

TECH DATA CORP
Form 10-Q
November 29, 2017
Table of Contents

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 31, 2017

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File Number 0-14625

TECH DATA CORPORATION
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida	No. 59-1578329
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification Number)
5350 Tech Data Drive Clearwater, Florida	33760
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
(Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code): (727) 539-7429	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated Filer ☒

Accelerated Filer ☐

☐

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Non-accelerated Filer ☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller Reporting Company Filer ☐

Emerging Growth Company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding at November 20, 2017
Common stock, par value \$.0015 per share	38,153,237

Table of Contents

TECH DATA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Form 10-Q for the Three and Nine Months Ended October 31, 2017

INDEX

	PAGE
PART I. <u>FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
ITEM 1. <u>Financial Statements</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheet</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Income</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	<u>7</u>
ITEM 2. <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>20</u>
ITEM 3. <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	<u>38</u>
ITEM 4. <u>Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>39</u>
PART II. <u>OTHER INFORMATION</u>	<u>40</u>
ITEM 1. <u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>40</u>
ITEM 1A. <u>Risk Factors</u>	<u>40</u>
ITEM 2. <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>40</u>
ITEM 3. <u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>40</u>
ITEM 4. <u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	<u>40</u>
ITEM 5. <u>Other Information</u>	<u>41</u>
ITEM 6. <u>Exhibits</u>	<u>42</u>
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	<u>43</u>
EXHIBITS	
CERTIFICATIONS	

Table of Contents

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

TECH DATA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(In thousands, except par value and share amounts)

	October 31, 2017 (Unaudited)	January 31, 2017
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$562,645	\$2,125,591
Accounts receivable, net	4,816,963	3,047,927
Inventories	2,862,199	2,118,902
Prepaid expenses and other assets	237,873	119,906
Total current assets	8,479,680	7,412,326
Property and equipment, net	273,568	74,239
Goodwill	842,223	199,021
Intangible assets, net	1,117,025	130,676
Other assets, net	247,357	115,604
Total assets	\$10,959,853	\$7,931,866
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$5,464,759	\$3,844,532
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	706,319	493,199
Revolving credit loans and current maturities of long-term debt, net	113,422	373,123
Total current liabilities	6,284,500	4,710,854
Long-term debt, less current maturities	1,806,456	989,924
Other long-term liabilities	145,074	61,200
Total liabilities	8,236,030	5,761,978
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$.0015; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 59,245,585 shares issued at October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017	89	89
Additional paid-in capital	819,157	686,042
Treasury stock, at cost (21,092,348 and 24,018,983 shares at October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017)	(940,497)	(1,070,994)
Retained earnings	2,744,674	2,629,293
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	100,400	(74,542)
Total shareholders' equity	2,723,823	2,169,888
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$10,959,853	\$7,931,866

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of ContentsTECH DATA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended October 31,		Nine months ended October 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net sales	\$9,135,728	\$6,490,265	\$25,682,482	\$18,807,366
Cost of products sold	8,609,647	6,174,426	24,183,722	17,876,466
Gross profit	526,081	315,839	1,498,760	930,900
Operating expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	416,766	239,952	1,179,996	730,211
Acquisition, integration and restructuring expenses	29,748	13,015	101,931	14,997
LCD settlements and other, net	—	—	(41,343)	(4,142)
Value added tax assessments	—	—	—	1,049
	446,514	252,967	1,240,584	742,115
Operating income	79,567	62,872	258,176	188,785
Interest expense	25,925	9,475	85,205	21,364
Other (income) expense, net	(1,243)	1,747	(1,374)	(517)
Income before income taxes	54,885	51,650	174,345	167,938
Provision for income taxes	17,617	15,144	58,964	51,665
Net income	\$37,268	\$36,506	\$115,381	\$116,273
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$0.98	\$1.04	\$3.05	\$3.30
Diluted	\$0.97	\$1.03	\$3.03	\$3.29
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	38,186	35,218	37,877	35,184
Diluted	38,433	35,449	38,105	35,393

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents

TECH DATA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	October 31,		October 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net income	\$37,268	\$36,506	\$115,381	\$116,273
Other comprehensive (loss) income:				
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(54,159)	(55,771)	174,942	(36,769)
Total comprehensive (loss) income	\$(16,891)	\$(19,265)	\$290,323	\$79,504

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of ContentsTECH DATA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Nine months ended October 31,	
	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$30,645,389	\$21,076,446
Cash paid to vendors and employees	(30,031,181)	(20,776,017)
Interest paid, net	(73,180)	(18,982)
Income taxes paid	(100,615)	(69,960)
Net cash provided by operating activities	440,413	211,487
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(2,249,642)	(2,685)
Expenditures for property and equipment	(179,114)	(18,785)
Software and software development costs	(34,865)	(12,118)
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,463,621)	(33,588)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings on long-term debt	1,008,148	—
Principal payments on long-term debt	(565,952)	—
Cash paid for debt issuance costs	(5,871)	(14,988)
Net repayments on revolving credit loans	(24,851)	(1,476)
Payments for employee tax withholdings on equity awards	(5,915)	(4,385)
Proceeds from the reissuance of treasury stock	1,079	492
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	406,638	(20,357)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	53,624	2,854
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,562,946)	160,396
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,125,591	531,169
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$562,645	\$691,565
Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Net income	\$115,381	\$116,273
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	112,907	41,223
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	13,191	3,457
Stock-based compensation expense	21,217	11,020
Accretion of debt discount and debt issuance costs	1,692	626
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable	207,945	91,938
Inventories	(415,623)	(148,116)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	12,071	57,178
Accounts payable	471,819	109,404
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(100,187)	(71,516)
Total adjustments	325,032	95,214
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$440,413	\$211,487
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing activities:		
Issuance of stock to acquire business	\$247,232	\$—

