ASHANTI GOLDFIELDS CO LTD Form 6-K

July 30, 2003

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of July 2003.

ASHANTI GOLDFIELDS COMPANY LIMITED (Translation of Registrant's Name Into English)

Gold House, Patrice Lumumba Road
Roman Ridge, P.O. Box 2665
Accra, Ghana
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.)

Form 20-F X Form 40-F

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2 (b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.)

Yes No X

(If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-____.

ASHANTI GOLDFIELDS COMPANY LIMITED

PRESS RELEASE

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE 30 JULY 2003

SECOND QUARTER REPORT 2003

ASHANTI SET TO IMPROVE UPON FIRST TWO QUARTERS' OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

OVERVIEW

Total gold production in the second quarter was 370,978 ounces, 8% lower than the 403,734 ounces recorded in the second quarter of last year but in line with the previously announced lower production profile for the first half of 2003.

Having successfully replaced the damaged mill pinion at Obuasi, substantially completed the waste stripping in Nyankanga at Geita, and with the progress made on the plant expansion at Iduapriem, Ashanti believes it has laid the foundation to improve upon its first two quarters' operational performance.

Cash operating costs for the Group rose from US\$192 to US\$222 per ounce mainly

as a result of lower gold production, the impact of increased wages and fuel prices, higher costs of other inputs and increased costs associated with the Nyankanga pit cut back at Geita.

During the quarter, Ashanti completed the sale of its rights in the Mampon concession to Golden Star Resources Limited for US\$9.5 million consideration.

Ashanti's earnings (including an exceptional gain of US\$7.0 million after tax of US\$0.8 million arising from the sale of the Mampon property) were US\$14.8 million. Earnings, excluding the exceptional gain and related tax, were US\$7.8 million, down US\$11.0 million on the corresponding period last year, but up US\$1.0 million on the previous quarter. The reduction in earnings compared with last year was mainly in line with the previously announced lower production profile for the first half of 2003 and higher cash operating costs, offset partially by higher spot prices. Earnings per share before exceptional items for the quarter were US\$0.06 (2002: US\$0.17) and after exceptional items were US\$0.12 (2002: loss US\$0.03).

During the quarter, Ashanti repaid US\$10.0 million towards its Revolving Credit Facility reducing the amounts drawn under the facility from US\$149.0 million to US\$139.0 million.

On the safety front, the Group maintained its strong safety standard with the Group's Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) of 0.24 injuries per 200,000 hours worked as compared to 0.38 for the corresponding period in 2002.

Underground exploration at Obuasi continued to yield encouraging results both above and below 50 level. On 41 level, the three intersections from the 252 cross cut near the BSVS shaft returned 11.5 g/t over 8.2 metres, 11.2 g/t over 27.3 metres and 7.5 g/t over 15.38 metres. On 58 level, two intersections from 155 and 206 cross cuts yielded 41.9 g/t over 3.1 metres and 26.9 g/t over 6.6 metres respectively. At Geita, exploration drilling continued to yield good results at Nyankanga West and Geita Hill.

Ashanti has been advised by the Government of Ghana (the "Government") that it has appointed a consortium led by Societe-Generale to act as advisers to the Government as a shareholder, holder of the golden share in Ashanti and as a regulator of the mining industry in Ghana, and to assist the Government in arriving at a decision on the proposed merger of Ashanti and AngloGold.

- Quarter's earnings of US\$14.8 million including exceptional gain of US\$7.0 million
- Total gold production of 370,978 ounces, 8% lower than last year
- Cash operating cost of US\$222 per ounce, up US\$30 per ounce on last year, but marginally better than first quarter 2003
- Rights to Mampon concession sold for US\$9.5 million consideration
- Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility reduced by US\$10.0 million
- Continued encouraging results from exploration at Obuasi and Geita
- Group's safety record improved further during the quarter

3 MONTHS TO 3 months to 6 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 03 30 June 02 30 JUNE 03

6 months

30 June

128.3	141.2	257.2	278.1
7.8	18.8	14.6	36.3
14.8	(3.7)	21.6	12.8
13.6	27.2	25.3	52.5
28.4	44.1	54.7	84.0
33.0	53.2	64.3	101.6
0.06	0.17	0.11	0.32
0.12	(0.03)	0.17	0.11
370 , 978	403,734	751 , 907	813,118
352 , 795	385,907	716,135	777,743
346	350	342	342
349	315	350	304
222	192	223	191
11	9	11	9
51	63	51	60
284	264	285	260
	7.8 14.8 13.6 28.4 33.0 0.06 0.12 370,978 352,795 346 349 222 11 51	7.8 18.8 14.8 (3.7) 13.6 27.2 28.4 44.1 33.0 53.2 0.06 0.17 0.12 (0.03) 370,978 403,734 352,795 385,907 346 350 349 315 222 192 11 9 51 63	7.8 18.8 14.6 14.8 (3.7) 21.6 13.6 27.2 25.3 28.4 44.1 54.7 33.0 53.2 64.3 0.06 0.17 0.11 0.12 (0.03) 0.17 370,978 403,734 751,907 352,795 385,907 716,135 346 350 342 349 315 350 222 192 223 11 9 11 51 63 51

OPERATIONS REVIEW

GHANA

OBUASI

Obuasi's gold production for the quarter was 125,447 ounces approximately 10,000 ounces short of its annualized target, but 5,396 ounces above the 120,051 ounces achieved in the second quarter of 2002. The shortfall in production was due to the lower than planned feed grade, 6.92 g/t compared to the target of 7.40 g/t, and low milled tonnage at the Sulphide Treatment Plant (STP). At US\$202 per ounce, the cash operating cost for the quarter was marginally below the US\$205 per ounce achieved in the second quarter last year.

Mining. Underground production of 600,000 tonnes was lower than the 609,000 tonnes reported in the second quarter of 2002 while the head grade at 7.26 g/t is a decrease on the 7.45 g/t reported for the same period last year. The decrease in mined grades reflects the higher proportion of the total mined tonnage now arising from the lower grade ore blocks where bulk mining open stoping methods are being applied.

