002,321	2,002,321

^(*) For comparison purposes, 100% stock bonuses occurred in 2005 and 2007, which were applied for previous years. Until 2004, the number of stocks was adjusted at 200% due to their splitting and for the years prior to 2003, they were divided by 10,000 in view of their reverse split.

On June 30, 2007, Bradesco s capital stock was R\$18 billion, composed of 2,002,321,048 stocks, of which 1,000,866,112 are common and 1,001,454,936 are preferred, non-par and book-entry stocks. The largest stockholder is the holding company Cidade de Deus Participações, which directly holds 48.46% of our voting capital and 24.33% of our total capital. Cidade de Deus Participações is controlled by the Aguiar Family, Fundação Bradesco and another holding company, Nova Cidade de Deus Participações. Nova Cidade de Deus is owned by Fundação Bradesco and Elo Participações e Investimento. Elo Participações e Investimento has as stockholders the majority of members of Bradesco s Board of Directors and Statutory Executive Board (see page 126).

Number of Stockholders Domiciled in the Country and Abroad

December 2007

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	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	March	June
Individuals	2,153,800	2,158,808	1,254,044	1,244,572	1,248,275	1,253,542	1,250,814
Corporate	179,609	180,559	116,894	116,225	116,040	116,276	116,025
Subtotal of Residents in							
the Country	2,333,409	2,339,367	1,370,938	1,360,797	1,364,315	1,369,818	1,366,839
Residents Abroad	373	465	3,780	3,701	3,689	3,688	3,688
Total	2,333,782	2,339,832	1,374,718	1,364,498	1,368,004	1,373,506	1,370,527

Concerning Bradesco s stockholders, domiciled in the country and overseas, on June 30, 2007, 1,366,839 stockholders were domiciled in Brazil, accounting for 99.73% of total stockholders base and holding 72.18% of Bradesco s outstanding stocks. Whereas the number of stockholders living abroad was 3,688, representing 0.27% of total stockholders base and holding 27.82% of Bradesco s outstanding stocks.

Bradesco s Stocks
Market Value R\$ million
N.B. : the market value considers the closing quotation of the preferred and common stocks multiplied by the respective number of stocks.
Market Value / Stockholders Equity
Market Value/Stockholders Equity: indicates the number of times Bradesco s market value is higher than its book value.
Formula used: number of common and preferred stocks multiplied by the closing price of common and preferred stocks of the last business day of the period. The amount is divided by the accounting stockholders equity of the period.
Dividend Yield in percentage (accumulated over the past 12 months)

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Dividend Yield: is the ratio between the dividends and/or interest on own capital distributed to stockholders over the past 12 months and the stock price, indicating the investors return related to profit sharing.

Formula used: amount received by stockholders as dividends and/or interest on own capital (gross of IR) over the past 12 months, which is divided by the preferred stock closing price of the last business day of the period.

		Edgar Filing: BANK BRADESCO - Form 6-K
Payout Index	in percentage	

Payout Index: indicates the percentage of net income paid as dividends/interest on own capital.

Formula used: amount received by stockholders as dividends and/or interest on own capital (gross of IR), which is divided by net income adjusted by legal reserve (5% of net income).

Financial Volume Bradesco PN x Ibovespa R\$ billion (except percentage)

Source: Economática

Earnings per Share R\$ (accumulated over the past 12 months) (*)
(*) For comparison purposes, in 2007 there was a 100% stock bonus, which was applied for previous years, and in 2005 there was also a 100% stock bonus, which was applied for previous years. Until 2004, the number of stocks was adjusted at 200% due to their splitting, and for the years prior to 2003, they were divided by 10,000 in view of their reverse split. Adjusted Net Income was used.
Appreciation Index (in percentage) Bradesco PN (BBDC4) x Ibovespa
Source: Economática
Bradesco Stock Performance
Bradesco s preferred stocks appreciated by 11.8% (adjusted by dividends), whereas Ibovespa had accrued gains of 18.7% in 2Q07. In 1H07, the accrued performance of Bradesco s preferred stocks appreciated by 8.8% (adjusted by dividends), whereas Ibovespa increased by 22.3% .
The 2 nd quarter of 2007 was marked by a favorable international scenario, as the main world markets renewed their maximum historical performances, partially due to the good performance of the United States economy. In Brazil, two rating agencies, in May, increased the sovereign ceiling to a level below the investment rate, which also contributed to

a good performance of the market.

Statement of Income

R\$ million

	1 st Half		Variation	2007		Variation
	2006	2007	%	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	%
Revenues from Financial Intermediation	18,475	19,191	3.9	9,313	9,878	6.1
Loan Operations	9,684	9,931	2.6	4,936	4,995	1.2
Leasing Operations	286	385	34.6	192	193	0.5
Securities Transactions	2,580	3,049	18.2	1,482	1,567	5.7
Financial Income on Insurance, Private						
Pension Plans						
and Certificated Savings Plans	3,456	3,544	2.5	1,685	1,859	10.3
Derivative Financial Instruments	1,328	1,358	2.3	553	805	45.6
Foreign Exchange Transactions	464	293	(36.9)	149	144	(3.4)
Compulsory Deposits	677	631	(6.8)	316	315	(0.3)
Expenses From Financial Intermediation						
(not including PDD)	8,550	8,468	(1.0)	4,294	4,174	(2.8)
Market Funding Operations	5,553	5,616	1.1	2,885	2,731	(5.3)
Price-Level Restatement and Interest on						
Technical						
Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension						
Plans and						
Certificated Savings Plans	1,958	2,141	9.3	1,043	1,098	5.3
Borrowings and Onlendings	1,035	706	(31.8)	364	342	(6.0)
Leasing Operations	4	5	25.0	2	3	50.0
Net Interest Income	9,925	10,723	8.0	5,019	5,704	13.6
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(2,054)	(2,504)	21.9	(1,160)	(1,344)	15.9
Gross Income from Financial						
Intermediation	7,871	8,219	4.4	3,859	4,360	13.0
Other Operating Income (Expense)	(3,543)	(3,527)	(0.5)	(1,578)	(1,949)	23.5
Fee and Commission Income	4,131	5,168	25.1	2,559	2,609	2.0
Operating Income from Insurance,						
Private						
Pension Plans and Certificated Savings						
Plans	355	357	0.6	241	116	(51.9)
(+) Net Premiums Issued	8,646	9,856	14.0	4,801	5,055	5.3
(-) Reinsurance Premiums and						
Redeemed						
Premiums	(1,900)	(2,407)	26.7	(1,195)	(1,212)	1.4
(=) Retained Premiums from						
Insurance, Private						
Pension Plans and Certificated Savings						
Plans	6,746	7,449	10.4	3,606	3,843	6.6
Retained Premiums from Insurance	3,899	4,040	3.6	1,953	2,087	6.9
Private Pension Plans Contributions	2,181	2,664	22.1	1,310	1,354	3.4
Income on Certificated Savings Plans	666	745	11.9	343	402	17.2

Variation in Technical Provisions for Insurance,

Annualized Return on Stockholders

Equity (%)

Private Pension Plans and Certificated						
Savings						
Plans	(1,045)	(1,760)	68.4	(663)	(1,097)	65.5
Variation in Technical Provisions for						
Insurance	(386)	(505)	30.8	(214)	(291)	36.0
Variation in Technical Provisions for						
Private						
Pension Plans	(653)	(1,277)	95.6	(461)	(816)	77.0
Variation in Technical Provisions for						
Certificated						
Savings Plans	(6)	22		12	10	(16.7)
Retained Claims	(2,985)	(2,931)	(1.8)	(1,428)	(1,503)	5.3
Certificated Savings Plans Draws and						
Redemptions	(573)	(654)	14.1	(301)	(353)	17.3
Insurance, Private Pension Plans and						
Certificated Savings Plans Selling						
Expenses	(494)	(522)	5.7	(260)	(262)	0.8
Insurance Products Selling Expenses	(401)	(414)	3.2	(206)	(208)	1.0
Private Pension Plans Selling Expenses	(86)	(100)	16.3	(49)	(51)	4.1
Certificated Savings Plans Selling						
Expenses	(7)	(8)	14.3	(5)	(3)	(40.0)
Expenses with Private Pension Plans						
Benefits and						
Redemptions	(1,294)	(1,225)	(5.3)	(713)	(512)	(28.2)
Personnel Expenses	(2,888)	(3,109)	7.7	(1,460)	(1,649)	12.9
Other Administrative Expenses	(2,692)	(3,184)	18.3	(1,540)	(1,644)	6.8
Tax Expenses	(1,041)	(1,167)	12.1	(585)	(582)	(0.5)
Equity in the Earnings of Affiliated						
Companies	35	16	(54.3)	12	4	(66.7)
Other Operating Income	571	636	11.4	337	299	(11.3)
Other Operating Expenses	(2,014)	(2,244)	11.4	(1,142)	(1,102)	(3.5)
Operating Income	4,328	4,692	8.4	2,281	2,411	5.7
Non-Operating Income	(20)	2		(3)	5	
Income before Taxes and Profit Sharing	4,308	4,694	9.0	2,278	2,416	6.1
Taxes on Income	(1,171)	(1,183)	1.0	(570)	(613)	7.5
Minority Interest in Consolidated						
Subsidiaries	(5)	(5)		(3)	(2)	(33.3)
Net Income	3,132	3,506	11.9	1,705	1,801	5.6

31.3

27.1

28.9

28.9

Analysis of the Statement of Income R\$ million

Income from Loan Operations and Leasing Result

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
9,966	10,311	3.5	5,126	5,185	1.2

In the period, income was up mainly a result of: (i) the increase in the volume of the loan portfolio, which totaled R\$108,191 in June/07 against R\$88,643 in June/06, i.e., a 22.1% increase, particularly in the corporate portfolio, growth was 19.0%, with focus on the products connected to consumer financing; which was partially **affected** by; (ii) higher exchange loss variation of 9.9% in 1H07, against an exchange loss variation of 7.5% in 1H06, affecting foreign currency indexed and/or denominated operations, which comprise 10.1% of total Loan and Leasing Operations, basically derived from corporate portfolio (excluding Advances on Foreign interest rates, observing the 6.0% CDI variation in

1H07, against 7.8% in 1H06.

The variation in income in the quarter was mainly due to: (i) an increase of 6.6% in the loan portfolio volume, which reached the amount of R\$108,191 in June/07, against R\$101,473 in March/07, considering that in the with an increase of 24.3%, focusing on BNDES corporate portfolio there was an increase of 6.1%, with Onlending, Guaranteed Account, Operations Abroad founds on Operations Abroad, Working Capital Working Capital products. In the individual portfolio, the BNDES Onlending products, whereas in the individual portfolio the increase was 7.4%, with focus on products linked to consumer financing, which was partially mitigated: (ii) by the drop in the average interest rates, observing the 2.9% CDI variation in 2Q07, against 3.0% in 1007; and (iii) by the higher exchange loss variation of 6.1% in 2Q07, against exchange loss variation of 4.1% in 1Q07, affecting our foreign currency indexed and/or denominated operations, Exchange Contracts ACC); and (iii) de crease in average comprising 10.1% of total Loan and Leasing Operations, basically d erived from the corporate portfolio (excluding Advances on Foreign Exchange Contracts ACC).

Income from Operations with Securities (TVM) and Derivative Financial Instruments

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation $\%$	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation $\%$
3,908	4,407	12.8	2,035	2,372	16.6

The increase in income in the period is practically due to: was partially offset by: (ii) the higher exchange loss variation of 9.9% in 1H07, against an exchange loss variation of 7.5% in 1H06, impacting on the foreign currency indexed and/or denominated operations, comprising 6.3% of the portfolio; (iii) the lower average interest rates, observing the 6.0% CDI rates, observing the 2.9% CDI variation in 2Q07, against variation in 1H07, against 7.8% in 1H06.

The variation in income in the quarter is mainly due to: (i) the increase in the portfolio s average volume; which (i) the increase in the portfolio s average volume; (ii) the higher non-interest income gains of R\$376; partially offset by: (iii) the higher exchange loss variation of 6.1% in 2Q07, against exchange loss variation of 4.1% in 1Q07, impacting on the foreign currency indexed and/or denominated operations, comprising 6.3% of the non-interest income R\$194; and (iv) the reduction in theoretfolio; and (iv) the reduction in the average interest 3.0% in 1Q07.

Financial Income on Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
3,456	3,544	2.5	1,685	1,859	10.3

The variation in the period was basically due to: (i) the increase in the portfolio s average volume; (ii) the higher The variation in the quarter was substantially due to: (i) IGP-M variation of 1.5% in 1H07, against 1.4% in 1H06; partially offset: (iii) by the reduction in the average interest rates, observing the 6.0% CDI variation in 1H07, against 7.8% in 1H06; and (iv) the lower non-interest income of R\$273 in 1H07, against R\$287 in(iv)the reduction in average interest rates, accompanying 1H06.

higher non-interest income of R\$160 in 2Q07, against R\$113 in 1Q07; (ii) the increase in the portfolio s average volume; partially offset by: (iii) the lower IGP-M variation of 0.3% in 2Q07, against 1.1% in 1Q07; and the 2.9% CDI variation in 2Q07, against 3.0% in 1Q07.

Foreign Exchange Transactions

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
464	293	(36.9)	149	144	(3.4)

For a better analysis, this item should be analyzed deducted from expenses with foreign funding, used for import/export operation financing, in accordance with Note 11a. After the deductions, the result would be R\$159 in 1H06 and R\$163 in 1H07, basically due to the increase in the average volume of the exchange portfolio.

For a better analysis, this item should be analyzed deducted from expenses with foreign funding, used for import/export operation financing, in accordance with Note 11a. After such deductions, the result had an increase, being R\$72 in 1Q07 and R\$91 in 2Q07, basically due to the increase in the average volume of the exchange portfolio.

Compulsory Deposits

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
677	631	(6.8)	316	315	(0.3)

The decrease in the period is basically due to: (i) the Revenues remained practically stable in 2Q07 when variation in CDI of 6.0% in 1H07, against 7.8% in 1H06, used to remunerate the additional compulsory deposit; which was offset: (ii) by the increase in the average volume of deposits in the period.

compared to 1007.

Market Funding Operations Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
5,553	5,616	1.1	2,885	2,731	(5.3)

The variation in the period is mostly due to: (i) the increase in the average funding volume; which was offset by: (ii) the lower exchange loss variation of 9.9% in 1H07, against exchange loss variation of 7.5% in 1H06, impacting the foreign currency indexed and/or denominated funding; and (iii) the reduction in the average interest rates, observing the 6.0% CDI variation in 1H07, against 7.8% in 1H06, mainly affecting the time deposits expenses.

The variation in the quarter derives basically from: (i) the higher exchange loss variation of 6.1% in 2Q07, against exchange loss variation of 4.1% in 1Q07, impacting on the foreign currency indexed and/or denominated funding; (ii) the reduction in the average interest rates, following the CDI variation of 3.0% in 1Q07, against 2.9% in 2Q07, mainly affecting time deposit expenses; offset: (iii) by the increase in the average volume of the portfolio.

Price-level Restatement and Interest on Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated **Savings Plans**

1 st Half/2006	1 st Half/2007	Variation $\%$	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
1,958	2,141	9.3	1,043	1,098	5.3

The variation in the period is basically due to: (i) the higher average volume of technical provisions, especially 1.5% in 1H07, against 1.4% in 1H06, one of the indexes which also remunerates the technical provisions; mitigated: (iii) by the reduction in the average interest rates, observing the 6.0% CDI variation in 1H07, against 7.8% in 1H06.

The variation in the quarter is mostly due to: (i) the higher average volume of technical provisions, especially the VGBL product; (ii) the higher IGP-M variation of he VGBL product; partially offset by: (ii) the lower IGP-M variation of 0.3% in 2Q07, against 1.1% in 1Q07, one of the indexes which also remunerates the technical provisions; and (iii) the drop in the average interest rates, observing the 2.9% CDI variation in 2Q07, against 3.0% in 1007.

Borrowings and Onlendings Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
1.035	706	(31.8)	364	342	(6.0)

The variation in the period is basically due to: (i) the higher exchange loss variation of 9.9% in 1H07, against exchange loss variation of 7.5% in 1H06, impacting on foreign currency indexed and/or denominated borrowings and onlendings, which represent 36.1% of the Borrowings and Onlendings portfolio; (ii) the decrease in average interest rates, according to the 6.0% CDI variation in 1H07, against 7.8% in 1H06; which was The variation in the quarter is substantially due to the higher exchange loss variation of 6.1% in 2Q07, against exchange loss variation of 4.1% in 1Q07, impacting on foreign currency indexed and/or denominated borrowings and onlendings, which represent 36.1% of the Borrowing and Onlending portfolio.

mitigated by: (iii) the increase in the average funding volume, mainly represented by Finame and BNDES operations.

Net Interest Income

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
9,925	10,723	8.0	5.019	5.704	13.6

The variation of R\$798 in net interest income is basically due to the increase in interest-bearing operations of R\$823, R\$1,848 due to a growth in the average business volume, and R\$1,025 due to the decrease in spreads.

The variation of R\$685 in net interest income is due to: (i) the increase in non-interest income of R\$463, due to higher gains with treasury and TVM verified in 2Q07; and (ii) by the growth in the result of interest-bearing operations in the amount of R\$222, R\$283 due to the increase in the average business volume and R\$61 due to the decrease in spreads.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
2,054	2,504	21.9	1,160	1,344	15.9

The increase in the period of R\$450 is compatible with the growth of our loan portfolio (22.1% or R\$19,548 over the last 12 months), and with the relevant participation of individual (41.3%) which, due to its characteristic, requires higher provisioning volume, although its growth in the period (19.0% or R\$7,135) was slightly lower than the total portfolio.

The variation in the quarter is consistent with the growth of our loan portfolio and mainly with the growth in the operations with individual clients which, due to its characteristic, requires higher provisioning volume.

Fee and Commission Income

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
4,131	5,168	25.1	2,559	2,609	2.0

The increase in the period is mainly due to a hike in the The variation in the quarter is mostly due to expansion of volume of operations, with focus on: (i) income from cards R\$435, which includes the consolidation of Amex Brasil in the amount of R\$238; (ii) loan operations R\$170; (iii) checking account R\$152; (iv) assets management R\$70; (v) charging R\$52; (vi) custody and brokerage services R\$29; and (vii) collections R\$16.

businesses, substantially reflecting on: (i) loan operations R\$27; and (ii) income from cards R\$24.

Retained Premiums from Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
6,746	7,449	10.4	3,606	3,843	6.6

The growth in the period is detailed in the charts below:

The variation in the quarter is detailed in the charts below:

a) Retained Premiums from Insurance

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
3,899	4.040	3.6	1.953	2.087	6.9

The variation in the period basically resulted from: (i) the increase in Health insurance production R\$170, substantially due to the corporate plan, in the Life line R\$55; and in the basic lines R\$46; **offset** by: (ii) the recording, in 1H06 of premiums of effective and non-issued risks, which had its accounting system changed by means of the Susep Circular 314, not affecting 1H07, in the Auto segment R\$67 and in the Basic lines R\$31; and (iii) the reduction of Auto insurance production R\$31.

The variation in the quarter is mainly due to the increase in the production of: (i) the Auto segment R\$64, basically due to the fee restatement of the trucks portfolio and to the profile adequacy, which improved our competitiveness and market penetration index; (ii) the Health line R\$52, due to the corporate plan; and (iii) the Life line R\$19.

b) Private Pension Plans Contributions

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
2,181	2,664	22.1	1,310	1,354	3.4

The increase in the period is mainly due to: (i) the sales of VGBL VGBL product R\$875 and PGBL/Traditional product R\$67; mitigated: (ii) by the increase in the R\$102; mitigated by: (ii) the increase in the volume of volume of redemption of VGBL R\$13 in 2Q07.

N.B.: according to Susep, the recording of VGBL

N.B.: according to Susep, the recording of VGBL redemptions reduces the retained contributions. redemptions reduces the retained contributions.

c) Income on Certificated Savings Plans

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
666	745	11.9	343	402	17.2

sustainability actions.

The variation in the period is mainly due to the higher The variation in 2Q07 is mainly due to the higher sale of sale of certificated savings plans connected to certificated savings plans connected to sustainability actions.

Variation in Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans

1 st Half/2006	1 st Half/2007	Variation $\%$	1 st Qtr./2007	2 ^{na} Qtr./2007	Variation $\%$
(1,045)	(1,760)	68.4	(663)	(1,097)	65.5
The variation in	the period is detai	iled in the charts	The variation in	the quarter is deta	iled in the charts
below:			below:		

a) Variation in Technical Provisions for Insurance

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(386)	(505)	30.8	(214)	(291)	36.0

The variation in technical provisions is directly related to the sale of insurance in their respective effectiveness periods. The main variations occurred in 1H07 were comprised of: (i) the higher constitution of provision in the Health insurance R\$499 and Life segment R\$106; mitigated: (ii) by the lower constitution of provision in the Auto segment R\$111. The variations occurred in 1H06 were comprised of: (i) the higher constitution of technical provision in the Health portfolio R\$290 (R\$244 of which refers to the additional provision in the Individual Health portfolio), Lifecomplement of the extraordinary technical provision segment R\$83 and Basic Lines R\$18; (ii) constitution of provision for effective and non-issued risks (PPNG) previously accounted for in memorandum accounts to meet Susep Circular 314, in the Auto R\$50 and Basic Lines R\$29 segments; and mitigated: (i ii) by the reversal of provision of the Auto segment R\$84.

The variation in technical provisions is directly related to the sale of insurance in their respective effectiveness periods. The main variations occurred in 2Q07 were comprised of: (i) the higher constitution of provision in the Health insurance R\$237 and Life segment R\$68; mitigated: (ii) by the lower constitution of provision in the Auto segment R\$21. The main variations occurred in 1Q07 were comprised of: (i) higher constitution of provision in the Individual Health insurance R\$258 (R\$236 of which refers to the R\$387 recorded in 4Q06) and Life segment R\$38; mitigated: (ii) by the lower constitution of provision in the Auto segment R\$90.

b) Variation in Technical Provisions for Private Pension Plans

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(653)	(1,277)	95.6	(461)	(816)	77.0

provisions for the VGBL R\$498 and PGBL/Traditional rovisions for the VGBL R\$127 and PGBL/Traditional

Variations in technical provisions are directly related to Variations in technical provisions are directly related to production, combined with benefits and redemptions. The production, combined with benefits and redemptions. The variations in the period are due to the higher recording of variations in the quarter are due to the higher recording of

R\$126 products. R\$228 products.

c) Variation in Technical Provisions for Certificated Savings Plans

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(6)	22		12	10	(16.7)

provision for contingency.

The variation is mainly due to the reversion of technical The variation is mainly due to the lower reversion of the technical provision for contingency in 2Q07.

Retained Claims

1st Half/2006	1st Half/2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(2,985)	(2,931)	(1.8)	(1,428)	(1,503)	5.3

The variation in the period is due to: (i) a decrease in reported claims in the Life R\$83, Auto R\$8 and other lines R\$25; mitigated: (ii) by the increase of reported claims of Health R\$46 and Basic lines R\$16.

N.B.: The claims ratio decreased from 78.5% to 76.2% between the halves.

The variation in the quarter is due to: (i) the increase in reported claims in the Health line R\$90, resulting from seasonality, as in the 1st quarters there is a decrease in utilization due to the insured and prospects vacation period; Life segment R\$5; mitigated: (ii) by the decrease in reported claims of the Auto R\$2, Basic lines R\$11 and other lines R\$7.

N.B.: Between the quarters, we recorded an increase in the claims ratio from 73.3% to 79.1%.

Certificated Savings Plans Draws and Redemptions

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(573)	(654)	14.1	(301)	(353)	17.3

from certificated savings plans.

The redemptions are directly related to revenue. The The redemptions are directly related to revenue. The variation in the period is due to the increase in revenues variation in the quarter is due to higher revenues from certificated savings plans.

Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans Selling Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(494)	(522)	5.7	(260)	(262)	0.8

below:

The variation in the period is detailed in the charts The variation in the quarter is detailed in the charts below:

a) Insurance Products Selling Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(401)	(414)	3.2	(206)	(208)	1.0

In nominal terms, selling expenses remained practically steady in 1H07 when compared to 1H06. In the sale/received premium ratio, there was a slight growth in the indexes (from 11.2% in 1H06 to 11.5% in 1H07).

In nominal terms, selling expenses remained practically steady in 2Q07 when compared to 1Q07. In the sale/received premiums ratio, there was a slight growth in the indexes (from 11.4% in 1Q07 to 11.7% in 2Q07).

b) Private Pension Plans Selling Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(86)	(100)	16.3	(49)	(51)	4.1

The variation in the period is basically a result of the The expenses remained practically stable in 2Q07 when increase in sales of the VGBL product and, consequently compared to 1Q07. in selling expenses R\$11.

c) Certificated Savings Plans Selling Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(7)	(8)	14.3	(5)	(3)	(40.0)

compared to 1H06.

The expenses remained practically stable in 1H07 when The variation in the quarter derives from the lower selling expenses referring to the Pé Quente products in 2Q07.

Private Pension Plans Benefits and Redemptions Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(1,294)	(1,225)	(5.3)	(713)	(512)	(28.2)

The variation in the period is derived from: (i) the lower The variation in the quarter is mainly due to the lower volume of redemptions in Traditional Plans R\$167 yolume of redemptions in PGBL plans R\$208. **mitigated** by: (ii) the higher volume of redemptions in

PGBL plans R\$62; and (iii) the higher volume of benefits paid R\$36.

Personnel Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(2,888)	(3,109)	7.7	(1,460)	(1,649)	12.9

The growth in the period is due to: (i) the increase in Salary levels resulting from the 2006 collective bargaining agreement (3.5%); (ii) the higher expenses of PLR R\$68; (iii) the consolidation of Amex Brasil and acation R\$48; and (iii) the higher expenses with PLR Fidelity R\$77; **mitigated**: (iv) by the lower expenses R\$10.

Other Administrative Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation $\%$	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(2,692)	(3,184)	18.3	(1,540)	(1,644)	6.8

The increase in the period is basically due to: (i) the increase in businesses; (ii) the contractual adjustments; and (iii) the investments in the improvement and optimization of the technological platform (IT).

The variation in the quarter is basically due to increased expenses with: (i) third-party services R\$40; (ii) advertising R\$22; (iii) communication R\$12; and (iv) data processing R\$9.

Tax Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(1.041)	(1.167)	12.1	(585)	(582)	(0.5)

PIS/Cofins increased expenses R\$65 in view of the increase of taxable income; (ii) the ISS increased expenses R\$26; and (iii) the higher expenses with CPMF R\$15.

The increase in the period mainly derives from: (i) the The variation in the quarter is essentially due to: (i) the IPTU decreased expenses R\$16, due to the prepayment with discount in the 1st quarter; offset: (ii) by the PIS/Cofins increased expenses R\$10; and (iii) the higher expenses with CPMF R\$3.

Equity in the Earnings of Affiliated Companies

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
35	16	(54.3)	12	4	(66.7)

lower results in affiliated companies in 1H07.

The variation in the period is substantially due to the The variation in the quarter mainly derives from lower results obtained in the affiliated companies in 2Q07.

Other Operating Income

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
571	636	11.4	337	299	(11.3)

The increase in the period is due to: (i) higher reversions for operating provisions R\$141; (ii) higher result in the sale of goods R\$19; mitigated by: (iii) lower financial revenues R\$54; and (iv) lower revenues from the recovery of charges and expenses R\$41.

The variation in the quarter is mainly due to: (i) lower financial revenues R\$26; (ii) lower revenues from the sale of goods R\$21; (iii) lower recoveries of charges and expenses R\$2; mitigated: (iv) by lower reversions for operating provision R\$15.

Other Operating Expenses

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(2.014)	(2.244)	11.4	(1.142)	(1.102)	(3.5)

The increase in the period is mostly due to: (i) the higher financial expenses R\$277; (ii) the increase in sundry losses R\$146 (R\$ 58 of which from consolidation of Amex Brasil); (iii) the higher costs of services rendered R\$51; **mitigated** by: (iv) the reduction with goodwill amortization expenses R\$242; and (v) the lower operating provision recording R\$138.

The variation in the quarter basically derives from: (i) the lower expenses with operating provisions R\$57; (ii) the lower costs of services rendered R\$20; **mitigated**: (iii) by the higher sundry losses R\$27.

Operating Income

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
4.328	4.692	8.4	2.281	2.411	5.7

The increase in the period derives from: (i) the increased fee and commission income R\$1,037; (ii) the higher net interest income R\$798; (iii) the increase in the result of insurance, private pension plans and certificated savings plans operations R\$2; offset by: (iv) the increased personnel and administrative expenses R\$713; (v) the higher allowance for doubtful accounts expenses R\$450; (vi) the increased operating expenses (net of income) R\$165; (vii) the higher tax expenses R\$126; and (viii) the decrease in the equity in the earnings of affiliated companies R\$19.

N.B.: For a more detailed analysis of the variation of each item, we recommend the reading of each specific item.

The variation in the quarter derives from: (i) the higher net interest income R\$685; (ii) the increased fee and commission income R\$50; (iii) the lower tax expenses R\$3; (iv) the lower operating expenses (net of income) R\$2; **mitigated** by: (v) the higher personnel expenses R\$189; (vi) the higher expenses with allowance for doubtful accounts R\$184; (vii) the reduction in contribution margin of insurance, private pension plans and certificated savings plans operations R\$125; (viii) the higher administrative expenses R\$104; (ix) the decrease in the equity in the earnings of affiliated companies R\$8.

N.B.: For a more detailed analysis of the variation of each item, we recommend the reading of each specific item.

Non-Operating Income

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(20)	2		(3)	5	

The variation in the period is mainly due to higher income recorded in the sale of receivables, assets and investments.

The variation in the quarter is basically due to lower recording of other non-operating expenses.

Taxes on Income

1st Half/2006	1st Half /2007	Variation %	1st Qtr./2007	2 nd Qtr./2007	Variation %
(1,171)	(1,183)	1.0	(570)	(613)	7.5

The variation on taxes on income expenses in the period reflects tax charge over earnings before taxes, adjusted of additions and exclusions, according to Note 34.

The variation on taxes on income expenses in the quarter reflects tax charge over earnings before taxes, adjusted of additions and exclusions, according to Note 34.

Comparative Balance Sheet

R\$ million

Assets	Jui	ne	Variation	March	June	Variation
	2006	2007	%	200	07	%
Current and Long-Term Assets	227,156	287,070	26.4	278,387	287,070	3.1
Funds Available	3,161	4,916	55.5	4,244	4,916	15.8
Interbank Investments	27,569	27,394	(0.6)	31,601	27,394	(13.3)
Securities and Derivative Financial		•			•	, ,
Instruments	70,382	103,577	47.2	97,534	103,577	6.2
Interbank and Interdepartmental						
Accounts	18,212	20,257	11.2	19,640	20,257	3.1
Restricted Deposits:						
Brazilian Central Bank	16,949	19,278	13.7	18,545	19,278	4.0
Other	1,263	979	(22.5)	1,095	979	(10.6)
Loan and Leasing Operations	76,678	94,671	23.5	88,436	94,671	7.1
Loan and Leasing Operations	82,371	101,617	23.4	95,111	101,617	6.8
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(5,693)	(6,946)	22.0	(6,675)	(6,946)	4.1
Other Receivables and Assets	31,154	36,255	16.4	36,932	36,255	(1.8)
Foreign Exchange Portfolio	10,123	12,047	19.0	13,620	12,047	(11.5)
Other Receivables and Assets	21,171	24,295	14.8	23,411	24,295	3.8
Allowance for Other Doubtful Accounts	(140)	(87)	(37.9)	(99)	(87)	(12.1)
Permanent Assets	5,779	3,498	(39.5)	3,557	3,498	(1.7)
Investments	1,045	585	(44.0)	661	585	(11.5)
Property, Plant and Equipment in						
Use and Leased Assets	2,092	2,216	5.9	2,234	2,216	(0.8)
Deferred Charges	2,642	697	(73.6)	662	697	5.3
Deferred Charges	587	697	18.7	662	697	5.3
Goodwill on Acquisition of Subsidiaries,						
Net of Amortization	2,055					
Total	232,935	290,568	24.7	281,944	290,568	3.1
Liabilities						
Current and Long-Term Liabilities	211,261	262,817	24.4	255,690	262,817	2.8
Deposits	78,356	82,601	5.4	84,162	82,601	(1.9)
Demand Deposits	16,646	21,019	26.3	20,115	21,019	4.5
Savings Deposits	24,835	28,406	14.4	27,609	28,406	2.9
Interbank Deposits	163	231	41.7	158	231	46.2
Time Deposits	36,435	32,360	(11.2)	35,687	32,360	(9.3)
Other Deposits	277	585	111.2	593	585	(1.3)
Federal Funds Purchased and Securities						
Sold under Agreements to Repurchase	29,258	53,756	83.7	50,901	53,756	5.6
Funds from Issuance of Securities	6,201	6,645	7.2	5,879	6,645	13.0
Securities Issued Abroad	2,741	3,162	15.4	2,316	3,162	36.5
Other Funds	3,460	3,483	0.7	3,563	3,483	(2.2)
Interbank and Interdepartmental	1.070	1.006	(1.0)	1.050	1.006	(1.0)
Accounts	1,963	1,926	(1.9)	1,950	1,926	(1.2)

Borrowings and Onlendings	15,485	19,165	23.8	18,634	19,165	2.8
Borrowings	5,502	6,540	18.9	6,957	6,540	(6.0)
Onlendings	9,983	12,625	26.5	11,677	12,625	8.1
Derivative Financial Instruments	396	2,124	436.4	855	2,124	148.4
Technical Provisions for Insurance,						
Private Pension Plans and						
Certificated Savings Plans	43,947	52,900	20.4	50,653	52,900	4.4
Other Liabilities	35,655	43,700	22.6	42,656	43,700	2.4
Foreign Exchange Portfolio	4,679	6,405	36.9	8,416	6,405	(23.9)
Taxes and Social Security Contributions,						
Social and Statutory Payables	8,342	10,936	31.1	9,029	10,936	21.1
Subordinated Debt	10,903	13,203	21.1	12,147	13,203	8.7
Sundry	11,731	13,156	12.1	13,064	13,156	0.7
Future Taxable Income	158	173	9.5	164	173	5.5
Minority Interest in Consolidated						
Subsidiaries	55	63	14.5	61	63	3.3
Stockholders Equity	21,461	27,515	28.2	26,029	27,515	5.7
Total	232,935	290,568	24.7	281,944	290,568	3.1

Equity Analysis R\$ million

Funds Available

	June			2007		
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %	
3,161	4,916	55.5	4,244	4,916	15.8	

The variation in the period is due to: (i) the increased volume of funds available in domestic currency R\$1,882; **offset**: (ii) by the reduction in the volume in foreign currency R\$127.

The variation in the quarter is basically due to: (i) the increased volume in domestic currency R\$590; and (ii) by the increased volume of funds available in foreign currency R\$82.

Interbank Investments

June				2007		
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %	
27.569	27,394	(0.6)	31,601	27,394	(13.3)	

The reduction in the period substantially derives from: (i) the reduction in own portfolio position in the amount of R\$5,475; (ii) the reduction in investments in interbank deposits R\$992; partially **offset**: (iii) by the increase in the own portfolio position in the amount of R\$6,292.

The variation in the quarter is basically due to: (i) the decrease in unrestricted bonds R\$ 1,800; (ii) the reduction in investments in interbank deposits R\$1,133; (iii) the reduction in the own portfolio position in the amount of R\$918; and (iv) the decrease in third-party portfolio position in the amount of R\$356.

Securities (TVM) and Derivative Financial Instruments

June				2007		
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %	
70,382	103,577	47.2	97,534	103,577	6.2	

The increase in the period is substantially due to: (i) the additional funds derived from the increase in funding, particularly technical provisions for insurance, private espension plans and certificated savings plans, as well period as the issuance of subordinated debt of R\$1,519; (ii) the as variation in average interest rates, observing the 13.2% variation in the period; partially **mitigated** by: (iii) CI the exchange loss variation of 11.0% in the period from (iv) indexed and/or denominated securities, which comprise on 6.3% of the portfolio; and (iv) the redemption/maturity of securities. The portfolio profile (excluded from purchase and sale commitments), based on Management s intent, is distributed as follows: Trading Securities 64.6%; Securities Available for Sale 22.9%; and Securities Held

Securities Available for Sale 22.9%; and Securities Held to Maturity 12.5 %. In June/07, 53.3% of the total portfolio (excluded from purchase and sale commitments) was represented by Government Bonds, 18.5% by Private Securities and 28.2% by PGBL and VGBL fund quotas.

Interbank and Interdepartmental Accounts

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
18,212	20,257	11.2	19,640	20,257	3.1

The variation in the period is mainly due to: (i) the increase in volume of compulsory demand deposits of R\$1,285, due to an expansion in average balance of these deposits, basis for payment in respective periods, from R\$16,836 in June/2006 to R\$22,047 in June/2007; (ii) the increase in the volume of the compulsory of savings accounts deposits in the amount of R\$658 referring to the increase in the balance of these deposits by 14.4% in the period; and (iii) the increase in the additional compulsory on deposits R\$386; offset: (iv) by the decrease in the item "Check Clearing Services and Related Services" R\$276, in view of the accounts balance represented by checks and other documents at the end of the first half of 2007.

The variation in the quarter is basically due to: (i) the increase in the volume of compulsory demand deposits R\$526; (ii) the increase in the volume of compulsory of savings accounts deposits in the amount of R\$140; (iii) the increase in the additionally compulsory on deposits in the amount of R\$67; offset by: (iii) the decrease in the item "Checks Clearing and Relationship with Correspondents Services" in the amount of R\$187, due to the balancing of accounts, represented by checks and other documents, at the end of the quarter.

The variation in the quarter partially reflects: (i) the

additional funds arising from increased funding,

especially the technical provisions for insurance, private

pension plans and certificated savings plans, as well

as the issuance of subordinated debts of R\$996; (ii) the

variation in average interest rates, observing the 2.9%

CDI variation in 2Q07; which was partially **mitigated** by:

(iii) the redemption/maturity of securities; and

(iv)exchange loss variation of 6.1% in 2Q07, impacting

on foreign currency indexed and/or denominated

securities, which comprise 6.3% of the portfolio.

Loan and Leasing Operations

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
88,643	108,191	22.1	101,473	108,191	6.6

The increase in the period is basically due to: (i) the The variation in the quarter is mainly due to: (i) the 6.1% corporate portfolio is the result of the 25.6% increase in micro, small and medium-sized companies portfolio, coupled with a 23.0% increase in the portfolio of large companies (Corporate). In the corporate portfolio we

maintenance of the economic activity level; partially offset by: (ii) exchange loss variation of 11.0% from June/06 to June/07, impacting on foreign currency indexed and/or denominated contracts, comprising 10.1% of the total portfolio. In June/0 7, the portfolio was distributed at 58.7% for corporate (25.1% of which was directed to industry, public and private sectors, 14.9% to commerce, 16.9% to services, 1.3% to agribusiness and 0.5% to financial intermediation) and 41.3% for individuals. In terms of concentration, the 100 largest borrowers accounted for 22.7% of the portfolio in June/06 and for 21.4% in June/07. The Loan Portfolio under Normal Course reached the amount of R\$99,216 in June/07. Out of this total, 32.2% is falling due within up to 90 days.

N.B.1: this item includes advances on foreign exchange contracts and other receivables and does not include the allowance for doubtful accounts, as described in Note 10. **N.B.2**: for a better understanding of these operations, see item loan operations, on page 78.

individual client portfolio, with a 19.0% growth, in growth recorded in the corporate portfolio resulting from particular in the Auto products, up by 20.3% and Persontale 9.3% increase in the portfolio of micro, small and Loan, up by 10.4%. The growth of 24.3% recorded in the medium-sized companies and the increase of 3.0% in the portfolio of large companies (Corporate). It is worth pointing out the increase of 6.2% in Working Capital, of 7.3% in Operations Abroad and 13.3% in BNDES Onlending, as a result of the maintenance of the economic point out the products Operations Abroad, up by 71.0% activity level. The 7.4% growth in the individual client BNDES Onlending up by 33.7% and Workingortfolio, especially in the Auto products, with a 8.0% Capital with an increase of 30.1%, as a result of the increase and Personal Loan, with a 5.8% increase, is a result of a stable economic scenario; offset: (ii) by the exchange loss variation of 6.1% in 2Q07, impacting foreign currency indexed and/or denominated contracts, which account for 10.1% of total portfolio. In terms of c oncentration, the 100 largest borrowers accounted for 22.7% of the portfolio in March/07 and 21.4% in June/07.

> **N.B.1**: this item includes advances on exchange contracts and other receivables and does not take into account the allowance for doubtful accounts, as described in Note 10. **N.B.2**: for a better understanding of these operations, see item loan operations, on page 78.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts (PDD)

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
(5,833)	(7,033)	20.6	(6,775)	(7,033)	3.8

The variation in the PDD balance for the period was mostly due to a 22.1% increase in the volume of loan operations and in the improvement of loan evaluation tools. PDD ratio in relation to the loan portfolio increased from 6.6% in June/06 to 6.5% in June/07. Provision coverage ratios in relation to the loan portfolio under abnormal course, respectively, rated between E and H, decreased from 157.3% in June/06 to 148.4% in June/07 and, between D and H, reduced from 129.1% in June/06 to 125.6% in June/07. However, the preventive maintenance of high provision levels made all performance indicators remain in adequate levels. In the twelve-month period, PDD in the amount of R\$4,862 was recorded, R\$9 was incorporated arising from acquired institutions and R\$3,671 was written off. The exceeding PDD volume in relation to the minimum required increased from R\$1,080 in June/06 to ;R\$1,110 in June/07.

The increase in the PDD balance in the quarter basically reflects a 6.6% growth of the loan portfolio in the quarter, particularly, the individual client portfolio with a 7.4% growth. The PDD ratio in relation to the loan portfolio increased from 6.7% in March/07 to 6.5% in June/07, and the provision coverage ratios in relation to the loan portfolio under abnormal course, respectively, rated from E to H, increased from 148.3% in March/07 to 148.4% in June/07, and those rated from D to H increased from 123.3% in March/07 to 125.6% in June/07. In the quarter, PDD in the amount of R\$1,344 was recorded, R\$9 arose from acquired institutions and R\$1,095 was written off. The exceeding PDD volume in relation to the minimum required remained stable when compared to the balance of March/07.

Other Receivables and Assets

	June			2007		
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %	
30,789	35,895	16.6	36,521	35,895	(1.7)	

The variation in the period is mainly due to: (i) the increase of foreign exchange operations R\$1,924; (ii) the increase in tax credit balances R\$1,822, basically as a result of temporary provisions; and (iii) the increase in the balance of credit card operations R\$897, not included in loan operations.

N.B.: balances are deducted (net of corresponding PDD) of R\$411 in March/07 and I of R\$365 in June/06 and of R\$360 in June/07, allocated the Loan and Leasing O to the Loan and Leasing Operations and Allowance fooubtful Accounts items. Doubtful Accounts items.

The variation in the quarter is basically due to: (i) the reduction in foreign exchange operations R\$1,573; **offset** by: (ii) the increase in the balance of credit card operations R\$391, not included in loan operations; and (iii) the increase in tax credit balances R\$380.

N.B.: balances are deducted (net of corresponding PDD) of R\$411 in March/07 and R\$360 in June/07, allocated to the Loan and Leasing Operations and Allowance for facultial Accounts items.

Permanent Assets

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
5,779	3,498	(39.5)	3,557	3,498	(1.7)

The variation in the period is mostly due to: (i) the full goodwill amortization; (ii) the transfer of Banco Espírito Santo (BES) investment to current assets; **mitigated** by: (iii) the increase in property, plant and equipment in use and leased assets and deferred charges.

The variation in the quarter is mostly due to the increase in property, plant and equipment and leased assets.

Deposits

June			2007	2007	
2007 82 601	Variation %	March 84 162	June 82 601	Variation % (1.9)	
		2007 Variation %	2007 Variation % March	2007 Variation % March June	

The variation in the quarter is detailed in the charts below:

The increase of the period is detailed in the charts below:

a) Demand Deposits

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
16,646	21,019	26.3	20,115	21,019	4.5

The evolution of R\$4,373 is composed of: individuals The variation in the quarter is due to the increase of funds R\$1,334 and corporate clients R\$3,039.

stemming from individuals R\$356 and corporate clients R\$548.

b) Savings Deposits

	June			2007		
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %	
24,835	28,406	14.4	27,609	28,406	2.9	

The increase in the period is mainly due to: (i) the deposits made in the period; and (ii) the deposit remuneration (TR + 0.5% p.m.) reaching 8.2% in the last twelve months.

The increase in the quarter is basically due to: (i) the deposits made in the quarter; and (ii) by the deposit remuneration (TR + 0.5% p.m.), reaching 1.9% in the quarter.

c) Time Deposits

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
36,435	32,360	(11.2)	35,687	32,360	(9.3)

The decrease in the period is basically due to the The decrease in the quarter is substantially due to the migration of funds to other forms of investment by migration of funds to other forms of investment by institutional investors, mainly by means of issuance of institutional investors. debentures and subordinated debts.

d) Interbank Deposits and Other Deposits

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
440	816	85.5	751	816	8.7

The variation in the period results from: (i) a hike in the The variation in the quarter is basically due to the volume of the Interbank Deposits item, at the amount of ncrease in the volume of Interbank Deposits item, at the R\$68; and (ii) the increase in the Other Deposits amount of R\$73. Investment Account item R\$308.

Federal Funds Purchased and Securities Sold under Agreements to Repurchase

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
29,258	53,756	83.7	50,901	53,756	5.6

The variation of balance in the period derives from: (i) an increase in funding volume, using government and private securities of the own portfolio issued R\$18,215; (ii) the increase of third-party portfolio R\$4,808; and (iii) the increase in the unrestricted portfolio R\$1,475.

N.B.: include investment funds applied in purchase and sale commitments with Bradesco, whose owners are subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements, at the amount of R\$5,175 in June/06 and R\$11,577 in June/07.

The variation of balance in the quarter derives from: (i) an increase in funding volume, using the own portfolio R\$3,002; and (ii) the increase in the unrestricted portfolio R\$580; **offset**: (iii) by the reduction of the third-party portfolio R\$727.

N.B.: include investment funds applied in purchase and sale commitments with Bradesco, whose owners are subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements, in the amount of R\$10,571 in March/07 and R\$11,577 in June/07.

Funds from Issuance of Securities

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
6,201	6,645	7.2	5,879	6,645	13.0

The variation in the period basically derives from: (i) the increased balance of securities issued abroad, mainly in view of funding of securitization securities of future flow MT100; and (ii) the increase in the funding of MTN Program Issues, as per Note 16c.

In the quarter, the variation mostly derives from the increase in the balance of securities issued abroad, mainly in view of funding of securitization securities of future flow MT 100.

Interbank and Interdepartmental Accounts

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
1,963	1,926	(1.9)	1,950	1,926	(1.2)

of foreign currency payment orders.

The variation in the period is mostly due to lower volume The variation in the quarter is mostly due to lower volume of foreign currency payment orders.

Borrowings and Onlendings

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
15,485	19,165	23.8	18,634	19,165	2.8

The variation in the period is basically due to: (i) the increase in the volume of funds from domestic and foreign borrowings and onlendings, mainly by means of BNDES and Finame; which was offset: (ii) by exchange loss variation of 11.0% from June/06 to June/07, which impacted on the foreign currency indexed and/or denominated borrowings and onlendings liabilities, the balances of which were R\$5,807 in June/06 and R\$6,917 in June/07.

The variation in the quarter mainly results from: (i) the increase in the volume of funds from domestic borrowings and onlendings mainly by means of BNDES and Finame; which was offset: (ii) by the exchange loss variation of 6.1% in 2Q07, which impacted on the foreign currency indexed and/or denominated borrowings and onlendings liabilities, the balances of which were R\$7,311 in Mach/07 and R\$6,917 in June/07.

Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
43,947	52,900	20.4	50,653	52,900	4.4

growth in sales of supplementary private pension plans and insurance policies; and (ii) the restatement and interest on technical provisions. The largest variations recorded were: (a) in the private pension segment, segment, in the Health line R\$949, partially due to the recording of additional provisions relative to the necessary amount of readjustment of the Health insurance premiums, as well as in the provisions of the

Life segment R\$510.

The increase in the period is basically due to: (i) the

The increase in the quarter is mainly due to: (i) the monetary restatement and interest on technical provisions; and (ii) the increase in the sales of supplementary private pension plans and insurance policies. The largest variations recorded were: (a) in the VGBL plans at R\$5,668; PGBL plans at R\$1,406 pmidvate pension segment, in VGBL plans at R\$1,296; Traditional plans at R\$236; and (b) in the insurance PGBL plans at R\$329 and Traditional plans at R\$157; and (b) in the insurance segment, in Health segment R\$242, as well as in the provisions for the Life segment R\$193.

Other Liabilities, Derivative Financial Instruments and Future Taxable Income

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
41,976	52,125	24.2	49,526	52,125	5.2

The variation in the period mostly derives from: (i) the issuance of Subordinated Debt R\$1,519; (ii) the increase (iii) the increase in Credit Cards operations R\$1,879; (iv) the increase in the Derivative Financial N.B.: excludes advances on foreign exchange contracts of Instruments R\$1,727; and (v) the increase in the R\$5,851 and R\$6,128, allocated to the specific item in Exchange Portfolio R\$2,089.

N.B.: excludes advances on foreign exchange contracts of R\$5,767 and R\$6,128, allocated to the specific item in loan operations in June/06 and June /07, respectively.

The variation in the quarter is mainly due to the increase in the items: (i) Tax and Social Security R\$1,229; (ii) in the balance of items Tax and Social Security R\$2,388; Derivative Financial Instruments R\$1,269; and (iii) Subordinated Debt R\$996.

loan operations in March/07 and June/07, respectively.

Minority Interest in Subsidiaries

	June		2007	2007		
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %	
55	63	14.5	61	63	3.3	

The variation in the period is mainly due to the increase In the quarter, the Minority Interest in Subsidiaries item in the number of the minority stockholders of Indiana remained practically steady. Seguros.

Stockholders Equity

	June			2007	
2006	2007	Variation %	March	June	Variation %
21,461	27,515	28.2	26,029	27,515	5.7

The variation in the period is due to: (i) the appropriation of reported net income R\$5,929; (ii) the increase in the reserve for securities and derivatives mark-to-market adjustment R\$1,353; (iii) capital increase R\$1,200; (iv) premium in stock subscription R\$18; which was partially offset by: (v) interest on own capital/dividends paid and provisioned R\$2,409; and (vi) treasury stock buyback R\$37.

The variation in the quarter is due to: (i) the appropriation of reported net income R\$2,302; which was **offset** by: (ii) interest on own capital and dividends paid and provisioned R\$796; (iii) the decrease in reserve for securities and derivatives mark-to-market adjustment R\$11; and (iv) treasury stock buyback R\$9.

2-Main Statement of Income Information

Consolidated Statement of Adjusted Income R\$ thousand

			Years		
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Revenues from Financial Intermediation	37,666,266	32,968,153	26,203,227	28,033,866	31,913,379
Loan Operations	20,055,120	16,704,318	12,731,435	12,294,528	15,726,929
Leasing Operations	653,260	444,389	300,850	307,775	408,563
Operations with Securities Financial Income on Insurance, Private Pension	6,090,822	5,552,008	4,921,179	7,832,965	9,527,663
Plans and Certificated Savings Plans	6,887,472	6,171,213	5,142,434	5,359,939	3,271,913
Derivative Financial Instruments	1,923,358	1,983,152	1,238,890	55,192	(2,073,247)
Foreign Exchange Transactions	729,647	617,678	691,302	797,702	4,456,594
Compulsory Deposits	1,326,587	1,495,395	1,177,137	1,385,765	594,964
Expenses from Financial Intermediation	1,320,307	1,100,000	1,177,137	1,505,705	371,701
(Excluding PDD)	17,827,105	16,419,196	12,972,347	14,752,199	20,441,257
Market Funding Operations	11,994,711	11,285,324	8,486,003	10,535,497	10,993,327
Price-level Restatement and Interest on Technical	, ,			,	
Provisions for Insurance,					
Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings					
Plans	4,004,823	3,764,530	3,215,677	3,120,342	2,241,283
Borrowings and Onlendings	1,819,413	1,360,647	1,253,175	1,083,379	7,194,161
Leasing Operations	8,158	8,695	17,492	12,981	12,486
Net Interest Income	19,839,161	16,548,957	13,230,880	13,281,667	11,472,122
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts Expenses	4,412,413	2,507,206	2,041,649	2,449,689	2,818,526
Gross Income from Financial Intermediation	15,426,748	14,041,751	11,189,231	10,831,978	8,653,596
Other Operating Income (Expenses)	(6,759,505)	(6,543,186)		(7,278,870)	(6,343,850)
Fee and Commission Income	8,897,882	7,348,879	5,824,368	4,556,861	3,711,736
Operating Income on Insurance, Private Pension	1 025 221	620.001	(60.645)	(1.49.920)	650 165
Plans and Certificated Savings Plans Retained Premiums from Insurance, Private	1,025,221	620,991	(60,645)	(148,829)	658,165
Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans	15,179,418	13,647,089	13,283,677	11,726,088	10,134,873
Net Premiums Issued	19,021,852	16,824,862	15,285,077	13,111,896	10,134,873
Reinsurance Premiums and Redeemed Premiums	(3,842,434)		(2,105,493)	(1,385,808)	(552,511)
Variation in Technical Provisions for Insurance,	(3,012,131)	(3,177,773)	(2,103,173)	(1,303,000)	(332,311)
Private Pension Plans and					
Certificated Savings Plans	(3,515,047)	(2,428,589)	(3,964,106)	(3,670,163)	(2,784,647)
Retained Claims			(5,159,188)		
Certificated Savings Plans Draws and					
Redemptions	(1,221,626)	(1,228,849)	(1,223,287)	(1,099,554)	(720,932)
Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated					
Savings Plans Selling Expenses	(1,022,737)	(961,017)	(867,094)	(762,010)	(667,527)
Private Pension Plans Benefits and Redemptions					
Expenses			(2,130,647)		
Personnel Expenses			(4,969,007)		
Other Administrative Expenses			(4,937,143)		
Tax Expenses			(1,464,446)		(847,739)
Equity in the Earnings of Affiliated Companies	72,324	76,150	163,357	5,227	64,619

Other Operating Income	1,420,217	1,096,968	1,198,532	1,697,242	1,320,986
Other Operating Expenses	(4,222,808)	(3,404,948)	(2,826,136)	(2,741,279)	(3,147,627)
Operating Income	8,667,243	7,498,565	4,118,111	3,553,108	2,309,746
Non-Operating Income	(8,964)	(106,144)	(491,146)	(841,076)	186,342
Income before Taxes on Profit and Interest	8,658,279	7,392,421	3,626,965	2,712,032	2,496,088
Taxes on Income	(2,286,765)	(1,869,516)	(554,345)	(396,648)	(460,263)
Minority Interest in Subsidiaries	(9,007)	(8,831)	(12,469)	(9,045)	(13,237)
Net Income	6,362,507	5,514,074	3,060,151	2,306,339	2,022,588
Profitability on Stockholders' Equity	25.83%	28.41%	20.11%	17.02%	18.65%
Net Interest Income/Total Assets	7.47%	8.28%	7.15%	7.54%	8.03%

	2007			2006			2005	
	2 nd Qtr.	1st Qtr.	4th Qtr.	3 rd Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Qtr.	4 th Qtr.	3 rd Qtr.
Revenues from Financial								
Intermediation Loan Operations	9,876,267 4,994,278	9,313,588 4,936,359	9,566,436 5,112,754	9,624,065 5,258,086	9,678,900 5,166,814	8,796,865 4,517,466	10,114,120 5,220,326	8,371,118 4,296,030
Leasing Operations Operations with	192,700	191,817	192,898	174,990	151,474	133,898	128,647	133,604
Securities Financial Income on Insurance, Private Pension Plans and	1,124,485	1,481,724	1,716,957	1,793,642	1,532,264	1,047,959	2,236,854	1,357,055
Certificated Savings Plans Derivative Financial	2,001,085	1,685,144	1,840,259	1,591,834	1,622,810	1,832,569	1,748,960	1,515,755
Instruments Foreign Exchange	1,105,847	553,119	290,601	303,403	528,246	801,108	118,208	586,559
Operations Compulsory	143,305	149,264	98,051	167,557	349,797	114,242	296,868	89,974
Deposits Expenses from Financial Intermediation (Excluding	314,567	316,161	314,916	334,553	327,495	349,623	364,257	392,141
PDD)	4,172,818	4,294,503	4,520,722	4,756,794	4,729,262	3,820,327	5,510,528	4,034,524
Market Funding Operations Price-level Restatement and Interest on Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans	2,731,654	2,884,640	3,010,976	3,430,965	3,016,360	2,536,410	3,713,534	2,897,471
and Certificated								
Savings Plans Borrowings and	1,096,964	1,043,589	1,138,529	907,865	915,781	1,042,648	1,050,944	872,695
Onlendings Leasing	341,203	364,583	369,088	415,788	794,801	239,736	744,611	262,910
Operations	2,997	1,691	2,129	2,176	2,320	1,533	1,439	1,448

Net Interest Income Allowance for	5,703,449	5,019,085	5,045,714	4,867,271	4,949,638	4,976,538	4,603,592	4,336,594
Doubtful Accounts Expenses Gross Income from Financial	1,343,964	1,159,661	1,189,941	1,168,044	1,115,986	938,442	770,560	539,900
Intermediation	4,359,485	3,859,424	3,855,773	3,699,227	3,833,652	4,038,096	3,833,032	3,796,694
Other								
Operating Income								
(Expenses)	(1,949,496)	(1,577,991)	(1,675,438)	(1,542,072)	(1,752,656)	(1,789,339)	(1,807,520)	(1,688,151)
Fee and								
Commission								
Income	2,608,536	2,559,188	2,423,752	2,342,847	2,090,735	2,040,548	2,009,563	1,918,367
Operating Income of								
Insurance,								
Private Pension								
Plans and								
Certificated								
Savings Plans	115,334	241,430	345,135	325,144	239,400	115,542	263,092	146,207
Retained Premiums from								
Insurance,								
Private								
Pension Plans								
and certificated								
Savings Plans	3,842,668	3,605,971	4,626,761	3,807,017	3,287,286	3,458,354	4,303,785	3,546,484
Net Premiums Issued	5,054,748	4,801,108	5,662,096	4,714,041	4,249,174	4,396,541	5,083,889	4,314,294
Reinsurance	3,034,740	4,001,100	3,002,070	7,717,071	7,277,177	7,570,571	3,003,007	7,317,277
Premiums and								
Redeemed								
Premiums	(1,212,080)	(1,195,137)	(1,035,335)	(907,024)	(961,888)	(938,187)	(780,104)	(767,810)
Variation of Technical								
Provisions of								
Insurance,								
Private								
Pension Plans								
and Certificated								
Savings Plans	(1,097,267)	(663 215)	(1,568,675)	(901,468)	(465,746)	(579 158)	(1,318,642)	(739,487)
Retained	(1,071,201)	(003,213)	(1,500,075)	(201,100)	(103,710)	(577,150)	(1,010,012)	(10),101)
Claims	(1,503,530)	(1,427,886)	(1,651,421)	(1,489,845)	(1,476,763)	(1,508,635)	(1,533,502)	(1,462,742)
Certificated								
Savings Plans								
Draws and Redemptions	(352,506)	(301,043)	(343,384)	(305,545)	(288,144)	(284,553)	(331,479)	(337,735)
Reachiphons	(332,300)	(501,043)	(343,304)	(505,545)	(200,144)	(204,333)	(331,479)	(331,133)

Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans								
Selling Expenses Private Pension Plans Benefits	(261,961)	(259,833)	(268,731)	(259,861)	(251,020)	(243,125)	(263,324)	(244,611)
and Redemption Expenses	(512,070)	(712,564)	(449,415)	(525,154)	(566,213)	(727,341)	(593,746)	(615,702)
Personnel Expenses Other	(1,649,408)	(1,459,826)	(1,460,199)	(1,584,533)	(1,468,665)	(1,419,009)	(1,361,355)	(1,483,256)
Administrative Expenses Tax Expenses	(1,644,146) (581,290)	(1,539,500) (585,370)						
Equity in the Earnings of Affiliated	(,,	(===,===,	(, - ,	(, ,	(, - ,	(,	(= = ,== = ,	(- , - ,
Companies Other Operating	4,505	11,589	30,257	7,587	29,786	4,694	7,281	64,227
Income Other Operating	298,938	337,274	430,410	418,941	316,150	254,716	299,948	237,711
Expenses	(1,101,965)	(1,142,776)	(1,196,387)	(1,012,926)	(1,053,248)	(960,247)	(1,063,357)	(846,382)
Operating Income	2,409,989	2,281,433	2,180,335	2,157,155	2,080,996	2,248,757	2,025,512	2,108,543
Non-Operating Income Income before	4,129	(2,714)	(29,038)	40,570	11,330	(31,826)	(69,388)	(10,149)
Taxes on Profit	2 414 110	2 279 710	2 151 207	2 107 725	2,092,326	2 217 021	1.057.124	2,098,394
and Interest Taxes on	2,414,118	2,278,719	2,151,297	2,197,725	, ,	2,216,931	1,956,124	, ,
income Minority Interest in	(612,311)	(570,335)	(530,168)	(584,759)	(490,445)	(681,393)	(488,742)	(665,871)
Subsidiaries Net Income	(1,450) 1,800,357	(3,067) 1,705,317	(1,580) 1,619,549	(2,393) 1,610,573	245 1,602,126	(5,279) 1,530,259	(4,829) 1,462,553	(2,294) 1,430,229
Profitability on Stockholders' Equity (Annualized) Net Interest Income/Total	28.06%	28.90%	29.00%	33.04%	33.88%	33.60%	33.72%	35.20%
Assets (Annualized)	8.05%	7.31%	7.82%	8.25%	8.80%	10.09%	8.77%	9.21%

Profitability

Bradesco s Adjusted Net Income reached R\$3,506 million in 1H07, against R\$3,132 million reached in the same period of 2006, which corresponds to an 11.9% increase. Stockholders Equity amounted to R\$27,515 million on June 30, 2007, with a growth of 28.2% compared to the balance as of June 30, 2006. Accordingly, the annualized Return on Average Stockholders Equity (ROAE) reached 28.8%. Total Assets added up to R\$290,568 million at the end of June 30, 2007, growing 24.7% when compared to the balance of June 30, 2006. The annualized Return on Average Assets (ROAA) in 1H07 was 2.5%. Earnings per stock reached R\$1.75.

