### MUNIYIELD PENNSYLVANIA FUND

Form N-CSR December 30, 2005

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-07136

Name of Fund: MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Fund Address: P.O. Box 9011

Princeton, NJ 08543-9011

Name and address of agent for service: Robert C. Doll, Jr., Chief Executive Officer, MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund, 800 Scudders Mill Road, Plainsboro, NJ, 08536. Mailing address: P.O. Box 9011, Princeton, NJ, 08543-9011

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (609) 282-2800

Date of fiscal year end: 10/31/05

Date of reporting period: 11/01/04 - 10/31/05

Item 1 - Report to Stockholders

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Annual Reports October 31, 2005

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These reports, including the financial information herein, are transmitted to shareholders of MuniYield Florida Insured Fund, MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. and MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund for their information. This is not a prospectus. Past performance results shown in these reports should not be considered a representation of future performance. The Funds have leveraged their Common Shares or Stock and intend to remain leveraged by issuing Preferred Shares or Stock to provide the Common Shareholders or Common Stock Shareholders with potentially higher rates of return. Leverage creates risks for Common Shareholders or Common Stock Shareholders, including the likelihood of greater volatility of net asset

value and market price of the Common Shares or Stock, and the risk that fluctuations in the short-term dividend rates of the Preferred Shares or Stock may affect the yield to Common Shareholders or Common Stock Shareholders. Statements and other information herein are as dated and are subject to change.

A description of the policies and procedures that the Funds use to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling toll-free 1-800-MER-FUND (1-800-637-3863); (2) at www.mutualfunds.ml.com; and (3) on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Web site at http://www.sec.gov. Information about how the Funds vote proxies relating to securities held in the Funds' portfolios during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available (1) at www.mutualfunds.ml.com; and (2) on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Web site at http://www.sec.gov.

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MuniYield Florida Insured Fund MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

The Benefits and Risks of Leveraging

The Funds utilize leveraging to seek to enhance the yield and net asset value of their Common Shares or Common Stock. However, these objectives cannot be achieved in all interest rate environments. To leverage, the Funds issue Preferred Shares or Stock, which pays dividends at prevailing short-term interest rates, and invests the proceeds in long-term municipal bonds. The interest earned on these investments, net of dividends to Preferred Shares or Stock, is paid to Common Shareholders or Common Stock shareholders in the form of dividends, and the value of these portfolio holdings is reflected in the per share net asset value of the Fund's Common Shares or Stock. However, in order to benefit Common Shareholders or Common Stock shareholders, the yield curve must be positively sloped; that is, short-term interest rates must be lower than long-term interest rates. At the same time, a period of generally declining interest rates will benefit Common Shareholders or Common Stock shareholders. If either of these conditions change, then the risks of leveraging will begin to outweigh the benefits.

To illustrate these concepts, assume a fund's Common Shares or Stock capitalization of \$100 million and the issuance of Preferred Shares or Stock for an additional \$50 million, creating a total value of \$150 million available for investment in long-term municipal bonds. If prevailing short-term interest rates are approximately 3% and long-term interest rates are approximately 6%, the yield curve has a strongly positive slope. The fund pays dividends on the \$50 million of Preferred Shares or Stock based on the lower short-term interest rates. At the same time, the fund's total portfolio of \$150 million earns the

income based on long-term interest rates.

In this case, the dividends paid to Preferred Shareholders or Common Stock shareholders are significantly lower than the income earned on the fund's long-term investments, and therefore the Common Shareholders or Common Stock shareholders are the beneficiaries of the incremental yield. However, if short-term interest rates rise, narrowing the differential between short-term and long-term interest rates, the incremental yield pickup on the Common Shares or Stock will be reduced or eliminated completely. At the same time, the market value of the fund's Common Shares or Stock (that is, its price as listed on the New York Stock Exchange) may, as a result, decline. Furthermore, if long-term interest rates rise, the Common Shares' or Stock's net asset value will reflect the full decline in the price of the portfolio's investments, since the value of the fund's Preferred Shares or Stock does not fluctuate. In addition to the decline in net asset value, the market value of the fund's Common Shares or Stock may also decline.

As a part of their investment strategy, the Funds may invest in certain securities whose potential income return is inversely related to changes in a floating interest rate ("inverse floaters"). In general, income on inverse floaters will decrease when short-term interest rates increase and increase when short-term interest rates decrease. Investments in inverse floaters may be characterized as derivative securities and may subject the Funds to the risks of reduced or eliminated interest payments and losses of invested principal. In addition, inverse floaters have the effect of providing investment leverage and, as a result, the market value of such securities will generally be more volatile than that of fixed-rate, tax-exempt securities. To the extent the Funds invest in inverse floaters, the market value of each Fund's portfolio and the net asset value of each Fund's shares may also be more volatile than if the Funds did not invest in these securities. As of October 31, 2005, the percentages of MuniYield Florida Insured Fund's, MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.'s and MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund's total net assets invested in inverse floaters were 5.37%, 9.08% and 11.26%, respectively, before the deduction of Preferred Shares or Stock.

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A Letter From the President

Dear Shareholder

As the financial markets continued to muddle their way through 2005, the Federal Reserve Board (the Fed) advanced its monetary tightening campaign full steam ahead. The 12th consecutive interest rate hike since June 2004 came on November 1, bringing the target federal funds rate to 4%. The central bank is clearly more focused on inflationary figures than on economic growth, which has shown some signs of moderating. Despite rising short-term interest rates and record-high energy prices, the major market indexes managed to post positive results for the current reporting period:

Total Returns as of October 31, 2005	6-month	12-month
U.S. equities (Standard & Poor's 500 Index)	+ 5.27%	+ 8.72%
Small-cap U.S. equities (Russell 2000 Index)	+12.25	+12.08

International equities (MSCI Europe Australasia Far East Index)	+ 8.63	+18.09
Fixed income (Lehman Brothers Aggregate Bond Index)	+ 0.15	+ 1.13
Tax-exempt fixed income (Lehman Brothers Municipal Bond Index)	+ 0.59	+ 2.54
High yield bonds (Credit Suisse First Boston High Yield Index)	+ 2.87	+ 3.54

The headlines in recent months focused on Hurricanes Katrina and Rita and, more recently, the nomination of Ben Bernanke to succeed Alan Greenspan as Chairman of the Fed. While the hurricanes prompted a spike in energy prices and short-term disruptions to production and spending, the longer-term economic impact is likely to be tempered. In fact, the fiscal stimulus associated with reconstruction efforts in the Gulf Coast region could add to gross domestic product growth in 2006. Notably, the uncontroversial nomination of Dr. Bernanke was well received by the markets.

The U.S. equity markets remained largely range bound in 2005. Up to this point, strong corporate earnings reports and relatively low long-term bond yields have worked in favor of equities. Looking ahead, high energy prices, continued interest rate hikes, a potential consumer slowdown and/or disappointing earnings pose the greatest risks to U.S. stocks. Internationally, many markets have benefited from strong economic statistics, trade surpluses and solid finances.

The bond market continued to be characterized by a flattening yield curve, although long-term yields finally began to inch higher toward period end. The 10-year Treasury yield hit 4.57% on October 31, 2005, its highest level in more than six months. Still, the difference between the two-year and 10-year Treasury yield was just 17 basis points (.17%) at period end, compared to 149 basis points a year earlier.

Financial markets are likely to face continued crosscurrents in the months ahead. Nevertheless, opportunities do exist and we encourage you to work with your financial advisor to diversify your portfolio among a variety of asset types. This can help to diffuse risk while also tapping into the potential benefits of a broader range of investment alternatives. As always, we thank you for trusting Merrill Lynch Investment Managers with your investment assets.

Sincerely,

(Robert C. Doll, Jr.)
Robert C. Doll, Jr.
President and Director/Trustee

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A Discussion With Your Funds' Portfolio Managers

Throughout the year, we continued to focus on enhancing the income provided to shareholders and, by period-end, the Funds had relatively neutral exposure to interest rate risk.

Describe the recent market environment relative to municipal bonds.

Over the past year, long-term bond yields were little changed. Initially, U.S. Treasury prices rallied strongly, while their yields, which move in the opposite direction, fell. By the end of June 2005, 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yields had declined 60 basis points (.60%) to 4.19%. Bond prices improved in response to several favorable factors, including moderating U.S. economic growth, slowing growth in foreign economies, modest inflationary pressures and strong demand for U.S. Treasury issues on the part of Asian governments.

During the final months of the period, however, bond yields rose (prices fell) as investors worried that higher energy costs in the wake of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita would pressure inflation upward. Stronger-than-expected third quarter gross domestic product growth also added to inflationary concerns. For its part, the Federal Reserve Board (the Fed) continued to raise short-term interest rates at each of its meetings, lifting the federal funds target rate to 4% on November 1, 2005. As short-term interest rates moved higher in concert with the Fed interest rate hikes and longer-term bond yields remained steadier, the yield curve continued to flatten.

During the past 12 months, 30-year Treasury bond yields declined three basis points to 4.76%, while 10-year Treasury note yields rose 52 basis points to 4.57%. Tax-exempt bond yields exhibited a similar pattern. According to Municipal Market Data, the yield on AAA-rated issues maturing in 30 years increased one basis point to 4.59%, while the yield on AAA-rated issues maturing in 10 years rose 52 basis points to 3.92%.

Historically low nominal tax-exempt bond yields continued to encourage municipalities to issue new debt and refund outstanding, higher-couponed issues. During the past year, more than \$394 billion in new long-term tax-exempt bonds was issued, an 8.4% increase over the previous year's total of \$363 billion. During the first nine months of 2005, the volume of refunding issues increased by more than 55% versus the same period one year ago. Refunding issues were heavily weighted in the 10-year - 20-year maturity range, putting pressure on intermediate tax-exempt bond yields while supporting longer-term bond prices.

Investor demand for municipal product remained positive during most of the period. The most current statistics from the Investment Company Institute indicate that, year-to-date through September 2005, net new cash flows into long-term municipal bond funds exceeded \$6.7 billion - a significant improvement from the \$12.9 billion net outflow seen during the same period in 2004. Notably, throughout much of the past year, high yield tax-exempt bond funds have been the principal target for these new cash inflows. During recent months, these lower-rated and non-rated bond funds received an average of \$115 million per week. The need to invest these cash flows has led to strong demand for lower-rated issues and a consequent narrowing of credit spreads.

Solid investor demand for tax-exempt issues generally helped municipal bond performance approach that of taxable bonds in recent months and reverse some of their prior underperformance. In addition, the ratio of tax-exempt bond yields to taxable bond yields remains attractive and should continue to draw both traditional and non-traditional investors to the municipal marketplace, especially if municipal bond issuance remains manageable.

The communities shattered by Hurricanes Katrina and Rita will require extensive reconstruction. It is too early to estimate the amount of tax-exempt debt that may be required to finance these efforts or to assess the overall impact on the municipal market. However, much of the rebuilding is likely to be funded through federal loans and grants, and the reconstruction will likely be spread over a number of years. Consequently, any new municipal bond

issuance prompted by the hurricanes is not likely to disrupt the tax-exempt market in the near future.

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund

Describe conditions in the State of Florida.

Florida maintains credit ratings of AA1 from Moody's, AAA from Standard & Poor's and AA+ from Fitch – all with stable trends. The favorable ratings are based on the state's solid economic and financial performance, in addition to moderate debt and a proactive government that responds to economic downturns faster than other states. Florida's continued economic strength is bolstered by robust population growth, which is attributed to the state's attractive physical environment and favorable business climate. Although the growth in population has put a strain on services such as education, transportation and healthcare, it also has allowed the state to recover more quickly from sub par economic trends.

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Currently, Florida's revenues are higher than budgeted and expenditures remain under control due to prudent fiscal oversight. The fiscal year 2005 budget was brought into balance through tight expenditure controls, including outsourcing work and requiring local governments to pick up costs historically incurred by the state. To pay for these additional expenses, municipalities imposed increases to property taxes and/or local sales taxes through voter initiatives. Given the government's concerns over the high healthcare costs facing the state, Governor Jeb Bush has proposed a partially private health insurance plan. Florida continues to maintain solid fund balances with consistent General Fund operations. In addition, the state has a working Capital Reserve Fund and a Budget Stabilization Fund in excess of \$2 billion.

How did the Fund perform during the fiscal year?

For the 12-month period ended October 31, 2005, the Common Shares of MuniYield Florida Insured Fund had net annualized yields of 6.03% and 6.26%, based on a year-end per share net asset value of \$14.72 and a per share market price of \$14.18, respectively, and \$.888 per share income dividends. Over the same period, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Shares was +2.72%, based on a change in per share net asset value from \$15.22 to \$14.72, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

The Fund's return, based on net asset value, lagged the +3.81% average return of the Lipper Florida Municipal Debt Funds category for the 12-month period. (Funds in this Lipper category limit their investment to securities exempt from taxation in Florida or a city in Florida. Notably, the Fund has more limited investment parameters than many of its Lipper peers. Specifically, as an insured product, we are limited in our ability to invest in lower-quality issues. This placed the Fund at a competitive disadvantage as credit spreads tightened significantly and lower-rated and non-rated credits outperformed higher-quality issues.

Factors that had a positive influence on Fund performance included our yield curve positioning. Essentially, we continued to focus on the longer end of the curve, which significantly outperformed the short end as the yield curve flattened and shorter-term bond prices suffered. Our large concentration in

bonds with 5.50% and higher coupons also was additive to Fund results as these bonds outperformed those with lower coupons. Offsetting this was the aforementioned underexposure to lower-quality issues and the underperformance of prerefunded bonds and those with short calls, some of which we retained in the portfolio for their attractive acquisition yields. Overall, however, the Fund continued to provide a competitive yield and positive total return while investing in a portfolio consisting primarily of high-quality, insured bonds.

For the six-month period ended October 31, 2005, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Shares was -.08%, based on a change in per share net asset value from \$15.17 to \$14.72, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

For a description of the Fund's total investment return based on a change in the per share market value of the Fund's Common Shares (as measured by the trading price of the Fund's shares on the New York Stock Exchange), and assuming reinvestment of dividends, please refer to the Financial Highlights section of this report. As a closed-end fund, the Fund's shares may trade in the secondary market at a premium or discount to the Fund's net asset value. As a result, total investment returns based on changes in the market value of the Fund's Common Shares can vary significantly from total investment return based on changes in the Fund's net asset value.

What changes were made to the portfolio during the period?

We continued to focus on increasing the income provided to shareholders and muting the Fund's net asset value volatility. To that end, we sought to sell some of the portfolio's prerefunded bonds in the five-year - 10-year maturity range. In doing so, we were cognizant not to sell bonds that were booked at higher yields than are available in the current market.

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A Discussion With Your Funds' Portfolio Managers (continued)

In August, the Fund increased its use of leverage through the issuance of \$12 million in additional Auction Market Preferred Shares (AMPS). With the proceeds, we generally focused on premium-coupon bonds in the 20-year - 25-year maturity range whenever they became available. This is where we have been able to capture higher yields with reduced volatility. Our efforts in this area have been somewhat limited by a lack of new long-term bonds in the Florida municipal market. Although new issuance increased 38% versus the previous 12-month period, much of the supply in the market has come in the form of refinancings, the majority of which offered maturities of only 15 years - 20 years and yields below 5%. Importantly, we remained fully invested throughout the fiscal year in order to augment the portfolio's yield.

For the six-month period ended October 31, 2005, the Fund's AMPS had average yields of 2.45% for Series A and 2.43% for Series B. The Fed's interest rate hikes are clearly having a material impact on the Fund's borrowing costs. The Fed raised the short-term interest rate target 200 basis points during the 12-month period (and 25 basis points more on November 1). Still, the tax-exempt yield curve remained relatively steep and continued to generate an income benefit to the holders of Common Shares from the leveraging of Preferred Shares. However, should the spread between short-term and long-term interest rates narrow, the benefits of leveraging will decline and, as a

result, reduce the yield on the Fund's Common Shares. At the end of the period, the Fund's leverage amount, due to AMPS, was 36.66% of total net assets, before the deduction of Preferred Shares. (For a more complete explanation of the benefits and risks of leveraging, see page 2 of this report to shareholders.)

How would you characterize the Fund's position at the close of the period?

We would characterize the Fund's position as fairly neutral in terms of interest rate risk. Currently, we favor bonds with 20-year - 25-year maturities and prefer to structure coupons of 5.25%. Long-term bond yields, which had been slow to react to the Fed's interest rate hikes, have started to inch upward. We will look for an increase in long-term rates as an opportunity to pursue higher-coupon bonds in the 20-year--30-year maturity range and will remain fully invested to augment shareholders' income.

MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.

Describe conditions in the State of New Jersey.

New Jersey's fiscal year 2006 budget was passed on June 30, 2005. Shortly after, Standard & Poor's (S&P) upgraded the state's credit rating to AA while Moody's and Fitch affirmed the state's credit ratings of Aa3 and AA-, respectively, all with stable outlooks. The S&P rating was based largely on the state's improving revenue collections in fiscal year 2005 and a more structurally balanced 2006 budget when compared to the amount of one-time revenues used in the past several years. However, New Jersey's plan to use \$150 million of tobacco settlement refinancing proceeds to balance the 2006 budget was challenged in court. The lawsuit alleged that using the proceeds in the budget was deficit funding and, therefore, was unconstitutional as ruled by New Jersey's Supreme Court last year when the state used revenue from securitizing motor vehicle surcharges and cigarette taxes to balance the budget.

New Jersey's economy continued to show signs of recovery as revenues through the first 10 months of fiscal year 2005 came in better than budget. The largest revenue increase was in the income tax category, which rose by 31.7% compared to the prior year. Accordingly, one of New Jersey's strongest credit strengths is its high wealth levels. In fact, the U.S. Census Bureau reported in August that New Jersey was the wealthiest state in the nation with a median household income of \$61,359. Connecticut placed second with a median household income of \$60,528. However, New Jersey's unemployment rate rose to 4.2% in the month of August, up from 4.1% in July, 4% in June and 3.9% in May. Although the state's unemployment rate has trended upward, it compared favorably to the national rate of 4.9% in August.