Underground infrastructure. In June, the development crews working on 50 level at the BSVS were relocated to the 51 level loading box excavation section of the shaft to complete excavation of the chamber ahead of civils work and shaft equipping which is scheduled to commence in the fourth quarter. Surface. A total of 152,000 tonnes grading 2.11 g/t was mined from the Homase, Kunka and T3 open pits during the quarter, compared with 29,000 tonnes at 2.48 g/t for the corresponding period in 2002. Processing. Throughput at STP was 582,000 tonnes,

the same as that for the corresponding period of last year whilst the head grade increased to 6.92 g/t from 6.88 g/t. and recovery decreased to 83.2% from 84.6%. Gold production at STP was 107,710 ounces compared to 109,006 ounces in the second quarter of 2002. Production tonnage was affected by a damaged mill pinion on the SAG mill which necessitated operating the mill at a reduced throughput rate. The mill pinion was changed and the girth gear turned at the end of the second quarter. Gold production at the Oxide Treatment Plant (OTP) was 7,050 ounces whilst the Tailings Treatment Plant produced 10,687 ounces in the quarter compared to 11,024 ounces for the corresponding period in 2002.

Exploration. Underground exploration yielded good results both above and below 50 level. On 41 level, three intersections from the 252 crosscut in the vicinity of the BSVS returned 11.5 g/t over 8.2 metres, 11.2 g/t over 27.3 metres and 7.5 g/t over 15.38 metres; on 58 level, intersections of 41.9 g/t over 3.1 metres and 26.9 g/t over 6.6 metres were returned at the 155 and 206 crosscut positions respectively which are located near to the KMS section. Development was completed in the 19 south crosscut on 50 level which is located close to the Adansi shaft and a diamond drill rig will be relocated there in July to commence testing the deeper levels in the north section of the mine.

IDUAPRIEM/TEBEREBIE

Second quarter gold production at Iduapriem was 57,090 ounces compared with 39,769 ounces produced in the second quarter last year when there was a fire in the elution section of the plant. In June, 19,484 ounces were produced from the expanded CIL plant. At the end of the quarter, most of the outstanding commissioning works on the expanded CIL plant were complete and the new and old circuits within the plant were largely integrated and performing to design specification. The first phase of overland conveyor and primary crushing section of the upgrade was commissioned during the second quarter and work is ongoing to commission the second phase. The cash operating costs were US\$225 per ounce compared to US\$226 per ounce for the corresponding quarter last year. Cash operating costs should decrease once the second phase of the conveyor/crusher component of the project is completed eliminating the high interim ore re-handle costs. Relative to the same quarter last year, gold production from the heap leach operation reduced from 8,559 ounces to 4,929 ounces because of lower recovery associated with harder feed material and lower tonnage throughput.

BIBIANI

Bibiani produced 52,867 ounces of gold from processing 623,000 tonnes of ore at $3.41~\rm g/t$. Metallurgical recovery was 77.4% and the cash operating cost was US\$208 per ounce. Production for the corresponding period in 2002 was 61,219 ounces from 634,000 tonnes at $3.72~\rm g/t$ and a metallurgical recovery of 80.8%, at US\$183 per ounce. The lower tonnage, grade and metallurgical recovery resulted in the lower gold production.

The increase in the cash operating cost reflects the lower gold production and the increased depth of the pit. Further progress was made on the underground decline and development to access the old levels below the final pit elevation was on schedule. The third deep exploration hole, drilled to a depth of 1,254 metres intersected mineralisation returning 4.9 g/t over 8.0 metres (including 13.2 g/t over 2.1 metres). A secondary deflection from the same hole intersected the shear zone at the predicted point returning 8.0 g/t over 1.3 metres.

During the quarter, work commenced on removing the flotation plant and regrind mill from Obuasi and installing and re-commissioning this plant at Bibiani in the fourth quarter 2003. This is expected to improve recovery to approximately 85%.

GUINEA

SIGUIRI (85% OWNED)

Siguiri gold production of 64,130 ounces compared to 79,077 ounces achieved in the second quarter of 2002. Stacked tonnage increased to 2.56 million tonnes from 2.47 million tonnes whilst the feed grade declined to 1.15 g/t from 1.18 g/t. The reduction in production was due to increased gold in process as the higher-grade ore was stacked towards the end of the quarter as well as the lower than planned feed grades and stacked tonnage in the first quarter. The cash operating cost for the quarter was US\$274 per ounce compared to US\$185 per ounce for the same period last year reflecting the lower production, an increased rate of cement consumption to cater for a higher SAP to CAP ore blend and increased fuel prices.

The feasibility of the CIP plant expansion project is under review following recent difficulties with and termination of the construction contract. Discussions are curently underway with potential replacement contractors. Expenditure to date of approximately US\$7.2 million continues to be capitalised pending the outcome of the project review.

ZIMBABWE

FREDA-REBECCA

Freda-Rebecca gold production for the quarter was 9,560 ounces compared with 27,214 ounces in the second quarter of 2002. This was principally due to a shortfall in higher grade underground ore production resulting from low availability of loaders, haul trucks and blasthole drill rigs caused by a shortage of critical component spares. Mill throughput in the second quarter was 304,000 tonnes at 1.46 g/t compared to 287,000 tonnes at 3.48 g/t for the corresponding period in 2002. Metallurgical recovery was impacted by the low grades and frequent mill shut downs due to power interruptions and recovery decreased to 66.9% from the 86.9% achieved in the second quarter of 2002. Management continues to negotiate with the Central Bank and suppliers to secure foreign exchange and an adequate supply of spare parts in order to effect the production recovery plan.

TANZANIA

GEITA (50% OWNED)

Gold production at Geita was 123,767 ounces compared with 152,809 ounces produced in the second quarter of 2002. Plant feed for the quarter was 1.49 million tonnes at 2.82 g/t compared to 1.24 million tonnes at 4.10 g/t for the corresponding period last year. Mining activities were concentrated on the Nyankanga cut 3 waste strip in order to access higher grade ore and at the end of June, the mining face had reached the splays in the higher grade mineralised zone. By the middle of August the main high-grade zone should be exposed and third quarter gold production is therefore forecast to increase significantly. Cash operating costs rose to US\$214 per ounce from US\$156 per ounce in the corresponding second quarter as a result of the lower gold production and the increase in strip ratio, reflecting the cut back required for the enlarged optimised pit.