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents

TECH DATA CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 — BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Business

Tech Data Corporation (“Tech Data” or the “Company”) is one of the world’s largest wholesale distributors of technology products. The Company serves as an indispensable link in the technology supply chain by bringing products from the world’s leading technology vendors to market, as well as providing customers with advanced logistics capabilities and value-added services. Tech Data’s customers include value-added resellers, direct marketers, retailers and corporate resellers who support the diverse technology needs of end users. On February 27, 2017, the Company purchased all of the outstanding shares of Avnet, Inc.’s (“Avnet”) Technology Solutions (“TS”) business (see Note 3 - Acquisitions for further discussion). Prior to the acquisition of TS, the Company managed its operations in two geographic segments: the Americas and Europe. As a result of the acquisition of TS, the Company now manages its operations in three geographic segments: the Americas, Europe and Asia-Pacific. There were no Tech Data operations in the Asia-Pacific region prior to the acquisition of TS.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Tech Data and its subsidiaries, including the results of TS from the date of acquisition of February 27, 2017. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company operates on a fiscal year that ends on January 31.

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The Company prepares its financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (“GAAP”). These principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Company as of October 31, 2017, its consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016, and its consolidated cash flows for the nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016.

Seasonality

The Company’s quarterly operating results have fluctuated significantly in the past and will likely continue to do so in the future as a result of currency fluctuations and seasonal variations in the demand for the products and services offered. Narrow operating margins may magnify the impact of these factors on the Company’s operating results. Recent historical seasonal variations have included an increase in European demand during the Company’s fiscal fourth quarter and decreased demand in other fiscal quarters. The seasonal trend in Europe typically results in greater operating leverage, and therefore, lower selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales in the region and on a consolidated basis during the second semester of the Company’s fiscal year, particularly in the Company’s fourth quarter. Therefore, the results of operations for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that can be expected for the entire fiscal year ended January 31, 2018.

Acquisition, integration and restructuring expenses

Acquisition, integration and restructuring expenses are primarily comprised of professional services, restructuring costs, transaction related costs and other costs related to the acquisition of TS (see Note 3 – Acquisitions for further discussion).

LCD settlements and other, net

The Company has been a claimant in proceedings seeking damages from certain manufacturers of LCD flat panel and cathode ray tube displays. The Company reached settlement agreements with certain manufacturers during the nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016 and has recorded these amounts, net of attorney fees and other expenses, in "LCD settlements and other, net" in the Consolidated Statement of Income.

Table of Contents

Accounts Receivable Purchase Agreements

The Company has uncommitted accounts receivable purchase agreements under which certain accounts receivable may be sold, without recourse, to third-party financial institutions. Under these programs, the Company may sell certain accounts receivable in exchange for cash less a discount, as defined in the agreements. Available capacity under these programs, which the Company uses as a source of working capital funding, is dependent on the level of accounts receivable eligible to be sold into these programs and the financial institutions' willingness to purchase such receivables. In addition, certain of these agreements also require that the Company continue to service, administer and collect the sold accounts receivable. At October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017, the Company had a total of \$672.4 million and \$506.7 million, respectively, of accounts receivable sold to and held by financial institutions under these agreements. During the three months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016, discount fees recorded under these facilities were \$1.8 million and \$1.6 million, respectively and during the nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016, discount fees recorded under these facilities were \$5.9 million and \$4.3 million, respectively. These discount fees are included as a component of "other (income) expense, net" in the Consolidated Statement of Income.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In July 2015, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that simplifies the subsequent measurement of inventory. Under the new standard, the cost of inventory will be compared to the net realizable value (NRV). Net realizable value is defined as the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal and transportation. The standard should be applied prospectively and was effective for the Company beginning with the quarter ended April 30, 2017. The adoption of this standard had no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued a new standard that simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill by eliminating Step 2 from the annual goodwill impairment test. With the elimination of Step 2, entities will measure goodwill for impairment by comparing the fair value of the reporting unit with its carrying amount. An impairment charge should be recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, only to the extent of the carrying value of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. The accounting standard should be applied prospectively. The Company early adopted the guidance during the quarter ended April 30, 2017. The adoption of this standard had no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued an accounting standard which will supersede all existing revenue recognition guidance under current GAAP. In March, April, May and December 2016, the FASB issued additional updates to the new accounting standard which provide supplemental adoption guidance and clarifications. The new standard requires the recognition of revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods and services. The accounting standard is effective for the Company beginning with the quarter ending April 30, 2018. The standard may be adopted using either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach. The Company has established a project implementation team and developed a multi-phase plan to assess the Company's business, as well as any changes to processes or systems to adopt the requirements of the new standard. The Company is in the process of finalizing its conclusions on several aspects of the standard, including principal versus agent considerations, which would impact reporting certain revenues on a gross or net basis, as well as assessing the impact of the new standard on the accounting for revenue earned by TS, which was acquired in February 2017. The Company expects to adopt the standard utilizing the full retrospective approach.