How did the Fund perform during the fiscal year?

For the 12-month period ended October 31, 2005, the Common Stock of MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. had net annualized yields of 6.01% and 6.18%, based on a year-end per share net asset value of \$15.07 and a per share market price of \$14.65, respectively, and \$.906 per share income dividends. Over the same period, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Stock was +3.49%, based on a change in per share net asset value from \$15.46 to \$15.07, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

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The Fund's total return, based on net asset value, trailed the +4.88% average return of the Lipper New Jersey Municipal Debt Funds category for the 12-month period. (Funds in this Lipper category limit their investment to those securities exempt from taxation in New Jersey or a city in New Jersey.)

Notably, the Fund was disadvantaged relative to many of its peers by its conservative investment parameters. Specifically, the Fund is limited in its ability to invest in lower-quality issues, which outperformed during the year as credit spreads (versus higher-quality issues of comparable maturity) tightened dramatically. Per its investment parameters, roughly 80% of the portfolio is invested in AAA-rated, insured bonds.

Offsetting this was the positive influence of our yield curve positioning, which was designed to take advantage of what we expected would be a flattening trend, and the extension of the portfolio's duration to a more neutral posture. We moved a portion of bonds in the 10-year - 15-year maturity range further out on the curve to the 20-year - 25-year area. Our strategy paid off as the yield curve flattened and longer-term bonds significantly outpaced shorter-term issues.

For the six-month period ended October 31, 2005, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Stock was -.30%, based on a change in per share net asset value from \$15.56 to \$15.07, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

For a description of the Fund's total investment return based on a change in the per share market value of the Fund's Common Stock (as measured by the trading price of the Fund's shares on the New York Stock Exchange), and assuming reinvestment of dividends, please refer to the Financial Highlights section of this report. As a closed-end fund, the Fund's shares may trade in the secondary market at a premium or discount to the Fund's net asset value. As a result, total investment returns based on changes in the market value of the Fund's Common Stock may vary significantly from total investment returns based on changes in the Fund's net asset value.

What changes were made to the portfolio during the period?

We continued to reallocate the portfolio's assets into longer-dated sectors of the municipal yield curve in an effort to capitalize on our view that the curve would flatten. New purchases were largely funded from the proceeds of bond calls as well as outright sales of relatively short, prerefunded bonds that had appreciated in value.

Over the fiscal year, municipal bond supply in the State of New Jersey was roughly comparable to the same 12 months one year ago, at approximately \$15 billion in long-term issuance. Notably, new issuance slowed in the last six months of the period. The past few months have seen a modest rise in interest rates, making refinancing a less attractive proposition. However, the slowdown in the new-issue calendar also reflects the fact that the state pursued the bulk of its refunding opportunities earlier in the year. Pending the outcome of the aforementioned legal challenge, new supply in the New Jersey municipal market could come in the form of a large refinancing of tobacco settlement bonds.

For the six-month period ended October 31, 2005, the Fund's Auction Market Preferred Stock (AMPS) had an average yield of 2.20% for Series A and 2.08% for Series B. The Fed's interest rate hikes are clearly having a material impact on the Fund's borrowing costs. The Fed raised the short-term interest rate target 200 basis points during the 12-month period (and 25 basis points more on November 1). Still, the tax-exempt yield curve remained relatively

steep and continued to generate an income benefit to the holders of Common Stock from the leveraging of Preferred Stock. However, should the spread between short-term and long-term interest rates narrow, the benefits of leveraging will decline and, as a result, reduce the yield on the Fund's Common Stock. At the end of the period, the Fund's leverage amount, due to AMPS, was 35.20% of total net assets, before the deduction of Preferred Stock. (For a more complete explanation of the benefits and risks of leveraging, see page 2 of this report to shareholders.)

How would you characterize the Fund's position at the close of the period?

The Fund ended the period relatively neutral with respect to interest rate risk, and with a high-quality credit profile. For the most part, it appears that credit spreads have stabilized and, in some cases, widened - notably in the tobacco sector. Thus, we maintain an underweight exposure to this sector in anticipation of an increase in supply. We believe this should benefit the Fund's performance relative to its Lipper peers.

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A Discussion With Your Funds' Portfolio Managers (concluded)

MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Describe conditions in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania continued to protect its credit ratings of Aa2, AA and AA from Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch, respectively, by maintaining conservative budgeting practices, a relatively low debt burden and a diversified service economy. Fiscal challenges in recent years were primarily managed with the drawdown of the commonwealth's rainy-day reserves and state-source tax increases. The recovery in the national economy also helped to bolster revenue growth and stabilized Pennsylvania's finances at a satisfactory level. General fund collections for fiscal year 2004-2005 are projected to exceed the official budget estimates by 1.9%, or \$442 million. Year-over-year general fund revenues gained 6.5% as a result of strong growth in personal income and corporate taxes. The enacted 2005-2006 budget increases expenditures 3.6% over last year, for a budget of \$24.6 billion.

Major gubernatorial initiatives that will impact Pennsylvania's finances over the next several years include up to \$2 billion in debt issuance to fund economic stimulus programs ranging from venture capital guarantees, real estate development and strengthening tourism and agricultural bases. The commonwealth's share of K-12 education expenditures will increase with local property tax reductions funded from slot machine tax revenues. Gaming revenues of approximately \$1 billion from the installation of 61,000 slot machines at 12 facilities are expected to be realized in 2007. In a somewhat controversial move, Act 72 requires that school districts opt into the program by agreeing to tax limits and increasing earned income taxes in exchange for state dollars to lower property taxes.

Broad-based job growth continues to be a favorable trend in the commonwealth. August 2005 employment was up 4,700 to 5,711,600, just under Pennsylvania's all-time high of 5,719,300 in 2001. The manufacturing sector provided just under 12% of employment and continues to show incremental contraction in contrast to the leading professional and business services, leisure and

hospitality, and government sectors. Pennsylvania's unemployment rate was 5.0% in August, down from 5.1% in July. Personal income growth of 1.4% just trailed the U.S. average growth rate, ranking the Keystone State 34th in the second quarter of 2005, but overall reflected a wealth level on par with the nation.

How did the Fund perform during the fiscal year?

For the 12-month period ended October 31, 2005, the Common Shares of MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund had net annualized yields of 6.09% and 6.36%, based on a year-end per share net asset value of \$15.57 and a per share market price of \$14.91, respectively, and \$.948 per share income dividends. Over the same period, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Shares was +3.16%, based on a change in per share net asset value from \$16.04 to \$15.57, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

The Fund provided an above-average yield during the 12-month period although its total return, based on net asset value, fell short of the +3.27% average return of the Lipper Pennsylvania Municipal Debt Funds category. (Funds in this Lipper category limit their investment to those securities exempt from taxation in Pennsylvania or a city in Pennsylvania.)

Detracting from relative results was the Fund's conservative investment parameters. Unlike many of its Lipper peers, the Fund is limited in its ability to invest in lower-rated bonds, which outperformed the broader market during the year. The Fund's above-average duration also hindered performance somewhat. We had anticipated that Hurricanes Katrina and Rita would have a negative impact on the economy, at least initially, therefore benefiting credit markets (that is, increasing bond prices and decreasing yields). This prompted us to increase our average duration. However, it appeared that the markets and the Fed were more focused on rising energy costs and their potential to increase inflationary pressures. This served to push rates higher all along the yield curve.

Offsetting these negative factors was our focus on the long end of the municipal yield curve. As the yield curve flattened considerably over the past year, long-term bonds outperformed shorter-term issues, and our focus on this segment of the curve benefited Fund performance.

For the six-month period ended October 31, 2005, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Shares was -.31%, based on a change in per share net asset value from \$16.09 to \$15.57, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

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For a description of the Fund's total investment return based on a change in the per share market value of the Fund's Common Shares (as measured by the trading price of the Fund's shares on the New York Stock Exchange), and assuming reinvestment of dividends, please refer to the Financial Highlights section of this report. As a closed-end fund, the Fund's shares may trade in the secondary market at a premium or discount to the Fund's net asset value. As a result, total investment returns based on changes in the market value of the Fund's Common Shares can vary significantly from total investment returns based on changes in the Fund's net asset value.

What changes were made to the portfolio during the period?

We maintained our focus on protecting the Fund's net asset value and providing shareholders with an above-average level of income. We sought to pick up additional yield for the portfolio by investing in longer-dated bonds. Although the yield curve began to flatten considerably, the long end remained fairly steep. This area of the curve also has been less subject to bouts of volatility, allowing us the opportunity to add incremental yield while also muting the Fund's price volatility. For the most part, we favor bonds with 25-year - 28-year maturities and with premium coupons.

Like the supply trends on the national level, issuance in Pennsylvania has tended to fall within the intermediate maturity range, largely because much of the new supply represents refunding issues. Overall, we expect that municipal issuance will begin to slow as interest rates increase and municipalities feel less compelled to refinance their debt. Importantly, the Fund was essentially fully invested throughout the period, consistent with our goal of maintaining an attractive level of income.

For the six-month period ended October 31, 2005, the Fund's Auction Market Preferred Shares (AMPS) had an average yield of 2.40% for Series A, 2.46% for Series B and 2.40% for Series C. The Fed's interest rate hikes are clearly having a material impact on the Fund's borrowing costs. The Fed raised the short-term interest rate target 200 basis points during the 12-month period (and 25 basis points more on November 1). Still, the tax-exempt yield curve remained relatively steep and continued to generate an income benefit to the holders of Common Shares from the leveraging of Preferred Shares. However, should the spread between short-term and long-term interest rates narrow, the benefits of leveraging will decline and, as a result, reduce the yield on the Fund's Common Shares. At the end of the period, the Fund's leverage amount, due to AMPS, was 36.33% of total net assets, before the deduction of Preferred Shares. (For a more complete explanation of the benefits and risks of leveraging, see page 2 of this report to shareholders.)

How would you characterize the Fund's position at the close of the period?

We believe the municipal yield curve will remain relatively steep when compared to the U.S. Treasury yield curve, which should continue to provide attractive opportunities on the long end. The Fed appears poised to continue pushing short-term interest rates higher in its effort to keep inflation contained.

Amid these conditions, we expect market volatility to increase given continued hawkish commentary from the Fed and the potential for stronger economic releases. We will look to this volatility for opportunities to purchase attractively structured municipal issues. We continued to look for maturities in the 25-year area and favor a neutral to slightly long portfolio duration, which we believe offers the benefit of incremental yield. Ultimately, we expect that above-average yields will overcome price depreciation and provide for competitive Fund returns over time.

Robert D. Sneeden Vice President and Portfolio Manager MuniYield Florida Insured Fund

Theodore R. Jaeckel Jr., CFA Vice President and Portfolio Manager MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.

William R. Bock Vice President and Portfolio Manager MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

November 22, 2005

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Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan

How the Plan Works--The Funds offer a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the "Plan") under which income and capital gains dividends paid by each Fund are automatically reinvested in additional shares of Common Stock of each Fund. The Plan is administered on behalf of the shareholders by The Bank of New York for MuniYield Florida Insured Fund and MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. and Equiserve Trust Company N.A. for MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund (individually, the "Plan Agent" or together, the "Plan Agents"). Under the Plan, whenever the Funds declare a dividend, participants in the Plan will receive the equivalent in shares of Common Stock of each Fund. The Plan Agents will acquire the shares for the participant's account either (i) through receipt of additional unissued but authorized shares of each Fund ("newly issued shares") or (ii) by purchase of outstanding shares of Common Stock on the open market on the New York Stock Exchange or elsewhere. If, on the dividend payment date, each Fund's net asset value per share is equal to or less than the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions (a condition often referred to as a "market premium"), the Plan Agents will invest the dividend amount in newly issued shares. If the Funds' net asset value per share is greater than the market price per share (a condition often referred to as a "market discount"), the Plan Agents will invest the dividend amount by purchasing on the open market additional shares. If the Plan Agents are unable to invest the full dividend amount in open market purchases, or if the market discount shifts to a market premium during the purchase period, the Plan Agents will invest any uninvested portion in newly issued shares. The shares acquired are credited to each shareholder's account. The amount credited is determined by dividing the dollar amount of the dividend by either (i) when the shares are newly issued, the net asset value per share on the date the shares are issued or (ii) when shares are purchased in the open market, the average purchase price per share.

Participation in the Plan—Participation in the Plan is automatic, that is, a shareholder is automatically enrolled in the Plan when he or she purchases shares of Common Stock of the Funds unless the shareholder specifically elects not to participate in the Plan. Shareholders who elect not to participate will receive all dividend distributions in cash. Shareholders who do not wish to participate in the Plan, must advise their Plan Agent in writing (at the address set forth below) that they elect not to participate in the Plan. Participation in the Plan is completely voluntary and may be terminated or resumed at any time without penalty by writing to the Plan Agent.

Benefits of the Plan-The Plan provides an easy, convenient way for shareholders to make additional, regular investments in the Funds. The Plan promotes a long-term strategy of investing at a lower cost. All shares acquired pursuant to the Plan receive voting rights. In addition, if the market price plus commissions of each Fund's shares is above the net asset value, participants in the Plan will receive shares of the Funds for less than they could otherwise purchase them and with a cash value greater than the

value of any cash distribution they would have received. However, there may not be enough shares available in the market to make distributions in shares at prices below the net asset value. Also, since each Fund does not redeem shares, the price on resale may be more or less than the net asset value.

Plan Fees--There are no enrollment fees or brokerage fees for participating in the Plan. The Plan Agents' service fees for handling the reinvestment of distributions are paid for by the Funds. However, brokerage commissions may be incurred when the Funds purchase shares on the open market and shareholders will pay a pro rata share of any such commissions.

Tax Implications--The automatic reinvestment of dividends and distributions will not relieve participants of any federal, state or local income tax that may be payable (or required to be withheld) on such dividends. Therefore, income and capital gains may still be realized even though shareholders do not receive cash. The value of shares acquired pursuant to the Plan will generally be excluded from gross income to the extent that the cash amount reinvested would be excluded from gross income. If, when the Funds' shares are trading at a market premium, the Funds issue shares pursuant to the Plan that have a greater fair market value than the amount of cash reinvested, it is possible that all or a portion of the discount from the market value (which may not exceed 5% of the fair market value of each Fund's shares) could be viewed as a taxable distribution. If the discount is viewed as a taxable distribution, it is also possible that the taxable character of this discount would be allocable to all the shareholders, including shareholders who do not participate in the Plan. Thus, shareholders who do not participate in the Plan might be required to report as ordinary income a portion of their distributions equal to their allocable share of the discount.

Contact Information—All correspondence concerning the Plan, including any questions about the Plan, should be directed to the Plan Agent at The Bank of New York, Church Street Station, P.O. Box 11258, New York, NY 10286—1258, Telephone: 800-432-8224 for MuniYield Florida Insured Fund and MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. and Equiserve Trust Company N.A. (c/o Computershare Investors Services), P.O. Box 43010, Providence, RI 02940-3010, Telephone: 800-426-4523 for MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund.

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Portfolio Information

Quality Profiles as of October 31, 2005

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund By S&P/Moody's Rating	Percent of Total Investments
AAA/Aaa	89.2%
AA/Aa	1.0
A/A	4.5
BBB/Baa	3.1
Other*	2.2

<sup>\*</sup> Includes portfolio holdings in short-term investments and variable rate demand notes.

MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. By S&P/Moody's Rating	Percent of Total Investments
AAA/Aaa	82.7%
AA/Aa	4.5
A/A	3.5
BBB/Baa	9.1
Other*	0.2

\* Includes portfolio holdings in short-term investments.

MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund	Percent of Total
By S&P/Moody's Rating	Investments
AAA/Aaa	80.2%
AA/Aa	4.4
A/A	2.5
BBB/Baa	8.4
NR (Not Rated)	3.0
Other*	1.5

\* Includes portfolio holdings in short-term investments and variable rate demand notes.

#### Swap Agreements

The Funds may invest in swap agreements, which are over-the-counter contracts in which one party agrees to make periodic payments based on the change in market value of a specified bond, basket of bonds, or index in return for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate or the change in market value of a different bond, basket of bonds or index. Swap agreements may be used to obtain exposure to a bond or market without owning or taking physical custody of securities. Swap agreements involve the risk that the party with whom each Fund has entered into a swap will default on its obligation to pay the Fund and the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its obligation to pay the other party to the agreement.

#### Dividend Policy

The Funds' dividend policy is to distribute all or a portion of their net investment income to their shareholders on a monthly basis. In order to provide shareholders with a more stable level of dividend distributions, the Funds may at times pay out less than the entire amount of net investment income earned in any particular month and may at times in any particular month pay out such accumulated but undistributed income in addition to net investment income earned in that month. As a result, the dividends paid by the Funds for any particular month may be more or less than the amount of net investment income earned by the Funds during such month. The Funds' current accumulated but undistributed net investment income, if any, is disclosed in the Statement of Net Assets, which comprises part of the financial information included in these reports.