In 2Q07, the income was R\$1,801 million, representing an increase of R\$96 million or 5.6% when compared to the Net Income in 1Q07. The annualized Return on Average Stockholders Equity (ROAE) reached 29.5% in the quarter and the Return on Average Assets (ROAA), in 2Q07, was 2.5%. Earnings per stock reached R\$0.90.

2Q07 showed an increase in the income composing the Net Interest Income which, composed mainly by higher non-interest results, reached the amount of R\$874 million, a R\$463 million increase, compared to 1Q07, deriving, basically, from higher gains of treasury and TVM operations. In addition, the result with interest reached R\$4,830 million, a R\$222 million increase (R\$283 million related to business volume increase and R\$61 million related to spread reduction). That increase is mainly due to the growth in business volume, particularly the 6.6% growth in the volume of loan operations for individual and corporate clients, which was offset by the fall in the interest rates, which had a negative impact on the result of several of Bradesco s assets and liabilities which generate interest.

The Operating Income from Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans showed in 2Q07 a decrease of R\$125 million, a reflection of the higher constitution of technical provision in the PGBL/Traditional and VGBL products.

In 2Q07, the allowance for doubtful accounts expenses was R\$1,344 million, an increase of R\$184 million when compared to the previous quarter. This variation is due to the growth of our loan portfolio and mainly to the growth in the operations with individual clients, which requires a higher provision volume due to its characteristic.

The Operating Efficiency Ratio, in the 12-month period ended on June 30, 2007 was 42.0%, an improvement of 0.1 percentage point when compared to the ratio of the 12-month period ended on March 30, 2007, which was 42.1%, and 1.2 percentage point when compared to the period ended on June 30, 2006, principally as a result of the combination of strict expense control with permanent efforts for increase in revenue.

The Coverage Ratio in the last 12 months [(fee and commission income)/(personnel expenses + administrative expenses)] improved 1.4 percentage point, increasing from 78.0% in March 2007 to 79.4% in June 2007 and 7.0 percentage points when compared to the 72.4% of June 2006.

Results by Business Segment						
Income Breakdown in percentage						
N.B: The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Income by Business Segment can be found in Note 5.						
Variation in the Main Statement of Income Items						
1st Half of 2007 compared to 1st Half of 2006 R\$ million						

(2) Composition: Tax Expenses, Equity in the Earnings of Affiliated Companies, Other Operating Income, Other Operating Expenses, Non-Operating Income and Minority Interest in Subsidiaries.

2nd Quarter of 2007 compared to the 1st Quarter of 2007 R\$ million

- (1) Composition: Premiums and Net Contributions of variations in Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans deducted from Claims, Redemptions, Benefits and Commissions, not including Financial Income on Insurance activities and price-level restatement and interest on Technical Provisions, which are included in the Net Interest Income.
- (2) Composition: Tax Expenses, Equity in the Earnings of Affiliated Companies, Other Operating Income, Other Operating Expenses, Non-Operating Income and Minority Interest in Subsidiaries.

Variation in Items Composing the Net Interest Income with Exchange Adjustment

1st Half of 2007 compared to the 1st Half of 2006 R\$ million

- (1) Includes Revenues from Loan Operations + Income on Leasing Operations + Income on Foreign Exchange Transactions (Note 11a).
- (2) Includes Market Funding Expenses, excluding Expenses from Purchase and Sale Commitments + Expenses from Borrowings and Onlendings + Income on Compulsory Deposits + Adjustments to Income on Foreign Exchange Transactions (Note 11a).
- (3) Includes Result of Operations with Securities, less expenses with Purchase and Sale Commitments + Financial Income on Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans + Income on Derivative Financial Instruments + Adjustments to Income on Foreign Exchange Transactions (Note 11a).
- (4) This refers to price-level restatement and interest of Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans.

2nd Quarter of 2007 compared to the 1st Quarter of 2007 R\$ million (*)

- (1) Includes Revenues from Loan Operations + Income on Leasing Operations + Income on Foreign Exchange Transactions (Note 11a).
- (2) Includes Market Funding Expenses, excluding Expenses from Purchase and Sale Commitments + Expenses from Borrowings and Onlendings + Income on Compulsory Deposits + Adjustments to Income on Foreign Exchange Transactions (Note 11a).
- (3) Includes Result of Operations with Securities, less expenses with Purchase and Sale Commitments + Financial Income on Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans + Income on Derivative Financial Instruments + Adjustments to Income on Foreign Exchange Transactions (Note 11a).
- (4) This refers to price-level restatement and interest of Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans.

Analysis of the Adjusted Net Interest Income and Average Rates

Loan Operations x Income

Dφ:112	1 st Ha	lf	2007		
R\$ million	2006	2007	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	
Loan Operations	75,923	91,289	88,549	93,883	
Leasing Operations	2,812	4,291	4,013	4,481	
Advances on Exchange	5,409	5,894	5,777	5,989	
1 Total Average Balance (Quarterly)	84,144	101,474	98,339	104,353	
2 Income (Loan Operations, Leasing and					
Exchange) (**)	10,007	10,440	5,182	5,258	
3 Average Rate Annualized Exponentially					
(2/1)	25.2%	21.6%	22.8%	21.7%	

^(*) Does not include other loans.

^(**) Includes Income from Loan Operations, Net Results from Leasing Operations and adjusted Results on Foreign Exchange Transactions (Note 11a).

Securities (TVM) x Income on TVM

774	1st Ha	lf	2007		
R\$ million	2006	2007	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	
Securities	67,787	99,454	97,392	100,556	
Interbank Investments	25,429	28,328	28,795	29,498	
Purchase and Sale Commitments	(25,978)	(50,778)	(49,288)	(52,329)	
Derivative Financial Instruments	(587)	(1,166)	(687)	(1,490)	
4 Total Average Balance (Quarterly)	66,651	75,838	76,212	76,235	
5 Income on Securities (Net of Purchase and					
Sales Commitments Expenses) (*)	5,242	5,143	2,381	2,762	
6 Average Rate Annualized Exponentially					
(5/4)	16.3%	14.0%	13.1%	15.3%	

^(*) Includes Financial Income on Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans, Derivative Financial Instruments and Foreign Exchange adjustment (Note 11a).

Total Assets x Income from Financial Intermediation

	D¢ million	1 st Ha	lf	2007	
	R\$ million	2006	2007	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.
7 8 9	Total Assets Average Balance (Quarterly) Income from Financial Intermediation Average Rate Annualized Exponentially	218,723 18,475	279,353 19,191	273,746 9,313	286,256 9,878
(8	/7)	17.6%	14.2%	14.3%	14.5%

Funding x Expenses

DØ	1st Ha	lf	2007		
R\$ million	2006 2007		1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	
Deposits	76,028	83,556	84,034	83,381	
Funds from Acceptance and Issuance of					
Securities	6,237	6,053	5,758	6,262	
Interbank and Interdepartmental Accounts	1,809	2,036	2,091	1,938	
Subordinated Debt	9,079	12,433	12,048	12,675	
10 Total Funding Average Balance					
(Quarterly)	93,153	104,078	103,931	104,256	
11 Expenses (*)	2,868	2,181	1,231	950	
12 Average Rate Annualized Exponentially					
(11/10)	6.3%	4.2%	4.8%	3.7%	

^(*) Funding Expenses without Purchase and Sale Commitment, less Income on Compulsory Deposits and Foreign Exchange Adjustment (Note 11a).

Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans x Expenses

	1 st Ha	lf	2007	
R\$ million	2006	2007	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.
13 Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private				
Pension Plans and				
Certificated Savings Plans Average				
Balance (Quarterly)	42,455	50,894	49,891	51,776
14 Expenses (*)	1,958	2,141	1,043	1,098
15 Average Rate Annualized Exponentially				
(14/13)	9.4%	8.6%	8.6%	8.7%

^(*) Price-Level Restatement and Interest on Technical Provisions for Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans.

Borrowings and Onlendings (Local and Foreign) x Expenses

D¢ million	1 st Ha	lf	2007		
R\$ million	2006	2007	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	
Borrowings	6,217	6,425	6,368	6,749	
Onlendings	9,660	11,981	11,659	12,151	
16 Total Borrowings and Onlendings					
Average Balance (Quarterly)	15,876	18,406	18,027	18,900	
17 Expenses for Borrowings and Onlendings					
(*)	497	539	269	270	
18 Average Rate Annualized Exponentially					
(17/16)	6.4%	5.9%	6.1%	5.8%	

^(*) Includes Foreign Exchange adjustment (Note 11a).

Total Assets x Net Interest Income

R\$ million	1 st Ha	lf	2007		
K\$ minion	2006 2007		1 st Qtr. 2 nd (
19 Total Assets Average Balance (Quarterly)20 Net Interest Income (*)	218,723 9,925	279,353 10,723	273,746 5,019	286,256 5,704	
21 Average Rate Annualized Exponentially),)23	10,723	3,017	3,704	
(20/19)	9.3%	7.8%	7.5%	8.2%	

^(*) Gross Income from Financial Intermediation excluding PDD.

Financial Market Indicators

Analysis of Net Interest Income

a) Net Interest Income Adjustment

We show separately the hedge fiscal effect referring to investments abroad in the compared periods, which in terms of Net Income, simply annuls the fiscal effect (IR/CS and PIS/Cofins) of this hedge strategy.

The fiscal effect is caused for the foreign exchange variation of investments abroad is not deductible when there is loss and not taxable when there is gain, while the derivatives result is taxable when it generates gain and deductible when it generates loss.

Thus, the gross hedge result is reflected in the Net Interest Income, in the Results of Derivative Financial Instruments account, and in the Tax Expenses and Taxes on Income accounts, the respective taxes, as shown below:

Hedge Fiscal Effect of Investments Abroad R\$ million

	Effect in the 1st Half of 2006				Effect in the 1st Half of 2007			
Effect in the Accounts	Net Interest Income	Tax Expenses	IR/CS	Net Income	Net Interest Income	Tax Expenses	IR/CS	Net Income
Partial Result of the Hedge of Investments Abroad Foreign Exchange Variation of	796	(37)	(258)	501	1,382	(64)	(448)	870
Investments Abroad Total	(501) 295	(37)	(258)	(501)	(870) 512	(64)	(448)	(870)
	Effec	t in the 1 st (Quarter of	2007	Effect in the 2 nd Quarter of 2007			
Effect in the Accounts	Net Interest Income	Tax Expenses	IR/CS	Net Income	Net Interest Income	Tax Expenses	IR/CS	Net Income
Partial Result of the Hedge of Investments Abroad Foreign Exchange Variation of	574	(27)	(185)	362	808	(37)	(263)	508
Investments Abroad	(362)			(362)	(508)			(508)

Total 212 (27) (185) 300 (37) (263)

For a better evaluation of Net Interest Income evolution in the periods, the effects of this hedge and the foreign exchange variation of investments abroad in net interest income were excluded, as well as the sale of our stake in Arcelor in 2Q07, as follows:

Adjusted Net Interest Income

						R\$ million
	1st H	alf	2007			
			Variation			Variation
	2006	2007		1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	
Reported Net Interest Income	10,220	11,589	1,369	5,231	6,358	1,127
(-) Sale of Arcelor		(354)	(354)		(354)	(354)
(-) Hedge/Exchange Variation	(295)	(512)	(217)	(212)	(300)	(88)
Adjusted Net Interest Income	9,925	10,723	798	5,019	5,704	685
% Adjusted over Average Assets	9.3	7.8		7.5	8.2	

b) Comments on the Adjusted Net Interest Income Variation

In 1H07, the adjusted net interest income reached R\$10,723 million, an 8.0% increase on the R\$9,925 million recorded in 1H06. The result in 2Q07 was R\$5,704 million, a 13.6% increase compared to the R\$5,019 million in 1Q07. The analytical opening of the net interest income result among interest and non-interest results is shown below:

Adjusted Net Interest Income Breakdown

							R\$ million
		1 st 1	Half		20	07	
				Variation			Variation
		2006	2007		1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	
Interests due to volume				1,848			283
Interests due to spreads				(1,025)			(61)
(=) Net Interest Income	Interest	8,615	9,438	823	4,608	4,830	222
(+) Net Interest Income	Non-Interest	1,310	1,285	(25)	411	874	463
(=) Adjusted Net Interes	st Income	9,925	10,723	798	5,019	5,704	685

The interest net interest income in 1H07 amounted to R\$9,438 million against R\$8,615 million recorded in the same period of the previous year, accounting for an increase of 9.6% or R\$823 million. This variation was essentially due to the increase in the volume of operations, which positively affected the interest net interest income in R\$1,848 million, offsetting the drop of R\$1,025 million resulting from the spreads shrinkage occurred between the periods compared.

Comparing 2Q07 and 1Q07, the interest net interest income amounted to R\$4,830 million, an increase of R\$222 million. This variation was positively impacted in R\$283 million as a result of the increase in volumes. The drop in spreads, however, had an adverse effect on the net interest income in R\$61 million.

The evolution of loan operations significantly contributed to the increase of the financial intermediation result, as it grew by 6.6% only this quarter and 22.1% in the last 12 months, amounting to R\$108.2 billion at the end of 2Q07.

The loan operations portfolios, mainly responsible for the increase of the net interest income, were the consumer financing operations portfolios.

We point out that the partnerships entered into with retail networks for the management of the Private Label credit cards also contributed to the increase of loan operations. The management of Private Label credit cards comprises Bradesco s products and services trading and the acquisition of credit card operations of Amex Brasil, which impacted mainly on the comparison between 1H07 and 1H06, since the merger of this company was in June 2006.

Despite the exchange loss variation of 6.1% in 2Q07 and of 9.9% in 1H07, the balance of loan operations indexed and/or denominated borrowings and onlendings (excluding ACCS) increased by 20.0% in dollars and 12.7% in reais in the quarter. In the last 12 months, the increase was 70.5% and 51.7%, respectively, mainly due to the increased volume of operations carried out in Branches and Subsidiaries abroad.

Another highlight was the growth of checking accounts base, reaching the number of 303 thousand new checking accounts in 2Q07, 275 thousand of which for individual clients and 28 thousand for corporate clients. This growth positively impacted on, among others, the expansion of the volume of demand and savings deposits which, during 2Q07, increased 4.5% and 2.9%, respectively. The comparison between the last 12 months shows a higher increase of 26.3% in demand and 14.4% in savings deposits. It is worth pointing out that this growth was essential to mitigate the drop of spread of the funding operations due to the decrease in the interest rates (Selic).

Below, we can observe the interest net interest income comparing the quarterly history since 2005:

The annualized interest net interest income rate amounted to 7.0% in 2Q07, the same as the previous quarter. The operations with individual clients had a growth of 7.4% in the last quarter, higher than the 6.1% growth in corporate clients operations. It is worth pointing out that the spreads in operations with individual clients are higher than those with corporate clients. They require, however, higher allowance for doubtful accounts, due to the higher delinquency level.

The result of the adjusted net interest income coming from non-interest results in 2Q07 showed an increase of R\$463 million when compared to 1Q07. This is due to higher gains with securities and treasury. In 1H07, the net interest income from non-interest results was practically the same as the previous year.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts (PDD)

PDD Evolution

R\$ million

	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Opening Balance	4,959	5,315	4,959	6,646	6,775	6,646
Amount Recorded	938	1,116	2,054	1,160	1,344	2,504
Amount Written-off	(593)	(688)	(1,281)	(1,031)	(1,095)	(2,126)
Balance Derived from Acquired Institutions	11	90	101		9	9
Closing Balance	5,315	5,833	5,833	6,775	7,033	7,033
Specific Allowance	2,703	3,053	3,053	3,772	3,856	3,856
Generic Allowance	1,580	1,700	1,700	1,900	2,067	2,067
Exceeding Allowance	1,032	1,080	1,080	1,103	1,110	1,110
Credit Recoveries	129	146	275	178	218	396

PDD on Loan and Leasing Operations

R\$ million

	2006		2007		
	March	June	March	June	
PDD (A)	5,315	5,833	6,775	7,033	
Loan Operations (B)	84,426	88,643	101,473	108,191	
PDD over Loan Operations (A/B)	6.3%	6.6%	6.7%	6.5%	

Coverage Ratio PDD/Abnormal Course Loans (E to H)

R\$ million

	2006	2007		
	March	June	March	June
(1) Total Allowance	5,315	5,833	6,775	7,033
(2) Abnormal Course Loans (E-H)	3,235	3,708	4,569	4,740
Coverage Ratio (1/2)	164.3%	157.3%	148.3%	148.4%

Coverage Ratio Non Performing Loans (NPL) (*)

2006

R\$ million

2007

	March	June	March	June	
(1) Total Allowance	5,315	5,833	6,775	7,033	
(2) Non Performing Loans	3,281	3,724	4,475	4,695	
NPL Ratio (1/2)	162.0%	156.6%	151.4%	149.8%	

Loan Operations Overdue for more than 59 days and which do not generate income under the accrual method of (*) accounting.

For further information on PDD, see pages 82, 83, 154 and 155 of this Report.

Fee and Commission Income

R\$ million

	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Checking Accounts	495	510	1,005	574	583	1,157
Card Income	349	354	703	557	581	1,138
Loan Operations	360	379	739	441	468	909
Assets under Management	303	306	609	334	345	679
Charging	180	183	363	204	211	415
Interbank Fees	73	70	143	76	79	155
Collection	56	64	120	70	66	136
Consortium Purchase Plan Management	44	48	92	53	57	110
Custody and Brokerage Services	38	39	77	49	57	106
Other	142	138	280	201	162	363
Total	2,040	2,091	4,131	2,559	2,609	5,168

Fee and Commission Income increased by 25.1 % in the 1st half of 2007 totaling R\$5,168 million, which represents a R\$1,037 million growth when compared to the same period of the previous year.

The main items that influenced the expansion of Fee and Commission Income between the periods were:

the growth of 61.9%, represented by the increase of R\$435 million in the item. Income from Cards , related to the increase of 20.4% of the cards base, from 52.5 million to 63.2 million, influenced by the consolidation of Amex Brasil:

the strategy of client segmentation (Private, Prime, Corporate, Middle Market and Retail), jointly with the tariff realignment and client base growth, which boosted the item Checking Accounts, up by R\$152 million;

the increase in the volume of Loan Operations, especially to individuals, with highlights to the products Personal Loan and Vehicles , which was the major factor for the increase in the item Revenues from Loan Operations , with a R\$170 million improvement; and

the volume growth of 17.2% in assets under management, from R\$137.6 billion on June 30, 2006 to R\$161.3 billion on June 30, 2007, which was the main reason for the growth in the item Assets under Management , which increased by R\$70 million.

When compared to the previous quarter, Fee and Commission Income showed an expansion of 2.0%, with a R\$50 million growth, as a result of the increased volume of businesses in 2Q07, pointing out increases in the items Loan Operations R\$27 million and Income from Cards R\$ 24 million.

Administrative and Personnel Expenses

R\$ million

	2006			2007			
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	
Administrative Expenses							
Third-Party Services	271	265	536	339	379	718	
Communications	187	189	376	220	232	452	
Transportation	115	121	236	124	124	248	
Advertising and Promotions	91	106	197	107	129	236	
Depreciation and Amortization	109	113	222	133	133	266	
Financial System Services	113	111	224	123	129	252	
Rentals	81	83	164	96	100	196	
Maintenance and Repairs	63	80	143	68	70	138	
Data Processing	50	64	114	89	98	187	
Leasing of Assets	54	56	110	45	46	91	
Security and Vigilance	41	41	82	45	48	93	
Materials	40	43	83	45	48	93	
Water, Electricity and Gas	42	40	82	45	45	90	
Travel	15	20	35	14	17	31	
Other	45	43	88	47	46	93	
Total	1,317	1,375	2,692	1,540	1,644	3,184	
Personnel Expenses							
Remuneration	678	716	1,394	723	784	1,507	
Social Charges	247	258	505	259	286	545	
Benefits	302	299	601	315	324	639	
Employee Profit Sharing	100	90	190	124	134	258	
Provision for Labor Proceedings	84	91	175	29	102	131	
Training	8	15	23	10	19	29	
Total	1,419	1,469	2,888	1,460	1,649	3,109	
Total Administrative and							
Personnel Expenses	2,736	2,844	5,580	3,000	3,293	6,293	

In 1H07, Administrative and Personnel Expenses showed a R\$713 million increase when compared to 1H06, reaching R\$6,293 million against R\$5,580 million in the same period of 2006. The nominal variation of Administrative Expenses between the periods showed a R\$492 million increase, reaching R\$3,184 million, mainly due to: (i) the increase in businesses; (ii) the contractual adjustments in the period; and (iii) the investments in the improvement and optimization of the technological platform.

Personnel Expenses increased R\$221 million when compared to the same period of 2006, reaching R\$3,109 million, mainly: (i) the increase in the salary levels, resulting from the Collective Bargaining Agreement of 2006 (3.5%); (ii) higher PLR expenses R\$68; (iii) the consolidation of Amex Brasil and Fidelity R\$77; **mitigated**: (iv) by the lower

expenses with provisions for labor proceedings R\$44.

When compared to the previous quarter, Administrative and Personnel Expenses increased R\$293 million in 2Q07, a hike of 9.8%, increasing from R\$3,000 million in 1Q07 to R\$3,293 million in 2Q07.

Administrative Expenses increased by R\$104 million when compared to the previous quarter, basically due to the increase in expenses with: (i) outsourced services R\$40 million; (ii) advertising R\$22 million; (iii) communications R\$12 million; and (iv) data processing R\$9 million.

Personnel Expenses in 2Q07 increased R\$189 million basically due to: (i) the increase in provision for labor proceedings of R\$73 million; (ii) the increase in the expenses with PLR of R\$10 million; and (iii) higher expenses in this quarter related to higher concentration of vacation in 1Q07.

Operating Efficiency

R\$ million

	Years				2007 (*)		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	March	June
Personnel Expenses	4,076	4,779	4,969	5,312	5,932	5,973	6,153
Employee Profit Sharing	(140)	(170)	(182)	(287)	(415)	(438)	(482)
Other Administrative Expenses	4,028	4,814	4,937	5,142	5,870	6,093	6,362
Total (1)	7,964	9,423	9,724	10,167	11,387	11,628	12,033
Net Interest Income	11,472	13,282	13,231	16,550	19,838	19,881	20,635
Fee and Commission Income	3,712	4,557	5,824	7,349	8,898	9,417	9,935
Subtotal Insurance, Private Pension							
Plans and							
Certificated Savings Plans	658	(149)	(60)	621	1,025	1,151	1,027
Insurance, Private Pension Plans and							
Certificated Savings Plans Retained	10 125	11.706	12.204	12 (47	15 100	15 220	15.002
Premiums	10,135	11,726	13,284	13,647	15,180	15,328	15,883
Variation in Technical Provisions for							
Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated							
Savings	(2,785)	(3,670)	(3,964)	(2,429)	(3,515)	(3,599)	(4,230)
Retained Claims	(2,765) $(3,615)$	(3,980)	(5,159)	(5,825)	(6,127)	(6,046)	(6,073)
Certificated Savings Plans Draws and	(3,013)	(3,700)	(3,137)	(3,023)	(0,127)	(0,040)	(0,073)
Redemptions	(721)	(1,100)	(1,223)	(1,229)	(1,222)	(1,238)	(1,303)
Insurance, Private Pension Plans and	(,=1)	(1,100)	(1,==0)	(1,>)	(1,===)	(1,200)	(1,000)
Certificated Savings Plans Selling							
Expenses	(667)	(762)	(867)	(961)	(1,023)	(1,040)	(1,051)
Expenses with Private Pension Plan	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,			
Benefits and							
Redemptions	(1,689)	(2,363)	(2,131)	(2,582)	(2,268)	(2,254)	(2,199)
Equity in the Earnings of Affiliated							
Companies	65	5	163	76	72	79	53
Other Operating Expenses	(3,148)	(2,741)	(2,826)	(3,405)	(4,223)	(4,405)	(4,453)
Other Operating Income	1,321	1,697	1,198	1,097	1,420	1,502	1,485
Total (2)	14,080	16,651	17,530	22,288	27,030	27,625	28,682
Operating Efficiency Ratio (%) = $(1/2)$	56.6	56.6	55.5	45.6	42.1	42.1	42.0

^(*) Year-to-date amounts based on the statement of adjusted income.

Operating Efficiency Ratio in percentage

The Operating Efficiency Ratio (year-to-date) up to June 2007 was 42.0%, an increase of 0.1 percentage point when compared to the 12-month period ended in March 2007. It is also worth mentioning the higher net interest income in R\$754 million, basically stemming from the interest component, stimulated by an increment in business volume, with highlights to an increase in the volume of loan operations for individuals, mainly focused on consumer financing, the profitability of which is higher if compared to the corporate loans, and to an increased fee and commission income, in R\$518 million, as a result of the increase in the average volume of transactions, the fee realignment and the segmentation process.

The Coverage Ratio accumulated in the last 12 months (fee and commission income)/ (personnel expenses + administrative expenses) improved 1.4 percentage point, increasing from 78.0% in March 2007 to 79.4% in June 2007, and 7.0 percentage points when compared to the 72.4% of June 2006.

Administrative + Personnel Expenses and Fee and Commission Income (Year-to-date)

Other Indicators

3-Main Balance Sheet Information

Consolidated Balance Sheet R\$ thousand

A	June		Decei	nber	
Assets	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Current and long-term assets	287,069,988	262,054,823	204,325,065	180,038,498	171,141,348
Funds available	4,915,684	4,761,972	3,363,041	2,639,260	2,448,426
Interbank investments	27,394,282	25,989,190	25,006,158	22,346,721	31,724,003
Open market investments	23,016,762	20,617,520	19,615,744	15,667,078	26,753,660
Interbank deposits	4,377,625	5,372,658	5,390,726	6,682,608	4,970,343
Allowance for losses	(105)	(988)	(312)	(2,965)	
Securities and derivative financial					
instruments	103,577,387	97,249,959	64,450,808	62,421,658	53,804,780
Own Portfolio	80,154,315	72,052,850	59,324,858	51,255,745	42,939,043
Subject to repurchase agreements	10,855,916	15,352,073	1,051,665	4,807,769	5,682,852
Derivative financial instruments	2,442,097	549,065	474,488	397,956	232,311
Restricted deposits Brazilian Central					
Bank	6,328,062	440,235	2,506,172	4,512,563	3,109,634
Privatization currencies	89,729	70,716	98,142	82,487	88,058
Subject to collateral provided	3,705,012	765,129	995,483	1,365,138	1,752,882
Securities purpose of unrestricted					
purchase and sale commitments	2,256	8,019,891			
Interbank accounts	20,118,023	19,124,806	16,922,165	16,087,102	14,012,837
Unsettled receipts and payments	394,194	50,945	39,093	22,075	20,237
Restricted credits:					
Restricted deposits Brazilian Central					
Bank	19,277,486	18,664,706	16,444,866	15,696,154	13,580,425
National treasury rural credit	578	578	578	578	578
SFH	413,239	405,465	396,089	335,320	391,871
Interbank onlendings	2,940				
Correspondent banks	29,586	3,112	41,539	32,975	19,726
Interdepartmental accounts	138,761	186,338	172,831	147,537	514,779
Internal transfer of funds	138,761	186,338	172,831	147,537	514,779
Loan operations	90,008,688	79,714,969	68,328,802	51,890,887	42,162,718
Loan operations:					
Public sector	851,144	784,870	821,730	536,975	186,264
Private sector	95,917,819	85,315,248	72,205,630	55,242,348	45,768,970
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(6,760,275)	(6,385,149)	(4,698,558)	(3,888,436)	(3,792,516)
Leasing operations	4,662,561	3,751,558	2,411,299	1,556,321	1,306,433
Leasing receivables:					
Public sector	139,256	152,125	66,237		
Private sector	8,636,234	7,231,519	4,896,717	3,237,226	2,859,533
Unearned income from leasing	(3,927,440)	(3,472,246)	(2,444,596)	(1,576,690)	(1,438,534)
Allowance for leasing losses	(185,489)	(159,840)	(107,059)	(104,215)	(114,566)
Other receivables	34,122,235	29,302,217	22,106,013	21,664,592	24,098,765
Receivables on sureties and guarantees					
honored	1,055	38		811	624
Foreign exchange portfolio	12,047,077	7,946,062	6,937,144	7,336,806	11,102,537
Receivables	206,434	175,570	183,015	197,120	331,064

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Negotiation and intermediation of					
amounts	513,745	709,034	1,124,197	357,324	602,543
Insurance premiums receivable	1,240,568	1,257,298	1,073,002	988,029	889,358
Sundry	20,200,096	19,315,264	12,941,687	12,937,408	11,324,857
Allowance for other doubtful accounts	(86,740)	(101,049)	(153,032)	(152,906)	(152,218)
Other assets	2,132,367	1,973,814	1,563,948	1,284,420	1,068,607
Other assets	374,928	369,099	367,688	477,274	586,994
Provisions for devaluations	(182,516)	(189,591)	(180,941)	(230,334)	(257,185)
Prepaid expenses	1,939,955	1,794,306	1,377,201	1,037,480	738,798
Permanent assets	3,498,204	3,492,450	4,357,865	4,887,970	4,956,342
Investments	585,130	696,582	984,970	1,101,174	862,323
Interest in affiliated companies:					
Local	426,954	403,033	438,819	496,054	369,935
Other investments	518,256	651,568	895,836	971,311	857,985
Allowance for losses	(360,080)	(358,019)	(349,685)	(366,191)	(365,597)
Property, plant and equipment in use	2,187,522	2,136,783	1,985,571	2,270,497	2,291,994
Buildings in use	1,046,863	1,055,640	1,115,987	1,357,063	1,398,735
Other fixed assets	4,149,052	4,101,918	3,644,874	3,604,741	3,480,636
Accumulated depreciation	(3,008,393)	(3,020,775)	(2,775,290)	(2,691,307)	(2,587,377)
Leased assets	28,162	16,136	9,323	18,951	34,362
Leased assets	40,468	25,142	23,161	58,463	63,812
Accumulated depreciation	(12,306)	(9,006)	(13,838)	(39,512)	(29,450)
Deferred charges	697,390	642,949	1,378,001	1,497,348	1,767,663
Organization and expansion costs	1,682,630	1,593,771	1,315,881	1,170,866	1,124,058
Accumulated amortization	(985,240)	(950,822)	(785,364)	(699,710)	(572,620)
Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries,					
net of amortization			847,484	1,026,192	1,216,225
Total	290,568,192	265,547,273	208,682,930	184,926,468	176,097,690

Consolidated Balance Sheet R\$ thousand

Liabilities	June		Dece	mber	
Liabilities	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Current and long-term liabilities Deposits	262,817,808 82,600,618	240,673,011 83,905,213	189,163,465 75,405,642	169,596,632 68,643,327	162,406,307 58,023,885
Demand deposits	21,019,183	20,526,800	15,955,512	15,297,825	12,909,168
Savings deposits	28,405,401	27,612,587	26,201,463	24,782,646	22,140,171
Interbank deposits	230,980	290,091	145,690	19,499	31,400
Time deposits	32,359,675	34,924,541	32,836,656	28,459,122	22,943,146
Other deposits	585,379	551,194	266,321	84,235	22,713,110
Federal funds purchased and	303,317	331,174	200,321	04,233	
securities sold under agreements to					
repurchase	53,755,946	47,675,433	24,638,884	22,886,403	32,792,725
Own portfolio	32,353,250	36,595,268	12,690,952	8,248,122	
•					6,661,473
Third-party portfolio	19,350,502	3,471,383	11,947,932	14,430,876	17,558,740
Unrestricted portfolio	2,052,194	7,608,782	(202 007	207,405	8,572,512
Acceptances and issuance of securities	6,645,148	5,636,279	6,203,886	5,057,492	6,846,896
Exchange acceptances	6,927	057.607	0.45 500	601 100	1 020 056
Mortgage notes	875,154	857,697	847,508	681,122	1,030,856
Debentures funds	2,601,254	2,603,194	2,624,899		7,291
Securities issued abroad	3,161,813	2,175,388	2,731,479	4,376,370	5,808,749
Interbank accounts	164,646	5,814	139,193	174,066	529,332
Interbank onlendings					159,098
Correspondent banks	164,646	5,814	139,193	174,066	370,234
Interdepartmental accounts	1,761,699	2,225,711	1,900,913	1,745,721	1,782,068
Third-party funds in transit	1,761,699	2,225,711	1,900,913	1,745,721	1,782,068
Borrowings	6,539,968	5,777,906	7,135,327	7,561,395	7,223,356
Local borrowings official institutions	616	778	1,088	1,376	2,070
Local borrowings other institutions	349	44,447	18	11,756	4,010
Foreign currency borrowings	6,539,003	5,732,681	7,134,221	7,548,263	7,217,276
Local onlending official institutions	12,619,534	11,640,969	9,427,571	8,355,398	7,554,266
National treasury	33,550	99,073	52,318	72,165	51,398
BNDES	6,018,261	5,532,018	4,237,973	3,672,007	3,403,462
CEF	84,251	69,909	59,588	395,820	459,553
Finame	6,481,863	5,938,037	5,075,232	4,211,762	3,638,966
Other institutions	1,609	1,932	2,460	3,644	887
Foreign onlendings	5,513	170	183	42,579	17,161
Foreign onlendings	5,513	170	183	42,579	17,161
Derivative financial instruments	2,124,188	519,004	238,473	173,647	52,369
Technical Provisions for insurance,	2,124,100	317,004	230,473	173,047	32,307
private pension plans and certificated					
savings plans	52,899,514	49,129,214	40,862,555	33,668,654	26,408,952
Other liabilities	43,701,034	34,157,298	23,210,838	21,287,950	21,175,297
Collection of taxes and other	43,701,034	34,137,490	23,210,030	41,407,930	41,1/3,49/
	1 566 126	175 020	156 020	204 402	120 002
contributions	1,566,436	175,838	156,039	204,403	130,893
Foreign exchange portfolio	6,405,313	2,386,817	2,206,952	3,011,421	5,118,801
Social and statutory payables	1,311,895	190,916	1,254,651	900,266	851,885

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Fiscal and pension plans activities	9,624,700	8,014,520	5,041,312	4,495,387	4,781,458
Negotiation and intermediation of					
amounts	149,309	422,232	893,957	312,267	595,958
Financial and development funds	1,137	876			
Subordinated debt	13,202,983	11,949,457	6,719,305	5,972,745	4,994,810
Sundry	11,439,261	11,016,642	6,938,622	6,391,461	4,701,492
Future taxable income	173,303	180,460	52,132	44,600	31,774
Future taxable income	173,303	180,460	52,132	44,600	31,774
Minority interest in consolidated					
subsidiary	62,557	57,440	58,059	70,590	112,729
Stockholders' equity	27,514,524	24,636,362	19,409,274	15,214,646	13,546,880
Capital:					
Local residents	16,756,490	13,162,481	11,914,375	6,959,015	6,343,955
Foreign residents	1,243,510	1,037,519	1,085,625	740,985	656,045
Realizable capital				(700,000)	
Capital reserves	55,459	55,005	36,032	10,853	8,665
Profit reserves	7,596,750	8,787,106	5,895,214	7,745,713	6,066,640
Mark-to-market adjustment TVM and					
derivatives	1,937,589	1,644,661	507,959	458,080	478,917
Treasury stock	(75,274)	(50,410)	(29,931)		(7,342)
Stockholders' equity managed by					
parent company	27,577,081	24,693,802	19,467,333	15,285,236	13,659,609
Total	290,568,192	265,547,273	208,682,930	184,926,468	176,097,690

Total Assets by Currency and Maturity

Total Assets by Currency R\$ million

Total Assets by Maturity R\$ million

Securities

Summary of the Classification of Securities

R\$ million

	Financial	Insurance/ Certificated Savings Plans	Private Pension Plans	Other Activities	Total	%
Trading Securities	27,016	4,855	26,604	990	59,465	64.6
Securities Available for Sale	8,279	954	11,788	24	21,045	22.9
Securities Held to Maturity	939	4,249	6,302		11,490	12.5
Subtotal	36,234	10,058	44,694	1,014	92,000	100.0
Purchase and Sale Commitments	4,489	2,553	4,535		11,577	
Total on June 30, 2007	40,723	12,611	49,229	1,014	103,577	
Total on March 31, 2007	38,188	11,876	46,940	530	97,534	
Total on June 30, 2006	19,475	10,883	39,623	401	70,382	

Composition of Securities by Issuance

R\$ million

Securities	2006	•	2007		
	March	June	March	June	
Government	29,712	30,734	49,607	49,061	
Private	14,422	13,262	14,376	16,982	
PGBL/ VGBL	20,890	21,211	22,980	25,957	
Subtotal	65,024	65,207	86,963	92,000	
Purchase and Sale Commitments:	3,645	5,175	10,571	11,577	
Funds	3,167	3,703	5,420	7,777	
PGBL/VGBL	478	1,472	5,151	3,800	
Total	68,669	70,382	97,534	103,577	

Classification of Securities by Segment in percentage

N.B.:

^(*) Insurance/Certificated Savings Plans

^(**) Other Activities

The composition of Securities Portfolio consolidated by issuer, maturity, business segment and category can be found in Note 8.

Loan Operations

The consolidated balance of loan operations (according to the concept defined by Bacen which does not include debentures, guarantees, loans to be granted, credit letters, interbank deposit certificates etc.) reached at the end of 2Q07 a total of R\$108.2 billion, representing a 6.6% increase in the quarter and a 22.1% growth in the last twelve months.

There was a higher growth in operations destined to individuals compared to the previous quarter, while the growth for corporate entities is still higher in the last twelve months.

Loan Operations Total Portfolio

The loans and onlendings balance indexed and/or denominated in foreign currency (excluding ACCs) reached the amount of U\$5.7 billion in June 2007, showing a growth of 20.0% in dollars in the quarter and of 12.7% in Reais, recording in the quarter an increase in its share in the total loan portfolio. In the last twelve months, the growth was 68.9% and 50.3%, respectively, mainly due to the higher volume of operations carried out in branches and subsidiaries abroad.

Loan Operations By Purpose

The loan portfolio for individuals showed an upturn when compared to the previous quarter, with evolution of 7.4% in the quarter, accruing 19.0% in the last twelve months. The main products responsible for the portfolio growth in the quarter were the vehicles financing and personal loan.

Loan Operations Individual

In the graph below, for analysis purposes of the portfolio for individuals, the types related to the consumer financing were considered (vehicles, personal loan, leasing, assets financing and credit card in the latter, the amounts related to cash and credit purchases store owners and which are not in the total loan operations are included). The balance reached the amount of R\$40.1 billion in June 2007, representing an 8.3% growth in the quarter and 24.0% in the last twelve months. We point out the vehicle financing and the payroll-deductible loans that are linked to payroll charges types, for its guarantees and characteristics, provided the portfolio with an adequate loan risk level. Thus, these two portfolios represented, at the end of 2Q07, 60.5% of the total consumer financing balance.

Loan Operations Consumer Financing

Loan Operations

The performance of loans granted to companies also presented an upturn in the quarter and in the last twelve months, with an evolution of 6.1% and 24.3%, respectively. Such behavior in the quarter was influenced by the good performance of the BNDES onlendings portfolios and operations carried out in the branches and subsidiaries abroad.

Loan Operations Corporate

The graph below shows the growth of the main five types of products destined to corporate entities services, which represented 64.1% of the total loan portfolio in June.

Loan Operations Main Types Corporate

It is worth pointing out the increase in the relative share in the micro, small and medium-sized companies loan portfolio in the quarter and in the last twelve months, which has increased over the average of the portfolio as a whole.

Loan Operations Client Characteristics

R\$ billion

	2006			2007			Variation (%)	
	June	%	March	%	June	%	Quarterly	Last twelve months
Large Companies Micro, Small and Medium-Sized	25.1	28.3	30.0	29.6	30.9	28.6	3.0	23.0
Companies	25.9	29.3	29.9	29.4	32.6	30.1	9.3	25.6
Individuals	37.6	42.4	41.6	41.0	44.7	41.3	7.4	19.0
Total	88.6	100.0	101.5	100.0	108.2	100.0	6.6	22.1

In the table below, the evolution in the representativeness of the Bank s business segments is observed, in which it is worth highlighting the Companies segment, which showed an evolution higher than the total portfolio in the quarter and in the last twelve months.

Loan Operations By Business Segment

R\$ billion

	2006			2007			Variation (%)		
	June	%	March	%	June	%	Quarterly	Last twelve months	
Corporate	28.9	32.6	33.5	33.0	34.9	32.3	4.3	20.8	
Retail	28.1	31.7	30.2	29.7	32.0	29.6	5.9	13.7	
Finasa	16.7	18.8	19.3	19.0	20.7	19.1	7.4	24.1	
Companies	10.5	11.8	12.9	12.8	14.2	13.1	9.9	35.7	
Other	4.4	5.1	5.6	5.5	6.4	5.9	15.0	42.7	
Total	88.6	100.0	101.5	100.0	108.2	100.0	6.6	22.1	

Loan Operations By Type R\$ million

The evolution of balance and share in the type of loans and discounted securities in 2Q07 and in the last twelve months is once more worthy of mentioning due to its performance, which is higher than the growth of the portfolio. It is also worth pointing out the growth in the balance of operations with Sureties and Guarantees granted, mainly carried out with clients of the Corporate segment.

We present below the total loan operations, including Sureties and Guarantees and credit card (cash and credit purchases store owners), which presented a growth of 6.9% in 2Q07 and 22.9% in the last twelve months.

R\$ million

Items	2006		2007		
	March	June	March	June	
Loans and Discounted Securities (1)	38,048	39,398	46,609	50,143	
Financings	31,034	32,930	36,678	38,723	
Rural and Agribusiness Loans	6,651	6,865	7,711	7,903	
Leasing operations	2,740	3,178	4,113	4,848	
Advances on Foreign Exchange Contracts	5,443	5,767	5,851	6,128	
Subtotal of Loans Operations	83,916	88,138	100,962	107,745	
Other Loans	510	505	511	446	
Total Loan Operations (2)	84,426	88,643	101,473	108,191	
Sureties and Guarantees Recorded in					
Memorandum Accounts	10,737	13,369	15,969	17,325	
Credit Card (3)	2,655	4,407	4,913	5,304	
Total	97,818	106,419	122,355	130,820	

- (1) It includes revolving credit of credit card.
- (2) According to concept defined by the Brazilian Central Bank.
- (3) Cash and credit purchases store owners.

Loan Operations Delinquency

In June 2007, the delinquency ratio in the consolidated portfolio remained steady when compared to the previous quarter.

Loan Operations Delinquency over 90 days %

Loan Operations Portfolio Movement

The movement of the consolidated loan portfolio in the last twelve months showed the adequacy and consistency of the loan evaluation instruments used in the concession process, maintaining its quality, as shown in the tables below:

Loan Operations Portfolio Movement Between June 2006 and 2007

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Loan Operations Portfolio Movement by Rating between June 2006 and 2007

Rating	Borrov Remai from Jun	ning	g between June		Total Loans in June 2007	
	R\$ million	%	R\$ million	%	R\$ million	%
AA C	82,453	92.0	17,554	94.5	100,007	92.4
D	1,760	2.0	251	1.3	2,011	1.9
Е Н	5,396	6.0	777	4.2	6,173	5.7
Total	89,609	100.0	18,582	100.0	108,191	100.0

Loan Operations Portfolio Indicators

In order to facilitate the follow-up of the quantitative and qualitative performance of the Conglomerate s loan portfolio, we present below a comparative summary of the main figures and indicators:

R\$ million (except percentages)

Items	2006		2007		
	March	June	March	June	
Total Loan Operations	84,426	88,643	101,473	108,191	
Individual	35,718	37,559	41,628	44,694	
Corporate	48,708	51,084	59,845	63,497	
Existing Provision	5,315	5,833	6,775	7,033	
Specific	2,703	3,053	3,772	3,856	
Generic	1,580	1,700	1,900	2,067	
Additional	1,032	1,080	1,103	1,110	
Specific Provision/Existing Provision (%)	50.8	52.3	55.7	54.8	
Existing Provision/ Loan Operations (%)	6.3	6.6	6.7	6.5	
AA C Rated Loan Operations / Loan Operations					
(%)	92.8	92.4	92.2	92.4	
D Rated Operations under Risk Management / Loan					
Operations (%)	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	
E H Rated Loan Operations / Loan Operations (%)	5.1	5.6	5.8	5.7	
D Rated Loan Operations	1,827	1,769	1,998	2,011	
Existing Provision for D Rated Loan Operations	482	467	532	534	
D Rated Provision/Loan Operations (%)	26.4	26.4	26.6	26.6	
D H Rated Loan Operations Overdue	4,006	4,518	5,492	5,599	
Existing Provision/D H Rated Loan Operations					
Overdue (%)	132.7	129.1	123.3	125.6	
E H Rated Loan Operations	4,274	4,928	5,869	6,173	
Existing Provision for E H Rated Loan Operations	3,720	4,271	5,111	5,346	

Provision/E H Rated Loan Operations (%) E H Rated Loan Operations Overdue Existing Provision/E H Rated Loan Operations	87.0 3,235	86.7 3,708	87.1 4,569	86.6 4,740
Overdue (%)	164.3	157.3	148.3	148.4
Non Performing Loans / Loan Operations (*) (%)	3.9	4.2	4.4	4.3
Existing Provision/ Non Performing Loans (*) (%)	162.0	156.6	151.4	149.8

Loan Operations Overdue for more than 59 days and which do not generate income under the accrual method of (*) accounting.

For 2H07, Bradesco remains prepared to take full advantage of all business opportunities, focused on increasing the loan portfolio, while respecting the established loan granting parameters, based on the security, consistency, selectivity, diversification and adequate assessment of the risk/return ratio.

Funding

Composition of Deposits by Maturity

R\$ million

2007

Deposits	March			June			
	Total	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	Total	
Demand	20,115	21,019				21,019	
Savings	27,609	28,405				28,405	
Interbank	158	59	121	51		231	
Time	35,687	1,922	4,536	4,222	21,680	32,360	
Other Deposits	593	586				586	
Total	84,162	51,991	4,657	4,273	21,680	82,601	

Demand Deposits R\$ billion

Checking Accounts

The balance of the Checking Accounts of Bradesco Organization at the end of 1H07 was R\$21.0 billion, representing an increase of 26.3% compared to the balance at the end of June 2006, which was R\$16.6 billion.

After being completely reformulated, we implemented in April 2007 the Bradesco s New Statement for Individuals. Designed after analysis of competitors and client s suggestions, we had as purpose to make it clearer and objective, and enabling a higher control and understanding of information to our clients.

Savings Accounts

At the end of 1H07, the balance of Bradesco Organization Savings Accounts totaled R\$28.4 billion, corresponding to a 17.5% market share in the Brazilian Savings and Loan System (SBPE) and ensured the leadership of Bradesco among all private banks in the Brazilian Financial System.

Savings Account Deposits R\$ billion

Due to our accumulated profitability in 1H07 (TR + 0.5% per month), the Savings Account had an increase of 3.9%, and our balance had a growth of 2.9% in the period, mitigated by the withdraws occurred. The fall in the interest rates observed in the market made savings accounts more appealing, causing a different seasonal behavior in which investments offset withdrawals, thus resulting in a balance higher than the levels as in December 2006.

Share of SBPE in percentage

Number of Savings Accounts in thousands

Asset under Management

Bradesco is the best in fund management according to ValorInveste

Bradesco is a complete bank always seeking for the best results. Bradesco Asset Management (Bram), a company managing Bradesco Investment Funds, is an example, since it was granted by ValorInveste in partnership with Standard & Poor s with the Top Gestão de Fundos 2007 award in the category Mixed Income.

Stockholders Equity R\$ million

R\$ million

	2006	2007			
	March	June	March	June	
Investment Funds	116,875 121,640		139,777 148,831		
Managed Portfolios	8,468	10,400	7,115	7,429	
Third-party Fund Quotas	5,937	5,608	4,759	5,021	
Total	131,280	137,648	151,651	161,281	

Asset Distribution

R\$ million

	2006		2007		
	March	June	March	June	
Investment Funds Fixed Income	113,023	117,776	133,415	139,933	
Investment Funds Variable Income	3,852	3,864	6,362	8,898	
Investment Funds Third-Party Funds	5,565	5,245	4,500	4,947	
Total	122,440	126,885	144,277	153,778	
Managed Portfolio Fixed Income	6,478	8,392	4,377	4,359	
Managed Portfolio Variable Income	1,990	2,008	2,738	3,070	
Managed Portfolios Third-Party Funds	372	364	259	74	
Total	8,840	10,764	7,374	7,503	
Total Fixed Income	119,501	126,168	137,792	144,292	
Total Variable Income	5,842	5,872	9,100	11,968	
Total Third-Party Funds	5,937	5,608	4,759	5,021	
Overall Total	131,280	137,648	151,651	161,281	

Total Assets under Management according to Anbid s Global Ranking R\$ million (*)

Number of Funds, Portfolios and Quotaholders

	June 2006		Ma	rch 2007	June 2007	
	Number	Quotaholders	Number	Quotaholders	Number	Quotaholders
Investment Funds Managed Portfolios	530	3,388,288 481	546 98	3,309,959 525	617	3,317,275 516

^(*) Considering third-party fund quotas.

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	103				107	
Total	633	3,388,769	644	3,310,484	724	3,317,791

4- Operating Companies

Grupo Bradesco de Seguros e Previdência

Insurance Companies (Consolidated)

Consolidated Balance Sheet (*)

R\$ million

	2006		2007		
	March	June	March	June	
Assets					
Current and Long-Term Assets	51,600	53,790	61,114	65,918	
Securities	48,742	50,429	57,294	61,943	
Insurance Premiums Receivable	1,102	1,093	1,069	1,148	
Other Receivables	1,756	2,268	2,751	2,827	
Permanent Assets	825	1,111	1,276	1,060	
Total	52,425	54,901	62,390	66,978	
Liabilities					
Current and Long-Term Liabilities	46,041	48,484	55,070	58,462	
Tax, Civil and Labor Contingencies	1,237	1,522	1,665	1,703	
Payables on Operations of Insurance, Private					
Pension Plans and					
Certificated Savings Plans	420	436	369	455	
Other Liabilities	1,829	2,579	2,383	3,404	
Technical Provisions for Insurance	4,027	4,146	4,903	5,128	
Technical Provisions for Life and Private					
Pension Plans	36,353	37,574	43,430	45,409	
Technical Provisions for Certificated Savings					
Plans	2,175	2,227	2,320	2,363	
Minority Interest	108	112	64	67	
Stockholders Equity	6,276	6,305	7,256	8,449	
Total	52,425	54,901	62,390	66,978	

Consolidated Statement of Income (*)

R\$ million

	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half
Net Premiums Written Reinsurance Premiums and Redeemed	4,397	4,249	8,646	4,801	5,055	9,856

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Premiums	(938)	(962)	(1,900)	(1,195)	(1,212)	(2,407)
Insurance, Private Pension Plans						
and						
Certificated Savings Plans						
Retained						
Premiums	3,459	3,287	6,746	3,606	3,843	7,449
Variation in Technical						
Provisions	(579)	(466)	(1,045)	(1,049)	(1,098)	(2,147)
Fee and Commission Income	127	126	253	156	161	317
Retained Claims	(1,509)	(1,476)	(2,985)	(1,428)	(1,503)	(2,931)
Certificated Savings Plans						
Draws and						
Redemptions	(285)	(288)	(573)	(301)	(353)	(654)
Private Pension Plans Benefits						
and						
Redemptions	(727)	(567)	(1,294)	(713)	(512)	(1,225)
Selling Expenses	(247)	(255)	(502)	(260)	(262)	(522)
Other Operating						
Income/Expenses	(75)	(77)	(152)	(5)	30	25
Personnel and Administrative						
Expenses	(244)	(249)	(493)	(240)	(276)	(516)
Tax Expenses	(48)	(51)	(99)	(60)	(44)	(104)
Financial Result	768	722	1,490	636	906	1,542
Operating Income	640	706	1,346	342	892	1,234
Equity Result	43	1	44	72	69	141
Non-Operating Income	(5)	115	110	399	(6)	393
Minority Interest	(2)	(1)	(3)	(5)	(2)	(7)
Income before Taxes and						
Contributions	676	821	1,497	808	953	1,761
Taxes and Contributions on						
Income	(215)	(241)	(456)	(279)	(257)	(536)
Net Income	461	580	1,041	529	696	1,225

^(*) Information prepared in accordance with the accounting policies established by CNSP, Susep and ANS.

Performance Ratios in percentage

		2006		2007			
	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	
Claims Ratio (1)	78.7	79.9	78.5	73.3	79.1	76.2	
Selling Ratio (2)	11.0	11.4	11.2	11.4	11.7	11.5	
Administrative Expense Ratio							
(3)	10.9	11.8	11.4	10.8	12.4	11.6	
Combined Ratio (4)	99.3	101.9	99.7	104.1	109.0	106.6	
Expanded Combined Ratio (5)	86.0	85.4	85.0	87.6	90.3	89.0	

For calculation purposes, the expanded and combined ratios would be 93.2% and 79.5%, respectively, if we N.B.: exclude the exceeding provision in Health Insurance during the first half.

- (1) Retained Claims/Earned Premiums.
- (2) Selling Expenses/Earned Premiums.
- (3) Administrative Expenses/Earned Premiums.
- (4) (Retained Claims + Selling Expenses + Administrative Expenses + Taxes + Other Operating Income and Expenses)/ Earned Premiums.
- (5) (Retained Claims + Selling Expenses + Administrative Expenses + Taxes + Other Operating Income and Expenses)/(Earned Premiums + Financial Result).

Insurance Premiums Market Share (%)

Source: Susep and ANS

According to information published by Susep and ANS, up to May 2007, in the insurance segment, Bradesco collected R\$6.6 billion in premiums and maintained its leadership in the ranking with a 24.5% market share. The insurance sector obtained a total of R\$26.9 billion in premiums in the same period.

Increase in Technical Provisions for Insurance R\$ million

The exhibits presenting the technical provisions of Bradesco Vida e Previdência and Bradesco Capitalização are presented in the section specifically related to these companies.

Earned Premiums (Retained Premiums less Variation of Technical Provisions) by Insurance Line R\$ million

Insurance Line		2006		2007			
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	
Health	925	929	1,854	983	1,038	2,021	
Auto/RCF	528	510	1,038	511	506	1,017	
Life/AP/VGBL	348	276	624	313	228	541	
Basic Lines	79	90	169	108	113	221	
Other Lines	66	70	136	72	62	134	
Total	1,946	1,875	3,821	1,987	1,947	3,934	

In 1H07, there was an increase of 3.0% in premiums earned in the insurance segment, if compared to the 1H06.

Earned Premiums (Retained Premiums less Variation of Technical Provisions) by Insurance Line (%)

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Retained Claims by Insurance Line R\$ million

Insurance Line	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Health	782	794	1,576	766	856	1,622
Auto/RCF	379	391	770	383	379	762
Life/AP/VGBL	230	219	449	186	200	386
Basic Lines	57	41	98	63	53	116
Other Lines	84	54	138	58	52	110
Total	1,532	1,499	3,031	1,456	1,540	2,996

Claims Ratio by Insurance Line (%)

Selling Expenses by Insurance Line R\$ million

Insurance Line	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Health	27	26	53	30	32	62
Auto/RCF	95	93	188	97	98	195
Life /AP/VGBL	76	79	155	78	73	151
Basic Lines	17	15	32	21	22	43
Other Lines		1	1		2	2
Total	215	214	429	226	227	453

Selling Ratios by Insurance Line (%)

Number of Insured in thousands

In 1H07, there was an increase of 14.3% in the client base compared to 1H06.

Operating Risk

Grupo Bradesco de Seguros, integrating Bradesco Organization, in permanent commitment to comply with the laws and regulations, has adapted its processes and activities, by means of the utilization of methodologies and resources aligned with the best market practices, mainly those related to risk management.

Within this aspect, in order to comply with the guidelines established by the New Capital Basel Accord (Basel II), provisions of the monetary authority, and alignment to future definitions related to Solvability II, we carried out the survey and analysis of the events related to operating risk, enabling the improvement in the management and knowledge of losses and their causes. The disseminations of the operating risk management culture on several levels, the disclosure of corporate policies and establishment of continuous monitoring procedure of exposure levels are inserted in this context.

Awards/Recognition

- 1 Bradesco Seguros e Previdência was elected the most remembered company and the preferred one in the Insurance Company category by the research *Marcas de Quem Decide* (Brands of People Who Decide Survey), conducted by QualiData Institute in partnership with Jornal do Comércio do Rio Grande do Sul. In its ninth edition, the survey was carried out with businessmen and self-employed professionals of Rio Grande do Sul, and encompassed 100 categories of products, services and companies.
- 2 Grupo Bradesco de Seguros e Previdência received the *Segurador Brasil 2007* award, in the Best Global Performance (with Health Insurance) category. The award was promoted by Segurador Brasil magazine and its purpose is to acknowledge the leadership, performance and achievements of the companies of the sector in the previous year, in addition to showing a scenario involving the importance of companies and entities in the implementation and in the development of concepts, products and services for the Brazilian insurance market.

- 3 Bradesco Seguros e Previdência conquered the Top of Mind award, promoted by *Amanhã* magazine of Rio Grande do Sul, being the most remembered brand among the customers of this state in the Insurance Company category. For this survey, 1,200 interviews were carried out, comprising people from both genders, aged from 16 to 65 years from all household income classes, from January 3 to 17, 2007. This is the first time the Insurance Company category is included in the survey.
- 4 Grupo Bradesco de Seguros e Previdência received the *As Melhores Seguradoras do Brasil* award, for being appointed as the Largest Insurance Group in Brazil by Awards Earned, Net Income, Shareholders Equity and Total Assets . Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV) award, by means of Conjuntura Econômica magazine, issued by the Brazilian Institute of Economy (IBRE), of FGV, considers the companies economic and financial performance in 2006.
- 5 Bradesco Seguros e Previdência received the *Top de Marketing ADVB 2007* award. The Brazilian Association of Sales and Marketing Managers (ADVB) granted this award due to the Christmas Tree of Bradesco Seguros e Previdência A gift for the Brazilian Family case. The award aims at recognizing organizations which stimulate the creation and permanence of its product, service or brand by means of innovative and consistent marketing strategies.
- 6 Bradesco Seguros e Previdência received the e-finance award, of Management of Mainframe Systems Development . The award promoted by *Executivos Financeiros* magazine aims at pointing out the implementations of more innovative infrastructure and application solutions in the IT and Telecommunications area which contributed to the improvement of services rendered by financial institutions operating in Brazil.
- 7 Bradesco Seguros e Previdência received the *Gaivota de Ouro* trophy for Excellence in Total Insurances . Promoted by Seguro Total magazine, the award aims at recognizing the companies, products/services, innovative actions and people who contributed to the growth and strengthening of the insurance market.

Sponsorships

- 1 Bradesco Seguros e Previdência was one of the sponsors of the *III Seminário de Petróleo e Gás* (Third Oil and Gas Seminar), promoted by the Brazilian Institute of Economy IBRE and Conjuntura Econômica magazine, of Fundação Getulio Vargas, on March 20, 2007, at the Stock Exchange Auditorium, in Rio de Janeiro. The event gathered approximately 250 professionals, among officers and executives of the Oil and Gas sector.
- 2 Bradesco Seguros e Previdência was one of the main supporting companies of the campaign *Vote Cristo. Ele é uma Maravilha* (Vote Christ. He s a Wonder), which had the purpose of electing the Christ Redeemer as one of the seven new wonders on a worldwide choice, promoted by the Swiss institution New 7 Wonders Foundation, which aims at protecting and disclosing the humanity s heritage.
- 3 Bradesco Seguros e Previdência promoted, on May 20, the *Corrida e Caminhada da Longevidade* (Running and Walk for Longevity), in Rio de Janeiro. The initiative intends to arouse interest for the theme and stimulate people to increase their quality of life by practicing physical exercises.
- 4 Bradesco Seguros e Previdência is once more the sponsor of the Series *O Globo/Dell Arte Concertos Internacionais Temporada 2007* (Globo/Dell Arte International Concerts Season 2007), with presentations at the Municipal Theater of Rio de Janeiro, from May to November 2007.

Bradesco Saúde

Health Insurance Premiums Market Share (%)

Source: ANS

Net Premiums Written R\$ million

Insurance Lines	1st Qtr.	2006 2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1st Qtr.	2007 2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half
Corporate Plan	702	714	1,416	758	810	1,568
Individual Plan	240	244	484	251	251	502
Total	942	958	1,900	1,009	1,061	2,070

Growth in Technical Provisions for Health R\$ million

Number of Insured of the Health Insurance Lines in thousands

When comparing June 2007 to June 2006, Bradesco Saúde maintained its noteworthy market position (source: ANS). Brazilian companies are increasingly convinced that Health and Dental Insurance are the best alternatives for meeting their medical, hospital and dental care needs. At present, Bradesco Saúde has more than 2.7 million customers, of which 2.5 million pertain to the corporate segment.

The large share of corporate insurance in the total portfolio of Bradesco Saúde (89.8% in June/2007) confirms the insurance company s high level of expertise and personalization in the corporate insurance services, a distinct advantage in the Supplementary Health Insurance market.

More than 15 thousand companies in Brazil have acquired Bradesco Saúde insurance products. Out of Brazil s 100 largest companies in terms of revenues, 32 are Bradesco s insurance clients and out of the country s 50 largest companies, 28% are Bradesco Saúde s clients. (source: *Exame magazine s Maiores e Melhores de julho de 2006* Biggest and Best List, July 2006).

In this half year, a new version of SIGE (Grantor Management Information System), important tool available for the management of health and dental insurance of Bradesco Saúde s corporate clients, was implemented.

Finally, emphasis should also be given to the user-friendly nature of the Bradesco Saúde Portal (www.bradescosaude.com.br), which, in addition to providing information on available products, also offers access to a number of services for the insured, prospects and brokers.

Awards/Recognition

- 1 Bradesco Saúde was elected the best company in the Health Insurance category and featured among the ten best companies in the survey The Top 100 Best HR Suppliers in Brazil, promoted by Gestão & RH Editora. The survey was conducted among Human Resources managers of the one thousand largest and best companies to work for , according to Exame magazine.
- 2 Bradesco Saúde received the *Gaivota de Ouro* trophy for Excellence in Health Portfolio . Promoted by Seguro Total magazine, the award aims at recognizing the companies, products/services, innovative actions and people who contribute to the growth and strengthening of the insurance market.