SUMMARY OF PRODUCTION AND CASH OPERATING COSTS PER OUNCE

	Obuasi	Iduapriem/ Teberebie	Bibiani	Siguiri
3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003				
Production (ounces)	125,447	57 , 090	52 , 867	64,130

Cost per ounce (US\$)	202	225	208	274
3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2002				
Production (ounces) Cost per ounce (US\$)	120 , 051 205	39 , 769 226	61 , 219 183	79 , 077 185
6 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003				
Production (ounces) Cost per ounce (US\$)	257 , 365 203	104,336 241	104 , 138 221	134 , 141 256
6 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2002				
Production (ounces) Cost per ounce (US\$)	260,147 196	87,613 208	121,025 184	148,219 205
		Freda- Rebecca	Geita	Total/ Average
3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003 Production (ounces) Cost per ounce (US\$)			Geita 61,884 214	
Production (ounces)		Rebecca 9,560	61,884	Average 370,978
Production (ounces) Cost per ounce (US\$) 3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2002 Production (ounces)		9,560 262 27,214	61,884 214 76,404	Average 370,978 222 403,734

EXPLORATION

EAST AFRICA

TANZANIA

GEITA

During the quarter, exploration drilling continued at Nyankanga West and East and at Geita Hill. At Nyankanga West, positive results were reported from preliminary drilling undertaken to follow up on the earlier drilled high grade intersection reported from hole NYDD0097 (15 metres grading 20.16 g/t). Better follow up results included intersections of 5 metres grading 34.39 g/t from 179 metres in hole NYDD136; 23 metres @ 5.21 g/t from 113 metres in hole NYDD0138; and 18 metres @ 2.39 g/t from 136 metres in hole NYDD0139. This drilling confirms the presence of a relatively shallow (<200 metres), moderate to high grade zone of mineralisation immediately west of the currently designed Nyankanga pit margin. Additional follow up holes have been planned for the third quarter to further define the geometry and extent of the mineralisation after which a preliminary resource estimation will be undertaken.

Core drilling at Geita Hill continues to produce positive results. Continuity of mineralisation between the Geita Main and North East Extension deposits was proved with better intersections of 9 metres grading 3.4g/t from 216 metres in hole GHDD0114; 22 metres @ 2.1g/t from 273 metres in hole GHDD0115; and 18 metres @ 2.8g/t from 244 metres in hole GHDD0116.

TANZANIA REGIONAL

Stream sediment sampling results on the Kigosi reconnaissance licence in the south western part of the Lake Victoria Goldfields are currently being followed up.

D.R. CONGO

Ashanti considers the recent stationing of French troops in Bunia under the auspices of the United Nations as a positive step in the quest for peace and stability in the general area.

WEST AFRICA

GUINEA

At Siguiri, exploration drilling concentrated on the SEK area (the general area surrounding the Bidini, Eureka Hill, Sanu Tinti and Tubani pits) and defined several small resources in both laterite and saprolite.

MATIT

Auger drilling assay results from the M'pebougoula and Koumantou Exploration Authorisations were disappointing with no anomalous areas for further follow up being defined.

SIERRA LEONE

A low entry option agreement was signed with respect to AFCAN's Nimini Hills project in eastern Sierra Leone whereby Ashanti can earn a 80% equity interest. The area of interest is centred on a significant two square kilometre plus 0.5 g/t soil geochemical anomaly outlined by a previous EU sponsored aid survey in an area of complexly folded Archaean banded ironstone formations. Initial fieldwork is being focused on verifying this geochemical anomaly.

GHANA

In Ghana, stream and soil sampling and trenching continued on the Sefwi Asafo, Sefwi Sui, Sefwi Boako and Subriso prospecting licences. Shallow reverse circulation drilling commenced on the Subriso concession, 50 kilometres north of Bibiani at the end of the quarter.

COTE D'IVOIRE

It is understood that during the second quarter, progress was made towards resolving the political and security situation in Cote d'Ivoire. It is expected that exploration field work will recommence during the second half of the year.

GOLD PRODUCTION SUMMARY

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	30 JUNE 2003	30 June 2002	30 JUNE 2003	30 Ju
OBUASI UNDERGROUND MINING				
Ore production (000 tonnes) Ore grade (g/t)	600 7.26	609 7.45	1,183 7.60	1, 7
SURFACE MINING (HOMASE) Ore production (000 tonnes)	152	29	324	
Ore grade (g/t) Waste mined (000 tonnes)	2.11 430	2.48 72	2.39	2
Strip ratio	2.8	2.5	1,303 4.0	
SULPHIDE TREATMENT PLANT Ore processed (000 tonnes)	582	582	1,162	1,
Head grade (g/t)	6.92	6.88	6.95	7
Recovery (%) Gold produced (ounces)	83.2 107,710	84.6 109,006	83.9 217 , 945	8 239 ,
POMPORA TREATMENT PLANT	10,7,110	100,000	217,910	2007
Ore processed (000 tonnes)				
Head grade (g/t) Recovery (%)				
Gold produced (ounces)		21		
OXIDE TREATMENT PLANT Ore processed (000 tonnes)	162		390	
Head grade (g/t)	1.90		1.84	
Recovery (%) Gold produced (ounces)	71.2 7,050		78.2 18,047	
TAILINGS TREATMENT PLANT	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		10,017	
Ore processed (000 tonnes)	452	433	952	
Head grade (g/t) Recovery (%)	2.30 32.0	2.38 33.2	2.22 31.5	2
Gold produced (ounces)	10,687	11,024	21,373	20,
OBUASI TOTAL PROCESSED				
Ore processed (000 tonnes) Head grade (g/t)	1,197 4.49	1,015 4.96	2,505 4.35	2 ,
Recovery (%)	72.6	74.0	73.6	7
Total gold produced (ounces)	125,447	120,051	257 , 365	260,
OBUASI PRODUCTION DISTRIBUTION Obuasi underground (ounces)	107,710	109,027	217,945	239,
Obuasi surface (ounces)	7,050	109,027	18,047	239,
Obuasi tailings (ounces) Obuasi total (ounces)	10,687 125,447	11,024 120,051	21,373 257,365	20, 260,
IDUAPRIEM	110,111	110,001	20.,000	200,
MINING Ore production (000 tonnes)	956	1 , 161	1,843	2
Ore grade (g/t)	1.87	1.63	1.81	2, 1
Waste mined (000 tonnes) Strip ratio	3,994 4.2	4,062 3.5	7,469 4.1	8,
CIL PLANT				
Ore processed (000 tonnes)	911	642	1,755	1,
Head grade (g/t) Recovery (%)	1.97 90.4	1.85 81.6	1.84 89.5	1 9
Gold produced (ounces)	52,161	31,210	92,948	69,