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Schedule of Investments

(In Thousands)

#### MuniYield Florida Insured Fund

Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
District of	Columbia5.7%	
\$ 1,000	Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, D.C., Airport System Revenue Bonds, AMT, Series A, 5.25% due 10/01/2032 (c)	\$ 1,027
6,000	Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, D.C., Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds, AMT, Series A, 5% due 10/01/2035 (h)	6,060
Florida139	.6%	
1,300	Alachua County, Florida, School Board, COP, 5.25% due 7/01/2029 (a)	1,382
700	Boynton Beach, Florida, Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, 6.25% due 11/01/2020 (b)(c)	822
5,000	Dade County, Florida, Aviation Revenue Bonds, AMT, Series B, 5.75% due 10/01/2012 (h)	5,110
1,000	Daytona Beach, Florida, Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series B, 5% due 11/15/2027 (c)	1,031
2,110	First Florida Governmental Financing Commission Revenue Bonds, 5.70% due 7/01/2017 (h)	2,210
1,000	Flagler County, Florida, Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, 5% due 10/01/2035 (h)	1,029
1,150	Florida HFA, Housing Revenue Bonds (Brittany Rosemont Apartments), AMT, Series C-1, 6.75% due 8/01/2014 (a)	1,173
625	Florida Housing Finance Corporation, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, AMT, Series 4, 6.25% due 7/01/2022 (f)	648
2,000	Florida State Board of Education, Capital Outlay, GO, Public Education, Series B, 5% due 6/01/2031 (c)	2,056
6 <b>,</b> 190	Florida State Board of Education, Lottery Revenue Bonds, Series A, 6% due 7/01/2015 (c)	6,898
1,000	Florida State Governmental Utility Authority, Utility Revenue Bonds (Lehigh Utility System), 5.125%	

	due 10/01/2033 (a)	1,037
1,860	Florida State Turnpike Authority, Turnpike Revenue Bonds (Department of Transportation), Series B, 5% due 7/01/2030	1,899
3,700	Highlands County, Florida, Health Facilities Authority, Hospital Revenue Bonds (Adventist Health System), Series A, 6% due 11/15/2031	3,962
6,000 1,000	Hillsborough County, Florida, School Board, COP (h): 5.375% due 7/01/2009 (i) 5% due 7/01/2029	6,411 1,031
Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
Florida (con	tinued)	
\$ 2,000 2,610	Jacksonville Electric Authority, Florida, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds (h): Series A, 5.375% due 10/01/2030 Series C, 5.25% due 10/01/2006 (i)	\$ 2,047 2,662
1,000 750	Jacksonville, Florida, Economic Development Commission, Health Care Facilities Revenue Bonds (Mayo ClinicJacksonville) (h): Series A, 5.50% due 11/15/2036 Series B, 5.50% due 11/15/2036	1,075 806
1,140	Jacksonville, Florida, Economic Development Commission, IDR (Metropolitan Parking Solutions Project), 5.50% due 10/01/2030 (1)	1,193
1,455	Jacksonville, Florida, Guaranteed Entitlement Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, 5.25% due 10/01/2032 (c)	1,526
	Jacksonville, Florida, Port Authority, Seaport Revenue Bonds, AMT (h):	
1,025 1,225	5.625% due 11/01/2010 (i) 5.625% due 11/01/2026	1,109 1,302
2,000	Lakeland, Florida, Electric and Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, 5% due 10/01/2028 (h)	2,046
1,000	Lee County, Florida, Airport Revenue Bonds, AMT, Series A, 6% due 10/01/2029 (f)	1,088
1,285	Lee County, Florida, Capital Revenue Bonds, 5.25% due 10/01/2023 (a)	1,381
85	Lee County, Florida, HFA, S/F Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Multi-County Program), AMT, Series A, Sub-Series 3, 7.45% due 9/01/2027 (d)(e)(g)	86
2,905	Lee County, Florida, Transportation Facilities Revenue Bonds (Sanibel Bridges and Causeway), Series B, 5% due 10/01/2035 (m)	2,978

1,000	Leesburg, Florida, Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, 5.25% due 10/01/2034 (c)	1,060
300	Marco Island, Florida, Utility System Revenue Bonds, $5.25\%$ due $10/01/2021$ (h)	323
1,000	Martin County, Florida, Utilities System Revenue Bonds, 5.125% due 10/01/2033 (a)	1,037
2,000	Miami Beach, Florida, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, 5.75% due 9/01/2025 (a)	2,190
	Miami-Dade County, Florida, Aviation Revenue Bonds, ATM, Series A:	
7,500 5,000	5% due 10/01/2033 (f)	7 <b>,</b> 578
5,000	(Miami International Airport), 6% due 10/01/2024 (c)	5,451

#### Portfolio Abbreviations

To simplify the listings of portfolio holdings in the Schedules of Investments, we have abbreviated the names of many of the securities according to the list at right.

Adjustable Convertible Extendable
Securities
Alternative Minimum Tax (subject to)
Certificates of Participation
Derivative Inverse Tax-Exempt Receipts
Daily Adjustable Tax-Exempt Securities
Economic Development Authority
General Obligation Bonds
Housing Finance Agency
Industrial Development Authority
Industrial Development Revenue Bonds
Multi-Family
Pollution Control Revenue Bonds
Residual Interest Bonds
Residual Interest Trust Receipts
Single-Family
Variable Rate Demand Notes

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Schedule of Investments (continued) (In Thousands)

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund

Face
Amount Municipal Bonds

Value

Florida (continued)

\$ 1,120 Miami-Dade County, Florida, Aviation Revenue

	Refunding Bonds (Miami International Airport), AMT, Series A, 5% due 10/01/2038 (m)	÷	1,121
2,000	Miami-Dade County, Florida, Educational Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds (University of Miami), Series A, 5.75% due 4/01/2029 (a)		2,177
1,000 2,875	Miami-Dade County, Florida, Expressway Authority, Toll System Revenue Bonds, Series B (c): 5.25% due 7/01/2027 5% due 7/01/2033		1,064 2,956
1,505 1,000	Miami-Dade County, Florida, GO (Building Better Communities Program) (c): 5% due 7/01/2030 5% due 7/01/2035		1,559 1,032
3,480	Miami-Dade County, Florida, Health Facilities Authority, Hospital Revenue Refunding Bonds, DRIVERS, Series 208, 8.237% due 8/15/2017 (a)(k)		4,068
1,655	Miami-Dade County, Florida, IDA, IDR (BAC Funding Corporation Project), Series A, 5.375% due 10/01/2030 (a)		1,753
2,000	Miami-Dade County, Florida, Public Facilities Revenue Bonds (Jackson Health System), Series A, 5% due 6/01/2029 (h)		2,060
2,000	Miami-Dade County, Florida, School Board COP, Series A, 5.50% due 10/01/2009 (f)(i)		2,155
1,865	Miami-Dade County, Florida, Solid Waste System Revenue Bonds, 5.25% due 10/01/2030 (h)		1,990
4,375 5,735	Miami-Dade County, Florida, Subordinate Special Obligation Revenue Bonds, Series A (h): 5.186%** due 10/01/2031 5.203%** due 10/01/2033		1,133 1,331
4,765	Orange County, Florida, Educational Facilities Authority, Educational Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (Rollins College Project), 5.50% due 12/01/2032 (a)	,	5,116
	Orange County, Florida, Health Facilities Authority, Hospital Revenue Bonds:		
600 1,835	(Adventist Health System), 6.25% due 11/15/2024 (Orlando Regional Healthcare), 6% due 12/01/2029		659 1,966
1,000	Orange County, Florida, Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, 5.125% due 1/01/2023 (c)		1,055
6,500	Orange County, Florida, School Board, COP, Series A, 5.25% due 8/01/2023 (h)		6,858
5,330	Orange County, Florida, Tourist Development, Tax Revenue Bonds, 5.50% due 10/01/2032 (a)		5,722
4,000 5,015	Orlando and Orange County, Florida, Expressway Authority Revenue Bonds, Series B (a): 5% due 7/01/2030 5% due 7/01/2035		4,118 5,143

1,530	Osceola County, Florida, Infrastructure Sales Surplus Tax Revenue Bonds, 5.25% due 10/01/2025 (a)	1,632
2,000	Osceola County, Florida, School Board, COP, Series A, 5.25% due 6/01/2027 (a)	2,109
Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
Florida (con	cluded)	
\$ 1,100	Osceola County, Florida, Tourist Development Tax Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5.50% due 10/01/2027 (c)	\$ 1,193
1,000	Palm Bay, Florida, Utility System Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5% due 10/01/2025 (c)	1,045
1,500	Palm Beach County, Florida, Criminal Justice Facilities Revenue Bonds, 7.20% due 6/01/2015 (c)	1 <b>,</b> 879
2,000	Palm Beach County, Florida, School Board, COP, Refunding, Series D, 5.25% due 8/01/2021 (f)	2,131
5,000	Palm Beach County, Florida, School Board, COP, Series A, 6% due 8/01/2010 (c)(i)	5,574
1,000	Palm Coast, Florida, Utility System Revenue Bonds, 5% due 10/01/2027 (h)	1,032
1,000	Pembroke Pines, Florida, Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5% due 10/01/2034 (a)	1,031
2,000	Pinellas County, Florida, Health Facilities Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Pooled Hospital Loan Program), VRDN, DATES, 2.69% due 12/01/2015 (a)(n)	2,000
1,000	Polk County, Florida, Utility System Revenue Bonds, 5.25% due 10/01/2022 (c)	1,076
1,000	Port St. Lucie, Florida, GO, 5% due 7/01/2032 (h)	1,033
1,055	Port St. Lucie, Florida, Utility Revenue Bonds, 5.25% due 9/01/2024 (h)	1,132
1,400	Saint Johns County, Florida, Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, GO, Series A, 5.25% due 10/01/2031 (a)	1,486
1,000	Saint Lucie, Florida, West Services District, Utility Revenue Bonds, 5.25% due 10/01/2034 (h)	1,065
2,000	South Broward, Florida, Hospital District Revenue Bonds, DRIVERS, Series 337, 8.237% due 5/01/2032 (h)(k)	2,319
1,000	South Lake County, Florida, Hospital District Revenue Bonds (South Lake Hospital Inc.), 5.80% due 10/01/2034	1,036

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1,240	Stuart, Florida, Public Utilities Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, 5.25% due 10/01/2024 (c)	1,331
2,280 190	University of Central Florida (UCF) Athletics Association Inc., COP, Series A (c ): 5.25% due 10/01/2034 5% due 10/01/2035	2,399 194
1,000 1,640 1,000	Village Center Community Development District, Florida, Recreational Revenue Bonds, Series A (h): 5% due 11/01/2032 5.375% due 11/01/2034 5.125% due 11/01/2036	1,025 1,763 1,041
2,585 4,030	Village Center Community Development District, Florida, Utility Revenue Bonds (h): 5.25% due 10/01/2023 5.125% due 10/01/2028	2,762 4,204
1,570	Winter Haven, Florida, Utility System Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, 5% due 10/01/2035 (h)	1,622
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Schedule of	Tryogtments (concluded)	(In Thousands)
ochedule of	Investments (concluded)	(III IIIOusalius)
Schedule of	MuniYield Florida Insured Fund	
Face Amount		
Face	MuniYield Florida Insured Fund Municipal Bonds	ı
Face Amount	MuniYield Florida Insured Fund Municipal Bonds	ı
Face Amount Illinois0.	Munifield Florida Insured Fund Municipal Bonds .8% Chicago, Illinois, O'Hare International Airport, General Airport Revenue Bonds, Third Lien, AMT, Series D, 5% due 1/01/2034 (m)	Value
Face Amount Illinois0. \$ 1,000	Munifield Florida Insured Fund Municipal Bonds .8% Chicago, Illinois, O'Hare International Airport, General Airport Revenue Bonds, Third Lien, AMT, Series D, 5% due 1/01/2034 (m)	Value
Face Amount Illinois0. \$ 1,000	Munifield Florida Insured Fund Municipal Bonds  8%  Chicago, Illinois, O'Hare International Airport, General Airport Revenue Bonds, Third Lien, AMT, Series D, 5% due 1/01/2034 (m)  -1.7%  New Jersey EDA, Cigarette Tax Revenue Bonds, 5.50% due 6/15/2024	Value \$ 1,007
Face Amount Illinois0. \$ 1,000 New Jersey	Munifield Florida Insured Fund Municipal Bonds  8%  Chicago, Illinois, O'Hare International Airport, General Airport Revenue Bonds, Third Lien, AMT, Series D, 5% due 1/01/2034 (m)  -1.7%  New Jersey EDA, Cigarette Tax Revenue Bonds, 5.50% due 6/15/2024	Value \$ 1,007
Face Amount  Illinois0. \$ 1,000  New Jersey 2,000  Puerto Rico-	Municipal Bonds  8%  Chicago, Illinois, O'Hare International Airport, General Airport Revenue Bonds, Third Lien, AMT, Series D, 5% due 1/01/2034 (m)  -1.7%  New Jersey EDA, Cigarette Tax Revenue Bonds, 5.50% due 6/15/2024 9.3%  Puerto Rico Commonwealth Highway and Transportation Authority, Transportation Revenue	Value \$ 1,007 2,076

Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
Puerto Rico	(concluded)	
\$ 1,145	Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation, Commonwealth Appropriation Revenue Bonds, Series E, 5.70% due 2/01/2010 (i)	\$ 1,245
3,550	Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation, Revenue Refunding Bonds, RIB, Series 522X, 7.83% due 8/01/2022 (h)(k)	4,163
	Total Municipal Bonds (Cost\$187,670)157.1%	195,521
Shares Held	Short-Term Securities	
2,600	Merrill Lynch Institutional Tax-Exempt Fund (j)	2,600
	Total Short-Term Securities (Cost\$2,600)2.1%	2,600
Liabilities	ments (Cost\$190,270*)159.2% in Excess of Other Assets(1.3%) ares, at Redemption Value(57.9%)	198,121 (1,670) (72,029)
Net Assets A	pplicable to Common Shares100.0%	\$ 124,422 =======

Forward interest rate swaps outstanding as of October 31, 2005 were as follows:

	Notional Amount	Unrealized Appreciation
Pay a fixed rate of 3.779% and receive a floating rate based on 1-week USD Bond Market Association Rate		
Broker, JPMorgan Chase Bank Expires November 2015	\$ 7,300	\$ 51
Pay a fixed rate of 3.801% and receive a floating rate based on 1-week USD Bond Market Association Rate		
Broker, JPMorgan Chase Bank Expires January 2016	\$ 7,300	52
Pay a fixed rate of 3.852% and receive a floating rate based on 1-week USD Bond Market Association Rate		

Broker, JPMorgan Chase Bank

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Expires January 2016	\$15,000		51
Total		\$	154
		===	

\* The cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments as of October 31, 2005, as computed for federal income tax purposes, were as follows:

	=====	
Net unrealized appreciation	\$	7,917
Gross unrealized depreciation		(669)
Gross unrealized appreciation	\$	8 <b>,</b> 586
	=====	
Aggregate cost	\$	190,204

- \*\* Represents a zero coupon bond; the interest rate shown reflects the effective yield at the time of purchase.
- (a) AMBAC Insured.
- (b) Escrowed to maturity.
- (c) FGIC Insured.
- (d) FHLMC Collateralized.
- (e) FNMA Collateralized.
- (f) FSA Insured.
- (g) GNMA Collateralized.
- (h) MBIA Insured.
- (i) Prerefunded.
- (j) Investments in companies considered to be an affiliate of the Fund, for purposes of Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, were as follows:

	Net	Dividend
Affiliate	Activity	Income
Merrill Lynch Institutional Tax-Exempt Fund	(2,319)	\$31

- (k) The rate disclosed is that currently in effect. This rate changes periodically and inversely based upon prevailing market rates.
- (1) ACA Insured.
- (m) CIFG Insured.
- (n) Security may have a maturity of more than one year at time of issuance, but has variable rate and demand features that qualify it as a short-term security. The rate disclosed is that currently in effect. This rate changes periodically based upon prevailing market rates.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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Schedule of Investments

(In Thousands)

MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.

Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
New Jersey-	-143.9%	
\$ 1,000	Delaware River and Bay Authority Revenue Bonds, 5% due 1/01/2033 (e)	\$ 1,030
1,875 1,000	Delaware River Joint Toll Bridge Commission, Pennsylvania, Bridge Revenue Refunding Bonds: 5% due 7/01/2023 5% due 7/01/2028	1,936 1,021
2,500	Delaware River Port Authority of New Jersey and Pennsylvania Revenue Bonds, RIB, Series 396, 9.003% due 1/01/2019 (d)(i)	2,961
540	Essex County, New Jersey, Improvement Authority Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5% due 10/01/2028 (c)	559
6,925	Garden State Preservation Trust of New Jersey, Capital Appreciation Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5.12*** due 11/01/2023 (d)	2,954
2,605	Garden State Preservation Trust of New Jersey, Open Space and Farmland Preservation Revenue Bonds, Series A (d):  5.80% due 11/01/2022	2,956
3,300	5.75% due 11/01/2028	3 <b>,</b> 890
2,000	Gloucester County, New Jersey, Improvement Authority, Solid Waste Resource Recovery, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Waste Management Inc. Project), Series A, 6.85% due 12/01/2029	2,203
1,000	Hudson County, New Jersey, COP, Refunding, 6.25% due 12/01/2016 (e)	1,182
8 <b>,</b> 250	Hudson County, New Jersey, Improvement Authority, Facility Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Hudson County Lease Project), 5.375% due 10/01/2024 (c)	8 <b>,</b> 707
2,880 5,200	<pre>Jackson Township, New Jersey, School District, GO (c):    5% due 4/15/2017    5% due 4/15/2020</pre>	3,031 5,446
3 <b>,</b> 750	Jersey City, New Jersey, Sewer Authority, Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, 6.25% due 1/01/2014 (a)	4,275