In February 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard which requires the recognition of assets and liabilities arising from lease transactions on the balance sheet and the disclosure of additional information about leasing arrangements. Under the new guidance, for all leases, interest expense and amortization of the right to use asset will be recorded for leases determined to be financing leases and straight-line lease expense will be recorded for leases determined to be operating leases. Lessees will initially recognize assets for the right to use the leased assets and liabilities for the obligations created by those leases. The new accounting standard must be adopted using a modified retrospective approach for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. The accounting standard is effective for the Company beginning with the quarter

ending April 30, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this new standard, however, the Company currently expects that the primary impact will be an increase in its total assets and total liabilities due to the recognition of right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities upon implementation for leases currently accounted for as operating leases.

In June 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard which revises the methodology for measuring credit losses on financial instruments and the timing of the recognition of those losses. Under the new standard, financial assets measured at an amortized cost basis are to be presented net of the amount not expected to be collected via an allowance for credit losses. Estimated credit losses are to be based on historical information adjusted for management's expectation that current conditions and supportable forecasts differ from historical experience. The accounting standard is effective for the Company beginning with the quarter ending April 30, 2020, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

In August 2016, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that addresses how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified on the statement of cash flows. The accounting standard is effective for the Company beginning with the quarter ending April 30, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In October 2016, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that revises the accounting for the income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory. The accounting standard is effective for the Company beginning with the quarter ending April 30, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that clarifies the guidance regarding the changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award that would require an entity to apply modification accounting. The accounting standard is effective for the Company beginning with the quarter ending April 30, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2017, the FASB issued a new accounting standard that amends and simplifies guidance related to hedge accounting to more accurately portray the economics of an entity's risk management activities in its financial statements. The accounting standard is effective for the Company beginning with the quarter ending April 30, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

NOTE 2 — EARNINGS PER SHARE ("EPS")

The Company presents the computation of earnings per share on a basic and diluted basis. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the reported period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution related to equity-based incentives (further discussed in Note 6 – Stock-Based Compensation) using the treasury stock method. The composition of basic and diluted EPS is as follows:

	Three months ended October 31, 2017		Nine months ended October 31, 2017	
	2016		2016	
(in thousands, except per share data)				
Net income	\$37,268	\$36,506	\$115,381	\$116,273
Weighted average common shares - basic	38,186	35,218	37,877	35,184
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Equity based awards	247	231	228	209
Weighted average common shares - diluted	38,433	35,449	38,105	35,393
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$0.98	\$1.04	\$3.05	\$3.30
Diluted	\$0.97	\$1.03	\$3.03	\$3.29

For the three months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016, there were 15,739 and 844 shares, respectively, excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would have been antidilutive. For the nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016, there were 30,578 and 1,454 shares, respectively, excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would have been antidilutive.

NOTE 3 - ACQUISITIONS

Acquisition of TS

On September 19, 2016, Tech Data entered into an interest purchase agreement, as subsequently amended, with Avnet to acquire all the shares of TS. Pursuant to the interest purchase agreement, and subject to the terms and conditions contained therein, at the closing of the acquisition on February 27, 2017, Tech Data acquired all of the outstanding shares of TS for an aggregate estimated purchase price of approximately \$2.7 billion, including approximately \$2.5 billion in cash, including estimated closing adjustments, and 2,785,402 shares of the Company's common stock, valued at approximately \$247 million based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on February 27, 2017. The final cash consideration is subject to certain working capital and other adjustments, as determined through the process established in the interest purchase agreement. Therefore, the final purchase price may vary significantly from these estimates. TS delivers technology services, software, hardware and solutions across the data center. The TS acquisition diversifies the Company's end-to-end solutions, deepens its value added capabilities and balances its solutions portfolio. The addition of TS also extends the Company's geographic reach into the Asia-Pacific region while broadening its capabilities in Europe and the Americas, including re-entering Latin America with a focus on the delivery of new technologies that drive and complement the data center in this market.

The Company has accounted for the TS acquisition as a business combination and allocated the preliminary estimated purchase price to the estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company has not yet completed its evaluation and determination of certain assets acquired and liabilities assumed, primarily (i) the final

valuation of intangible assets related to customer relationships and trade names, (ii) the final assessment and valuation of certain other assets acquired and liabilities assumed, including accounts receivable, accrued expenses and other liabilities and (iii) the final assessment and valuation of certain tax amounts. Therefore, the final fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed may vary significantly from the Company's preliminary estimates. During the six months ended October 31, 2017, the Company updated its estimated fair values of certain assets acquired and liabilities assumed, including an increase in goodwill of \$116 million, a decrease in intangible assets of \$94 million, a decrease in current assets of \$11 million and an increase in total liabilities of \$9 million.