HEAP LEACH (IDUAPRIEM/TEBEREBIE)

Ore stacked (000 tonnes)	271	306	578
Head grade (g/t)	1.55	1.09	1.33
Recovery (%)	36.5	79.8	46.1
Gold produced	4,929	8,559	11,388
IDUAPRIEM TOTAL (OUNCES)	57 , 090	39,769	104,336
IDUAFRIEM TOTAL (OUNCES)	37,030	39, 109	104,330
GOLD PRODUCTION SUMMARY			
	3 MONTHS TO	3 months to	
	30 JUNE 2003	30 June 2002	30 JUNE 2003
BIBIANI			
MINING	0.5.0	707	1 500
Ore production (000 tonnes) Ore grade (g/t)	859 3 . 13	707 3.85	1,520 3.51
Waste mined (000 tonnes)	1,288	3,000	3,416
Strip ratio	1.5	4.2	2.2
SCIIP IACIO	1.5	7.2	2.2
CIL PLANT			
Ore processed (000 tonnes)	623	634	1,234
Head grade (g/t)	3.41	3.72	3.38
Recovery (%)	77.4	80.8	77.7
GOLD PRODUCED (OUNCES)	52,867	61,219	104,138
SIGUIRI			
MINING			
Ore production (000 tonnes)	2,325	2,483	4,859
Ore grade (g/t)	1.17	1.21	1.16
Waste mined (000 tonnes)	1,392	1,788	3 , 669
Strip ratio	0.6	0.7	0.8
HEAP LEACH	0 554	2.465	F 020
Ore stacked (000 tonnes)	2,554 1.15	2,465 1.18	5,030 1.11
<pre>Head grade (g/t) Recovery (%)</pre>	68.2	84.8	74.7
GOLD PRODUCED (OUNCES)	64,130	79 , 077	134,141
GOLD PRODUCED (OUNCES)	04,130	19,011	134,141
FREDA-REBECCA			
UNDERGROUND MINING			
Ore production (000 tonnes)	98	285	268
Ore grade (g/t)	2.55	2.96	2.57
SURFACE MINING			
Ore production (000 tonnes)	24	66	42
Ore grade (g/t)	1.91	2.61	1.86
ore grade (g/e/	1.71	2.01	1.00
PROCESSING			
Ore processed (000 tonnes)	304	287	648
Head grade (g/t)	1.46	3.48	1.17
Recovery (%)	66.9	86.9	74.4
GOLD PRODUCED (OUNCES)	9,560	27,214	26,505
GEITA			
SURFACE MINING			
Ore mined (000 tonnes)	1,316	1,023	2,353
Grade (g/t)	2.88	3.63	2.94
Waste mined (000 tonnes)	15 , 697	9,684	28,160
Strip ratio	11.0	9.5	12.2

18, 87,

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PROCESSING			
CIL PLANT			
Ore processed (000 tonnes)	1,493	1,240	2,890
Head grade (g/t)	2.82	4.10	2.95
Recovery (%)	91.5	93.3	91.5
GOLD PRODUCED (OUNCES)	123,767	152 , 809	250,844
ASHANTI'S 50% SHARE (OUNCES)	61,884	76,404	125,422
CDOUD CUMMARY			
GROUP SUMMARY	200 004	207 220	606 405
Managed gold production (ounces)	309,094	327 , 330	626 , 485
Geita JV 50%	61 , 884	76 , 404	125 , 422
Sub-total	370 , 978	403,734	751 , 907
Less minority interests	18,183	17,827	35 , 772
GROUP ATTRIBUTABLE TOTAL (OUNCES)	352,795	385 , 907	716,135

FINANCIAL REVIEW

EARNINGS

Ashanti's earnings for the second quarter were US\$14.8 million. This included an exceptional gain after tax of US\$7.0 million, arising from the sale of the Mampon property. Earnings for the second quarter (excluding the exceptional gain and related tax) were US\$7.8 million, down US\$11.0 million on the corresponding period last year, but up US\$1.0 million on the previous quarter. The reduction in earnings compared to last year is as a result of the previously announced lower production profile for the first half of 2003 and higher cash operating costs, offset partially by higher spot prices.

Earnings per share before exceptional items for the second quarter were US\$0.06 (2002: US\$0.17) and after exceptional items US\$0.12 (2002: loss US\$0.03).

Earnings before exceptional items for the six months to 30 June 2003 were US\$14.6 million compared to US\$36.3 million in 2002. Earnings after exceptional items of US\$7.0 million were US\$21.6 million (2002: US\$12.8 million).

REVENUE

Total spot revenue for the quarter was US\$129.4 million, equivalent to US\$349 per ounce (2002: US\$315 per ounce). Total hedging income for the quarter was negative US\$1.1 million, comprising US\$3.2 million of deferred hedging income and US\$4.3 million of net cash payments in respect of maturing hedge contracts for both the Ashanti and Geita hedge books. Total realised price for the quarter was US\$346 per ounce (2002: US\$350 per ounce). Based on year to date total revenue of US\$257.2 million (2002: US\$278.1 million) the realised gold price equates to US\$342 per ounce (2002: US\$342 per ounce).

HEDGING

At 30 June 2003 Ashanti had 4.5 million ounces protected at an average price of US\$360 per ounce, with commitments of 6.4 million ounces. The mark-to-market valuation of the Ashanti hedge book at 30 June 2003 was negative US\$108 million based on a spot price of US\$346 per ounce. Ashanti's 50% share of Geita's hedge book was negative US\$39 million.