3,000	Middlesex County, New Jersey, COP, Refunding, 5% due 8/01/2022 (e)	3,100
	Monmouth County, New Jersey, Improvement Authority, Governmental Loan Revenue Bonds (a):	
735 2 <b>,</b> 305	5.20% due 12/01/2014 5.25% due 12/01/2015	787 2 <b>,</b> 468
	Monmouth County, New Jersey, Improvement Authority, Governmental Loan Revenue Refunding Bonds (a):	
1,695	5% due 12/01/2017	1,788
1,520	5% due 12/01/2018	1,601
1,540	5% due 12/01/2019	1,621
	New Jersey EDA, Cigarette Tax Revenue Bonds:	
1,060	5.625% due 6/15/2019	1,123
785	5.75% due 6/15/2029	825
225	5.50% due 6/15/2031	231
465	5.75% due 6/15/2034	486
1,685	New Jersey EDA, EDR, Refunding (The Seeing Eye, Inc. Project), 5% due 12/01/2024 (a)	1,766
Face	Mariata Davida	77 - 1
Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
New Jersey	(continued)	
\$ 1,000	New Jersey EDA, First Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Fellowship Village), Series C, 5.50% due 1/01/2028	\$ 995
1,700	New Jersey EDA, First Mortgage Revenue Refunding	
	Bonds (Fellowship Village), Series A, 5.50%	
	due 1/01/2018	1,714
	New Jersev EDA, Motor Vehicle Surcharge Revenue	
	New Jersey EDA, Motor Vehicle Surcharge Revenue Bonds, Series A (e):	
3,325		1,616
3,900	Bonds, Series A (e): 4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029	4,047
3,900 8,500	Bonds, Series A (e): 4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033	4,047 9,028
3,900	Bonds, Series A (e): 4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029	4,047
3,900 8,500	Bonds, Series A (e): 4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033	4,047 9,028
3,900 8,500	Bonds, Series A (e): 4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction	4,047 9,028
3,900 8,500 1,765	Bonds, Series A (e): 4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds:	4,047 9,028 1,824
3,900 8,500 1,765	Bonds, Series A (e):     4.95%** due 7/01/2021     5% due 7/01/2029     5.25% due 7/01/2033     5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds:     Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c)(h)	4,047 9,028 1,824
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500 3,340	Bonds, Series A (e):     4.95%** due 7/01/2021     5% due 7/01/2029     5.25% due 7/01/2033     5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds:     Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c)(h)     Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d)     Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500	Bonds, Series A (e):  4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds: Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c) (h) Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d) Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction,	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500 3,340	Bonds, Series A (e):     4.95%** due 7/01/2021     5% due 7/01/2029     5.25% due 7/01/2033     5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds:     Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c)(h)     Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d)     Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500 3,340 6,500	Bonds, Series A (e):  4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds: Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c) (h) Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d) Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction, Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series K, 5.25% due 12/15/2017 (c)	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637 3,537
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500 3,340	Bonds, Series A (e):  4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds: Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c) (h) Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d) Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction, Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series K, 5.25% due 12/15/2017 (c)  New Jersey EDA, State Lease Revenue Bonds	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637 3,537
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500 3,340 6,500	Bonds, Series A (e):  4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds: Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c) (h) Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d) Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction, Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series K, 5.25% due 12/15/2017 (c)  New Jersey EDA, State Lease Revenue Bonds (Liberty State Park Project), Series C, 5%	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637 3,537
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500 3,340 6,500	Bonds, Series A (e):  4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds: Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c) (h) Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d) Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction, Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series K, 5.25% due 12/15/2017 (c)  New Jersey EDA, State Lease Revenue Bonds	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637 3,537
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500 3,340 6,500	Bonds, Series A (e):  4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds: Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c) (h) Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d) Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction, Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series K, 5.25% due 12/15/2017 (c)  New Jersey EDA, State Lease Revenue Bonds (Liberty State Park Project), Series C, 5%	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637 3,537
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500 3,340 6,500	Bonds, Series A (e):  4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds: Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c) (h) Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d) Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction, Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series K, 5.25% due 12/15/2017 (c)  New Jersey EDA, State Lease Revenue Bonds (Liberty State Park Project), Series C, 5% due 3/01/2027 (d)  New Jersey EDA, Water Facilities Revenue Bonds (New Jersey-American Water Company, Inc.	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637 3,537 7,103
3,900 8,500 1,765 3,390 3,500 3,340 6,500	Bonds, Series A (e):  4.95%** due 7/01/2021 5% due 7/01/2029 5.25% due 7/01/2033 5% due 7/01/2034  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction Revenue Bonds: Series F, 5% due 6/15/2013 (c) (h) Series L, 5% due 3/01/2030 (d) Series O, 5.25% due 3/01/2023  New Jersey EDA, School Facilities Construction, Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series K, 5.25% due 12/15/2017 (c)  New Jersey EDA, State Lease Revenue Bonds (Liberty State Park Project), Series C, 5% due 3/01/2027 (d)  New Jersey EDA, Water Facilities Revenue Bonds	4,047 9,028 1,824 3,644 3,637 3,537

	New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authori- Revenue Bonds:	ty
2,100	(RWJ Healthcare Corporation), Series B, 5% due 2/01/2035 (f)	2,132
1,125	(Somerset Medical Center), 5.50% due 7/01/2033	1,134
4,000	(South Jersey Hospital), 6% due 7/01/2026	4,254
	New Jersey Health Care Facilities Financing Authori Revenue Refunding Bonds:	ty,
615	(Atlantic City Medical Center), 6.25%	
1,315	<pre>due 7/01/2017 (Atlantic City Medical Center), 5.75%</pre>	685
2 425	due 7/01/2025	1,394
2,425 2,250	(Holy Name Hospital), 6% due 7/01/2025 (Meridian Health System Obligation Group),	2,514
	5.25% due 7/01/2019 (d)	2,387
	New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority, Luxury	Tax
2,000	Revenue Refunding Bonds (Convention Center) (e): 5% due 9/01/2017	2,095
1,000	5.50% due 3/01/2022	1,132
3,200	New Jersey State Educational Facilities Authority, Higher Education, Capital Improvement Revenue	
	Bonds, Series A, 5.125% due 9/01/2022 (a)	3,376
	New Jersey State Educational Facilities Authority	
1,315	Revenue Bonds (Rowan University), Series C (e): 5.125% due 7/01/2028	1,378
1,185	5% due 7/01/2034	1,224
ANNUAL REPO	ORTS (	OCTOBER 31, 2005
ANNUAL REPO	PRTS	OCTOBER 31, 2005
	E Investments (continued)	OCTOBER 31, 2005 (In Thousands)
	Investments (continued)	
Schedule of	Investments (continued)  MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.	(In Thousands)
Schedule of	Investments (continued)	
Schedule of Face Amount	Investments (continued)  MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.	(In Thousands)
Schedule of Face Amount	Investments (continued)  MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.  Municipal Bonds  (continued)  New Jersey State Educational Facilities Authority,	(In Thousands)
Schedule of Face Amount	Investments (continued)  MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.  Municipal Bonds  (continued)	(In Thousands)
Schedule of  Face Amount  New Jersey	Investments (continued)  MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.  Municipal Bonds  (continued)  New Jersey State Educational Facilities Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds:	(In Thousands)
Schedule of  Face Amount  New Jersey	MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.  Municipal Bonds  (continued)  New Jersey State Educational Facilities Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds:  (Montclair State University), Series L, 5% due 7/01/2034 (e)  (Rowan University), Series C, 5%	(In Thousands)  Value  \$ 3,291
Face Amount New Jersey \$ 3,185	MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.  Municipal Bonds  (continued)  New Jersey State Educational Facilities Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds:  (Montclair State University), Series L, 5% due 7/01/2034 (e)  (Rowan University), Series C, 5% due 7/01/2031 (c)	(In Thousands)  Value
Face Amount New Jersey \$ 3,185 555 1,440	MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.  Municipal Bonds  (continued)  New Jersey State Educational Facilities Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds:  (Montclair State University), Series L, 5% due 7/01/2034 (e)  (Rowan University), Series C, 5% due 7/01/2031 (c)  (William Paterson University), Series E, 5.375% due 7/01/2017 (g)	(In Thousands)  Value  \$ 3,291
Face Amount New Jersey \$ 3,185	MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.  Municipal Bonds  (continued)  New Jersey State Educational Facilities Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds:  (Montclair State University), Series L, 5% due 7/01/2034 (e)  (Rowan University), Series C, 5% due 7/01/2031 (c)  (William Paterson University), Series E, 5.375%	(In Thousands)  Value  \$ 3,291  570
Face Amount New Jersey \$ 3,185 555 1,440	MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.  Municipal Bonds  (continued)  New Jersey State Educational Facilities Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds:  (Montclair State University), Series L, 5% due 7/01/2034 (e)  (Rowan University), Series C, 5% due 7/01/2031 (c)  (William Paterson University), Series E, 5.375% due 7/01/2017 (g)  (William Paterson University), Series E, 5%	(In Thousands)  Value  \$ 3,291  570 1,557

5,350	New Jersey State Higher Education Assistance Authority, Student Loan Revenue Bonds, AMT, Series A, 5.30% due 6/01/2017 (a)	5 <b>,</b> 457
4,425	New Jersey State Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency, Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds, Series A, 4.70% due 11/01/2025 (d)	4,435
3,150	New Jersey State Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency, Home Buyer Revenue Bonds, AMT, Series CC, 5.80% due 10/01/2020 (e)	3,283
2,780	New Jersey State Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency, M/F Revenue Bonds, AMT, Series A, 4.90% due 11/01/2035 (c)	2,763
1,500 3,545	New Jersey State Transportation Trust Fund Authority, Transportation System Revenue Bonds (d): Series A, 5% due 6/15/2008 (h) Series D, 5% due 6/15/2019	1,566 3,733
3,600	New Jersey State Transportation Trust Fund Authority, Transportation System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series B, 5.50% due 12/15/2021 (e)	4,071
3,005	New Jersey State Turnpike Authority, Turnpike Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5.15%** due 1/01/2035 (a)	1,923
2,500 1,835	New Jersey State Turnpike Authority, Turnpike Revenue Refunding Bonds:  Series A, 5.75% due 1/01/2010 (e)(h) Series C-1, 4.50% due 1/01/2031 (a)	2,723 1,781
1,000	Port Authority of New Jersey and New York, Consolidated Revenue Bonds, 93rd Series, 6.125% due 6/01/2094	1,167
4,075	Port Authority of New Jersey and New York, Revenue Bonds, Trust Receipts, AMT, Class R, Series 10, 8.65% due 1/15/2017 (d)(i)	4,364
3,180	Port Authority of New Jersey and New York, Revenue Refunding Bonds, DRIVERS, AMT, Series 153, 7.476% due 9/15/2012 (c)(i)	3 <b>,</b> 336
4,100	Rahway Valley Sewerage Authority, New Jersey, Sewer Revenue Bonds (Capital Appreciation), Series A, 4.74%** due 9/01/2026 (e)	1,470
2,200	South Jersey Port Corporation of New Jersey, Revenue Refunding Bonds, 5% due 1/01/2023	2,257
Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
New Jersey	(concluded)	
\$ 1,715	Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation of New Jersey, Asset-Backed Revenue Bonds, 7% due 6/01/2041	\$ 2,006

	Union County, New Jersey, Utilities Authority, Senior Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Ogden Martin System of Union, Inc.), AMT, Series A (a):		
1,590 1,670	5.375% due 6/01/2017 5.375% due 6/01/2018		1,656 1,740
570 1,145 1,130 865	University of Medicine and Dentistry, New Jersey, Revenue Bonds, Series A (a): 5.50% due 12/01/2018 5.50% due 12/01/2019 5.50% due 12/01/2020 5.50% due 12/01/2021		625 1,256 1,236 946
Puerto Rico	o12.7%		
	Puerto Rico Commonwealth Highway and Transportation Authority, Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds:		
1,500 1,380	Series J, 5% due 7/01/2029 (e) Series K, 5% due 7/01/2045		1,560 1,378
	Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority, Power Revenue Bonds:		
1,830 2,000	Series HH, 5.25% due 7/01/2029 (d) Series RR, 5% due 7/01/2028 (b)		1,951 2,082
1,500	Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority, Power Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series PP, 5% due 7/01/2025 (c)		1,570
2,110	Puerto Rico Industrial, Tourist, Educational, Medical and Environmental Control Facilities Revenue Bonds (Ascension Health), RIB, Series 377, 9.28% due 11/15/2030 (i)		2,536
5 <b>,</b> 250	Puerto Rico Public Buildings Authority Revenue Bonds, DRIVERS, Series 211, 7.508% due 7/01/2021 (e)(i)		5 <b>,</b> 763
	Total Municipal Bonds (Cost\$198,745)156.6%		207,701
Shares Held	Short-Term Securities		
515	CMA New Jersey Municipal Money Fund (j)	\$	515
	Total Short-Term Securities (Cost\$515)0.4%		515
Liabilities	thents ,260*)157.0% in Excess of Other Assets(1.6%) tock, at Redemption Value(55.4%)		208,216 (2,094) (73,500)
	Applicable to	 ,	100 577
Common Stoc	k100.0%	\$ ==	132 <b>,</b> 622

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Schedule of Investments (concluded)

(In Thousands)

MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.

Forward interest rate swaps outstanding as of October 31, 2005 were as follows:

	 otional Mount	Unreal Appreci	
Pay a fixed rate of 3.923% and receive a floating rate based on 1-week USD Bond Market Association Rate			
Broker, JPMorgan Chase Bank Expires November 2018	\$ 1,520	\$	11
Pay a fixed rate of 4.09% and receive a floating rate based on 1-week USD Bond Market Association Rate			
Broker, JPMorgan Chase Bank Expires August 2026	\$ 3,210		36
Total		\$	47
		=====	===

\* The cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments as of October 31, 2005, as computed for federal income tax purposes, were as follows:

	=======	
Net unrealized appreciation	\$	9,208
Gross unrealized depreciation		(566)
Gross unrealized appreciation	Ş	9 <b>,</b> 774
C	Ċ	0 774
Aggregate cost	\$	199,008

- \*\* Represents a zero coupon bond; the interest rate shown reflects the effective yield at the time of purchase.
- (a) AMBAC Insured.
- (b) CIFG Insured.
- (c) FGIC Insured.
- (d) FSA Insured.
- (e) MBIA Insured.
- (f) Radian Insured.
- (g) XL Capital Insured.

- (h) Prerefunded.
- (i) The rate disclosed is that currently in effect. This rate changes periodically and inversely based upon prevailing market rates.
- (j) Investments in companies considered to be an affiliate of the Fund, for purposes of Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, were as follows:

Affiliate	Net Activity	Dividend Income
CMA New Jersey Municipal Money Fund	(2,013)	\$28
See Notes to Financial Statements.		

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Schedule of Investments

(In Thousands)

#### MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

	Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
Pen	nsylvani	a136.3%	
\$	3,085 3,285	Abington, Pennsylvania, School District, GO, Series A (e): 5% due 4/01/2029 5% due 4/01/2032	\$ 3,200 3,396
	3,000	Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, Higher Education Building Authority, University Revenue Bonds (Carnegie Mellon University), 5.125% due 3/01/2032	3,090
	2,000	Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, Hospital Development Authority, Health Center Revenue Bonds (University of Pittsburgh Medical Center Health System), Series B, 6% due 7/01/2026 (f)	2,392
	5,000	Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, Sanitation Authority, Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, 5% due 12/01/2030 (f)	5 <b>,</b> 176
	1,000	Bristol Borough, Pennsylvania, School District, GO, 5.25% due 3/01/2031 (e)	1,060
	1,000	Chester County, Pennsylvania, School Authority, School Lease Revenue Bonds (Intermediate Unit Project), 5% due 4/01/2026 (a)	1,037
	1,000	Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, GO, Series C, 5% due 3/01/2024 (f)	1,039
	5,500	Delaware County, Pennsylvania, IDA Revenue Bonds	

	(Pennsylvania Suburban Water Company Project), AMT, Series A, 5.15% due 9/01/2032 (a)	5,	621
4,770	Delaware County, Pennsylvania, IDA, Water Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (Aqua Pennsylvania Inc. Project), AMT, Series B, 5% due 11/01/2036 (c)	4,	824
1,500	Delaware Valley, Pennsylvania, Regional Finance Authority, Local Government Revenue Bonds, 5.75% due 7/01/2032	1,	686
4,000	Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, Municipal Authority, College Revenue Refunding Bonds, 5% due 8/15/2023 (f)	4,	155
4,000	Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, Hospital Authority Revenue Bonds (Lancaster General Hospital Project), 5.50% due 3/15/2026	4,	155
3,000	Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, General Purpose Authority, Hospital Revenue Refunding Bonds (Saint Lukes Hospital of Bethlehem), 5.375% due 8/15/2033	3,	067
7,800	Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, IDA, PCR, Refunding (Pennsylvania Power and Light Utilities Corporation Project), Series A, 4.70% due 9/01/2029 (c)	7,	744
3,500	Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, IDA, Water Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, RIB, AMT, Series 1170, 7.22% due 9/01/2034 (a)(h)	3,	633
2 <b>,</b> 675	North Allegheny, Pennsylvania, School District, GO, Series C, 5.25% due 5/01/2027 (e)	2,	846
Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Va.	lue
Pennsylvani	a (continued)		
\$ 5,000	Northampton Borough, Pennsylvania, Municipal Authority, Water Revenue Bonds, 5% due 5/15/2034 (f)	\$ 5,	147
6,000	Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, IDA, Water Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (Aqua Pennsylvania Inc. Project), AMT, 5.05% due 10/01/2039 (c)	6,	079
3,055	Pennsbury, Pennsylvania, School District, GO, Refunding, 5.50% due 1/15/2020 (c)	3,	328
1,200	Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds (Waste Management Inc. Project), AMT, Series A, 5.10% due 10/01/2027	1,:	202
710	Pennsylvania HFA, S/F Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, AMT, Series 60A, 5.85% due 10/01/2027 (d)(f)		728
3,000	Pennsylvania State Higher Educational Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds (UPMC Health System),		

	Lagar rilling. MONTTILLED I LINNOTEVANIA I OND TOITIT	1 0011
	Series A, 6% due 1/15/2022	3,252
3,900	Pennsylvania State Higher Educational Facilities Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds (The Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania Project), Series C, 5% due 7/15/2038	4,018
7,000	Pennsylvania State, IDA, EDR, Refunding, 5.50% due 7/01/2020 (a)	7,677
3,585 2,000	Pennsylvania State Public School Building Authority, Revenue Bonds (Lehigh Career and Technical Institute) (c): 5.125% due 10/01/2028 5.25% due 10/01/2032	3,728 2,103
10,000 10,300	Pennsylvania State Public School Building Authority, School Lease Revenue Bonds (The School District of Philadelphia Project) (e): 5.25% due 6/01/2025 5% due 6/01/2033	10,659 10,554
7,500	Pennsylvania State Public School Building Authority, School Revenue Bonds, DRIVERS, Series 371, 7.487% due 6/01/2011 (e)(h)	8,373
7,500	Pennsylvania State Turnpike Commission, Oil Franchise Tax Revenue Bonds, DRIVERS, Series 366, 7.987% due 6/01/2011 (f)(h)	8,911
1,700	Pennsylvania State Turnpike Commission, Oil Franchise Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, 5% due 12/01/2023 (a)	1,768
3,900	Pennsylvania State Turnpike Commission, Turnpike Revenue Bonds, DRIVERS, Series 460-Z, 7.987% due 6/01/2012 (a)(h)	4,603
ANNUAL REPO	RTS OCT	TOBER 31, 2005
Schedule of	Investments (continued)	(In Thousands)
	MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund	
Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
Pennsylvani	a (continued)	
\$ 1,000 8,000	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Airport Revenue Bonds, Series A, AMT (f): 5% due 6/15/2025 4.75% due 6/15/2035	\$ 1,021 7,650
	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Authority for Industrial Development, Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds (Philadelphia Airport System Project), AMT, Series A	(c):