Highlight

Bradesco Saúde was one of the sponsors of the Supplementary Health Forum, promoted by Sincor-SP, on June 14, at Hotel Maksoud Plaza, in São Paulo. Debates and lectures on important issues, such as available products, individual plans, plans for small and medium-sized companies and opportunities for the broker were carried out.

Bradesco Auto/RE

Insurance Premiums of Auto/RE Market Share (%)

Source: Susep

Growth in Technical Provisions of Auto/RE R\$ million

N.B.: In 2004, the Auto/RE portfolio of Bradesco Seguros was merged.

Net Premiums Issued R\$ million

T T.	2006			2007		
Insurance Lines	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half
Auto/RE	766	612	1,378	604	693	1,297

Number of Auto/RE Insured in thousands

In this half, Grupo Bradesco maintained an outstanding position among the main insurance companies in the Brazilian Basic Line (RE) Insurance Market, with a 7.6% share of total market sales in this area.

The Brazilian economic growth has been providing the obtainment of new insurances in the Great Risks area, due to the establishment of new industries, expansion of industrial park of several companies and circulation of goods in the Brazilian ports, highways and railroads. In addition, the development of the oil area and growth of aircraft fleet in Brazil has determined new business opportunities in the Oil and Aeronautic Risks segment.

In Lines related to Equity Insurances, Bradesco Auto/RE has updated the insurance programs of its main clients, by means of partnerships with brokers specialized in the segment and closeness to Bradesco Corporate and Bradesco Empresas.

The Transportation segment is still the main focus, with material investments to improve new businesses, specially, among others, the qualification of Managers of Transportation Products, which will be established in the main Brazilian Economic Centers, and the creation of Bradesco Cargo System, a complete Transports Insurance Management System in the Internet.

In the mass market insurance segment of Basic Lines, whose products are designed to individuals, self-employed professionals and SMEs, the launch of new products and continuous improvement of processes and systems has contributed to the growth of the client base, mainly in the residential and equity insurances, such as *Bradesco Seguro Residencial* and *Bradesco Seguro Empresarial*. These products were updated, and a new system for sale in the Internet was developed, which enabled a faster and more efficient contracting process.

Another positive aspect is the increase in sales of agricultural machinery and equipment, which enables opportunities of contracting insurance lines related to these segments: *Bradesco Seguro Equipamentos, Bradesco Seguro Benfeitorias, Bradesco Seguro Penhor Rural Público and Bradesco Seguro Penhor Rural Privado.*

In the Auto/RCF Line, despite of the strong competition, the Insurance Company has increased its client base, mainly due to the creation of products for specific publics, such as *Bradesco Seguro Exclusivo Cliente Bradesco*, for Banco Bradesco s account holders, *Auto Mulher*, for the female public, and *Auto Corretor*, for insurance brokers.

One of the positive factors for the second half is the growth in sales of new vehicles, which contributes to the increase of insurance production of this line.

Bradesco Group s market share of the Auto/RCF portfolio, up to May 2007, was 13.3%.

Awards/Recognition

- 1 Bradesco Auto/RE Companhia de Seguros received the *Segurador Brasil 2007* award, in the Best Performance in Residential Risks category. The award is promoted by Segurador Brasil magazine and its purpose is to acknowledge the leadership, performance and achievements of the companies of the sector in 2006, in addition to showing a scenario involving the importance of companies and entities in the implementation and in the development of concepts, products and services for the Brazilian insurance market.
- 2 Bradesco Auto/RE Companhia de Seguros received the *Top de Marketing ADVB 2007* award. The Brazilian Association of Sales and Marketing Managers (ADVB) granted this award due to *Bradesco Seguro Auto Mulher Um Produto Exclusivo e Diferenciado Para o Público Feminino* (an exclusive and special product for the female public) case. The award aims at recognizing organizations which stimulate the creation and permanence of its product, service or brand by means of innovative and consistent marketing strategies.
- 3 Bradesco Auto/RE Companhia de Seguros received the *Gaivota de Ouro* trophy for Excellence in Auto Portfolio . Promoted by Seguro Total magazine, the award aims at recognizing the companies, products, services, innovative actions and people who contributed to the growth and strengthening of the insurance market.

Bradesco Vida e Previdência

Income from Private Pension Plans and VGBL Market Share (%)

Source: Susep

In 1H07, total income from private pension plans totaled R\$4.7 billion.

Grupo Bradesco de Seguros e Previdência

Insurance Premiums (Life and Personal Accidents) Market Share (%
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Source: Susep

In 1H07, total income from net premiums issued in the Life and Personal Accidents segment amounted to R\$766 million.

Growth in Technical Provisions (Life and Pension Plans) R\$ million

Total technical provisions of Bradesco Vida e Previdência in June 2007 was R\$45.4 billion. That amount was comprised of R\$22.4 billion for supplementary private pension plans, R\$21.1 billion for VGBL, R\$1.9 billion for life/personal accident and other lines.

Private Pension Plans and VGBL Investment Portfolios Market Share (%)

Source: Fenaprevi

In June 2007, the Investment Portfolio reached R\$46.4 billion.

Increase in Number of Participants in thousands

Increase in Life Insurance and Personal Accidents Insured in thousands

Thanks to its solid structure, innovative product policy and trusted market standing, Bradesco Vida e Previdência maintained its leadership of both markets in which it operates, with a 38.2% share of income from private pension plans and VGBL and a 15.3% share of life insurance premiums and personal accident.

Bradesco is also sole leader in VGBL plans, with a 41.3% share, and a 29.1% share in PGBL (sources: Susep Superintendence of Private Insurance and Fenaprevi National Federation of Private Pension Plans and Life), respectively May/2007 data).

The number of Bradesco Vida e Previdência clients reached 16.2%, in June 2007, compared to June 2006, surpassing the record of 1.8 million private pension plans and VGBL participants and 10.1 million life insurance and personal accident insured. This significant increase was prompted by the strength of the Bradesco Brand name and by the use of an appropriate management and sales policies.

Technical provisions totaled R\$45.4 billion in June 2007, an increase of 20.9% as compared to June 2006. In May 2007, the Portfolio of Investments in Private Pensions Plans and VGBL totaled R\$45.6 billion, comprising 41.5% of all market resources.

Awards/Recognitions

The quality of services rendered by Bradesco Vida e Previdência was recognized with the achievement of the following awards:

Prêmio Segurador Brasil 2007 (2007 Brazil Insurer Award)

Best Performance in Private Pension Plans Segurador Brasil magazine

Melhor Empresa de Previdência (Best Private Pension Plans Company)

Balanço Financeiro 2007 magazine, of Gazeta Mercantil

Conjuntura Econômica magazine

Gaivota de Ouro Trophy

The Fundo Bradesco Master II Previdência FI Renda Fixa was awarded with:

Maximum grade of 5 diamonds, by Gazeta Mercantil

Top de Marketing ADVB 2007 Award

Market Leadership with the Prev Jovem Bradesco case

Bradesco Capitalização

Bradesco Capitalização s outstanding position in the certificated savings plans market is the result of its transparent operating policy, which is focused on adjusting its products to meet the potential consumer demand.

Regionally, Bradesco Capitalização is a leading company in two Brazilian states, according to the latest figures for May 2007 published by Susep. The company s market share was 29.3% in Amazonas and 27.2% in São Paulo.

Aiming at offering the bond that best suits its clients—different profiles and budgets, a number of products were developed, which vary in accordance with the type of payment (single or monthly), contribution terms, regularity of draws and related prize amounts. That phase was important due to the closeness to the public, by means of the consolidation of *Pé Quente Bradesco* family products.

Continuing the consolidation process of traditional products, in March 2007, the product *Pé Quente Bradesco Sorte Dia&Noite* was launched. The monthly-paid new product arouses interest due to the low value installments (R\$10.00) and offers raffles of R\$25 thousand, gross, every Saturday, and one special prize of R\$50 thousand from July to December. The public may obtain this new product through the Internet, Fone Fácil Bradesco and ATMs.

We also point out the important performance of social-environmental products, such as *Pé Quente Bradesco SOS Mata Atlântica*, which, in addition to enabling the formation of a financial reserve, contributes to reforestation projects of Fundação SOS Mata Atlântica, as well as Pé Quente Bradesco GP Ayrton Senna, whose great competitive advantage is the destination of a percentage of the amount collected with bonds to social projects of Instituto Ayrton Senna and *O Câncer de Mama no Alvo da Moda* (Breast Cancer in the Fashion Target). Upon acquiring this last product, the client contributes to the development of projects of prevention, early diagnosis and treatment of cancer in Brazil, since part of the amount collected is given to IBCC Brazilian Institute of Cancer Control.

Rating

Standard & Poor s increased from brAA+/Positive to brAAA/Stable the rating of Bradesco Capitalização, which is the only company of the certificated savings plans segment with this rating. The solid financial and equity protection standard that Bradesco Capitalização ensures to its clients contributed to the result.

Quality Management System

Bradesco Capitalização S.A. was the first private certificated savings plans company in Brazil to receive ISO 9002 Certification. In December 2005, it received again the certification of its quality management system, in the ISO 9001:2000 version within the scope of Bradesco Certificated Savings Plans Management . Granted by Fundação Vanzolini, it shows the quality of its internal processes and confirms the principle which is the origin of Bradesco Certificated Savings Plans: good products, good services and permanent evolution.

Income from Certificated Savings Plans Market Share (%)

Source: Susep

Technical Provisions for Certificated Savings Plans Market Share (%)

Source: Susep

Growth in Technical Provisions for Certificated Savings Plans R\$ million

Due to the growing strengthening of the Technical Provisions volume, Bradesco Capitalização reached the amount of R\$2.4 billion in June 2007, and, according to May 2007 data, released by Susep, it holds 20.6% of the total volume of Technical Provisions in the market.

All these results convey safety and reaffirm the financial solidity and the ability to honor the commitments assumed with clients.

Number of Clients of Certificated Savings Plans in thousands

As a result of a customer loyalty building policy, focused on the quality of the customer service and on the offer of innovative products, Bradesco Capitalização ended 1H07 amounting to 2.3 million clients.

Outstanding Traditional Certificated Savings Plans in thousands

Outstanding Certificated Savings Plans With Transfer of Draw Participation Rights in thousands

Outstanding Certificated Savings Plans in thousands

The outstanding certificated savings plans portfolio increased from 13.4 million in June 2006 to 14.4 million in June 2007. Out of this total, 68.9% comprise bonds with Transfer of Draw Participation Rights modality, including: Bradesco Cartões, Bradesco Vida e Previdência, Banco Finasa, etc.

Considering that the purpose of this type of certificated savings plans is to add value to partners products or even to provide incentives for customer due payments, these bonds are sold with reduced terms and grace periods and at a lower unit purchase price.

Awards/Acknowledgment

- 1 Bradesco Capitalização received the Top of Quality 2007 award from the Ordem dos Parlamentares do Brasil (OPB), an institute with a 30-year tradition. The award was created by OPB to acknowledge, distinguish and reward the work of companies that contribute to the Country s social-economic development.
- 2 Bradesco Capitalização received the *Troféu Desbravadores* (Pathfinders Trophy), for the Company's pioneering nature, and the *Troféu Segurador Ambiental* (Environmental Insurer Trophy), for its actions in the preservation of the environment with the certificated savings plan *Pé Quente Bradesco SOS Mata Atlântica*, at the ceremony of the *Prêmio Segurador Brasil 2007* (2007 Brazil Insurer award). The award, promoted by *Segurador Brasil* magazine, aims at acknowledging the leadership, performance and achievements of the companies of the sector in the previous year, in addition to showing a scenario involving the importance of companies and entities in the implementation and in the development of concepts, products and services for the Brazilian insurance market.
- 3 Bradesco Capitalização received the *Top de Marketing ADVB 2007* award. The Brazilian Association of Sales and Marketing Managers (ADVB) granted this award due to the Marketing focused on Products and Services strengthens Bradesco Capitalização Position case. The award aims to acknowledge organizations which stimulate the creation and permanence of its product, service or brand by means of innovative and consistent marketing strategies.
- 4 Bradesco Capitalização received the *Balanço Financeiro* award, as the best company in the Certificated Savings Plans category. The award, promoted by *Gazeta Mercantil* newspaper based on study of Consultoria Austin Rating, considers the growth, performance and results obtained in 2006.

- 5 Bradesco Capitalização received the *Top Social 2007* award of the Brazilian Association of Sales and Marketing Managers (ADVBSP). The case awarded was *Pé Quente Bradesco o Câncer de Mama no Alvo da Moda* (Breast Cancer in the Fashion Target). This award is one of the most important in the sector and intends to evaluate and point out socially responsible actions.
- 6 Bradesco Capitalização received three *Gaivota de Ouro* trophies: The Best Certificated Savings Plans Company , Outstanding Product in 2006 (*Pé Quente Bradesco O Câncer de Mama no Alvo da Moda*) and Excellence in Social-environmental Responsibility (*Pé Quente Bradesco SOS Mata Atlântica*). Promoted by Seguro Total magazine, the award aims at recognizing the companies, products, services, innovative actions and people who contribute to the growth and strengthening of the insurance market.

Banco Finasa

Consolidated Balance Sheet

R\$ million

	2006		2007		
	March June		March	June	
Assets					
Current and Long-Term Assets	16,619	17,438	20,777	22,270	
Funds Available	6	13	6	7	
Interbank Investments	192	186	830	757	
Securities and Derivative Financial					
Instruments	54	55	82	118	
Interbank Accounts	26	41	38	27	
Loan and Leasing Operations	15,833	16,665	19,267	20,686	
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(613)	(764)	(1,035)	(1,104)	
Other Receivables and Other Assets	1,121	1,242	1,589	1,779	
Permanent Assets	1,840	1,918	1,832	1,902	
Total	18,459	19,356	22,609	24,172	
Liabilities					
Current and Long-Term Liabilities	17,435	18,228	21,438	22,899	
Demand, Time and Interbank Deposits	17,087	17,875	20,969	22,285	
Borrowings and Onlendings	6	4	2	1	
Derivative Financial Instruments	17	9	2	2	
Other Liabilities	325	340	465	611	
Future Taxable Income	38	33	17	17	
Stockholders Equity	986	1,095	1,154	1,256	
Total	18,459	19,356	22,609	24,172	

Consolidated Statement of Income

R\$ million

	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Income from Financial						
Intermediation	1,209	1,317	2,526	1,486	1,564	3,050
Financial Intermediation						
Expenses	(723)	(759)	(1,482)	(858)	(905)	(1,763)
Net Interest Income	486	558	1,044	628	659	1,287
Allowance for Doubtful						
Accounts Expenses	(207)	(262)	(469)	(275)	(309)	(584)
Gross Income from Financial						
Intermediation	279	296	575	353	350	703
Other Operating						
Income/Expenses	(214)	(227)	(441)	(243)	(192)	(435)
Operating Income	65	69	134	110	158	268
Non-Operating Income	(1)		(1)	(2)	(3)	(5)
Income before Taxes and						
Contributions	64	69	133	108	155	263
Taxes and Contributions on						
Income	(4)	(10)	(14)	(20)	(17)	(37)
Net Income	60	59	119	88	138	226
						109

Profile

Banco Finasa offers financing lines of direct loan to consumer for acquisition of passenger vehicles, transportation and other goods and services, in addition to leasing and personal loan operations.

Operating in a special way of trading products, by means of partnerships with stores and resale, Banco Finasa complements the distribution network of Bradesco Organization s financing products.

Combined with Bradesco s innate vocation for the granting of financing, Banco Finasa also continued with the policy to enter into operational agreements with large car makers, auto and truck resale and implements, in addition to important retail chains.

For the new business prospect, Banco Finasa contracts the services of Finasa Promotora de Vendas, its wholly-owned subsidiary which, through its 392 branches established nationwide and a structure of business partners, represented in June 2007 by 18,455 auto dealers and 21,616 stores selling furniture and home décor, auto parts, IT programs and equipment, home improvement material, tires, tourism and telephony, amongst others. At the end of 1H07, Finasa Promotora recorded 5,055 employees, 81% of which were directly performing in new businesses prospect.

Operating Performance

In 1H07, the Bank surpassed the amount of R\$20 billion in financing portfolio, leasing and personal loan, ending the half year with R\$20.686 billion, a growth of 24.1% over the same period in 2006. The production of new businesses increased, on average, from R\$1.267 billion/month in 1H06 to R\$1.514 billion/month in 1H07, with a growth of 19.5%.

The balances of the operations showed the following growth, per type:

Finasa Portfolio R\$ million

I' eb '	June	E 14. (6)	
Line of Business	2006	2007	Evolution (%)
Individuals (CDC + CP)	14,590	17,544	20.2
Corporate (CDC + CP)	1,165	1,271	9.1
Leasing	910	1,871	105.6
Overall Total	16,665	20,686	24.1

Market Share in June 2007 CDC Vehicles 21.2% and CDC Finabens 17.8%.

In 1H07, the corporate result was R\$226 million, against R\$119 million examined in 2006, growth of 90%, pointing out the accounting results with investments in Banco Alvorada, net of funding cost, in 2007, of R\$102 million, when compared to the R\$40 million recorded in the same period in 2006.

Banco Bradesco BBI

Balance Sheet

R\$ million

	2006	ĺ	2007		
	March	June	March	June	
Assets					
Current and Long-term Assets	1,515,030	1,568,791	1,106,905	1,417,625	
Funds Available	2	2	1	2	
Interbank Investments	806,226	851,950	934,318	727,414	
Securities and Derivative Financial					
Instruments	563,384	565,692	28,752	525,634	
Interdepartmental Accounts	265	285		171	
Other Receivables and Other Assets	145,153	150,862	143,834	164,404	
Permanent Assets	8,449	238,362	247,429	250,347	
Total	1,523,479	1,807,153	1,354,334	1,667,972	
Liabilities					
Current and Long-Term Liabilities Federal Funds Purchased and Securities Sold	626,318	645,066	107,595	378,774	
under Agreements to Repurchase	542,319	561,791		225,722	
Derivative Financial Instruments	- ,	,		52,024	
Interdepartmental Accounts			2,906	,	
Other Liabilities	83,999	83,275	104,689	101,028	
Stockholders Equity	897,161	1,162,087	1,246,739	1,289,198	
Total	1,523,479	1,807,153	1,354,334	1,667,972	

Statement of Income

R\$ million

	2006			2007		
	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half
Income from Financial						
Intermediation	57,585	49,625	107,210	38,592	28,019	66,611
Financial Intermediation						
Expenses	(21,237)	(19,471)	(40,708)	(7,217)	(4,539)	(11,756)
Gross Income from Financial						
Intermediation	36,348	30,154	66,502	31,375	23,480	54,855
Other Operating						
Income/Expenses	(5,500)	31,839	26,339	18,163	1,537	19,700
Operating Income	30,848	61,993	92,841	49,538	25,017	74,555

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Non-Operating Income	214	64	278	95	147	242
Income before Taxes and						
Contributions	31,062	62,057	93,119	49,633	25,164	74,797
Taxes and Contributions on						
Income	(10,327)	(9,723)	(20,050)	(9,373)	(364)	(9,737)
Net Income	20,735	52,334	73,069	40,260	24,800	65,060

(1) The corporate name of Banco Bradesco BBI S.A. was approved at the Special Stockholders Meeting held on May 31, 2006, after the incorporation by Banco Bem S.A. of stocks issued by Bram Bradesco Asset Management S.A. Distribuidora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários and Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários.

Incorporated by Bradesco, in February 2006, Bradesco BBI S.A. has the purpose of consolidating its operations in the areas of Capital Markets, Mergers and Acquisitions, Project Financing, Structured

Operations and Treasury. Among other duties, it will develop the businesses of structuring, originating, distributing and managing the clients assets, flows and financial inventories.

Capital Markets

During 1H07, BBI coordinated important variable and fixed income transactions, which amounted to R\$12.6 billion. That volume represents 31.4% of the total amount of stocks issues, stocks deposit certificates, debentures, FIDCs and promissory notes recorded by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) in the same period.

We highlight our participation as joint bookrunner in the public offerings of stocks of Marfrig Frigoríficos e Comércio de Alimentos S.A., in the amount of R\$1.2 billion and Drogasil S.A., in the amount of R\$447.5 million. As coordinators, we highlight the operations of JBS S.A., in the amount of R\$1.6 billion, LOG-IN Logística Intermodal S.A., in the amount of R\$848.2 million and PDG Realty S.A. Empreendimentos e Participações, in the amount of R\$724.5 million.

In fixed income, we participated as leader coordinators, among other transactions, in the public offering of debentures of Ultrapar Participações S.A., in the amount of R\$675.0 million and in the public distribution of promissory notes of Cesp Companhia Energética de São Paulo, in the amount of R\$119.0 million. We point out our coordination in the issue of debentures of Cyrela Brazil Realty S.A., in the amount of R\$500.0 million, and of Companhia Brasileira de Distribuição, in the amount of R\$779.6 million.

In addition to the local market, BBI also operates in the international capital markets, originating, structuring debt transactions (commercial papers, notes and bonds) for placement with foreign investors. Among the operations we took part in, we highlight CVRD s bond in the total amount of US\$3.8 billion, and the Minerva Overseas Ltd. bond, in the amount of US\$150.0 million, with the subsequent reopening in a further US\$50 million.

Mergers and Acquisitions

BBI is also responsible for financial advisory services in mergers, acquisitions, spin-offs, joint ventures, corporate restructuring and privatization.

In 1H07, we provided advisory services in three important operations: the acquisition of Banco BMC S.A. by Banco Bradesco S.A., the acquisition of the sugar and alcohol businesses of Grupo Tavares de Mello by Louis Dreyfus Commodities Bioenergia S.A and the sale of part of the stake held by Bradesco Organization at Serasa S.A.

Project Financing

BBI has a solid track record playing the role of financial advisor and structurer for several greenfield projects in the Project and Corporate Finance categories, always seeking the best financing solution for projects. It operates in the most important sectors of the economy and has an excellent relationship with several different promotion agencies, such as BNDES, BID and IFC, as well as with export credit agencies (ECAs).

In 1H07, among the projects carried out by BBI, it is worth pointing out the completion of the long-term financing advisory and structuring, in the amount of approximately R\$490.0 million, in the Project Finance type, for Itumbiara Transmissora de Energia S.A., a 811-km power transmission line between Cuiabá (state of Mato Grosso) and Itumbiara (state of Minas Gerais).

Structured Operations

The Structured Operations area develops structures used to segregate credit risks, through securitization, using Special Purpose Entities (SPEs), Loan Grants with shared risk, Credit Right Investment Funds (FIDCs), Certificates of Real Estate Receivables (CRIs) and Medium- and Long-term Financing Structuring, based on receivables and/or other collaterals.

In addition, this area is capable of structuring models of properly protected medium and long-term financings based on pre-defined cash flows pursuant to specific covenants and guarantees, which minimize the risks of each transaction, and seek solutions with the purpose of meeting the specific needs of the companies, such as decrease in the use of

working capital, increase in liquidity, optimization of the financial and tax costs, demobilization, and structured financings. It coordinates syndicated loan processes, including the extension of debts, which can be refinanced, structured by the commercial Bank or by third parties.

Within this context, it creates efficient solutions of specific structures focused on the financing and the execution of acquisition finance operations, highlighting, in 1H07, the acquisition finance of Companhia Açucareira Vale do Rosário, in the amount of R\$1.3 billion, FIDC CESP IV, Cesp Companhia Energética de São Paulo, in the amount of R\$1.3 billion and FIDC Hiper, Supermercados G. Barbosa, in the amount of R\$155.0 million.

Treasury

BBI s Treasury operates in the following areas:

Clients: present in local and foreign markets, the Treasury is able to distribute fixed income products in the primary market and, more strongly, in the secondary markets. The interest rates, currencies, commodities and loan derivatives are also part of a range of products offered to clients;

Markets: performance in different markets, focusing on product pricing for customers; and

Structuring: capacity of originating tailor-made products for the different types of clients.

Leasing Companies

On June 30, Bradesco Organization controlled the following leasing companies: Bradesco Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil, Zogbi Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil and Bankpar Arrendamento Mercantil S.A., besides the leasing portfolio of Banco Finasa S.A., which is directly shown in its financial statements.

Aggregated Balance Sheet

R\$ million

	2006		2007	
	March June		March	June
Assets				
Current and Long-Term Assets	19,246	19,648	33,587	34,414
Funds Available		8		
Interbank Investments	15,865	15,991	29,231	29,704
Securities and Derivative Financial				
Instruments	792	858	976	983
Leasing Operations	2,054	2,268	2,655	2,977
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(94)	(98)	(106)	(114)
Other Receivables and Other Assets	629	621	831	864
Permanent Assets	91	87	61	70
Total	19,337	19,735	33,648	34,484

Liabilities

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Current and Long-Term Liabilities	16,882	17,234	30,940	31,728
Federal Funds Purchased and Securities Sold				
under Agreements to Repurchase				
and Funds Received from Issuance of				
Securities	15,398	15,696	29,237	29,895
Borrowings and Onlendings	188	188	273	331
Derivative Financial Instruments	1			
Subordinated Debt	626	623	619	619
Other Liabilities	669	727	811	883
Stockholders' Equity	2,455	2,501	2,708	2,756
Total	19,337	19,735	33,648	34,484

Aggregated Statement of Income

R\$ million

	2006			2007			
	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	
Income from Financial							
Intermediation	994	959	1,953	1,306	1,319	2,625	
Financial Intermediation							
Expenses	(869)	(833)	(1,702)	(1,186)	(1,197)	(2,383)	
Net Interest Income	125	126	251	120	122	242	
Allowance for Doubtful							
Accounts Expenses		(5)	(5)	(1)	(8)	(9)	
Gross Income from Financial							
Intermediation	125	121	246	119	114	233	
Other Operating							
Income/Expenses	(39)	(20)	(59)	(16)	(7)	(23)	
Operating Income	86	101	187	103	107	210	
Non-Operating Income	1	(6)	(5)		14	14	
Income before Taxes and							
Contributions	87	95	182	103	121	224	
Taxes and Contributions on							
Income	(31)	(33)	(64)	(35)	(39)	(74)	
Net Income	56	62	118	68	82	150	

Leasing Performance Aggregated Bradesco

Leasing operations are carried out by Bradesco Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil and Banco Finasa S.A.

On June 30, leasing operations brought to present value totaled R\$4.8 billion.

Bradesco Organization s leasing companies are positioned amongst sector leaders, according to ABEL (Brazilian Association of Leasing Companies), with an 11.1% share of this market (reference date: May 2007). This good performance is rooted in its branch network integrated operations and the maintenance of its diversified business strategies in various market segments, in particular, the implementation of operating agreements with major industries, mainly in the transportation vehicles and machinery/equipment industries.

The following graph presents the breakdown of Bradesco's aggregated leasing portfolio by type of asset:

Portfolio by Type of Asset

Bradesco Consórcios

Management Company

Balance Sheet

R\$ thousand

	2006		2007		
	March June		March	June	
Assets					
Current and Long-Term Assets	169,570	199,956	270,372	314,606	
Funds Available	24				
Securities	167,935	195,161	266,778	308,062	
Other Receivables	1,611	4,795	3,594	6,544	
Permanent Assets	2,011	2,821	5,975	6,502	
Total	171,581	202,777	276,347	321,108	
Liabilities					
Current and Long-Term Liabilities	37,404	55,635	52,738	113,410	
Dividends Payable	17,396	29,039	25,409	75,409	
Amounts Refundable to Former Groups Now					
Closed	6,478	6,630	7,051	7,190	
Other Liabilities	13,530	19,966	20,278	30,811	
Stockholders Equity	134,177	147,142	223,609	207,698	
Total	171,581	202,777	276,347	321,108	

Statement of Income

R\$ thousand

	2006			2007			
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	
Fee and Commission Income	44,019	48,048	92,067	57,603	61,284	118,887	
Taxes Payable	(4,583)	(5,088)	(9,671)	(6,203)	(6,509)	(12,712)	
Financial Revenues	6,658	6,250	12,908	7,868	8,088	15,956	
Administrative Expenses (Including							
Personnel Expenses)	(5,626)	(5,346)	(10,972)	(7,096)	(6,925)	(14,021)	
Selling Expenses	(4,332)	(9,144)	(13,476)	(4,138)	(5,413)	(9,551)	
Other Operating Income/Expenses	960	1,192	2,152	1,338	1,425	2,763	
Income before Taxes and							
Contributions	37,096	35,912	73,008	49,372	51,950	101,322	
Taxes and Contributions on Income	(12,680)	(11,304)	(23,984)	(17,100)	(17,861)	(34,961)	

Net Income 24,416 24,608 49,024 32,272 34,089 66,361

Consortium Groups

Balance Sheet

R\$ thousand

	2006		2007		
	March	June	March	June	
Assets					
Current and Long-Term Assets	1,647,945	1,859,700	2,493,844	2,685,569	
Amount Offset	10,202,389	11,878,924	12,581,834	13,300,938	
Total	11,850,334	13,738,624	15,075,678	15,986,507	
Liabilities					
Current and Long-Term Liabilities	1,647,945	1,859,700	2,493,844	2,685,569	
Amount Offset	10,202,389	11,878,924	12,581,834	13,300,938	
Total	11,850,334	13,738,624	15,075,678	15,986,507	

Operating Overview

Bradesco Consórcios sells automobile, trucks, tractors, agricultural implements and real properties plans, according to the rules of the Brazilian Central Bank.

Referring to the sale of plans offered, the company relies on Banco Bradesco Branches Network, liable for higher Bradesco Consórcios share in the consortium purchase plan market. The extensive nature and security associated with the Bradesco Brand are added advantages for expanding consortium purchase plan sales.

Segmentation

Banco Bradesco s entry into this market is part of its strategy to offer the most complete range of products and services options to its clients, with a view to providing all social classes with the opportunity to purchase items at accessible prices through the consortium quota system, and filling a market gap, especially taking into account that, in relation to real estate product, there is currently high housing deficit in the country.

Operating Performance

The different way of trading products (Real Estate, Automobiles, Trucks, Tractors and Agricultural Implements) with a specialized and focused team, provided Bradesco Consórcios with a growth of 38.5% in 2Q07 when compared to the same period of the previous year.

Representation

Market Share Real Estate Consortium in percentage

Source: Brazilian Central Bank

N.B.: The market share of Ademilar as of March 2006 was not disclosed.

Market Share Automobile Consortium - in percentage

Source: Brazilian Central Bank.

N.B.: The market share of HSBC as of March 2006 was not disclosed.

Market Share Trucks, Tractors and Agricultural Implements Consortium in percentage

Source: Brazilian Central Bank

Bradesco has been playing an important role in the consortium purchase plan industry, providing the population with access to loan for the acquisition of personal and real property. The freedom to select an asset is one of the main characteristics of the plans sold by Bradesco Consórcios, since the consortium member is free to choose, according to value of the Letter of Credit, the automobile, real property, truck, tractor or agricultural implement of his/her preference when he/she wins the draw.

In 2Q07, 88 groups were inaugurated and 38.1 thousand consortium quotas were sold. Until June 2007, we recorded total accumulated sales exceeding 306.5 thousand consortium quotas, achieving sales results in excess of R\$9.6 billion and recording 123.9 thousand draws, with 94.2 thousand properties delivered and 1,614 active groups.

Active Consortium Quotas

Total Active Consortium Quotas

Leadership

According to a strategy defined by the Organization, Bradesco Consórcios leads the Automobile and Real Estate segments, and searches for a highlighting position in the segment of Trucks, Tractors and Agricultural Implements.

In the Real Estate segment, Bradesco ended June with 112,852 active quotas. In the Automobile segment, Bradesco ended with 159,660 active quotas, maintaining a lead position in relation to consortium management companies associated with car makers, consolidated in the market, such as Volkswagen, Fiat and General Motors.

In the Trucks, Tractors and Agricultural Implements segment, Bradesco ended this quarter with 9,002 active quotas moving up from the 11th place in March 2006 to the 7th place in June 2007 in Bacen s ranking. This data proves that the public is getting to know the advantages to acquire an asset, such as Trucks, Tractors and Agricultural Implements, by means of a consortium.

Leadership (Real Estate and Automobile) is conquered and consolidated as a result of ongoing and determined efforts, motivated by the enthusiasm and strength of the Bradesco Branch Network.

Consortium Quotas Sold

Total Consortium Quotas Sold

Number of active participants comprising the 10 largest real estate consortium management companies

Source: Brazilian Central Bank

N.B.: Ademilar was not in the ranking of March 2006 of the ten largest management companies.

Number of active participants comprising the 10 largest auto segment consortium management companies

Source: Brazilian Central Bank

N.B. : HSBC was not in the ranking of March 2006 of the ten largest management companies.

Number of active participants of the ten largest consortium management companies in the truck, tractor and agricultural implement segment

Source: Brazilian Central Bank.

Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários

Balance Sheet

R\$ thousand

2006		2007	
March	June	March	June
252,788	1,446,008	382,232	184,468
59	33	63	227
65,420	33,800	94,565	53,908
58,109	61,334	77,773	77,247
129,150	1,350,782	209,775	53,026
50	59	56	60
32,472	34,232	39,035	41,942
285,260	1,480,240	421,267	226,410
191,824	1,377,418	320,042	131,904
191,824	1,377,418	320,042	131,904
93,436	102,822	101,225	94,506
285,260	1,480,240	421,267	226,410
	March 252,788 59 65,420 58,109 129,150 50 32,472 285,260 191,824 191,824 93,436	March June 252,788 1,446,008 59 33 65,420 33,800 58,109 61,334 129,150 1,350,782 50 59 32,472 34,232 285,260 1,480,240 191,824 1,377,418 191,824 1,377,418 93,436 102,822	March June March 252,788 1,446,008 382,232 59 33 63 65,420 33,800 94,565 58,109 61,334 77,773 129,150 1,350,782 209,775 50 59 56 32,472 34,232 39,035 285,260 1,480,240 421,267 191,824 1,377,418 320,042 191,824 1,377,418 320,042 93,436 102,822 101,225

Statement of Income

R\$ thousand

		2006		2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Income from Financial						
Intermediation	8,475	6,236	14,711	4,743	5,084	9,827
Other Operating	,	,	,	,	,	,
Income/Expenses	4,199	5,350	9,549	7,137	11,463	18,600
Operating Income	12,674	11,586	24,260	11,880	16,547	28,427
Non-Operating Income		(3)	(3)		(2)	(2)
-	12,674	11,583	24,257	11,880	16,545	28,425

Income before Taxes and Contributions

Taxes and Contributions on

 Income
 (4,483)
 (4,108)
 (8,591)
 (4,031)
 (5,619)
 (9,650)

 Net Income
 8,191
 7,475
 15,666
 7,849
 10,926
 18,775

th

Bradesco Corretora ended 1H07 in the 14 position of the São Paulo Stock Exchange Bovespa among the 88 participant brokers. 42,364 investors were served in such period, executing 820,082 stock calls and put orders, summing up a volume corresponding to R\$22,469 million. Bradesco Corretora has been participating with Bovespa in the event *Bovespa vai até você* (Bovespa reaches you), with a view to popularizing the stock market.

In 1H07, Bradesco Corretora traded 1,885 thousand contracts at the Brazilian Mercantile & Futures Exchange BM&F, with a financial volume of R\$129,736 million, reaching the 26th position in the ranking among the 72 participant brokers. It has been driving its efforts to proceed with the expansion of businesses, as well as to disseminate future markets. Concerning the agricultural sector, Bradesco Corretora has been directly acting in the main producing regions of the country, through visits, lectures, and participation in agribusiness fairs and exhibitions. Jointly with BM&F, it has been sponsoring the clients—visit from various regions of the country to São Paulo, for visits to BM&F and Bradesco Corretora. It has also been receiving producers, teachers, opinion makers and dealers of goods physical market. It also takes part in the trading of future mini-contracts of Bovespa, U.S. dollar, *Boi Gordo* (live cattle) and coffee Indices through the Web Trading system, with a view to offering an alternative to carry out derivative operations of price protection, directly at the trading floor. The intermediation of future market operations is certified by NBR ISO 9001:2000.

In 1H07, Home Broker Bradesco reached the 2nd position in the ranking of Bovespa s broker dealers. In May, Bradesco Corretora obtained the record amount of R\$1.031 billion of traded volume by means of electronic channel, and is the 1st brokerage firm related to the financial conglomerate to exceed the amount of R\$1 billion. As a result, we obtained a volume of R\$5,217 million in 1H07, with a growth of 165.0% as compared to 1H06. The client base in the period evolved 55.3% compared to 1H06 with an increase of 28,754 new registrations and 41,003 e-mails received in 1H07. The executed orders in 1H07 were 641,467, showing a 141.5% increase as compared to the previous half.

Home Broker Bradesco was elected the Best Brazilian Website related to Home Broker in the sixth edition of E-finance Award, created by Executivos Financeiros magazine. The investor s interest in the variable income market is growing every day, due to an increasingly favorable economic scenario, and the Internet has been the easiest and least expensive channel.

Continuing the expansion process of its Retail Area, Bradesco Corretora inaugurated the Stock Rooms in the branches of Aldeota/Fortaleza, USP/São Paulo and Monsenhor Celso/Curitiba in June 2007.

Home Broker intermediation of stocks through the Internet (Shopinvest) is certified by NBR ISO 9001:2000 and GoodPriv@cy Data Protection Label (2002 edition).

SANA Automatic System of Trading Stocks is certified by NBR ISO 9001:2000.

With a total volume traded of R\$63.4 million in 1H07, Bradesco Corretora maintained a highlighting position in the market, operating in Public Offerings for Share Purchase, Primary and Secondary Public Distributions and Special Operations and Privatization Auctions, assisting a total of 16,643 clients among individuals and legal entities, in the Public Distributions.

Bradesco Corretora offers to its clients a complete investment analysis service with coverage of the main sectors and companies of the Brazilian market. Our team of analysts is comprised of sector specialists who disclose their opinions to clients in an equitable way by means of follow-up reports and guides of stocks. Moreover, clients also count on analyses of the team of economists of Banco Bradesco, one of the most important ones of the Brazilian market.

In addition, it offers non-resident investors representation service in operations conducted in the financial and capital markets, under the terms of the CMN (Brazilian Monetary Council) Resolution no. 2,689, of January 26, 2000.

It also offers the Tesouro Direto (Direct Treasury) Program, which allows the individual client to invest in federal government bonds via the Internet; he/she just has to register at Bradesco Corretora via the Website www.bradesco.com.br.

The Net Income recorded in 1H07 amounted to R\$18.8 million.

The Stockholders Equity, on June 30, 2007, reached R\$94.5 million, equivalent to 41.7% of total assets, which added up to R\$226.4 million.

Information - Trading on BM&F and Bovespa

	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half
BM&F						
Ranking	31^{th}	25^{th}	29 th	29 th	26^{th}	26 th
Contracts Traded (thousand)	511	688	1,199	796	1,089	1,885
Financial Volume (R\$ million)	47,461	57,153	104,614	49,870	79,866	129,736
Stock Exchange						
Ranking	14 th	15 th	14 th	15 th	13 th	14 th
Number of Investors	21,988	23,376	35,454	26,040	31,697	42,364
Number of Orders Executed	169,055	212,611	381,666	364,607	455,475	820,082
Financial Volume (R\$ million)	5,690	5,596	11,286	9,454	13,015	22,469
Home Broker						
Ranking	5 th	6 th	5 th	2^{nd}	2 nd	2^{nd}
Number of Registered Clients	44,968	52,036	52,036	71,761	80,790	80,790
Number of Orders Executed	111,330	154,269	265,599	281,579	359,888	641,467
Financial Volume (R\$ million)	873	1,096	1,969	2,075	3,142	5,217

Bradesco Securities, Inc.

Balance Sheet

R\$ thousand

	2006		2007	
	March	June	March	June
Assets				
Current and Long-Term Assets	49,155	48,245	45,743	43,355
Funds Available	7,415	7,120	8,027	7,281
Interbank Investments	242	244	229	217
Securities and Derivative Financial				
Instruments	41,402	40,786	37,139	34,316
Other Receivables and Other Assets	96	95	348	1,541
Permanent Assets	24	278	504	474
Total	49,179	48,523	46,247	43,829
Liabilities				
Current and Long-Term Liabilities	461	536	293	3,302
Other Liabilities	461	536	293	3,302
Stockholders' Equity	48,718	47,987	45,954	40,527
Total	49,179	48,523	46,247	43,829

Statement of Income

R\$ thousand

	2006		2007			
	1 st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Gross Income from Financial		• • • •			-00	
Intermediation Other Operating	534	209	743	535	203	738
Income/Expenses	(770)	(757)	(1,527)	(969)	(2,820)	(3,789)
Operating Income	(236)	(548)	(784)	(434)	(2,617)	(3,051)
Net Loss / Income	(236)	(548)	(784)	(434)	(2,617)	(3,051)

Bradesco Securities, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Banco Bradesco, operates as a broker dealer in the United States. The company's activities are focused on the intermediation of stock purchases and sales, with emphasis on ADR operations. The company is also authorized to operate with Bonds, Commercial Paper and Deposit Certificates, among others, and to provide Investment Advisory services. This Bradesco initiative was motivated by the more than 90 ADR programs of Brazilian companies traded in New York and by the growing interest of foreign investors in the emerging markets, which is designed to offer support for global economy investors who invest part of this flow in

countries such as Brazil.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System considers Banco Bradesco to be a Financial Holding Company that enables the expansion of Bradesco Securities activities.

This status is given following a rigorous analysis of various aspects determined in US banking legislation, including Banco Bradesco s high level of capitalization and the quality of its Management, which will allow the Bank, either directly or through its subsidiaries, to operate in the US market, whenever considered convenient, carrying out financial activities under the same conditions as local banks, in particular the following:

Securities market (underwriting, private placement and market-making);

Acquisitions, mergers, portfolio management and financial services (merchant banking);

Mutual funds portfolio management; and

Sale of insurance.

Thus, Banco Bradesco has strengthened its role in the Investment Banking segment, expanding its opportunity to explore various financial activities in the US market, and contributing to the increase in the volume of transactions carried out with Brazilian companies.

5 - Operating Structure

•	• •	α
Corporate	Organization	Cnart

Major Stockholders

(1) Bradesco s management (Board of Executive Officers and Board of Directors) comprises the Presiding Board of Fundação Bradesco, maximum Deliberative Body of this Entity. Reference: 6.30.2007

Main Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies

(*) Approved by the Brazilian Central Bank on August 1, 2007.

Administrative Body

Reference Date: 8.1.2007

Risk Ratings Bank

(3)

International Scale Foreign Currency (1) Local Currency (1) Domestic Scale Foreign Foreign Currency Currency Currency Currency Currency				Fitch Roti	ngs						1./	loody's Inv
Individual Support										In		
Individual Support			_	-		-			Curr	rency	Currency	Local Curren Depos
A/B 2	Individual	Support	Delinquency Probability of Issuer	Delinquency Probability of Issuer	Delinquency Probability of Issuer	Delinquency Probability of Issuer			Long- term	Short-	_	Long-term
B 3 A F3 A F3 A F3 A F3 A F4 F4 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5	A	1	AAA	F1	AAA	F1			Aaa	P-1	Aaa	Aaa
B/C 4 BBB B BBB B BBB B BBB CBBB CBBB CCBBB CCBCB	A/B	2	AA	F2	AA	F2				P-2	Aa	Aa
C	В	3	A	F3	A	F3				A P-3 A		A1
C/D B D B D B D B D BI B B B D CCC CCC CCC CCC CCC Caa Caa Caa Caa D/E CC CC <td>B/C</td> <td>4</td> <td>BBB</td> <td>В</td> <td>BBB</td> <td colspan="2"></td> <td>Baa3</td> <td>Baa</td>	B/C	4	BBB	В	BBB			Baa3	Baa			
D	С	5	ВВ	С	ВВ	C		_			Ba	Ва
D/E CC CC CC CC (bra) Ca	C/D		В	D	В	D					В	В
E C	D		CCC		CCC				Caa		Caa	Caa
RD RD DDD (bra)	D/E		CC		CC				Ca		Ca	Ca
D D DD (bra) D DD DD (bra) D DD DD DD (bra) D DD	Е		С		С				С		С	С
(bra)			RD		RD							
			D		D							

N.B.: Bradesco s risk ratings are among the highest attributed to Brazilian banks.

(1) Signs of plus (+) and minus (-) are used to identity a better or worse position within a same rating scale.

Numeric modifiers 1, 2 and 3 are added to each generic rating from Aa to

Caa, meaning lower or higher risk in the same category.

This is the first governance rating granted in Latin America. The evaluation recognizes that Bradesco adopts great corporate governance practices, with a relationship policy highlighted by a high quality,

transparency and ethics level.

	Insurance		Certificated Savings Plans
Fitch Ra	itings	Standard & Poor s	Standard & Poor s
Domestic Scale	International Scale	Domestic Scale (1)	Domestic Scale (1)
Domestic Rating of Financial Strength of Insurance Company (1)	International Rating of Financial Strength of Insurance Company (1)	Counterparty Rating	Counterparty Rating
AAA (bra) AA (bra)	AAA AA	brAAA brAA	brAAA brAA
A (bra)	A	brA	brA
BBB (bra)	BBB	brBBB	brBBB
BB (bra)	BB	brBB	brBB
B (bra) CCC (bra)	B CCC	brB brCCC	brB brCCC
CC (bra)	CCC	brCC	brCC
C (bra)	C	brSD	brSD
DDD (bra)	DDD	brD	brD
DD (bra)	DDD	01D	OID
D (bra)	D		

⁽¹⁾ Signs of plus (+) and minus (-) are used to identity a better or worse position within a same rating scale.

Major Rankings

Source		Criterion	Position	Reference Date	
		Banks/Forbes			
Forbes the World s Leading Companies	Research	2000*	1st (Brazil)	March 2007	
		Banks/Forbes			
Forbes the World s Leading Companies	Research	2000*	37th (Worldwide)	March 2007	
		Overall/Forbes			
Forbes the World s Leading Companies	Research	2000*	3 rd (Brazil)	March 2007	
0 1		Overall/Forbes	, ,		
Forbes the World s Leading Companies	Research	2000*	147 th (Worldwide)	March 2007	
(4) F 1 2000 :	337 11 T	1	11 4 11 1	1	

^(*) Forbes 2000: companies comprising World s Leading Companies list are rated based on a combination of criteria which takes into consideration income, profit, assets and market value.

Market Segmentation

Focusing its actions on relationship, the segmentation process in Bradesco is aligned to the market trend of grouping together customers with similar profiles, allowing a personalized customer service and increasing gains of productivity and quickness. That process provides the Bank with larger flexibility and competitiveness in the execution of its business strategy, providing dimension to operations for both individual and corporate customers, concerning quality and specialization, in specific demands of sundry customer profiles.

Bradesco Corporate Banking

Mission and Values

Bradesco Corporate's mission is to meet the clients needs, developing long-term ethical and innovative relationship in harmony with stockholders' interest.

The area s main values that permeate its day-to-day activities comprise the following:

teamwork;

ongoing pursuit of innovation and excellence in customer service; transparency in all its actions; commitment to self-development; adherence to strategic guidelines; creativity, flexibility and initiative; and agile delivery to clients.

Background and Achievements

The Corporate Banking segment was introduced in 1999, designed to serve companies from its target market. Based on a customer rather than a product standpoint, it maintains a centralized relations management, offering as well as traditional products, structured, Tailor-made and Capital Markets solutions, through Managers who have a clear vision of risk, market, economic industries and relationship.

Bradesco Corporate s absolute commitment with quality, the essence of a long-term effort, started to take shape in 2000, when the company was granted the ISO 9000 which is a reference for efficiency in the service providing, evaluated by clients. Its Management System is being improved with the adoption of practices acknowledged by the market, resulting in the achievement of the Banas Quality Management Award in 2006, and the Paulista Quality Management Award Golden Medal in 2007, which indicates companies with the best management practices, for its efficiency and quality.

Bradesco Corporate

The concern about seeking solutions with significant added value for the Institution is reflected in the partnerships entered into with major retail networks for consumer sales financing, made feasible as a result of the relationship and familiarity with this industry's production chain and the synergy which exists among the Bank's segments.

The resources comprising assets (credit, bonds and guarantees) and liabilities (deposits, funds and portfolios) amounted to R\$90.9 billion.

Target Market

The 1,312 economic groups comprising Bradesco Corporate s target market, which is mostly comprised of large corporations which record sales results in excess of R\$350 million/year are located in the states of São Paulo, both the capital and inner state, Rio de Janeiro, Minas Gerais, Paraná, Rio Grande do Sul, Santa Catarina, Goiás, Pernambuco and Bahia.

Bradesco Empresas (Middle Market)

Bradesco Empresas (Middle Market) segment was implemented with a view to offering services to companies with sales results from R\$30 million to R\$350 million/year, through 68 exclusive branches in the main Brazilian capitals.

Bradesco Empresas aims at offering the best business management, such as: Loans, Financings, Investments, Foreign Trade, Derivatives, Cash Management and Structured Operations, targeting customers satisfaction and results to the Organization.

The 68 branches are strategically distributed throughout Brazil as follows: 41 in Southeast, 16 in South, 4 in Mid-West, 3 in Northeast and 2 in North.

Bradesco Empresas is formed by a team of 370 Relationship Managers, who are included in the Anbid Certification Program, serving on average 31 economic groups per Manager, on a tailor-made concept, encompassing 23,556 companies from all sectors of the economy.

Bradesco Empresas manages funds, among loan operations, guarantees, deposits, funds and collections, of approximately R\$37.8 billion.

In the pursuit of ongoing quality, Bradesco Empresas Department was granted the NBR ISO 9001:2000 certification by Fundação Carlos Alberto Vanzolini in the scope Bradesco Empresas Segment Management , attesting to the Bank s commitment to process improvement and client satisfaction.

Bradesco Private Banking

Bradesco Private Banking, through its highly qualified and specialized professionals, offers the Bank's high-income individual customers with minimum funds available for investment of R\$1 million, an exclusive line of products and services aimed at increasing their equity by maximizing returns. Therefore, according to a Tailor-Made concept, the most appropriate financial solution is sought, considering each client s profile, providing advisory services for asset

allocation and fiscal, tax and successory guidance.

Aiming the proximity to its customer base, Bradesco Private Banking has two offices in the cities of São Paulo and Rio de Janeiro, as well as 9 service units in Porto Alegre, Blumenau, Curitiba, Belo Horizonte, Brasília, Salvador, Recife, Fortaleza and Uberlândia.

Bradesco Private Banking is also certified by ISO 9001:2000 with scope on the Relationship Management of High Net Wealth Individual Clients , as well as with the certification GoodPriv@cy (Data Protection Label 2002 Edition) granted by IQNet (The International Quality Network), in the Management of Privacy of Data Used in the Relationship with High Net Wealth Clients .

Bradesco Prime

Background

The Prime Segment started its activities in May 2003 with 109 exclusive branches distributed around the country, aiming at offering clients complete solutions by means of financial auditing and a special portfolio of products and channels.

Since 2005, the Bradesco Prime Department has been certified by Fundação Carlos Alberto Vanzolini, rule NBR ISO 9001:2000, under the scope Bradesco Prime Segment Management , enhancing Bradesco s commitment to continuously improving processes and pursuing clients satisfaction.

Along its years of existence, Prime has achieved a highlighting position in the Brazilian high-income market and has consolidated its position as the largest segment in customer service network, with 214 branches, strategically located.

Mission and Values

Bradesco Prime s mission is to be the client s first Bank, focusing on relationship quality and in offering appropriate solutions to their needs, with prepared staff, adding value to stockholders and employees, within ethical and professional standards.

When developing their activities, the employees of the Prime Segment are guided by Bradesco Organization s values, which are as follows:

Client as the Organization s reason of existence;

Ethical and transparent relationship with clients, stockholders, investors, partners and employees;

Belief in people s values and their capacity for development;

Respect for the human being s dignity, by preserving the individuality and the privacy and not admitting the practice of discriminatory acts due to social condition, creed, color, race, sex, faith or political ideology;

Pioneering work in technology and solutions for clients;

Social responsibility, especially investments in education; and

Ability to face with determination different economic cycles and the dynamics of social changes.

Target-market and Main Competitive Advantages

Aligned with the commitment to providing all its clients with a Complete Bank, Bradesco Prime operates in the segment of high income clients, having as target-public individuals with income of R\$4 thousand or higher or with investments of R\$50 thousand or higher.

Bradesco Prime s customers are provided with:

VIP branches specifically designed to provide comfort and privacy;

Personalized products and services, such as the Bradesco Prime Loyalty Program, which aims to encourage the relationship between the clients and the Bank, by means of the offer of increasing benefits;

Customized service by the Relationship Managers who, due to their small client portfolios, are able to dedicate special attention to each client and who are continually enhancing their professional qualification; all of them take part in the Certification Program of Anbid;

Relationship channels such as: exclusive Internet Banking (www.bradescoprime.com.br), with the competitive advantage of the online chat, in which a financial consultant interacts with the clients in real time, the Call Center with an exclusive assistance center, in addition to an extensive Customer Service Network, comprised of its branches, ATM equipment and Banco24horas throughout Brazil.

In the branches below, Prime offers special services and technologies, such as:

Prime Digital Branch: focused on customer service via call center with a team of managers available at extended business hours (from 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, 7 days a week, including bank holidays).

Prime Branch at Cidade de Deus, Latin America's first Wireless Branch, where managers use remote connected equipment, enabling client to conduct his/her business from his/her own facilities.

Bradesco Retail

Bradesco maintains its Retail specialty, serving with high quality service all segments of the Brazilian population level. Such open-door philosophy is supported by an extensive customer service network. Thus, it is possible to reach the possible largest number of companies and people, in all regions of the country, including those with lower development level, reflecting the effort in the democratization of banking products and services, social inclusion and income distribution. The Bank has more than 16 million individuals and corporate customers account holders, who carry out millions of transactions daily at our branches, service branches, Banco Postal (Postal Bank) branches and Bradesco Expresso, comprising Brazil's largest Customer Service Network, besides thousands of teller machines, providing ease and convenient services over extended hours.

In addition to the extensive service network, clients are offered the comfort of alternative service channels such as Fone Fácil (Easy Phone) service, Internet Banking and Bradesco Celular, which are already used for a significant portion of daily transactions.

The Retail segment has been focusing on the growth in the client base and the loan portfolio. Another important aspect is the development of financial products, tailor-made to meet the customers' profile in an ongoing effort to offer quality, agile and reliable services to all customers, in particular, bearing in mind the value of customer relations.

Significant investments have been made in staff training, aiming at qualifying employees for customized and efficient customer service, seeking to preserve relations and increase the customers' loyalty to the Bank.

Bradesco Retail not only has more than 2,700 branches and 2,500 service branches (PAB/PAE), but also makes available a Digital Branch, operating in a virtual environment and offering courier service. The Digital Branch has a team of managers who serve its clients, regardless of location, from 8:00 am to 10:00 pm, seven days a week.

Banco Postal (Postal Bank)

Banco Postal is a brand through which Bradesco offers its products and services in all the Brazilian cities, in a partnership with the Brazilian Post Office Company (ECT). It is an example of success of Correspondent Banks, due to its large scope, products and services portfolio, and the social role it plays in society.

Banco Postal is present in more than 4.9 thousand cities of Brazil, with 5,709 branches. Around 1.7 thousand of these branches were set up in cities which, until then, were devoid of banks, benefiting a population of approximately 18 million people, who had the opportunity to, for the first time in their lives, obtain a check book, make a deposit in a savings account, or contracting loan operation.

Thanks to Banco Postal, thousands of beneficiaries of the Brazilian Social Security Institute (INSS) can now receive their benefits in the comfort of a branch close to their homes, without having to go long distances on boats or along unsafe roads, and without spending a good part of their earnings on the trip.

Banco Postal s expansion has also disseminated in the municipalities where the use of credit and debit cards and the affiliation of the commercial establishments to the Visa Network were introduced, providing more options for the local population to make their payments, besides allowing improvements in the very Postal Branches customer service, and the reduction in operating costs and in the risks of transporting cash to the Relationship Branches.

Number of Banco Postal Branches

Bradesco Expresso

Bradesco has been increasing its share in the correspondent bank segment with the expansion of Bradesco Expresso Network, by means of partnerships entered into with supermarkets, drugstores, department stores and other retail chains.

For clients and community in general, Bradesco Expresso offers a convenient banking service, closer to the residence or workplace. For Bradesco, this is the best way to reach low-income clients, especially the population deprived of bank services, and promoting the banking inclusion, which would not be possible by means of traditional banking branches, in view of high installation and operating costs. Concerning shopkeepers, Bradesco Expresso foments a higher flow of clients and encourages them to visit the establishment many times, opening possibilities for loyalty and sales increase.

On June 30, 2007, Bradesco Expresso Network totaled 9,699 installed units.

Number of Transactions Carried out in Correspondent Banks (Banco Postal + Bradesco Expresso) in thousands

Number of Bradesco Expresso Units

Customer Service Network

	2006		2007		
Customer Service Network	March	June	March	June	
Service Branches Own					
Branches (*)	2,999	2,993	3,015	3,031	
PABs	1,022	1,044	1,069	1,083	
PAEs	1,477	1,469	1,429	1,432	
PAAs			111	130	
Finasa Promotora de Vendas (Finasa					
Branches)	260	270	390	392	
ATM Network Outplaced Terminals	2,294	2,327	2,580	2,571	
Total Service Branches - Own	8,052	8,103	8,594	8,639	
Service Branches Third Parties					
Banco24Horas Network Assisted Terminals	2,589	2,657	3,086	3,287	
Banco Postal	5,502	5,533	5,639	5,709	
Bradesco Expresso (Correspondent Banks)	5,038	5,748	9,084	9,699	
Total Service Branches Third Parties	13,129	13,938	17,809	18,695	
Total Service Branches in the Country					
(Own + Third Parties)	21,181	22,041	26,403	27,334	
Branches Abroad	3	3	3	3	
Subsidiaries Abroad	5	5	5	5	
Overall Total Service Branches (Country +	· ·		C		
Abroad)	21,189	22,049	26,411	27,342	
Finasa Associated Stores and Auto Dealers	41,065	39,781	39,542	40,071	
Total Branches containing ATMs in the					
Country					
Own Network + Banco24Horas (included in	10.077	10 244	11 155	11 407	
the total) (**)	10,076	10,244	11,155	11,497	
ATMs					
Own	23,232	23,551	24,464	24,498	
Banco24Horas	2,769	2,841	3,346	3,504	
Total ATMs	26,001	26,392	27,810	28,002	

PAB (Posto de Atendimento Bancário) branch located in a company, with an employee from the Bank. PAE (Posto de Atendimento Eletrônico em Empresas) branch located in a company, with an ATM.

PAA (Posto Avançado de Atendimento) branch located in a city where there isn t a Bank branch.

(*) Include 1 Banco Finasa branch and, in June 2007, 1 Banco Finasa branch and 1 Banco BBI branch.

(**) In June 2007, there were 778 overlapping branches between the Own Network and the Banco24Horas Network.

Customer Service Network Branches

Client/Branch Ratio in thousand

Bradesco and Market Share

		June 2006			June 2007	
Region/State	Bradesco	Total Banks in Market ⁽¹⁾	Market Share (%)	Bradesco	Total Banks in Market ⁽¹⁾	Market Share (%)
North						
Acre	5	35	14.3	5	35	14.3
Amazônas	59	144	41.0	60	152	39.5
Amapá	4	27	14.8	4	27	14.8
Pará	49	289	17.0	49	300	16.3
Rondônia	18	88	20.5	18	89	20.2
Roraima	2	18	11.1	2	19	10.5
Tocantins	13	86	15.1	13	86	15.1
Total	150	687	21.8	151	708	21.3
Northeast						
Alagoas	11	126	8.7	11	126	8.7
Bahia	207	756	27.4	208	765	27.2
Ceará	92	365	25.2	92	370	24.9
Maranhão	67	226	29.6	68	231	29.4
Paraíba	18	173	10.4	20	175	11.4
Pernambuco	62	479	12.9	62	483	12.8
Piauí	8	115	7.0	8	117	6.8
Rio Grande do Norte	14	149	9.4	14	150	9.3
Sergipe	12	161	7.5	12	164	7.3
Total	491	2,550	19.3	495	2,581	19.2
Mid-West						
Distrito Federal	31	307	10.1	31	316	9.8
Goiás	106	561	18.9	106	567	18.7
Mato Grosso	62	244	25.4	62	248	25.0
Mato Grosso do Sul	57	227	25.1	57	229	24.9
Total	256	1,339	19.1	256	1,360	18.8

Southeast

Espírito Santo	40	362	11.0	39	368	10.6
Minas Gerais	278	1,831	15.2	284	1,871	15.2
Rio de Janeiro	$254^{(2)}$	1,667	15.2	$260^{(2)}$	1,170	22.2
São Paulo	1,082	5,778	18.7	1,099(3)	5,962	18.4
Total	1,654	9,638	17.2	1,682	9,911	17.0
South						
Paraná	172	1,274	13.5	176	1,233	14.3
Rio Grande do Sul	159	1,453	10.9	158	1,476	10.7
Santa Catarina	111	848	13.1	113	861	13.1
Total	442	3,575	12.4	447	3,570	12.5
Overall Total	2,993	17,789	16.8	3,031	18,130	16.7

⁽¹⁾ Source: Unicad Information on Entities of Interest to the Brazilian Central Bank. In 2007, data are from May.

⁽²⁾ It includes 1 Banco Finasa s branch.

⁽³⁾ It includes 1 Banco Bradesco BBI s branch.

Customer Service Network Branches Market Share

Bradesco Dia&Noite (Day&Night) Customer Service Channels

Bradesco s clients are able to consult their banking transactions, carry out financial transactions and purchase products and services available via state-of-the-art technology through the following alternative channels: Auto-Atendimento (ATM Network), Fone Fácil (Easy Phone) and Internet Banking.

Reassuring the commitment with social responsibility, the Bradesco Dia&Noite (Day&Night) Customer Service Channels provide access to people with special needs, as follows:

Internet Banking for visually impaired people;

Personalized assistance for hearing impaired people, by means of the digital language in Fone Fácil (Easy Phone); and

Access to visually impaired people and wheelchair users in Auto-Atendimento (ATM Network), which is being extended.

Bradesco Dia&Noite (Day&Night) ATM Network

The ATM network is distributed in strategic points throughout Brazil, with 24,498 machines on 6.30.2007, providing fast and practical access to diverse range of products and services. Additionally, Bradesco s clients who have debit cards in checking or savings accounts can use 3,504 Banco24Horas machines for withdrawal, balance and bank statement transactions.