CASH OPERATING COSTS

Total cash operating costs for the second quarter were US\$222 per ounce, up US\$30 per ounce on last year and similar to the previous quarter. Costs, as in the first quarter, were mainly impacted by lower production, increased wages and fuel prices, higher costs of other inputs, increased costs associated with the

Nyankanga pit cut-back at Geita and higher ore rehandling at Iduapriem.

PROFIT

Total operating profit before exceptional items for the quarter was US\$13.6 million (2002: US\$27.2 million). Non-mine site exploration expenditure written off in the second quarter was US\$0.9 million bringing year to date to US\$1.6 million. Corporate administration expenditure for the quarter was US\$6.3 million and year to date US\$12.3 million.

Interest charge for the quarter of US\$4.6 million was US\$1.7 million lower than last year following the refinancing in June 2002 and lower interest rates.

EXCEPTIONAL ITEM

In June 2003 Ashanti sold its interest in the Mampon property near Obuasi to Bogoso Gold Limited and Golden Star Resources Limited for a cash consideration of US\$9.5 million resulting in a profit on sale before taxes of US\$7.8 million.

TAX

The tax charge for the quarter was US\$1.8 million and comprised US\$0.8 million tax on the sale of the Mampon property, US\$0.8 million in respect of Geita's profits subject to United Kingdom tax and other tax of US\$0.2 million.

CASH FLOWS AND BALANCE SHEET

Cash inflow from operating activities for the quarter was US\$15.3million (2002: US\$21.8 million) and US\$32.1 million for the year to date (2002: US\$45.0 million). Net interest payments in the quarter were US\$2.2 million compared to US\$5.1 million last year, which included the final interest payment on the exchangeable notes.

Capital expenditure for the quarter of US\$20.5 million (2002: US\$15.7 million) included US\$8.6 million at Obuasi, US\$4.3 million at Iduapriem and US\$5.9 million at Siguiri.

In May, US\$6.6 million was raised from the exercise of a further 2.18 million warrants. As a result the stated capital increased to 130.8 million shares (31 December 2002: 127.5 million shares) and 2.5 million warrants remain outstanding.

During the quarter, Ashanti paid down US\$10.0 million of its Revolving Credit Facility, reducing the amounts drawn to US\$139.0 million. At the quarter end, the Group's gross debt level (excluding the 50% share of the non-recourse Geita project finance loan) was lower at US\$245.7 million (31 March 2003:US\$255.9 million) analysed as follows:

US\$200 million Revolving Credit Facility ("RCF") Iduapriem/Teberebie project finance loans Other loans (net of deferred loan fees)

Mandatorily Exchangeable Notes ("MENs")
Ashanti Group's gross debt as at 30 June 2003

OTHER MATTERS

Ashanti has been advised by the Government of Ghana (the "Government") that it has appointed a consortium led by Societe-Generale, to act as financial advisers to the Government as a shareholder, the holder of the golden share in Ashanti and as a regulator of the mining industry in Ghana, and to assist the Government in arriving at a decision on the proposed merger of Ashanti and AngloGold.

In Zimbabwe, Temple Assets (Private) Limited has been appointed as the Depositary, in replacement of Deloitte & Touche Executor & Trust Company (Pvt) Limited, to hold the Ashanti ordinary shares on behalf of holders of the Zimbabwe Depositary Receipts. This change took effect from 1 June 2003.

INDEPENDENT REVIEW REPORT TO ASHANTI GOLDFIELDS COMPANY LIMITED

INTRODUCTION

We have been instructed by the company to review the financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2003 which comprises the profit and loss account, the balance sheets, the cash flow statement and related notes 1 to 3 and we have read the other information contained in the second quarter report and considered whether it contains any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial information.

This report is made solely to the company in accordance with Bulletin 1999/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to them in an independent review report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the company, for our review work, for this report, or for the conclusions we have formed.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The interim report, including the financial information contained therein, is the responsibility of, and has been approved by, the directors. The directors are responsible for preparing the interim report in accordance with the Listing Rules of the United Kingdom Financial Services Authority which requires that the accounting policies and presentation applied to the interim figures should be consistent with those applied in preparing the preceding annual accounts except where any changes, and the reasons for them, are disclosed.

REVIEW WORK PERFORMED

We conducted our review in accordance with guidance contained in United Kingdom Bulletin 1999/4 issued by the United Kingdom Auditing Practices Board. A review consists principally of making enquiries of group management and applying analytical procedures to the financial information and underlying financial data and based thereon, assessing whether the accounting policies and presentation have been consistently applied unless otherwise disclosed. A review excludes audit procedures such as tests of controls and verification of assets, liabilities and transactions. It is substantially less in scope than an audit performed in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards and therefore provides a lower level of assurance than an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial information.

REVIEW CONCLUSION

On the basis of our review we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial information as presented for the six months ended $30 \, \text{June} \, 2003$.

Deloitte & Touche - Accra

Chartered Accountants 29 July 2003

GROUP PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Unaudited

3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003

INTEREST
IN JOINT
VENTURE
US\$M

19.3

(13.2) (0.9)

> (0.6) (2.2)

(16.9)

2.4

	Note	GROUP US\$M
TURNOVER	2	109.0
Cash operating costs Other costs Exceptional costs Royalties Depreciation and amortisation	2	(69.2) (8.1) (3.3) (17.2)
TOTAL COSTS		(97.8)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	2	11.2
Share of operating profit of joint venture		2.4
TOTAL OPERATING PROFIT		13.6
Exceptional profit on sale of investment		7.8
PROFIT BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXATION		21.4
Net interest payable:group joint venture		(3.4) (1.2)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		16.8
Tax: group joint venture		(1.0) (0.8)
PROFIT/(LOSS)AFTER TAXATION		15.0
Minority interests		(0.2)
PROFIT/(LOSS)ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS DIVIDENDS		14.8
RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		14.8
EARNINGS PER SHARE (US\$):		
BEFORE EXCEPTIONALS AFTER EXCEPTIONALS		0.06 0.12