4,000 3,655	5.50% due 7/01/2017 5.50% due 7/01/2018	4,281 3,899
	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Authority for Industrial Development, Lease Revenue Bonds:	
9,125	(City of Philadelphia Project), Series A, 5.375% due 2/15/2027 (f)	9,499
3,000 4,680	Series B, 5.50% due 10/01/2020 (e) Series B, 5.50% due 10/01/2021 (e)	3,264 5,091
10,000	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Gas Works Revenue Bonds, 1998 General Ordinance, 4th Series, 5% due 8/01/2032 (e)	10,244
	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Hospitals and Higher Education Facilities Authority, Hospital Revenue Refunding Bonds:	
1,300	(Children's Hospital Project), VRDN, Series D, 2.70% due 7/01/2031 (f)(k)	1,300
3,000	(Presbyterian Medical Center), 6.65% due 12/01/2019 (b)	3,607
3,000	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Housing Authority Revenue Bonds (Capital Fund Program), Series A, 5.50% due 12/01/2018 (e)	3,244
4,645	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Qualified Redevelopment Authority Revenue Bonds, AMT, Series B, 5% due 4/15/2027 (c)	4,715
1,750	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Redevelopment Authority Revenue Bonds (Neighborhood Transformation), Series A, 5.50% due 4/15/2022 (c)	1,895
5,000 5,000 4,000	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, School District, GO (c): RIB, Series 677, 8.29% due 8/01/2021 (h) Series D, 5.125% due 6/01/2034 Series D, 5.25% due 6/01/2034	6,106 5,179 4,217
5,000	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5% due 7/01/2028 (e)	5 <b>,</b> 178
1,525	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Public Parking Authority, Parking Revenue Bonds, 5.85% due 6/01/2010 (a)(i)	1,675
6,000 2,400	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Water and Sewer Authority, Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, First Lien: 5% due 9/01/2033 (f) Series B, 5.255%** due 9/01/2030 (c)	6,192 684
Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
Pennsylvani	ia (concluded)	
\$ 10,425 3,145	Reading, Pennsylvania, School District, GO (c): Series B, 5.263%** due 1/15/2028 Series B, 5.213%** due 1/15/2030	\$ 3,400 924
2,600	Sayre, Pennsylvania, Health Care Facilities Authority,	

	Revenue Refunding Bonds (Guthrie Healthcare System Series A, 5.875% due 12/01/2031	2,762
4,500 2,525	Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Authority Special Revenue Bonds (c): 5.375% due 3/01/2017 5.375% due 3/01/2022	4,700 2,632
Guam1.4%		
2,500	A.B. Won Guam International Airport Authority, General Revenue Refunding Bonds, AMT, Series C, 5% due 10/01/2023 (f)	2,544
Puerto Rico	015.0%	
10,000	Puerto Rico Commonwealth, Public Improvement, GO, Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034	10,038
7,500	Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority, Power Revenu Bonds, Series RR, 5% due 7/01/2027 (g)	7,839
2,500 5,000	Puerto Rico Public Buildings Authority, Government Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series I: 5.50% due 7/01/2025 5.375% due 7/01/2034	2,670 5,218
1,000	Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation, Commonwealth Appropriation Revenue Bonds, Series E, 5.50% due 8/01/2029	1,046
	Total Municipal Bonds (Cost\$263,289)152.7%	272,965
Shares Held	Short-Term Securities	
2,714	CMA Pennsylvania Municipal Money Fund (j)	\$ 2,714
	Total Short-Term Securities (Cost\$2,714)1.5%	2,714
Other Asset	stments 5,003*)154.2% Es Less Liabilities2.9% Shares, at Redemption Value(57.1%)	275,679 5,134 (102,042)
Net Assets	Applicable to Common Shares100.0%	\$ 178,771 =======
ANNUAL REPO	DRTS	OCTOBER 31, 2005
Schedule of	Investments (concluded)	(In Thousands)

MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Forward interest rate swaps outstanding as of October 31, 2005 were as follows:

	Notional Amount	
Pay a fixed rate of 4.796% and receive a floating rate based on 3-month LIBOR.		
Broker, JPMorgan Chase Bank Expires November 2015	\$ 36,000	\$ 678
Pay a fixed rate of 3.808% and receive a floating rate based on 1-week USD Bond Market Association Rate.		
Broker, JPMorgan Chase Bank Expires January 2016	\$ 14,000	92
Total		\$ 770 =====

\* The cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments as of October 31, 2005, as computed for federal income tax purposes, were as follows:

Aggregate cost	\$	265,922
	=====	
Gross unrealized appreciation Gross unrealized depreciation	\$	10,859 (1,102)
-		
Net unrealized appreciation	\$	9,757

- \*\* Represents a zero coupon bond; the interest rate shown reflects the effective yield at the time of purchase.
- (a) AMBAC Insured.
- (b) Escrowed to maturity.
- (c) FGIC Insured.
- (d) FHA Insured.
- (e) FSA Insured.
- (f) MBIA Insured.
- (g) XL Capital Insured.
- (h) The rate disclosed is that currently in effect. This rate changes periodically and inversely based upon prevailing market rates.

(i) Prerefunded.

(j) Investments in companies considered to be an affiliate of the Fund, for purposes of Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, were as follows:

	Net	Dividend
Affiliate	Activity	Income
CMA Pennsylvania Municipal Money Fund	(1,425)	\$19
CMA remisyivamia mumicipai Money ruma	(I,4ZJ)	ΫΙΫ

(k) Security may have a maturity of more than one year at time of issuance, but has variable rate and demand features that qualify it as a short-term security. The rate disclosed is that currently in effect. This rate changes periodically based upon prevailing market rates.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Statements of Net Assets

Statements of Net Assets	
As of October 31, 2005	MuniYield Florida Insured Fund
Assets	
Investments in unaffiliated securities, at value* Investments in affiliated securities, at value** Cash Unrealized appreciation on forward interest rate swaps Interest receivable Receivable for securities sold Dividends receivable from affiliates Prepaid expenses  Total assets	\$ 195,520,815 2,600,000 63,171 154,152 2,250,467 216,643 183 5,565
Liabilities	
Payable for securities purchased Dividends payable to Common Stock/Shareholders Payable to investment adviser Payable to other affiliates Accrued expenses and other liabilities	4,207,115 35,579 77,872 2,589 37,101
Total liabilities	4,360,256

#### Preferred Stock/Shares

Preferred Stock/Shares, at redemption value, of AMPS+++ at \$25,000 per share liquidation preference++\*\*\*

72,028,776

Net Assets Applicable to Common Stock/Shares	
Net assets applicable to Common Stock/Shares	\$ 124,421,964 ========
Analysis of Net Assets Applicable to Common Stock/Shares	
Undistributed investment incomenet Accumulated realized capital lossesnet Unrealized appreciationnet	\$ 1,135,801 (3,113,027) 8,004,838
Total accumulated earningsnet	6,027,612
Common Stock/Shares, par value \$.10 per share++++ Paid-in capital in excess of par	844,996 117,549,356
Net Assets	\$ 124,421,964
Net asset value per share of Common Stock/Shares	\$ 14.72
Market Price	\$ 14.18
* Identified cost on unaffiliated securities	\$ 187,670,129
** Identified cost on affiliated securities	\$ 2,600,000
*** Preferred Stock/Shares issued and outstanding: Series A, par value of \$.05 per share	2,400
Series B, par value of \$.05 per share	480
Series B, par value of \$.10 per share	
Series C, par value of \$.05 per share	
++ Preferred Stock/Shares authorized	1,000,000
++++ Common Stock/Shares issued and outstanding	8,449,963 =========
+++ Auction Market Preferred Stock/Shares.	
See Notes to Financial Statements.	
ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31	1, 2005
Statements of Operations	
For the Year Ended October 31, 2005	MuniYield Florida Insured Fund
Investment Income	2 0
Threschieffe Theome	\$ 9,787,345

Dividends from affiliates	31,163
Total income	9,818,508
Expenses	
Investment advisory fees	993,988
Commission fees	180,365
Accounting services	88,463
Transfer agent fees	82,974
Professional fees	50,337
Printing and shareholder reports	25,550
Directors'/Trustees' fees and expenses	26,715
Listing fees	19,117
Pricing fees	15,898
Custodian fees	13,217
Other	34,708
Total expenses before reimbursement	1,531,332
Reimbursement of expenses	(3,088)
Total expenses after reimbursement	1,528,244
Investment incomenet	8,290,264
Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) Net  Realized gain (loss) on:  Investmentsnet  Futures contracts and forward interest rate swapsnet	1,909,384 (346,973)
Total realized gain	1,562,411
g	
Change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on:	
Investmentsnet	(5,185,860)
Futures contracts and forward interest rate swapsnet	407,941
Total change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation	(4,777,919)
Total realized and unrealized lossnet	(3,215,508)
Dividends to Preferred Stock/Shareholders	
Dividends to Preferred Stock/Shareholders  Investment incomenet	(1,442,962)
	(1,442,962)  \$ 3,631,794

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets: Operations Investment income--net Realized gain (loss) -- net Change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation--net Dividends to Preferred Shareholders Net increase in net assets resulting from operations Dividends to Common Shareholders Investment income--net Net decrease in net assets resulting from dividends to Common Shareholders Share Transactions Value of shares issued to Common Shareholders in reinvestment of dividends Offering and underwriting costs resulting from the issuance of Preferred Shares Net decrease in net assets derived from Share transactions Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares Total increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common Shares Beginning of year End of year\* \* Undistributed investment income--net See Notes to Financial Statements. ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005 Statements of Changes in Net Assets MuniYie Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets: Operations

Investment income -- net Realized gain (loss) -- net

Change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation--net

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations

Dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders

39

\$

==

Dividends to Common Stock Shareholders

Investment income--net

Net decrease in net assets resulting from dividends to Common Stock shareholders

Stock Transactions

Value of shares issued to Common Stock shareholders in reinvestment of dividends Offering and underwriting costs resulting from the issuance of Preferred Stock Adjustment of offering costs resulting from the issuance of Preferred Stock

Net increase (decrease) in net assets derived from Stock transactions

Net Assets Applicable to Common Stock

Total increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common Stock Beginning of year

End of year\*

\* Undistributed investment income--net

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets:

Operations

Investment income--net
Realized gain--net
Change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation--net
Dividends to Preferred Shareholders

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations

Dividends to Common Shareholders

Investment income--net

Net decrease in net assets resulting from dividends to Common Shareholders

Share Transactions

Value of shares issued to Common Shareholders in reinvestment of dividends Offering and underwriting costs resulting from the issuance of Preferred Shares

\$

Mun

Net increase in net assets derived from Share transactions

Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares

Total increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common Shares Beginning of year  $\,$ 

End of year\*

\* Undistributed investment income--net

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Financial Highlights

The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements.	2005	For the 2004	Year E
Per Share Operating Performance			
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 15.22	\$ 15.04	\$
Investment incomenet Realized and unrealized gain (loss)net Less dividends and distributions to Preferred Shareholders:	 .98+++	.98+++	1
Investment incomenet Realized gainnet	(.17)	(.07) 	
Total from investment operations	 .43	 1.11	
Less dividends and distributions to Common Shareholders: Investment incomenet Realized gainnet	(.90) 	(.93) 	
Total dividends and distributions to Common Shareholders	 (.90)	 (.93)	
Offering and underwriting costs resulting from the issuance of Preferred Shares	(.03)	 	
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 14.72	15.22	\$ ====
Market price per share, end of year	\$	\$	\$ ====
Total Investment Return*			
Based on net asset value per share	2.72%	7.98%	
Based on market price per share	.54%	12.73%	====

Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Common Shares

Total expenses, net of reimbursemen	t**	1.20%	1.09%	
Total expenses**		1.20%	1.10%	
Total investment incomenet**		6.50%	6.54%	
Amount of dividends to Preferred Sh	areholders	1.13%	.48%	
Investment incomenet, to Common S	hareholders	5.37% ======	6.06%	-==
Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Pref	erred Shares			
Dividends to Preferred Shareholders		2.02%	1.02%	-==

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Financial Highlights (concluded)

from information provided in the financial statements.	2	005		2004	2
Supplemental Data					
Net assets applicable to Common Shares, end of year (in thousands)	\$ 12	4,422	\$	128,455	\$ 1 ====
Preferred Shares outstanding, end of year (in thousands)		2,000	\$	60,000	\$
Portfolio turnover	5	===== 1.33% =====	==-	31.22%	====
Leverage					
Asset coverage per \$1,000	\$ =====	2 <b>,</b> 728	\$	3,141	\$
Dividends Per Share on Preferred Shares Outstanding					
Series AInvestment incomenet	\$	505	\$	255	\$
Series B++++Investment incomenet	\$	482			

<sup>\*</sup> Total investment returns based on market value, which can be significantly greater or than the net asset value, may result in substantially different returns. Total investment returns exclude the effects of sales charges.

The following per share data and ratios have been derived

For the Year E

 $<sup>\</sup>star\star$  Does not reflect the effect of dividends to Preferred Shareholders.

<sup>++</sup> Amount is less than \$(.01) per share.

<sup>++++</sup> Series B was issued on November 22, 2004.

+++ Based on average shares outstanding.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Financial Highlights		M	uniYie
The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements.	2005	For the 2004	Year E 2
Per Share Operating Performance			
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 15.46	\$ 15.25	\$
<pre>Investment incomenet Realized and unrealized gain (loss)net Less dividends and distributions to Preferred Stock shareholders:</pre>	.96+++		1
Investment incomenet	(.16)	(.06)	
Realized gainnet			
Total from investment operations	.53	1.18	
Less dividends and distributions to Common Stock shareholders:			
Investment incomenet Realized gainnet	(.92) 	(.94) 	
Total dividends and distributions to Common Stock shareholders	(.92)	(.94)	
Offering and underwriting costs resulting from the issuance of Preferred Stock		(.03)	
Adjustment of offering costs resulting from the issuance of Preferred Stock	++++		
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 15.07	\$ 15.46	\$
Market price per share, end of year	\$ 14.65 =======	\$ 15.16	==== \$ ====
Total Investment Return*			
Based on net asset value per share	3.49%	7.99%	
Based on market price per share	2.60%	12.23%	====
Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Common Stock			
Total expenses, net of reimbursement**	1.16%	1.06%	
Total expenses**	1.16%	1.07%	====
Total investment incomenet**	6.21%	======= 6.79%	====

Amount of dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders	1.03%	.42%	
Investment incomenet, to Common Stock shareholders	5.18% ======	6.37%	====
Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Preferred Stock			
Dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders	1.90%	.95%	
	<b></b>	<b></b>	
ANNUAL REPORTS	OCTOBER 31, 2005		
Financial Highlights (concluded)		М	uniYie

The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements.		2005		For the 2004	Year	E 2
Supplemental Data						
Net assets applicable to Common Stock, end of year (in thousands)	\$	132,622	\$	135,370	\$	1
Preferred Stock outstanding, end of year (in thousands)	\$	73,500	\$	73,500	\$	
Portfolio turnover	==:	37.31% ======	==	18.25%	==	==
Leverage						
Asset coverage per \$1,000	\$	2,804	\$	2,842	\$	==
Dividends Per Share on Preferred Stock Outstanding						
Series AInvestment incomenet	\$	492	\$	232	\$	

- \*\* Does not reflect the effect of dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders.
- ++ Amount is less than \$(.01) per share.

Series B++++--Investment income--net

- ++++ Series B was issued on August 25, 2004.
- +++ Based on average shares outstanding.
- +++++ Amount is less than \$.01 per share.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

\$ 420 \$ 57

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<sup>\*</sup> Total investment returns based on market value, which can be significantly greater or than the net asset value, may result in substantially different returns. Total investment returns exclude the effects of sales charges.

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Financial Highlights		Mun
The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements.	2005	For the Year E
Per Share Operating Performance		
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 16.04	\$ 15.56 \$
Investment incomenet Realized and unrealized gain (loss)net Less dividends to Preferred Shareholders:	1.05+++ (.35)	1.08+++ 1
Investment incomenet	(.19)	(.08)
Total from investment operations	.51	1.48
Less dividends to Common Shareholders: Investment incomenet	(.96)	(1.00)
Total dividends to Common Shareholders	(.96)	(1.00)
Offering and underwriting costs resulting from the issuance of Preferred Shares	(.02)	
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 15.57	\$ 16.04 \$
Market price per share, end of year	\$ 14.91	
Total Investment Return*		
Based on net asset value per share	3.16%	
Based on market price per share	1.51%	12.63%
Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Common Shares		
Total expenses, net of reimbursement**	1.13%	1.05%
Total expenses**	1.14%	1.07%
Total investment incomenet**	6.56%	6.89%
Amount of dividends to Preferred Shareholders	1.17%	.51%
Investment incomenet, to Common Shareholders	5.39%	6.38%
Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Preferred Shares		
Dividends to Preferred Shareholders	2.12%	1.04%

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Financial Highlights (concluded)				М	un
The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements.	2005		For the 2004	Year	E 2
Supplemental Data					
Net assets applicable to Common Shares, end of year (in thousands)	178,771		183 <b>,</b> 877	\$	1
Preferred Shares outstanding, end of year (in thousands)	\$ 102,000	\$	88,000	== \$ ==	
Portfolio turnover	46.42% 	==	50.00%	==	
Leverage					
Asset coverage per \$1,000	\$ 2 <b>,</b> 753		3,090	\$	
Dividends Per Share on Preferred Shares Outstanding					
Series AInvestment incomenet	\$ 531	\$	254	\$	
Series BInvestment incomenet	\$ 530	\$	261	== \$	
Series C++Investment incomenet	\$ 501	==		==	==

<sup>\*</sup> Total investment returns based on market value, which can be significantly greater or than the net asset value, may result in substantially different returns. Total investment returns exclude the effects of sales charges.