Table of Contents

The preliminary allocation of the estimated purchase price to assets acquired and liabilities assumed is as follows:
(in millions)

Cash	\$ 176
Accounts receivable	1,836
Inventories	233
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	107
Property and equipment, net	62
Goodwill	609
Intangible assets	941
Other assets, net	177
Total assets	4,141

Other current liabilities	1,184
Revolving credit loans and long-term debt	134
Other long-term liabilities	106
Total liabilities	1,424

Estimated purchase price	\$2,717
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The allocation of the preliminary value of identifiable intangible assets is comprised of approximately \$898 million of customer relationships with a weighted-average amortization period of 14 years and \$43 million of trade names with an amortization period of 5 years. Goodwill is the excess of the consideration transferred over the net assets recognized and primarily represents the expected revenue and cost synergies of the combined company and assembled workforce. Approximately \$1.1 billion of the goodwill and identifiable intangible assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The Company has recorded certain indemnification assets for expected amounts to be received from Avnet related to preliminary liabilities recorded for unrecognized tax benefits and other items.

Included within the Company's Consolidated Statement of Income are estimated net sales for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2017, of approximately \$2.2 billion and \$6.1 billion, respectively, from TS subsequent to the acquisition date of February 27, 2017. As the Company began integrating certain sales and other functions after the closing of the acquisition, these amounts represent an estimate of the TS net sales for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2017 and are not necessarily indicative of how the TS operations would have performed on a stand-alone basis.

The following table presents unaudited supplemental pro forma information as if the TS acquisition had occurred at the beginning of fiscal 2017. The pro forma results presented are based on combining the stand-alone operating results of the Company and TS for the periods prior to the acquisition date after giving effect to certain adjustments related to the transaction. The pro forma results exclude any benefits that may result from potential cost synergies of the combined company and certain non-recurring costs. As a result, the pro forma information below does not purport to present what actual results would have been had the acquisition actually been consummated on the date indicated and it is not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may result in the future.

	Three months ended October 31, 2017		Nine months ended October 31, 2016	
(in millions)	(unaudited)			
Pro forma net sales	\$9,136	\$8,525	\$26,416	\$25,439
Pro forma net income	\$38	\$30	\$122	\$118

Adjustments reflected in the pro forma results include the following:

- Amortization of acquired intangible assets based on the preliminary valuation and estimated purchase price
- Interest costs associated with the transaction
- Removal of certain non-recurring transaction costs
- Tax effects of adjustments based on an estimated statutory tax rate

Table of Contents

Acquisition, integration and restructuring expenses

Acquisition, integration and restructuring expenses are comprised of professional services, restructuring costs, transaction related costs and other costs related to the acquisition of TS. Professional services are primarily comprised of integration related activities, including professional fees for project management, accounting, tax and IT consulting services. Restructuring costs are comprised of severance and facility exit costs. Transaction related costs primarily consist of investment banking fees, legal expenses and due diligence costs incurred in connection with the completion of the transaction. Other costs primarily consist of payroll related costs including retention, stock compensation, relocation and travel expenses incurred as part of the integration of TS.

Acquisition, integration and restructuring expenses for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016 are comprised of the following:

	Three months ended October 31,		Nine months ended October 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
(in thousands)				
Professional services	\$ 10,694	\$ 3,978	\$ 37,702	\$ 5,305
Restructuring costs	6,861	—	24,188	—
Transaction related costs	1,925	8,535	19,154	9,190
Other	10,268	502	20,887	502
Total	\$ 29,748	\$ 13,015	\$ 101,931	\$ 14,997

During the three months ended October 31, 2017, the Company recorded restructuring costs of \$2.0 million in the Americas and \$4.9 million in Europe. During the nine months ended October 31, 2017, the Company recorded restructuring costs of \$12.4 million in the Americas and \$11.8 million in Europe. The accrued restructuring charges are included in “accrued expenses and other liabilities” in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Restructuring activity during the nine months ended October 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Nine months ended October 31, 2017		
	Severance	Facility Exit Costs	Total
(in thousands)			
Fiscal 2018 restructuring expenses	\$ 18,687	\$ 5,501	\$ 24,188
Cash payments	(11,270)	(2,489)	(13,759)
Foreign currency translation	49	29	78
Balance at October 31, 2017	\$ 7,466	\$ 3,041	\$ 10,507

NOTE 4 — GOODWILL

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, by geographic segment, for the nine months ended October 31, 2017, are as follows (in thousands):

	Americas	Europe	Asia-Pacific	Total
Balance as of January 31, 2017	\$ 19,559	\$ 179,462	\$ —	\$ 199,021
Goodwill acquired during the year ⁽¹⁾	444,837	153,656	10,934	609,427
Foreign currency translation adjustment	2,616	30,324	835	33,775

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Balance as of October 31, 2017	\$ 467,012	\$ 363,442	\$ 11,769	\$ 842,223
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(1) Amounts based on preliminary purchase price allocation related to the acquisition of TS.

12

Table of Contents

NOTE 5 — DEBT

The carrying value of the Company's outstanding debt consists of the following (in thousands):

As of:	October 31, 2017	January 31, 2017
Senior Notes, interest at 3.70% payable semi-annually, due February 15, 2022	\$500,000	\$500,000
Senior Notes, interest at 4.95% payable semi-annually, due February 15, 2027	500,000	500,000
Senior Notes, interest at 3.75% payable semi-annually, due September 21, 2017	—	350,000
Less—unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs	(9,056)	(10,633)
Senior Notes, net	990,944	1,339,367
Term Loans	800,000	—
Other committed and uncommitted revolving credit facilities, average interest rate of 6.10% and 8.35% at October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017, respectively	109,052	23,680
Other long-term debt	19,882	—
	1,919,878	1,363,047
Less—current maturities (included as “revolving credit loans and current maturities of long-term debt, net”)	(113,422)	(373,123)
Total long-term debt	\$1,806,456	\$989,924