6 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003

	GROUP US\$M	INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURE US\$M
TURNOVER	218.6	38.6
Cash operating costs Other costs Exceptional costs	(141.7) (15.5)	(26.1 (1.7
Royalties Depreciation and amortisation	(6.7) (34.5)	(1.2 (4.5
TOTAL COSTS	(198.4)	(33.5
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	20.2	5.1
Share of operating profit of joint venture	5.1	
TOTAL OPERATING PROFIT	25.3	
Exceptional profit on sale of investment	7.8	
PROFIT BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXATION	33.1	
Net interest payable: group joint venture	(7.0) (2.3)	
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	23.8	
Tax: group joint venture	(1.0) (0.8)	
PROFIT/(LOSS)AFTER TAXATION	22.0	
Minority interests	(0.4)	
PROFIT/(LOSS)ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS DIVIDENDS	21.6	
RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	21.6	
EARNINGS PER SHARE (US\$):		
BEFORE EXCEPTIONALS AFTER EXCEPTIONALS	0.11 0.17	

GROUP BALANCE SHEET Unaudited

	GROUP US\$M 	JUNE 2003 INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURE US\$M	TOTAL US\$M
FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets Tangible assets Investments	16.0 607.0	53.3 109.0	69.3 716.0
- Geita joint venture - Loans to joint venture and other investments	93.2 31.1	(93.2) 	 31.1
	747.3		816.4
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks Debtors due within one year Debtors due after more than one year Cash	72.9 9.3 12.5 39.2	10.2 17.1 8.6	83.1 26.4 12.5 47.8
	133.9	35.9	169.8
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
Creditors Borrowings	(116.5) (7.8)	(15.8) (10.8)	(132.3) (18.6)
	(124.3)	(26.6)	(150.9)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	9.6	9.3	18.9
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	756.9		835.3
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR			
Creditors Borrowings	(15.0) (237.9)	(39.9) (35.2)	(54.9) (273.1)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	(24.3)	(3.3)	(27.6)
	479.7		479.7
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Stated capital Reserves	598.4 (120.3)		
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS Equity minority interests	478.1 1.6		
	479.7		

The financial information for the second quarter and six months ended 30 June 2003 were approved by the Board of directors on 29 July 2003 and signed on its behalf by:

S E Jonah S Venkatakrishnan Director Director

GROUP CASH FLOW STATEMENT Unaudited

	3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003 US\$M	3 months to 30 June 2002 US\$m
CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	15.3	21.8
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		
Interest received Interest paid	0.2 (2.4)	0.2 (5.3)
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS		
AND SERVICE OF FINANCE	(2.2)	(5.1)
TAXATION		
Corporate tax paid		(1.1)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of investment	(20.5) 9.5	(15.7)
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENT	(11.0)	(15.7)
CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) BEFORE USE OF LIQUID RESOURCES AND FINANCING Management of liquid resources	2.1 2.5	(0.1) 4.9
CASH INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING	4.6	4.8
FINANCING		
Loans drawn down Loan repayments Issue of shares	 (11.4) 6.6	265.0 (270.8) 41.8
NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM FINANCING	(4.8)	36.0
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH	(0.2)	40.8
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT		
(Decrease)/increase in cash Decrease in liquid resources	(0.2) (2.5)	40.8 (4.9)

	(2.7)	35.9
Cash outflow from decrease in debt	11.4	5.8
Other	(0.2)	4.1
MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT	8.5	45.8
Net debt at beginning of period	(215.0)	(271.2)
NET DEBT AT END OF PERIOD	(206.5)	(225.4)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The unaudited results for the six months ended 30 June 2003 have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in the Annual Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2002.

2. OPERATING PROFIT ANALYSIS BY BUSINESS AREA

6 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003		IDUA-		
	OBUASI	PRIEM	BIBIANI	SIGUI
Production ounces	257 , 365	104,336	104,138	134,
US\$ million				
Revenue - spot	90.0	36.4	36.6	4
Revenue - hedging				_
	90.0	36.4	36.6	4
Operating costs	(52.3)	(25.1)	(23.0)	(3
Other costs		(0.6)	(0.2)	(
Royalties	(3.0)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(
EBITDA	34.7	9.6	12.3	1
Depreciation and amortisation	(15.4)	(2.9)	(4.7)	(
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) 30.6.2003	19.3	6.7	7.6	
Operating profit/(loss) 30.6.2002	7.5	5.3	5.8	

6 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003	FREDA- REBECCA	HEDGING INCOME	EXPLORA- TION	CORP. ADMIN
Production ounces US\$ million	26,505			
Revenue - spot	9.2			
Revenue - hedging		(0.6)		
	9.2	(0.6)		
Operating costs	(7.0)			
Other costs			(1.6)	(12.3)
Royalties				
EBITDA	2.2	(0.6)	(1.6)	(12.3)
Depreciation and amortisation	(3.1)			(0.6)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) 30.6.2003	(0.9)	(0.6)	(1.6)	(12.9)
Operating profit/(loss) 30.6.2002	3.6	27.1	(2.3)	(33.1)

^{*}Includes refinancing and restructuring costs of US\$23.5 million.

6 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003

	GROUP	GEITA	TOTAL	
Production ounces US\$ million	626,485	125,42	2 751,90	7
Revenue - spot	219.2	43.	8 263.	0
Revenue - hedging	(0.6)	(5.	2) (5.	8)
	218.6	38.		
Operating costs	(141.7)	(26.		
Other costs Royalties	(15.5) (6.7)	(1.		
EBITDA	54.7	9.		
Depreciation and amortisation	(34.5)	(4.		
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) 30.6.2003	20.2	5.		
Operating profit/(loss) 30.6.2002	17.7	11.	3 29.	0
3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003		IDUA-		
	OBUASI	PRIEM	BIBIANI	SIGUIRI
Production ounces US\$ million	125,447	57 , 090	52,867	64,130
Revenue - spot	43.7	19.9	18.6	22.4
Revenue - hedging				
	43.7	19.9	18.6	22.4
Operating costs	(25.3)	(12.8)	(11.0)	(17.6)
Other costs		(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.5)
Royalties EBITDA	(1.4) 17.0	(0.6) 6.2	(0.6) 6.9	(0.7) 3.6
Depreciation and amortisation	(7.5)	(1.6)	(2.4)	(3.8)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) 30.6.2003	9.5	4.6	4.5	(0.2)
Operating profit/(loss) 30.6.2002	3.0	1.9	3.1	4.7
3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003	FREDA-	HEDGING	EXPLORA-	CORP.
3 MONTHS 10 30 00NE 2003	REBECCA	INCOME	TION	ADMIN
Production ounces US\$ million	9,560			
Revenue - spot	3.3			
Revenue - hedging		1.1		
0	3.3	1.1		
Operating costs Other costs	(2.5)		 (0.9)	 (6.3)
Other costs Royalties			(0.9)	(6.3)
EBITDA	0.8	1.1	(0.9)	(6.3)
Depreciation and amortisation	(1.6)			(0.3)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)30.6.2003	(0.8)	1.1	(0.9)	(6.6)