- \*\* Does not reflect the effect of dividends to Preferred Shareholders.
- ++ Series C was issued on November 22, 2004.
- +++ Based on average shares outstanding.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Notes to Financial Statements

## 1. Significant Accounting Policies:

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund, MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc., and MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund (the "Funds" or individually as the "Fund") are registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as non-diversified, closed-end management investment companies. The Funds' financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, which may require the use of management accruals and

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estimates. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The Funds determine and make available for publication the net asset value of their Common Stock/Shares on a daily basis. The Fund's Common Stock/ Shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol MFT for MuniYield Florida Insured Fund, MJI for MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc., and MPA for MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Funds.

- (a) Valuation of investments -- Municipal bonds are traded primarily in the overthe-counter ("OTC") markets and are valued at the last available bid price in the OTC markets or on the basis of values as obtained by a pricing service. Pricing services use valuation matrixes that incorporate both dealer-supplied valuations and valuation models. The procedures of the pricing service and its valuations are reviewed by the officers of the Funds under the general direction of the Board of Directors/Trustees. Such valuations and procedures are reviewed periodically by the Board of Directors/Trustees of the Funds. Financial futures contracts and options thereon, which are traded on exchanges, are valued at their closing prices as of the close of such exchanges. Options written or purchased are valued at the last sale price in the case of exchangetraded options. In the case of options traded in the OTC market, valuation is the last asked price (options written) or the last bid price (options purchased). Swap agreements are valued by quoted fair values received daily by the Funds' pricing service. Short-term investments with a remaining maturity of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value, under which method the investment is valued at cost and any premium or discount is amortized on a straight line basis to maturity. Investments in open-end investment companies are valued at their net asset value each business day. Securities and other assets for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by or under the direction of the Board of Directors/Trustees of the Funds.
- (b) Derivative financial instruments—Each Fund may engage in various portfolio investment strategies both to increase the return of the Fund and to hedge, or protect, its exposure to interest rate movements and movements in the securities markets. Losses may arise due to changes in the value of the contract or if the counterparty does not perform under the contract.
- \* Financial futures contracts—Each Fund may purchase or sell financial futures contracts and options on such futures contracts. Futures contracts are contracts for delayed delivery of securities at a specific future date and at a specific price or yield. Upon entering into a contract, the Fund deposits and maintains as collateral such initial margin as required by the exchange on which the transaction is effected. Pursuant to the contract, the Fund agrees to receive from or pay to the broker an amount of cash equal to the daily fluctuation in value of the contract. Such receipts or payments are known as variation margin and are recorded by the Fund as unrealized gains or losses. When the contract is closed, the Fund records a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed.
- \* Options—Each Fund may purchase and write call and put options. When the Fund writes an option, an amount equal to the premium received by the Fund is reflected as an asset and an equivalent liability. The amount of the liability is subsequently marked—to—market to reflect the current market value of the option written. When a security is purchased or sold through an exercise of an option, the related premium paid (or received) is added to (or deducted from) the basis of the security acquired or deducted from (or added to) the proceeds of the security sold. When an option expires (or the Fund enters into a closing transaction), the Fund realizes a gain or loss on the option to the extent of the premiums received or paid (or gain or loss to the extent the cost of the closing transaction exceeds the premium paid or received).

Written and purchased options are non-income producing investments.

\* Forward interest rate swaps—Each Fund may enter into forward interest rate swaps. In a forward interest rate swap, the Fund and the counterparty agree to make periodic net payments on a specified notional contract amount, commencing on a specified future effective date, unless terminated earlier. When the agreement is closed, the Fund records a realized gain or loss in an amount equal to the value of the agreement.

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

- (c) Income taxes—It is each Fund's policy to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute substantially all of its taxable income to its shareholders. Therefore, no federal income tax provision is required.
- (d) Security transactions and investment income—Security transactions are recorded on the dates the transactions are entered into (the trade dates). Realized gains and losses on security transactions are determined on the identified cost basis. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend dates. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. The Funds amortize all premiums and discounts on debt securities.
- (e) Dividends and distributions—Dividends from net investment income are declared and paid monthly. Distributions of capital gains are recorded on the  $\exp$ -dividend dates.
- (f) Offering expenses—Direct expenses relating to the public offering of certain Fund's Preferred Stock/Shares were charged to capital. Any adjustments to estimates of offering costs were recorded back to capital.
- (g) Reclassification for MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund--U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that certain components of net assets be adjusted to reflect permanent differences between financial and tax reporting. Accordingly, during the current year, \$19,772 has been reclassified between accumulated net realized capital losses and undistributed net investment income as a result of permanent differences attributable to amortization methods on fixed income securities. This reclassification has no effect on net assets or net asset values per share.
- 2. Investment Advisory Agreement and Transactions with Affiliates: Each Fund has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement with Fund Asset Management, L.P. ("FAM"). The general partner of FAM is Princeton Services, Inc. ("PSI"), an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. ("ML & Co."), which is the limited partner.

FAM is responsible for the management of each Fund's portfolio and provides the necessary personnel, facilities, equipment and certain other services necessary to the operations of the Fund. For such services, each Fund pays a monthly fee at an annual rate of .50% of the Fund's average weekly net assets, including proceeds from the issuance of Preferred Stock/Shares. For the year ended October 31, 2005, the Investment Adviser agreed to reimburse its management fee by the amount of management fees each Fund pays to FAM indirectly through its investment described below:

	Investment	Reimbursement
MuniYield Florida	Merrill Lynch Institutional	
Insured Fund	Tax-Exempt Fund	\$3 <b>,</b> 088
MuniYield New Jersey	CMA New Jersey	
Insured Fund, Inc.	Municipal Money Fund	\$9,184
MuniYield Pennsylvania	CMA Pennsylvania	
Insured Fund	Municipal Money Fund	\$5 <b>,</b> 929

For the year ended October 31, 2005, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("MLPF&S"), an affiliate of FAM, received underwriting fees of \$120,000 relating to MuniYield Florida Insured Fund and \$140,000 relating to MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund, in connection with the issuance of each Fund's Preferred Shares.

For the year ended October 31, 2005, the Funds reimbursed FAM for certain accounting services. Each Fund's reimbursement was as follows:

	Reimbursement
MuniYield Florida Insured Fund	\$5,278
MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.	\$6,146
MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund	\$7,387

Certain officers and/or directors/trustees of the Funds are officers and/or directors of FAM, PSI, and/or ML & Co.

#### 3. Investments:

Purchases and sales of investments, excluding short-term securities, for the year ended October 31, 2005 were as follows:

	MuniYield	MuniYield	MuniYield
	Florida	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
	Insured	Insured	Insured
	Fund	Fund, Inc.	Fund
Total Purchases Total Sales	\$115,247,011	\$83,478,648	\$139,939,097
	\$ 98,926,211	\$77,335,811	\$128,798,967

ANNUAL REPORTS OCTOBER 31, 2005

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 4. Stock/Share Transactions:

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund and MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund are authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares of beneficial interest, par value \$.10 per share together with 1,000,000 Preferred Shares of beneficial interest, par value of \$.05 per share. The Board of Trustees is authorized, however, to reclassify any unissued shares of beneficial interest without approval of the holders of Common Shares.

MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. is authorized to issue 200,000,000 shares of stock, including Preferred Stock, par value \$.10 per share, all of which were initially classified as Common Stock. The Board of Directors is authorized, however, to classify any unissued shares of stock without approval of holders of Common Stock.

Common Stock/Shares

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund

Shares issued and outstanding during the year ended October 31, 2005 increased by 9,507 as a result of dividend reinvestment and remained constant during the year ended October 31, 2004.

MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.

Shares issued and outstanding during the years ended October 31, 2005 and October 31, 2004 increased by 43, 611 and 18, 785, respectively, as a result of dividend reinvestment.

MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Shares issued and outstanding during the year ended October 31, 2005 increased by 16,822 as a result of dividend reinvestment and remained constant during the year ended October 31, 2004.

Preferred Stock/Shares

Auction Market Preferred Stock/Shares are redeemable Preferred Stock/Shares of the Funds, with a liquidation preference of \$25,000 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends that entitle their holders to receive cash dividends at an annual rate that may vary for the successive dividend periods.

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund and MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund have a par value of \$.05 per share. MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. has a par value of \$.05 per share for Series A Shares and \$.10 per share for Series B Shares. The yields in effect at October 31, 2005 were as follows:

	MuniYield	MuniYield	MuniYield
	Florida	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
	Insured	Insured	Insured
	Fund	Fund, Inc.	Fund
Series A	2.50%	2.65%	2.55%
Series B	2.55%	2.45%	2.45%
Series C			2.55%

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund

Shares issued and outstanding during the year ended October 31, 2005 increased by 480 shares from the issuance of an additional series of Preferred Shares. Shares issued and outstanding during the year ended October 31, 2004 remained constant.

MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.

Shares issued and outstanding during the year ended October 31, 2005 remained

constant. Shares issued and outstanding during the year ended October 31, 2004 increased by 700 shares from the issuance of an additional series of Preferred Stock.

MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Shares issued and outstanding during the year ended October 31, 2005 increased by 560 shares from the issuance of an additional series of Preferred Shares. Shares issued and outstanding during the year ended October 31, 2004 remained constant.

The Funds pay commissions to certain broker-dealers at the end of each auction at an annual rate ranging from .25% to .375%, calculated on the proceeds of each auction. For the year ended October 31, 2005 MLPF&S, earned commissions as follows:

Commissions

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund	\$ 93,910
MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.	\$ 119 <b>,</b> 076
MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund	\$ 160 <b>,</b> 938

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Notes to Financial Statements (concluded)

#### 5. Distribution to Shareholders:

Each Fund paid a tax-exempt income dividend to holders of Common Stock/Shares on November 29, 2005 to stock/shareholders of record on November 15, 2005. The amount of the tax-exempt income dividend was as follows:

	Per Share
	Amount
MuniYield Florida Insured Fund	\$.070000
MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.	\$.068000
MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund	\$.075000

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund

The tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal years ended October 31, 2004 and October 31, 2005 was as follows:

	=====	=======	====	
Total distributions	\$	9,007,901	\$	8,474,309
Distributions paid from: Tax-exempt income	\$	9,007,901	\$	8,474,309
		10/31/2005		10/31/2004

As of October 31, 2005, the components of accumulated earnings on a tax basis were as follows:

	===	
Total accumulated earningsnet	\$	6,027,612
Unrealized gainsnet		7,748,213**
Capital loss carryforward		(2,775,558)*
Total undistributed earningsnet		1,054,957
Undistributed long-term capital gainsnet		
Undistributed tax-exempt incomenet	\$	1,054,957

- \* On October 31, 2005, the Fund had a net capital loss carryforward of \$2,775,558, of which \$693,833 expires in 2008 and \$2,081,725 expires in 2012. These amounts will be available to offset like amounts of any future taxable gains.
- \*\* The difference between book-basis and tax-basis net unrealized gains is attributable primarily to the tax deferral of losses on wash sales, the tax deferral of losses on straddles and the difference between book and tax amortization methods for premiums and discounts on fixed income securities.

MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.

The tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal years ended October 31, 2005 and October 31, 2004 was as follows:

	====		===	
Total distributions	\$	9,432,665	\$	8,752,359
Tax-exempt income	\$	9,432,665	\$	8,752,359
Distributions paid from:		10/31/2005		10/31/2004

As of October 31, 2005, the components of accumulated earnings on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed tax-exempt incomenet Undistributed long-term capital gainsnet	\$	864 <b>,</b> 934 
Total undistributed earningsnet Capital loss carryforward Unrealized gainsnet		864,934 (667,579)* 8,288,346**
Total accumulated earningsnet	\$ ===	8,485,701

- \* On October 31, 2005, the Fund had a net capital loss carryforward of \$667,579, all of which expires in 2012. This amount will be available to offset like amounts of any future taxable gains.
- \*\* The difference between book-basis and tax-basis net unrealized gains is attributable primarily to the tax deferral of losses on straddles and the difference between book and tax amortization methods for premiums and discounts on fixed income securities.

MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

The tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal years ended October 31, 2005 and October 31, 2004 was as follows:

	===		===	
Total distributions	\$	13,113,887	\$	12,379,006
Ordinary income				87,229
Tax-exempt income	\$	13,113,887	\$	12,291,777
Distributions paid from:				
		10/31/2005		10/31/2004

As of October 31, 2005, the components of accumulated earnings on a tax basis were as follows:

	====	
Total accumulated earningsnet	\$	7,671,610
Total undistributed earningsnet Capital loss carryforward Unrealized gainsnet		1,084,172 3,277,078)* 9,864,516**
Undistributed long-term capital gainsnet		
Undistributed tax-exempt incomenet	\$	1,084,172

- \* On October 31, 2005, the Fund had a net capital loss carryforward of \$3,277,078, all of which expires in 2008. This amount will be available to offset like amounts of any future taxable gains.
- \*\* The difference between book-basis and tax-basis net unrealized gains is attributable primarily to the tax deferral of losses on straddles and the difference between book and tax amortization methods for premiums and discounts on fixed income securities.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors/Trustees of MuniYield Florida Insured Fund,
MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. and
MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund:

We have audited the accompanying statements of net assets, including the schedules of investments, of MuniYield Florida Insured Fund, MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. and MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund (the "Funds"), as of October 31, 2005, and the related statements of operations for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Funds' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company

Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. The Funds are not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, audits of their internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of October 31, 2005 by correspondence with the custodian and brokers; where replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial positions of MuniYield Florida Insured Fund, MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. and MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund as of October 31, 2005, the results of their operations for the year then ended, the changes in their net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Deloitte & Touche LLP Princeton, New Jersey December 19, 2005

Fund Certification (unaudited)

In May 2005, MuniYield Florida Insured Fund, MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. and MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund filed their Chief Executive Officer Certification for the prior year with the New York Stock Exchange pursuant to Section 303A.12(a) of the New York Stock Exchange Corporate Governance Listing Standards.

The Funds' Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Certifications pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 were filed with the Funds' Form N-CSR and are available on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Web site at http://www.sec.gov.

Important Tax Information (unaudited)

All of the net investment income distributions paid by MuniYield Florida Insured Fund, MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. and MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund during the taxable year ended October 31, 2005 qualify as tax-exempt interest dividends for federal income tax purposes.

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Disclosure of Investment Advisory Agreement

Activities of and Composition of the Board of Directors (1)

All but one member of each Fund's Board of Directors is an independent director whose only affiliation with Fund Asset Management, L.P. (the "Investment Adviser") or other Merrill Lynch affiliates is as a director of each Fund and as a director of certain other funds advised by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates. The Chairman of the Boards is also an independent director. New director nominees are chosen as nominees by a Nominating Committee comprised of independent directors. All independent directors also are members of each Board's Audit Committee and the independent directors meet in executive session at each in-person Board meeting. The Board and the Audit Committee meet in person for at least two days each quarter and conduct other in-person and telephone meetings throughout the year, some of which are formal board meetings, and some of which are informational meetings. The independent counsel to the independent directors attends all in-person Board and Audit Committee meetings and other meetings at the independent directors' request.

Investment Advisory Agreements -- Matters Considered by the Board

Every year, each Board considers approval of each Fund's investment advisory agreement (the "Investment Advisory Agreement"). Each Board assesses the nature, scope and quality of the services provided to each Fund by the personnel of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates, including administrative services, shareholder services, oversight of fund accounting, marketing services and assistance in meeting legal and regulatory requirements. Each Board also receives and assesses information regarding the services provided to the Fund by certain unaffiliated service providers.

At various times throughout the year, each Board also considers a range of information in connection with its oversight of the services provided by the Investment Adviser and its affiliates. Among the matters considered are: (a) fees (in addition to management fees) paid to the Investment Adviser and its affiliates by each Fund; (b) Fund operating expenses paid to third parties; (c) the resources devoted to and compliance reports relating to each Fund's investment objective, policies and restrictions, and its compliance with its Code of Ethics and the Investment Adviser's compliance policies and procedures; and (d) the nature, cost and character of non-investment management services provided by the Investment Adviser and its affiliates.

Each Board believes that the Investment Adviser is one of the most experienced global asset management firms and considers the overall services provided by the Investment Adviser to be generally of high quality. Each Board also believes that the Investment Adviser is financially sound and well managed and notes that the Investment Adviser is affiliated with one of America's largest financial firms. Each Board works closely with the Investment Adviser in overseeing the Investment Adviser's efforts to achieve good performance. As part of this effort, each Board discusses portfolio manager effectiveness and, when performance is not satisfactory, discusses with the Investment Adviser taking steps such as changing investment personnel.

Annual Consideration of Approvals by the Board of Directors

In the period prior to the Board meeting to consider renewal of the Investment Advisory Agreement, each Board requests and receives materials specifically

relating to the Fund's Investment Advisory Agreement. These materials are prepared with respect to each Fund separately, and include (a) information compiled by Lipper Inc. ("Lipper") on the fees and expenses and the investment performance of the Fund as compared to a comparable group of funds as classified by Lipper; (b) information comparing the Fund's market price with its net asset value per share; (c) a discussion by the Fund's portfolio management team of investment strategies used by the Fund during its most recent fiscal year; (d) information on the profitability to the Investment Adviser and its affiliates of the Investment Advisory Agreement and other relationships with the Fund; and (e) information provided by the Investment Adviser concerning investment advisory fees charged to other clients, such as offshore funds under similar investment mandates and generally to institutional clients. Each Board also considers other matters it deems important to the approval process such as services related to the valuation and pricing of Fund portfolio holdings, allocation of Fund brokerage fees, the Fund's portfolio turnover statistics, and direct and indirect benefits to the Investment Adviser and its affiliates from their relationship with the Fund.