Senior Notes

In January 2017, the Company issued \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.70% Senior Notes due 2022 (the "3.70% Senior Notes") and \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.95% Senior Notes due 2027 (the "4.95% Senior Notes") (collectively the "2017 Senior Notes"), resulting in proceeds of approximately \$989.8 million, net of debt discount and debt issuance costs of approximately \$1.6 million and \$8.6 million, respectively. The net proceeds from the issuance of the 2017 Senior Notes were used to fund a portion of the purchase price of the acquisition of TS. The debt discount and debt issuance costs incurred in connection with the public offering are amortized over the life of the 2017 Senior Notes as additional interest expense using the effective interest method. The Company pays interest on the 2017 Senior Notes semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning on August 15, 2017. The interest rate payable on the 2017 Senior Notes will be subject to adjustment from time to time if the credit rating assigned to such series of notes changes. At no point will the interest rate be reduced below the interest rate payable on the notes on the date of the initial issuance or increase more than 2.00% above the interest rate payable on the notes of the series on the date of their initial issuance. The 2017 Senior Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company and will rank equally with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of the Company from time to time outstanding.

The Company, at its option, may redeem the 3.70% Senior Notes at any time prior to January 15, 2022 and the 4.95% Senior Notes at any time prior to November 15, 2026, in each case in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 Senior Notes to be redeemed or (ii) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the 2017 Senior Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the date of redemption on a semi-annual basis at a rate equal to the sum of the applicable Treasury Rate plus 30 basis points for the 3.70% Senior Notes and 40 basis points for the 4.95% Senior Notes, plus the accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount being redeemed up to the date of redemption. The Company may also redeem the 2017 Senior Notes, at any time in whole or from time to time in part, on or after January 15, 2022 for the 3.70% Senior Notes and November 15, 2026 for the 4.95% Senior Notes, in each case, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 Senior Notes to be redeemed.

In September 2012, the Company issued \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% Senior Notes (the "3.75% Senior Notes"). The 3.75% Senior Notes matured on September 21, 2017 and the Company paid the remaining principal balance of \$350.0 million.

Other Credit Facilities

The Company has a \$1.0 billion revolving credit facility with a syndicate of banks (the "Credit Agreement"), which among other things, provides for (i) a maturity date of November 2, 2021, (ii) an interest rate on borrowings, facility fees and letter of credit fees based on the Company's non-credit enhanced senior unsecured debt rating as determined

by Standard & Poor's Rating Service and Moody's Investor Service, and (iii) the ability to increase the facility to a maximum of \$1.25 billion, subject to certain conditions. The Company pays interest on advances under the Credit Agreement at LIBOR (or similar interbank offered rates depending on currency draw) plus a predetermined margin that is based on the Company's debt rating. There were no amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement at October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017.

The Company entered into a term loan credit agreement on November 2, 2016 with a syndicate of banks (the "Term Loan Credit Agreement") which provides for the borrowing of (i) a tranche of senior unsecured term loans in an original aggregate principal amount of \$250 million and maturing three years after the funding date and (ii) a tranche of senior unsecured term loans in an original aggregate principal amount of \$750 million and maturing five years after the funding date. The Company pays interest on advances under the Term Loan Credit Agreement at a variable rate based on LIBOR (or similar interbank offered rates depending on currency draw) plus a predetermined margin that is based on the Company's debt rating. In connection with the acquisition of TS on February 27, 2017, the Company borrowed \$1.0 billion under its Term Loan Credit Agreement in order to fund a portion of the cash consideration

Table of Contents

paid to Avnet. The borrowings are comprised of a \$250.0 million tranche of three-year senior unsecured term loans (the “2020 Term Loans”) and a \$750.0 million tranche of five-year senior unsecured term loans (the “2022 Term Loans”). The outstanding principal amount of the 2020 Term Loans is payable on February 27, 2020. The outstanding principal amount of the 2022 Term Loans is payable in equal quarterly installments of i) for the first three years after the funding date, 5.0% per annum of the initial principal amount and ii) for the fourth and fifth years after the funding date, 10.0% per annum of the initial principal amount, with the remaining balance payable on February 27, 2022.

The Company may repay the 2020 Term Loans and 2022 Term Loans, at any time in whole or in part, without penalty or premium prior to the respective maturity dates. Quarterly installment payments due under the 2022 Term Loans are reduced by the amount of any prepayments made by the Company. During the nine months ended October 31, 2017, the Company made principal payments of \$150 million and \$50 million, respectively, on the 2020 Term Loans and 2022 Term Loans. At October 31, 2017, there was \$100 million outstanding on the 2020 Term Loans at an interest rate of 2.73% and \$700 million outstanding on the 2022 Term Loans at an interest rate of 2.86%.

The Company also has an agreement with a syndicate of banks (the “Receivables Securitization Program”) that allows the Company to transfer an undivided interest in a designated pool of U.S. accounts receivable, on an ongoing basis, to provide collateral for borrowings up to a maximum of \$750.0 million. Under this program, the Company transfers certain U.S. trade receivables into a wholly-owned bankruptcy remote special purpose entity. Such receivables, which are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheet, totaled \$1.371 billion and \$748.6 million at October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017, respectively. As collections reduce accounts receivable balances included in the collateral pool, the Company may transfer interests in new receivables to bring the amount available to be borrowed up to the maximum. Interest is to be paid on advances under the Receivables Securitization Program at the applicable commercial paper or LIBOR rate plus an agreed-upon margin. There were no amounts outstanding under the Receivables Securitization Program at October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017.