Operating profit/(loss)30.6.2002 1.3 13.3 (1.3)

3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 2003

	GROUP	GEITA	TOTAL
Production ounces US\$ million	309,094	61,884	370 , 978
Revenue - spot	107.9	21.5	129.4
Revenue - hedging	1.1	(2.2)	(1.1)
	109.0	19.3	128.3
Operating costs	(69.2)	(13.2)	(82.4)
Other costs	(8.1)	(0.9)	(9.0)
Royalties	(3.3)	(0.6)	(3.9)
EBITDA	28.4	4.6	33.0
Depreciation and amortisation	(17.2)	(2.2)	(19.4)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) 30.6.2003	11.2	2.4	13.6
Operating profit/(loss) 30.6.2002	(1.2)	5.9	4.7

	3 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE	3 months to 30 June	6 MONTHS TO 30 JUNE	6 months to 30 June
3.RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL COSTS	2003	2002	2003	2002
	US\$M	US\$m	US\$M	US\$m
CASH OPERATING COSTS				
Obuasi	25.3	24.6	52.3	51.1
Iduapriem	12.8	9.0	25.1	18.2
-				
Bibiani	11.0	11.2	23.0	22.3
Siguiri	17.6	14.6	34.3	30.4
Freda-Rebecca	2.5	6.1	7.0	11.3
Geita (50%)	13.2	11.9	26.1	22.0
TOTAL CASH OPERATING COSTS	82.4	77.4	167.8	155.3
Corporate administration costs	6.3	4.3	12.3	8.9
Exploration costs	0.9	1.3	1.6	2.3
Other costs	1.8	1.3	3.3	2.9
Royalties	3.9	3.7	7.9	7.1
Depreciation and amortisation	19.4	26.0	39.0	49.1
Exceptional costs		22.5		23.5
TOTAL COSTS	114.7	136.5*	231.9	249.1*

Includes Geita's costs of US\$16.6 million for three months to 30 June 2002 and US\$31.2 million for the six months to 30 June 2002.

HEDGING COMMITMENTS

The table below shows all forward and option positions that Ashanti had as at 30 June 2003:

FORWARD SALES	2003	200	4 2	005
FORWARD SAILES				
(ounces) (US\$/ounce)	413,636 347		·	996 352
CALLS:	205 350	406 19	^ 400	700
Sold (ounces) Sold (US\$/ounce)	305 , 350 343			728 350
Bought (ounces)	101,100	101,88		
Bought (US\$/ounce)	345			352
Subtotal (ounces) SUMMARY:	204,250	394,30	0 364,	728
Protected (ounces)	413,636	657,99	2 648,	996
COMMITTED (ounces) Total committed ounces as a percentage total forecast production (excluding production for the period of the project finance, 2003-2007)	617,886 of			
Lease Rate Swap (ounces) Deferred Hedging Income (US\$m)	2,367,000 6		0 2,251, 1	000
FORWARD SALES		2007	2008	
(ounces) (US\$/ounce) CALLS:		451 , 200 360	358 , 325 370	413
Sold (ounces)		291,076	260,535	70
Sold (US\$/ounce)		363	365	
Bought (ounces) Bought (US\$/ounce)		125 , 396 370	 	
Subtotal (ounces)		165,680	260,535	70
SUMMARY: Protected (ounces)		451,200	358 , 325	413
COMMITTED (ounces)		616,880	618,860	413
Total committed ounces as a percentage total forecast production (excluding for the period of the project finance, 2003-2007) Lease Rate Swap (ounces)		1,579,000	1,318,000	982
Deferred Hedging Income (US\$m)		1,070,000	1,310,000	J () <u></u>
	2011	2012	2013	TOT
FORWARD SALES				
(ounces) (US\$/ounce)	268 , 250 367	215,313 374	186 , 500 365	4,535,
CALLS: Sold (ounces)	84,250	77,188	28,000	2,350,

Sold (US\$/ounce)	384	387	401	
Bought (ounces)				511,
Bought (US\$/ounce)				
Subtotal (ounces)	84,250	77,188	28,000	1,838,
SUMMARY:				
Protected (ounces)	268,250	215,313	186,500	4,535,
COMMITTED (ounces)	352 , 500	292,501	214,500	6,374,
Total committed ounces as a percentage of				
total forecast production (excluding				
Geita production for the period of the				
project finance, 2003-2007)				
Lease Rate Swap (ounces)	310,000	130,000		
Deferred Hedging Income (US\$m)				

FORWARD SALES:

A total of 4.54 million ounces have been sold forward at an average price of US\$360 per ounce.

CALL OPTIONS:

Ashanti has sold 2.35 million ounces of call options at an average strike price of US\$355 per ounce. As a partial offset, Ashanti has bought 0.51 million ounces of call options at an average strike price of US\$358 per ounce.

GOLD LEASE RATE SWAPS:

As of 30 June 2003, a maximum of 2.59 million ounces of Ashanti's hedged production will be exposed to the floating 3 month lease rate at any one time.

The lease rate swaps can be broken down into the following types (under all of these contracts Ashanti receives a certain lease rate income, which can be regarded as compensation for the lease rate exposure that Ashanti takes on).