(1) References to directors shall include trustees.

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Disclosure of Investment Advisory Agreement (continued)

Certain Specific Renewal Data

In connection with the most recent renewal of each Fund's Investment Advisory Agreement in May 2005, the independent directors' and Board's review included the following:

Investment Adviser's Services and Fund Performance--Each Board reviewed the nature, extent and quality of services provided by the Investment Adviser, including the investment advisory services and the resulting performance of each Fund. The Boards focused primarily on the Investment Adviser's investment advisory services and each Fund's investment performance, having concluded that the other services provided to each Fund by the Investment Adviser were satisfactory. Each Board compared Fund performance - both including and excluding the effects of each Fund's fees and expenses - to the performance of a comparable group of mutual funds, and the performance of a relevant index or combination of indexes. While each Board reviews performance data quarterly, consistent with the Investment Adviser's investment goals, each Board attaches primary importance to performance over relatively long periods of time, typically three to five years. The Board noted that for the period ended March 31, 2005, MuniYield Florida Insured Fund's performance was in the second quintile for the one-year period, and it ranked fourth out of five for the three-year period, and third out of four for the five-year period. The Board noted that the universe of comparable funds was very small. The Board noted that for the five-year period ended August 31, 2003, MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.'s performance was in the third quintile for the one-year period, the fifth quintile for the three-year period, and the third quintile for the five-year period. The Board noted that MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund's performance was in the first quintile for each of the one-, three- and five-year periods ended August 31, 2003. Considering these factors, each Board concluded that the Fund's performance supported the continuation of the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The Investment Adviser's Personnel and Investment Process--Each Board reviews at least annually the Fund's investment objectives and strategies. Each Board discusses with senior management of the Investment Adviser responsible for investment operations and the senior management of the Investment Adviser's municipal investing group the strategies being used to achieve the stated objectives. Among other things, the Board considers the size, education and experience of the Investment Adviser's investment staff, its use of technology, and the Investment Adviser's approach to training and retaining portfolio managers and other research, advisory and management personnel. Each Board also reviews the Investment Adviser's compensation policies and practices with respect to the Fund's portfolio managers. Each Board also considered the experience of the Fund's portfolio manager. The Board of MuniYield Florida Insured Fund noted that Mr. Sneeden has more than ten years of experience in portfolio management. The Board of MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. noted that Mr. Jaeckel has more than fifteen years of experience in portfolio management. The Board of MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund noted that Mr. Bock has more than fifteen years of experience in portfolio management. The Investment Adviser and its investment staff have extensive experience in analyzing and managing the types of investments used by the Funds. Each Board concluded that the Fund benefits from that expertise.

Management Fees and Other Expenses--Each Board reviews the Fund's contractual management fee rate and actual management fee rate as a percentage of total assets at common asset levels - the actual rate includes advisory and administrative service fees and the effects of any fee waivers - compared to the other funds in its Lipper category. It also compares the Fund's total expenses to those of other comparable funds. Each Board considered the services provided to and the fees charged by the Investment Adviser to other types of clients such as offshore funds, with similar investment mandates and noted that the fees charged by the Investment Adviser in those cases typically exceeded those being charged to the Fund. Each Board also noted that, as a general matter, fees charged to institutional clients were lower than the fees charged to the Fund, but believed that less extensive services were being provided to such clients. In the case of MuniYield Florida Insured Fund, the contractual management fee rate and total expenses are below the median of fees and expenses charged by comparable funds as determined by Lipper, while the actual management fee rate is slightly higher than the median fee charged by comparable funds. In the case of MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc., the contractual management fee rate is lower than the median fee charged by comparable funds as determined by Lipper, while the actual management fee rate and total expenses are higher than the median fees and expenses charged by comparable funds. In the case of MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund, the contractual management fee rate is below the median of fees charged by comparable funds as determined by Lipper, while the total expenses are equal to, and the actual management fee rate is slightly higher than, the median fees and expenses charged by comparable funds. Each Board has concluded that the Fund's management fee and fee rate and overall expense ratio are reasonable compared to those of other comparable funds.

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Disclosure of Investment Advisory Agreement (concluded)

Profitability—Each Board considers the cost of the services provided to the Fund by the Investment Adviser, and the Investment Adviser's and its affiliates' profits in relation to the management and distribution of the Fund and the MLIM/FAM-advised funds. As part of its analysis, each Board reviewed

the Investment Adviser's methodology in allocating its costs to the management of the Fund and concluded that there was a reasonable basis for the allocation. Each Board believes the Investment Adviser's profits are reasonable in relation to the nature and quality of services provided. The Boards also considered the federal court decisions discussing an investment adviser's profitability and profitability levels considered to be reasonable in those decisions.

Economies of Scale—-Each Board considered the extent to which economies of scale might be realized as the assets of the Fund increase and whether there should be changes in the management fee rate or structure in order to enable the Fund to participate in these economies of scale. Each Board considered economies of scale to the extent applicable to each Fund's closed—end structure and determined that each Fund currently appropriately benefits from any economies of scale and no changes were currently necessary.

#### Conclusion

After the independent directors deliberated in executive session, each entire Board, including all of the independent directors, approved the renewal of the existing Investment Advisory Agreement, concluding that the advisory fee was reasonable in relation to the services provided and that a contract renewal was in the best interests of the shareholders.

Officers and Directors or Trustees

				Position(s)	Length of
				Held with	Time
Name,	Address	&	Age	Funds	Served

Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years

Interested Director or Trustee

Robert C. Doll, Jr.\* President 2005 to P.O. Box 9011 and present Princeton, Director NJ 08543-9011 or Trustee Age: 51

President of the MLIM/FAM-advised funds since 2005; President of MLIM and FAM since 2001; Co-Head (Americas Region) thereof from 2000 to 2001 and Senior Vice President from 1999 to 2001; President and Director of Princeton Services, Inc. ("Princeton Services") since 2001 President of Princeton Administrators, L.P. ("Princeton Administrators") since 2001; Chief Investment Officer of OppenheimerFunds, Inc. in 1999 and Executive Vice President thereof from 1991 to 1999.

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Doll is a director, trustee or member of an advisory board of certain other investment companies for which MLIM or FAM acts as investment adviser. Mr. Doll is an "interested person," as described in the Investment Company Act, of the Fund based on his current positions with MLIM, FAM, Princeton Services and Princeton Administrators. Directors or Trustees serve until their resignation, removal or death, or until December 31 of the year in which they turn 72. As Fund President, Mr. Doll serves at the pleasure of the Board of Directors or Trustees.

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Officers and Directors or Trustees (continued)

Princeton,

NJ 08543-9095

Officers and Directors	or irustees	(Concinued)	
Name, Address & Age	Position(s) Held with Funds	Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years
Independent Directors	or Trustees*		
Donald W. Burton P.O. Box 9095 Princeton, NJ 08543-9095 Age: 61	Director or Trustee	2002 to present	General Partner of The Burton Partnership, Limited Partnership (an investment partnership) since 1979; Managing General Partner of The South Atlantic Venture Funds since 1983; Member of the Investment Advisory Council of the Florida State Board of Administration since 2001.
LaurieSimon Hodrick P.O. Box 9095 Princeton, NJ 08543-9095 Age: 43	Director or Trustee	1999 to present	Professor of Finance and Economics, Graduate School of Business, Columbia University since 1998.
John Francis O'Brien P.O. Box 9095 Princeton, NJ 08543-9095 Age: 62	Director or Trustee	2005 to present	President and Chief Executive Officer of Allmerica Financial Corporation (financial services holding company) from 1995 to 2002 and Director from 1995 to 2003; President of Allmerica Investment Management Co., Inc. (investment adviser) from 1989 to 2002, Director from 1989 to 2002 and Chairman of the Board from 1989 to 1990; President, Chief Executive Officer and Director of First Allmerica Financial Life Insurance Company from 1989 to 2002 and Director of various other Allmerica Financial companies until 2002; Director since 1989 and Member of the Governance Nominating Committee since 2004; Member of the Compensation Committee of ABIOMED since 1989 and Member of the Audit Committee of ABIOMED from 1990 to 2004; Director and member of the Governance and Nomination Committee of Cabot Corporation and Member of the Audit Committee since 1990; Director and Member of the Audit Committee and Compensation Committee of LKQ Corporation since 2003; Lead Director of TJX Companies, Inc. since 1999; Trustee of the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute since 2003.

David H. Walsh Director 2003 to Consultant with Putnam Investments from 1993 P.O. Box 9095 or Trustee present to 2003, and employed in various capacities

therewith from 1973 to 1992; Director, The

National Audubon Society since 1998; Director,

Age: 64 The American Museum of Fly Fishing since 1997.

Fred G. Weiss\*\*

P.O. Box 9095

Or Trustee present 1997; Vice President, Planning, Investment and Development of Warner Lambert Co. from 1979

NJ 08543-9095

Age: 64

Foundation for Parkinson's Research since 2000; Director of BTG International PLC (a global technology commercialization company) since 2001.

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Officers and Directors or Trustees (concluded)

NJ 08543-9011 Age: 69

Name, Address & Age	Position(s) Held with Funds	Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years							
Fund Officers*										
Donald C. Burke P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 45	Vice President and Treasurer	1993 to present and 1999 to present	First Vice President of MLIM and FAM since 1997 Senior Vice President and Treasurer of Princeton since 2004; Vice President of FAM Distributors, President of MLIM and FAM from 1990 to 1997; Dir 1990 to 2001; Vice President, Treasurer and Secr							
Kenneth A. Jacob P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 54	Senior Vice President	2002 to present	Managing Director (Municipal Tax-Exempt Fund Man Director of MLIM from 1997 to 2000.							
John M. Loffredo P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 41	Senior Vice President	2002 to present	Managing Director (Municipal Tax-Exempt Fund Man Director of MLIM from 1997 to 2000.							
William R. Bock P.O. Box 9011 Princeton,	Vice President	1997 (MPA) present	Director (Municipal Tax-Exempt Fund Management) Vice President of MLIM from 1989 to 2005.							

Theodore R. Jaeckel, Jr. Vice 1997 (MJI) Managing Director (Municipal Tax-Exempt Fund Man

<sup>\*</sup> Directors or Trustees serve until their resignation, removal or death, or until December 31 of the year in which they turn 72.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Chairman of the Board and the Audit Committee.

P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011

President to present Director of MLIM from 1997 to 2005; Vice Preside

Age: 46

Robert D. Sneeden P.O. Box 9011 Princeton,

Vice 2002 (MFT) Vice President (Municipal Tax-Exempt Fund Manage President to present Assistant Vice President of MLIM from 1994 to 19

NJ 08543-9011 Age: 52

Jeffrey Hiller P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 54

Chief 2004 to Compliance present Officer

Chief Compliance Officer of the MLIM/FAM-advised and Chief Compliance Officer of MLIM (Americas F Compliance Officer of the IQ Funds since 2004; G Morgan Stanley Investment Management from 2002 t and Global Director of Compliance at Citigroup A 2002; Chief Compliance Officer at Soros Fund Man Officer at Prudential Financial from 1995 to 200 Commission's Division of Enforcement in Washingt

Alice A. Pellegrino P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 45

present

Secretary 2004 to Director (Legal Advisory) of MLIM since 2002; Vi 2002; Attorney associated with MLIM since 1997;

and Princeton Services since 2004.

MuniYield Florida Insured Fund and MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc.

Custodian

The Bank of New York 100 Church Street New York, NY 10286

Transfer Agents

Common Shares or Stock: The Bank of New York 101 Barclay Street - 11 East New York, NY 10286

Preferred Shares or Stock: The Bank of New York 101 Barclay Street - 7 West New York, NY 10286

MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Custodian

State Street Bank and Trust Company

<sup>\*</sup> Officers of the Funds serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors or Trustees.

P.O. Box 351 Boston, MA 02101

Transfer Agents

Common Shares:
Equiserve Trust Company N.A.
(c/o Computershare
Investor Services)
P.O. Box 43010
Providence, RI 02940-3010
1-800-426-5523

Preferred Shares: The Bank of New York 101 Barclay Street - 7 West New York, NY 10286

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Investment Objectives

NYSE Symbol MuniYield Florida Insured Fund seeks to provide shareholders with as high a level of current income exempt from federal income taxes as is consistent with its investment policies and prudent investment management by investing primarily in a portfolio of long-term, investment grade municipal obligations the interest on which, in the opinion of bond counsel to the issuer, is exempt from federal income taxes and which enables shares of the Fund to be exempt from Florida intangible personal property taxes.

NYSE Symbol MuniYield New Jersey Insured Fund, Inc. seeks to provide
MJI shareholders with as high a level of current income exempt from
federal income tax and New Jersey personal income taxes as is
consistent with its investment policies and prudent investment
management by investing primarily in a portfolio of long-term
municipal obligations the interest on which, in the opinion of
bond counsel to the issuer, is exempt from federal income tax and
New Jersey personal income taxes.

NYSE Symbol MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund seeks to provide shareholders MPA with as high a level of current income exempt from federal and Pennsylvania income taxes as is consistent with its investment policies and prudent investment management by investing primarily in a portfolio of long-term municipal obligations the interest on which, in the opinion of bond counsel to the issuer, is exempt from federal and Pennsylvania income taxes.

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Availability of Quarterly Schedule of Investments

The Funds file their complete schedules of portfolio holdings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for the first and third quarters

of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Funds' Forms N-Q are available on the SEC's Web site at http://www.sec.gov. The Funds' Forms N-Q may also be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 1-800-SEC-0330.

Electronic Delivery

The Funds offer electronic delivery of communications to their shareholders. In order to receive this service, you must register your account and provide us with e-mail information. To sign up for this service, simply access this Web site at http://www.icsdelivery.com/live and follow the instructions. When you visit this site, you will obtain a personal identification number (PIN). You will need this PIN should you wish to update your e-mail address, choose to discontinue this service and/or make any other changes to the service. This service is not available for certain retirement accounts at this time.

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- Item 2 Code of Ethics The registrant has adopted a code of ethics, as of the end of the period covered by this report, that applies to the registrant's principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer, or persons performing similar functions. A copy of the code of ethics is available without charge upon request by calling toll-free 1-800-MER-FUND (1-800-637-3863).
- Item 3 Audit Committee Financial Expert The registrant's board of directors has determined that (i) the registrant has the following audit committee financial experts serving on its audit committee and (ii) each audit committee financial expert is independent: (1) Donald W. Burton, (2) M. Colyer Crum (retired as of December 31, 2004), (3) Laurie Simon Hodrick, (4) John F. O'Brien (as of November 22, 2004), (5) David H. Walsh and (6) Fred G. Weiss.

The registrant's board of directors has determined that Laurie Simon Hodrick and M. Colyer Crum qualify as financial experts pursuant to Item 3(c) (4) of Form N-CSR.

Ms. Hodrick has a thorough understanding of generally accepted accounting principals, financial statements, and internal controls and procedures for financial reporting. Ms. Hodrick earned a Ph.D. in economics and has taught courses in finance for over 15 years. Her M.B.A.-level course centers around the evaluation and analysis of firms' corporate financial statements. She has also taught in financial analysts' training programs. Ms. Hodrick has also worked with several prominent corporations in connection with the analysis of financial forecasts and projections and analysis of the financial statements of those companies, serving on the Financial Advisory Council of one of these major corporations. She has also served as the Treasurer and Finance Chair of a 501(c)(3) organization. Ms. Hodrick has published a number of articles in leading economic and financial journals and is the associate editor of two leading finance journals.

M. Colyer Crum also possesses a thorough understanding of generally accepted accounting principals, financial statements, and internal controls and procedures for financial reporting through a

combination of education and experience. Professor Crum was a professor of investment management at the Harvard Business School for 25 years. The courses taught by Professor Crum place a heavy emphasis on the analysis of underlying company financial statements with respect to stock selection and the analysis of credit risk in making loans. Professor Crum has also served on a number of boards of directors and has served on the audit committees, and in some cases chaired the audit committee, for several major corporations and financial institutions. For two such organizations, Professor Crum has performed extensive investment analysis of financial statements in connection with investment management decisions. From these experiences, he has gained significant experience with the establishment of reserves and accounting policies, differences between U.S. GAAP and Canadian GAAP and executive compensation issues.

#### Item 4 - Principal Accountant Fees and Services

- (a) Audit Fees Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2005 \$26,000 Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2004 \$25,000
- (b) Audit-Related Fees Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2005 \$19,400
  Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2004 \$3,000

The nature of the services include assurance and related services reasonably related to the performance of the audit of financial statements not included in Audit Fees, and services rendered in connection with the registration and issuance of a new series of AMPS.

(c) Tax Fees - Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2005 - \$5,700 Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2004 - \$5,610

The nature of the services include tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning.

- (d) All Other Fees Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2005 \$0 Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2004 - \$0
- (e)(1) The registrant's audit committee (the "Committee") has adopted policies and procedures with regard to the pre-approval of services. Audit, audit-related and tax compliance services provided to the registrant on an annual basis require specific preapproval by the Committee. The Committee also must approve other non-audit services provided to the registrant and those non-audit services provided to the registrant's affiliated service providers that relate directly to the operations and the financial reporting of the registrant. Certain of these non-audit services that the Committee believes are a) consistent with the SEC's auditor independence rules and b) routine and recurring services that will not impair the independence of the independent accountants may be approved by the Committee without consideration on a specific caseby-case basis ("general pre-approval"). However, such services will only be deemed pre-approved provided that any individual project does not exceed \$5,000 attributable to the registrant or \$50,000 for all of the registrants the Committee oversees. Any proposed services exceeding the pre-approved cost levels will require specific pre-approval by the Committee, as will any other services not subject to general pre-approval (e.g., unanticipated but permissible services). The Committee is informed of each service approved subject to general pre-approval at the next

regularly scheduled in-person board meeting.