In addition to the facilities described above, the Company has various other committed and uncommitted lines of credit and overdraft facilities totaling approximately \$476.1 million at October 31, 2017 to support its operations. Most of these facilities are provided on an unsecured, short-term basis and are reviewed periodically for renewal. There was \$109.1 million outstanding on these facilities at October 31, 2017, at a weighted average interest rate of 6.10%, and there was \$23.7 million outstanding at January 31, 2017, at a weighted average interest rate of 8.35%. At October 31, 2017, the Company had also issued standby letters of credit of \$28.5 million. These letters of credit typically act as a guarantee of payment to certain third parties in accordance with specified terms and conditions. The issuance of these letters of credit reduces the Company's borrowing availability under certain of the above-mentioned credit facilities.

Certain of the Company's credit facilities contain limitations on the amounts of annual dividends and repurchases of common stock and require compliance with other obligations, warranties and covenants. The financial ratio covenants under these credit facilities include a maximum total leverage ratio and a minimum interest coverage ratio. At October 31, 2017, the Company was in compliance with all such financial covenants.

Future payments of debt at October 31, 2017 and for succeeding fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year:

2018 (remaining 3 months)	\$ 110,008
2019	21,775
2020	43,382
2021	180,114
2022	76,780
Thereafter	1,496,875
Total principal payments	\$ 1,928,934

Table of Contents

NOTE 6 — STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

For the nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company recorded \$21.2 million and \$11.0 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense.

At October 31, 2017, the Company had awards outstanding from two equity-based compensation plans, only one of which is currently active. The active plan was initially approved by the Company's shareholders in June 2009 and includes 4.0 million shares available for grant of which approximately 1.7 million shares remain available for future grant at October 31, 2017. Under the active plan, the Company is authorized to award officers, employees, and non-employee members of the Board of Directors restricted stock, options to purchase common stock, maximum value stock-settled stock appreciation rights, maximum value options, and performance awards that are dependent upon achievement of specified performance goals. Equity-based compensation awards have a maximum term of 10 years, unless a shorter period is specified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors ("Compensation Committee") or is required under local law. Awards under the plans are priced as determined by the Compensation Committee, and under the terms of the Company's active equity-based compensation plan, are required to be priced at, or above, the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. Awards generally vest between one and three years from the date of grant. The Company's policy is to utilize shares of its treasury stock, to the extent available, to satisfy its obligation to issue shares upon the exercise of awards.

Restricted stock units

A summary of the Company's restricted stock activity for the nine months ended October 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Shares
Nonvested at January 31, 2017	487,596
Granted	451,463
Vested	(190,364)
Canceled	(32,427)
Nonvested at October 31, 2017	716,268

Performance based restricted stock units

The Company's performance based restricted stock unit awards are subject to vesting conditions, including meeting specified cumulative performance objectives over a period of three years. Each performance based award recipient could vest in 0% to 150% of the target shares granted contingent on the achievement of the Company's financial performance metrics. A summary of the Company's performance based restricted stock activity, assuming maximum achievement, for the nine months ended October 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Shares
Nonvested at January 31, 2017	17,486
Granted	159,102
Canceled	(3,495)
Nonvested at October 31, 2017	173,093

NOTE 7 — SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Company's common share issuance activity for the nine months ended October 31, 2017 is summarized as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-average price per share
Treasury stock balance at January 31, 2017	24,018,983	\$ 44.59
Shares of treasury stock reissued for equity incentive plans	(141,233)	
Shares of treasury stock reissued for acquisition of TS	(2,785,402)	
Treasury stock balance at October 31, 2017	21,092,348	\$ 44.59

As part of the acquisition of TS, the Company reissued 2,785,402 shares of Tech Data's common stock out of treasury stock (see further discussion in Note 3 - Acquisitions). There were no common shares repurchased by the Company during the nine months ended October 31, 2017. The reissuance of shares from treasury stock is based on the weighted average purchase price of the shares.

Table of Contents

NOTE 8 — FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's assets and liabilities carried or disclosed at fair value are classified in one of the following three categories: Level 1 – quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities; Level 2 – inputs other than quoted market prices included in Level 1 above that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and Level 3 – unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The classification of an asset or liability within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following table summarizes the valuation of the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	October 31, 2017		January 31, 2017		
	Fair value measurement category		Fair value measurement category		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
(in thousands)					
ASSETS					
Cash equivalents	\$—		\$1,000,010		
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$9,431			\$2,264	

LIABILITIES

Foreign currency forward contracts	\$3,975	\$9,711
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The Company's cash equivalents at January 31, 2017 consisted primarily of highly liquid investments in money market funds with maturity periods of three months or less.

The Company's foreign currency forward contracts are measured on a recurring basis based on foreign currency spot rates and forward rates quoted by banks or foreign currency dealers (Level 2 criteria) and are marked-to-market each period with gains and losses on these contracts recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Income on a basis consistent with the classification of the change in the fair value of the underlying transactions giving rise to these foreign currency exchange gains and losses in the period in which their value changes, with the offsetting amount for unsettled positions being included in either "prepaid expenses and other assets" or "accrued expenses and other liabilities" in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. See further discussion below in Note 9 – Derivative Instruments.