Banking Service Outlets

T 4	2006	: •	2007		
Items	March	June	March	June	
Total Bradesco	7,487	7,587	8,069	8,210	
Branches, PABs, PAEs and PAAs	5,193	5,260	5,489	5,639	
Outplaced Terminals	2,294	2,327	2,580	2,571	
Total Banco24Horas (*)	2,589	2,657	3,086	3,287	
Overall Total	10,076	10,244	11,155	11,497	

(*) It includes outlets overlapping with own network, 778 in June 2007.

Distribution of Own ATM Network Productivity in the 4 Half of 2007

ATM Network Number of Transactions in thousand

N.B.: It includes the transactions performed in Banco24horas network.

ATM Network Financial Movement Evolution R\$ million

N.B.: It includes the transactions performed in Banco24horas network.

ATM Network Highlights millions

**		2006		2007			
Items	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	
Number of Cash Withdrawal Transactions	108.7	109.1	217.8	114.1	113.6	227.7	
Number of Deposit Transactions	46.0	44.9	90.9	44.2	43.9	88.1	

1H07 Highlights

The technology of biometrical identification through the palm vein pattern was implemented; Pilot project enabling Bradesco s and Banco do Brasil s clients to share self-service terminals for balance transactions and withdrawal;

31% growth in the value of the Personal Loan Limit transaction in relation to the same period in 2006; and E-finance Award:

Best Accessibility Solutions:

Accessible ATMs to visually impaired people;

Best Identity Management Solutions:

Bradesco s Security on the palm of the hand.

Bradesco Dia&Noite (Day&Night) Fone Fácil (Easy Phone Service)

With a 24/7 telephone access, the client can obtain information, make transactions and acquire products and services related to his/her Checking Account, Savings Account, Credit Cards and other products available in this channel through electronic and personalized assistance.

By means of specific numbers, the Client has access to several other centers. The main ones are: Internet Banking, Net Empresa, Consortium, Private Pension Plan, Finasa, Collection and also Alô Bradesco to make complaints, criticisms and compliments.

Fone Fácil Calls Evolution million

Fone Fácil Number of Transactions thousands

Fone Fácil Financial Movement Evolution R\$ million

1H07 Highlights

Bradesco was the only bank to obtain maximum score (100 points) in the Research assessing the quality of the customer service provided by the banks and credit card management companies;

Award that aimed to identify and disclose the best practices concerning customer service in Brazil and acknowledge companies that favors service excellence.

Winner in the Retail Bank Category;

Winner in the Prime Bank Category; and

E-finance Award:

Best Accessibility Solutions:

Assistance Center for Hearing Impaired People;

Inclusion of Visually Impaired People;

Best Identity Management Solutions:

Security Key to access Fone Fácil Bradesco (Easy Phone).

Bradesco Dia&Noite (Day&Night) Internet Banking

Bradesco Dia&Noite (Day&Night) Internet Banking manages a Portal, which contains links to 45 related websites, 32 of which are institutional, and 13 are transactional. Since it was first launched, Bradesco Internet Banking has innovated and made available the largest number of online services as possible to its Clients.

Internet Banking thousands of registered users

Internet Banking Number of Transactions in thousands (*)

(*) Number of transactions made via Internet Banking, ShopInvest, Cartões (Cards), ShopCredit, Capitalização (Certificated Savings Plan), Net Empresa and Net Empresa WebTA (Web File Transmission) and Cidadetran.

Internet Banking Financial Movement Evolution R\$ million (*)

(*) Number of transactions made via Internet Banking, ShopInvest, Cartões (Cards), ShopCredit, Capitalização (Certificated Savings Plan), Net Empresa and Net Empresa WebTA (Web File Transmission) and Cidadetran.

Services 1st Half of 2007

Bradesco Internet Banking 8.1 million registered users.

(www.bradesco.com.br) 155.6 million transactions carried out.

ShopInvest Bradesco1,147 thousand registered users.(www.shopinvest.com.br)2.0 million transactions carried out.

ShopCredit 11.3 million transactions/operations carried out.

(www.shopcredit.com.br)

Bradesco Net Empresa 408,982 registered companies.

(www.bradesco.com.br) 24.6 million transactions/operations carried out.

Bradesco Cartões 17.9 million transactions carried out.

(www.bradescocartoes.com.br)

Net Empresa WebTA 390.6 million transactions/operations carried out.

(Web File Transmission)

Bradesco Cidadetran 3.5 million transactions/operations carried out.

(www.cidadetran.com.br)

1H07 Highlights

Security Portal (Security Tips);

Electronic Bradesco Security Key in Bradesco Net Empresa;

Social-environmental Responsibility website versions in English and Spanish;

Investor Relations website Chat Results in 2006;

New Bradesco websites: Bradesco Pessoa Jurídica (Corporate), Bradesco Cartões (Cards) and HR

Solutions mini website;

ShopCredit Payroll-deductible Loan Public and Private;

Stock consultation through Bradesco Cell Phone; and

E-finance Award:

Best Accessibility Solutions:

Bradesco Internet Banking for Visually Impaired People; and

Security Key for Visually Impaired People;

Best Identity Management Solutions:

Security Key to access Bradesco Celular (Cell Phone).

Best Internet Banking for Individuals:

Bradesco website;

My Bradesco;

Bradesco Infoemail / Cards Infoemail; and

Clipmail

Best Solutions for Loan website:

Credit Scoring: and

Personal Payroll deductible loan.

Best Home Broker website

Bradesco ShopInvest - Home Broker.

Best Data Electronic Transfer Solution

Bradesco Net Empresa WebTA.

Investments in Infrastructure, Information Technology and Telecommunications

The investments for expanding the capacity of infrastructure, IT and telecommunications at Bradesco Organization are designed to maintain a modern, practical and secure Customer Service Network. The Network characterizes Bradesco as one of the world's most contemporary companies and creating a unique advantage for its clients and users at home and abroad.

Investments Evolution R\$ million

R\$ million

		Years			1st Half
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007

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Total	1,560	1,694	1,532	1,460	1,826	997
IT/Telecommunications	947	1,225	1,302	1,215	1,472	774
Infrastructure	613	469	230	245	354	223

Risk Management and Compliance

Credit Risks, Market Risks, Liquidity, Operational risks, Internal Controls and Compliance

Bradesco deems the risk management essential in all its activities, using it with the purpose of adding value to its business, to the extent this enables support to the business areas in the planning of their activities, maximizing the utilization of own funds and of third parties, in benefit of stockholders and the company.

We also understand that the risk management activity is greatly relevant, due to the growing complexity of services and products offered by the Organization, and also in view of the globalization of its business. Therefore, Bradesco is constantly improving its risk management-related activities, in pursuit of the best internationally used practices, however duly adjusted to Brazil s reality.

The Organization carries out considerable investments in activities related to risk management, especially in the qualification of employees. The purpose of these activities is enhancing the quality of risk management of the Conglomerate, and to ensure the necessary focus on these activities, which produce a strong added value.

Corporate Governance

In the wide sense, the Corporate Governance process represents the set of practices that aims to optimize the performance of a company and protect stakeholders, such as stockholders, investors, employees, etc, as well as to facilitate access to capital, add value to the company and contribute to its sustainability, involving, mainly, aspects focused on transparency, equity of treatment of shareholders and account rendering.

Under the Risk Management focus, the Corporate Governance structure at Bradesco Organization includes an effective follow-up of the risk management which protects the interests of stakeholders, internal and external parties of the company, upon the operation of 4 bylaws committees proposed by the Board of Directors and by approval of the Stockholders Meeting and, also, 34 executive committees, subordinated to the CEO and established by approval of the Board of Directors. The committees comply with specific rules of establishment, alteration and extinguishment and each one has clearly defined in its regulation: the purpose, subordination, attributions, compositions, duties and responsibilities of its members, the frequency, call and quorum of the meetings.

Governance Structure

This structure is aligned with the best practices, considering that it counts on independent Board members, Committees with specific functions and dedicated directive structure, establishing policies, guidelines and rules, and proving human resources, materials and technology focused on these activities.

Risk Management Process

Bradesco approaches the management of all the risks inherent to its activities in an integrated manner, within a process, based on the support from its Internal Controls and Compliance structure.

This view allows the ongoing improvement of its risk management models, avoiding gaps that could jeopardize the correct identification and assessment.

Risk Management

The positioning of the Risk Management and Compliance Department DGRC in the organizational structure reflects the Organization s commitment to the issue, since the treatment and the integration of the Credit, Market and Operational risks into one independent Department bring great advantages to risk management, meeting the concepts enacted by the New Capital Accord (Basel II) and the best Corporate Governance practices.

Organizational Structure of the Risk Management and Compliance Department:

The Department also has as attribution the responsibility for the compliance with the Resolutions 2,554 (Internal Control), 3,380 (Operational risk), 3,464 (Market Risk) of the Brazilian Monetary Council, and with the provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, Section 404.

The risk management process in Bradesco comprises a virtuous circle, which involves the identification, measurement, mitigation, control, monitoring and report of these risks to several areas and Committees involved. This process is supported by a structure which comprises the Senior Management, by means of Executive Committees (responsible for the definition of the tolerance to risks in the Organization), including the Risk Management and Compliance Department to quantify and monitor risks, up to the several areas of businesses and products in the risk identification.

Identification of risks: present in the day to day of the units of businesses and products this activity considers the definition, identification and diagnostic of the risk, task made by means of the structure of Internal Controls and Compliance;

Measurement of risks: it involves the use of a series of methodologies, such as calculation of the expected and unexpected losses, calculation of VaR (Value at Risk), stress tests and use of market benchmarks;

Mitigation of risks: it represents the reduction of the gross exposure level to risks, leading to an acceptable residual by means of the adoption of instruments aiming at its transfer or implementation of effective controls, periodically revaluated and regularly tests as to its adequate execution;

Monitoring and control of risks: it uses the results of measurement models for the establishment of policies and limits. These limits are divided and monitored daily, weekly, monthly or according to each situation. In addition, we have an integrated management system which incorporates several elements, such as specific models for measurement of each one of the risks, historical data base, strict procedures of internal controls and a highly qualified team in the risk management function; and

Report of risks: for each business unit information aiming at the integrated risk management is reported in analytical and consolidated bases.

New Capital Accord Basel II

Structure and Fundamentals

One of the main functions of the central banks of several countries is the supervision of the financial system under their jurisdiction, in the sense of avoiding and mitigating possible banking crises which may deeply affect local economies.

With the financial globalization, a banking crisis in a certain country may affect the banking and economic activities of other countries, with the need of alignment of the supervision activities of the several central banks, so as to level the measurement criteria of the banking risk among the countries and ensure the solvability of the international financial market. This need was met by the Basel Capital Agreement of 1988. The main guideline of this Agreement was the requirement of minimum capital in relation to the credit risk. The supervisors of each country require from the banks under their jurisdiction a minimum capital amount in relation to their portfolio assets, weighted by the risk level determined by supervisors. Later, in 1996, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision added market risk as one more risk factor to be considered for capital allocation.

With the evolution of the world banking scenario and the acceleration of the integration pace of several national financial systems through complex and sophisticated instruments, there was the need to improve the Capital requirement rules established 1988 and 1996. The New Capital Agreement (Basel II), disclosed in June 2004, after more than six years of studies, deepens the conquests of the previous Agreement, based on the three pillars:

The First Pillar has two main innovations concerning the previous Agreements: a) the risk weighing rules which currently are established by the regulator, may be based on internal classifications of the banks themselves; and b) the addition to the capital requirement of the amounts related to the operational risk.

The Second Pillar comes from the fact that the supervising authority excludes from the function of determining the risk level of banking assets in the internal evaluation models. The exclusion fundamental is that the banks themselves have the best capacity to determine them. On the other hand, the supervising tasks of the banking authority are added to the internal risk measurement processes of the banks under its jurisdiction.

The Third Pillar recommends to the banks a set of minimum information for the disclosure to the market, so that it can make a better evaluation based on the risks incurred by each one of the institutions in their activities.

Implementation in Brazil

As of 1994, the Central Bank of Brazil started disclosing normative rulings based on the orientations given by the Basel Agreement for follow-up of the credit risk of the financial instructions and as of 2001 for market risk.

The Notice 12,746 of the Central Bank of Brazil, as of December 2004, establishes a schedule for the implementation of the structure of the New Capital Agreement Basel II. In Brazil, the implementation of the standardized approach is estimated for 2007/2008. This approach must be adopted by all banks of Brazil.

The Notice 12,746 also provides for the implementation of advanced approaches, as the table below:

2008	2009	Validation of internal models for market risk; Establishment of a validation schedule of the basic approach version based on internal systems, and Disclosure of criteria for the recognition of internal models for operational risk.
2009	2010	Validation of the advanced approach version based on internal systems; and Establishment of the validation schedule for the advanced approach of operational risk.
2010	2011	Validation of internal methodologies to ascertain the capital requirement for operational risk.

In accordance with the New Agreement, the Central Bank of Brazil published Resolutions 3,380 and 3,464 which deal with the implementation of structures for operational and market risk management, respectively. Resolution 3,444 was also published, changing the ascertainment rules of the Capital (Reference Equity).

Implementation of Basel II in the Bradesco Conglomerate

Based on the consulting documents disclosed by the Basel Committees and on the exercises of quantitative impacts (QIS) for implementation of Basel II, Bradesco, since 2003, is getting prepared in an integrated manner to the adequacy to the requirements proposed by these documents.

In 2004, with the publication of the definite document New Capital Accord (International Convergence on Capital Standards and Capital Measurement), an internal implementation plan was established, under the coordination of the Risk Management and Compliance Department, involving areas of Bradesco Organization, and follow-up by a structure of PMO (Project Management Office).

The main activities established for adequacy are focused on:

historical data storage on default and operational losses;

review of the internal control procedures;

review of the loan granting models;

review of limit and guarantee management processes;

evaluation of the credit recovery management models;

development of economic capital models for operational risk and credit; and

certification by the internal audit of all processes related to Basel II.

All these works are directed by an Executive Committee designated by the Board of Directors, under the coordination of the Organization s CEO, showing the total commitment of our management with the implementation of Basel II.

We understand that the implementation of the approaches of Basel II, connected to the best market practices, will bring to our organization improvements to the risk management processes.

Credit Risk Management

Credit Risk is the possibility of a counterparty of a loan or financial operation might not intend nor suffer any change in its ability to comply with its contractual liabilities, thus may generate any loss for the Organization.

Loan Granting

Under the responsibility of the Loan Department, the loan process of the Organization meets the determinations of the Executive Loan Committee of the Central Bank of Brazil, in addition to being based on the goals of security, quality, liquidity and diversification in the application of the loan assets.

In a constant pursuit of agility and profitability in businesses, we use methodologies directed and adequate to each segment the Bank operates, guiding the granting of loan operations and the determination of operational limits when adequate.

Loan Policies

Within rules and Loan Policy, the branches maintain their limit values variable, according to the size and guarantees of operations, and the automatic classification is verified against global risk of client / economic group.

The loan proposals pass through an automated system and under parameters in a continuous improvement process, with a view to supplying indispensable subsidies for analysis, granting and follow-up of loans granted, minimizing the risks inherent to loan operations.

For the granting of mass loans, the specialized Credit and Behavior Scoring systems enable to attain greater agility and reliability, besides the standardization of procedures in the credit analysis and granting processes.

The Executive Loan Committee located at Bradesco's Headquarters aims at joint decision-making processes within its skills referring to consultations about limits or operations proposed by the Bradesco Conglomerate, previously analyzed and with opinion of the Loan Department.

Operations are diversified, non-selective and focused on individuals and corporate customers with sound payment capacity and proven creditworthiness. Care is taken to ensure that the underlying guarantees are sufficient to cover the risks assumed, considering the purpose and terms of the loan granted.

Loan Granting

Methodology Used for Loan Portfolio and Client Classification

The credit risk assessment methodology, besides delivering data to establish minimum parameters in the loan granting and risk management, also enables to define special loan policies in view of characteristics and size of client, providing grounds not only for the correct pricing of operations, but also the definition of adequate guarantees according to each situation.

The risk ratings for corporate clients are given on a corporate basis and periodically followed up, with a view to preserving the quality of loan portfolio.

In the case of individuals, the risk ratings are mainly defined based on their registered reference variables which include: income, equity, restrictions and indebtedness, besides standard and past relationship with Bradesco.

Credit Risk Control

Aiming at mitigating the Credit Risk, Bradesco is continuously following up the processes of loan activities, in the improvement, examination and preparation of inventories of credit risk models, on the monitoring of credit concentration and on the identification of new components that offer credit risks.

In addition, the efforts, which are focused on the utilization of advanced models of measuring risks and on the continuous improvement of processes, have reflected on the performance of the credit portfolio, both in terms of results and solidity, to various past and future scenarios.

The credit risk control is made in a corporative manner and monthly followed by the meetings of the Executive Credit Risk Management Committee, which has the following attributions:

- a) to approve strategies, policies, rules and corporate procedures related to the credit risk management, compatible with the strategic credit goals defined by the Senior Management of Bradesco Organization;
- b) to follow the performance of the credit portfolio of Bradesco Organization, aiming to ensure adequate qualify and profitability, in accordance with the parameters established by the Senior Management;
- c) to follow and evaluate alternatives for credit concentration risk mitigation, aware of those people who may cause unexpected and unacceptable losses for Bradesco Organization;
- d) to follow the implementation of methodologies, models and corporate credit risk management tools;
- e) to evaluate the sufficiency of allowance for doubtful accounts for coverage of expected losses on credit operations;
- f) to follow the movements and development of the credit market, evaluating implications, risks and opportunities for Bradesco Organization; and
- g) to regularly position the CEO and the Board of Directors about its activities and make the recommendations deemed appropriate.

We point out the following credit risk management activities:

backtesting and gauging of the models used for measuring loan portfolio s risks;

active participation in the process of improving risk rating models of clients, respecting the particular characteristics of the business and product segments in which Bradesco operates;

concentration analysis, by economic groups, activities, regions etc.;

follow-up of critical risks: periodical monitoring of the main events of default, by means of individual analysis based on the growth of clients balances and recovery estimates;

backtesting and follow-up of the provisioning on expected and unexpected losses;

continuous review and restructuring of the internal processes, including roles and responsibilities, qualification, organizational structures review and IT demands; and

participation in the evaluation of credit risks upon creation or review of products;

In addition, the whole process of control comprises periodical review of projects related to the compliance with best market practices and requirements of New Capital Basel Accord, by monitoring actions in progress and identifying new gaps and needs emerged for the improvement of management process, preparing action plans.

We point out that we are focused on the adequacy of processes for alignment to the requirements of the approach IRB Advanced of Basel II.

Credit Risk Analysis

In accordance with the procedures for credit risk control and management, we point out mainly the quality topics (classification and evaluation of clients), portfolio composition and concentration (by client/economic group, activity sector and maturity).

Portfolio Quality

In relation to the previous quarter, there was a slight increase in the quality of the total portfolio, mainly due to the growth in the participation of credits classified between AA and C in the operation focused on micro, small and medium-sized companies.

Loan Operations By Rating

	2006				20	07		
	June			March			June	
AA-C	D	Е-Н	AA-C	D	Е-Н	AA-C	D	Е-Н
98.4	0.6	1.0	98.3	0.9	0.8	98.3	0.9	0.8
90.9 89.5	2.9 2.3	6.2 8.2	91.3 88.6	2.7 2.2	6.0 9.2	91.9 88.7	2.5 2.1	5.6 9.2
	98.4 90.9	June AA-C D 98.4 0.6 90.9 2.9	June AA-C D E-H 98.4 0.6 1.0 90.9 2.9 6.2	June AA-C D E-H AA-C 98.4 0.6 1.0 98.3 90.9 2.9 6.2 91.3	June March AA-C D E-H AA-C D 98.4 0.6 1.0 98.3 0.9 90.9 2.9 6.2 91.3 2.7	June March AA-C D E-H AA-C D E-H 98.4 0.6 1.0 98.3 0.9 0.8 90.9 2.9 6.2 91.3 2.7 6.0	June Warch AA-C D E-H AA-C D E-H AA-C 98.4 0.6 1.0 98.3 0.9 0.8 98.3 90.9 2.9 6.2 91.3 2.7 6.0 91.9	June June AA-C D E-H AA-C D E-H AA-C D 98.4 0.6 1.0 98.3 0.9 0.8 98.3 0.9 90.9 2.9 6.2 91.3 2.7 6.0 91.9 2.5

5.6

92.2

92.4

2.0

Loan Operations By Rating (in percentage)

2.0

5.8

92.4

1.9

Provisioning

Total

5.7

The processes to constitute PDD meet the requirements of the Central Bank of Brazil, based on Resolutions 2,682 and 2,697 and complementary circulars, with the purpose of ensuring the adequate classification and quality of loan operations. The provision process is composed by stages:

evaluation and classification of the client/ Economic Group: quantitative (economic and financial indicators) and qualitative aspects (registration and behavioral data) are considered;

classification of the operation: evaluation of the classification of the client connected to the liquidity and sufficiency level of the guarantee; and

reclassification by delay and term of the operation by renegotiation.

The total provision amount is recorded by the generic (classification of the client and/or operation), specific (overdue more than 14 days) and exceeding provision (internal criteria and policies).

PDD x Delinquency x Losses (Percentage over Loan Operation Balance)

The total volume of allowance for doubtful accounts reached R\$7,033 million, representing 6.5% of the total loan portfolio (6.7%, in March 2007), ensuring the maintenance of adequate coverage levels for future losses within the current profile of the loan portfolio.

In this sense, its is important to highlight the strength of the provisioning criteria adopted, which may be proved by means of analysis of historical data of allowances for doubtful accounts and losses effectively occurred, in the subsequent period of twelve months during the analyzed period. For instance, in June 2006, for an existing provision of 6.6% of the portfolio, the loss in the twelve subsequent months was 4.1% of the portfolio, that is, the provision covered with the margin the loss which really occurred.

Portfolio Concentration

By Activity Sector

The distribution of the portfolio by economic activity sector did not have a concentration. Operations for individuals, despite their significant participation, are covered.

R\$ million

				ΙζΨ ΙΙΙ	1111011			
Items	2006				2007			
	March	%	June	%	March	%	June	%
Public Sector	1,089	1.2	1,065	1.2	967	1.0	993	0.9
Private Sector	83,337	98.8	87,578	98.8	100,506	99.0	107,198	99.1
Corporate	47,619	56.5	50,019	56.4	58,878	58.0	62,504	57.8
Industry	19,313	23.0	21,070	23.8	25,207	24.8	26,880	24.8
Commerce	12,649	15.0	12,945	14.5	15,255	15.0	16,072	14.9
Financial Intermediates	266	0.3	321	0.4	422	0.4	385	0.4
Services	14,304	16.9	14,509	16.4	16,601	16.4	17,723	16.4
Agriculture, Cattle Raising,								
Fishing,								
Forestry and Forest								
Exploration	1,087	1.3	1,174	1.3	1,393	1.4	1,444	1.3
Individual	35,718	42.3	37,559	42.4	41,628	41.0	44,694	41.3
Total	84,426	100.0	88,643	100.0	101,473	100.0	108,191	100.0

By Flow of Maturities

The term of operations falling due has been extended, mainly due to the consumer financing operations, which are, by their nature, of larger term. The operations with term larger than 180 days represented 52.6% of the total portfolio in June 2007, against 49.8% twelve months ago. It is worth pointing out that the increase of the average term of the portfolio has been occurring in products of lower credit risk, that is, financing of vehicles and payroll deductible loan.

Loan Operations Flow of Loan Portfolio Falling Due by Terms (in percentage)

By Debtor

In relation to the previous quarter, the concentration levels of credit operations of the total portfolio had a reduction in all intervals of debtors. In the last twelve months, the growth of the participation of the rating AA and A (excellent and great concept and economic-financial condition) in the range of the one hundred and fifty largest debtors indicated an improvement in the quality of the portfolio.

Loan Operations Portfolio Concentration (in percentage)

Market Risk Management

Market risk is related to the possibility of the loss of income from fluctuating prices and rates caused by mismatched maturities, currencies and indexes of the Institution's asset and liability portfolios. This risk has been accompanied by growing strictness by the market, with significant technical growth over the past years, with a view to avoiding, or at least, minimizing, occasional losses to institutions, due to higher complexity in operations carried out in the markets.

Market Risk Control

Market risks are managed through methodologies and models, which are consistent with local and international market realities, ensuring that the Organization's strategic decisions are implemented with speed and a high level of reliability.

The market risk control is weekly followed by the meetings of the Executive Treasury Committee, whose main attributions are:

- a) to define operation strategies for optimization of results and present positions held by the Organization;
- b) to analyze the national and international political- economic scenario;
- c) to evaluate and define investment limits in public federal, private, national and international securities;
- d) to evaluate and define limits of VaR (Value at Risk) and Stop Loss of the portfolios;
- e) to define the liquidity policy;
- f) to establish operational limits of separation of assets, liabilities and currencies; and
- g) to hold special meetings to analyze positions and situations in which the position limits, Stop Loss or VaR, are exceeded.

Among the main activities of the market risk management activities, we point out:

to follow, calculate and analyze the market risk of the positions of the Conglomerate, by means of the VaR methodology;

to follow the limits of Stop Loss established for the positions by the Senior Management;

to make backtesting of the models adopted for measurement of market risks;

to prepare sensibility analysis and simulate results in stress scenarios for the positions of the Conglomerate;

to meet the demands of regulatory bodies concerning the calculation and sending of information related to prefixed positions, as well as the requirement of resulting capital (Circulars 2,972 and 3,046); and

to analyze and follow the evolution of the markets, involving operations, quotations and liquidity of assets, including pricing methods and evaluation of structured operations and derivatives, in addition to calculation systems of volatilities and correlations.

Concerning the Resolution #3,464 of the National Monetary Council, which provides for the implementation of the market risk management structure, Banco Bradesco is aligned with the main demands carried out by the Central Bank, mainly related to policies, strategies and systems for risk management, in addition to stress tests.

Market Risk Analysis

The Organization adopts a conservative policy regarding market risk exposure, VaR (Value at Risk) limits are defined by the Executive Treasury Committee and validated by the Board of Executive Officers, compliance therewith is daily monitored by an independent area to the manager of positions. The methodology used to determine VaR has a reliability level of 97.5% and time horizon of 1 day. The volatilities and correlations used by the models are calculated on a statistical basis and are adjusted, when necessary, at facts not captured yet by the data used in the models.

The last quarter was highlighted by the increase of volatilities in the world market. This movement resulted from the deterioration of expectations of the behavior of the North American economy, in addition to a higher inflation pressure in Europe. The fear of the maintenance of the monetary tightness in the American market by a larger period and the expectation of the increase of the interest rate of other markets caused an increase in the aversion to the risk, causing an increase in the interest rate paid by North America treasury securities. However, even with these happening, the capital flow for emerging countries did not have large impacts.

Despite the increase of volatilities, the Global VaR had a reduction in the period, due to the change of the portfolio composition, mainly of prefixed risk factors and IPCA coupon.

R\$ thousand

Risk Factors	2006				2007		
	March	June	September	December	March	June	
Pre-fixed	4,527	15,114	13,402	6,729	13,343	26,083	
IGP-M	12,038	10,343	7,401	5,865	4,177	14,451	
IPCA	40,900	40,855	45,753	17,108	37,787	59,679	
TR	7,223	6,164	4,036	2,292	6,110	4,550	
Domestic Exchange Coupon	3,410	8,609	745	2,714	467	930	
Foreign Currency	8,331	851	5,734	3,154	420	5,107	
Variable Income	2,053	2,935	1,198	1,552	2,743	967	
Sovereign/Eurobonds and Treasuries	32,251	41,098	16,998	9,420	20,861	17,493	
Other	3,413	1,002	250	73	70	5,328	
Correlated Effect	(50,799)	(41,206)	(18,765)	(15,976)	(18,005)	(68,877)	
VaR	63,347	85,765	76,752	32,931	67,973	65,711	
Average VaR in the Quarter	60,495	71,419	75,632	62,887	55,083	75,392	
Minimum VaR in the Quarter	44,856	37,556	52,850	32,931	33,700	52,317	
Maximum VaR in the Quarter	74,138	100,305	107,750	82,635	78,357	109,539	

N.B.: Investments abroad protected by hedge operations are not considered in the VaR calculation, since these are strategically managed differently, with amounts taking into account the tax effects, which minimize the sensitivity to risks and corresponding impacts on results, as well as foreign securities positions, which are funding-matched.

The methodology applied and current statistical models are validated daily using backtesting techniques. The backtesting compares the daily VaR calculated with the result obtained with these positions (excluding result with intraday positions, brokerage rates and commissions). The main purpose of the backtesting is to monitor, validate and evaluate the adherence to the VaR model, and the number of disruptions must be in accordance with the reliability interval previously established in the modeling. The chart below shows the daily VaR and the corresponding result of the last 12 months, in which the adverse results exceed VaR only twice, that is, the number of disruptions was within the limit defined by the reliability level adopted, showing the efficiency of the model.

Backtesting Global VaR

With the purpose of estimating the possible loss not contemplated by VaR, Banco Bradesco daily evaluates the possible impacts on the positions of stress scenarios. Stress Analysis is a tool that tries to quantify the negative impact of shocks and economic events financially unfavorable to the positions of the institution. Thus, crisis scenarios are determined for risk factors in which the Trading portfolio has a position. The average estimated loss in a stress situation would be R\$581 million in the 2nd quarter of this year, and the maximum estimated loss would be R\$865 million. In the quarter analyzed the position which would contribute the most, in terms of risk in a stress situation, was related to the IPCA coupon.

R\$ thousand

Trading Portfolio Stress Analysis	2007		
	March	June	
Stress Analysis - Trading Portfolio	463,991	623,524	
Average in the Quarter	434,631	580,716	
Minimum in the Quarter	284,863	340,138	
Maximum in the Quarter	616.011	864,533	

NB: The estimated impact for the Trading portfolio is the sum of the stress calculated individually for each risk factor, without considering the possible correlations.

Besides the follow-up and control via VaR and stress analysis, a Sensitivity Analysis is made daily, which measures the effect on the portfolio of the movement of the market curves and prices.

Liquidity Risk Management

The liquidity risk management is made by the Department of Operational Control and liquidity risk management is designed to control the different mismatched settlement terms of the Institution's rights and obligations, as well as the liquidity of the financial instruments used to manage the financial positions. Knowledge and monitoring of this risk are critical since they enable the Organization to settle transactions on a timely and secure manner.

Liquidity Risk Control

The Bradesco Conglomerate has a Liquidity Policy approved within the scope of the Executive Treasury Committee. Daily different information is consolidated and distributed - some are updated in real time - to the Treasury Department and to the Board of Executive Officers. In this Policy the minimum liquidity levels are defined to be maintained by the Banks of the Organization, as well as the liquidity management instruments in a normal scenario and a crisis scenario. The policies and controls established fully comply with Resolution #2,804 of the National Monetary Council.

The several reports comprise historical information which allows the evaluation of the behavior and level of liquidity maintained, as well as simulations for the time horizon of, at least, one year. The simulations are made with information of scenarios produced by the Department of Research and Economic Studies, and the balances of products budgeted by the Department of Budget and Control.

Management of Internal Controls and Compliance

We are continually developing policies, systems and internal controls to mitigate possible potential losses generated by our risk exposure and strengthen the processes and procedures focused on Corporate Governance. We have also adopted additional methodologies and criteria for identifying, measurement, monitoring risks and respective controls. The network of dedicated staff and the investments in technology and in personnel training and recycling, together, allow us to assert that Bradesco s Organization internal control and compliance management is effective and is in line with international standards, so as to comply with the requirements set forth by national and international regulatory agencies. The Internal Control Area is one of the units of the Risk Management and Compliance Department, and is responsible for preparing and disclosing instructions of technical nature, criteria and procedures related to internal controls and compliance providing periodical status reports to the Internal Controls and Compliance and Audit Committees and to the Board of Directors.

The Internal Controls and Compliance Committee, each half year, issues an opinion on the effectiveness of the Internal Controls System maintained in the Organization and submits it to the approval of the Board of Directors, at a specific meeting about the subject, with the following attributions:

- a) to evaluate if the recommendations of improvements in the internal controls were duly implemented by the managers;
- b) to certify the conformity of procedures with rules, regulations and applicable laws;
- c) to follow the implantation and implementation of methodologies, models and corporate management tools of the operational risk, in conformity with the applicable rules; and
- d) to appreciate the reports issued by the Regulatory Bodies and Internal and External Audits concerning the deficiencies of internal controls and respective measures of the areas involved.

Among the main items focused on internal control and compliance management, we highlight:

the internal control structure has as basis the control component and objectives contemplated in the methodology of Committee of Sponsoring Organizations COSO and on the framework of Control Objectives for Information and related Technology Cobit, for the Information Technology environments, and adheres to the 13 Basel Internal Control Principles and to the requirements of the Central Bank of Brazil. That structure strengthens the ongoing improvement of the process used to identify and assess controls and mitigate risks.

the Compliance Agents responsible for executing the activities for identification, classification, assessment and monitoring of risks and controls, as well as for performing adherence tests and preparing and implementing action plans, according to models defined by the Internal Control Area.

- the prevention and fight against money laundering and financing to terrorism, which follows the best market practices and is based on the internal policies. Know your Client and Know your Employee. Training and awareness programs are exhaustively provided to all employees and the use of technological tools to monitor financial transactions are constantly upgraded, with a view to protecting the Institution and its management, stockholders, clients and employees. Thus, the use of the Organization in transactions or situations which may be directly or indirectly related to crimes preceding the money laundering, characterized in Law 9,613/98, and to the financing to terrorism, are avoided at most, by the knowledge of the activities of clients and, taking place, are quickly identified by the efficient monitoring exercised by our systems and notices to competent authorities.
- Information Security basically comprises a set of controls, including policies, processes, organizational structures and security rules and procedures. It aims at protecting clients—and the Organization—s information, in the confidentiality, integrity and availability aspects.

Bradesco Organization created the Corporate Policy on Information Security, whose guidelines are made available on our website, and maintains a formal infrastructure, whose purpose is to promote the corporate management of Information Security, and thus providing effective protection to Information Assets. The Corporate Policy on Information Security includes Privacy Guidelines, voluntarily set forth by Bradesco Organization, aiming at protecting the privacy of its clients—data. This reflects the values of the Organization and reassures its commitment to the continuous improvement of Data Protection process efficiency.

A Business Continuity Plan BCP was also set forth, in which actions to be taken are standardized, in order to, in crisis periods, make effective the recovery and continuity of business crucial process, avoiding or minimizing financial losses for the Organization and its clients.

In order to maintain total compliance to these procedures, constant training and awareness programs, as well as reviews of the policies, are carried out.

In this context, Bradesco Organization obtained in June 2007, according to Form 20-F filed with the SEC U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the certification of its internal controls, audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, focused on the preparation of the accounting and financial statements related to the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2006, in accordance with the requirement in Section 404 of U.S. Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Ongoing Enhancement

Operational Risk Management

Under the corporate scope, Bradesco Organization defines operational risk as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or faulty internal processes, people and systems and from external events which may or may not cause the interruption of businesses.

Operating Risk Control

The operational risk management is based on the preparation and implementation of methodologies and tools that standardize the format of collection and treatment of the loss historical data and is aligned to the best practices of operational risk management. The works related to operational risk are in line with the best market practices, as well as the new corporate platform, which in under validation process. This new corporate system, called - Operational Risk and Internal Control System, has the advantage of integrating in a single data base Operational Risk and Internal Controls information and will meet, inclusively, the requirements established in Section 404 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

This new systemic outline via the web will increment the Organization s Operational Risk Management, as it improves the activities of capture, identification, measurement, monitoring and report, by means of a unified platform, providing the necessary qualitative support given by the Internal Controls Areas to analyses made by the Operational Risk Area. It also allows to meet the guidance in the New Capital Basel Accord, the schedule established by the Brazilian Central Bank, by means of the Notice #12,746, issued in December 2004 and the requirements in Resolution #3,380 of Bacen which provides for the implementation of the operational risk management structure in financial institutions.

The historical data base of Operational Risk will complete 4 years of storage at the end of 2007, minimum provided for according to paragraph 672 of Basel II for application of the advanced methodology. The data for preparation of the model calculation are obtained by means of accounting accounts opened exclusively for registration of losses resulting from Operational Risk events. From this information internally obtained we made the calculations related to the advance method of capital allocation separated by company which comprises the financial consolidated.

The centralized operational risk management meets all activities of the Organization, including the ones of the Insurance Group. As a result of this strategy, it was possible to obtain synergy and rationalization of resources, for the convergence of implementation of concepts of Basel II and Solvability II, unifying the criteria within Bradesco Organization, in conformity with Resolution #3,380 in what concerns the financial economic consolidated statement.

Approaches and Implementation of Basel II

For purposes of operational risk management and respective capital allocation, the recommendations in the New Capital Accord - Basel II and concepts required by the Brazilian Central by means of Impact Studies carried out in 2005 and 2006, comprise the following approaches:

Basic (BIA Basic Indicator Approach): application of a single percentage on the gross result for the year.

Standardized (STA Standardized Approach): application of distinct percentages on gross result segregated by business lines.

Alternative (ASA Alternative Standardized Approach): application of a fixed percentage (factor M) on the average of credit assets (Business Lines; Retail and Commercial Bank) and distinct percentages on the gross result segregated by other business lines.

Aggregated Alternative (ASA 2): guided by the Brazilian Central Bank, it is different from ASA Alternative Standardized Approach as to the segregation of the business lines.

Advanced (AMA Advanced Measurement Approach): the focus on losses resulting from operational events by means of the construction of proprietary models for purposes of management and capital allocation.

For the advanced approach (AMA), which is the purpose of the Organization, we used the Loss Distribution Approach methodology (LDA), which comprises the estimate of distribution of severity (loss amount) and frequency (number of events) for each Business Line and Loss Event. To model the severity, we used statistic distributions, from which we point out the exponential, gamma, weibull and lognormal. For the modeling of the frequency distribution, we used distributions of poisson, geometric and negative binomial.

We made the simulation of distributions of severity and frequency using the simulation methodology of Monte Carlo and thus we determined the distribution of aggregated loss that reflects the estimate of expected loss (EL) and exposure to risk in the horizon of certain period of time (monthly, quarterly, annually etc.), considering the businesses and controls environment existing at the time of the calculations. In the simulation methodology of aggregated losses we included the possibility of using the correlation between events of loss or business line, allowing a more accurate determination of the capital related to the exposure of Operational Risk. Key indicators of risk, controls and analysis of scenarios are used to estimate loss models considering changes in businesses and controls environments.

We consider the exposure to the Operational Risk, that is, the capital to be allocated, as the unexpected loss (UL Unexpected Loss), which is represented by the difference obtained between the expected loss (EL) and the VaR measure (Value at Risk) with 99.9% of reliability, which will be reflected on future capital allocations by the advanced method. Additionally, we calculated the TVaR (Tail Value at Risk) measure which is the expected loss value in case this is higher than the VaR with 99.9% of reliability. Below there are the classifications of losses arising from the operational risk:

Aggregated Loss value

We are contacting the world consortium of data base of losses for financial intuitions, called ORX (Operational Riskdata eXchange Association) to verify the procedures to be adopted to participate and use information made available with the intention of assisting in the calculations of analyses of scenarios and comparisons of the positioning of Bradesco concerning large global players in relation to loss events.

Operational Risk Analysis

For the standardized methods of Operational Risk, we made calculations by company which comprises the financial consolidated. Below we show the results obtained by the Basic Indicator Approach (BIA), the Alternative Standardized Approach (ASA), and the one called Aggregated Alternative Approach, provided for in the New Capital Accord, paragraph 652, footnote 97. We emphasize that the Alternative Standardized method requires a lower capital allocation when compared to the other ones.

Participation among Approaches in the Calculation of Capital Allocation for Operational Risk (*)

A	June			
Approach	2007	2006		
Basic Indicator (BIA)	100.0%	100.0%		
Alternative Standardized (ASA)	43.5%	46.8%		
Corporate Finance	0.4%	0.3%		
Negotiation and Sales	18.0%	20.4%		
Retail Bank	6.5%	5.9%		
Commercial Bank	7.9%	8.6%		
Payment and Settlement	7.3%	8.1%		
Centralized Services	0.9%	0.9%		
Asset Management	2.5%	2.6%		
Retail Brokerage	0.0%	0.0%		
Alternative Standardized 2 (ASA 2)	46.5%	49.8%		
Aggregated LNs	30.5%	33.8%		
Retail and Commercial Bank	16.0%	16.0%		

^(*) Calculated according to the Brazilian Central Bank criteria, considering the Financial Consolidated.

Capital Management

The Organization's capital management seeks to optimize the risk to return ratio, in such a way to minimize losses through the well-defined business strategies and maximizing efficiency in the combination of factors which impact on the Capital Adequacy Ratio (Basel).

Capital Adequacy Ratio (Basel) in June 2007 R\$ million

Calculation Statement

Calculation Basis	Financial Consolidated ⁽¹⁾	Total Consolidated ⁽²⁾
Stockholders' Equity	27,515	27,515
Decrease in tax credits pursuant to Bacen Resolution 3,059	(79)	(79)
Decrease in deferred assets pursuant to Bacen Resolution 3,444	(82)	(107)

Decrease in gains/losses of mark-to-market adjustments in DPV and		
derivatives pursuant to Bacen		
Resolution 3,444	(252)	(252)
Minority Interest/Other	123	62
Reference Stockholders Equity Level I	27,225	27,139
Gains/losses sum of mark-to-market adjustments in DPV and derivatives		
pursuant to Bacen Resolution 3,444	252	252
Subordinated Debts/Other	10,350	10,351
Reference Stockholders Equity Level II	10,602	10,603
Total Reference Stockholders	37,827	37,742

Risk-Weighted Assets

Tier I

Tier II

Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)

164

234,318

16.11

11.58

4.53

208,231

18.17

13.08

5.09

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Calculation Basis	$ \begin{aligned} & \textbf{Financial} \\ & \textbf{Consolidated}^{(1)} \end{aligned} $	$Total \\ Consolidated^{(2)}$
Ratio Variation (in percentage)		
Ratio in June 2006	18.67	16.51
Movement in the Reference Stockholders Equity:	4.01	3.58
Net Income for the Period	3.56	3.15
Interest on Own Capital/Dividends	(1.45)	(1.28)
Mark-to-Market Adjustment TVM and Derivatives	0.81	0.72
Capital Increase through Subscription, Stock Merger and Goodwill	0.73	0.65
Subordinated Debt	0.42	0.37
Other	(0.06)	(0.03)
Movement in Weighted Assets:	(4.51)	(3.98)
Securities	(0.89)	(1.53)
Loan Operations	(1.77)	(1.29)
Tax Credit	(0.35)	(0.91)
Risk (Swap, Market, Interest Rate and Foreign Exchange)	(0.30)	(0.24)
Memorandum Accounts	(0.41)	(0.32)
Other Assets	(0.79)	(0.19)
Ratio in June 2007	18.17	16.11

- (1) Financial companies only.
- (2) Financial and non-financial companies.

Cards

million

		2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	
Cards Base	50.2	52.5	52.5	60.2	63.2	63.2	
Credit	9.2	10.6	10.6	13.9	15.4	15.4	
Debit	38.2	38.9	38.9	40.5	41.0	41.0	
Private Label	2.8	3.0	3.0	5.8	6.8	6.8	
Sales Result R\$	7,388.9	8,390.1	15,779.0	11,824.0	12,627.6	24,451.6	
Credit	3,954.0	4,905.8	8,859.8	7,231.6	7,766.6	14,998.2	
Debit	3,288.2	3,272.6	6,560.8	3,809.7	3,857.6	7,667.3	
Private Label	146.7	211.7	358.4	782.7	1,003.4	1,786.1	
Number of Transactions	135.2	142.7	277.9	177.8	186.9	364.7	
Credit	61.1	67.1	128.2	86.4	92.1	178.5	
Debit	72.2	72.9	145.1	81.3	82.5	163.8	
Private Label	1.9	2.7	4.6	10.1	12.3	22.4	

Credit Cards

Bradesco has been increasing its share in the segment, making the most complete line of Cards available in the country. It provides Visa, American Express, Mastercard and Private Label credit cards, which stand out for the range of benefits and convenience offered to its associates.

Bradesco launched, in this half, the Bill Parceling service, which finances the bill balance from 2 to 12 fixed installments with financial costs lower than the revolving credit, increasing the clients options for payment of the bill.

Innovatively, we launched in Brazil the Credit Card FixCard which, in addition to having reduced interest rates, allows the client to plan his/her expenditures previously knowing the value he/she will monthly pay.

We also launched the Cred Mais INSS credit card, for retirees and pensioners of INSS (Brazilian Social Security Institute) with a view to meeting the standards required by this entity and offering reduced interest rates for financings.

Bradesco has been intensifying their sales with American Express Cards by making available for their clients and Prime clients special promotions on the pre-sale of tickets, from June 4 to July 1, 2007, for the spectacle of the tour of Cirque du Soleil, *Alegria*, which will be performed in six Brazilian cities from September 14, 2007 to June 8, 2008, and which is sponsored exclusively by Bradesco and American Express Cards.

In 1H07, Bradesco increased by 45.3% its Credit Card base in relation to 2006 and the number of transactions climbed 39.2% in relation to the same period of the previous year.

The revenue of the 1st half of 2007 reached R\$14,998.2 million, a 69.3% increase compared to the same period of 2006, and the average ticket (revenue by transaction) had a 21.6% growth compared to the 1st half of 2006.

Credit Cards Base million

Credit Cards Sales Result R\$ million

Debit Cards

Aiming greater efficiency of means of payments and convenience to our clients, Bradesco launched in this first half the service Troco Fácil (Easy Change), which allows holders of Cards Visa Electron Bradesco, at the moment of the payment of the purchase with the card, to obtain change in cash in the establishments with Visanet.

Bradesco closed 1H07 with 41.0 million Debit Cards, 5.4% higher than the base in the same period of 2006.

The average quantity of transactions per Card grew 7.1% compared to the same period of the previous year, and the total quantity of transactions made by Debit Card in 2007 was 163.8 million, a 12.9% growth compared to the same period of 2006.

In terms of sales results, there was an increase of 16.9% over the same period of 2006. The financial volume reached R\$7,667.3 million, versus R\$6,560.8 million in 1H06.

Debit Cards Base million

Debit Cards Sales Result R\$ million

Private Label Cards

In this market, Bradesco operates in the segments of supermarkets through partnerships with the stores Comper, Carone, Dois Irmãos, G. Barbosa and Coop; in the segment of Retail stores in partnerships with Casas Bahia, LeaderCard and Lojas Esplanada (Grupo Deib Otoch); in the Clothing segment in partnership with Lojas Hering and Luigi Bertolli; and in the segment of drugstores with Panvel and Drogasil chains.

In this first half Bradesco and the cosmetics company O Boticário launched the Private Label Card, with many benefits to franchisees of this company and opportunities to increase the client base.

Bradesco ended the 1st half of 2007 with 6.8 million cards, with revenue of R\$1,786.1 million and 22.4 million transactions.

Meal and Food Cards

In partnership with other issuers and Visa International, Bradesco constituted Visa Vale and actively participates in the distribution of its cards.

The value proposal for this business, besides reducing the operational cost, increases the efficiency of means of payment with 100% of the electronic transactions, and offers higher security and convenience for companies and workers.

Bradesco contributes with a base of 1.3 million Visa Vale Cards in 2007, representing a growth of 24.3% compared to the same period of 2006. Sales result in the 1st half added up to R\$967.3 million, a growth of 24.9% compared to the same period of 2006.

Income from Cards

Card services revenue reached, from January to June 2007, R\$1,138.0 million, with a growth of 61.9% compared to the same period of 2006. If we exclude revenues from the American Express business, which were not in the first half of 2006, in the amount of R\$236 million, we will maintain the excellent growth of 28% against the same period of 2006, mainly in Revenues of Commissions on Purchases and several fees of services provided to clients which are card holders and affiliated establishments.

The revenues coming from interest had a 67.9% increase compared to the same period of 2006, reaching R\$1,005.0 million. The variation resulted from higher volumes of assets and incorporation of the American Express business, once the average interest rate had a 9% reduction.

Credit Card Assets

In 1H07, Credit Card assets, which include financings to the bearer, advances to establishments and credits for cash purchases or by installments, increased by 50.8% compared to the same period in 2006, ending the first half with R\$10,211.2 million, including R\$1,761.2 million coming from the American Express business.

Credit Card Assets R\$ million

Social-environmental Responsibility

Since 1993, Bradesco Cartões promotes social-environmental and humanitarian actions, transferring to philanthropic entities part of the annual fees of cards. It is worth to point out the issuance of SOS Mata Atlântica, AACD, APAE and Casas André Luiz cards. In 1H07, the R\$2.0 million was transferred.

International Area

The International Area operates under the following framework:

7 Units Abroad (Branches and Subsidiaries)

Branches:

New York Bradesco Grand Cayman Bradesco Nassau Boavista

Subsidiaries:

Buenos Aires Banco Bradesco Argentina S.A.
Luxembourg Banco Bradesco Luxembourg S.A.

Tokyo Bradesco Services Co., Ltd. Grand Cayman Cidade Capital Markets Ltd.

12 Operating Units in Brazil

Belo Horizonte, Blumenau, Campinas, Curitiba, Fortaleza, Manaus, Porto Alegre, Recife, Rio de Janeiro, Salvador, São Paulo and Vitória. There are also 7 exchange platforms located in Belém, Brasília, Franca, Guarulhos, Ribeirão Preto, Santos and Sorocaba.

Bradesco Organization recorded another period of strong support to the increasing insertion of the country in the worldwide foreign trade flow. The International Area s performance recorded in the st half of 2007 bears witness to this statement.

Export Market

The total of export contracts closed amounted to US\$19.3 billion in the 1st half of 2007, an increase of 22.9% when compared to the US\$15.7 billion recorded in the same period of 2006.

It is worth pointing out the record mark obtained in April in the closing of export exchange contracts, of US\$4.0 billion, surpassing by 11.1% the previous record of US\$3.6 billion registered in March 2007.

The market share in the period was 20.8%.

Financings to Brazilian Exports

Total financing carried out in the 1st half of 2007 reached the mark of US\$6.7 billion, surpassing by 13.6% the amount of US\$5.9 billion in the same period of 2006. This amount does not comprise the US\$388.0 million of BNDES-Exim financings lent by Bradesco s International Area.

Import Market

In this segment, import exchange closings had a better performance when compared to export. The amount of US\$7.7 billion recorded in the period registered a growth of approximately 32.8% compared to the US\$5.8 billion in 1Q06. We point out that the market, in the same period, grew only 16.5%.

The market share recorded in the period was 16.6%, which represents the best mark obtained by Bradesco s international area in the import segment.

Financings to Brazilian Imports

As a result of this performance, the amount financed by Bradesco in the 1st half of 2007 reached the amount of US\$941.9 million, surpassing by 213.8% the amount allocated to financings in the same period of 2006, which was US\$300.2 million.

Volume of Foreign Currency Trade US\$ billion

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Export Market
Import Market
At the end of the 1 st half of 2007, the International Area showed, in its asset portfolio, the significant balance of US\$10.4 billion, taking into consideration the amounts of financings to export and import, international guarantees granted, including confirmed export letters of credit, loans to Brazilian companies headquartered abroad and committed lines.

The evolution showed in the portfolio was 60.0% when compared to 1H06, when the balance was US\$6.5 billion.

Analytically, the following table demonstrates the balances of the several products in dollars and in reais on the reference dates of 6.30.2006 and 6.30.2007.

Fansian Trada Dantfalia	June 2	2006	June 2007		
Foreign Trade Portfolio	US\$ million	R\$ million	US\$ million	R\$ million	
Export Financing					
Advance on Foreign Exchange Contracts					
Undelivered Bills	2,015.6	4,360.8	2,489.7	4,793.7	
Advance on Foreign Exchange Contracts					
Delivered Bills	772.7	1,671.8	831.6	1,601.1	
Export Prepayments	1,660.1	3,593.0	2,625.8	5,057.8	
Onlending of Funds Borrowed from					
BNDES/EXIM	733.3	1,586.6	1,442.3	2,777.1	
Exports Credit Note/Certificate NCE/CCE	136.1	294.4	212.9	410.0	
Documentary Drafts and Bills of Exchange in					
Foreign Currency	2.4	5.2	7.9	15.3	
Indirect Exports			11.5	22.1	
Total Export Financing	5,320.2	11,511.8	7,621.7	14,677.1	
Import Financing					
Foreign Currency	334.1	722.8	516.9	995.3	
Imports Draft Discounted	148.4	321.3	466.7	898.9	
Open Import Credit	80.9	175.0	133.2	256.6	
Total Import Financing	563.4	1,219.1	1,116.8	2,150.8	
Collateral					
Foreign Collateral Provided	397.8	861.0	288.9	556.2	
Total Foreign Collateral Provided	397.8	861.0	288.9	556.2	
Total Foreign Trade Portfolio	6,281.4	13,591.9	9,027.4	17,384.1	
Loans via Branches Abroad	259.9	562.6	843.0	1,623.8	
Committed Lines			567.9	1,093.9	
Overall Total	6,541.3	14,154.5	10,438.3	20,101.8	

With the clear purpose of intensively supporting companies operating in the foreign trade, and, mainly, those intending to enter this market, Bradesco, through its International Area, is investing in the expansion of its structure, through exchange platforms to be installed in the main export centers of the country. These platforms, added to the seven platforms already installed with the segment Bradesco Empresas, reinforce the synergy in the prospect of new clients, as well as in the increment to business with existing clients.

It is also worth pointing out that Bradesco already uses a digital certification system for foreign exchange contracts, allowing the customer to sign them electronically. That, besides making the transactions easier, speeds up the exchange operation contracting flow and reduces costs and operational risks.

The funding for the foreign trade financing is obtained from the international financial community, by means of credit lines from correspondent banks abroad. At the end of the 1st half of 2007, 96 banks, especially U.S., European and

Asian banks had extended credit lines to Bradesco.

The spreads paid by Bradesco in these fundings were, throughout this half, between 10 and 18 basis points above Libor for a period between 180 and 360 days. It is important to point out that this spread level had never been recorded in fundings performed by Brazilian banks.

It is worth recording that in addition to traditional funding with correspondent banks, aimed at financing the Brazilian foreign trade, in 1H07 Bradesco Organization raised US\$793.8 million in the international capital markets through long and medium-term public and private placements. These funds were also allocated to the financing of the foreign trade and to working capital loans. In this amount, we point out the securitization operation of US\$500.0 million, with a 7-year term, called MT100 Securitization, completed on 6.11.2007.

The following table lists the outstanding operations on the reference date June 2007:

Foreign Public Issuances Outstanding Reference Date: June 2007 (Amounts exceeding US\$50.0 million)

Issuances	Currency	Million	Date issued	Maturity
Subordinated Debt	TICO	150.0	12.17.2001	12.15.2011
	US\$			
Subordinated Debt (US\$133.2 million)	Yen	17,500.0	4.25.2002	4.17.2012
Subordinated Debt	US\$	500.0	10.24.2003	10.24.2013
Subordinated Debt (US\$275.9 million)	Euro	225.0	4.15.2004	4.15.2014
FIRN	US\$	125.0	12.11.2004	12.11.2014
FIRN	US\$	100.0	8.8.2005	8.4.2015
FxRN BRL (US\$225.9 million)	R\$	577.7	12.10.2004	12.10.2007
FxRN BRL (US\$100.0 million)	R\$	226.8	10.3.2005	1.4.2010
FxRN	US\$	150.0	2.10.2005	1.2.2008
FxRN	US\$	200.0	3.23.2007	4.1.2008
Securitization MT 100 Series 2007-1				
Floating	US\$	250.0	6.11.2007	5.20.2014
Securitization MT 100 Series 2007-2	,			
Floating	US\$	250.0	6.11.2007	5.20.2014
Securitization MT 100 Series 2003-1 Fixe		220.0	0.11.2007	2.20.2011
(1)	US\$	137.5	8.20.2003	8.20.2010
Securitization MT 100 Series 2004-1 Fixe		137.3	0.20.2003	6.20.2010
		99.0	7 29 2004	9 20 2012
$\begin{array}{c} (1) \\ \end{array}$	US\$	88.0	7.28.2004	8.20.2012
Perpetual Securities (2)	US\$	300.0	6.3.2005	Perpetual
Public Issuance	US\$	3,020.2		
Private Issuance	US\$	326.1		
Overall Total (equivalent in US\$)	US\$	3,346.3		

- (1) International Diversified Payment Rights Company.
- (2) Perpetual Non-cumulative Junior Subordinated Securities.

The main activity of the agencies and subsidiaries abroad is the support to financing of the Brazilian foreign trade, as well as funding from the international financial community and Brazilian companies with units abroad.

The main goal of the subsidiary Banco Bradesco Luxembourg S.A. is to provide additional services to private banking clients, as well as to increase foreign trade operations.

The following table shows the book balances of assets and stockholders equity of the units abroad on the reference dates of 6.30.2006 and 6.30.2007:

US\$ million

Foreign Branches and Subsidiaries	June	2006	June 2007		
	Total Assets	Stockholders Equity	Total Assets	Stockholders Equity	
Bradesco New York	848.0	153.2	1,163.6	163.8	
Bradesco Grand Cayman	7,906.6	2,626.0	9,553.8	3,835.6	

Boavista Nassau	8.6	8.6	9.0	9.0
Cidade Capital Markets Ltd. Grand Cayman	32.9	32.9	35.0	35.0
Bradesco Services Co., Ltd. Tokyo	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7
Banco Bradesco Argentina S.A.	18.7	16.3	37.4	30.5
Banco Bradesco Luxembourg S.A.	458.2	139.6	470.9	148.0
Total	9,273.5	2,977.1	11,270.4	4,222.6

Cash Management Solutions

Cash management solutions are structured by an area composed of experts who conduct analysis and implementation of customized, parameterized and converging solutions, taking into account the company, its suppliers, its clients, employees, and other stakeholders, conditioned to the needs of cash management of the companies, maximizing results in the mutual view of businesses offered and operated with clients, with a technological synergy of the products and channels involved.

Among the key product and service solutions made available by Bradesco, we point out the following:

Receivables Solutions

Bradesco Online Collection

The high efficiency standards of Bradesco's online Collection service generate confidence, minimizing costs and maximizing customer returns, covering all of their Accounts Receivable management needs.

As a result of these features, Bradesco Collection is the market leader, generating other business opportunities for the Organization.

Tax Payment and Collections

Developed based on high standards of efficiency and quality, Bradesco's tax payment and collections serve a dual purpose. On the one hand, they seek to provide customer satisfaction with appropriate and innovative solutions for the settlement of taxes, duties and contributions. On the other hand, they effectively interact with the different Government Departments in the federal, state and local scope and with Public Utility concessionaires. These are emphasized for the speed and security in processed information and amounts collected.

Payment Solutions

Pag-For (Suppliers Payment), Bradesco Net Empresa and PTRB (Electronic Payment of Taxes)

Based on the same efficiency commitment, Bradesco's payment solutions available via Net Empresa, Pag-For and PTRB products, meet all clients needs, enabling supplier payments, tax settlements and wire transfers, via online or through the transmission of files with speed and security.

In the 1st half of 2007, payment solutions accounted for R\$319.6 billion, corresponding to 78.9 million payment transactions, enabling the management of Accounts Payable of more than 446 thousand companies.

Corporate Solutions

Bradesco Digital Certificate

Attentive to the market trends, Bradesco is accredited as Register Authority to issue the Digital Certificate, an electronic identification document ensuring integrity, authenticity and the irreversibility of any transaction or message, assisting to maintain the confidential data protected, in addition to allowing documents storage.

Bradesco Digital Certificate is legally valid and is digitally signed by a Certifying Authority, and may be used for documents digital signature.

Government Authority Solutions

The activities of the Government Authority area comprise a specialized service to entities and bodies of the Executive, Legislative and Judiciary Branches, within the federal, state and municipal scopes, in addition to Independent

Governmental Agencies, Public Foundations, Government and Mixed Companies, Armed Forces (Army, Navy and Air Force) and Auxiliary Forces (Federal, Military and Civil Police), identifying business opportunities and structuring customized solutions, also counting on a portal on the Internet (www.bradescopoderpublico.com.br), aiming at conquering new clients, strengthening relationships, and establishing a consolidated presence before the Public Authorities.

The website presents Corporate Solutions for Payments, Receipts, HR and Treasury to Governments, and has an exclusive place for Public Servants and Military Policemen, with all the products and services Bradesco makes available for these clients.

Statistical Data

R\$ billion

	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Receipt Solutions (1)	233.9	239.0	472.9	264.7	273.3	538.0
Payment Solutions	121.9	130.8	252.7	154.8	164.8	319.6
Total	355.8	369.8	725.6	419.5	438.1	857.6
Taxes	29.9	29.8	59.7	34.6	34.0	68.6
Water, Electricity, Telephone and Gas	5.8	5.9	11.7	6.7	6.7	13.4
Social Security Payments (2)	6.1	6.5	12.6	7.2	7.6	14.8
Total Public Sector (*)	41.8	42.2	84.0	48.5	48.3	96.8

Number of Transactions - million

	2006			2007		
	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1 st Half	1st Qtr.	2 nd Qtr.	1st Half
Receipt Solutions (1)	227.3	232.9	460.2	264.6	275.2	539.8
Payment Solutions	32.9	34.3	67.2	38.7	40.2	78.9
Total	260.2	267.2	527.4	303.3	315.4	618.7
Taxes	22.0	19.0	41.0	25.1	22.3	47.4
Water, Electricity, Telephone and Gas	39.2	45.3	84.5	49.5	49.8	99.3
Social Security Payments (2)	13.2	13.5	26.7	14.8	14.9	29.7
Total Public Sector (*)	74.4	77.8	152.2	89.4	87.0	176.4

⁽¹⁾ Total movement (funding, write-offs, credits etc.).

Payments by means of automatic debit

25.2 million 1H06

25.4 million 1H05

Growth Receipt and Payment Solutions

⁽²⁾ Total of beneficiaries: 4.9 million retirees and pensioners (corresponds to 19.7% of the population subject to INSS).

^(*) Includes public and privatized utility service concessionaires:

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Growth	Dublic	Sector
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Qualified Services to the Capital Markets

Bradesco is one of the main suppliers of Qualified Services for the Capital Markets. By means of modern infrastructure and specialized team, Bradesco proposes innovative solutions, expanding service options and generating operating flexibility to its clients.

Our services:

Assets Bookkeeping

In this segment, Bradesco offers Bookkeeping Services for Stocks, Debentures, Investment Fund Quotas and Brazilian Depositary Receipt BDR. We point out the participation of Bradesco as the Depository Financial Institution of the Companies Stocks, in the going public operations Public Offering of Stocks (IPO), whose market share was 36% share among the operations structured in 1H07. In the operations of issuance of debentures we reached a 67% market share, considering the number of issuances carried out.