- (e)(2) 0%
- (f) Not Applicable
- (g) Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2005 \$6,277,749
  Fiscal Year Ending October 31, 2004 \$13,270,096
- (h) The registrant's audit committee has considered and determined that the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not preapproved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X is compatible with maintaining the principal accountant's independence.

Regulation S-X Rule 2-01(c)(7)(ii) - \$1,227,000, 0%

Donald W. Burton
M. Colyer Crum (retired as of December 31, 2004)
Laurie Simon Hodrick
John F. O'Brien (as of November 22, 2004)
David H. Walsh
Fred G. Weiss

- Item 6 Schedule of Investments Not Applicable

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

Each Fund's Board of Directors/Trustees has delegated to Merrill Lynch Investment Managers, L.P. and/or Fund Asset Management, L.P. (the "Investment Adviser") authority to vote all proxies relating to the Fund's portfolio securities. The Investment Adviser has adopted policies and procedures ("Proxy Voting Procedures") with respect to the voting of proxies related to the portfolio securities held in the account of one or more of its clients, including a Fund. Pursuant to these Proxy Voting Procedures, the Investment Adviser's primary objective when voting proxies is to make proxy voting decisions solely in the best interests of each Fund and its shareholders, and to act in a manner that the Investment Adviser believes is most likely to enhance the economic value of the securities held by the Fund. The Proxy Voting Procedures are designed to ensure that the Investment Adviser considers the interests of its clients, including the Funds, and not the interests of the Investment Adviser, when voting proxies and that real (or perceived) material conflicts that may arise between the Investment Adviser's interest and those of the Investment Adviser's clients are properly addressed and resolved.

In order to implement the Proxy Voting Procedures, the Investment Adviser has formed a Proxy Voting Committee (the "Committee"). The Committee is comprised of the Investment Adviser's Chief Investment

Officer (the "CIO"), one or more other senior investment professionals appointed by the CIO, portfolio managers and investment analysts appointed by the CIO and any other personnel the CIO deems appropriate. The Committee will also include two nonvoting representatives from the Investment Adviser's Legal department appointed by the Investment Adviser's General Counsel. The Committee's membership shall be limited to full-time employees of the Investment Adviser. No person with any investment banking, trading, retail brokerage or research responsibilities for the Investment Adviser's affiliates may serve as a member of the Committee or participate in its decision making (except to the extent such person is asked by the Committee to present information to the Committee, on the same basis as other interested knowledgeable parties not affiliated with the Investment Adviser might be asked to do so). The Committee determines how to vote the proxies of all clients, including a Fund, that have delegated proxy voting authority to the Investment Adviser and seeks to ensure that all votes are consistent with the best interests of those clients and are free from unwarranted and inappropriate influences. The Committee establishes general proxy voting policies for the Investment Adviser and is responsible for determining how those policies are applied to specific proxy votes, in light of each issuer's unique structure, management, strategic options and, in certain circumstances, probable economic and other anticipated consequences of alternate actions. In so doing, the Committee may determine to vote a particular proxy in a manner contrary to its generally stated policies. In addition, the Committee will be responsible for ensuring that all reporting and recordkeeping requirements related to proxy voting are fulfilled.

The Committee may determine that the subject matter of a recurring proxy issue is not suitable for general voting policies and requires a case-by-case determination. In such cases, the Committee may elect not to adopt a specific voting policy applicable to that issue. The Investment Adviser believes that certain proxy voting issues require investment analysis - such as approval of mergers and other significant corporate transactions akin to investment decisions, and are, therefore, not suitable for general guidelines. The Committee may elect to adopt a common position for the Investment Adviser on certain proxy votes that are akin to investment decisions, or determine to permit the portfolio manager to make individual decisions on how best to maximize economic value for a Fund (similar to normal buy/sell investment decisions made by such portfolio managers). While it is expected that the Investment Adviser will generally seek to vote proxies over which the Investment Adviser exercises voting authority in a uniform manner for all the Investment Adviser's clients, the Committee, in conjunction with a Fund's portfolio manager, may determine that the Fund's specific circumstances require that its proxies be voted differently.

To assist the Investment Adviser in voting proxies, the Committee has retained Institutional Shareholder Services ("ISS"). ISS is an independent adviser that specializes in providing a variety of fiduciary-level proxy-related services to institutional investment managers, plan sponsors, custodians, consultants, and other institutional investors. The services provided to the Investment Adviser by ISS include in-depth research, voting recommendations (although the Investment Adviser is not obligated to follow such recommendations), vote execution, and recordkeeping. ISS will also assist the Fund in fulfilling its reporting and recordkeeping obligations under the Investment Company Act.

The Investment Adviser's Proxy Voting Procedures also address special circumstances that can arise in connection with proxy voting. For instance, under the Proxy Voting Procedures, the Investment Adviser generally will not seek to vote proxies related to portfolio securities that are on loan, although it may do so under certain circumstances. In addition, the Investment Adviser will vote proxies related to securities of foreign issuers only on a best efforts basis and may elect not to vote at all in certain countries where the Committee determines that the costs associated with voting generally outweigh the benefits. The Committee may at any time override these general policies if it determines that such action is in the best interests of a Fund.

From time to time, the Investment Adviser may be required to vote proxies in respect of an issuer where an affiliate of the Investment Adviser (each, an "Affiliate"), or a money management or other client of the Investment Adviser (each, a "Client") is involved. The Proxy Voting Procedures and the Investment Adviser's adherence to those procedures are designed to address such conflicts of interest. The Committee intends to strictly adhere to the Proxy Voting Procedures in all proxy matters, including matters involving Affiliates and Clients. If, however, an issue representing a non-routine matter that is material to an Affiliate or a widely known Client is involved such that the Committee does not reasonably believe it is able to follow its guidelines (or if the particular proxy matter is not addressed by the guidelines) and vote impartially, the Committee may, in its discretion for the purposes of ensuring that an independent determination is reached, retain an independent fiduciary to advise the Committee on how to vote or to cast votes on behalf of the Investment Adviser's clients.

In the event that the Committee determines not to retain an independent fiduciary, or it does not follow the advice of such an independent fiduciary, the powers of the Committee shall pass to a subcommittee, appointed by the CIO (with advice from the Secretary of the Committee), consisting solely of Committee members selected by the CIO. The CIO shall appoint to the subcommittee, where appropriate, only persons whose job responsibilities do not include contact with the Client and whose job evaluations would not be affected by the Investment Adviser's relationship with the Client (or failure to retain such relationship). The subcommittee shall determine whether and how to vote all proxies on behalf of the Investment Adviser's clients or, if the proxy matter is, in their judgment, akin to an investment decision, to defer to the applicable portfolio managers, provided that, if the subcommittee determines to alter the Investment Adviser's normal voting guidelines or, on matters where the Investment Adviser's policy is case-by-case, does not follow the voting recommendation of any proxy voting service or other independent fiduciary that may be retained to provide research or advice to the Investment Adviser on that matter, no proxies relating to the Client may be voted unless the Secretary, or in the Secretary's absence, the Assistant Secretary of the Committee concurs that the subcommittee's determination is consistent with the Investment Adviser's fiduciary duties

In addition to the general principles outlined above, the Investment Adviser has adopted voting guidelines with respect to certain recurring proxy issues that are not expected to involve unusual circumstances. These policies are guidelines only, and the Investment Adviser may elect to vote differently from the recommendation set forth in a voting guideline if the Committee determines that it is in a Fund's best interest to do so. In

addition, the guidelines may be reviewed at any time upon the request of a Committee member and may be amended or deleted upon the vote of a majority of Committee members present at a Committee meeting at which there is a quorum.

The Investment Adviser has adopted specific voting guidelines with respect to the following proxy issues:

- \* Proposals related to the composition of the Board of Directors of issuers other than investment companies. As a general matter, the Committee believes that a company's Board of Directors (rather than shareholders) is most likely to have access to important, nonpublic information regarding a company's business and prospects, and is therefore best-positioned to set corporate policy and oversee management. The Committee, therefore, believes that the foundation of good corporate governance is the election of qualified, independent corporate directors who are likely to diligently represent the interests of shareholders and oversee management of the corporation in a manner that will seek to maximize shareholder value over time. In individual cases, the Committee may look at a nominee's history of representing shareholder interests as a director of other companies or other factors, to the extent the Committee deems relevant.
- \* Proposals related to the selection of an issuer's independent auditors. As a general matter, the Committee believes that corporate auditors have a responsibility to represent the interests of shareholders and provide an independent view on the propriety of financial reporting decisions of corporate management. While the Committee will generally defer to a corporation's choice of auditor, in individual cases, the Committee may look at an auditors' history of representing shareholder interests as auditor of other companies, to the extent the Committee deems relevant.
- \* Proposals related to management compensation and employee benefits. As a general matter, the Committee favors disclosure of an issuer's compensation and benefit policies and opposes excessive compensation, but believes that compensation matters are normally best determined by an issuer's board of directors, rather than shareholders. Proposals to "micro-manage" an issuer's compensation practices or to set arbitrary restrictions on compensation or benefits will, therefore, generally not be supported.
- \* Proposals related to requests, principally from management, for approval of amendments that would alter an issuer's capital structure. As a general matter, the Committee will support requests that enhance the rights of common shareholders and oppose requests that appear to be unreasonably dilutive.
- \* Proposals related to requests for approval of amendments to an issuer's charter or by-laws. As a general matter, the Committee opposes poison pill provisions.
- \* Routine proposals related to requests regarding the formalities of corporate meetings.
- \* Proposals related to proxy issues associated solely with holdings of investment company shares. As with other types of companies, the Committee believes that a fund's Board of Directors (rather than its shareholders) is best-positioned to set fund policy and oversee management. However, the Committee opposes granting Boards of Directors authority over certain matters, such as changes to a fund's investment objective, that the Investment Company Act envisions will be approved directly by shareholders.
- \* Proposals related to limiting corporate conduct in some manner that relates to the shareholder's environmental or social concerns. The Committee

generally believes that annual shareholder meetings are inappropriate forums for discussion of larger social issues, and opposes shareholder resolutions "micromanaging" corporate conduct or requesting release of information that would not help a shareholder evaluate an investment in the corporation as an economic matter. While the Committee is generally supportive of proposals to require corporate disclosure of matters that seem relevant and material to the economic interests of shareholders, the Committee is generally not supportive of proposals to require disclosure of corporate matters for other purposes.

- Item 8 Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Management Investment Companies as of October 31, 2005.
  - (a) (1) Mr. William R. Bock is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the registrant's portfolio ("Portfolio Manager"). Mr. Bock is a Director of MLIM and has been a portfolio manager at MLIM since 1989. He has twelve years of experience investing in Municipal Bonds. He has been the portfolio manager and a Vice President of the Fund since 1997.
  - (a) (2) As of October 31, 2005:

(ii) Number of Other Accounts Managed and Assets by Account Type

(iii) Number of Other Ac Assets for Which Adviso Performance-Base

Other					Other					
(i) Name of Portfolio Manager		Registered Investment Companies	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles		 her ounts	Registered Investment Companies		Other Poole Investment Vehicles		
William R.				0	2		•			
Bock		3		0	0		0		(	
	\$	2,568,590,927	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	(	

(iv) Potential Material Conflicts of Interest

Real, potential or apparent conflicts of interest may arise when a portfolio manager has day-to-day portfolio management responsibilities with respect to more than one fund or account, including the following:

Certain investments may be appropriate for the Fund and also for other clients advised by the Investment. Adviser and its affiliates, including other client accounts managed by the Fund's portfolio management team. Investment decisions for the Fund and other clients are made with a view to achieving their respective investment objectives and after consideration of such factors as their current holdings, availability of cash for investment and the size of their investments generally. Frequently, a particular security may be bought or sold for only one client or in different amounts and at different times for more than one but less than all clients. Likewise, because clients of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates may have differing investment strategies, a particular security may be bought for one or more clients when one or more other clients are selling the security. The investment results for the Fund may differ from the results achieved by other clients of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates and results among clients may differ. In addition, purchases or sales of the same security may be made for two or more clients on the same day. In such event, such transactions will be allocated among the clients in a manner believed by the Investment Adviser and its

affiliates to be equitable to each. The Investment Adviser will not determine allocations based on whether it receives a performance based fee from the client. In some cases, the allocation procedure could have an adverse effect on the price or amount of the securities purchased or sold by the Fund. Purchase and sale orders for the Fund may be combined with those of other clients of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates in the interest of achieving the most favorable net results to the Fund.

To the extent that the Fund's portfolio management team has responsibilities for managing accounts in addition to the Fund, a portfolio manager will need to divide his time and attention among relevant accounts.

In some cases, a real, potential or apparent conflict may also arise where (i) the Investment Adviser may have an incentive, such as a performance based fee, in managing one account and not with respect to other accounts it manages or (ii) where a member of the Fund's portfolio management team owns an interest in one fund or account he or she manages and not another.

(a) (3) As of October 31, 2005:

Portfolio Manager Compensation

The Portfolio Manager Compensation Program of MLIM and its affiliates, including the Investment Adviser, is critical to MLIM's ability to attract and retain the most talented asset management professionals. This program ensures that compensation is aligned with maximizing investment returns and it provides a competitive pay opportunity for competitive performance.

Compensation Program

The elements of total compensation for MLIM and its affiliates portfolio managers are a fixed base salary, annual performance-based cash and stock compensation (cash and stock bonus) and other benefits. MLIM has balanced these components of pay to provide portfolio managers with a powerful incentive to achieve consistently superior investment performance. By design, portfolio manager compensation levels fluctuate – both up and down – with the relative investment performance of the portfolios that they manage.

Base Salary

Under the MLIM approach, like that of many asset management firms, base salaries represent a relatively small portion of a portfolio manager's total compensation. This approach serves to enhance the motivational value of the performance-based (and therefore variable) compensation elements of the compensation program.

Performance-Based Compensation

MLIM believes that the best interests of investors are served by recruiting and retaining exceptional asset management talent and managing their compensation within a consistent and disciplined framework that emphasizes pay for performance in the context of an intensely competitive market for talent. To that end, MLIM and its affiliates portfolio manager incentive compensation is based on a formulaic compensation program. MLIM's formulaic portfolio manager compensation program includes: investment performance relative to a subset of general closed-end, Pennsylvania municipal debt funds over 1-, 3- and 5-year performance periods and a measure of operational efficiency. Portfolio managers are compensated based on the pre-tax performance of the products they manage. If a portfolio manager's tenure is less than 5 years, performance periods will reflect time in position. Portfolio managers are compensated based on products they manage. A discretionary element of portfolio manager compensation may include consideration of: financial results, expense control,

profit margins, strategic planning and implementation, quality of client service, market share, corporate reputation, capital allocation, compliance and risk control, leadership, workforce diversity, supervision, technology and innovation. MLIM and its affiliates also consider the extent to which individuals exemplify and foster ML & Co.'s principles of client focus, respect for the individual, teamwork, responsible citizenship and integrity. All factors are considered collectively by MLIM management.

Cash Bonus

Performance-based compensation is distributed to portfolio managers in a combination of cash and stock. Typically, the cash bonus, when combined with base salary, represents more than 60% of total compensation for portfolio managers.

Stock Bonus

A portion of the dollar value of the total annual performance-based bonus is paid in restricted shares of ML & Co. stock. Paying a portion of annual bonuses in stock puts compensation earned by a portfolio manager for a given year "at risk" based on the company's ability to sustain and improve its performance over future periods. The ultimate value of stock bonuses is dependent on future ML & Co. stock price performance. As such, the stock bonus aligns each portfolio manager's financial interests with those of the ML & Co. shareholders and encourages a balance between short-term goals and long-term strategic objectives. Management strongly believes that providing a significant portion of competitive performance-based compensation in stock is in the best interests of investors and shareholders. This approach ensures that portfolio managers participate as shareholders in both the "downside risk" and "upside opportunity" of the company's performance. Portfolio managers therefore have a direct incentive to protect ML & Co.'s reputation for integrity.

Other Compensation Programs

Portfolio managers who meet relative investment performance and financial management objectives during a performance year are eligible to participate in a deferred cash program. Awards under this program are in the form of deferred cash that may be benchmarked to a menu of MLIM mutual funds (including their own fund) during a five-year vesting period. The deferred cash program aligns the interests of participating portfolio managers with the investment results of MLIM products and promotes continuity of successful portfolio management teams.

Other Benefits

Portfolio managers are also eligible to participate in broad-based plans offered generally to employees of ML & Co. and its affiliates, including broad-based retirement, 401(k), health, and other employee benefit plans.

- (a) (4) Beneficial Ownership of Securities. As of October 31, 2005, Mr. Bock does not beneficially own any stock issued by the Fund.
- Item 9 Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment
  Company and Affiliated Purchasers Not Applicable
- Item 11 Controls and Procedures
- 11(a) The registrant's certifying officers have reasonably designed such

disclosure controls and procedures to ensure material information relating to the registrant is made known to us by others particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared. The registrant's certifying officers have determined that the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures are effective based on our evaluation of these controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this report.

- 11(b) There were no changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(d)) that occurred during the second fiscal half-year of the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- Item 12 Exhibits attached hereto
- 12(a)(1) Code of Ethics See Item 2
- 12(a)(2) Certifications Attached hereto
- 12(a)(3) Not Applicable
- 12(b) Certifications Attached hereto

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

By: /s/ Robert C. Doll, Jr.

Robert C. Doll, Jr.,
Chief Executive Officer of
MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Date: December 16, 2005

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Robert C. Doll, Jr.

Robert C. Doll, Jr.,
Chief Executive Officer of
MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Date: December 16, 2005

By: /s/ Donald C. Burke

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Donald C. Burke, Chief Financial Officer of MuniYield Pennsylvania Insured Fund

Date: December 16, 2005