The Company utilizes life insurance policies to fund the Company's nonqualified deferred compensation plan. The life insurance asset recorded by the Company is the amount that would be realized upon the assumed surrender of the policy. This amount is based on the underlying fair value of the invested assets contained within the life insurance policies. The gains and losses are recorded in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Income within "other (income) expense, net." The related deferred compensation liability is also marked-to-market each period based upon the returns of the various investments selected by the plan participants and the gains and losses are recorded in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Income within "selling, general and administrative expenses." The net realizable value of the Company's life insurance investments and related deferred compensation liability was \$44.6 million and \$44.6 million, respectively, at October 31, 2017 and \$35.2 million and \$35.3 million, respectively, at January 31, 2017.

The carrying value of the 3.70% Senior Notes, 4.95% Senior Notes and 3.75% Senior Notes (collectively the "Senior Notes") discussed in Note 5 - Debt represents cost less unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs. The estimated fair value of the Senior Notes is based upon quoted market information (Level 1). The estimated fair value of the Senior Notes was \$1.039 billion and \$1.354 billion, respectively, at October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017 and the carrying value was \$990.9 million and \$1.339 billion, respectively, at October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017. The estimated fair values of amounts outstanding under revolving credit facilities and the \$800 million outstanding under the Term Loan Credit Agreement at October 31, 2017 approximate their carrying values.

NOTE 9 — DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is exposed to movements in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company's foreign currency risk management objective is to protect earnings and cash flows from the impact of exchange rate changes primarily through the use of foreign currency forward contracts to hedge both intercompany and third party loans, accounts receivable and accounts payable. These derivatives are not designated as hedging instruments.

The Company's foreign currency exposure relates primarily to international transactions where the currency collected from customers can be different from the currency used to purchase the product. The Company's transactions in its foreign operations are denominated primarily in the following currencies: Australian dollar, British pound, Canadian dollar, Czech koruna, Danish krone, euro, Indian rupee, Indonesian rupiah, Mexican peso, Norwegian krone, Polish zloty, Singapore dollar, Swedish krona, Swiss franc and U.S. dollar.

The Company considers inventory as an economic hedge against foreign currency exposure in accounts payable in certain circumstances. This practice offsets such inventory against corresponding accounts payable denominated in currencies other than the

Table of Contents

functional currency of the subsidiary buying the inventory when determining the net exposure to be hedged using traditional forward contracts. Under this strategy, the Company would expect to increase or decrease selling prices for products purchased in foreign currencies based on fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates affecting the underlying accounts payable. To the extent the Company incurs a foreign currency exchange loss (gain) on the underlying accounts payable denominated in the foreign currency, a corresponding increase (decrease) in gross profit would be expected as the related inventory is sold. This strategy can result in a certain degree of quarterly earnings volatility as the underlying accounts payable is remeasured using the foreign currency exchange rate prevailing at the end of each period, or settlement date if earlier, whereas the corresponding increase (decrease) in gross profit is not realized until the related inventory is sold.

The Company recognizes foreign currency exchange gains and losses on its derivative instruments used to manage its exposures to foreign currency denominated accounts receivable and accounts payable as a component of “cost of products sold” which is consistent with the classification of the change in fair value upon remeasurement of the underlying hedged accounts receivable or accounts payable. The Company recognizes foreign currency exchange gains and losses on its derivative instruments used to manage its exposures to foreign currency denominated financing transactions as a component of “other (income) expense, net,” which is consistent with the classification of the change in fair value upon remeasurement of the underlying hedged loans. The total amount recognized in earnings on the Company's foreign currency forward contracts, which depending upon the nature of the underlying hedged asset or liability is included as a component of either “cost of products sold” or “other (income) expense, net,” was a net foreign currency exchange gain of \$0.3 million and a loss of \$1.2 million, respectively, for the three months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016 and a foreign currency exchange loss of \$22.4 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, for the nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016. The gains and losses on the Company's foreign currency forward contracts are largely offset by the change in the fair value of the underlying hedged assets or liabilities.

The notional amount of forward exchange contracts is the amount of foreign currency to be bought or sold at maturity. Notional amounts are indicative of the extent of the Company's involvement in the various types and uses of derivative financial instruments and are not a measure of the Company's exposure to credit or market risks through its use of derivatives. The estimated fair value of derivative financial instruments represents the amount required to enter into similar offsetting contracts with similar remaining maturities based on quoted market prices.

The Company's average notional amounts of derivative financial instruments outstanding during the three months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016 were approximately \$0.9 billion and \$0.7 billion, respectively, with average maturities of 28 days and 33 days, respectively. The Company's average notional amounts of derivative financial instruments outstanding during the nine months ended October 31, 2017 and 2016 were approximately \$1.0 billion and \$0.6 billion, respectively, with average maturities of 33 days and 32 days, respectively. As discussed above, under the Company's hedging policies, gains and losses on the derivative financial instruments are largely offset by the gains and losses on the underlying assets or liabilities being hedged.

The Company's foreign currency forward contracts are also discussed in Note 8 – Fair Value Measurements.