Qualified Services to the Capital Markets

Main Indicators in 1H07:

192 companies, with market value of R\$510.6 billion, combining more than

Book-Entry Stocks 2.5 million stockholders.

Book-Entry Debentures 57 companies with 83 issues, totalizing an amount of R\$66.6 billion.

Book-Entry Quotas 62 closed funds, with restated amount of R\$5.9 billion. Brazilian Depositary Receipt BDR 2 programs, with market value of R\$146.4 million.

The investors have access to Bradesco s branch network, besides the online access, via the Internet Banking, related to their positions under custody at Bradesco and CBLC (Brazilian Clearing and Depositary Corporation).

Custody, Controllership and Asset Management

Targeted at companies, assets, foundations, insurance companies and private pension plan entities, the provision of service for this segment has continuously grown. Part of this growth may be verified in the evolution graphic of Assets under Custody, whose increase was 16% in the 1st half.

Main Indicators in 1H07:

R\$375.3 billion in assets under custody (funds, portfolios, DRs

Custody and receivable funds).

R\$337.6 billion distributed in 995 investment funds and portfolios

Controllership under management.

Depositary Receipt DR R\$82.3 billion in 12 programs.

Assets under Custody Growth R\$ billion

Business Processes

Ombudsman Area

Bradesco Organization always had the philosophy of giving voice to its clients and users of banking products and services, innovatively creating in April 1985, the service Alô Bradesco (Hello Bradesco), the first financial market communication channel for suggestions and complaints, launched five years prior to the launching of Consumer Defense Code. This channel contributed to enhance these relations and has been an important strategic tool for relations transparency.

We implemented the Ombudsman area, dealing with all manifestations, whether these stem from Alô Bradesco service, which answers by phone and e-mail, or those deriving from Brazilian Central Bank, Procon (Consumer Protection Agency) and Press. It is incumbent upon the Ombudsman to manage these manifestations, follow-up term and quality of answers offered, provide the managers of products, services and processes with updated information so that they can learn from these warnings received and anticipate compatible solutions with needs and demands of our clients.

Quality Management NBR ISO 9001:2000 Certifications

To successfully conduct and operate an organization it is necessary to direct and control it in a transparent and systematic manner. The success may result in the implementation and maintenance of a management system.

The Organization counts on a group of highly qualified professionals, responsible for the methodology definition of Bradesco Quality Management System (SGQB) and implementation process management.

Bradesco Quality Management System has as purpose to continuously improve the performance of processes, taking into consideration, at the same time, the needs of all interested parties. By means of SGQB, the Premises show their capacity to provide products/services that meet the client s requirements and the applicable regulatory requirements, aiming to increase the client s satisfaction.

Bradesco Organization, in the permanent search to provide its clients and users with the easiness and commodity that only a Complete Bank can offer, reached this acknowledgement in 185 processes certified in NBR ISO 9001:2000 related to Products and Services.

The ISO 9001:2000 certifications are formal evidences that all the activities related to the quality of the product or service certified were planned, implemented and controlled according to an international acknowledgment rule.

Accordingly, the certifications are important competitiveness instruments ensured only to companies that show their commitment to quality.

The ISO 9001:2000 certifications motivate the Organization to advance in the quality management practices, thus adopting the Excellence Criteria Worldwide Class, which, undoubtedly represent a great differential in business management, as well as they highly contribute to issues of sustainability and corporate governance.

Data Protection and Privacy Seal GoodPriv@cy

GoodPriv@cy Data Protection and Privacy Seal is a standard established internationally, comprising requirements for the management of data protection and privacy at the organizations.

Bradesco Data Protection Management System has as purpose to standardize data protection management at Bradesco Organization and minimize risks related to violation in data protection and failures in information security, by means of the compliance with the legal and internal requirements and the continuous improvement of data protection and privacy processes.

As Bradesco Organization is a pioneer in technological innovation, it constantly invests in IT, concerning about information security in all levels, establishing procedures in the ethical treatment of personal data collected for any purpose, including the establishment of the Information Security Corporate Rules and Policy. The certifications show this practice and reassure the Organization s permanent concern about data protection of its clients and users.

At present, Bradesco Organization has 15 certifications:

Fax Fácil	
Fone Fácil	

Home Broker

Internet Banking

Private

Custody Liabilities Dockets

Custody Assets Dockets

Custody Report Data Privacy

WebTA File Transference

NetEmpresa

Shopcredit

Electronic Commerce Individuals

Electronic Commerce Corporate

Cards

Password Privacy Management

Methodology for Mapping and Documentation of Processes

This is a corporate methodology whose goal is to enable the Bank s Departments to map and document the product and service processes it manages, in a systematized and standardized manner.

The result of the documentation is stored in a specific Corporate Database, from which the documentation requested is provided concomitantly, in order to comply with:

Activity-Based Costing System - ABC;

Bradesco Quality Management System NBR ISO 9001:2000;

Internal Controls and Compliance;

the Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act; and

Ongoing Improvement of Processes.

The methodology establishes a standardized document structure, which is adopted by the Departments and allows an overview of processes from products/services, as follows:

Organization Chart;

Product and Service Tree;

Context Diagram;

Process Macro Vision;

Process Flow; and

Activity Detailing.

The structure defined for the methodology, combined with the information on products and services, effectively allows the analysis and diagnosis for the development of operations aimed at improving processes and complying with the requirements of the management systems.

Activity-Based Costing ABC

Designed to support the Bank in its actions to improve processes and optimize productive resources, such as practices recommended for decreasing costs, Bradesco adopts the Activity-Based Costing System ABC, which measures the cost and performance of its activities, resources and cost centers.

Thus, the knowledge of the Bank's activities, as well as the correct measurement of the resources consumed by these activities, allows a more accurate analysis of the cost/benefit ratio of each of the Organization's productive processes and results centers.

We stress that as a result of the application of Activity-Based Costing, the Bank is now meeting the following targets: improved allocation of costs to products, channels and customers; support to qualification studies and negotiation of bank fees; subsidy to product, unit and client profitability systems; support to studies concerning outsourcing, incorporation and equipment sharing; as well as support to cost rationalization studies.

Activity-Based Management Program

Seeking to explore the potential applications of the information base of the Activity-Based Cost , we are to adopt a Cost Management model by means of the Activity-Based Management ABM, which will rapidly lead to the prevention of costs and a proactive approach regarding the identification of opportunities.

Accordingly, as processes are improved, operating performances can be seamlessly integrated with Bradesco's strategic goals, to create and/or sustain Bradesco's competitive advantages and add value both for clients and stockholders.

Thus, the future mission of Activity-Based Management is to provide permanent support to the planning and control of the Bank's business processes, ensuring that tactical and operational issues are continually improved, as well as support their strategic gearing.

Integrated Management System ERP

For purposes of providing permanent and appropriate support for its operations and in the pursuit of improving results, as well as extending its capacity to manage the Organization's resources, Bradesco adopted one of the most modern concepts for integrating organizational processes, using SAP's Integrated Management System, mySAP Business Suite solution.

This system s implementation represents an innovation in the treatment of the value chain supporting Bradesco's financial industry, comprising analyses dimensions focused on processes, people, organizational structure and technology.

Initially, the system will integrate processes in the Human Resources, Training, Material and Service Purchases, Accounts Payable, Physical and Fiscal Receiving, Fixed Assets and Accounting, in addition to the Availability Control process, for the effective follow-up of the Bank s administrative expenses.

Currently, the processes of Works Management, Maintenance Management, Currency Management, Real Estate Management, Supplies Management (Auction and Electronic Quotation), Banking Accounting and Consolidation of Financial Statements are being implemented.

The adoption of the Integrated Management Systems by the areas integrated through this technology allowed them to renew processes and review organizational structures and nearly 80 thousand system users were qualified via presence and e-learning training.

As a result of the implementation of the Integrated Management System, Bradesco will benefit most from the organization and standardization of the processes carried out in different areas, agile decision-making, secure data processing, as well as decreased operating costs and increased productivity. These factors are crucial for the Organization's growth, especially in view of current fierce competition in the financial area, prompting us to pursue increasingly effective management methods designed to ensure that all of Bradesco's business potential is properly leveraged.

Acknowledgments

In 1H07, Bradesco was the winner of the Partners of Development Award, in the financial sector. Carried out by Correio Braziliense newspaper, the award elected the ten companies that most contributed to the economic development of the country in 2006.

Bradesco stood out in the Financial Balance Award in the following categories: Best Retail Bank, Best Life and Pension Plan and Best Certificated Savings Plans. The award was promoted by Gazeta Mercantil newspaper and was based on studies of the Austin Rating consulting firm. Bradesco also received the award for Best Financial Conglomerate of the country in the Retail segment promoted by Conjuntura Econômica magazine, published by Fundação Getúlio Vargas

Valor Financeiro yearbook indicated Bradesco for the position of general leader of the financial sector in Brazil, as the bank obtained the first position among private banks, insurance companies and life and private pension companies.

According to a ranking prepared by BrandAnalytics and published by IstoÉ Dinheiro magazine, Bradesco was considered the most valuable brand of Brazil, as it appreciated 280% in two years. It is also the most valuable brand in the financial sector in Latin America, according to the ranking prepared by Brand Finance consulting firm and disclosed in a special publication of América Economia magazine.

A study performed by the Booz Allen Hamilton consulting firm, one of the largest companies of the sector in the world, appointed Bradesco as the Best Brazilian Bank concerning customer service in branches, internet and call center. The study assessed customers perception and experience in 100 banks throughout 17 countries.

Bradesco was the only bank to obtain the maximum score of 100% in the assessment of the assistance centers of banks and cards, carried out by the National Institute of Metrology, Standardization and Industrial Quality (Inmetro). The result of the research was shown in Fantástico program, of Globo broadcasting.

A research on the quality of assistance centers promoted by Consumidor Moderno magazine and the GFK Indicator Research Institute appointed Bradesco as the winner of the Customer Service Excellence Award in two categories, Retail and High Income, with Bradesco Prime. Bradesco was also appointed as the leader bank in the forth edition of the award The Companies that Most Respect Consumers, carried out by Consumidor Moderno magazine in partnership with TNS/Interscience, in the categories Retail Bank and Pension Plan, with 38% and 27% of preferences, respectively.

A research promoted by Info Exame magazine concerning companies in the vanguard of IT pointed out Bradesco to the leadership of the ranking of The 100 Most Connected Companies of Brazil for five consecutive years. Bradesco was also the major winner of the E-finance Award promoted by Executivos Financeiros magazine, as the best IT bank of the year since it was awarded for the largest number of categories in this edition, totaling 7 categories.

Bradesco was the investment fund managing company that obtained the best assessment from GazetaInveste magazine, a publication of Gazeta Mercantil newspaper. According to the study, Bradesco obtained the first place in the 2006 ranking with 36 of its funds rated with five diamonds. In addition to the general leadership of the ranking, Bradesco was awarded as the best fund management in three of the six main categories assessed: fixed income, exchange and variable income.

Bradesco also stood out in the ranking of the best funds managing companies of ValorInveste magazine, a publication of Valor Econômico newspaper. The study was exclusively carried out in Brazil by Standard & Poor s. Bradesco had 60 investment funds present in the list, three of which were considered five stars. The bank was also the winner of the Top Gestão 2007 award in the category Flexible Mixed Income, also published by ValorInveste.

Bradesco was chosen by Global Finance magazine, specialized in international finance, as the institution with the best quality treasury operations in Latin America, in the Best Provider of Money Market Funds category.

Grupo Bradesco de Seguros e Previdência obtained The Best Insurance Companies of Brazil award from Conjuntura Econômica magazine, a publication of Fundação Getulio Vargas, since it stood out as the major insurance group of the country due to earned premiums, net income, stockholders equity and total assets. Bradesco Vida e Previdência was considered the best in the Supplementary Pension Plan sector.

Bradesco was also the winner in the category Best Global Performance in the Segurador Brasil 2007 Award, promoted by Segurador Brasil magazine. Bradesco Vida e Previdência was acknowledged in the category Best Performance in Private Pension Plan, and Bradesco Auto/RE in the category Best Performance in Residential Risks. Bradesco Capitalização received the Desbravadores trophy and the Segurador Ambiental trophy, with the Pé Quente Bradesco SOS Mata Atlântica certificated savings plans.

6- Social environmental Responsibility

Bradesco Organization and the Social-environmental Responsibility

Bradesco believes that successful companies are those that generate good results for all the community, adopting long-term policies whose purposes are to foment the country sustainable development and improve wealth distribution. The Organization also understands that combining economic development, environmental preservation and social inclusion is the great challenge of the modern world, crucial for the human development and for the corporate continuity.

In conformity with these premises, Bradesco consolidates its social-environmental policy, showing concern about sustainable development, respect to the ecosystems and human dignity, undertaking to disseminate, along with its clients, a culture based on actions of social-environmental responsibility.

The entire Bradesco s Social-environmental Responsibility Corporate Policy is available at the website www.bradesco.com.br/rsa. Its purpose is:

to search for convergence of its business goals with social-environmental responsibility aspects;

to develop and sell products and services that respect the social-environmental awareness spirit;

to encourage partnerships, supports and cooperation with governmental entities, NGOs and market entities;

to choose suppliers and service providers who are engaged in practicing social-environmental responsibility;

to maintain and promote an ethical and transparent posture on all levels of activities;

to ensure conformity of the applicable legislation with the social-environmental issues;

to adopt responsible policies of loan concession to clients;

to stipulate, for borrowers of funds the obligation to maintain an action plan of risk mitigation;

to adopt internal policies with a view to rationalizing the use of non-renewable resources;

to promote awareness and provide training to employees, as well as guide service providers through social-environmental issues;

to make all efforts for the society to share globalization benefits, by means of a more inclusive and equal market;

to defend social justice principles and human rights;

to support the education of children and youngsters, as well as the professionalization of youngsters and adults;

to adopt internal policies of diversity valuation;

to propagate, value and support projects targeted at the practice of sport activities in the communities;

to develop, implement and maintain a social-environmental management system; and

to disclose its achievements by means of the Sustainability Report.

2006 Sustainability Report

Launched in March, the 2006 Sustainability Report presents an overview of the Organization s actions in economic-financial, environmental and social areas, disseminating, among the stakeholders, the practices and concepts applied in Bradesco on a daily basis. Thus, the publication also intends to show the Organization s strategic publics effective ways to contribute to the consolidation of a sustainable business network, based on ethics, respect, transparency and shared responsibility.

With the purpose of offering an even more transparent account rendering to the Organization s strategic publics, the 2006 Sustainability Report adopts the indicators and guidelines suggested by the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI), including the financial sector supplement. The publication is available at Bradesco s Social-environmental Responsibility website: www.bradesco.com.br/rsa.

Bradesco Organization and the Social-environmental Responsibility

Equator Principles

Since 2004, Bradesco is a signatory of the Equator Principles, a set of social-environmental measures based on criteria defined by the International Finance Corporation (IFC), used in the evaluation and concession of financing of projects under the Project Finance category.

In July 2006, Bradesco ratified its adhesion to the new version of Equator Principles, which comprises all project financings - new or expansion ones, including its assistance, with total capital cost higher or equal to US\$10 million. The adoption of these principles is voluntary, with no dependence or support of IFC or the World Bank. Thus, the institutions which will adopt them must take them as basis for the development of practices and internal and individual loan granting policies.

In 2006, 11 projects evaluated by Bradesco were in accordance with criteria set forth by the Equator Principles.

Global Compact

Aligned with its corporate responsibility guidelines, Bradesco, in November 2005, adhered to the Global Compact principles, assuming the commitment to promote actions to contribute for the development of an inclusive and sustainable economy, increasing its performance within the social-environmental scope.

With ten main principles, based on the defense of human and labor rights, environmental protection and fight against corruption, the Global Compact is a result of an invitation made by the United Nations (UN), at the World Economic Forum in Davos, in January 1999, to companies, NGOs and other governmental and civil entities, to follow and disclose its principles.

Millennium Development Goals

Bradesco also supports the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), a commitment executed in 2000 by 191 countries members of the UN, which seeks sustainability and the improvement of the quality of life throughout the world. Even though the initiative is executed by governments, the successful achievement of these Goals depends on society as a whole and, specially, on the business sector.

ISE Corporate Sustainability Index

In November 2006, Bradesco started integrating the Corporate Sustainability Index (ISE) new portfolio of the São Paulo Stock Exchange (Bovespa). ISE is comprised of stocks issued by companies which have a high level of commitment to sustainability and social responsibility.

The Sustainability Study Center of the São Paulo School of Business Administration of Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV-EAESP) was contracted to evaluate the performance of the companies eligible to ISE. For that purpose, a questionnaire was developed with the triple bottom line concept, which comprises the evaluation of economic, social and environmental elements in an integrated way.

The choice of Bradesco s common and preferred stocks to comprise ISE strengthens the Organization s commitment to the good corporate governance practices in the relationship with stockholders, clients, investors, employees and the general public.

DJSI Dow Jones Sustainability World Index

Since September 2006, Banco Bradesco started taking part in the selected group which comprises the Dow Jones Sustainability World Index (DJSI) portfolio. Currently, DJSI is comprised of 318 companies that materially demonstrate having corporate sustainability rooted in their initiatives, practices and business management.

SA 8000 Certification

Bradesco received the SA8000®:2001 international standard of social responsibility, granted by the Human Resources Management in the Administrative Center, at Avenida Paulista, in São Paulo, and in the Human Resources Department, placed in the ground floor of Prédio Novíssimo, in Cidade de Deus, Osasco (SP). Upon this recognition, the Bank became the first financial organization in America to receive the SA 8000. The certification was recommended by the certifying agency DNV Det Norske Veritas.

3rd Bradesco Suppliers Meeting

In May 2007, Bradesco carried out the 3rd Suppliers Meeting. The event gathered representatives of more than 100 suppliers of products and services from several different segments—from furniture to security companies. This event aims at committing the suppliers of products and services to Bradesco—s social-environmental guidelines, by showing the Bank—s actions towards the social-environmental area and informing what the Organization expects from its suppliers about this aspect. With other support and guidance actions, the event aims at helping the suppliers to incorporate the social-environmental responsibility in the every day work.

The commitment of suppliers to the adoption of social-environmental guidelines determined by Bradesco is a determining factor for contracting new suppliers and in the continuity of existing contracts. New events will be carried out semiannually. Bradesco s target is to reach, in two years, all the Bank s 1.5 thousand suppliers. The next event will be carried out in November 2007.

Launching of Leasing to Basic Sanitation Projects

Bradesco entered into a partnership with Biosistemas, a company specialized in technology for treatment of water and industrial/urban effluents, with headquarters in São Paulo, to facilitate the access to new basic sanitation technologies. According to this agreement, the Bank created a special leasing line, offering clients special conditions in the financing of projects for the implementation of water treatment stations (ETA) and sewage treatment stations (ETE) in companies, as well as residential and commercial condominiums or other places where this environmental measure is made necessary to preserve natural resources.

The delivery term of these special lines may range from 36 to 60 months, with grace period of up to five months for the payment of the first installment. Upon the payment, the contractor enjoys all the structure installed, and became its definitive owner up to the end of the agreement period.

ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 Certifications

Bradesco was the first financial institution in Brazil to receive the ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 certifications. The unit certified was the building on Avenida Paulista, in the city of São Paulo. This is a 12-story building with 4 basements refurbished and adapted, aiming at complying with all the specifications and rules required for the referred certifications.

ISO 14001 is a rule internationally accepted which defines the requirements for establishment and operation of an Environmental Management System. OHSAS 18001 defines the requirements for an Occupational Safety and Health Management System.

Bradesco s Contribution to Preserve the Environment

Aware of the need to maintain its adequate facilities, without disregarding the environmental aspects, Bradesco has adopted practical measures that contribute to environmental preservation.

The Organization permanently seeks to apply new technologies minimizing the impact on ecosystems. It also seeks the contracted companies commitment to the Bank s goals, as well as the ongoing awareness of our staff in pursuit of eco-efficiency.

1) World Environment Day

On June 5, 2007, Bradesco distributed more than 200 thousand native plant seedlings from Atlantic Forest in several places in the city of São Paulo, such as intersections of the main avenues and entrances of subway stations. The action was developed in partnership with Fundação SOS Mata Atlântica, which provided the seedlings.

In another action to celebrate the date, more than 7 thousand plant seedlings from the Atlantic Forest were distributed to Bradesco s employees who work in its headquarters, in Cidade de Deus, in the city of Osasco, state of São Paulo.

As a tradition, Bradesco effectively contributes to the environmental preservation and to the planet sustainability. Among other actions, it maintains a partnership with Fundação SOS Mata Atlântica, which made feasible the allocation of 21.5 million seedlings to reforestation of the Atlantic Forest.

2) Program for the Neutralization of Carbon Emissions

With a view to neutralizing its carbon emissions, Bradesco was the first bank to launch a measurement program of its direct and indirect participation in carbon dioxide (CO²) emission in the atmosphere. The proposal is that all Bradesco s business chain including clients, suppliers and other stakeholders takes part in this cause in the medium term.

Initially, the environmental impact caused by the Organization will be offset by the planting of 38 thousand trees (in partnership with Fundação SOS Mata Atlântica), by the purchase of carbon credits or by entering into partnerships to generate carbon credits.

On the first stage of the program, a survey of all the greenhouse effect gas emissions (GEE) referring to operations at Cidade de Deus Bradesco s headquarters, in Osasco (SP) was carried out, calculated in accordance with GHG Protocol methodology and ISO 14064. In 2007, the Organization will increase the inventory scope of GEE emissions.

3) Resources Consumption Rationalization

With a view to rationing electricity and water consumption, Bradesco maintains an area to manage the consumption of these strategic resources. Its attributions consist of managing agreements of demand for electricity with the concessionaires and the permanent research of more efficient and intelligent new technologies for the equipment, observing the environment preservation policy.

Bradesco has invested in the Branches Network awareness about the issue, by indicating consumption targets for each unit - based on size, quantity of equipment installed and headcount, as well as release of information about the rational use of electricity and water, by means of circulars, internal periodicals, Intranet etc.

a. Electricity

Timing machines were installed in the branches for the automatic turning-off of lights, allowing an easy utilization in scheduled hours. Turning-off lights in non-used areas and using natural light have been encouraged.

Similar care is adopted in the acquisition and installation of air-conditioning systems, such as thermo-accumulation devices, which reduce the energy consumption in peak hours. The employees are guided towards optimizing the use of lifts, air conditioning and other energy consuming equipment.

In addition, more than 250 mercury light bulbs installed in the lampposts of Cidade de Deus were replaced by sodium steam light bulbs. Approximately 30 thousand 40 Watts light bulbs have been replaced by 32 Watts light bulbs, reducing substantially energy consumption, without losing lighting efficiency.

b. Water

Same concern is expressed as to the rational use of water. Thus, our premises are periodically guided concerning the monthly follow-up of consumption and maintenance aiming at correcting possible leakage in valves, flushing and faucets. Technical measures contributing to the water consumption reduction have been adopted, such as the replacement of mechanical faucets with automatic ones for use on the headquarters premises and common valves for coupled boxes, in the building of Avenida Paulista, with an estimated reduction of 50% of consumption

The adequate garden watering, observing the best hour and periodicity, has also been deserving attention. There is a feasibility study related to the reuse of water that comes from the partial sewage treatment generated at the headquarters, with the purpose of watering and usage in the air conditioning towers. At Avenida Paulista, a former fuel tank of the generating group was adapted as a container to receive and store rain water destined to garden watering. This measure will enable an economy of up to 30 m³ in the monthly water consumption.

4) Solid Residues Destination

a. Paper and Cardboard

Currently, approximately 100 tons of paper and cardboard are collected monthly in our main administrative centers, which are submitted to a selective process. Bradesco is contemplating the possibility of its implementation in other regions. In addition, methods to assess the quantity of paper consumed by the Organization is under study, both office paper and forms. The purpose is to identify possible measures that may be adopted to reduce that consumption.

Bradesco is also seeking the standardization of dispensers and respective consumption products used in bathrooms of Cidade de Deus and administrative buildings. Besides the economic aspects and quality improvement, such measure will contribute to the aware consumption, since the new liberation system of toilet paper and paper towel inhibits the waste and reduces the consumption.

b. Metal, Glass and Plastics

At Cidade de Deus and in administrative centers, Bradesco maintains the selective collection of metal, glass and plastics. In 1H07, approximately 30 tons of these materials were recycled, arising from the maintenance process. This practice has been encouraged and improved by means of in-house campaigns and actions, in the expectation of increasing to other centers, as well as to increase the quantity of recycled products.

The use of biodegradable plastic bags was also implemented on all of Bradesco s premises. This material degrades completely within a short period of time, consumed by microorganisms, without harming the environment. At Cidade de Deus and administrative centers, plastic bags with colors corresponding to waste collected are also used, with a view at facilitating the recycling process of these materials.

c. Lamps

In Cidade de Deus buildings there are more than 36 thousand installed lamps. Monthly, more than 600 lamps are replaced. Concerned with the appropriate destination of this material, the Organization included in maintenance agreements a specific clause about the service company s obligation to conduct the ecologically correct discard. In 1H07, approximately 11 thousand lamps of the headquarters and administrative buildings were sent to recycling.

d. Other Residues

In Cidade de Deus, approximately 115,000 m² of green area is maintained, with more than 4 thousand trees cataloged under the replacement and planting program. In the maintenance of these areas, dried leaf crushers are used. The crushed material (nearly 1.5 tonne/month) is used in gardening. The parings of grass are also used as input.

5) Use of Sustainable Products

a. Recycled Paper Usage Program

This Program, a result of Bradesco s belief that it is able to contribute to the dissemination of environmental responsibility, has been gradually implemented in our Organization. The option to use recycled paper was made after long negotiations with suppliers, and even if it does not mean costs optimization, the beneficial result for the environmental was the most important factor for the change. Recycled paper is used in the production of internal and external communication material, such as posters, magazines, circulars, business cards and statements distributed to clients and in check books. Currently, nearly 90% of the paper monthly consumed is recycled.

b. Remanufactured Cartridges

For five years Bradesco has used remanufactured cartridges in printers, aiming besides cost savings at the reduction of environmental pollution. Out of 38 types of toner cartridges composing the consumption list, 27 are remanufactured products. With the constant renovation of the printing facility, an increase in use of remanufactured cartridges is expected.

c. Certified Wood

Recently pencils manufactured with certified wood were made available in the premises. The raw material used contributes to the fight against exploration of illegal wood with a predatory origin, as well as minimizing the environment degradation.

d. Biodegradable Products for Cleaning

In Cidade de Deus, biodegradable products are used in cleaning and maintenance services. Contracted companies are encouraged to use products of such type, which then will be one of the requirements to be considered in a further agreement renewal.

Such measure integrates an improvement program seeking to standardize the biodegradable products, the appropriate dilution, in conformity with the manufacturer s guidance and the obligation to present information about chemical products used on the Organization s premises.

Bradesco s Contributions to Social Issues

Finasa Sports Program

By means of Finasa Sports Program, Bradesco Organization demonstrates its support for the development of citizenship and social inclusion of children and youngsters between 9 and 18 years old.

With almost 20 years of activity, Finasa Sports entered into many partnerships, among which the most outstanding is the agreement with Osasco s Local Government. This partnership contributes to expand the Program s social reach.

Currently, the Program has a total of 148 professionals carrying out activities at state and local schools, at Osasco s city hall sport centers, at SESI-Osasco unit and at private schools, assisting nearly 3,000 girls free of charge in 52 qualification centers and 180 athletes in 13 Specialists Centers, in volleyball and basketball.

The Program s main goal is the whole development by means of a healthy activity such as sport practice, education, health and well-being actions that help raise these girls awareness about citizenship, so that they can be in charge of their own lives and make responsible choices in their actions before society. Most of these girls come from deprived backgrounds considered to be in a social risk situation.

It also supports the formal education process by adopting as a requirement the girls enrollment and attendance in regular schools.

At the Training Centers, all students have guaranteed access to quality sports education, regardless of their physical characteristics, such as weight, height or abilities for sports.

The activities for children and youngsters in the Specialists Centers, besides sports learning with medical, psychological, psychiatric and nutritional follow-up, comprise regular information on hygiene, stress, adolescence, drug use and teen pregnancy prevention, turning these places into true citizenship centers.

This program also offers, according to categories, a support structure, with benefits such as: life insurance, health care, among others, including sporting material used in training and competitions.

The sports practice, besides contributing to a healthy life, is responsible for the formation of high level athletes, enabling the players participation in Finasa/Osasco s Adult Volleyball team and in the children s and junior Brazilian Female Volleyball and Basketball teams.

It is the first social sports program to receive funds from tax incentive, made available by the *Estatuto da Criança e do Adolescente* (Statute of Children and Adolescents), through the agreement executed between the National Council for the Rights of Children and Adolescents (Conanda) and Ministry of Sports in 2004. The Finasa Sports Program is a benchmark in sporting activities of this nature.

Social-cultural Events

In 1H07, Bradesco supported and sponsored several social-cultural events in different locations in the country. It took part in regional feasts that preserve folkloric traditions, such as the *Maior São João do Mundo* party, in Campina Grande (PB), and *Festival Folclórico de Parintins* (AM). It also took part in the Summer Festival and the Carnival of Salvador (BA), in the carnivals of Rio de Janeiro (RJ) and Olinda (PE).

Bradesco supported the presentations of the Brazilian Symphonic Orchestra, in Rio de Janeiro (RJ) and the XI Amazonas Opera Festival, in Manaus (AM), as well as the beneficent concert of classical music with the French-Chinese-American cellist Yo-Yo Ma and the Englishwoman pianist Kathryn Stott, promoted by the Hebrew Congregation of São Paulo.

It also took part in the musical concert to raise funds for the Cancer Hospital of Barretos (SP) and the event *Viva a Mata*, promoted by Fundação SOS Mata Atlântica, which occurred in Ibirapuera Park, in São Paulo (SP).

Bradesco was also present in Ribeirão Preto Agrishow (SP) and Luís Eduardo Magalhães Agrishow (BA), in Coopavel Rural Show, in Cascavel (PR), and Cattle Raising Exhibition (Expogrande) of Campo Grande (MS), among other business fairs.

The Organization was directly involved in the sponsorship of great cultural events in 1H07, with the exhibition *Darwin Descubra o Homem e a Teoria Revolucionária que Mudou o Mundo*, which took place in the Art Museum of São Paulo (Masp); the exhibit *Imagens do Soberano Acervo do Palácio de Versalhes*, in the Picture Gallery of the State of São Paulo; the exhibits *Leonardo da Vinci A Exibição de um Gênio* and *Corpo Humano Real e Fascinante*, that occurred simultaneously at Oca, in Ibirapuera Park, in São Paulo (SP).

The mega production My Fair Lady, masterpiece of world theatre and the best musical comedy in the Broadway history, performed in São Paulo (SP), has Bradesco Prime s exclusive sponsorship.

Bradesco Seguros e Previdência supported the campaign *Vote Cristo. Ele é uma Maravilha* (Vote Christ. He is a Wonder), which aimed at electing Christ Redeemer as one of the seven new Wonders of the world. It also sponsored the series *O Globo/Dell Arte Concertos Internacionais Temporada 2007* (Globo/Dell Arte International Concerts 2007 Season). Bradesco Vida e Previdência carried out the II Longevity Forum , in Copacabana (RJ), which comprises debates on issues such as health, planning, security and quality of life, making people reflect on how the changes in Brazilian and world demographic structure may be faced.

Human Resources

Since the inception of Bradesco s activities, the Company acknowledges the value of its team s performance and achievement potential as the foundation to sustain Bradesco Organization s businesses.

The Company offers its employees ongoing professional development opportunities, in a healthy, safe and ethical environment, with transparent commitments and goals.

Bradesco believes in its ability to promote a sustained growth for people and through these people.

The Company seeks to maintain an excellence model in Human Resources Management, guided by respect and transparency in its relations, continuous development investment, sharing of information and human being value,

without discrimination.

Bradesco maintains a closed-career policy, whereby the admission occurs at apprentice levels. All the growth opportunities are destined to employees, allowing access to all hierarchical levels.

This assurance of professional development and growth opportunities allows employees to see the possibility of holding all the positions: leadership, supervision, management and also the senior management. That is a motivational factor for all the staff, stimulating creativity, innovation and the ceaseless search for knowledge and updating.

We may say that when a youngster joins the Organization, whose closed-career system privileges, incentives and strongly invests in the growth and development of its employees, this professional starts a career full of opportunities, connected with his/her effort and dedication.

Encouraging the professionals to exceed their limits and stimulating their creativity in search for solutions, aiming at the self satisfaction, clients—satisfaction and business expansion, have been a priority for the Bank and is one of the assumptions of its Human Resources Management Policy.

Only creative and innovative teams, highly skilled, with ensured career opportunities can surpass the goals and show excellent results that have highlighted the Organization.

The stimulus to creativity and investment in the professional and personal qualification of the employees are essential for Bradesco s success, strongly contributing to its brand solidity and the accomplishment of its market strategies.

Bradesco s performance is disseminated and is continuously expanded throughout the country, enabling job opportunities in all the operation segments.

Bradesco is a bank which takes into account, by means of its clients and partners, the diversity which is the own expression of the Brazilian social structure, with a fundamental commitment to respecting cultural and ethnical diversity. The respect to the Brazilian diversity is part of the Company s strategic vision towards good performance, since Bradesco is inserted throughout the Brazilian territory.

Certification in International Rules

In 2006, we achieved the certification of OHSAS 18001 Rule of Occupational Safety and Health that allows establishing and developing conditions that contribute to a safe and healthy work environment. The certification was recommended for the building at Avenida Paulista, 1.450, city and state of São Paulo and, in July 2007, we obtained the certification again. Aligned with the sustainability concept added to our business strategy, we implemented in 2006 the Bradesco Social Responsibility Management System, based on the SA 8000®:2001 International Rule.

This Rule establishes requirements in conformity with the Human Resources Management Policy of Bradesco Organization and has the purpose of promoting an ongoing improvement of relations and the work environment, including the commitment to respect for Human Rights, Children s Rights and Labor Fundamental Rights to its suppliers.

In 1H07, Banco Bradesco received the SA 8000®:2001 Rule certification, and is considered the first among the financial institutions in the Americas to receive an international certification in Social Responsibility.

The SA 8000®:2001 International Rule of Social Responsibility certification was recommended to Banco Bradesco in the management of the human resources that operates in the business and related companies located in the building on Avenida Paulista, no. 1.450, city and state of São Paulo, and in the Human Resource Department, located in Bradesco s headquarters, in Cidade de Deus, city of Osasco, state of São Paulo.

Aiming at expanding the scopes, Bradesco is working for the certification of the main administrative centers in the country.

A Great Place to Work

Over the last years, the Organization has shared with all its employees the satisfaction and importance of being included in indexes based on the quality of relations and the work environment.

Every year, around 4,000 employees, in all structure levels, from all lines of businesses and activities, voluntarily answer to surveys about the organizational environment through questionnaires and interviews. They assess items such as the work environment, benefits, compensation, professional development, ethics, citizenship values and social responsibility of companies.

The Company seeks to promote transparency, respect and confidence, so as to ensure a motivating and challenging organizational environment. Evidence is that Bradesco is currently recognized in several rankings.

The Company was listed for the seventh time in Guia Você S/A - Exame As Melhores Empresas para Você Trabalhar (The Best Companies to Work for), and in addition to being part of this selected group, Bradesco was also acknowledged among the 50 Best Companies for Women to Work for, for the forth consecutive year. Bradesco Bank was also highlighted as one of the Best Companies for Businessmen in the Country. This list presents the companies in which the executive group, which comprises officers, managers and supervisors, reports feeling more satisfaction at work.

Guia Você S/A Exame is considered the best and most comprehensive study on the work environment in Brazil and introduced in 2006 the index of happiness at work, in which we are highlighted as we provide our employees a positive corporate environment, in the pursuit of everybody s well-being.

Bradesco was also elected one of the 100 Best Companies to Work in Brazil, in a research prepared by Great Place To Work Institute, published in a special edition of Época magazine.

For the third consecutive year, Bradesco stood out in the survey *As Melhores na Gestão de Pessoas* (The Best Companies in People Management) of Valor Carreira magazine, edited by Valor Econômico newspaper. It was the first bank to be in the ranking.

These results show the acknowledgment to our commitment not only to clients, but also to our employees. Improving talents with professional training, stimulating education and maintaining a fair and dynamic organizational structure, we try to offer conditions so that each employee can grow and build a solid career, from a relationship policy based on respect and valuation.

Human Resources Management Policy of Bradesco Organization

We reaffirmed the commitment with our employees formalizing guidelines for the management and development of our human resources, by means of the Human Resources Management Policy of Bradesco Organization. Basic assumptions:

- 1 To comply with all the requirements, regulating rules and legal conventions concerning work relations and environment, applicable to our activities;
- 2 To assume the public commitment of defense and protection of Human Rights, Children s Rights and Labor Fundamental Rights, in line with national and international Principles, Standards and Treaties;

- 3 To respect the diversity and dignity of the human being, preserving the individuality and privacy, not admitting the practice of discriminatory acts of any nature in the work environment and in all our relations, with the internal and external public;
- 4 To ensure the good relationship among all professionals of the Organization, maintain a safe and healthy work environment and provide conditions for great performance and productivity levels;
- 5 To contribute to the improvement in the quality of life of employees, offering conditions for the balance among work, health and family;

- 6 To encourage our professionals to surpass their limits and stimulate creativity in search for solutions, aiming at the self-achievement, clients satisfaction and business expansion;
- 7 To promote the constant development and improvement of technical and behavioral potentialities of our employees and make available favorable mechanisms which allow them to manage their personal and professional growth plan, in order to ensure the continuous improvement of management processes; and
- 8 To ensure opportunity priority for the professional growth of people, by the permanent investment and development of internal competences, by the valuation and respect to knowledge and professional qualification acquired during the career.

Besides our principles set forth in our Human Resources Management Policy, we are implementing Bradesco Social Responsibility Management System, based on SA 8000[®]:2001 Rule, whose requirements aim at promoting a continuous improvement of relations and the work environment, including the commitment of respect to Human Rights, Children s Rights and Labor Fundamental Rights and to our suppliers.

Social Responsibility Requirements SA 8000:2001 Rule

- 1. Child Labor
- 2. Forced Labor
- 3. Occupational Health and Safety
- 4. Freedom of Association and Collective Bargaining Rights
- 5. Discrimination
- 6. Disciplinary Practices
- 7. Working Hours
- 8. Compensation
- 9. Management System

In-house Communication

We strongly invest in our in-house communication so that our employees are effective participants of the Organization s expansion strategy of results.

Simultaneously and from any location in the country, Bradesco s employees receive key information via Intranet and e-mail.

The Organization makes available, day to day, the newsletter *Sempre em Dia* (Always Updated), with issues about the Bank s strategic direction, launch of products, quality practices and business focus.

Brochures and magazines are periodically published and addressed to each employee.

Produced according to the best quality standards, the editions in video of Bradesco TV approach, monthly, institutional messages and technical guidance. Created in 1990, Bradesco TV is one of the country s oldest corporate television projects.

The annual goals and strategies are disclosed at meetings with the Presidency, where Directors, Regional Managers, Managers of Branches and Departments of the Organization take part. All the issues are referred to respective teams.

With the purpose of making the communication between the Human Resources Department and the staff closer, more energetic and transparent, we have created ALÔ RH, an effective and fast communication channel that guides about benefits, legislation, policies and practices of human resources, in addition to responding to suggestions and complaints, with the option of anonymity, ensuring complete secrecy.

ALÔ RH s service standard implies the full understanding of doubts and the correct referral of the manifestation immediately or within 72 hours at the latest, through telephone, e-mail, or fax, constituting an effective dialog and interaction process between the company and its employees.

In 1H07, ALÔ RH recorded approximately 31.7 thousand calls that included clearing doubts, suggestions and complaints.

The Human Resources Department keeps, in its functional structure, the Union Relations area, whose mission is maintaining a permanent dialog and interaction channel with union representatives nationwide, receiving manifestations, clearing doubts, and allowing a relationship based on ease of access, energy and proactivity between the parties involved.

People Management

Bradesco maps the human capital through individual interviews with employees and their leaders, aiming at identifying corporate and essential competencies by supporting professional growth and the search for goals and results by means of the development of the competencies of the Organization s human resources.

The Company already recorded 27.6 thousand employees profiles in this process.

Based on this knowledge, leaders and employees are gained conditions to share actions focused on improving their individual and team performance and make effective the practice of feedback by generating professional improvement and short, medium and long-term results.

The maintenance of such work is the management of competencies with the employees and their leaders involvement, by means of constant follow-up, guidance and technical and behavioral development.

Respect to Diversity Social Inclusion

Bradesco respects the diversity and self-respect of human being, by preserving the individuality and privacy, not accepting the practice of discriminatory acts of any nature: at the work environment and in all the Company s relations with internal and external public.

The diversity appreciation is incorporated in the Human Resources Management Policy of Bradesco Organization. The guidelines of relationship with employees are based on appreciation of professionals and are in accordance with the Global Compact principles, among other international regulations concerning human rights.

Bradesco s success is based on group effort, meaning that each employee adds something so that the Organization may constantly innovate and modernize, embracing more and more the possibilities of diversity, which is a constant value in its daily operations, through client magnitude, geographical comprehensiveness and staff.

Being present in so many places shows the commitment to catering equally for all our publics. Bradesco has gone far beyond the commercialization of products and services, seeking to know better people from all the different groups in society, in order to ensure a service that meets each of their needs, and, thus, work together towards the country s sustainable development.

With a view to effectively contributing to an improved relationship of the Company with different people, as well as to maintaining a balanced internal demography, both in the admission and retention of talents, Bradesco created the Diversity Appreciation Work Group, composed of representatives of different areas.

Believing in people, understanding and welcoming differences are pioneering values present throughout Bradesco s history, making it a Bank that works towards being more and more a development agent, for which the people are in the core of everything.

The issue is broadly supported in the Code of Ethics and Social-environmental Responsibility Corporate Policy of the Organization.

Ethnical Groups

We ended 1H07 with 10,111 afro-descendent employees, and 5,021 of them hold managerial positions.

Bradesco entered into a partnership with Faculdade Cidadania Zumbi dos Palmares Unipalmares, by means of a professional qualification program which aims to contract interns, to work in important business areas of the Bank. Unipalmares mission, by means of NGO Afrobrás, is to promote the inclusion of black people into higher education of the country.

The program is divided into various modules, with 2-year duration and also relies on a partnership with renowned institutions, such as FGV, USP, FIPE, Fipecafi and FIA.

Students work in technical and business areas of the Bank and are trained to improve themselves as citizens and qualified professionals for the job market.

The program, which started with 30 interns, was increased and currently counts on 74 students.

Inclusion Policy for Disabled People

Bradesco was one of the banks sponsoring the Professional Qualification Program of the Brazilian Banks Federation (Febraban), which qualified handicapped professionals to hold positions in the job market.

We have in our Call Center a specific part with visually impaired employees.

Currently, Bradesco has a staff of 897 disabled people.

Aiming at the contracting and retention of disabled people at the Organization, Bradesco sets forth partnerships with specialized entities and focused on the inclusion of these professionals, qualifying them and creating job opportunities in the Organization.

By means of Bradesco s website, in the link Career Opportunities, the Company offers an exclusive channel for the collection of disabled people s curriculums.

Due to the importance of the issue, Bradesco created a permanent Work Group focused on issues involving accessibility. One of the actions developed by the group was the preparation of a videotraining about accessibility to all staff.

Opportunities for Women

Bradesco ended the 1st half of 2007 with a quota of 38, 170 women employees, corresponding to approximately 48% of the staff. In leading positions, Bradesco has 16,706 women, including in the Board of Executive Officers and the Board of Directors.In the Prime segment, 73% of staff is women.

Internship Program

Aiming at providing real professional development opportunities, Bradesco Organization offers an internship program to all operation and business areas, allowing the student to relate the academic learning with the practical activity. The program currently benefits 905 students.

Traineeship Programs

Information Technology students of Fundação Bradesco have the opportunity to start their professional career as employees in the Systems Development Department of the Organization by means of a structured program addressed to technical and behavioral approaches with theoretical experience in the classroom and practice in the Department.

All students approved in the selection process have been contracted.

Youth Apprentice Program

The Youth Apprentice Program was implemented by Bradesco Organization in 2004, and executed in partnership with Fundação Bradesco and other qualified entities, encompassing the administrative centers and branches throughout the country.

The program estimates the contracting of youngsters from 16 to 24 years old, having as purpose to provide personal and professional development to adolescents.

We ended the 1st half of 2007 with 869 Apprentices and we have already provided the program for about 1,309 youngsters.

Young Citizen Program

With a view to reinforcing Bradesco s actions in the Social Responsibility area, the Company entered into a partnership with São Paulo State Government by means of the Young Citizen Program My First Job.

The purpose is to provide students with their first professional experience opportunities preparing them to exercise the citizenship, by means of paid internship, the students originated from families with higher social vulnerability, between 18 and 21 years old, regularly enrolled and effectively attending high school classes of the state public school system.

Currently we count on 251 hired youngsters, with the participation of around 487 youngsters in the program.

Occupational Health and Safety Policies

Bradesco is a company that develops actions in health, disease prevention, safety and work conditions.

The occupational safety and health aspect is approached in two premises of the Organization s Human Resource Management Policy:

Ensuring the good relationship among all the Organization s professionals, maintaining a safe and healthy work environment, and provide conditions for excellent levels of performance and productivity; and

Contributing for the improvement of employees quality of life, offering them conditions to balance work, health and family.

Bradesco offers its employees an adequate work environment with conditions for a complete physical, mental and emotional well-being.

Bradesco invests in programs and methodologies allowing mapping and identifying the causes of symptoms and diseases occurred in the work environment and relations, viewing to promoting health and disease prevention, on a broad basis.

The issues addressed include Repetitive Stress Injury, Stress, Chemical Addiction (Alcoholism/Drugs/ Tobacco), Obesity, Cardiovascular Diseases, Sexually Transmitted Diseases, AIDS and others. Those campaigns are carried out monthly through Interação magazine and in the Sipat (Internal Week of Occupational Accident Prevention).

Since contracting, Bradesco s employees receive information and guidance on behavior and conduct adequate to the maintenance of health and improvement of life quality.

Bradesco has been an active member of the National Business Council for HIV/AIDS Prevention CEN, which aims at promoting and strengthening the combat against such epidemic in the work environment, diffusing information to a considerable portion of workers, family members and the community as a whole about the safe ways to prevent the infection by HIV virus.

Another outstanding issue related to life quality is the balance between the employee s personal and professional life. We are permanently concerned with the working hours, so that the contract time is not surpassed, guaranteeing that employees have time for their personal commitments and leisure.

In order to offer an appropriate environment and extra emotional support to employees, the Bank created in its Call Center at the Santa Cecília building, in the city of São Paulo, a room for winding down. It is a reserved room with a different infrastructure from all other Organization environments, offering comfort and material that help to relax and soften the impact caused by the day-to-day activities in and out of the call center. The room is available to all the employees of that section in case they go through situations related to psychological and emotional aspects.

Thus, we consider that the Bradesco Occupational Safety and Health System Management reassures the commitment to the safety and health of our employees, with the adoption of ergonomic management and awareness programs about the importance of safety and health in the work environment.

Benefits

Our management model is grounded on the belief in people.

We acknowledge the value of performance and people s potential for accomplishments as being the foundation of Bradesco Organization s business.

We know that in order to have a better performance, people need to have prospects and confidence in the future, their basic needs met, and their families well-being guaranteed. For that reason, we have put together a benefit package which, going well beyond the legal requirements, has the purpose of providing our employees and their families safety and comfort in the supply of their basic needs, professional development and special loan conditions for acquiring goods and properties.

This management strategy contributes to a healthier, more productive and participative work environment, providing conditions for great performance levels and better results.

The special benefits we provide to our employees constitute a factor of talent attraction and retention for the Organization, in addition to contributing to Bradesco Bank s acknowledgment as one of the best companies to work for in Brazil.

Health and Dental Care Insurance

Our employees and their dependents have access to Health and Dental Care plans with premiums paid for in full by the Bank. The Healthcare Insurance includes non-traditional treatments, such as dialysis, organ transplants, acupuncture, homeopathy, myopia correction, GPR (Global Postural Re-education), heart valve, physiotherapy and treatment for AIDS (with reimbursement of expenses for medicine prescriptions).

The Dental Care Insurance includes preventive and surgical treatment, oral rehabilitation, child dentistry, endodontics, periodontology and prosthodontics. Implants are offered at costs lower than the market, by means of agreements.

In 1H07, there were 1,476,242 medical and hospital consultations and 283,663 dental consultations.

Supplementary Private Pension Plan

Bradesco makes available for all its employees a Supplementary Private Pension Plan, which Bradesco contributes with 50% of the monthly installments, including in the 13th salary.

The plan guarantees coverage to the retiree, the retiree s widow or widower and their children under the age of 21, or up to the age of 24, if they are undergraduates.

Group Life Insurance

All Bradesco s employees have access to Group Life and Personal Accidents Insurance, with subsidized costs. The employees retired by INSS, who left the company without cause, are offered the option to maintain the policy, with subsidized costs.

Social Service and Psychological Assistance

Bradesco s employees and their dependents are provided with follow-up of Social Service and Psychological Assistance under situations of need and emergency.

Services are offered in most varied situations: medical treatment, accidents, decease in the family and release of special loans.

In 1H07, nearly 5.9 thousand social and psychological assistances were provided.

Such initiative shows Bradesco s concern with its employees well-being when facing personal problems.

Snack Supply

Bradesco s employees receive snacks on a free basis all working days.

In 1H07, we invested R\$17.7 million, distributing approximately 13.2 million snacks.

Medicine

For the states of São Paulo and Rio de Janeiro, Bradesco offers agreements with the drugstores Drogasil and Drogasmil, for the acquisition of medicine at a cost lower than that practiced in the market.

Influenza Vaccination

Bradesco carries out an annual vaccination campaign against influenza, offering the vaccination free of charge to all its employees and at subsidized prices to their dependents. In the last campaign 54,098 doses of the vaccine were applied, with a cost higher than R\$1.3 million.

Leisure Activities

Bradesco maintains in Cidade de Deus, in the city of Osasco, an area with swimming pools, racetrack, soccer field, basketball, volleyball, soccer, tennis and squash courts, destined to leisure and recreation activities to employees and their dependents.

In 1H07, around 32.1 thousand people attended the facilities.

Social Loan

By means of Caixa Beneficente (Benefit Fund), the Company offers financial assistance to its employees, granting loans with subsidized fees, destined to emergency conditions, education expenditures, acquisition of orthopedic instruments, glasses, funerals, psychologists, psychiatrists and speech therapists, among others.

Credit Facilities for Acquisition of Computers, Vehicles, Real Properties and Personal Expenses

Bradesco offers loans to its employees with subsidized fees for acquisition of computers, vehicles and personal expenses. Employees and their first relatives may also finance the acquisition of residential real properties at lower interest rates.

Fee Exemption

The Bank exempts its employees to pay various fees, such as: check account maintenance, fee to open credit, issuance and annuity of credit and debit cards, financial transactions on teller machines, access to Fone Fácil, issuance of bank statements in electronic terminals and utilization of single check sheets.

Online Shopping Channel

The ShopFácil Funcionário is a special online shopping channel, through which Bradesco negotiates special discounts directly with various products suppliers. Partnerships are also executed with some stores, by means of which the employees have access to special prices and payment conditions.

Other Benefits provided for in the Collective Convention of Bank Employees:

Transportation Voucher
Meal Voucher
Food Voucher
Maternity/Paternity Leave
Funeral Assistance
Day Care/Baby Sitter Assistance
Professional Requalification Allowance

Human Resources June 2007

On June 30, 2007, Bradesco, including their subsidiaries, had 80,287 employees.

The following table presents the variation in the last periods

	December						
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
Banco Bradesco	53,732	59,430	62,013	61,347	63,163	63,441	
Subsidiaries	8,729	9,407	11,631	12,534	13,577	16,846	
Bradesco Subtotal	62,461	68,837	73,644	73,881	76,740	80,287	
Banco BCN	6,105	5,203					
Subsidiaries	1,504	1,741					
BCN Subtotal	7,609	6,944					
Banco Mercantil	3,970						
Subsidiaries	353						
Mercantil Subtotal	4,323						
Amex Brasil					442		
Subsidiaries					2,124		
Amex Subtotal					2,566		
Total	74,393	75,781	73,644	73,881	79,306	80,287	

We point out below some indicators of the human capital of Bradesco, in June 2007:

Gender		Age		Years of Service With Bradesco		Educational Background		Managerial Position		
		Younger than 30	49%	Less than 5 years	41%					
						High School	18%			
		From 31 to		From 6 to 10						
Men	52%	40	29%	years	18%			Non-commissioned	51%	
						University	81%			
		From 41 to		from 11 to						
Women	48%	50	19%	20 years	25%			Commissioned	49%	
						Other	1%			
		Older than		More than 20						
		50	3%	years	16%					

Personnel Expenses

In 1H07, Bradesco s personnel expenses reached R\$3,075 million, including in that total expenses related to salaries, social charges, benefits, training, employees profit sharing, among others.

The following pie graph shows the percentage share of each item in relation to total Bradesco s personnel expenditure in the periods.

Breakdown of Personnel Expenses

Personnel Expenses by Business Segment

Training

Believing in people value and in the capacity of development of each individual is one of the values declared by the Organization, made feasible by means of a strong educational process comprising all staff, in all positions and activities developed, aiming at supporting people in their self development by means of a full strategic alignment, and motivating them to constantly seek their improvement.

The Staff Training Department is responsible for the training actions of Bradesco Organization, and by means of the Bradesco Organization Training Management process, was granted the NBR ISO 9001:2000 certification in December 2002 and the Company was certified again in December 2005. Thus it ensures an ongoing improvement of processes and the quality of actions of training, reinforcing its commitment to contributing to the development and appreciation of the staff and the employees.

Investments in educational actions to the employees of Bradesco Organization increase each year and show the importance given to the team qualification as a competitive advantage to the success of its results. Among others, these aspects make Bradesco a Complete Bank, which respects the client and shows its various actions with transparency and credibility, reflecting the value added of being a Bank which invests the most in its staff qualification—and this justifies and makes the—120 reasons to be a Bradesco Client—become a real belief practiced by the Organization.

For 2007, a budget of R\$69.9 million was made available, 28% higher than the average of investments made over the last 5 years, providing the continuity of the main training programs targeted at several areas of the Organization and at the implementation of new programs aimed at meeting corporate business strategies.

In this different context of knowledge management, Bradesco Organization has strongly invested in training programs that contribute to the strengthening of internal competences and to the development of talents, as a support to the mission described in the internal policy of people management: Recognizing that people are the sustaining basis of our business, we have as mission to attract, develop, recognize, manage, esteem and stimulate Bradesco Organization s talents, by means of the permanent construction of an integrated value relation among corporate activities.

From January to June 2007, trainings had 462,225 participations in the several available media: TreiNet, Videotraining, Brochures and Presence Courses. 1,028 different courses were made available, and the investments were of approximately R\$28.8 million.

Presence Courses

In the first six months of the year, there were more than 68 thousand participations in presence courses, mainly actions for Retail comprising nearly 21 thousand participants in several programs. We highlight the Client Management course, which comprises themes such as analysis of the profile, potential and needs of the portfolio for the adequate relationship management, planning of strategic actions and presentation of financial alternatives that may meet the clients—expectations and that generate loyalty and increase of assets and results of branches.

We also point out the Loan in Retail program, in partnership with Sebrae, focused on loan analysis and grant for micro and small-sized companies, with a view to contribute with the financial growth and strengthening of such public in the competitive market and the Loan Business course, whose program was implemented for the Managers of Corporate Accounts, in the Retail Segment, aiming at improving service, identifying the companies needs through a commercial approach, negotiating appropriate credit lines, improving client loyalty and results in general, by providing the necessary knowledge and techniques for the ongoing expansion of business.

Other highlights are the courses Assistance A New Business View and Pre-Assistance Techniques with specific focus on the quality of assistance and on the preparation and awareness of the teams directly connected to the assistance of new clients, concerning the continuous search for excellence in the provision of our services. It is worth mentioning the Assistance for Opening of Accounts and Businesses course, which aims at training employees to conduct the business process with quality and professionalism, aiming at clients loyalty and the increase in branches results.

With the purpose of implementing enterprising actions and behaviors aligned to strategic goals and target programs of several Segments, by identifying business opportunities and improvements in results, we continued to carry out the Enterprising Leadership program, in partnership with Ibmec, involving the participation of Regional Officers and Managers.

In 2Q07, a training course on Rural Loan was developed, provided by Agronomist Engineers, to the employees of branches which deal with this activity. The program comprised the credit line regulations and its operationalization, providing the appropriate compliance of these operations to the needs of clients of the agribusiness sector.

In this period we also carried out the Real Estate Loan program, which provided the qualification of branches employees to commercialization and operationalization demand of Real Estate Loan Product. The program comprised financing lines and their compliance regulations.

The process of qualifying Managers of the Prime segment continued with the Managerial Development Program which comprises, among other aspects, the improvement of the business and relationship management process, the optimization of funds and the leverage of results for the clients and segments. The first class of PDHN Prime - Business Skills Development Program — started in March and was concluded in May, reaching its initial goals of intensifying participants — understanding of the Organization — s and Bradesco Prime — s culture, policies and core businesses, besides qualifying them for the development of future activities, through the honing of technical and behavioral skills / competences and the absorption of the appropriate methodologies for carrying out the financial consulting process. We also point out the courses of Stocks and Futures Markets, Investments, in addition to the Loan Products that rescue technical and commercial aspects essential to trading, so that clients see Bradesco as a Complete Bank.

The Business and Financial Consulting Program, developed by FIA, qualified and trained the teams of Prime Relationship Managers with techniques and methodologies favoring the performance as financial and business consultant, identifying and stimulating the clients needs aiming to present viable solutions or profitable investments, taking into account the ethical and social elements, as well as the focus on results for the client and the Organization.

The training actions to the Bank's Departments and its Affiliated Companies were also shown by means of 44,916 attendances in sundry external and internal events, made available by specialized companies, which offer vacancies to the general public and also by teams of instructors and employees of the Organization, the highlights of which are: the Training for Bradesco Seguros e Previdência involved 27,611 attendances. That training was continued in 1H07 through the name brand *UniverSeg Universo do Conhecimento de Seguro* (Insurance Knowledge Universe), consolidating new actions that reflect the strength of the project, such as: the beginning of the first class of the MBA in Business Management with a Concentration on Insurance, in partnership with Ibmec-RJ, benefiting 31 professionals on management and superintendence levels; The First DGTO /Auto RE Seminar, which represented a competitive edge for the accomplishment of the company's strategic objectives, as it approached the integration between the Managerial Technical/ Operational Executive Board and the new purposes of Bradesco Auto/RE; and the Program for Managerial Improvement in Insurance and Pension Plans, with 214 class-hours, prepared in partnership with FIA/USP, with the aim of aligning knowledge and improving the Financial Administrative team for better performance and results.

The Program for Qualification of Production Assistants (task force) was continued, preparing 47 new Production Assistants, in addition to the Quality and Market Profile and Interpersonal Relationship Development programs for the basic staff of the Insurance Company.

We also concluded the first class of Qualification of Transportation Product Managers, strategic project of Bradesco Auto/RE, which aims at making the portfolio more profitable by means of the expansion and maintenance of great risk clients. This process required the individual qualification of 14 new professionals, during a 372 class/hour.

The From Broker to Broker One Thousand Reasons to Sell Bradesco Seguro Auto project reached the number of 600 brokers trained during this period and should end in this half year.

For the next quarter, basic product courses such as Vehicle, Equipment, Residential, Corporate, Health, Applicable Sales and Communication & Professional Development are expected to continue. These courses aims at providing the brokers who commercialize Bradesco Seguros products, in the insurance market and in the Bank s branches, with information that set our products apart from the competitors ones, as sales argument.

The clearance of the program named Game Work is also estimated; that program is focused on Bradesco Auto/RE s commercialization public, and reflects a unique exercise in negotiation and competitiveness among the sales professionals.

Specifically for the internal public, the programs for the Qualification and Improvement programs Health Production, destined to preparation and improvement of professionals of Bradesco Saúde s commercialization area, Communication with Operation Channels are being developed, as well as the technical, commercial and IT areas Seminars that focus on discussing each area s guidelines jointly with the development of competences and skills by means of training.

The assistance to the needs of Finasa were shown in managerial and operational programs, such as the Information Security Speech, which made participants aware of their roles in ensuring Information Security, and supported them with measures that allow the accomplishment of actions and do not jeopardize the image and reputation of the Organization, its employees and its clients.

For Finasa Private Label, we carried out the Success in Sales event, with the main purpose of allowing commercial supervisors, leaders and clerks to develop a proactive attitude towards clients, identifying opportunities to reach results, developing an attitude of initiative before adversities and an opportunity vision. That was a training course aimed at employees of Finasa s partner, Comper.

Regarding Sports segment of Finasa, we point out the course of Teachers Qualification, which aims at preparing the Technical Staff of Finasa Sports, which comprises from trainers of sport practices to teachers, to also assume the role of transformation agents, inspiration and reference to the athletes. We also point out the Professional Image Treatment, which made athletes of Finasa Esportes in the children and junior categories aware of the importance of caring for their personal image, both in the physical aspects and in the virtual ones (relationship websites), getting to know the positive and negative consequences for the Project and for the Bradesco Organization.

We also point out the training for Scopus Tecnologia employees, mainly two courses of Supplementary Qualification for Stockers, whose main objective is to promote the development of technical storage competences in all regions in Brazil, and the Consulting Service for Dell Computers Technicians course, which enabled the development of competences and abilities necessary for the rendering of a personal quality service to individuals who have Dell equipment.

With the incorporation of American Express operations in Brazil, we promoted various training programs aiming at preparing employees recently incorporated for the transition process, stimulating the reflection and sensitiveness on acquired experiences, as well as qualifying leaders with knowledge and tools which make the change easy, thus improving the business results. Among events developed, we point out the Integration Program and Managing Changes and Transitions.

The training for Bradesco Vida e Previdência was focused on development of specific actions by segment/function. Previously it was destined only to Executive Superintendents and sale professionals, but now it comprises other publics, thus developing all BVP staff. We practiced actions, such as Qualification of New Secads, training for Business/Private Branch Products Managers. We also invested in Anbid and Loma certifications. We continued the project Movere, which aims at developing competences of Learning Guidance, Strategic Vision and Planning, People Management and Leadership, for managers of the Central Management.