VOLUME (OZS)	FIXED RATE	DESCRIPTION
2,402,000	1.80%	Ashanti pays a quarterly floating rate and receives a quarterly weighted average fixed rate of 1.90%.
360,000	2.00%	Ashanti pays a quarterly floating rate and receives a fixed amount of dollars at maturity. The quarterly amount is rolled until maturity of each forward contract. The fixed amount for each contract is calculated using the formula: Volume*YearsToMaturity*302*2.00%. The next rate set is in 2004. TOTAL 2,762,000

MARK-TO-MARKET VALUATIONS

On 30 June 2003, the portfolio had a negative marked-to-market value of US\$108.2 million. This valuation was based on a spot price of US\$346 and the then prevailing applicable US interest rates, gold forward rates, volatilities and guidelines provided by the Risk Management Committee of the Board. The delta at that time was 5.3 million ounces. This implies that a US\$1 increase in the price of gold would have a US\$5.3 million negative impact (approximate) on the marked-to-market valuation of the hedge book. Movements in US interest rates,

gold lease rates, volatilities and time will also have a sizeable impact on the marked-to-market. All these variables can change significantly over short time periods and can consequently materially affect the marked-to-market valuation.

The approximate breakdown by type of the marked-to-market valuation at $30 \, \mathrm{June}$ 2003 was as follows:

	US\$M
Forward contracts	(53.2)
European Call options (net sold)	(65.3)
Lease rate swaps	10.3
	(108.2)

GEITA HEDGING

The table below shows Ashanti's portion of hedging commitments for Geita as at 30 June 2003. This represents half of Geita's hedge commitments.

	2003	2004	2005
Forward Sales (ounces) (US\$/ounce)	101,625 284	195 , 558 289	174 , 828 294
Puts: Bought (ounces) (US\$/ounce)	10,694 292	25 , 586 291	24 , 350 291
Summary: Protected (ounces)	112,319	221,144	199,178
Committed (ounces)	101,625	195,558	174,828
Lease Rate Swap	156,301	116,774	76,301
	2006	2007	TOTAL
Forward Sales (ounces) (US\$/ounce)	94 , 576 296	120 , 938 298	687 , 525 292
Puts: Bought (ounces) (US\$/ounce)	18 , 115 291	23 , 390 292	102 , 135 291
Summary: Protected (ounces)	112,691	144,328	789,660
Committed (ounces)	94,576	120,938	687 , 525

Lease Rate Swap 41,420 -- --

MARKED-TO-MARKET VALUATION:

On 30 June 2003, the Geita portfolio had a negative marked-to-market value of US\$78.8 million (Ashanti's portion: negative US\$39.4 million). This valuation was based on a spot price of US\$346 per ounce and the then prevailing US interest rates, gold forward rates, volatilities and guidelines provided by the Risk Management Committee of the Board.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains a number of statements relating to plans, forecasts and future results of Ashanti Goldfields Company Limited ("Ashanti") that are considered "forward looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act 1995 of the United States of America including but not limited to those related to future working capital, future production levels, operating costs and plans for diversification. Ashanti may also make written or oral forward-looking statements in its presentations, periodic reports and filings with the various regulatory authorities, in its annual report to shareholders, in its offering circulars and prospectuses, in press releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by its officers, directors or employees to third parties. These forward looking statements include statements about our beliefs, hopes, projections and expectations, and may include statements regarding future plans, objectives or goals, anticipated production or construction commencement dates, construction completion dates, working capital, expected costs, production output, the anticipated productive life of mines, projected cashflows, debt levels, and marked-to-market values of and cashflows from the hedgebook.

Such statements are based on current plans, information, intentions, estimates and projections and certain external factors which may be beyond the control of Ashanti and, therefore, undue reliance should not be placed on them. These statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual occurrences to differ materially from the forward looking statements, such as the risks that Ashanti may not be able to achieve the levels of production and operating costs it has projected. Additional risk factors affecting Ashanti are set out in Ashanti's filings with the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

Ashanti can give no assurances that such results, including the actual production or commencement dates, construction completion dates, costs or production output or anticipated life of the projects and mines, projected cashflows, debt levels, and marked-to-market values of and cashflows from the hedgebook, will not differ materially from the forward looking statements contained in this report. Such forward looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors collectively referred to as "Risk Factors", many of which are beyond the control of Ashanti, which may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the statements contained in this report. These Risk Factors include leverage, gold price volatility, changes in interest rates, hedging operations, reserves estimates, exploration and development, mining, yearly output, power supply, Ghanaian political risks, environmental regulation, labour relations, general political risks, control by principal shareholders, Ghanaian statutory provisions, dividend flows and litigation. For example, future revenues from projects or mines described herein will be based in part upon the market price of gold, which may vary significantly from current levels. Such variations, if materially adverse, may impact the timing or feasibility of the developments of a particular project or the expansion of specified mines.

Other factors that may affect the actual construction or production commencement dates, costs or production output and anticipated lives of mines include the

ability to produce profitably and transport gold extracted therefrom to applicable markets, the impact of foreign currency exchange rates, the impact of any increase in the costs of inputs, and activities by governmental authorities where such projects or mines are being explored or developed, including increases in taxes, changes in environmental and other regulations and political uncertainty. Likewise the cashflows from and marked-to-market values of the hedgebook can be affected by, inter alia, gold price volatility, US interest rates, gold lease rates and active management of the hedgebook.

Forward looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and except as required by law, or unless required to do so by the Listing Rules of the UK Listing Authority, Ashanti undertakes no obligation to update publicly any of them in light of new information or future events.

ENQUIRIES

ASHANTI GOLDFIELDS COMPANY LIMITED

KWEKU AWOTWI

MD Responsible for Public Affairs Tel: (+233)21 772331

ERNEST ABANKROH

Company Secretary Tel: (+233)21 774977

CORINNE GAISIE

UK Representative Tel: (+44)20 7256 9938

GOLIN HARRIS

Kevin Kirkeby

Federico Brigatti Tel: (+1-212)697 9191

website: www.ashantigold.com

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 30, 2003 ASHANTI GOLDFIELDS COMPANY LIMITED

By: /s/ Ernest Abankroh

Name: Ernest Abankroh Title: Company Secretary