NOTE 10 — COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES**Operating Leases**

The Company leases logistics centers, office facilities and certain equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Future minimum lease payments at October 31, 2017, under all such leases, including minimum commitments under an agreement for data center services, for succeeding fiscal years and thereafter are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal year:

2018 (remaining 3 months)	\$ 19,600
2019	60,500
2020	51,900
2021	46,800
2022	28,600
Thereafter	53,000

Total payments	\$260,400
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17

Table of Contents

Synthetic Lease Facility

On October 25, 2017, the Company terminated its synthetic lease arrangement with a group of financial institutions (the "Synthetic Lease") under which the Company leased certain logistics centers and office facilities and purchased the real property that was subject to the Synthetic Lease for \$156.2 million. The properties acquired as a result of the termination of the Synthetic Lease are located in Clearwater and Miami, Florida; Fort Worth, Texas; Fontana, California; Suwanee, Georgia; Swedesboro, New Jersey; and South Bend, Indiana.

Guarantees

The Company has arrangements with certain finance companies that provide inventory financing facilities to the Company's customers. In conjunction with certain of these arrangements, the Company would be required to purchase certain inventory in the event the inventory is repossessed from the customers by the finance companies. As the Company does not have access to information regarding the amount of inventory purchased from the Company still on hand with the customer at any point in time, the Company's repurchase obligations relating to inventory cannot be reasonably estimated. Repurchases of inventory by the Company under these arrangements have been insignificant to date. The Company believes that, based on historical experience, the likelihood of a material loss pursuant to these inventory repurchase obligations is remote.

The Company provides additional financial guarantees to finance companies on behalf of certain customers. The majority of these guarantees are for an indefinite period of time, where the Company would be required to perform if the customer is in default with the finance company related to purchases made from the Company. The Company reviews the underlying credit for these guarantees on at least an annual basis. As of October 31, 2017 and January 31, 2017, the outstanding amount of guarantees under these arrangements totaled \$4.1 million and \$3.7 million, respectively. The Company believes that, based on historical experience, the likelihood of a material loss pursuant to the above guarantees is remote.

Contingencies

Prior to fiscal 2004, one of the Company's subsidiaries, located in Spain, was audited in relation to various value added tax ("VAT") matters. As a result of those audits, the Spanish subsidiary received notices of assessment from the Regional Inspection Unit of Spain's taxing authority that allege the subsidiary did not properly collect and remit VAT. The Spanish subsidiary appealed these assessments to the Madrid Central Economic Administrative Courts beginning in March 2010. During the nine months ended October 31, 2017, the Spanish National Appellate Court issued an opinion upholding the assessments for fiscal years 1994 and 1995. Although the Company believes that the Spanish subsidiary's defense to the assessments has solid legal grounds and is continuing to vigorously defend its position by appealing to the Spanish Supreme Court, certain of the amounts assessed for fiscal years 1994 and 1995 are not eligible to be appealed to the Spanish Supreme Court. As a result, the Company increased its accrual for costs associated with this matter by \$2.6 million during the nine months ended October 31, 2016, including \$1.5 million recorded in "value added tax assessments" and \$1.1 million recorded in "interest expense" in the Consolidated Statement of Income. The Company estimates the probable liability for these assessments, including various penalties and interest, was approximately \$8.0 million at October 31, 2017, which is included in "accrued expenses and other liabilities" in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

In December 2010, in a non-unanimous decision, a Brazilian appellate court overturned a 2003 trial court which had previously ruled in favor of the Company's Brazilian subsidiary related to the imposition of certain taxes on payments abroad related to the licensing of commercial software products, commonly referred to as "CIDE tax." The Company estimates the total exposure related to the CIDE tax, including interest, was approximately \$22.8 million at October 31, 2017. The Brazilian subsidiary has appealed the unfavorable ruling to the Supreme Court and Superior Court, Brazil's two highest appellate courts. Based on the legal opinion of outside counsel, the Company believes that the chances of success on appeal of this matter are favorable and the Brazilian subsidiary intends to vigorously defend its position that the CIDE tax is not due. However, due to the lack of predictability of the Brazilian court system, the Company has concluded that it is reasonably possible that the Brazilian subsidiary may incur a loss up to the total exposure described above. The Company believes the resolution of this litigation will not be material to the Company's consolidated net assets or liquidity.

The Company is subject to various other legal proceedings and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company's management does not expect that the outcome in any of these other legal proceedings, individually or collectively, will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE 11 — SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates predominantly in a single industry segment as a distributor of technology products, logistics management, and other value-added services. While the Company operates primarily in one industry, it is managed based on geographic segments. Prior to the acquisition of TS, the Company managed its operations in two geographic segments: the Americas and Europe. As a result of the acquisition of TS, the Company now manages its operations in three geographic segments: the Americas, Europe and Asia-Pacific. There were no Tech Data operations in the Asia-Pacific region prior to the acquisition of TS. Therefore, the recasting of our segment disclosure for all periods presented did not have an impact on the prior presentation. The Company does not consider stock-based compensation expense in assessing the performance of its operating segments, and therefore the Company excludes stock-based compensation expense from segment information. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in Note 1 – Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Table of Contents

The net sales, operating income and depreciation and amortization amounts presented below include the operations of TS subsequent to the date of acquisition of February 27, 2017. Financial information by geographic segment is as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	October 31,		October 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net sales:				
Americas ⁽¹⁾	\$3,997,159	\$2,614,347	\$11,658,471	\$7,677,237