For Prof. Edmundo Vasconcelos Hospital, we continued the *Mais* Project with coordinated actions to different employee levels. We are investing efforts to improve the quality of service rendered by employees to hospital s users/clients according to the Hospital Hospitality concept, present since the beginning of *Mais* Project, in 2004. We planned trainings for nurses about Professional Attitude, which aims at generating good perception of service rendered to our clients, and we are also investing in Perceptive Communication for the employees so that their first approach is efficiency. The managers are involved with the Strategic Department conducted by DTN and supported by the Training Department. The Strategic Planning suggestion was a result of the work carried out with this public since 2004, in which we develop the HPEV comprehension as a business unit.

Since the establishment of Banco Bradesco de Investimento BBI, the Training Department has tried to contribute to the process of developing competences necessary to the business. We developed trainings focused on improvement of the ability of presenting the Organization, so as to improve the BBI image in the market.

Training for Information Technology areas continued in 1H07, with the attendance of 4,652 professionals in technical training courses, aiming at improving storage performance and information availability to internal and external clients.

In addition, with a view to the ongoing improvement of IT methods and processes, we are qualifying other 20 professionals at the Methodology and Development course, which presents quality models and solutions for the development of software to be applied in internal processes.

The Project Management Program was also continued, and there are currently 112 professionals undergoing training to be able to provide solutions ensuring quality to technology systems and obtain the PMP - Project Manager Professional certification; 6 employees are already certified. As a competitive edge, the Software Quality Certification processes, presenting several software engineering techniques and concepts about product quality, have been continued, as it is a novel certification in the Country, whose third class, in progress, is attended by 23 professionals who should join the 40 ones previously certified.

Aligned to the IT improvement Project, we have promoted leveling speeches on the new system architecture for approximately 400 professionals, in addition to carrying out technical/operational courses approaching themes on requirement collection, functional specification and ITIL, which aim at a faster and more effective service in identifying IT needs.

With the purpose of bringing forward the preparation and qualification of new professionals, generating a technical renovation and qualification atmosphere for operation in the IT areas, we are promoting IT Qualification Programs for trainees and interns. We currently have 70 trainees, coming from Fundação Bradesco, and 25 interns from renowned universities such as Poli-USP, Mackenzie, FEI and Mauá.

With the purpose of seeking the improvement in IT and technological update, 107 professionals took part in the CIAB Information Technology Congress and Exposition of Financial Institutions.

Evolution of Presence Participation in the Last Quarters

Partnerships with Universities and Colleges

Since 1996, in partnership with educational institutions, such as FIA, FIPE, Fipecafi, FGV and Ibmec, 1,802 Bradesco s employees obtained MBAs, Post-Graduate, Specialization and Masters Degree certificates, important for the maintenance of quality of information provided and for the qualification of the staff to be aligned with the most modern management practices.

This year, a class of the MBA in Controller (Fipecafi), three classes of the MBA in Banking Business (FGV) (two in São Paulo and one in Rio de Janeiro), two classes of the MBA in Online Banking Business (FGV-RJ), one class of the MBA in Bradesco Organization s Processes Management (FIA), one class of the MBA in Foreign Trade and International Operations (FIPE) and one class of the MBA in Business Management with a concentration in Insurance (Ibmec-RJ) are in progress, totaling 333 professionals from different areas of the Organization.

Certification in Investment Products

Programs that prepare for the exam of Certification in Investment Products are in progress and are specially prepared for employees who need to obtain a certification, after study of the material previously made available. In this first half, two more certification exams were made in which 1,102 professionals were certified.

The approval index reached by Bradesco in these two exams was 58.8%, while the market index stood at 53.4%. This fact consolidates the concern the Organization has to adequately prepare professionals and also the involvement shown by employees during the certification process.

These figures enabled the certification, until 1H07, of 12,302 professionals directly involved in the assistance to clients of the Branches Network and to investors qualified in compliance with the Resolution no. 3,158/03, of the Brazilian Monetary Council.

TreiNet Training through the Intranet/Internet

TreiNet, a special qualification tool that allows the dissemination of new knowledge indiscriminately and quickly to all the Organization s staff, constitutes an important instrument of personal and professional development.

Bearing witness to that are the over 1.8 million participations in the 79 available courses since its implementation in 2000. In this year, two new titles have been launched: Exchange and Foreign Trade Export Concepts, the latter being the second course in the Exchange and Foreign Trade series, whose aim is providing information that may be useful to meet our clients requirements and prospecting new business in the Export operations; and the APF Análise de Ponto de Função (Function Point Analysis) course, with the purpose of providing the trainees with a technique able to determine the size of a system project before developing it, besides assisting in the estimate of costs and resources, allowing a greater assertiveness in managing budgets for Information Technology projects.

In English learning, on-line training has also been a competitive advantage, enabling the participation of around 1,000 employees in courses from basic to advanced level.

By means of Fundação Bradesco Portal, some TreiNet courses are available for clients who hold a Bradesco University Account. Moreover, by means of the website 100% broker of Bradesco Seguros e Previdência, TreiNet is also available for brokers and dealerships who sell the Organization s insurance products.

Evolution of Courses in TreiNet

Brochures and Videotraining

Based on the demands of Bradesco areas of standard and operational issues, with a view to employees awareness, in this period we have made four Brochures available about the following themes:

New Bradesco Statement, which disclosed and clarified the changes made in the statements, so that professionals who work directly with clients may promptly answer the possible doubts concerning the new model;

Loan Operation with guarantee of Visa/Amex receivables, which guided Branch employees in relation to the Receivables theme:

Leasing, which guided Managers of the branches about Leasing, its characteristics, advantages and arguments necessary to conquer and make clients loyal by means of the product; and

Rural Loan, which provided the branches employees with basic information on Rural Loan operations, mainly its modalities.

Five new video training courses were also launched:

Social-environmental Responsibility Sustainability, which raised employees awareness and drew their attention to the importance of social-environmental responsibility among us, so as to create a preservation culture;

New Bradesco Statement, also available in brochure format;

Market Conquest Platform, which aims at making the managers aware to use a new research system to improve their client portfolio and increase the business volume;

American Express Cards, by means of which we disclose and guide employees about American Express cards, specially the Organization s commercial strategies and competitive advantages, benefits and advantages for the clients and the bank; and

Accessibility, which was aimed at raising employees awareness and drawing their attention to understand how to assist people with special needs.

Social and Corporate Responsibility

We continued with the projects that focus on human valuation, such as: Youth Apprentice Program, Young Citizen Program and Internship Programs with students from different universities, among them, the Bradesco Program Unipalmares (Universidade Zumbi dos Palmares). These programs benefit youngsters in the beginning of their careers, with qualification, social inclusion, as well as personal and professional development. Also under this context, Bradesco developed preparatory training in Libras Brazilian Language of Signs (the sign language for deaf-mute people), for employees providing direct services to disabled clients, in order to guarantee this public accessibility to our branches.

Evolution in Employee Training Participation thousands
Total Amount Invested in Training R\$ million
Fundação Bradesco The Bradesco Organization s Social Action
Background
Fundação Bradesco, a non-profit entity, headquartered at Cidade de Deus, Osasco - SP, was founded in 1956 and declared to be of Federal Public Utility by Decree no. 86,238, on July 30, 1981.
Aware that education lies on the roots of equal opportunities and personal and collective fulfillment, Fundação Bradesco currently holds 40 schools installed as priority in the country's most underprivileged regions, in all Brazilian states and the Federal District.
209

Objectives and Goals

Through the innovative action of private social investment, the main mission of Fundação Bradesco is to provide formal quality education to children, young people and adults, so that they achieve personal fulfillment through their work and the effective exercise of citizenship.

Accordingly, the reach of Fundação Bradesco has been expanded yearly, increasing the number of enrolled students from 13,080 to 108,151 over the last twenty-five years. The schools of Fundação Bradesco run free education for Kindergarten, Primary School and High School, Continued and Preliminary Education of Workers as well as High School Technical Professional Education in IT, Electronics, Industry, Management and Agribusiness. Distance learning is also offered as part of the Youth and Adult Basic Education Equivalency programs via the Tele-education and the Virtual Classroom site.

Areas and Methods of Action

Basic Education

Basic Education comprises the Kindergarten, Elementary School (first to ninth grades) and High School, comprising more than 43.2% of all students on courses provided on a free basis by Fundação Bradesco each year. In addition, the students receive free school materials, uniforms, meals and health and dental care assistance.

Fundação Bradesco is always evaluating the contemporary learning trends and, therefore, is always bringing new challenges for learning practices so that the conclusions are spread throughout all school units and that propose ongoing interaction among them.

The schools are understood as a privileged environment for citizenship values and for regarding students as original, creative human beings and culture producer. Students learn through experiences in both school and society. Hence, their potential and needs to interact and reflect on the diversity of knowledge are approached in the classrooms.

Fundação Bradesco s multi-disciplinary learning seeks to provide students with access to practical and theoretical cognitive content, based on the principle that the development process is both dialectic and constructive.

On this intent, Fundação Bradesco offers various continuing education opportunities to educators, including presence and long-distance courses.

Concomitantly to teacher education, there is the production of teaching materials and resources. Books used by students from the 1st to the 5th year of Elementary School, Philosophy material for high school, CD-ROMs and DVDs for teachers with guidelines for their work.

Technical Professional Education

Based on the commitment of offering technical professional education capable of guaranteeing to the student the continuous right to develop their skills for a fruitful and social life, Fundação Bradesco is in consonance to a new model of technical education in force in Brazil. Bradesco structured the course syllabuses, prioritizing the demands

from the market and the society from a brand new perspective, offering work preparation.

High School Technical Education

Based on the professional areas of Agribusiness, Management, Industry (Electronics) and Information Technology, a number of courses were developed and offered according to the specific needs of the communities in which the school units are located.

The syllabus of these courses aims to ensure a close relationship among work, knowledge and citizenship. The final target is to bring out creative, productive and business-minded citizens, as well as showing students the importance of permanent education.

Through offering students, who arise from underprivileged backgrounds, courses whose syllabus will facilitate their entry and re-entry into the labor market, Fundação Bradesco provides access to the emerging and fast-changing business world.

Preliminary and Continuing Qualification of Workers

Fundação Bradesco offers on a free of charge basis this mode of education, designed for the needs of update, qualification and re-qualification of workers with different school levels. There are more than 100 options for free courses, presenting flexible programs, in the same track of the labor market conditions, in the following professional areas: Management, Personal Image, (Fashion and Personal Beauty Care), Industry (Electrical, Electronics and Printing Technology), IT, Leisure and Social Development, Tourism and Hospitality (Tourism, Hospitality and Catering Services). In the Agribusiness Area, Fundação Bradesco offers courses which include Artificial Insemination techniques.

Youth and Adult Education

These students come from different regions but often have similar life histories and comprise in their majority, workers and housewives who were unable to attend or remain at school when they were supposed to. At Fundação Bradesco, they are given adult literacy courses and graduate at both Elementary and High School levels, apply for university entry, in order to improve their employment prospects and most importantly to increase their skills.

Youth and Adult Education courses are given in two segments: Youth and Adult Literacy and Tele-education for Elementary and High School Equivalency.

The Tele-education courses are offered in the own schools of the Fundação or on the premises of the companies that have entered into operating agreements with it, with flexible timetables to suit the different work shifts, once the classrooms are taken up to the companies, respecting the different working hours and avoiding the need for students to travel to the school units. Another reason for the good performance is related to the investments made by Fundação Bradesco in learning technology resources.

Developed for the parents of students who attend the schools of Fundação Bradesco, the Adult Literacy Course is structured around a socio-constructivist concept, whereby the student becomes an active subject in the learning process. The topics addressed during classes arouse interest and motivate learners, guaranteeing the success of the course.

The main purpose of the Fundação Bradesco is to prepare students to improve their life conditions, based on the acquisition of organized knowledge, since according to Bradesco s philosophy education alone is capable of forming citizens who are participative and aware of their role in society.

Material Facts

Fundação Bradesco renewed its support to *Alfabetização Solidária* (Solidary Literacy), investing R\$900 thousand. In 2007, approximately 10 thousand students and 430 teachers will be benefited with resources from Fundação Bradesco in 14 municipalities of the Northeast region with high illiteracy indices.

In June, in order to celebrate the environment month, Fundação Bradesco took part in *Viva a Mata* event, promoted by Fundação SOS Mata Atlântica in Ibirapuera Park, in São Paulo, by presenting works developed in the mini-nurseries of SOS Mata Atlântica, established in ten of its school units. Workshops were developed by the schools from Campinas/SP, Jardim Conceição/SP, Marília/SP and Osasco Unit I, with the participation of 1,935 people with the

following themes: Aromatic herbs sachets , Ink produced based on natural colorings , Antidengue vase , Efficient germination techniques in arborous species , Exploitation of banana tree fiber , Pencil-case assembly by reusing PET bottles and Brushwood and sisal accessories .

Fundação Bradesco supported and sponsored the International Exhibition of Robotics and Artificial Intelligence, carried out in São Paulo, which comprised in two pavilions the main companies and research institutions related to robotics in Brazil: Robots Exhibit, for general public, with robotics attractions and competitions, space for humanoids and educational space and Robotics Conference & Expo, with technology innovations and trends for professionals of robotics and artificial intelligence areas, as well as the handling of products involving technology to solve problems. Fundação Bradesco took part in both pavilions, presenting projects of Campinas/SP, Gravataí/RS and Osasco/SP schools.

Aiming to offer basic education in information technology and access to public services on the Internet, besides valuing citizenship with the development of actions articulated with the communities, Fundação Bradesco has implemented three more Digital Inclusion Centers (CID): in Casa Acolhida, in Belo Horizonte, in the city of Embu das Artes/SP and Lagoa Tapeba II indigenous village, in Caucaia/CE, the latter is the fourth digital inclusion center established in an indigenous community. It is a joint project between Fundação Bradesco and companies in the technology sector, aiming at fighting against the digital exclusion and expanding the service to people who live close to the Schools, in spaces managed by the community s volunteers. High School Students offer monitoring for the conduction of the activities, acting as protagonists.

Teresina School Unit celebrated 25 years of activities, with the presence of authorities who pointed out the importance of Fundação Bradesco s work for the region of the district Grande Dirceu, which has currently more than 20 thousand inhabitants. 25 years ago Fundação Bradesco was established in the community and since has graduated many students.

During the Annual General Meeting of GIFE Group of Institutes, Foundations and Companies, the 52 attending members approved the people appointed to constitute the new Fiscal and Governance Councils for the 2007-2009 management. Teacher Denise Aguiar Alvarez Valente, Fundação Bradesco s officer and member of Bradesco s Board of Directors, was appointed as the president of GIFE Network of Social Investment.

Main Acknowledgments

South-American Competition First Lego League Fundação Bradesco took part in the Robotics competition in São Paulo, represented by teams from Osasco Unit I, Campinas and Gravataí schools.

The Free Access team Team #6233 from Osasco Unit I was awarded in three modalities:

- FLL Award Missionst place higher score in robotics challenges;
- FLL Award Scientific Research place the team continued the work of loggerhead turtles preservation with a solution involving Nanotechnology.
- FLL Award Surprise Challenge of Alliance place higher score within the lower time in a challenge proposed 48 hours before the competition. The team s teacher was one of the three best trainers and was also awarded in the competition.

Conceição do Araguaia/PA School Unit was honored with the Support Motion, granted by the City Council, due to the National Day of Voluntary Action.

Pinheiro/MA School Unit was honored with the Congratulation Motion, granted by the City Council, due to the National Day of Voluntary Action.

Viva Ribeira Letter Competition: one student from the fourth grade of Elementary School of Registro/SP School Unit was awarded in this competition with a text criticizing the environmental problems faced by the city.

Drawing Competition Conceição do Araguaia Preserving Life: one student from the eighth grade of Elementary School of Conceição do Araguaia/PA School Unit conquered the 1st place with the drawing Acting today to enjoy tomorrow!

Young Writers Competition Peace: one student from the fifth grade of the Elementary School conquered the larger with the text. The balance of the world depends on the peace which arises from the family and one student from the ninth grade conquered the 2^{nd} place with the essay. The peace also depends on me and Both students are from Teresina/PI School Unit.

Medal for the Afro-Brazilian Civic Merit: Fundação Bradesco was honored by Universidade de Cidadania Zumbi dos Palmares during the ceremony of reflection about slavery abolition in Brazil, due to the work for the black people citizenship and inclusion.

Schools Location

The majority of the Fundação Bradesco s educational units are located in the outskirts of major cities or in rural areas where there is a significant lack of educational and welfare assistance. Thousands of students all over Brazil are given the opportunity to study at these schools.

Schools	Students	Schools	Students	
Aparecida de Goiânia-GO	2,136	João Pessoa-PB	2,273	
Bagé-RS	2,299	Laguna-SC	2,219	
Boa Vista-RR	2,393	Macapá-AP	2,165	
Bodoquena-MS	1,328	Maceió-AL	2,211	
Cacoal-RO	2,406	Manaus-AM	2,467	
Campinas-SP	4,045	Marília-SP	3,234	
Canuanã-TO	1,646	Natal-RN	2,202	
Caucaia-CE	2,296	Paragominas-PA	2,292	
Ceilândia-DF	3,348	Paranavaí-PR	1,818	
Cidade de Deus Osasco-SP		Pinheiro-MA	2,150	
Unit I	4,227	Propriá-SE	2,123	
Unit II	2,816	Registro-SP	2,353	
Education Offices of		Rio Branco-AC	2,796	
Youngsters and Adults	7,735	Rio de Janeiro-RJ	4,102	
Preliminary and Continuing		Rosário do Sul-RS	1,186	
Qualification of Workers	3,897	Salvador-BA	2,075	
Conceição do Araguaia-PA	2,447	São João Del Rei-MG	2,191	
Cuiabá-MT	2,386	São Luis-MA	2,454	
Feira de Santana-BA	953	Teresina-PI	2,368	
Garanhuns-PE	1,048	Vila Velha-ES	2,070	
Gravataí-RS	3,476			
		(*)Forecast of		
Irecê-BA	2,513	Service for 2007		
Itajubá-MG	2,760			
Jaboatão-PE	2,605			
Jardim Conceição Osasco-SP	2,722	Total	108,231(*)	

Fundação Bradesco An Educational Project as large as Brazil

Financing

Funds for the financing of the activities of Fundação Bradesco derive from income, exclusive of its own Stockholders Equity.

Funds Applied in the Last 10 years (*)	R\$	1.271 billion
		183.917
Funds Applied in 2006	R\$	million
		189.851
Funds Expected for 2007	R\$	million
(*) in nominal value, equivalent to R\$3.033 billion, restated by Selic/CDI rate		
until December 2006.		

Courses Grades

Assistance Forecast for 2007

	Students	% of Total
Kindergarten	488	0.45
Elementary School	33,311	30.78
High School	13,188	12.19
Youth and Adult Education	21,705	20.05
Preliminary and Continuing Qualification of Workers	35,681	32.97
High School Technical Professional Education	3,858	3.56
Total	108,231	100.00

Student Profile Reference: Service in 2006

Increase in the Number of Students

Social Report 4 Half of 2007 and 2006

1) Calculation basis

4) Environmental indicators

			1st Half of 2007 R\$ thousand		1 st Half of 2006 R\$ thousand	
Net revenue (NR) (1) Operating income (OI) (2) Gross payroll (GP)		9,085,560 5,237,532 3,109,234	۷	3,166,504 4,587,535 2,887,674		
2) Internal social indicators						
	R\$ thousand	% on GP	% on NR	R\$ thousand	% on GP	% on NR
Meals	251,400	8.1	2.8	242,908	8.4	3.0
Compulsory social charges	545,090	17.5	6.0	505,428	17.5	6.2
Private pension plans	153,121	4.9	1.7	149,801	5.2	1.8
Healthcare insurance Occupational health and safety Education Culture	158,914	5.1	1.7	138,538	4.8	1.7
Professional qualification and training	28,792	0.9	0.3	22,750	0.8	0.3
On-site child care and child-care benefit	20,515	0.7	0.2	19,959	0.7	0.2
Employee profit sharing	257,785	8.3	2.8	189,937	6.6	2.3
Other	55,184	1.8	0.6	49,490	1.7	0.6
Total Internal social indicators	1,470,801	47.3	16.1	1,318,811	45.7	16.1
3) External social indicators						
	R\$ thousand	% on OI	% on NR	R\$ thousand	% on OI	% on NR
Education (*)	771			506		
Culture	8,398	0.2		3,222	0.1	
Health and basic sanitation	1,470			1,007		
Sports						
Prevention of hunger and food security						
Other	5,481	0.1		4,141	0.1	0.1
Total contribution to society	16,120	0.3	22 -	8,876	0.2	0.1
Taxes (excluding social charges)	3,061,621	58.5	33.7	2,263,672	49.3	27.7
Total External social indicators	3,077,741	58.8	33.7	2,272,548	49.5	27.8

	OI NR	R\$ thousand	OI NR
C		() has no established goals () complies 0 to 50%	() complies 51 to 75% () complies 76 to 100%
e (established goals) complies 0 to	() complies established goals 51 to 75% () complies 0 to () complies	() has no () complies () has no established goals () complies 0 to () complies () complies 0 to

5) Employees indicators

	1st Half of 2007	1st Half of 2006
Employees at the end of the period	80,287	75,295
Admissions during the period	4,652	4,380
Outsourced employees	7,403	8,013
Trainees/interns	905	1,132
Employees older than 45	7,648	6,826
Women employees	38,211	35,107
% of management positions held by women	42.8	41.8
Black employees	10,111	9,142
% of management positions held by blacks	12.9	12.8
Disabled employees or employees with special needs	897	794

6) Key information regarding the level of business citizenship

	1 st Half of 2007		Targets 4 Half of 2008			
Ratio between maximum and minimum salary:		19.2			N/A	
Total number of occupational accidents:		174		Staff awarenes	ss for avoiding work place	accidents in the
The company's social and environmental projects were established by:	() directors	(x) directors and managers	() all employees	() directors	(x) directors and managers	() all employees
Occupational safety and health standards were defined by:	() directors	() all employees	(x) all + Cipa	() directors	() all employees	(x) all + Cipa
As regards freedom of trade union activities, collective bargaining rights and internal employee	(x) does not	() complies with	() encourages activities	(x) does not	() complies with	() encourages activities
representation, the company:	interfere	OIT rules	and complies with OIT rules	interfere	OIT rules	and complies with OIT rules
Private pension plans are offered to:	() directors	() directors and managers	(x) all employees	() directors	() directors and managers	(x) all employees
The company's profit sharing plan is distributed to:	() directors	() directors and managers	(x) all employees	() directors	() directors and managers	(x) all employees
When selecting suppliers, the ethical, social and environmental responsibility standards adopted by the company:	() are not	() are suggested	(x) are	() are not	() are suggested	(x) are required
As regards the participation of employees in voluntary	() does not interfere	(x) gives support	() organizes and	() does not interfere	(x) gives support	() organizes and

work

programs, the encourages encourages company: participation participation

Total number of consumer s complaints

In company: At Procon: At court: 20,000

At court: 20,000

Prepare and make our employees aware, thus, reducing the number of complaints

and critics:

% of complaints and In company: At Procon: At court: In company: At Procon:

critics solved: 100% 100% 20.1% 100% 100% At court: 100%

Total added value to be distributed (in R\$

thousand): 1st Half of 2007: R\$10,173,800 1st Half of 2006: R\$8,527,251

33.9%

Distribution of added government 26.8% taxpayers government 29.7% taxpayers

value (DVA): 13.7% 13.5%

stockholders 25.6% withheld stockholders 23.2% withheld

7) Other information

The information contained in the Social Report was reviewed by PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores Independentes.

(1) Net Revenue (NR) is considered Gross Income from Financial N/D Not N/A Intermediation. N/D Not available Non-applicable.

^{*} The information above does not include funds invested by Fundação Bradesco (one of Bradesco s parent companies), which totaled R\$167.1 million in 2005 and R\$183.9 million in 2006.

7- Report of Independent Auditors

Independent Auditors' Report on the Limited Review of Supplementary Accounting Information presented in the Report on Economic and Financial Analysis and in the Statement of Social Responsibility

(A free translation from the original in Portuguese)

To the Board of Directors Banco Bradesco S.A.

- 1. In connection with our audits of the financial statements of Banco Bradesco S.A. and its subsidiaries (consolidated) as of June 30, 2007 and 2006, on which we expressed an unqualified opinion in our report dated August 3, 2007, we carried out a limited review of the supplementary accounting information presented in the Report on Economic and Financial Analysis and in the Statement of Social Responsibility. This supplementary information was prepared by the Bank s management and is presented to permit additional analysis and should not be considered as an integral part of the financial statements.
- 2. Our work was carried out in accordance with the specific standards established by the Institute of Independent Auditors of Brazil IBRACON, in conjunction with the Federal Accounting Council CFC, for purposes of our review of the supplementary accounting information described in paragraph one and mainly comprised: (a) inquiries of and discussions with management responsible for the accounting, financial and operating areas of the Bank and its subsidiaries with regard to the main criteria used for the preparation of this supplementary accounting information and (b) a review of the significant information and the subsequent events which have, or could have significant effects on the financial position and operations of the Bank and its subsidiaries.
- 3. Based on our limited review, we are not aware of any material modifications which should be made to the supplementary information referred to above in order that such information be fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole, referred to in paragraph one.
- 4. As described in Note 15, the goodwill on investments in associated and subsidiary companies was amortized in the second half of 2006.

São Paulo, August 3, 2007

Auditores Independentes CRC 2SP000160/O-5

Washington Luiz Pereira Cavalcanti Contador CRC 1SP172940/O-6

8 - Financial Statements, Independent Auditors' Report, Summary of the Audit Committee Report and Report of the Fiscal Council

Management Report

Dear Stockholders,

We are pleased to present the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banco Bradesco S.A., for the first half of 2007, pursuant to the Brazilian Corporate Law.

The Brazilian economy has shown unequivocal signs of growth. The stimulus given to families and companies to take risks increases as the basic interest rate has been constantly decreasing since September 2005. The inflation is expected to remain steady, lower than the government target. The private investment responds to the higher predictability and favorable dynamics of the domestic consumption market, enabling expectations for the loan volume increase. The positive assessment of markets in relation to the Brazilian economic principles makes Brazil Risk converges to the situation observed in countries already classified as investment grade, thus generating good perspectives for direct foreign investments.

At Bradesco Organization, among the material events of the period, the most outstanding ones were:

- on January 23,the execution of the commitment to transfer to Bradesco the stockholding control of Banco BMC S.A.and its subsidiaries.BMC is one of the largest private banks in payroll deductible loans. The operation reaffirms Bradesco s goals of strengthening its presence and operation in the country s consumer financing market. The acquisition process, approved by the Brazilian Central Bank in a session on 8.1.2007, will be ratified by the Companies Special Stockholders Meetings;
- on March 29, the start of the ATM Outplaced Terminals Sharing between Bradesco and Banco do Brasil, with the purpose of improving the coverage and efficiency of our services. At the end of the project, the Shared Network will rely on nearly 8,200 ATM outplaced terminals;
- on April 27, Moody s Investors Service raised Bradesco s Bank Financing Strength Rating (BFSR) from C- to B. This rating is the highest one granted to Brazilian banks in that category; and
- partnership in the Credit Card segment entered into with the company O Boticário, which operates in the cosmetics segment, comprising more than 2,400 stores throughout the country and abroad, for the launch of O Boticário Visa Credit Card; and a partnership entered into with Drogasil, a drugstore chain with more than 180 stores distributed in many Brazilian states, with the purpose of issuing and managing Drogasil Visa Credit Cards.

1. Income for the period

In the first half of 2007, Bradesco recorded a Net Income of R\$4.007 billion, equivalent to R\$2.00 per share, and an annualized profitability of 36.32%(*) on the average Stockholders Equity. The annualized return on Total Assets was 2.78% as compared to 2.71% in the same period of the previous year.

Due to the main activities carried out by Bradesco Organization, taxes and contributions in the period, including paid or accrued pension taxes and contributions, totaled R\$3.607 billion, equivalent to 90% of the Net Income.

The strict control of administrative expenses, together with the permanent effort to increase revenues, has contributed to the improvement in the last 12 months of the Operating Efficiency Ratio IEO, from 43.24% on June 30, 2006 to 41.95% on June 30, 2007.

Monthly and interim Interest on Own Capital and Dividends paid and provisioned to stockholders added up to R\$1.397 billion. Thus, for each stock, R\$0.731673 (R\$0.647204 net of withholding income tax) was attributed, including the additional of 10% for preferred stocks, and R\$0.665157 (R\$0.588367 net of withholding income tax) for common stocks.

2. Capital and Reserves

At the end of the first half of 2007, the paid-up Capital Stock was R\$18 billion. Added to Equity Reserves of R\$10.231 billion, it comprised the Stockholders Equity of R\$27.515 billion, with an evolution of 28.21% when compared to the same period of the previous year, corresponding to the equity value of R\$13.75 per stock.

The Managed Stockholders Equity corresponds to 9.49% of the consolidated Assets, which added up to R\$290.568 billion, a 24.74% increase over June/2006. Thus, the capital adequacy ratios reached 18.17% in the financial consolidated and 16.11% in the economic-financial consolidated, therefore higher than the minimum of 11% set forth by Resolution 2,099, as of 8.17.1994, of the National Monetary Council, in accordance with the Basel Committee. At the end of the first half of 2007, the fixed assets to stockholders' equity ratio, compared to the Consolidated Reference Stockholders Equity, was 47.43% in the financial consolidated and 8.49% in the economic-financial consolidated, thus placed within the maximum limit of 50%.

In compliance with the provisions in Article 8 of Circular 3,068, as of 11.8.2001, of the Brazilian Central Bank, Bradesco states that it has financial capacity and intention to hold to maturity the securities rated in the securities held to maturity category.

3. Funding and Asset Management

The funds raised and managed by Bradesco Organization recorded a growth of 22.69% when compared to the same period of the previous year, totaling R\$421.602 billion on June 30, distributed as follows:

- R\$136.357billion in Demand Deposits, Time Deposits, Interbank Deposits, Other Deposits, Open Market and Savings Accounts;
- R\$161.28 billion in assets under management, comprising Investment Funds, Managed Portfolios and Quotas of Third-Party Funds, a 17.17% growth compared to the same period in the previous year;
- R\$65.205 billion recorded in the Exchange Portfolio, Borrowings and Onlendings, Own Working Capital, Tax Payment and Collection and Related Taxes, Funds From Issuance of Securities, Subordinated Debt in the country and Other Fundings;
- R\$52.900 billion in Technical Provisions for Insurance, Supplementary Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans, with an increase of 20.37% when compared to the same period of the previous year;
- R\$5.859 billion in Foreign Funding, by means of public and private issuances, Subordinated Debt and Securitization of Future Financial Flows, representing US\$3.042 billion.

4. Loan Operations

At the end of the first half of 2007, the balance of consolidated loan operations totaled R\$108.191 billion, a 22.05% growth when compared to June 2006, including in this amount:

- R\$6.128 billion in Advances on Foreign Exchange Contracts, for a total Portfolio of US\$7.622 billion of Export Financing;
- US\$1.117billion in operations of Import Financing in Foreign Currencies;

R\$4.848 billion in Leasing;

R\$7.903 billion in businesses in the Rural Area;

R\$40.065billion in Consumer Financing;

R \$11.129illion related to onlending operations of external and internal funds, mainly coming from BNDES Brazilian Development Bank.

In the Real Estate Loan segment, the Organization allocated funds in the amount of R\$1.541 billion in the first half of 2007 for house construction and acquisition, corresponding to 13,121 properties.

The consolidated balance of allowance for doubtful accounts reached R\$7.033 billion, equivalent to 6.50% of the total volume of loan operations, with R\$1.110 billion of additional provision in relation to the minimum required by the Central Bank.

5. Capital Markets Operations

Bradesco, through Banco Bradesco BBI S.A. and to support the capitalization of companies, intermediated primary and secondary operations of stocks, debentures and promissory notes, as well as operations of Credit Right Investment Funds, which totaled, in the period, R\$12.635 billion, corresponding to 31.40% of the total volume of issuances registered at the CVM Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission. The Bank was also highlighted in Mergers and Acquisitions, Project Financing, Structured Operations and Treasury, taking care of the structuring, origination, distribution and asset management businesses, and clients financial flows and inventories.

6. Bradesco Customer Service Network

Bradesco Organization s Network, made available for clients and users, at the end of the first half of 2007, was comprised of 24,055 outlets, 24,498 machines of Bradesco Dia&Noite (Day&Night) ATM Network, 23,706 of them working even on weekends and holidays. In addition, more 3,504 machines of Banco24Horas (24-hour Bank) were made available for Bradesco clients for withdrawal operations, issuance of statements and balance consultation.

- 3,031 Branches in the Country (3,029 of Bradesco, 1 of Bradesco BBI and 1 of Banco Finasa);
- 3 Branches Overseas, 1 in New York, 1 in Grand Cayman and 1 in Nassau, in the Bahamas (Boavista);
- 5 Subsidiaries Overseas (Banco Bradesco Argentina S.A., in Buenos Aires, Banco Bradesco Luxembourg S.A., in Luxembourg, Bradesco Securities, Inc., in New York, Bradesco Services Co., Ltd., in Tokyo and Cidade Capital Markets Ltd., in Grand Cayman);
- 5,709 Banco Postal Branches; 9,699 Bradesco Expresso Outlets 2,645 Corporate Site Branches;
- 2,571 Outplaced Terminals of Bradesco Dia&Noite (Day&Night) ATM Network;
- Branches of Finasa Promotora de Vendas, a company present in 18,455 car dealers and 21,616 stores trading furniture and home décor, auto parts, information technology programs and IT equipment, home building material, tires, tourism and telephony, among others.

7. Grupo Bradesco de Seguros e Previdência

With a strong operation in the Insurance, Supplementary Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans areas, Grupo Bradesco de Seguros e Previdência recorded on June 30 a Net Income of R\$1.225 billion and Stockholders Equity of

R\$8.449 billion. Net premiums issued recorded R\$9.871 billion, with a 15.28% growth compared to the same period of the previous year.

8. Corporate Governance

The adoption of the best Corporate Governance practices has enabled Bradesco Organization to improve the relationship with stockholders and other interested parties (stakeholders), as well as strengthen its performance in all operation segments.

To date, we have adopted many initiatives, such as: the monthly payment of dividends and/or interest on own capital; listing in the Level 1 of Corporate Governance of Bovespa; 100% Tag Along for common stocks and 80% for preferred stocks; Corporate Code of Ethics; Codes of Ethics for the Accounting and Financial Management Areas and for Units Involved in Third-party Funds Management and in Provision of Custody and Controllership Services; creation of Statutory Committees of Audit, Ethical Conduct, Internal Controls and Compliance and Compensation, as well as Executive Committees of Corporate Governance, Disclosure, Social-environmental Responsibility and Expenses Evaluation, among others; transparency in information disclosure to the market in three languages (Portuguese, English and Spanish); presence of 2 independent members of the Board of Directors; since Bradesco has its stocks traded in Foreign Stock Exchanges, it prepares its financial statements according to the US GAAP, North American accounting practices; and accurate definition of the attributions of each Administrative Body.

With the intention to reaffirm the permanent commitment to strengthen the Organization and, consequently, contribute to its continuity, Bradesco Organization s Board of Directors approved the Corporate Governance Policy, as well as the Policies of Disclosure of Material Act or Fact and Trading of Securities, Internal Controls and Compliance, Corporate Social-environmental Responsibility, Human Resources Management, Information Security and Operational Risk Management.

In March 2007, the IT Governance Area was created, with the purpose of harmonizing the IT Management processes, towards the achievement of goals and real needs of the businesses resulting from strategic decisions.

The Bank has the specific Corporate Governance rating with classification AA (Great Practices), showing the Organization s commitment to its stockholders, clients, investors, employees and the general public, highlighting the different aspects of solidity, transparency, liquidity and social-environmental responsibility.

In the period, it is worth mentioning that Bradesco Organization, in compliance with Instruction 381, issued by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission, did not contract or had services rendered by PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores Independentes unrelated to the independent audit in levels higher than 5% of total costs thereof. The policy adopted complies with the principles preserving the auditor s independence, pursuant to the internationally accepted criteria, such as: the auditor shall neither audit his own work, nor perform management duties with his client or promote his interests.

The Annual Stockholders Meeting as of March 12 resolved to maintain the Fiscal Council, composed of 3 sitting members and 3 deputy members, with a term of office until 2008, being 1 sitting member and deputy chosen amongst preferred stockholders.

8.1 Internal Controls and Compliance

The Internal Controls and Compliance System adopted by Bradesco Organization is an important instrument of risk management and Corporate Governance.

More generally, it is a structured project comprising the Board of Directors, its advisory Committees, the Board of Executive Officers, Managements and all Organization s employees, with the purpose of allowing a safer, more adequate and efficient conduct of business aligned with regulations set forth by the National Monetary Council.

The Organization continuously revaluates the flows of its processes and systems and, at the same time, has regularly performed adherence tests to assess the effectiveness of existing controls, involving the Areas, the Internal Controls and Compliance and Audit Committees, with a summarized report to the Board of Directors. The work is structured based on the main control framework, such as COSO Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway

Commission and COBIT Control Objectives for Information and Related Technology, which comprise Business and Technology aspects, respectively, as well as PCAOB Public Company Accounting Oversight Board. It also fully complies with Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Since Bradesco has ADRs American Depositary Receipts traded on the New York Stock Exchange and is classified in the foreign issuer category, it filed in the Securities and Exchange Commission SEC, in June 2007, the form 20-F, which has as one of its purposes to record the certification and efficiency of internal controls adopted by the Organization, as well as ensure the veracity of accounting, economic and financial information for the previous fiscal year, in compliance with Section 404 requirements of Sarbanes-Oxley Act. The certifications were issued by PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores Independentes and by the Chief Executive Officer CEO and Chief Financial Officer CFO of the Bank. The internal controls of Bradesco Organization were proved effective in December 31, 2006.

Money Laundering Prevention

The Bank counts on a program to avoid and fight against the use of its products and services in the money laundering arising from illegal activities, including those related to corruption and terrorism cases. Therefore, it has specific policies, processes and systems to control and prevent money laundering.

The participation of the Senior Management in the Executive Committee of Money Laundering Prevention and Detection ensures the alignment between the different areas and activities of the Organization, meeting every quarter to evaluate the works and the adoption of measures necessary to maintain it in compliance with the best international

practices related to the prevention and fight against money laundering and terrorism financing.

The Know your Client and Know your Employee policies, the substantial investments in training, processes and control systems and operation monitoring allow the appropriate identification of unusual situations which, after being analyzed by an specialized team, are sent to the aforementioned Committee in order to decide whether the cases shall be submitted to competent authorities, regardless

the operation has been carried out or not. The business units have autonomy to refuse businesses and operations considered suspicious or unusual, and the unusual business proposal is refused and reported to this Committee.

Information Security

The Information Security is basically constituted by a set of controls, including polices, processes, organizational structures and security rules and procedures. It aims at protecting information of clients and Organization, in the confidentiality, integrity and availability aspects.

Bradesco Organization established the Information Security Corporate Policy, which may be found at our website www.bradesco.com.br, and maintains a formal infrastructure, with the purpose of promoting the corporate management of Information Security, providing effective protection to Information Assets. The Information Security Corporate Policy comprises Privacy Directives, voluntarily established by Bradesco Organization, with the purpose of protecting data privacy of clients, reflecting the Organization s values and reaffirming its commitment to the continuous improvement of the efficiency of the Data Protection process.

With the purpose of preserving total compliance with these procedures, constant training programs are carried out, as well as awareness of employees and reviews of policies.

8.2 Policies of Transparency and Disclosure of Information

In its relationship with investors and the market in general, 75 internal and external meetings with analysts were promoted in the period, 17 conference calls, 6 presentations to APIMEC Association of the Capital Markets Investment Analysts and Professionals and 8 events abroad, besides quarterly release of Report on Economic and Financial Analysis, a detailed collection of information most requested by specialized readers. Bradesco also took part in the Meeting with the Investor , promoted by INI Brazilian Institute of Investors, answering the questions of individuals investors.

At the website www.bradesco.com.br, Investor Relations Section, you can access information related to Bradesco Organization, for instance, its profile, history, ownership structure, management reports, financial results, last acquisitions, meetings at the APIMECs, in addition to other information about the financial market, in the Portuguese, English and Spanish versions.

The Bank monthly distributes a newsletter called Cliente Sempre em Dia (Updated News for the Client), with circulation of 700 thousand copies; quarterly, Acionista Sempre em Dia (Updated News for the Stockholder), with 35 thousand copies, Revista Bradesco (Bradesco Magazine), with 26 thousand copies and Revista Bradesco Rural (Bradesco Rural Magazine), with 5 thousand copies, all of them targeting external readers. Annually it publishes the Management and the Sustainability Reports.

9. Risk Management

Directly subordinated to an Executive Officer and to the CEO of the Bank and carried out independently, the risk management involves an integrated set of controls and processes, comprising credit risk, market risk and operational risk. By principle, the Organization adopts a conservative policy in terms of exposure to risks, and the guidelines and limits are defined by the Senior Management.

9.1. Credit Risk

The Credit Risk management in the Organization, aligned with the best practices, always recognizing the Brazilian market situation, is a continuous and evolutionary process of mapping, assessment and diagnosis of models, instruments, policies and procedures in force, requiring a high level of discipline and control in the analyses of

operations, preserving the integrity and independence of processes. It also aims to comply with the requirements proposed in the New Basel Accord.

9.2 Market Risk

Based on methodologies and models aligned with the best practices of the domestic and foreign markets, the market risk is carefully followed, assessed and managed, also complying with the recommendations and rules of the regulatory bodies. The market risk management policy is conservative, and the VaR (Value at Risk) limits are defined by the Senior Management and daily monitored, in an independent way.

9.3 Operational Risk Management

Bradesco Organization considers the Operational Risk Management activity essential for the generation of value added, and its success is based on the dissemination of culture, tools availability, disclosure of policies and implementation of corporate methodologies. These assumptions allow the improvement of internal processes, as well as the support to the business areas, with the purpose of improving the operational efficiency and decreasing the capital commitment.

With a continuous work to be aligned with the best market practices in the operational risk management, Bradesco is ready to meet the guidance of the New Basel Capital Accord, pursuant to the schedule established by the Brazilian Central Bank. The Organization s goal is to reach a qualification for the Capital Allocation Model by the Advanced Internal Measuring Approach (AMA), as the adoption of this method will provide lower capital allocation.

It is also worth pointing out that a new corporate systemic platform is under development, which will integrate in a single database the information of Operational Risk and Internal Controls, comprising inclusively the requirements set forth by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

10.Bradesco Organization s Social-environmental Action

10.1 Social-environmental Responsibility

The social-environmental issue and its impacts on the economic development of the country play an important role in Bradesco s strategic planning. The Bank adopted the reviewed version of the Equator Principles, ratifying the commitment of evaluating all project financing with amount equal or higher than US\$10 million. It was the first Bank to launch a measurement program of its direct and indirect participation in the emission of carbon dioxide (CO²) in the atmosphere, with the purpose of neutralizing this production, and among its consumption materials, it also started using recycled paper to make checkbooks and printed matters with the same safety, quality and reliability already seen by all the market. Currently, around 90% of the paper consumed is recycled.

In this line, and reinsuring the commitment to transparency and accountability concerning its practices, Bradesco started to adopt, in 2006, the guidelines of the Global Reporting Initiative GRI in its Sustainability and Annual Reports.

It is worth pointing out that Bradesco is the first financial institution of the Americas to receive SA 8000® Rule, a certification granted by Social Accountability International SAI, which evaluates the adoption of good social responsibility practices, such as respect to human rights, child rights and the main labor rights, in addition to a safe and healthy work environment.

With the purpose of disseminating the social-environmental responsibility practices, Bradesco has been carrying out, within the scope of its relationships, meetings with suppliers of products and services it consumes, of the most different segments, aiming at the diffusion and awareness about the vital importance of this matter.

At the Bank's Social-environmental Responsibility website, www.bradesco.com.br/rsa, the Social-environmental Responsibility Corporate Policy is made available, defining the guidelines about the theme, increasing the visibility of the Organization's actions towards sustainable development.

10.2 Fundação Bradesco

In the social area, the Organization is mainly focused on the educational and assistance work developed for more than 50 years by Fundação Bradesco, aimed at the education of low-income children, youngsters and adults. Through its own 40 schools set up in all Brazilian States and in the Federal District, Fundação Bradesco has already graduated and

qualified more than 662 thousand students in Elementary School, High School Technical Professional Courses, Adult and Youngster Education Courses, and Initial and Continuing Education of Workers, in the country s largest private program for investment in social education. This year, with a planned budget of R\$189.851 million, Fundação Bradesco will provide free quality education to more than 108 thousand students, of whom over 50 thousand are elementary students and will also receive free food, medical and dental assistance, uniforms and school supplies.

10.3 Finasa Sports Program

Finasa Sports Program, promoted by Bradesco Organization, has as main purpose the development of children and adolescents by means of activities such as sports, education actions, health and well-being. It is one more demonstration of support of the Organization towards citizenship and social inclusion.

Structured in 52 volleyball and basketball training centers at Fundação Bradesco in Osasco, SP, and in local schools and sports centers in the city, it currently assists 3,000 girls from 9 to 18 years of age.

11. Human Resources

Bradesco Organization, recognizing in the value of performance and in the achieving potential of people the sustenance basis of its businesses, encourages the professional improvement of its staff, by means of training programs, aiming at their qualification to always provide clients an assistance of excellence, in addition to ensuring growth opportunity and professional development. Thus, in the first half of 2007, 1,028 courses were conducted, with 462,225 participations.

It is also worth pointing out that the assistance benefits aimed at the improvement of the quality of life, well being and safety of the employees and their dependents comprised 175,633 lives on June 30.

These are facts that consolidate the Management Policy of Human Resources as one of the priorities of the Organization.

12. Recognitions

Ranking In the first half of 2007, we can highlight:

- Latin America s most valuable brand in the financial sector, in the ranking prepared by the consulting firm Brand Finance and disclosed by América Economia magazine;
- Brazil s most valuable brand, by the second consecutive year, in the ranking of Dinheiro/ BrandAnalytics. Bradesco Brand reached the value of US\$3.710 billion, 49% more than the one recorded in the previous period;
- The Brazilian financial institution with the best placement in the ranking of Fortune magazine, reaching the 224th place in the general classification of the 500 largest companies of the world.

Rating In the period, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Rating increased the risk rating in foreign currency of the Bank, placing it in the investment grade category.

13. Acknowledgments

All these facts shows Bradesco s commitment to always offer high standard products and services. For the achievements and advances reached, we wish to thank our stockholders and clients for their support and trust and our employees for their dedicated and efficient work.

Cidade de Deus, August 3, 2007. **Board of Directors and Board of Executive Officers**

(*) It does not consider the mark-to-market effect of Securities Available for Sale recorded in the Stockholders Equity.

(A free translation from the original in Portuguese)

Consolidated Balance Sheet R\$ thousand

	200	2006	
Assets	June	March	June
Current assets	226,260,443	224,020,139	179,631,456
Funds available (Note 6)	4,915,684	4,243,926	3,161,288
Interbank investments (Notes 3b and 7)	26,764,922	31,036,284	27,094,311
Investments in federal funds purchased and securities sold under			
agreements to repurchase	22,968,129	26,091,028	22,191,566
Interbank deposits	3,796,898	4,945,372	4,902,818
Allowance for losses	(105)	(116)	(73)
Securities and derivative financial instruments (Notes 3c, 3d,			
8 and 32b)	89,682,980	85,476,758	57,596,911
Own portfolio	71,854,299	69,411,110	55,189,516
Subject to repurchase agreements	7,823,704	8,208,182	224,671
Derivative financial instruments	1,982,501	819,772	477,785
Restricted deposits Brazilian Central Bank	5,279,051	5,022,477	681,478
Subject to collateral provided	2,741,169	2,013,010	1,023,461
Securities purpose of unrestricted purchase and sale			
commitments	2,256	2,207	
Interbank accounts	19,714,577	19,166,315	17,660,635
Unsettled receipts and payments	394,194	568,738	649,614
Restricted credits: (Note 9)	·		
Restricted deposits Brazilian Central Bank	19,277,486	18,544,346	16,948,478
National treasury rural credit	578	578	578
SFH	9,793	6,585	9,433
Interbank onlendings	2,940	3,131	,
Correspondent banks	29,586	42,937	52,532
Interdepartmental accounts	138,761	72,984	160,420
Internal transfer of funds	138,761	72,984	160,420
Loan operations (Notes 3e, 10 and 32b)	57,272,937	55,249,979	49,459,243
Loan operations:	, ,	, ,	
Public sector	64,870	77,381	201,031
Private sector	62,128,091	59,892,881	53,320,302
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Notes 3e, 10f, 10g and 10h)	(4,920,024)	(4,720,283)	(4,062,090)
Leasing operations (Notes 2, 3e, 10 and 32b)	2,144,310	1,892,563	1,483,979
Leasing receivables:			
Public sector	31,212	50,802	40,527
Private sector	4,033,882	3,622,250	2,936,284
Leasing receivables	(1,833,416)	(1,697,415)	(1,431,106)
Provision for leasing losses (Notes 3e, 10f, 10g and 10h)	(87,368)	(83,074)	(61,726)
Other receivables	24,208,600	25,551,218	21,821,491
Receivables on sureties and guarantees honored (Note 10a-2)	1,055	2,054	15
Foreign exchange portfolio (Note 11a)	12,047,077	13,620,180	10,123,315
Receivables	204,707	206,353	174,639
Negotiation and intermediation of amounts	151,994	498,939	1,629,657
Insurance premiums receivable	1,240,568	1,093,530	1,123,600

Sundry (Note 11b)	10,642,064	10,223,800	8,901,473
Allowance for other doubtful accounts (Notes 3e, 10f, 10g and			
10h)	(78,865)	(93,638)	(131,208)
Other assets (Note 12)	1,417,672	1,330,112	1,193,178
Other assets	366,972	381,913	386,611
Provision for devaluations	(181,473)	(188,520)	(190,327)
Prepaid Expenses (Note 3g and 12b)	1,232,173	1,136,719	996,894
Long-term receivables	60,809,545	54,366,773	47,525,221
Interbank investments (Notes 3b and 7)	629,360	564,972	475,085
Investments in federal funds purchased and securities sold under			
agreements to repurchase	48,633		8,167
Interbank deposits	580,727	564,972	466,918
Securities and derivative financial instruments (Notes 3c, 3d,			
8 and 32b)	13,894,407	12,056,872	12,785,237

	2007	2006	
Assets	June	March	June
Own portfolio	8,300,016	8,156,984	9,314,152
Subject to repurchase agreements	3,032,212	1,735,107	1,393,101
Derivative financial instruments	459,596	205,487	17,661
Restricted deposits Brazilian Central Bank	1,049,011	1,846,509	657,612
Privatization currencies	89,729	80,100	69,985
Subject to collateral provided	963,843	32,685	1,332,726
Interbank accounts	403,446	401,057	390,869
Restricted credits: (Note 9)	,	•	
SFH	403,446	401,057	390,869
Loan operations (Notes 3e, 10 and 32b)	32,735,751	29,247,872	24,171,593
Loan operations:			
Public sector	786,274	741,341	702,976
Private sector	33,789,728	30,286,068	24,969,308
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Notes 3e, 10f, 10g and 10h)	(1,840,251)	(1,779,537)	(1,500,691)
Leasing operations (Notes 2, 3e, 10 and 32b)	2,518,251	2,045,399	1,563,317
Leasing receivables:			
Public sector	108,044	95,258	118,140
Private sector	4,602,352	3,906,087	3,110,423
Unearned income from leasing	(2,094,024)	(1,863,372)	(1,596,524)
Allowance for leasing losses (Notes 3e, 10f, 10g and 10h)	(98,121)	(92,574)	(68,722)
Other assets	9,913,635	9,377,486	7,587,056
Receivables	1,727	1,493	1,623
Negotiation and intermediation of amounts	361,751	252,528	64,702
Sundry (Note 11b)	9,558,032	9,129,244	7,529,492
Allowance for other doubtful accounts (Notes 3e, 10f, 10g and			
10h)	(7,875)	(5,779)	(8,761)
Other assets (Note 12)	714,695	673,115	552,064
Other assets	7,956	7,959	8,153
Provision for devaluations	(1,043)	(1,043)	(1,547)
Prepaid expenses (Note 3g and 12b)	707,782	666,199	545,458
Permanent assets	3,498,204	3,557,375	5,778,429
Investments (Notes 3h, 13 and 32b)	585,130	661,698	1,044,832
Ownership in affiliated companies:			
Local	426,954	410,413	430,923
Other investments	518,256	610,409	1,014,284
Allowance for losses	(360,080)	(359,124)	(400,375)
Property, plant and equipment in use (Notes 3i and 14)	2,187,522	2,215,976	2,075,400
Buildings in use	1,046,863	1,061,150	1,104,263
Other property, plant and equipment in use	4,149,052	4,239,812	3,939,088
Accumulated depreciation	(3,008,393)	(3,084,986)	(2,967,951)
Leased assets (Note 14)	28,162	17,864	15,911
Leased assets	40,468	28,561	31,872
Accumulated depreciation	(12,306)	(10,697)	(15,961)
Deferred charges (Notes 2, 3j and 15)	697,390	661,837	2,642,286
Organization and expansion costs	1,682,630	1,612,739	1,471,572
Accumulated amortization	(985,240)	(950,902)	(883,907)
			2,054,621

Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries, net of amortization (Note 15a)

Total 290,568,192 281,944,287 232,935,106

The Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

Liabilities June March June Current liabilities 176,484,612 175,057,686 135,925,698 Deposits (Notes 3k and 16a) 60,920,925 61,807,134 54,965,814 Demand deposits 21,019,183 20,115,520 16,645,884 Savings deposits 28,405,401 27,608,759 24,834,740 Interbank deposits (Note 32b) 10,679,982 13,331,940 13,044,998 Other deposits (Note 32b) 10,679,982 13,331,940 13,044,998 Other deposits repurchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase 35,828,113 33,729,568 17,511,529 Own portfolio 14,425,417 12,180,278 2,392,521 Third-party portfolio 19,350,502 20,077,321 14,541,625 Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Deposits (Notes 3k and 16a)60,920,92561,807,13454,965,814Demand deposits21,019,18320,115,52016,645,884Savings deposits28,405,40127,608,75924,834,740Interbank deposits230,980157,625162,763Time deposits (Note 32b)10,679,98213,331,94013,044,998Other deposits585,379593,290277,429Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase817,511,529(Notes 3k and 16b)35,828,11333,729,56817,511,529Own portfolio14,425,41712,180,2782,392,521Third-party portfolio19,350,50220,077,32114,541,625Unrestricted portfolio2,052,1941,471,969577,383Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b)2,346,7652,051,6281,830,993Exchange acceptances1,907
Deposits (Notes 3k and 16a)60,920,92561,807,13454,965,814Demand deposits21,019,18320,115,52016,645,884Savings deposits28,405,40127,608,75924,834,740Interbank deposits230,980157,625162,763Time deposits (Note 32b)10,679,98213,331,94013,044,998Other deposits585,379593,290277,429Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase817,511,529(Notes 3k and 16b)35,828,11333,729,56817,511,529Own portfolio14,425,41712,180,2782,392,521Third-party portfolio19,350,50220,077,32114,541,625Unrestricted portfolio2,052,1941,471,969577,383Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b)2,346,7652,051,6281,830,993Exchange acceptances1,907
Savings deposits 28,405,401 27,608,759 24,834,740 Interbank deposits 230,980 157,625 162,763 Time deposits (Note 32b) 10,679,982 13,331,940 13,044,998 Other deposits 585,379 593,290 277,429 Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Notes 3k and 16b) 35,828,113 33,729,568 17,511,529 Own portfolio 14,425,417 12,180,278 2,392,521 Third-party portfolio 19,350,502 20,077,321 14,541,625 Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Savings deposits 28,405,401 27,608,759 24,834,740 Interbank deposits 230,980 157,625 162,763 Time deposits (Note 32b) 10,679,982 13,331,940 13,044,998 Other deposits 585,379 593,290 277,429 Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Notes 3k and 16b) 35,828,113 33,729,568 17,511,529 Own portfolio 14,425,417 12,180,278 2,392,521 Third-party portfolio 19,350,502 20,077,321 14,541,625 Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Time deposits (Note 32b) 10,679,982 13,331,940 13,044,998 Other deposits 585,379 593,290 277,429 Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Notes 3k and 16b) 35,828,113 33,729,568 17,511,529 Own portfolio 14,425,417 12,180,278 2,392,521 Third-party portfolio 19,350,502 20,077,321 14,541,625 Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Other deposits 585,379 593,290 277,429 Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Notes 3k and 16b) 35,828,113 33,729,568 17,511,529 Own portfolio 14,425,417 12,180,278 2,392,521 Third-party portfolio 19,350,502 20,077,321 14,541,625 Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Notes 3k and 16b) 35,828,113 33,729,568 17,511,529 Own portfolio 14,425,417 12,180,278 2,392,521 Third-party portfolio 19,350,502 20,077,321 14,541,625 Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
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(Notes 3k and 16b) 35,828,113 33,729,568 17,511,529 Own portfolio 14,425,417 12,180,278 2,392,521 Third-party portfolio 19,350,502 20,077,321 14,541,625 Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Own portfolio 14,425,417 12,180,278 2,392,521 Third-party portfolio 19,350,502 20,077,321 14,541,625 Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Third-party portfolio 19,350,502 20,077,321 14,541,625 Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Unrestricted portfolio 2,052,194 1,471,969 577,383 Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b) 2,346,765 2,051,628 1,830,993 Exchange acceptances 1,907
Exchange acceptances 1,907
Mortgage notes 871,072 876,212 838,006
Debentures 49,154 131,533 62,959
Securities issued abroad 1,424,632 1,043,883 930,028
Interbank accounts 164,646 181,618 192,729
Correspondent banks 164,646 181,618 192,729
Interdepartmental accounts 1,761,699 1,768,224 1,769,833
Third-party funds in transit 1,761,699 1,768,224 1,769,833
Borrowings (Notes 17a and 32b) 6,273,999 6,707,311 5,142,662
Local borrowings official institutions 211 334 320
Local borrowings other institutions 349 345 21,700
Borrowings abroad 6,273,439 6,706,632 5,120,642
Local onlendings official institutions (Notes 17b and 32b) 5,417,227 5,251,834 3,891,582
National treasury 33,550 79,705 17,535
BNDES 3,094,530 2,975,199 1,835,986
CEF 12,264 10,850 9,368
Finame 2,276,222 2,185,270 2,027,855
Other institutions 661 810 838
Foreign onlendings (Notes 17b and 32b) 5,513 10,045 182
Foreign onlendings 5,513 10,045 182
Derivative financial instruments (Notes 3d and 32) 1,987,392 815,447 394,764
Derivative financial instruments 1,987,392 815,447 394,764
Technical Provision for insurance, private pension plans and
certificated savings plans
(Notes 3l and 21) 40,000,201 39,964,734 31,874,874
Other liabilities 21,778,132 22,770,143 18,350,736
Collection and collection of taxes and other contributions 1,566,436 1,994,968 1,413,591
Foreign exchange portfolio (Note 11a) 6,405,313 8,416,047 4,678,807
Social and statutory payables 1,311,757 634,250 1,105,747
Fiscal and social security (Note 20a) 2,346,141 2,001,568 2,115,936
Negotiation and intermediation of amounts 142,051 378,536 1,650,679
Financial and development funds 1,137 1,235 1,618
Subordinated debts (Notes 19 and 32b) 55,113 107,294 63,492

Sundry (Note 20b)	9,950,184	9,236,245	7,320,866
Long-term liabilities	86,333,196	80,633,005	75,335,389
Deposits (Notes 3k and 16a)	21,679,693	22,354,762	23,390,007
Time deposits (Note 32b)	21,679,693	22,354,762	23,390,007

T !- L!!!4!	200	2006	
Liabilities	June	March	June
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under			
agreements to repurchase			
(Notes 3k and 16b)	17,927,833	17,171,854	11,746,125
Own portfolio	17,927,833	17,171,854	11,746,125
Funds from issuance of securities (Notes 16c and 32b)	4,298,383	3,827,310	4,370,047
Exchange acceptances	5,020	2 002	7.007
Mortgage notes	4,082	2,902	7,227
Debentures	2,552,100	2,552,100	2,552,100
Securities issued abroad	1,737,181	1,272,308	1,810,720
Borrowings (Notes 17a and 32b)	265,969	250,043	359,365
Local borrowings official institutions	405	362	614
Borrowings abroad	265,564	249,681	358,751
Local onlendings official institutions (Notes 17b and 32b)	7,202,307	6,415,304	6,091,661
BNDES	2,923,731	2,348,103	2,839,220
CEF	71,987	62,853	55,382
Finame	4,205,641	4,003,371	3,195,498
Other institutions	948	977	1,561
Derivative financial instruments (Notes 3d and 32)	136,796	40,084	1,780
Derivative financial instruments	136,796	40,084	1,780
Technical Provision for insurance, private pension plans and			
certificated savings plans	12 000 212	10 (07 7/7	12.071.664
(Notes 3l and 21)	12,899,313	10,687,767	12,071,664
Other liabilities	21,922,902	19,885,881	17,304,740
Social and statutory	138	6 202 057	5 110 724
Fiscal and social security (Note 20a)	7,278,559	6,393,057	5,119,734
Negotiation and intermediation of amounts	7,258 13,147,870	17,417	10 920 720
Subordinated debts (Notes 19 and 32b) Sundry (Note 20b)	* *	12,039,661	10,839,720
Future taxable income	1,489,077 173,303	1,435,746 163,978	1,345,286 158,274
	•	163,978	•
Future taxable income Minority interest in subsidiaries (Note 22)	173,303 62,557	60,963	158,274 55,055
Stockholders' equity (Note 23)	27,514,524	26,028,655	21,460,690
Capital:	27,314,324	20,020,033	21,400,090
Local residents	16,756,490	16,691,642	11,991,527
Foreign residents	1,243,510	1,308,358	1,008,473
Capital reserves	55,459	55,178	36,456
Profit reserves	7,596,750	6,091,423	7,877,422
Mark-to-market adjustment TVM and derivatives	1,937,589	1,948,731	585,572
Treasury stock (Notes 23e and 32b)	(75,274)	(66,677)	(38,760)
Stockholders' equity managed by parent company	27,577,081	26,089,618	21,515,745
Total	290,568,192	281,944,287	232,935,106

The Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

(A free translation from the original in Portuguese)

Consolidated Statement of Income R\$ thousand

			2006	
	2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1 st Half	1 st Half
Revenues from financial intermediation	10,531,395	9,525,111	20,056,506	18,770,521
Loan operations (Note 10j)	4,994,278	4,936,359	9,930,637	9,684,280
Leasing operations (Note 10j)	192,700	191,817	384,517	285,372
Operations with securities (Note 8f)	1,779,613	1,481,724	3,261,337	2,580,223
Financial income on insurance, private pension				
plans and certificated savings				
plans (Note 8f)	2,001,085	1,685,144	3,686,229	3,455,379
Derivative financial instruments (Note 8f)	1,105,847	764,642	1,870,489	1,624,110
Foreign exchange transactions (Note 11a)	143,305	149,264	292,569	464,039
Compulsory deposits (Note 9b)	314,567	316,161	630,728	677,118
Expenses from financial intermediation	5,516,782	5,454,164	10,970,946	10,604,017
Market funding operations (Note 16e)	2,731,654	2,884,640	5,616,294	5,552,770
Price-level restatement and interest on	,,	, ,	-,, -	- , ,
technical provisions for insurance,				
private pension plans and certificated savings				
plans (Note 16e)	1,096,964	1,043,589	2,140,553	1,958,429
Borrowings and onlendings (Note 17c)	341,203	364,583	705,786	1,034,537
Leasing operations (Note 10j)	2,997	1,691	4,688	3,853
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Notes 3e,	_,-,	-,	,,,,,	2,022
10g and 10h)	1,343,964	1,159,661	2,503,625	2,054,428
	-,,	-,,,	_,, ,,,	_,,,,,,_,
Gross income from financial intermediation	5,014,613	4,070,947	9,085,560	8,166,504
Other operating income (expenses)	(2,243,503)	(1,604,525)	(3,848,028)	(3,578,969)
Fee and commission income (Note 24)	2,608,536	2,559,188	5,167,724	4,131,283
Insurance, private pension plans and				
certificated savings plans retained				
premiums (Notes 31 and 21d)	3,842,668	3,605,971	7,448,639	6,745,640
Net premiums issued	5,054,748	4,801,108	9,855,856	8,645,715
Reinsurance premiums and redeemed	, ,			, ,
premiums	(1,212,080)	(1,195,137)	(2,407,217)	(1,900,075)
Variation in technical provisions for insurance,	, , , ,	, , , ,	. , , ,	, , , ,
private pension plans and				
certificated savings plans (Note 31)	(1,097,267)	(663,215)	(1,760,482)	(1,044,904)
Retained claims (Note 31)	(1,503,530)	(1,427,886)	(2,931,416)	(2,985,398)
Certificated savings plans draws and	, , ,	, , , ,	, , , ,	, , , ,
redemptions (Note 31)	(352,506)	(301,043)	(653,549)	(572,697)
Insurance, private pension plans and	, ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,
certificated savings plans selling				
expenses (Note 31)	(261,961)	(259,833)	(521,794)	(494,145)
Private pension plans benefits and redemptions	(-) - /	(- ,)	, , , , ,	(, -)
expenses (Note 31)	(512,070)	(712,564)	(1,224,634)	(1,293,554)
Personnel expenses (Note 25)	(1,649,408)	(1,459,826)	(3,109,234)	(2,887,674)
(1.000 2 0)	(1,01),100)	(1,107,020)	(2,20,201)	(=,007,071)

Other administrative expenses (Note 26)	(1,644,146)	(1,539,500)	(3,183,646)	(2,691,799)
Tax expenses (Note 27)	(619,023)	(611,904)	(1,230,927)	(1,077,572)
Equity in the earnings of affiliated companies				
(Note 13c)	4,505	11,589	16,094	34,480
Other operating income (Note 28)	298,938	337,274	636,212	570,866
Other operating expenses (Note 29)	(1,176,765)	(1,142,776)	(2,319,541)	(2,013,495)
Full goodwill amortization (Note 15a)	(181,474)		(181,474)	
Operating income	2,771,110	2,466,422	5,237,532	4,587,535
Non-operating income (Note 30)	603,338	(2,714)	600,624	(20,496)
Income before taxes on profit and interest	3,374,448	2,463,708	5,838,156	4,567,039
Taxes on income (Notes 34a and 34b)	(1,071,693)	(755,324)	(1,827,017)	(1,429,620)
Minority interest in subsidiaries	(1,450)	(3,067)	(4,517)	(5,034)
Net income	2,301,305	1,705,317	4,006,622	3,132,385

The Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Financial Position R\$ thousand

(A free translation from theoriginal in Portuguese)

	Restated Paid-up Capital	Capital Reserves Profit Reserves		ofit Reserves Mark-to-Market Adjust TVM and Derivatives		TVM		
Events	Capital Stock	Tax Incentives from Income Tax	Other	Legal	Statutory	Own	Affiliated and Subsidiary Companies	Treasury Stocks
Balances as of 12.31.2005	13,000,000	2,103	33,929	1,034,889	4,860,325	(71,097)	579,056	(29,931)
Restatement of exchange membership certificates Acquisition of treasury stocks Cancellation of treasury stocks Mark-to-market adjustment securities available for sale Net income Allocations: Reserves Interest on own capital			424	156,620	(2,577) 1,828,165	(36,974)	114,587	(11,406) 2,577
Balances as of 6.30.2006	13,000,000	2,103	34,353	1,191,509	6,685,913	(108,071)	693,643	(38,760)
Balances as of 12.31.2006	14,200,000	2,103	52,902	1,287,592	7,499,514	12,762	1,631,899	(50,410)
Capital increase with reserves Restatement of exchange	3,800,000		173		(3,800,000)			

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membership certificates Acquisition of treasury stocks Mark-to-market adjustment securities available for sale Net income Allocations: Reserves				85,266	1,019,051	3,971	300,099	(16,267)
Interest on own capital								
Balances as of 3.31.2007	18,000,000	2,103	53,075	1,372,858	4,718,565	16,733	1,931,998	(66,677)
Balances as of 12.31.2006	14,200,000	2,103	52,902	1,287,592	7,499,514	12,762	1,631,899	(50,410)
Capital increase with reserves Restatement of exchange membership certificates	3,800,000		454		(3,800,000)			
Acquisition of treasury stocks Mark-to-market adjustment securities available for			434					(24,864)
sale Net income Allocations: Reserves				200,331	2,409,313	(22,872)	315,800	
Interest on own capital								
Proposed dividends								
Balances as of	10.000.000	2 402	5 2 25 5	1 405 000	< 100 0 2	(40.440)	1.04= <00	

2,103 53,356 1,487,923 6,108,827 (10,110)

The Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

6.30.2007

18,000,000

(75,274)

1,947,699

	2007			2006
	2 nd Quarter	1 st Quarter	1 st Half	1 st Half
Financial resources were provided by Net income	16,824,688 2,301,305	17,977,825 1,705,317	29,155,551 4,006,622	27,511,497 3,132,385
Adjustments to net income	328,320	138,263	466,583	674,568
Depreciation and amortization	133,500	132,818	266,318	222,521
Goodwill amortization	181,474	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	181,474	433,502
Provision (reversal) for interbank investment losses and	,		,	•
investments	945	233	1,178	50,451
Equity in the earnings of affiliated companies	(4,505)	(11,589)	(16,094)	(34,480)
Other	16,906	16,801	33,707	2,574
Change in future taxable income	9,325	(16,482)	(7,157)	106,142
Change in minority interest	1,594	3,523	5,117	(3,004)
Mark-to-market adjustment securities available for				
sale	(11,142)	304,070	292,928	77,613
Third parties' funds provided by:				
Increase in liabilities sub-items	8,711,818	15,475,067	23,913,230	23,292,379
Deposits		256,683		2,950,179
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under				
agreements to repurchase	2,854,524	3,225,989	6,080,513	4,618,770
Funds from issuance of securities	766,210	242,659	1,008,869	
Interbank accounts		175,804	158,832	53,536
Borrowings and onlendings	530,478	1,215,492	1,745,970	
Derivative financial instruments	1,268,657	336,527	1,605,184	158,071
Technical provisions for insurance, private pension				
plans and certificated				
savings plans	2,247,013	1,523,287	3,770,300	3,083,983
Other liabilities	1,044,936	8,498,626	9,543,562	12,427,840
Decrease in assets sub-items	5,160,492	277,122	64,307	12,411
Interbank investments	4,206,985			
Interdepartmental accounts		113,354	47,577	12,411
Insurance premiums receivable	0.50 505	163,768	16,730	
Other receivables	953,507	0.4 =00	40.4.666	4.00.00
Sale (write-off) of assets and investments	319,886	84,780	404,666	168,236
Non-operating assets	48,195	31,855	80,050	92,086
Property, plant and equipment in use and leased assets	165,270	5,524	170,794	9,138
Investments	105,309	47,029	152,338	37,180
Sale (write-off) of deferred charges	1,112	372	1,484	29,832
Interest on own capital and dividends received and/or				
provisioned from	3,090	6,165	9,255	50.767
affiliated companies Financial resources were used for	*	18,495,871	•	50,767
Interest on own capital and dividends paid and/or	16,152,930	10,475,0/1	29,001,839	27,713,250
provisioned	795,978	601,000	1,396,978	1,147,600
Stock buyback	8,597	16,267	24,864	1,147,000
Capital expenditures in	503,208	247,514	750,722	546,717
L P	202,200	,		- 109/11

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Non-operatin	g assets	41,609	51,218	92,827	109,459
Property, plan	nt and equipment in use and leased assets	252,723	188,175	440,898	293,361
Investments		208,876	8,121	216,997	143,897
Deferred cha	arges	79,949	64,043	143,992	1,779,848
Increase in a	assets sub-items	13,180,423	17,109,560	24,916,676	23,016,124
Interbank inv	restments		5,611,194	1,404,209	2,562,999
Securities and	d derivative financial instruments	6,043,757	283,628	6,327,385	5,919,332
Interbank acc	counts	550,651	442,566	993,217	1,129,339
Interdepartme	ental accounts	65,777			
Loan operation	ons	5,510,837	4,782,882	10,293,719	5,302,034
Leasing opera	ations	724,599	186,404	911,003	635,997
Other receiva	ables		5,790,255	4,836,748	7,251,936
Insurance pre	emiums receivable	147,038			50,598
Other assets		137,764	12,631	150,395	163,889
Decrease in	liabilities sub-items	1,584,775	457,487	1,768,607	1,211,555
Deposits		1,561,278		1,304,595	
Funds from is	ssuance of securities				2,846
Interbank acc	counts	16,972			
Interdepartme	ental accounts	6,525	457,487	464,012	131,080
Borrowings a	and onlendings				1,077,629
Increase/(de	crease) in funds available	671,758	(518,046)	153,712	(201,753)
Changes in	At the beginning of the period	4,243,926	4,761,972	4,761,972	3,363,041
financial	At the end of the period	4,915,684	4,243,926	4,915,684	3,161,288
position	Increase/(decrease) in funds available	671,758	(518,046)	153,712	(201,753)

The Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

$\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Additional Information} & Consolidated Cash Flow & R\$ \end{tabular}$

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(A free translation from the original in Portuguese)

		2006		
	2 nd Quarter	1st	1 st Half	1 st Half
	Quarter	Quarter	1 st Hall	1 st Hall
Operating activities:				
Net income	2,301,305	1,705,317	4,006,622	3,132,385
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net funds from				
(used in) operating activities	1,672,284	1,297,924	2,970,208	2,728,996
Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,343,964	1,159,661	2,503,625	2,054,428
Provision (reversal of) for losses on interbank investments				
and investments	945	233	1,178	50,451
Depreciation and amortization	133,500	132,818	266,318	222,521
Goodwill amortization	181,474		181,474	433,502
Equity in the earnings of affiliated companies	(4,505)	(11,589)	(16,094)	(34,480)
Other	16,906	16,801	33,707	2,574
Adjusted net income	3,973,589	3,003,241	6,976,830	5,861,381
Change in assets and liabilities	(5,151,491)	(7,945,612)	(13,097,103)	(12,962,331)
Decrease (increase) in interbank investments	4,206,985	(5,611,194)	(1,404,209)	(2,562,999)
Decrease (increase) in securities and derivative financial	, ,	(-,-,,-,,	(, - , ,	()))
instruments	(4,775,100)	52,899	(4,722,201)	(5,761,260)
Decrease (increase) in interbank accounts	165,517	(387,122)	(221,605)	(572,191)
Decrease (increase) in interdepartmental accounts	(72,302)	(344,133)	(416,435)	(118,669)
Decrease (increase) in loan operations	(5,762,513)	(4,897,553)	(10,660,066)	(6,066,031)
Decrease (increase) in leasing operations	(734,440)	(202,212)	(936,652)	(659,386)
Decrease (increase) in insurance premiums receivable	(147,038)	163,768	16,730	(50,598)
Decrease (increase) in other receivables	966,184	(5,788,623)	(4,822,439)	(7,237,535)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	(137,764)	(12,631)	(150,395)	(163,889)
Amounts written-off against the allowance for doubtful				
accounts	(1,095,124)	(1,030,814)	(2,125,938)	(1,281,444)
Increase (decrease) in technical provisions for insurance,				
private pension plans and certificated savings plans	2,247,013	1,523,287	3,770,300	3,083,983
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(11,092)	8,301,128	8,290,036	8,243,933
Increase (decrease) in future taxable income	9,325	(16,482)	(7,157)	106,142
Mark-to-market adjustment securities available for sale	(11,142)	304,070	292,928	77,613
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(1,177,902)	(4,942,371)	(6,120,273)	(7,100,950)
Investment activities:				
Decrease (increase) in compulsory deposits Brazilian				
Central Bank	(733,140)	120,360	(612,780)	(503,612)
Sale of non-operating assets	48,195	31,855	80,050	92,086
Sale of investments	105,309	47,029	152,338	37,180

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Sale of property	y, plant and equipment in use and leased				
assets		165,270	5,524	170,794	9,138
Decrease in def	erred charges	1,112	372	1,484	29,832
Acquisition of r	non-operating assets	(41,609)	(51,218)	(92,827)	(109,459)
Acquisition of i	nvestments	(208,876)	(8,121)	(216,997)	(143,897)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment in use and					
leased assets		(252,723)	(188,175)	(440,898)	(293,361)
Deferred charge	es	(79,949)	(64,043)	(143,992)	(1,779,848)
Interest on own	capital/dividends received and/or				
provisioned from	n affiliated companies	3,090	6,165	9,255	50,767
Net cash provid	led by (used in) investing activities	(993,321)	(100,252)	(1,093,573)	(2,611,174)
Financing activ	ities:				
Increase (decrea		(1,561,278)	256,683	(1,304,595)	2,950,179
·	ase) in federal funds purchased and	(-,,,-)		(-,,-,-,	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
securities sold under agreements to repurchase		2,854,524	3,225,989	6,080,513	4,618,770
Increase (decrease) in funds from issuance of securities		766,210	242,659	1,008,869	(2,846)
Increase (decrease) in borrowings and onlendings		530,478	1,215,492	1,745,970	(1,077,629)
Subordinated de	- ·	1,056,028	197,498	1,253,526	4,183,907
Interest on own	capital and dividends paid and/or				
provisioned		(795,978)	(601,000)	(1,396,978)	(1,147,600)
Stock buyback		(8,597)	(16,267)	(24,864)	(11,406)
Variation in minority interest		1,594	3,523	5,117	(3,004)
Net cash provid	led by (used in) financing activities	2,842,981	4,524,577	7,367,558	9,510,371
Increase/(decre	ase) in funds available, net	671,758	(518,046)	153,712	(201,753)
CI.					
Changes in	At the hearing of the new of	4 242 026	4.761.072	4.761.072	2 262 041
funds	At the beginning of the period	4,243,926	4,761,972	4,761,972	3,363,041
available, net	At the end of the period	4,915,684	4,243,926	4,915,684	3,161,288
	Increase/(decrease) in funds available, net	671,758	(518,046)	153,712	(201,753)

The Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

thousand

Additional Information Consolidated Value Added Statement R\$

(A free translation from the original in Portuguese)

	2007					2006		
	2 nd Quarter		1 st Quarter		1 st Half		1 st Half	
	R\$	%	R\$	%	R\$	%	R\$	%
Value added breakdown								
Gross income from financial								
intermediation Fee and commission	5,014,613	88.9	4,070,947	89.8	9,085,560	89.3	8,166,504	95.8
income Other operating	2,608,536	46.2	2,559,188	56.5	5,167,724	50.8	4,131,283	48.4
income/expenses Total	(1,981,720) 5,641,429	(35.1) 100.0	(2,097,764) 4,532,371	(46.3) 100.0	(4,079,484) 10,173,800	(40.1) 100.0	(3,770,536) 8,527,251	(44.2) 100.0
Value added distribution								
Employees	1,444,119	25.6	1,278,113	28.2	2,722,232	26.8	2,531,176	29.7
Remuneration	783,909	13.9	723,206	16.0	1,507,115	14.8	1,393,795	16.4
Benefits	324,081	5.8	315,053	6.9	639,134	6.3	600,696	7.0
FGTS	80,593	1.4	77,494	1.7	158,087	1.6	148,930	1.7
Other charges	255,536	4.5	162,360	3.6	417,896	4.1	387,755	4.6
Government	1,896,005	33.6	1,548,941	34.2	3,444,946	33.9	2,863,690	33.6
Tax expenses	619,023	11.0	611,904	13.5	1,230,927	12.1	1,077,572	12.6
Taxes on income	1,071,693	19.0	755,324	16.7	1,827,017	18.0	1,429,620	16.8
INSS	205,289	3.6	181,713	4.0	387,002	3.8	356,498	4.2
Interest on own capital/dividends paid and/or								
provisioned	795,978	14.1	601,000	13.2	1,396,978	13.7	1,147,600	13.5
Profit reinvestment	1,505,327	26.7	1,104,317	24.4	2,609,644	25.6	1,984,785	23.2
Total The Notes are an integ	5,641,429 ral part of the Fi	100.0 inancial S	4,532,371 Statements.	100.0	10,173,800	100.0	8,527,251	100.0

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(A free translation from the original in Portuguese)

We present below the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banco Bradesco S.A. subdivided as follows:

	Index
1) Operations	237
2) Presentation of the Financial Statement	237
3) Significant Accounting Policies	239
4) Information for Comparison Purposes	243
5) Adjusted Balance Sheet and Statement of Income by Business Segment	243
6) Funds Available	245
7) Interbank Investments	245
8) Securities and Derivative Financial Instruments	246
9) Interbank Accounts Restricted Deposits	255
10) Loan Operations	255
11) Other Receivables	264
12) Other Assets	265
13) Investments	266
14) Property, Plant and Equipment in Use and Leased Assets	268
15) Deferred Charges	268
16) Deposits, Federal Funds Purchased and Securities Sold under Agreements to Repurchase and Funds	
from Issuance of Securities	269
17) Borrowings and Onlendings	272
18) Contingent Assets and Liabilities and Legal Liabilities – Tax and Social Security	273
19) Subordinated Debt	275
20) Other Liabilities	275
21) Insurance, Private Pension Plans and Certificated Savings Plans Operations	276
22) Minority Interest in Subsidiaries	278
23) Stockholders Equity (Parent Company)	278
24) Fee and Commission Income	281
25) Personnel Expenses	281
26) Other Administrative Expenses	282
27) Tax Expenses	282
28) Other Operating Income	282
29) Other Operating Expenses	282
30) Non-Operating Income	283
31) Transactions with Parent Companies (Direct and Indirect)	283
32) Financial Instruments	283
33) Employee Benefits	288
34) Taxes on Income	289
35) Other Information	291
33) Employee Benefits34) Taxes on Income	28 28

1) Operations

Banco Bradesco S.A. (Bradesco) is a private-sector publicly-held company which, operating as a Multiple Bank, carries out all types of authorized banking activities through its commercial, foreign exchange, consumer financing, housing loan and credit card portfolios. The Bank also operates in a number of other activities through its direct and indirect subsidiary companies, particularly in Leasing, Investment Bank, Consortium Management, Insurance, Private Pension Plan and Certificated Savings Plans activities. Operations are conducted within the context of the companies comprising the Bradesco Organization, working in an integrated manner in the market.

In this context, on January 23, 2007, Bradesco executed with controlling stockholders of Banco BMC S.A. (BMC) Private Instrument for Commitment of Merger of Stocks and Other Covenants , for the acquisition of BMC and its subsidiaries BMC Asset Management Ltda. Distribuidora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários, BMC Previdência Privada S.A. and Credicerto Promotora de Vendas Ltda. The operation comprises the transfer to Bradesco of 100% of the stocks representing BMC s capital stock. The payment will be by delivering to BMC s stockholders stocks issued by Bradesco corresponding to approximately 0.94% of its capital stock, which will be increased by R\$800 million. The merger will provide Bradesco with an increasing platform in the fastest-growing sector of the Brazil consumer financing market, as well as with a strengthened presence in the financing of SMEs. The operation was ratified by the Brazilian Central Bank (Bacen) on August 1, 2007, thus it did not impact the current financial statements.

2) Presentation of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of Bradesco include the financial statements of Banco Bradesco, its foreign branches and its direct and indirect subsidiaries and jointly controlled investments, in Brazil and abroad, and Special Purpose Entities (SPEs). They were prepared based on accounting policies determined by Brazilian Corporate Law for the recording of operations, as well as the rules and instructions of the National Monetary Council (CMN), Bacen, Brazilian Securities Commission (CVM), Brazilian Council of Private Insurance (CNSP), Superintendence of Private Insurance (Susep) and the National Agency for Supplementary Healthcare (ANS), and consider the financial statements of the leasing companies based on the capital leasing method of accounting, whereby leased assets are reclassified to the leasing operations account, deducted from the residual amount received in advance.

Accordingly, for preparation purposes, intercompany investments, asset and liability account balances, revenue, expenses and unrealized profit were eliminated from these financial statements, as well as the portions of the net income and the stockholders—equity referring to the interest of minority stockholders were highlighted. In the case of investments which are jointly controlled with other stockholders, asset, liability and income components were included in the consolidated financial statements in proportion to the percentage capital ownership of each investee. Goodwill on the acquisition of investments in subsidiaries and in the jointly controlled investments was presented in deferred assets until June 30, 2006, and was fully amortized in 3Q06. Goodwill calculated in acquisitions after this date has been fully amortized in the periods in which the investments acquisition occurred (Note 15a). The exchange variation arising from transactions of foreign branches and subsidiaries was allocated to the statement of income accounts according to the corresponding assets and liabilities from which it was originated.

The financial statements include estimates and assumptions, such as the calculation of the allowance for loan losses, the estimation of the fair value of certain financial instruments, provision for contingencies, other provisions, the quantification of technical provisions for insurance, supplementary pension plans and certificated savings plans and the determination of the useful life of specific assets. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

We highlight the main ownerships included in the Consolidated Financial Statements:

Total Ownership

Financial area local Alvorada Cartões, Crédito, Financiamento e Loans and Investimento S.A. Financing 100.00%
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Banco Finasa S.A. Banking Banking Banko Mercantil de São Paulo S.A. (6) Banking Bankpar Arrendamento Mercantil S.A. (2) (4) (7) Bankpar Banco Múltiplo S.A. (2) (4) (8) Banking Banking Consortium Bradesco Administradora de Consórcios Ltda. Bradesco Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários Brokerage Banking 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Banco Mercantil de São Paulo S.A. (6) Banking Bankpar Arrendamento Mercantil S.A. (2) (4) (7) Bankpar Banco Múltiplo S.A. (2) (4) (8) Banking Consortium Bradesco Administradora de Consórcios Ltda. Bradesco Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários Brokerage 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
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Bankpar Banco Múltiplo S.A. (2) (4) (8) Banking Consortium Bradesco Administradora de Consórcios Ltda. Bradesco Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários Brokerage 100.00% 100.00% 99.99% 99.99% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Consortium Bradesco Administradora de Consórcios Ltda. Management 99.99% 99.99% 99.99% Bradesco Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil Leasing 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários Brokerage 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Bradesco Administradora de Consórcios Ltda. Management 99.99% 99.99% 99.99% Bradesco Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil Leasing 100.00% 100.00% Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários Brokerage 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Bradesco Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil Leasing 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários Brokerage 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Bradesco S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários Brokerage 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
e
Assets under
1 100010 1111101
Bram Bradesco Asset Management S.A. DTVM Management 100.00% 100.00% Companhia Brasileira de Meios de Pagamento Visanet (1) (9)
Service
(10) (11) Provision 39.67% 39.67% 39.67%
Financial area abroad
Banco Bradesco Argentina S.A. Banking 99.99% 99.99% 99.99%
Banco Bradesco Luxembourg S.A. Banking 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% Banco Boavista Interatlântico S.A. Nassau
Branch Banking 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Banco Bradesco S.A. Grand Cayman Branch
(12) Banking 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Banco Bradesco S.A. New York Branch Banking 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Bradesco Securities, Inc. Brokerage 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Insurance, private pension and certificated savings plans area
Certificated
Atlântica Capitalização S.A. savings plans 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
Áurea Seguros S.A. (1) (9) (10) Insurance 27.50% 27.50% 27.50%
Bradesco Argentina de Seguros S.A. Insurance 99.90% 99.90% 99.90%
Bradesco Auto/RE Companhia de Seguros Insurance 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%

	Certificated			
Bradesco Capitalização S.A.	savings plans	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Bradesco Saúde S.A.	Insurance/Health	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Bradesco Seguros S.A.	Insurance	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
-	Private Pension			
Bradesco Vida e Previdência S.A.	Plans/Insurance	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Finasa Seguradora S.A.	Insurance	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Indiana Seguros S.A. (1) (10) (13)	Insurance	40.00%	40.00%	40.00%
Seguradora Brasileira de Crédito à Exportação				
S.A. (1) (9) (10)	Insurance	12.09%	12.09%	12.09%
Other activities				
Átria Participações Ltda. (14)	Holding	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Bankpar Participações Ltda. (2) (15)	Holding			99.99%
	Insurance			
Bradescor Corretora de Seguros Ltda.	Brokerage	99.87%	99.87%	99.87%
Bradesplan Participações Ltda. (16)	Holding	99.98%	99.98%	99.98%
	Credit			
Cia. Securitizadora de Créditos Financeiros Rubi	Acquisition	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Cibrasec Companhia Brasileira de Securitização	Credit			
(1) (9) (10)	Acquisition	9.08%	9.08%	9.08%
CPM Holdings Limited (9)	Holding	49.00%	49.00%	49.00%
Nova Paiol Participações Ltda. (17) (18)	Holding	99.88%	99.88%	100.00%
	Information			
Scopus Tecnologia Ltda.	Technology	99.87%	99.87%	99.87%
	Services			
Serasa S.A. (9) (19)	Provision	8.36%	26.41%	26.41%
	Services			
Tempo Serviços Ltda. (2) (20)	Provision	99.99%	99.99%	99.99%
União Participações Ltda.	Holding	99.99%	99.99%	99.99%

- (1) Companies whose audit services in 2006 were carried out by other independent auditors;
- (2) Company acquired in June 2006;
- (3) Current name of Banco American Express S.A.; Interest increase due to the transfer of interest to Banco Bradesco S.A., owing to the capital reduction of
- (4) Tempo Serviços Ltda, in February 2007;
- (5) Company became wholly-owned subsidiary in the 3rd quarter of 2006;
- (6) Company was merged by Alvorada Cartões, Crédito, Financiamento e Investimento S.A. in November 2006;
- (7) Current name of Inter American Express Arrendamento Mercantil S.A.;
- (8) Current name of American Express Bank (Brazil) Banco Múltiplo S.A.;

- (9) Companies proportionally consolidated, in conformity with Resolution 2,723 of CMN and CVM Instruction 247;
- (10) Companies whose audit/review services in 2007 were carried out by other independent auditors;
- (11) The entity of specific purpose called Brazilian Merchant Voucher Receivables Limited is being consolidated, a company which takes part in the securitization operation of the future flow of credit card bills receivables of clients domiciled abroad (Note 16d);
- (12) The specific purpose entity called International Diversified Payment Rights Company is being consolidated, a company which takes part in the securitization operation of future flow of payment orders received from overseas (Note 16d);
- (13) Company considered subsidiary in view of equity interest of 51% in the voting capital;
- (14) Current name of Átria Participações S.A.;
- (15) Company merged by Tempo Serviços Ltda, in January 2007;
- (16) Current name of Bradesplan Participações S.A.;
- (17) Interest decrease due to the sale of the investment to Banco Alvorada S.A.;
- (18) Current name of Nova Paiol Participações S.A.;
- (19) Equity interest decrease due to the partial investment sale in June 2007; and
- (20) Current name of American Express do Brasil Tempo Ltda.

Supplementary Information to Financial Statements:

With the purpose of providing supplementary information, we present the cash flow statement by the indirect method and the value added statement, not required by the accounting practices adopted in Brazil and by Bacen, which have been prepared in conformity with the structure set forth in the Chart of Accounts for National Financial System Institutions (Cosif).

3) Significant Accounting Policies

a) Determination of net income

Income and expenses are determined on the accrual basis of accounting. Transactions with prefixed rates are recorded at their redemption amounts and income and expenses for the future period are recorded as a discount to the corresponding asset and liability accounts. Income and expenses of a financial nature are prorated daily and calculated based on the exponential method, except when relating to discounted notes or to cross-border transactions which are calculated based on the straight-line method. Post-fixed or foreign-currency-indexed transactions are adjusted to the balance sheet date.

The insurance and coinsurance premiums and commissions, net of premiums assigned in coinsurance and reinsurance and corresponding commissions, are appropriated to results upon issuance of the corresponding insurance policies and invoices and are deferred for appropriation on a straight-line basis over the terms of the insurance policies, during the risk coverage period, by means of recording and reversal of unearned premiums reserve and deferred selling expenses. The accepted coinsurance and retrocession operations are recorded based on the information received from other companies and the Brazilian Institute of Reinsures (IRB), respectively.

The supplementary private pension plans contributions and life insurance premiums covering survival are recognized in income when effectively received.

The revenue from certificated savings plans is recognized at the time it is effectively received. The expenses for placement of bonds, classified as Selling Expenses, are recorded as they are incurred. Brokerage expenses are recorded when the certificated savings plans contributions are effectively received. The payment for draw redemptions is considered as expenses of the month when these occur.

The expenses for technical provisions for private pension plans and certificated savings plans are recorded at the same time as the corresponding revenues there from are recognized.

b) Interbank investments

Purchase and sale commitments subject to unrestricted movement agreements are adjusted to mark-to-market. Other assets are recorded at acquisition cost, including income earned up to the balance sheet date, net of loss accrual, when applicable.

c) Securities

Trading securities securities which are acquired for the purpose of being actively and frequently traded are adjusted to mark-to-market as a counter-entry to income for the period;

Securities available for sale securities which are not specifically intended for trading purposes or as held to maturity are adjusted to mark-to-market as a counter-entry to a specific account in stockholders' equity, at amounts net of tax effects; and

Securities held to maturity securities for which there are intention and financial capacity for maintenance in portfolio through to maturity are recorded at acquisition cost, plus income earned, as a counter-entry to income for the period.

d) Derivative financial instruments (assets and liabilities)

These are classified based on Management s intended use thereof on the date of the operation and whether it was carried out for hedging purposes or not.

The derivative financial instruments, which do not comply with the hedging criteria established by Bacen, particularly derivatives used to manage general exposure to risk, are recorded at market value, with the mark-to-market adjustments taken directly to income for the period.

e) Loan and leasing operations, advances on foreign exchange contracts, other receivables with characteristics of loan granting and allowance for doubtful accounts

Loan and leasing operations, advances on foreign exchange contracts and other receivables with characteristics of loan granting are classified at their corresponding risk levels in compliance with: (i) the parameters established by CMN Resolution no. 2,682, at nine levels from AA (minimum risk) to H (maximum risk); and (ii) Management s risk level assessment. This assessment, which is carried out on a periodic basis, considers current economic conditions and past loan loss experience, as well as specific and general risks relating to operations, borrowers and guarantors. Moreover, the length of the delay in payment defined in CMN Resolution no. 2,682 is also taken into account for customer risk classification purposes as follows:

Past-due period	Customer classification			
From 15 to 30 days	В			
From 31 to 60 days	C			
From 61 to 90 days	D			
From 91 to 120 days	E			
From 121 to 150 days	F			
From 151 to 180 days	G			
More than 180 days	Н			

The accrual of these operations past due up to 59 days is recorded in revenues and subsequent to the 60th day, in unearned income.

Past-due operations classified at H level remain at this level for six months, subsequent to which time they are written-off against the existing allowance and controlled over, at least, a five-year period in memorandum accounts, no longer being recorded in balance sheet accounts.

Renegotiated operations are maintained, at least, with a classification equal to their prior rating. Renegotiated loan operations, already written-off against the provision and which are recorded in memorandum accounts, are classified at H level and the possible revenues derived from their renegotiation are recognized as revenue only when they are effectively received. When there is a significant amortization of the operation or when new material facts justify the risk level change, pursuant to CMN Resolution no. 2,682, the operation may be reclassified to a lower risk category.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is calculated in an amount sufficient to cover probable losses and takes into consideration Bacen rules and instructions, connected to assessments carried out by the Management, in the loan risks determination.

f) Taxes on income (asset and liability)

Tax credits on taxes on income, calculated on tax losses, negative basis of social contribution and temporary additions are recorded in Other receivables Sundry, and the provision for deferred tax liabilities on excess depreciation and mark-to-market adjustments of securities is recorded in Other liabilities Fiscal and Social security.

Tax credits on temporary additions are carried out upon use and/or reversal of the corresponding provisions on which they were recorded. Tax credits on tax losses and negative basis of social contribution will be carried out as taxable income is generated. Such tax credits are recorded based on the current expectations for their realization, taking into account the technical studies and analyses carried out by the management.

The provision for federal income tax is calculated at the standard rate of 15% of taxable income, plus an additional rate of 10%. The provision for social contribution is recorded at the rate of 9% of pre-income tax. Provisions were recorded for other taxes on income in accordance with specific applicable legislation.

g) Prepaid expenses

These record investments of resources in prepayments, whose benefits or service provision will take place in future periods, therefore, they are recorded in assets considering the accrual method of accounting, which determines that income and expenses must be included in the determination of the income for the periods in which they occur, always simultaneously when they are correlated, regardless of receipt or payment.

Prepaid payments correspond to the installment already paid for service rights to be received or for the future use of financial assets or resources from third-parties.

This group is basically represented by: commission in the placement of financings, contracts in the rendering of banking services, insurance selling expenses, insurance expenses and other costs on funding abroad and advertising expenses, as described in Note 12 b.

Thus, based on the accrual method of accounting and the confrontation between income and expense, incurred costs related to corresponding assets which will generate income in subsequent periods are recorded in prepaid expenses. These assets are appropriated to the income in accordance with terms and amounts of benefits which are expected and directly written-off in the income when corresponding assets and rights are no longer part of the institution s assets or the expected future benefits can not be realized.

h) Investments

The investments in subsidiaries, shared control subsidiaries and affiliated companies, when relevant, are valuated by the equity accounting method. The financial statements of the foreign branches and subsidiaries are adjusted to comply with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil, translated into Reais and their effects recognized in income for the period.

The exchange membership certificates of Stock Exchanges, the Custody and Settlement Chamber (Cetip) and the Mercantile and Futures Exchange (BM&F) are evaluated and adjusted at their unaudited book values, informed by the corresponding exchanges as counterentry to the account highlighted in the stockholders equity, and fiscal incentives and other investments are recorded at acquisition cost, less the provision for losses, when applicable.

i) Fixed assets

This is shown at acquisition cost, net of respective accumulated depreciations, calculated by the straight-line method according to the estimated useful-economic life of assets of which: real estate in use 4% p.a.; furnishings and fixtures,

machinery and equipment 10% p.a.; transport systems 20% p.a.; and data processing systems 20% to 50% p.a.

j) Deferred assets

Deferred assets are recorded at cost of acquisition or formation, net of the corresponding accumulated amortization at 20% per annum, calculated on the straight-line method.

Goodwill in the acquisition of investments in subsidiary companies and shared control subsidiaries, based on future profitability expectation, with an amortization of 10% to 20% per annum, was recorded in deferred assets, until June 30, 2006. Goodwill as of June 30, 2006 was reviewed by the Management Bodies and was fully amortized in 3Q06, as well as goodwill calculated in 1H07, as mentioned in Note 15a.

k) Deposits and federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase

These are recorded at the amount of the liabilities and include, when applicable, related charges up to the balance sheet date, on a daily *pro rata* basis.

1) Provisions relating to insurance, private pension plans and certificated savings plans activities

Technical provisions are calculated according to actuarial technical notes approved by Susep and ANS, and criteria set forth by CNSP Resolution no. 162/2006.

Insurance of basic lines, life and health

The provision of unearned premiums is comprised of retained premiums which are deferred during the term of effectiveness of the insurance agreements, determining the *pro rata* day value of the unearned premium of the period of the risk to accrue (future risk of policies in effect). When this provision s insufficiency is ascertained by means of actuarial calculation, the Provision of Premium Insufficiency will be formed.

The provision of claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is calculated on an actuarial basis to quantify the amount of claims incurred and not reported by those insured/beneficiaries. The provision is established net of recoveries of co-insurance and re-insurance.

The provision of unsettled claims is established based on the estimates of payments of indemnities, net of recoveries of co-insurance and re-insurance, pursuant to notices of claims received from those insured until the balance sheet date. The provision is monetarily restated and includes all the claims under litigation.

Other provisions refers to 59-year-old or over insurance policy holders owning individual health insurance plans sold after Law 9,656/98, for remission benefits, and to offset the difference between the amounts resulting from applying to the monthly fees of the individual plan insurance the restatements authorized by the ANS annually, and those calculated based on the sector s price restatement, which burden the average amount of the indemnified events.

Supplementary private pension plans and life insurance covering survival

The mathematical provision of benefits to be granted refers to participants whose benefits have not started yet. The mathematical provision of benefits granted refers to participants already using the benefits. Mathematical provisions related to private pension plans known as traditional represent the difference between the current value of the future benefits and the current value of the future contributions, corresponding to the obligations assumed under the form of retirement plans, disability, pension and savings funds. They are calculated according to the methodology and premises set forth in Actuarial Technical Notes. The provisions linked to life insurance covering survival (VGBL) and to the private pension plans of the unrestricted benefits generating (PGBL) category represent the amount of the contributions made by the participants, net of loadings and other contractual charges, plus financial earnings generated by the investment of resources in investment funds specially established (FIEs).

The contribution insufficiency provision is constituted to complement the mathematical provisions of benefits to be granted and granted, should they not be sufficient to guarantee future commitments. The provision is calculated on an actuarial basis and takes into consideration the actuarial table AT-2000.

The financial fluctuation provision is established until the limit of 15% of the mathematical provision of benefits to be granted related to the private pension plans in the category of variable contribution with guarantee of earnings to meet possible financial fluctuations.

The administrative expenses provision is constituted to cover administrative expenses of the defined benefit and variable contribution plans. It is calculated in conformity with the methodology set forth in the Actuarial Technical Note.

Certificated savings plans

The mathematical provision for redemptions is calculated on nominal amounts of certificated savings plans and monetarily restated, when applicable, based on Actuarial Technical Notes approved by Susep.

The provisions for redemptions are established by the values of the expired certificated savings plans and also by the values of the certificated savings plans which have not expired but whose redemption has been early required by the clients. The provisions are monetarily restated based on the indexes estimated in each plan.

The provisions for unrealized and payable draws are constituted to meet premiums arising from future draws (unrealized) and also to premiums arising from draws in which clients were already selected (payable).

m) Contingent Assets and Liabilities and Legal Liabilities Tax and Social Security

The recognition, measuring and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and legal liabilities are made according to the criteria defined in CVM Resolution 489/05.

Contingent Assets: they are not recognized on an accounting basis, except when the Management has total control of the situation or when there are real guarantees or favorable judicial decisions, on which more resources are not provided for, characterizing the gain as practically certain. The contingent assets with probability of probable success are only disclosed in the notes to the financial statements (Note 18a);

Contingent Liabilities: they are established taking into consideration the opinion of the legal advisors, the nature of the lawsuits, the similarity with previous processes, the complexity and positioning of Courts, whenever the loss is evaluated as probable, what would cause a probable outflow of resources for the settlement of liabilities and when the amounts involved are measurable with enough safety. The contingent liabilities classified as possible losses are not recognized on an accounting basis, and they must only be disclosed in the notes, and those classified as remote do not require provision nor disclosure (Notes 18b and 18c); and

Legal Liabilities Tax and Social Security: they result from judicial proceedings related to tax liabilities, whose purpose of contestation is their legality or constitutionality, which regardless of the evaluation about the probability of success, have their amounts fully recognized in the financial statements (Note 18b).

n) Other assets and liabilities

The assets are stated at their realizable amounts, including, when applicable, related income and monetary and exchange variations (on a daily *pro rata* basis), and provision for loss, when deemed appropriate. The liabilities include known or estimated amounts, plus related charges and monetary and exchange variations (on a daily *pro rata* basis).

4) Information for Comparison Purposes

There were no reclassifications or other material information in the period which may affect the comparison with the financial statements on June 30, 2007.

5) Adjusted Balance Sheet and Statement of Income by Business Segment

The following information is presented in conformity with the definitions set forth in the Chart of Accounts for National Financial System Institutions (Cosif).

a) Balance sheet

							R\$ thousand
	Fina (1)		Insurance group (2) (3)		Other activities	Amount eliminated	Consolidated Total
	Local	Foreign	Local	Foreign	(2)	(4)	Total
Assets							
Current and							
long-term assets	206,234,863	21,249,962	65,893,634	20,136	1,153,227	(7,481,834)	287,069,988
Funds available	4,773,629	103,143	98,622	2,234	24,034	(85,978)	4,915,684

D# 41

Interbank investments	26,186,616	1,265,729				(58,063)	27,394,282
Securities and derivative financial instruments	34,705,508	7,495,293	61,824,443	16,101	772,573	(1,236,531)	103,577,387
Interbank and interdepartmental							
accounts	20,246,391	10,393					20,256,784
Loan and leasing							
operations	86,888,184	11,820,566				(4,037,501)	94,671,249
Other receivables and							
other assets	33,434,535	554,838	3,970,569	1,801	356,620	(2,063,761)	36,254,602
Permanent assets	20,271,741	3,889	1,058,578	30	159,365	(17,995,399)	3,498,204
Investments	17,798,594		763,736		18,199	(17,995,399)	585,130
Property, plant and							
equipment in use and							
leased assets	1,830,633	3,756	241,398	30	139,867		2,215,684
Deferred charges	642,514	133	53,444		1,299		697,390
Total on June 30,							
2007	226,506,604	21,253,851	66,952,212	20,166	1,312,592	(25,477,233)	290,568,192
Total on March 31,	, ,		, ,	,			, ,
2007	220,151,529	24,711,080	63,793,925	20,775	1,423,959	(28,156,981)	281,944,287
Total on June 30,		, ,	, ,	,	, ,	. , , ,	, ,
2006	177,852,804	19,519,634	54,747,760	25,046	1,413,721	(20,623,859)	232,935,106

R\$ thousand

		Financial (1) (2)		Insurance group (2) (3)		Amount eliminated	Consolidated Total	
	Local	Foreign	Local	Foreign	(2)	(4)	Total	
Liabilities Current and long-term liabilities Deposits Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to	198,812,448 80,465,471	12,633,132 2,280,292	58,455,626	8,757	389,679	(7,481,834) (145,145)	262,817,808 82,600,618	
repurchase	51,854,373	2,181,046				(279,473)	53,755,946	
Funds from issuance of securities Interbank and interdepartmental	4,651,791	3,161,814				(1,168,457)	6,645,148	
accounts Borrowings and	1,922,448	3,897					1,926,345	
onlendings Derivative financial	21,239,926	1,749,738	5		344	(3,824,998)	19,165,015	
instruments Technical provisions for insurance, private pension plans and	2,090,265	33,877			46		2,124,188	
certificated savings plans Other liabilities:			52,890,987	8,527			52,899,514	
Subordinated debt Other Future taxable income	10,505,955 26,082,219 173,303	2,697,028 525,440	5,564,634	230	389,289	(2,063,761)	13,202,983 30,498,051 173,303	
Stockholders equity/minority								
interest in subsidiaries	6,329	8,620,719	8,496,586	11,409	922,913	(17,995,399)	62,557	
Stockholders equity, parent company Total on June 30,	27,514,524						24,514,524	
2007	226,506,604	21,253,851	66,952,212	20,166	1,312,592	(25,477,233)	290,568,192	
Total on March 31, 2007	220,151,529	24,711,080	63,793,925	20,775	1,423,959	(28,156,981)	281,944,287	
Total on June 30, 2006	177,852,804	19,519,634	54,747,760	25,046	1,413,721	(20,623,859)	232,935,106	

b) Statement of income

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	Financial (1) (2)		Insurance group (2) (3)		Other activities	Amount eliminated	Consolidated Total
	Local	Foreign	Local	Foreign	(2)	(4)	Total
Revenues from financial							
intermediation	15,792,088	683,845	3,717,087	1,312	45,460	(183,286)	20,056,506
Expenses from financial							
intermediation	8,545,179	467,930	2,140,553		1,719	(184,435)	10,970,946
Gross income from financial							
intermediation	7,246,909	215,915	1,576,534	1,312	43,741	1,149	9,085,560
Other operating income							
(expenses)	(4,044,687)	(21,254)	157,205	846	61,011	(1,149)	(3,848,028)
Operating income	3,202,222	194,661	1,733,739	2,158	104,752		5,237,532
Non-operating income	601,620	(7,223)	7,123	21	(917)		600,624
Income before taxes on profit							
and interests	3,803,842	187,438	1,740,862	2,179	103,835		5,838,156
Taxes on income	(1,271,380)	(2,310)	(512,427)	(47)	(40,853)		(1,827,017)
Minority interest in							
consolidated subsidiaries	(577)		(3,759)		(181)		(4,517)
Net income in the 1st half of							
2007	2,531,885	185,128	1,224,676	2,132	62,801		4,006,622
Net income in the 2 nd quarter							
of 2007	1,468,183	106,305	696,579	1,241	28,997		2,301,305
Net income in the 1st quarter							
of 2007	1,063,702	78,823	528,097	891	33,804		1,705,317
Net income (loss) in the 1st							
half of 2006	1,901,548	132,458	1,042,333	(729)	56,775		3,132,385

⁽¹⁾ The Financial segment comprises: financial institutions; holding companies (which are mainly responsible for managing financial resources); as well as credit card management and asset management companies; The balances of equity accounts, revenues and expenses are being eliminated among companies from the

⁽²⁾ same segment;

⁽³⁾ The Insurance Group segment comprises insurance, private pension plans and certificated savings plans companies, whose financial information is adapted to the accounting policies of the parent company; and Amounts eliminated among companies from different segments as well as operations carried out in the

⁽⁴⁾ country and abroad.

6) Funds Available

	200	2007				
	June 30	March 31	June 30			
Local currency	4,619,633	4,030,210	2,737,930			
Foreign currency	296,005	213,668	423,313			
Investments in gold	46	48	45			
Total	4.915.684	4,243,926	3,161,288			

7) Interbank Investments

a) Composition and terms

						R	2\$ thousand
			20	07			2006
	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	June 30	March 31	June 30
Investments in the open							
market:							
Own portfolio position	447,828	1,104,891		48,633	1,601,352	2,519,899	7,076,674
Financial treasury bills	147,165				147,165	246,822	114,806
National treasury notes	23,082	206,363			229,445	852,514	414,787
National treasury bills	179,829	779,104			958,933	1,420,563	6,489,511
Other	97,752	119,424		48,633	265,809		57,570
Third-party portfolio							
position	17,318,700	2,054,205	2,042,505		21,415,410	21,770,845	15,123,059
Financial treasury bills	12,351,830				12,351,830	14,492,008	3,991,188
National treasury notes	972,346	710,267			1,682,613	765,810	2,326,421
National treasury bills	3,994,524	1,343,938	2,042,505		7,380,967	6,513,027	8,804,851
Other							599
Unrestricted securities						1,800,284	
Generic operations						1,800,284	
Subtotal	17,766,528	3,159,096	2,042,505	48,633	23,016,762	26,091,028	22,199,733
Interbank deposits:							
Interbank deposits	2,321,644	800,955	674,299	580,727	4,377,625	5,510,344	5,369,736
Provisions for losses	(105)				(105)	(116)	(73)
Subtotal	2,321,539	800,955	674,299	580,727	4,377,520	5,510,228	5,369,663
Total on June 30, 2007	20,088,067	3,960,051	2,716,804	629,360	27,394,282		
%	73.3	14.5	9.9	2.3	100.0		
Total on March 31, 2007	26,194,686	4,320,188	521,410	564,972		31,601,256	
%	82.9	13.7	1.6	1.8		100.0	

Total on June 30, 2006	22,022,729	4,350,546	721,036	475,085	27,569,396
%	79.9	15.8	2.6	1.7	100.0

b) Income from interbank investments

Classified in the statement of income as income on securities transactions

			R\$ thousand
	2007		2006
2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1st Half	1 st Half
76,661	103,472	180,133	426,695
681,627	652,804	1,334,431	1,030,808
	100	100	
68,561	24,934	93,495	
826,849	781,310	1,608,159	1,457,503
107,638	117,020	224,658	240,816
934,487	898,330	1,832,817	1,698,319
	76,661 681,627 68,561 826,849 107,638	76,661 103,472 681,627 652,804 100 68,561 24,934 826,849 781,310 107,638 117,020	2nd Quarter 1st Quarter 1st Half 76,661 103,472 180,133 681,627 652,804 1,334,431 100 100 68,561 24,934 93,495 826,849 781,310 1,608,159 107,638 117,020 224,658

8) Securities and Derivative Financial Instruments

24,619,710

7,241,167 16,399,938

Find below the information related to securities and derivative financial instruments:

a) Summary of the consolidated classification of securities by business segments and issuer

									R\$
				2007					20
	Financial	Insurance/ CertificatedP savings plans	rivate pensio plans	ⁿ Other activities	June 30	%	March 31	%	June 30
Trading securities	27,016,341	4,854,766	26,604,525	989,934	59,465,566	65,0	57,143,923	65,7	37,468,4
Government securities	17,875,560	2,911,181	242,227	800,328	21,829,296	23,8	25,291,343	29,0	7,938,8
Corporate bonds Derivative financial	6,698,684	1,943,585	405,072	189,606	9,236,947	10,1	7,847,337	9,0	7,823,1
instruments (1) PGBL / VGBL	2,442,097				2,442,097	2,7	1,025,259	1,2	495,4
restricted bonds Securities			25,957,226		25,957,226	28,4	22,979,984	26,5	21,210,9
available for sale	8,278,535	954 287	11,787,851	24,151	21,044,824	22.9	26,622,435	30.6	23,434,7
Governmen		754,207	11,707,001	24,131	21,044,024	22,5	20,022,433	50,0	20,404,7
securities Corporate	5,804,959	81,042	10,319,654		16,205,655	17,6	21,120,280	24,3	18,527,7
bonds Securities	2,473,576	873,245	1,468,197	24,151	4,839,169	5,3	5,502,155	6,3	4,906,9
held to	020 101	4 2 4 9 0 4 4	(202 201		11 400 426	10.5	2 105 022	2.7	4 202 5
maturity (4) Government	939,191	4,248,944	6,302,301		11,490,436	12,5	3,195,833	3,7	4,303,5
securities	939,191	4,248,944	5,838,057		11,026,192	12,0	3,195,833	3,7	4,266,6
Corporate bonds Subtotal Purchase and	36,234,067	10,057,997	464,244 44,694,677	1,014,085	464,244 92,000,826	0,5 100,0	86,962,191	100,0	36,8 65,206,6
sale commitments (2) Overall total	4,488,683 40,722,750	2,553,101 12,611,098	4,534,777 49,229,454	1,014,085	11,576,561 103,577,387		10,571,439 97,533,630		5,175,4 70,382,1

57,0 30,733,3

800,328 49,061,143 53,3 49,607,456

Overall total	40,722,750	12,611,098	49,229,454	1,014,085	103,577,387		97,533,630		70,382,1
and sale commitments (2)	4,488,683	2,553,101	4,534,777		11,576,561		10,571,439		5,175,4
bonds Subtotal Purchase	36,234,067	10,057,997	25,957,226 44,694,677	1,014,085	25,957,226 92,000,826	,	22,979,984 86,962,191	,	21,210,9 65,206,6
PGBL / VGBL restricted									
Governmen securities Corporate bonds	t 11,614,357	2,816,830	2,337,513	213,757	16,982,457	18,5	14,374,751	16,5	13,262,4

b) Consolidated portfolio breakdown by issuer

2007

Securities (3)	June 30
----------------	---------

	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	Mark-to-market/ book value (6) (7) (8)	Restated cost value	Mark-to-market	Mark-to value
Government securities Financial	4,280,614	730,166	7,073,886	36,976,477	49,061,143	47,052,756	2,008,387	
treasury bills National	122	209,299	917,381	4,025,796	5,152,598	5,153,739	(1,141))
treasury bills National treasury	4,107,689	185,913	5,815,788	3,857,522	13,966,912	13,958,179	8,733	
notes Brazilian foreign debt	156,199	265,000	336,722	25,458,931	26,216,852	24,614,590	1,602,262	
notes Privatization	16,604		1,967	3,532,531	3,551,102	3,174,601	376,501	
currencies Foreign government				89,729	89,729	67,897	21,832	
securities Other		69,954	2,028	11,865 103	81,819 2,131	81,620 2,130	199 1	
Corporate bonds	7,371,356	780,062	1,008,095	7,822,944	16,982,457	15,852,251	1,130,206	
Certificates of	7,571,550	700,002	1,000,075	7,022,744	10,702,437	15,052,251	1,130,200	
bank deposit Stocks	462,877 3,214,032	391,996	161,932	1,938,391	2,955,196 3,214,032	2,955,196 2,292,808	921,224	
Debentures Foreign	1,307	160,060	649,164	3,701,474	4,512,005	4,511,622	383	
securities Derivative financial instruments	656,061	72,298	127,563	1,299,727	2,155,649	2,128,549	27,100	
(1)	1,850,087	94,276	38,138	459,596	2,442,097	2,288,372	153,725	
Other PGBL / VGBL restricted	1,186,992	61,432	31,298	423,756	1,703,478	1,675,704	27,774	
bonds Subtotal Purchase and sale commitments		1,319,055 2,829,283 231,913	3,385,743 11,467,724 1,368,080	15,030,942 59,830,363 4,531,485	25,957,226 92,000,826 11,576,561	25,957,226 88,862,233 11,576,561	3,138,593	

(2) Overall

Total 23,318,539 3,061,196 12,835,804 64,361,848 103,577,387 100,438,794 3,138,593

c) Consolidated classification by category, days to maturity and business segment

I) Trading Securities

2007

June 30

Securities (3)

	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to360 days	More than360 days	Mark-to-market/ book value (6) (7) (8)	Restated cost value	Mark-to-market	Mark-to-mar value (6) (
Financial National	7,435,553	976,227	6,901,820	11,702,741	27,016,341	26,813,466	202,875	24
treasury bills Financial	4,106,694	182,283	5,335,307	3,049,853	12,674,137	12,665,404	8,733	15
treasury bills Certificates of bank		97,439	841,448	1,557,159	2,496,046	2,497,452	(1,406)	1
deposit Derivative financial instruments	16,111	50,635	26,879	1,157,038	1,250,663	1,250,663		1
(1)	1,850,087	94,276	38,138	459,596	2,442,097	2,288,372	153,725	1.
Debentures Brazilian foreign debt	405	82,940	540,121	2,914,362	3,537,828	3,513,821	24,007	3
notes National treasury	12,148			37,452	49,600	44,589	5,011	
notes Foreign corporate	3,031	265,000	316	2,313,922	2,582,269	2,577,229	5,040	1
securities Foreign government	656,061	72,298	115,578	209,805	1,053,742	1,045,840	7,902	
securities Stocks	40,423	69,954		3,554	73,508 40,423	73,645 40,423	(137)	
Other Insurance companies and certificated savings	750,593	61,402	4,033		816,028	816,028		
plans	884,450	233,903	616,646	3,119,767	4,854,766	4,854,765	1	8
Financial treasury bills		9,366	9,370	1,535,212	1,553,948	1,553,947	1	1.

National treasury bills Certificates	995	422,189	541,338	964,522	964,522	1.
of bank deposit National	370,717 174,773	92,526	692,919	1,330,935	1,330,935	1
treasury notes Stocks Debentures Other	114,552 102,205 49,764 295,981	84,187 8,374	278,159 10,689 61,450	392,711 102,205 144,640 365,805	392,711 102,205 144,640 365,805	3

March 31

2007

June 30

		·	,		1,242 41. 6.2					
1	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	Mark-to-market/book value (6) (7) (8)	Restated cost value	Mark-to-market	Mark-to-market/book value (6) (7) (8)	Mark-to-market	Mark		
75	3,501,638	15,220,124	26,604,525	26,604,525		23,820,563				
10	22,263		67,073	67,073		74,485				
		83,230	121,846	121,846		13,975				
10	23,575		182,885	182,885		398,361				
	53,308		53,308 57,009	53,308 57,009		31,321 66,895				
		2,074	2,074	2,074		121,780 2,009				
55	3,385,743 16,749	15,030,942 103,878	25,957,226 163,104	25,957,226 163,104		22,979,984 131,753				
94	43,165	908,555	989,934	989,934		498,505				
93	195	512,514	519,003	519,003		290,701				
4	13,132	47,690	61,285	61,285		12,537				
30 57	4,984 24,854	266,331 75,640	274,945 125,999	274,945 125,999		128,760 52,051				
		6,380	6,380 2,322	6,380 2,322		381 14,075				
) 9	11,063,269	30,951,187	59,465,566	59,262,690	202,876	57,143,923	37,794			
13 24	1,368,080 446,240	4,531,485 1,799,160	11,576,561 4,488,683	11,576,561 4,488,683		10,571,439 3,084,783				
59 20	286,152 635,688	360,120 2,372,205	2,553,101 4,534,777	2,553,101 4,534,777		1,591,191 5,895,465				

12	12,431,349	35,482,672	71,042,127 70,	839,251 202,876	67,715,362	37,794
(3)	(7,543)	(136,796)	(2,124,188) (2,	133,220) 9,032	(855,531)	(9,856)
						249

II) Securities available for sale

R\$ thousand

Securities (3) (4)			March 31						
(4)	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	Market value/book value (6) (7) (8)	Restated cost value	Mark-to-market	Market value/book value (6) (7) (8)	Mark-to-n
Financial National treasury bills Brazilian foreign debt	948,575	4,058	23,921	7,301,981	8,278,535	7,549,452	729,083	9,434,489	90
notes Foreign corporate	4,456		1,967	2,555,888	2,562,311	2,190,821	371,490	2,981,682	4:
securities National treasury			11,985	1,089,922	1,101,907	1,082,709	19,198	1,116,994	
notes Financial				3,054,517	3,054,517	3,005,618	48,899	3,660,161	10
treasury bills Certificates of bank				87,960	87,960	87,873	87	88,393	
deposit	56,310	2,039	•	•		104,472		132,272	
Debentures	728	1,989		116,799	•	152,957	(33,441)	·	(3
Stocks Privatization	843,468				843,468	540,811	302,657	966,440	38
currencies Foreign government				89,729	89,729	67,897	21,832	80,100	
securities				8,311	8,311	7,975	336	8,927	
Other Insurance companies and certificated savings	43,613	30	4,170	258,531	306,344	308,319	(1,975)	276,482	(1
plans Financial	750,668	34,942	14,583	154,094	954,287	759,818	194,469	2,142,043	5:
treasury bills Stocks	702,587	29,785	14,583	·	702,587	80,698 547,688	154,899	76,911 740,492	
Debentures Certificates of bank	28 3,436	5,157		117,420	117,448 8,593	107,631 8,593	9,817	110,628 14,004	

deposit Foreign corporate									
securities									
National									
treasury				2.11	244	2.14			
notes				341	341	341		1,155,159	3:
National									
treasury bills Other	44,617				44,617	14,867	29,750	44,849	
Private	44,017				44,017	14,007	29,730	44,049	
pension									
plans	1,468,318	21,606	29,522	10,268,405	11,787,851	9,775,811	2,012,040	15,014,722	1,4
Stocks	1,468,197	,	ŕ	, ,	1,468,197	1,004,654	463,543	1,469,905	2
Debentures								479,746	
Financial									
treasury bills	121	21,606	29,522	296,618	347,867	347,693	174	125,402	
National									
treasury				0 071 707	0 071 797	8,423,464	1 540 222	12,939,669	1 1
notes Other				9,971,787	9,971,787	6,423,404	1,548,323	12,939,009	1,1
activities	23,376	78	23	674	24,151	24,026	125	31,181	
Certificates	23,570	, 0	23	071	2 1,10 1	21,020	120	21,101	
of bank									
deposit	15,844	78	21	420	16,363	16,363		17,932	
Debentures			2	254	256	256		3,921	
Stocks	143				143	18	125	128	
National									
treasury bills	7.2 00				7.200	7.200		1,749	
Other	7,389				7,389	7,389		7,451	
Overall total	3,190,937	60,684	68,049	17,725,154	21,044,824	18,109,107	2,935,717	26,622,435	2,9

III) Securities held to maturity

R\$ thousand	
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		2007							
			June 30			March 31	June 30		
Securities (4)	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	Restated cost value (6) (7) (8)	Restated cost value (6) (7) (8)	Restated cost value (6) (7) (8)		
Financial				939,191	939,191	986,607	1,087,106		
Brazilian foreign debt notes				939,191	939,191	986,607	1,050,250		
Foreign corporate securities							36,856		
Insurance and Certificated									
Savings Plans Companies			103,983	4,144,961	4,248,944				
National treasury notes			103,983	4,144,961	4,248,944				
Private pension plans	8		232,423	6,069,870	6,302,301	2,209,226	3,216,405		
Debentures	8			464,236	464,244				
National treasury notes			232,423	5,605,634	5,838,057	2,209,226	3,216,405		
Overall total (5)	8		336,406	11,154,022	11,490,436	3,195,833	4,303,511		

d) Breakdown of the portfolios by publication item

R\$ thousand

			2006				
	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	Total on June 30 (3) (6) (7) (8)	Total on March 31 (3) (6) (7) (8)	Total on June 30 (3) (6) (7) (8)
Own portfolio	17,366,717	2,484,232	7,078,501	53,224,865	80,154,315	77,568,094	64,503,668
Fixed income securities	14,152,685	2,484,232	7,078,501	53,224,865	76,940,283	74,196,915	62,695,951
Financial treasury bills	122	177,444	634,999	3,317,232	4,129,797	3,133,037	3,979,858
Purchase and sale							
commitments (2)	5,445,083	231,913	1,368,080	4,531,485	11,576,561	10,571,439	5,175,495
National treasury notes	156,199		336,722	20,398,877	20,891,798	21,899,849	15,164,855
Brazilian foreign debt							
notes	16,604		1,967	1,469,640	1,488,211	320,927	4,249,385
Certificates of bank						•	
deposit	462,877	391,996	161,932	1,938,391	2,955,196	3,113,238	5,976,508
National treasury bills	5,954	80	379,007	1,335,656	1,720,697	5,426,567	2,216,583
Foreign corporate							
securities	656,061	72,298	127,563	1,065,698	1,921,620	1,125,064	2,162,158
Debentures	1,307	160,060	649,162	3,701,220	4,511,749	4,159,518	1,264,352
Foreign government							
securities		69,954		11,865	81,819	100,515	99,165

Privatization currencies PGBL/VGBL restricted						121,780	114,243
bonds	6,221,486	1,319,055	3,385,743	15,030,942	25,957,226	22,979,984	21,210,932
Other	1,186,992	61,432	33,326	423,859	1,705,609	1,244,997	1,082,417
o uno	1,100,772	01,152	22,220	125,057	1,700,005	1,2 1 1,2 2 1	1,002,117
Equity securities	3,214,032				3,214,032	3,371,179	1,807,717
Stocks of listed companies	, ,				, ,	, ,	, ,
(technical provisions)	1,598,219				1,598,219	1,267,785	827,856
Stocks of listed companies							
(other)	1,615,813				1,615,813	2,103,394	979,861
Subject to commitments	4,101,735	482,688	5,716,909	10,677,387	20,978,719	18,938,070	5,383,034
Repurchase agreement		365,708	4,229,541	6,260,667	10,855,916	9,943,289	1,617,772
National treasury bills		100,708	4,157,060	1,940,736	6,198,504	4,877,367	81,240
Brazilian foreign debt							
notes				2,062,891	2,062,891	3,699,559	1,039,805
Certificates of bank							
deposit							475,203
Financial treasury bills			72,479	92,694	165,173	12,085	8,283
National treasury notes		265,000		1,930,063	2,195,063	1,016,655	8,226
Foreign corporate							
securities				234,029	234,029	333,702	4,297
Debentures			2	254	256	3,921	718
Brazilian Central Bank	4,101,711		228,264	1,998,087	6,328,062	6,868,986	1,339,090
National treasury bills	4,101,711		208,607		4,310,318	5,022,477	658,747
National treasury notes			40.65=	1,470,923	1,470,923	1,846,509	680,343
Financial treasury bills			19,657	527,164	546,821		

R\$	thousand
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		2007							
	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	Total on June 30 (3) (6) (7) (8)	Total on March 31 (3) (6) (7) (8)	Total on June 30 (3) (6) (7) (8)		
Privatization .				00.720	00.730	00 100	40.00 5		
currencies	24	117,000	1 250 104	89,729	89,729	80,100	69,985		
Collateral provided National treasury bills	24 24	116,980 85,125	1,259,104 1,068,858	2,328,904 581,130	3,705,012 1,735,137	2,045,695 1,839,485	2,356,187		
Financial treasury bills	24	31,855	190,246	88,706	310,807	206,210	752,437 284,011		
National treasury notes		31,033	190,240	1,659,068	1,659,068	200,210	1,319,155		
Foreign government securities							584		
Derivative financial	4.050.005	04.00	20.120	450 504	2 442 007	1 007 070	40 - 446		
instruments (1)	1,850,087	94,276	38,138	459,596	2,442,097	1,025,259	495,446		
Securities purpose of unrestricted purchase									
and sale commitments			2,256		2,256	2,207			
National treasury bills			2,256		2,256	2,207			
Overall total	23,318,539	3,061,196	12,835,804	64,361,848	103,577,387	97,533,630	70,382,148		
%	22.5	3.0	12.4	62.1	100.0	100.0	100.0		

- (1) For comparison purposes with the criterion adopted by Bacen Circular no. 3068 and due to securities characteristics, we are considering the derivative financial instruments under the category Trading Securities:
- (2) These refer to investment funds and managed portfolio applied in purchase and sale commitments with Bradesco, the owners of which are subsidiaries, included in the consolidated financial statements;
- (3) The investment fund quotas were distributed according to instruments composing their portfolios and preserving the classification of funds category;
- On June 30, 2007, R\$8,321,604 thousand were transferred from Securities Available for Sale to Securities Held to Maturity, due to the management s intent to its realization;
- (5) In compliance with the provisions of Article 8 of Bacen Circular no. 3068, Bradesco declares that it has both the financial capacity and the intention to hold to maturity the securities classified in the securities held to maturity s category. This financial capacity is evidenced in Note 32a, which presents the maturities of asset and liability operations on the reference date of June 30, 2007;
- (6) The number of days to maturity was based on the maturity of the securities, regardless of their accounting classification:
- (7) This column reflects book value subsequent to mark-to-market, except for securities held to maturity, whose market value is higher than the restated cost value in the amount of R\$1,539,794 thousand (March 31, 2007 R\$1,103,877 thousand and June 30, 2006 R\$789,106 thousand); and
- (8) The market value of securities is determined based on the market price available on the balance sheet date. In case no market prices are available, amounts are estimated based on the prices—quoted by dealers, on price definition models, quotation models or price quotations for instruments with similar characteristics; in case of investment funds, the restated cost reflects the—market value of respective quotas.

e) Derivative financial instruments

Bradesco carries out transactions involving derivative financial instruments, which are recorded in balance sheet or memorandum accounts, for its own needs and for customers. The derivative financial instruments, when used by the Bank, aim at hedging its asset and liability positions against the effect of exchange and interest rate variations. The derivatives generally represent future commitments for exchanging currencies or indices, or purchasing and selling other financial instruments according to the terms and dates set forth in the contracts. Under the option contracts, the purchaser is entitled, but not obliged, to purchase or sell a financial instrument at a specific strike price in the future.

I) Amounts of the instruments recorded in balance sheet and memorandum accounts

R\$ thousa	n	1
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		200	07		2006		
	June	e 30	Marc	ch 31	June	e 30	
	Overall amount	Net amount	Overall amount	Net amount	Overall amount	Net amount	
Futures contracts							
Purchase commitments:	5,602,246		10,173,159		9,087,099		
Interbank market	2,075,178		5,621,873		2,520,938		
Foreign currency	3,527,068		4,551,286		6,566,161		
Sale commitments:	58,401,804	40, 401, 040	28,694,631	11.070.260	26,013,193	12 115 105	
Interbank market	45,496,520	43,421,342	17,601,241	11,979,368	15,636,135	13,115,197	
Foreign currency	12,905,284	9,378,216	11,090,429	6,539,143	10,305,761	3,739,600	
Other			2,961	2,961	71,297	71,297	
Option contracts							
Purchase commitments:	4,774,982		562,589		150,233		
Interbank market	4,405,450						
Foreign currency	369,532		562,589		150,233		
Sale commitments:	9,127,505		2,129,705		1,439,862		
Interbank market	4,932,900	527,450					
Foreign currency	4,194,605	3,825,073	2,129,705	1,567,116	1,439,862	1,289,629	
Forward contracts							
Purchase commitments:	1,835,114		1,968,365		1,449,954		
Interbank market	243,665		1,5 00,0 00		1,112,201		
Foreign currency	1,591,449	1,051,059	1,873,252	1,385,707	1,449,954	769,789	
Other	1,001,110	1,001,009	95,113	1,000,707	1, 1. 1. 1, 1, 20 1	, 6,,, 6,,	
Sale commitments:	2,049,511		990,813		801,702		
Interbank market	1,509,121	1,265,456	,		, -		
Foreign currency	540,390	,,	487,545		680,165		
Other	,		503,268	408,155	121,537	121,537	
Swap contracts							
Asset position:	19,719,591		16,125,618		21,069,548		
Interbank market	7,524,060	6,110,118	6,786,712	4,193,128	11,481,148	9,936,565	
Prefixed	1,669,462	1,100,972	1,113,290	496,308	669,312	7,730,303	
Foreign currency	9,000,125	1,100,572	6,721,407	170,500	7,177,679		
Reference rate (T.R.)	819,593	675,332	822,356	687,977	803,951	698,236	
Selic (1.ic.)	495,449	420,468	550,033	447,901	721,461	616,677	
IGP-M	9,682	120,100	19,338	177,501	71,734	010,077	
Other	201,220		112,482		144,263	142,264	
Tiobility mositions	10 250 205		15 040 043		20 042 541		
Liability position:	19,278,397		15,849,842		20,842,541		
Interbank market	1,413,942		2,593,584		1,544,583	02.570	
Prefixed	568,490		616,982		761,882	92,570	

Foreign currency	16,318,560	7,318,435	12,151,538	5,430,131	18,012,811	10,835,132
Reference rate (T.R.)	144,261		134,379		105,715	
Selic	74,981		102,132		104,784	
IGP-M	357,704	348,022	128,647	109,309	310,767	239,033
Other	400,459	199,239	122,580	10,098	1,999	

Derivatives include operations maturing in D+1.

II) Breakdown of derivative financial instruments (assets and liabilities) stated at restated cost and market value

R\$ thousand

			2006						
		June 30			March 31			June 30	
	Restated cost	Mark-to- market adjustment value	Market value	Restated cost	Mark-to- market adjustment value	Market value	Restated cost	Mark-to- market adjustment value	Market value
Adjustment receivables swap Receivable forward	481,475	170,907	652,382	403,177	1,734	404,911	305,933	66,828	372,761
purchases Receivable	244,070	(81)	243,989	95,177		95,177			
futures sales Premiums on	1,533,148	(294)	1,532,854	520,471	(25)	520,446	121,536	(61)	121,475
exercisable options Total	29,679	(16,807)	12,872	5,049	(324)	4,725	5,394	(4,184)	1,210
assets Adjustment	2,288,372	153,725	2,442,097	1,023,874	1,385	1,025,259	432,863	62,583	495,446
payables swap Payable	(183,281)	(27,907)	(211,188)	(106,704)	(22,431)	(129,135)	(141,041)	(4,713)	(145,754)
forward purchases Payable	(374,477)	81	(374,396)	(224,746)		(224,746)			
futures sales Premiums	(1,509,611)	294	(1,509,317)	(488,008)	25	(487,983)	(121,536)	61	(121,475)
on written options Total	(65,851)	36,564	(29,287)	(26,217)	12,550	(13,667)	(127,517)	(1,798)	(129,315)
liabilities	(2,133,220)	9,032	(2,124,188)	(845,675)	(9,856)	(855,531)	(390,094)	(6,450)	(396,544)

III) Futures, option, forward and swap contracts

R\$ thousand

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	Up to 90 days	From 91 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	Total on June 30	Total on March 31	Total on June 30
Future contracts	22,644,131	8,334,655	17,413,612	15,611,652	64,004,050	38,867,790	35,100,292
Option contracts	3,306,172	602,648	625,748	9,367,919	13,902,487	2,692,294	1,590,095
Forward							
contracts	2,646,403	488,938	505,425	243,859	3,884,625	2,959,178	2,251,656
Swap contracts	2,699,787	2,148,689	1,694,208	12,524,525	19,067,209	15,720,707	20,696,787
Total on June							
30, 2007	31,296,493	11,574,930	20,238,993	37,747,955	100,858,371		
Total on March							
31, 2007	21,151,302	9,798,565	16,360,897	12,929,205		60,239,969	
Total on June							
30, 2006	29,740,808	10,828,983	7,055,180	12,013,859			59,638,830

IV) Types of margin granted as collateral for derivative financial instruments, comprising mainly future contracts

	200′	2007				
	June 30	March 31	June 30			
Government bonds						
National treasury notes	1,407,304		1,294,150			
National treasury bills	820,383	1,400,826	93,573			
Total	2,227,687	1,400,826	1,387,723			

V) Net revenue and expenses amounts

		R\$ thousand					
		2007					
	2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1 st Half	1 st Half			
Swap contracts	169,399	610,817	780,216	1,551,823			
Forward contracts	12,255	(19,605)	(7,350)	(80,159)			
Option contracts	245,059	46,593	291,652	7,961			
Future contracts	679,134	126,837	805,971	144,485			
Total	1,105,847	764,642	1,870,489	1,624,110			

VI) Overall amounts of the derivative financial instruments, broken down by trading place

	200′	2007				
	June	March	June			
	30	31	30			
CETIP (over-the-counter) BM&F (floor) Total	16,651,159	13,078,702	11,429,836			
	84,207,212	47,161,267	48,208,994			
	100,858,731	60,239,969	59,638,830			

f) Income on securities transactions, financial income on insurance, private pension plans and certificated savings plans and derivative financial instruments

				R\$ thousand
		2006		
	2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1st Half	1st Half
Fixed income securities	1,008,032	891,836	1,899,868	1,650,941
Interbank investments (Note 7b)	934,487	898,330	1,832,817	1,698,319
Allocation of exchange variation of foreign				
branches and subsidiaries	(452,074)	(313,493)	(765,567)	(856,978)
Equity securities	289,168	5,051	294,219	87,941
Subtotal	1,779,613	1,481,724	3,261,337	2,580,223
Financial income on insurance, private pension plans and				
certificated savings plans	2,001,085	1,685,144	3,686,229	3,455,379
Income from derivative financial instruments	1,105,847	764,642	1,870,489	1,624,110
Total	4,886,545	3,931,510	8,818,055	7,659,712

9) Interbank Accounts Restricted Deposits

a) Restricted deposits

				R\$ thousand
	2007		2006	
	Remuneration	June 30	March 31	June 30
	Not			
Compulsory deposits demand deposits Compulsory deposits savings account	remunerated	6,763,618	6,237,336	5,478,248
deposits	Savings index	5,641,504	5,502,478	4,984,141
Additional compulsory deposits	Selic rate Reference rate	6,872,364	6,804,532	6,486,089
Restricted deposits SFH	TR Not	413,239	407,642	400,302
Funds from rural credit	remunerated	578	578	578
Total		19,691,303	18,952,566	17,349,358
b) Compulsory deposits				

			R\$ thousand			
			2007			
		2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1st Half	1st Half	
Restricted deposits	Bacen (compulsory					
deposits)		302,438	307,859	610,297	660,525	
Restricted deposits	SFH	12,129	8,302	20,431	16,593	
Total		314,567	316,161	630,728	677,118	

10) Loan Operations

The information relating to loan operations, including advances on foreign exchange contracts, leasing operations and other receivables with characteristics of loan granting is presented as follows:

a) By type and maturity

Normal Course

			From 61	From 91			2007		
	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 60 days	to 90 to 180 to 360 days days		More than 360 days Total on June 30 (A)		% (5)	Total on March 31 (A)	
Discounted trade receivables and									
other loans Financings Rural and agribusiness	9,292,376 2,326,277		4,114,625 1,817,224	6,461,704 5,038,798		12,784,055 15,976,685	45,553,638 34,931,788	39.1 30.0	42,125,833 32,936,555
loans Subtotal Leasing	462,094 12,080,747	342,317 9,464,075	478,995 6,410,844	1,250,043 12,750,545	1,217,060 14,768,984	3,914,920 32,675,660	7,665,429 88,150,855	6.6 75.7	7,316,459 82,378,847
operations Advances on foreign exchange	281,060	179,451	183,265	528,541	930,996	2,490,690	4,594,003	3.9	3,869,865
contracts (1) Subtotal Other receivables	1,370,543 13,732,350	987,863 10,631,389	901,795 7,495,904	1,696,759 14,975,845	1,108,370 16,808,350	35,166,350	6,065,330 98,810,188	5.2 84.8	5,833,531 92,082,243
(2) Total loan operations	87,170	14,634	16,849	39,356	77,443	169,925	405,377	0.3	454,135
(3) Sureties and guarantees	13,819,520	10,646,023	7,512,753	15,015,201	16,885,793	35,336,275	99,215,565	85.1	92,536,378
(4) Overall total on	548,348	505,898	570,205	966,166	2,057,494	12,676,475	17,324,586	14.9	15,968,503
June 30, 2007 Overall total on March 31,				15,981,367 13,731,965			116,540,151	100.0	108,504,881

2007 Overall total on June 30, 2006

12,569,628 10,520,028 7,884,000 12,763,167 15,973,431 34,613,257

R\$ thousand

Abnormal Course

Past due installments

		Enom	From	From	From	2007				2006		
	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 60 days	61 to	91 to 180 days	181 to 720 days	Total on June 30 (B)	% (5)	Total on March 31 (B)	% (5)	Total on June 30 (B)	% (5)	
Discounted trade receivables and other												
loans	408,527	362,470	421,063	747,358	729,981	2,669,399	73.3	2,529,778	73.5	2,216,566	72.8	
Financings Rural and agribusiness	218,422	201,605	79,471	163,118	140,540	803,156	22.1	727,007	21.1	612,089	20.1	
loans	5,572	11,343	5,527	5,922	9,521	37,885	1.0	78,561	2.3	85,315	2.8	
Subtotal	632,521	575,418	506,061			3,510,440	96.4	3,335,346	96.9	2,913,970	95.7	
Leasing	,	,	,	,	,	, ,		, ,		, ,		
operations	11,390	8,096	4,214	10,188	6,119	40,007	1.1	43,908	1.3	21,836	0.7	
Advances on						,		ŕ		ŕ		
foreign												
exchange												
contracts (1)	19,137	29,945	1,264	3,359	8,494	62,199	1.7	17,370	0.5	82,223	2.7	
Subtotal	663,048	613,459	511,539	929,945	894,655	3,612,646	99.2	3,396,624	98.7	3,018,029	99.1	
Other												
receivables												
(2)	8,343	2,153	666	1,714	15,173	28,049	0.8	44,644	1.3	25,312	0.9	
Overall												
total on												
June 30,												
2007	671,391	615,612	512,205	931,659	909,828	3,640,695	100.0					
Overall												
total on												
March 31,												
2007	715,205	532,325	485,106	789,502	919,130			3,441,268	100.00			
Overall												
total on												
June 30,	022 5/2	445.240	202 500	505 465	502.004					2.042.244	100.0	
2006	852,762	447,340	582,790	597,465	/82,984					3,043,341	100.0	

Abnormal course

Installments Falling due

	T T. 4	From		From		3.6	2007				2006
	Up to 30 days	31 to 60 days	From 61 to 90 days	91 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	Total on June 30 (C)	% (5)	Total on March 31 (C)	% (5)	Total on June 30 (C)
Discounted trade receivables and other											
loans	-	216,503	-	-	432,058		1,919,840		1,953,200		1,666,507
Financings Rural and agribusiness	211,026	192,204	181,686	484,083	718,360	1,200,666	2,988,025	56.0	3,014,325	54.9	2,597,718
loans	3,561	3,079	3,602	4,706	7,592	177,263	199,803	3.8	315,953	5.8	249,698
Subtotal	447,286	411,786	352,555	837,689	1,158,010	1,900,342	5,107,668	95.8	5,283,478	96.2	4,513,923
Leasing operations Advances on foreign	9,301	7,309	7,265	22,184	42,299	125,682	214,040	4.0	199,837	3.6	121,231
exchange contracts (1)											
Subtotal Other receivables	456,587	419,095	359,820	859,873	1,200,309	2,026,024	5,321,708	99.8	5,483,315	99.8	4,635,154
(2) Total loan	5,001	418	352	1,090	1,596	4,757	13,214	0.2	12,399	0.2	10,442
operations											
(3)	461,588	419,513	360,172	860,963	1,201,905	2,030,781	5,334,922	100.0	5,495,714	100.0	4,645,596
Sureties and											
guarantees (4)											
Overall											
total on											
June 30, 2007	461 588	410 513	360 172	860 963	1,201,905	2 030 781	5 334 922	100 0			
Overall	401,500	417,515	300,172	000,703	1,201,703	2,030,701	3,334,722	100.0			
total on											
March 31,	450 205	120 102	262 550	004 135	1 245 294	2 110 000			5 405 5 1 4	100.0	
2007 Overall					1,245,284 1,063,893				5,495,714	100.0	4,645,596
total on June 30,	400,000	373,300	555,701	174,071	1,003,073	1,007,100					7,073,370

R\$ thousand

Overall total

		2006				
	Total on		Total on		Total on	
	June	%	March	%	June	%
	30	(5)	31	(5)	30	(5)
	(A+B+C)		(A+B+C)		(A+B+C)	
Discounted trade receivables and other						
loans	50,142,877	39.8	46,608,811	39.7	39,397,904	38.6
Financings	38,722,969	30.9	36,677,887	31.2	32,930,208	32.3
Rural and agribusiness loans	7,903,117	6.3	7,710,973	6.6	6,865,505	6.7
Subtotal	96,768,963	77.0	90,997,671	<i>77.</i> 5	79,193,617	77.6
Leasing operations	4,848,050	3.9	4,113,610	3.5	3,177,744	3.1
Advances on foreign exchange						
contracts (1)	6,127,529	4.9	5,850,901	5.0	5,766,871	5.7
Subtotal	107,744,542	85.8	100,962,182	86.0	88,138,232	86.4
Other receivables (2)	446,640	0.4	511,178	0.4	505,216	0.5
Total loan operations (3)	108,191,182	86.2	101,473,360	86.4	88,643,448	86.9
Sureties and guarantees (4)	17,324,586	13.8	15,968,503	13.6	13,369,000	13.1
Overall total on June 30, 2007	125,515,768	100.0	, ,		, ,	
Overall total on March 31, 2007	, ,		117,441,863	100.0		
Overall total on June 30, 2006			, ,		102,012,448	100.0

- (1) Advances on foreign exchange contracts are recorded as a reduction of the item Other Liabilities;
- (2) The item Other receivables comprise receivables on sureties and guarantees honored, receivables on purchase of assets, securities and credit instruments receivable, income receivable on foreign exchange contracts and receivables arising from export contracts;
- (3) Total loan operations includes financing of credit card operations and operations for prepaid credit card receivables in the amount of R\$4,907,717 thousand (March 31, 2007 R\$4,213,531 thousand and June 30, 2006 R\$2,362,783 thousand). Other receivables relating to credit cards in the amount of R\$5,303,513 thousand (March 31, 2007 R\$4,913,290 thousand and June 30, 2006 R\$4,406,930 thousand) are classified in the item Other Receivables Sundry and presented in Note 11b;
- (4) Amounts recorded in memorandum account, which include R\$2,721,136 thousand referring to operations in which the beneficiary is Banco Bradesco S.A. Grand Cayman Branch; and
- (5) Ratio between type and total portfolio with sureties and guarantees.

b) By type and risk level

Loon						Risk Levels					
Loan Operations											
	AA	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	Total Jun 30	
Discounted trade receivables and											
other loans Financings Rural and agribusiness		22,750,213 20,894,936	4,354,986 4,303,576	6,474,168 7,324,646	1,060,188 492,198	595,550 235,723			2,535,392 775,172	50,142 38,722	
loans Subtotal Leasing	267,425 15,949,479	3,307,708 46,952,857	982,754 9,641,316	2,529,380 16,328,194	351,276 1,903,662	,	145,253 913,992		86,009 3,396,573	7,903 96,768	
operations Advances on foreign exchange	186,883	1,703,263	1,135,134	1,633,903	55,798	20,450	28,051	12,274	72,294	4,848	
contracts Subtotal	3,650,026 19,786,388	1,190,063 49,846,183	879,173 11,655,623	376,019 18,338,116	18,856 1,978,316	1,248 945,264	630 942,673	1,628 773,226	9,886 3,478,753	6,127 107,744	
Other receivables Total loan operations	126,781	80,083	121,848	51,524	32,872	336	12,328	45	20,823	440	
on June 30, 2007 % Total loan operations on March	19,913,169 18.4	49,926,266 46.1	11,777,471 10.9	18,389,640 17.0	2,011,188 1.9	945,600 0.9	955,001 0.9	773,271 0.7	3,499,576 3.2	108,19 1	
31, 2007 % Total loan operations on June 30,	19,882,974 19.6	46,072,925 45.4	10,500,068 10.3	17,150,433 16.9	1,998,191 2.0	896,343 0.9	801,384 0.8	726,564 0.7	3,444,478 3.4		
2006 %	16,658,987 18.8	41,178,371 46.4	8,455,342 9.5	15,653,835 17.7	1,768,855 2.0	753,419 0.8	714,445 0.8	756,379 0.9	2,703,815 3.1		

c) Maturity ranges and risk level

Risk Levels

Abnormal Course Operations

											20	07
	AA	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	Total on June 30	%	Total or March 31
Installments												
Falling Due			1,367,560		527,625	414,237	382,493		1,039,186		100.0	
1 to 30			127,234	131,023	43,039	28,260	28,768	18,583	84,681	461,588	8.6	452,32
31 to 60			116,407	114,134	39,409	26,745	23,104	17,707	82,007	419,513	7.9	430,40
61 to 90			101,069	94,633	34,417	22,970	20,844	15,393	70,846	360,172	6.8	363,77
91 to 180			219,920	222,028	85,742	58,237	53,724	38,932	182,380	860,963	16.1	884,12
181 to 360			308,338	308,929	118,590	81,196	70,460	52,834	261,558	1,201,905	22.5	1,245,28
More than												
360			494,592	466,742	206,428	196,829	185,593	122,883	357,714	2,030,781	38.1	2,119,80
Past Due												
Installments			196,362	474,822	331,800	305,264	341,960	313,815	1,676,672	3,640,695	100.0	3,441,26
1 to 14			17,900	73,214	22,760	13,529	11,157	8,540	40,588	187,688	5.2	173,37
15 to 30			170,405	120,871	52,329	23,880	22,444	37,048	56,726	483,703	13.3	541,82
31 to 60			8,057	276,454	100,305	59,113	42,377	24,225	105,081	615,612	16.9	532,32
61 to 90				3,346	151,209	76,490	58,799	38,669	183,692	512,205	14.1	485,10
91 to 180				937	5,187	130,612	204,577	202,799	387,547	931,659	25.5	789,50
181 to 360					10	1,640	2,606	2,534	871,201	877,991	24.1	835,02
More than												
360									31,837	31,837	0.9	84,10
Subtotal			1,563,922	1,812,311	859,425	719,501	724,453	580,147	2,715,858	8,975,617		8,936,98
Specific												
provision			15,640	54,370	85,943	215,850	362,226	406,103	2,715,858	3,855,990		3,772,14

Risk Levels

Normal Course Operations

	AA	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	Total June 30
Installments										
Falling Due	19,913,169	49,926,266	10,213,549	16,577,329	1,151,763	226,099	230,548	193,124	783,718	99,215
1 to 30	2,569,354	7,866,296	982,895	2,072,931	151,714	28,797	21,064	14,130	112,339	13,819
31 to 60	1,868,967	5,955,716	857,241	1,734,236	63,179	17,084	13,289	8,695	127,616	10,646
61 to 90	1,272,739	3,871,832	716,584	1,494,520	59,655	16,076	15,116	8,859	57,372	7,512
91 to 180	3,662,278	7,050,150	1,594,324	2,445,277	102,951	29,991	21,693	14,943	93,594	15,015
181 to 360	3,687,438	8,398,140	1,626,616	2,744,045	204,037	41,440	30,350	18,647	135,080	16,885
More than										
360	6,852,393	16,784,132	4,435,889	6,086,320	570,227	92,711	129,036	127,850	257,717	35,336
Generic										
Provision		249,631	102,124	497,320	115,175	67,830	115,274	135,185	783,718	2,066
Overall										
total on										
June 30,										
2007	19,913,169	49,926,266	11,777,471	18,389,640	2,011,188	945,600	955,001	773,271	3,499,576	108,191
Existing										
provision		250,292	119,706	782,618	534,087	465,160	644,357	736,708	3,499,576	7,032
Minimum										
required										
provision		249,631	117,764	551,690	201,118	283,680	477,500	541,288	3,499,576	5,922
Additional										
provision		661	1,942	230,928	332,969	181,480	166,857	195,420		1,110
Overall										
total on										
March 31,	40.004.074	460=404	40 =00 0 60	1= 1=0 100	4 000 404	00 < 0.10	004 204		4444	
2007	19,882,974	46,072,925	10,500,068	17,150,433	1,998,191	896,343	801,384	726,564	3,444,478	
Existing		221 002	106710	764.556	521 505	441.041	506.007	600.461	2 444 470	
provision		231,003	136,742	764,556	531,597	441,841	536,207	688,461	3,444,478	
Minimum										
required 		220.265	104.000	514514	100.020	260,002	100 600	500 505	2 444 470	
provision		230,365	104,989	514,514	199,820	268,902	400,692	508,595	3,444,478	
Additional		(20	21.752	250.042	221 777	172.020	125 515	170.066		
provision		638	31,753	250,042	331,///	172,939	135,515	1/9,866		
Overall										
total on										
June 30,	16 650 005	A1 170 271	0 455 242	15 (52 025	1 740 055	752 410	711 115	756 270	2 702 915	
2006	16,658,987	41,178,371	0,435,342	15,653,835	1,/08,835	155,419	/14,445	150,319	2,703,815	
Existing		206 520	110 105	770.244	166 670	260 752	102 070	714 907	2 702 015	
provision		206,539	110,195	779,244	400,078	308,/33	483,078	/14,896	2,703,815	

357,222 529,466 2,703	3,815
125.856 185.430	
	357,222 529,466 2,703 125,856 185,430

d) Concentration of loan operations

R\$ thousand

		20	2006			
	June 30	%	March 31	%	June 30	%
Largest borrower	1,133,519	1.0	1,266,671	1.2	830,072	0.9
10 largest borrowers	6,805,206	6.3	7,294,481	7.2	5,528,995	6.2
20 largest borrowers	10,640,946	9.8	11,102,407	10.9	8,808,448	9.9
50 largest borrowers	17,492,028	16.2	17,756,954	17.5	14,741,232	16.6
100 largest borrowers	23,190,361	21.4	23,069,073	22.7	20,085,447	22.7

e) By economic activity sector

R\$ thousand

2006

	2007				2000		
	June 30	%	March 31	%	June 30	%	
Public Sector	992,906	0.9	967,376	1.0	1,065,490	1.2	
Federal Government	538,177	0.5	507,773	0.5	465,095	0.5	
Petrochemical	398,921	0.4	361,714	0.4	265,367	0.3	
Financial intermediary	139,256	0.1	146,059	0.1	158,667	0.2	
Production and distribution of							
electric power					41,061		
State Government	452,222	0.4	457,008	0.5	597,364	0.7	
Production and distribution of							
electric power	452,222	0.4	457,008	0.5	597,364	0.7	
Municipal Government	2,507		2,595		3,031		
Direct administration	2,507		2,595		3,031		
Private sector	107,198,276	99.1	100,505,984	99.0	87,577,958	98.8	
Manufacturing	26,879,923	24.8	25,207,306	24.8	21,069,498	23.8	
Food and beverage	6,694,442	6.2	6,044,582	6.0	4,921,817	5.6	
Steel, metallurgy and							
mechanics	4,123,112	3.8	3,926,986	3.9	3,403,093	3.9	
Chemical	3,107,615	2.9	2,770,031	2.7	2,364,785	2.7	
Light and heavy vehicles	2,078,643	1.9	1,659,457	1.6	1,698,536	1.9	
Pulp and paper	1,784,335	1.6	1,872,966	1.8	1,498,514	1.7	
Extraction of metallic and							
non-metallic ores	1,496,632	1.4	1,799,763	1.8	836,888	0.9	
Textiles and clothing	1,329,842	1.2	1,042,444	1.0	1,046,438	1.2	
Rubber and plastic articles	1,191,058	1.1	1,001,015	1.0	925,147	1.0	
Automotive parts and							
accessories	910,611	0.8	758,422	0.7	627,907	0.7	
	735,603	0.7	680,833	0.7	738,369	0.8	

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Electric and electronic						
products	672.220	0.6	644,853	0.6	630,088	0.7
Furniture and wood products Non-metallic materials	672,229		•		·	0.7
Leather articles	576,466	0.5	539,106	0.5	451,186	
	561,530	0.5	446,233	0.4	376,288	0.4
Publishing, printing and	449 412	0.4	419 402	0.4	412 495	0.5
reproduction	448,412	0.4	418,492	0.4	412,485	0.5
Oil refining and production	426 601	0.4	(70.270	0.7	200.700	0.2
of alcohol	436,691	0.4	670,378	0.7	309,789	0.3
Other industries	732,702	0.8	931,745	1.0	828,168	1.0
Commerce	16,071,878	14.9	15,254,835	15.0	12,944,894	14.5
Products in specialty stores	3,606,473	3.3	3,571,664	3.5	3,288,118	3.7
Clothing and footwear	2,122,088	2.0	2,094,997	2.1	864,382	1.0
Food products, beverage and	4.050.506		1 = 2 1 0 12		1 501 556	4.0
tobacco	1,859,596	1.7	1,734,943	1.7	1,581,556	1.8
Grooming and household						
articles	1,557,480	1.4	1,325,447	1.3	1,008,144	1.1
Non-specialized retailer	1,225,762	1.1	1,167,041	1.2	1,059,582	1.2
Self-propelled vehicles	924,791	0.9	875,780	0.9	835,071	0.9
Residues and scrap	826,848	0.8	821,090	0.8	983,356	1.1
Wholesale of goods in						
general	801,815	0.8	733,830	0.7	794,726	0,9
Repair, parts and accessories						
for						
self-propelled vehicles	763,442	0.7	739,872	0.7	659,598	0.7
Fuel	671,573	0.6	608,702	0.6	613,117	0.7
Agricultural and farming						
products	550,232	0.5	508,287	0.5	658,626	0.7
Trade intermediary	493,222	0.5	482,832	0.5	349,700	0.4
Other commerce	668,556	0.6	590,350	0.5	248,918	0.3
						261

R\$ thousand

	2007				2006		
	June 30	%	March 31	%	June 30	%	
Financial intermediaries	385,010	0.4	421,703	0.4	321,080	0.4	
Services	17,723,098	16.4	16,600,946	16.4	14,508,657	16.4	
Transport and storage	4,908,007	4.5	4,564,785	4.5	4,132,768	4.7	
Civil construction	2,958,645	2.7	2,412,196	2.4	1,772,340	2.0	
Real estate activities, rentals and							
corporate services	2,362,328	2.2	2,696,453	2.7	2,157,481	2.4	
Production and distribution of							
electric power, gas and water	1,211,360	1.1	1,699,751	1.7	1,787,917	2.0	
Social services, education,							
health,							
defense and social security	1,094,873	1.0	1,038,669	1.0	965,898	1.1	
Telecommunications	944,528	0.9	1,012,548	1.0	1,014,255	1.1	
Holding companies, legal, accounting and							
business advisory services	851,171	0.8	641,000	0.6	522,704	0.6	
Clubs, leisure, cultural and sports							
activities	823,529	0.8	669,384	0.7	547,058	0.7	
Hotel and catering	528,059	0.5	428,255	0.4	371,342	0.4	
Other services	2,040,598	1.9	1,437,905	1.4	1,236,894	1.4	
Agribusiness, fishing, forestry development and							
management	1,444,030	1.3	1,393,516	1.4	1,174,424	1.3	
Individuals	44,694,337	41.3	41,627,678	41.0	37,559,405	42.4	
Total	108,191,182	100.0	101,473,360	100.0	88,643,448	100.0	

f) Breakdown of loan operations and allowance for doubtful accounts

R\$ thousand

Por	tfolio	bal	lance
I UI	uono	va	unicc

Risk Level	Abnormal course					200		2006	
Level	Past due	Falling due	Total abnormal course	Normal course	Total	%	% June 30 YTD	% March 31 YTD	% June 30 YTD
AA A B C	196,362 474,822	1,367,560 1,337,489	1,563,922 1,812,311	19,913,169 49,926,266 10,213,549 16,577,329	19,913,169 49,926,266 11,777,471 18,389,640	18.4 46.1 10.9 17.0	18.4 64.5 75.4 92.4	19.6 65.0 75.3 92.2	18.8 65.2 74.7 92.4

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Subtotal	671,184	2,705,049	3,376,233	96,630,313	100,006,546	92.4			
D	331,800	527,625	859,425	1,151,763	2,011,188	1.9	94.3	94.2	94.4
E	305,264	414,237	719,501	226,099	945,600	0.9	95.2	95.1	95.2
F	341,960	382,493	724,453	230,548	955,001	0.9	96.1	95.9	96.0
G	313,815	266,332	580,147	193,124	773,271	0.7	96.8	96.6	96.9
Н	1,676,672	1,039,186	2,715,858	783,718	3,499,576	3.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
Subtotal	2,969,511	2,629,873	5,599,384	2,585,252	8,184,636	7.6			
Total on									
June 30,									
2007	3,640,695	5,334,922	8,975,617	99,215,565	108,191,182	100.0			
%	3.4	4.9	8.3	91.7	100.0				
Total on									
March 31,									
2007	3,441,268	5,495,714	8,936,982	92,536,378	101,473,360				
%	3.4	5.4	8.8	91.2	100.0				
Total on									
June 30,									
2006	3,043,341	4,645,596	7,688,937	80,954,511	88,643,448				
%	3.5	5.2	8.7	91.3	100.0				

R\$ thousand

Provision

Risk			Minimum	required					20	007	2006
Level	%		Specific						%	%	%
	Minimum required provision	Past due	Falling due	Total specific	Generic	Total	Additional	Existing	On June 30 (1)	On March 31 (1)	On June 30 (1)
									` '	` /	Ì
AA	0.0										
A	0.5	1.064	12 (7)	 (40	249,631	249,631		*			
В	1.0	1,964	•	15,640	•	,	•	•			
C	3.0	14,245	40,125	54,370	,	,	-	*		4.5	
Subtotal	10.0	16,209	53,801	70,010	,	,	,	, ,		1.2	
D	10.0	33,180	•	85,943	115,175		•	•			
Е	30.0	91,579	,	215,850	•	,	,	*			
F	50.0	170,980	,	362,226	•		-	,	67.5	66.9	
G	70.0	219,671	186,432	406,103	,	541,288	-	,			
Н	100.0			, ,	,			3,499,576			
Subtotal		2,192,082	1,593,898	3,785,980	1,217,182	5,003,162	876,726	5,879,888	71.8	71.7	70.
Total on											
June 30,		2 200 201	1 (47 (00	2.055.000	2.066.255	5 022 245	1 110 255	5 022 504	<i>(</i> =		
2007				3,855,990				7,032,504			
% Total an		31.4	23.4	54.8	29.4	84.2	15.8	100.0			
Total on											
March		2 120 007	1 (1) 150	2 772 145	1 000 210	<i>5 (5</i> 2) 255	1 102 520	(774 005		67	
31, 2007				3,772,145				6,774,885		6.7	
% T-4-1		31.5	24.2	55.7	28.0	83.7	16.3	100.0			
Total on											
June 30,		1 01 5 050	1 000 500	2.052.611	1 (00 053	4 552 402	1 050 515	5 022 100			
2006		, ,	, ,	3,053,611	, ,		, ,	5,833,198			6.0
%		31.1	21.2	52.3	29.2	81.5	18.5	100.0			,

⁽¹⁾ Ratio between existing provision and portfolio by risk level.

g) Movement of allowance for doubtful accounts

				R\$ thousand
		2007		2006
	2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1 st Half	1 st Half
Opening Balance	6,774,885	6,646,038	6,646,038	4,958,649
Specific provision (1)	3,772,145	3,635,341	3,635,341	2,287,589
Generic provision (2)	1,900,210	1,910,790	1,910,790	1,657,570
Additional provision (3)	1,102,530	1,099,907	1,099,907	1,013,490
Amount recorded	1,343,964	1,159,661	2,503,625	2,054,428
Amount written-off	(1,095,124)	(1,030,814)	(2,125,938)	(1,281,444)

Balance derived from acquired institutions

(4)	8,779		8,779	101,565
Closing balance	7,032,504	6,774,885	7,032,504	5,833,198
Specific provision (1)	3,855,990	3,772,145	3,855,990	3,053,611
Generic provision (2)	2,066,257	1,900,210	2,066,257	1,699,872
Additional provision (3)	1,110,257	1,102,530	1,110,257	1,079,715

- (1) For operations with installments overdue for more than 14 days;
- (2) Recorded based on the customer/transaction classification and accordingly not included in the preceding item;
- (3) The additional provision is recorded based on Management's experience and expected collection of the loan portfolio, to determine the total provision deemed sufficient to cover specific and general loan risks, as well as the provision calculated based on risk level ratings and the corresponding minimum percentage of provision established by CMN Resolution no. 2,682. The additional provision per customer was classified according to the corresponding risk levels (Note 10f); and
- (4) Comprises Credifar in 2007, Banco BEC S.A. and Amex Brasil in 2006.

h) Recovery and renegotiation

Expense from allowance for doubtful accounts, net of recoveries of written-off credits.

				R\$ thousand
		2007		2006
	2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1 st Half	1st Half
Amount recorded Amount recovered (1)	1,343,964 (218,405)	1,159,661 (177,623)	2,503,625 (396,028)	2,054,428 (274,890)
Expense net of recoveries	1,125,559	982,038	2,107,597	1,779,538

⁽¹⁾ Classified in income on loan operations (Note 10j).

i) Movement of renegotiated portfolio

				R\$ thousand
		2007		2006
	2 nd Quarter	1 st Quarter	1 st Half	1st Half
Opening balance	2,730,779	2,708,521	2,708,521	2,020,341
Amount renegotiated	655,779	587,514	1,243,293	1,235,215
Amount received	(352,907)	(361,717)	(714,624)	(637,803)
Amount written-off	(207,161)	(203,539)	(410,700)	(247,483)
Closing balance	2,826,490	2,730,779	2,826,490	2,370,270
Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,823,444	1,766,302	1,823,444	1,454,527
Percentage on portfolio	64.5%	64.7%	64.5%	61.4%

j) Income on loan and leasing operations

				R\$ thousand
		2006		
	2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1 st Half	1 st Half
Discounted trade receivables and other loans	3,170,287	3,076,770	6,247,057	5,760,682
Financings	1,844,370	1,791,131	3,635,501	3,618,120
Rural and agribusiness loans	182,949	187,074	370,023	325,825
Subtotal	5,197,606	5,054,975	10,252,581	9,704,627
Recovery of credits written-off as loss	218,405	177,623	396,028	274,890
Allocation of exchange variation of branches				
and subsidiaries abroad	(421,733)	(296,239)	(717,972)	(295,237)
Subtotal	4,994,278	4,936,359	9,930,637	9,684,280
Leasing, net of expenses	189,703	190,126	379,829	281,519
Total	5,183,981	5,126,485	10,310,466	9,965,799

11) Other Receivables

a) Foreign exchange portfolio

Balance sheet accounts

		R\$ thousand
200	07	2006
June 30	March 31	June 30

Assets other receivables

Exchange purchases pending settlement	8,715,860	9,563,961	7,828,104
Foreign exchange acceptances and term documents in foreign			
currencies	15,293	6,211	5,173
Exchange sale receivables	3,477,642	4,471,643	2,503,503
(-) Advances in domestic currency received	(247,697)	(508,359)	(285,760)
Income receivable on advances granted	85,979	86,724	72,295
Total	12,047,077	13,620,180	10,123,315
Liabilities other liabilities			
Exchange sales pending settlement	3,470,820	4,466,371	2,476,435
Exchange purchase payables	9,043,644	9,783,068	7,956,640
(-) Advances on foreign exchange contracts	(6,127,529)	(5,850,901)	(5,766,871)
Other	18,378	17,509	12,603
Total	6,405,313	8,416,047	4,678,807
Net foreign exchange portfolio	5,641,764	5,204,133	5,444,508
Memorandum accounts			
Imports loans	256,554	245,411	174,981
Confirmed exports loans	24,109	21,077	25,517

Exchange results

Breakdown of results of foreign exchange transactions adjusted to facilitate presentation

		R\$ thousand		
			2006	
	2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1 st Half	1 st Half
Foreign exchange operations result	143,305	149,264	292,569	464,039
Adjustments:				
Income on foreign currency financing (1)	5,052	3,948	9,000	95,627
Income on export financing (1)	12,175	12,943	25,118	22,272
Income on foreign investments (2)	2,082	1,718	3,800	114,689
Expenses from liabilities with foreign bankers				
(3) (Note 17c)	2,006	(19,919)	(17,913)	(557,490)
Other	(73,503)	(75,534)	(149,037)	20,158
Total adjustments	(52,188)	(76,844)	(129,032)	(304,744)
Adjusted foreign exchange operations				
result	91,117	72,420	163,537	159,295

- (1) Classified in the item Income on loan operations;
- (2) Demonstrated in the item Income on securities transactions; and
- (3) Related to funds from financing advances on foreign exchange contracts and import financing, classified in the item Expenses from borrowings and onlendings .

b) Sundry

			R\$ thousand
	2007	2006	
	June 30	March 31	June 30
Tax credits (Note 34c)	7,893,939	7,513,914	6,072,231
Credit card operations	5,303,513	4,913,290	4,406,930
Borrowers by escrow deposits	3,926,400	3,836,464	3,167,264
Prepaid taxes	845,683	785,668	827,470
Sundry borrowers	719,321	753,027	326,207
Receivable securities and credits	591,364	615,492	692,771
Payments to be reimbursed	478,775	493,801	443,555
Borrowers due to purchase of assets	193,635	216,146	270,627
Other	247,466	225,242	223,910
Total	20,200,096	19,353,044	16,430,965

12) Other Assets

a) Non-operations assets/others

R\$ thousand

Residual value

	Cost	Provision for losses	200	7	2006
		101 105505	June 30	March 31	June 30
Real estate	141,698	(47,885)	93,813	103,419	117,887
Goods subject to special conditions	92,613	(92,613)			
Vehicles and similar	98,310	(28,858)	69,452	68,710	62,920
Inventories/storehouse	22,993	,	22,993	22,267	19,257
Machinery and equipment	11,735	(6,785)	4,950	4,806	2,374
Other	7,579	(6,375)	1,204	1,107	452
Total on June 30,2007	374,928	(182,516)	192,412	•	
Total on March 31, 2007	389,872	(189,563)	,	200,309	
Total on June 30, 2006	394,764	(191,874)) -	202,890

b) Prepaid expenses

R\$	thousand
-----	----------

R\$ thousand

	2007	2006	
	June 30	March 31	June 30
Commission on the placement of financing (1)	880,246	822,636	751,380
Partnership agreement in the rendering of banking services (2)	583,425	537,545	306,765
Insurance selling expenses (3)	283,004	270,816	257,715
Insurance expenses and other costs on funding abroad (4)	62,770	67,565	82,491
Advertising expenses (5)	75,690	52,509	64,571
Other	54,820	51,847	79,430
Total	1,939,955	1,802,918	1,542,352

- (1) Commissions paid to storekeepers and car dealers;
- (2) Amounts paid for the rendering of banking services;
- (3) Commissions paid to insurance brokers on trade of insurance, private pension plans and certificated savings plans products;
- (4) Prepaid insurance expenses and other costs when contracting funding from foreign bankers/investors; and
- (5) Prepaid advertising expenses, whose disclosure in the media will occur in the future.

13) Investments

a) Movement of investments in branches and direct and indirect subsidiaries abroad, which were fully eliminated upon consolidation of the financial statements.

				J	x\$ mousand
Investments in branches and subsidiaries abroad	Balance on	Movement in the period	Balance on	Balance on	Balance on
	12.31.2006	(1)	6.30.2007	3.31.2007	6.30.2006
Banco Bradesco S.A. Grand Cayman Branch	7,946,515	(691,330)	7,255,185	7,717,738	5,436,363
Bradport SGPS, Sociedade Unipessoal, Lda.	525,089	51,993	577,082	528,669	399,376
Banco Bradesco S.A. New York Branch	339,581	(23,992)	315,589	332,778	330,968
Banco Bradesco Luxembourg S.A.	306,517	(21,454)	285,063	298,577	301,906
Cidade Capital Markets Limited	72,749	(5,271)	67,478	70,705	71,214
Bradesco Securities, Inc.	48,369	(7,842)	40,527	45,953	47,988
Banco Bradesco Argentina S.A.	35,952	22,770	58,722	34,285	35,273
Banco Boavista S.A. Nassau Branch	18,836	(1,560)	17,276	18,251	18,683
Bradesco Argentina de Seguros S.A.	10,408	990	11,398	10,726	12,615
Bradesco International Health Service, Inc.	177	61	238	170	213
Imagra Overseas Ltd. (Amex Brasil)	1,842	(171)	1,671	1,767	1,877
Total	9,306,035	(675,806)	8,630,229	9,059,619	6,656,476

⁽¹⁾ Represented by the negative foreign exchange variation in the amount of R\$869,551 thousand, equity accounting in the amount of R\$187,155 thousand, mark-to-market adjustment of securities available for sale in the amount of R\$6,590 thousand.

b) Breakdown of investments in the consolidated financial statements

			R\$ thousand
Affiliated companies	2007	2006	
	June 30	March 31	June 30
IRB-Brasil Resseguros S.A.	381,581	361,395	346,871
Bradesco Templeton Asset Management Ltda. (1)			32,604
BES Investimento do Brasil S.A.	24,617	22,826	20,425
NovaMarlim Participações S.A.	12,393	15,123	17,769
Marlim Participações S.A.	8,144	10,111	12,707
Others	219	958	547
Total in affiliated companies	426,954	410,413	430,923
Tax incentives	329,041	328,067	325,631
Banco Espírito Santo S.A. (2)			399,121
Other investments	189,215	282,342	289,532
Provision for:			
Tax incentives	(291,485)	(290,963)	(279,680)
Other investments	(68,595)	(68,161)	(120,695)
Overall total of consolidated investments	585,130	661,698	1,044,832

⁽¹⁾ Investment sold in July 2006; and

c) The adjustments resulting from the evaluation of investments by the equity accounting method were recorded in income under Equity in the earnings of affiliated companies and corresponded, in the half of 2007 R\$16,094 thousand ($\frac{1}{2}$ half of 2006 R\$34,480 thousand), $\frac{1}{2}$ quarter of 2007 R\$4,505 thousand ($\frac{1}{2}$ quarter of 2007 R\$11,589 thousand).

R\$ thousa

Companies	G * 1	Adjusted	Number of stocks/ quotas held (thousands)		Consolidated Adjusted		Adjustment resulting from evaluation (4)			
-	Capital stock	stockholders' equity			ownership on capital stock	net income/ (loss)		2007		200
			Common	Preferred			2 nd Quarter	1 st Quarter	1 st Half	1 ^s Ha
IRB-Brasil Resseguros S.A. (1) NovaMarlim	1,030,000	1,796,206		212	21.24%	70,163	1,752	13,151	14,903	
Participações S.A. (1)	64,350 54,549	72,168 68,811	22,100 10,999	21,998	17.17% 11.84%	7,833 (15,660)	647 391	698 (2,245)	1,345 (1,854)	3,6

⁽²⁾ Investment transferred to current assets in December 2006.

Marlim Participações S.A. (1) BES Investimento do Brasil S.A.									
Banco de Investimento (1) American BankNote S.A. (2)	80,000	123,085	7,992	7,992	19.99%	9,377	1,791	84	1,875

Bradesco Templeton

Asset

Management Ltda. (3)

Other Companies

(76) (99) (175) (2

2,1

Total of non

-

consolidated

investees 4,505 11,589 16,094 34,4

- (1) Unaudited data related to May 31, 2007;
- (2) Investment transferred to current assets and partially sold in 2006;
- (3) Investment sold in July 2006; and
- (3) Adjustment resulting from evaluation considers results recorded by the companies as from their acquisition and includes equity variations in the investees not derived from results, as well as adjustments arising from the equalization of accounting practices, when applicable.

14) Property, Plant and Equipment in Use and Leased Assets

Stated at acquisition cost. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method at annual rates, which take into consideration the economic useful lives of the assets.

R\$ thousand

Pecidual value

				ŀ	Residual value			
	Annual rate		Cost	Depreciation	20	07	2006	
				June 30	March 31	June 30		
Real estate in use:								
Buildings	4%	607,730	(362,473)	245,257	292,015	348,230		
Land		439,133		439,133	407,965	407,440		
Facilities, furniture and equipment								
in use	10%	2,216,735	(1,285,974)	930,761	911,502	877,702		
Security and communications								
systems	10%	145,475	(87,945)	57,530	49,761	48,806		
	20 to							
Data processing systems	50%	1,694,671	(1,256,251)	438,420	456,708	379,348		
Transport systems	20%	28,330	(15,750)	12,580	14,352	9,384		
Construction in progress		63,841		63,841	83,673	4,490		
Subtotal		5,195,915	(3,008,393)	2,187,522	2,215,976	2,075,400		
Leased Assets		40,468	(12,306)	28,162	17,864	15,911		
Total on June 30, 2007		5,236,383	(3,020,699)	2,215,684				
Total on March 31, 2007		5,329,523	(3,095,683)		2,233,840			
Total on June 30, 2006		5,075,223	(2,983,912)			2,091,311		

Property, plant and equipment in use of Bradesco Organization present an unrecorded increment of R\$1,205,034 thousand (March 31, 2007 R\$1,161,041 thousand and June 30, 2006 R\$1,108,382 thousand) based on appraisal reports prepared by independent experts in 2007, 2006 and 2005.

The fixed assets to stockholders equity ratio, in relation to economic-financial consolidated reference stockholders equity is 8.49% (March 31, 2007 11.45% and June 30, 2006 16.40%), and the financial consolidated basis is 47.43% (March 31, 2007 49.23% and June 30, 2006 48.03%), within the maximum 50% limit.

The difference between the fixed assets to stockholders equity ratio of the economic-financial consolidated and of the financial consolidated derives from the existence of non-financial subsidiaries which have a high liquidity and a low fixed assets to stockholders equity ratio, with the consequent increase in the fixed assets to stockholders equity ratio of the financial consolidated. Whenever necessary, we may reallocate the funds for the financial companies through the payment of dividends/interest on own capital to financial companies or corporate restructuring between the financial and non-financial companies, thus allowing the improvement of that ratio.

15) Deferred Charges

a) Goodwill

In the 1st half of 2007, goodwill calculated by the acquisition of investments basically represented by Josema Administração e Participações S.A. (parent company of Credifar S.A. Crédito, Financiamento e Investimento) in the amount of R\$181,474 thousand, was fully amortized.

In the 2nd half of 2006, the existing goodwill was reviewed by the Management Bodies and according to the Board of Directors resolution as of September 18, 2006 and purpose of notice to stockholders on this same date, the referred goodwill, which corresponded to R\$2,108,723 thousand, was fully amortized. The Board of Directors proposals of this date were approved by the Special Stockholders Meeting held on October 5, 2006.

b) Other deferred charges

				R	\$ thousand		
			Residual value				
	Cost	Amortization	200	2006			
			June 30	March 31	June 30		
Systems development	1,663,435	(968,207)	695,228	660,195	584,579		
Other deferred expenditures	19,195	(17,033)	2,162	1,642	3,086		
Total on June 30, 2007	1,682,630	(985,240)	697,390				
Total on March 31, 2007	1,612,739	(950,902)		661,837			
Total on June 30, 2006	1,471,572	(883,907)			587,665		
					268		
					208		

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16) Deposits, Federal Funds Purchased and Securities Sold Under Agreements to Repurchase and Funds from Issuance of Securities

a) Deposits

]	R\$ thousand		
		2007							
	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	June 30	March 31	June 30		
Demand deposits									
(1)	21,019,183				21,019,183	20,115,520	16,645,884		
Savings deposits									
(1)	28,405,401				28,405,401	27,608,759	24,834,740		
Interbank deposits	59,356	120,829	50,795		230,980	157,625	162,763		
Time deposits (2)	1,921,587	4,536,475	4,221,920	21,679,693	32,359,675	35,686,702	36,435,005		
Other deposits (3)	585,379				585,379	593,290	277,429		
Total on June 30,									
2007	51,990,906	4,657,304	4,272,715	21,679,693	82,600,618				
%	62.9	5.6	5.2	26.3	100.0				
Total on March									
31, 2007	51,396,868	5,940,293	4,469,973	22,354,762		84,161,896			
%	61.1	7.0	5.3	26.6		100.0			
Total on June 30,									
2006	47,441,121	3,309,528	4,215,165	23,390,007			78,355,821		
% Classified as	60.5	4.2	5.4	29.9			100.0		

- (1) Classified as up to 30 days without considering average historical turnover;
- (2) It considers the maturities established in investments; and
- (3) Adjustment resulting from evaluation considers results recorded by the companies as from their acquisition and includes equity variations in the investees not derived from results, as well as adjustments arising from the equalization of accounting practices, when applicable.

b) Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase

							R\$ thousand	
		2007						
	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	June 30	March 31	June 30	
Own portfolio Government	10,386,735	1,708,636	2,330,046	17,927,833	32,353,250	29,352,132	14,138,646	
bonds	7,766,770	33,852	352,445	87,506	8,240,573	5,868,453	97,342 473,046	

Private securities							
CDB							
Debentures of own							
issuance	1,049,447	1,649,826	1,977,601	17,254,757	21,931,631	19,634,592	12,644,092
Foreign	1,570,518	24,958		585,570	2,181,046	3,849,087	924,166
Third party							
portfolio (1)	19,350,502				19,350,502	20,077,321	14,541,625
Unrestricted notes							
portfolio (1)	196,965	1,855,229			2,052,194	1,471,969	577,383
Total on June 30,							
2007(2)	29,934,202	3,563,865	2,330,046	17,927,833	53,755,946		
%	55.7	6.6	4.3	33.4	100.0		
Total on March							
31, 2007	27,036,156	5,252,883	1,440,529	17,171,854		50,901,422	
%	53.1	10.3	2.9	33.7		100.0	
Total on June 30,							
2006	15,137,809	1,955,824	417,896	11,746,125			29,257,654
%	51.7	6.7	1.4	40.2			100.0

⁽¹⁾ Represented by government bonds; and

subsidiaries composing the consolidated financial statements (Notes 8a and 8b).

This includes R\$11,576,561 thousand (March 31, 2007 – R\$10,571,439 thousand and June 30, 2006 – R\$5,175,495 thousand) of funds invested in purchase and sale commitments with Bradesco, the quotaholders of which are

2007

c) Funds from issuance of securities

R\$ thousand

2006

	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	More than 360 days	June 30	March 31	June 30
Securities Local:							
Exchange acceptances	800	945	162	5,020	6,927		
Mortgage notes	74,278	635,951	160,843	4,082	875,154	879,114	845,233
Debentures (1)		49,154		2,552,100	2,601,254	2,683,633	2,615,059
Subtotal	75,078	686,050	161,005	2,561,202	3,483,335	3,562,747	3,460,292
Securities Foreign: (2)							
Eurobonds						3,816	428,798
Euronotes							2,281
MTN Program Issues	82,629	561,285	582,989	225,961	1,452,864	1,459,578	1,255,658
Securitization of future							
flow of money orders							
received from abroad (d)	4,509	52,493	53,758	1,247,871	1,358,631	458,330	569,360
Securitization of future							
flow of credit card bill							
receivables from							
foreign cardholders (d)	948	42,404	43,617	263,349	350,318	394,467	484,651
Subtotal	88,086	656,182	680,364	1,737,181	3,161,813	2,316,191	2,740,748
Total on June 30, 2007	163,164	1,342,232	841,369	4,298,383	6,645,148		
%	2.4	20.2	12.7	64.7	100.0		
Total on March 31, 2007	163,763	695,599	1,192,266	3,827,310		5,878,938	
%	2.8	11.8	20.3	65.1		100.0	
Total on June 30, 2006	186,023	1,240,046	404,924	4,370,047			6,201,040
% (1) This refers to insta	3.0	20.0	6.5	70.5		1 CD 1	100.0

- (1) This refers to installment of issuances of simple debentures not convertible into stocks of Bradesco Leasing S.A. Arrendamento Mercantil, of which one matures on May 1, 2011 and has a 102% of CDI remuneration, whose installment referring to interest is classified in the short term; and
- (2) These consist of funds obtained from banks abroad, from the issuance of notes in the international market and under National Monetary Council (CMN) Resolution no. 2,770 for:
- (i) onlending to local customers, maturing until 2011, under terms which do not exceed those of the funds obtained, with interest payable at LIBOR, plus a spread or prefixed interest; and
- (ii) foreign exchange operations for customers, through purchase and sale of foreign currencies, related to discounts of export bills, pre-financing of exports and financing of imports, substantially in the short term.

- **d**) Since 2003, Bradesco Organization has been entering into certain agreements designed to optimize its funding and liquidity management activities through the use of Specific Purposes Entities (SPEs). These SPEs, named Brazilian Merchant Voucher Receivables Limited and International Diversified Payment Rights Company, are financed through long-term liabilities and settled through the future cash flows of the corresponding assets, which basically comprise:
- (i) current and future flows of money orders remitted by individuals and corporate entities located abroad to beneficiaries in Brazil for which the Bank acts as paying agent; and
- (ii) current and future flows of credit card receivables arising from expenses made in Brazilian territory by holders of credit cards issued outside Brazil.

The long-term securities issued by the SPEs and sold to investors will be settled through funds derived from the money order flows and credit card bills. Bradesco is obliged to redeem these securities in specific cases of default or if the SPEs operations are discontinued.

The funds derived from the sale of current and future money orders and credit card receivables, received by the SPEs, must be maintained in a specific bank account until such time as a specific minimum limit is attained. We present below the main features of the notes issued by the SPEs:

R\$ thousand

					Total			
	Issuance	Transaction amount	Maturity	Compensation % p.a.	2007		2006	
					June 30	March 31	June 30	
Securitization of								
future	8.20.2003	595,262	8.20.2010	6.750	223,545	303,426	351,775	
flow of money	7.28.2004	305,400	8.20.2012	4.685	170,410	154,904	217,585	
orders received	6.11.2007	481,550	5.20.2014	libor + 0.225	481,550	ŕ	,	
from abroad	6.11.2007	481,550	5.20.2014	libor + 0.550	483,126			
Total		1,863,762			1,358,631	458,330	569,360	
Securitization of future flow of credit card bills receivables from foreign cardholders					, ,	,	,	
abroad Total	7.10.2003	800,818 800,818	6.15.2011	5.684	350,318 350,318	394,467 394,467	484,651 484,651	

e) Expenses with funding and price-level restatement and interest on technical provisions for insurance, private pension plans and certificated savings plans

R\$ thousand

	2 nd Quarter	1st Quarter	1st Half	1st Half
Savings deposits	497,593	500,124	997,717	939,956
Time deposits	1,195,942	1,227,929	2,423,871	2,625,367
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase				