DCAP GROUP INC Form 10QSB August 14, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

24.10	FORM 10-QSB					
(Mark One) [X]	Quarterly report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act 1934					
For the quarterly period ended <u>June 30</u> ,	2007					
[]	Transition report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act					
For the transition period from	to					
Commission File Number: 0-1665						
(Exact Name	DCAP GROUP, INC. of Small Business Issuer as Specified in its Charter)					
<u>Delawa</u> (State or other just incorporation or of the control of t	risdiction of (I.R.S. Employer					
(Issue	(516) 374-7600 er's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)					
(Former Name	Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)					
	eports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been the past 90 days. Yes X No					
Indicate by check mark whether the Act). Yes No _X	registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange					
	CABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN RUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE					

PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

Check whether the registrant filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

State	the number of shares	outstanding of	each of the	e issuer's classe	es of common	ı equity, a	as of the la	test practi	icable
date:	2,970,524 shares as of	July 31, 2007.							

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes No X

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DCAP GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the federal securities laws. The events described in forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report may not occur. Generally these statements relate to business plans or strategies, projected or anticipated benefits or other consequences of our plans or strategies, projected or anticipated benefits from acquisitions to be made by us, or projections involving anticipated revenues, earnings or other aspects of our operating results. The words "may," "will," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "project," "plan," "intend," "estimate," and "continue," and their opposites and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. We caution you that these statements are not guarantees of future performance or events and are subject to a number of uncertainties, risks and other influences, many of which are beyond our control, that may influence the accuracy of the statements and the projections upon which the statements are based. Factors which may affect our results include, but are not limited to, the risks and uncertainties discussed in Item 6 of our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2006 under "Factors That May Affect Future Results and Financial Condition".

Any one or more of these uncertainties, risks and other influences could materially affect our results of operations and whether forward-looking statements made by us ultimately prove to be accurate. Our actual results, performance and achievements could differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publically update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether from new information, future events or otherwise.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	DCAP GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited)	
June 30, 2007	
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 950,142
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for	
doubtful accounts of \$20,000	1,014,244
Finance contracts receivable	\$ 15,322,568
Less: Deferred interest	(1,183,535)
Less: Allowance for finance receivable losses	(193,705) 13,945,328
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	162,248
Deferred income taxes	76,000
Total Current Assets	16,147,962
Property and Equipment, net	505,389
Goodwill	2,601,257
Other Intangibles, net	290,260
Notes Receivable, net	4,531,582
Deposits and Other Assets	219,704
Total Assets	\$ 24,296,154
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	
Current Liabilities:	
Revolving credit line	\$ 9,858,960
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	726,146
Premiums payable	3,072,612
Current portion of long-term debt and lease obligations	743,320
Mandatorily redeemable preferred stock	780,000
Other current liabilities	155,507
Total Current Liabilities	15,336,545
Long-Term Debt and Capital Lease Obligations	2,148,695
Deferred Income Tax	477,623
Commitments	
Stockholders' Equity:	
Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares	
issued 3,747,447	37,475
Preferred stock; \$.01 par value; authorized	
1,000,000 shares; 0 shares issued and outstanding	-
Capital in excess of par	11,755,339
Deficit	(4,273,743)
	7,518,071

Treasury stock, at cost, 781,423 shares	(1,185,780)
Total Stockholders' Equity	6,333,291
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 24,296,154

 $See\ notes\ to\ condensed\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$

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	DCAP GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES			
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)				
Six Months Ended June 30,		2007		2006
Revenues:				
Commissions and fees		3,126,859		3,753,230
Premium finance revenue		1,641,868		2,146,701
Total Revenues		4,768,727		5,899,931
On anoting Even angest				
Operating Expenses: General and administrative expenses		4,013,228		4,603,965
Provision for finance receivable losses		275,610		327,942
Depreciation and amortization		188,619		224,621
Premium finance interest expense		332,980		407,550
		4,810,437		5,564,078
Total Operating Expenses	•	4,010,437		3,304,076
Operating (Loss) Income		(41,710)		335,853
				,
Other Income (Expense):				
Interest income		3,908		2,282
Interest income – notes receivable		648,597		534,247
Interest expense		(249,691)		(254,664)
Interest expense – mandatorily redeemable preferred stock		(19,500)		(19,500)
Gain on sale of stores		65,767		81,105
Total Other Income (Expense)		449,081		343,470
		407.071		(70.000
Income Before Provision for Income Taxes		407,371		679,323
Provision for Income Taxes		183,317		271,729
110vision for income funcs		103,317		2/1,/2)
Net Income	\$	224,054	\$	407,594
Net Income Per Common Share:				
Basic	\$	0.08	\$	0.14
Diluted	\$	0.07	\$	0.13
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding				
		2 054 529		2 991 466
Basic Diluted		2,954,538		2,881,466
Diluted		3,284,096		3,243,846

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

	DCAP GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES			
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)				
Three Months Ended June 30,		2007		2006
Davisans				
Revenues:	Φ.	1 512 620	Φ	1 060 050
Commissions and fees Premium finance revenue	.	1,513,620		1,860,052
Total Revenues	,	851,173		1,172,188
Total Revenues	4	2,364,793		3,032,240
Operating Expenses:				
General and administrative expenses		1,950,407		2,314,456
Provision for finance receivable losses		112,554		158,317
Depreciation and amortization		92,161		113,317
Premium finance interest expense		167,162		218,452
Total Operating Expenses	2	2,322,284		2,804,542
O		12 500		227 (00
Operating Income		42,509		227,698
Other Income (Expense):				
Interest income		2,555		923
Interest income – notes receivable		324,299		321,955
Interest expense		(116,986)		(153,792)
Interest expense – mandatorily redeemable preferred stock		(9,750)		(9,750)
Gain on sale of store		3,300		81,105
Total Other Income (Expense)		203,418		240,441
Income Before Provision for Income Taxes		245,927		468,139
Provision for Income Taxes		110,667		187,325
		·		ĺ
Net Income	\$	135,260	\$	280,814
Net Income Per Common Share:				
Basic	\$	0.05	\$	0.10
Diluted	\$	0.04	\$	0.09
Weighted Avenue a Number of Chance Outstanding				
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding	,	2 067 442		2 206 024
Basic Diluted		2,967,442 3,284,523		2,896,024
Diluicu		3,204,323		3,248,668

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

	DCAP GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES			
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)				
Six months ended June 30,		2007		2006
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Net income	\$	224,054	\$	407,594
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		188,618		224,621
Bad debt expense		-		1,200
Deferred income taxes		183,317		-
Accretion of discount on notes receivable		(493,902)		(411,592)
Amortization of warrants		26,757		38,916
Stock-based payments		10,000		10,000
Gain on sale of store		(65,767)		(81,105)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in assets:				
Accounts receivable		432,737		380,320
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(65,293)		13,444
Deposits and other assets		(150,536)		(67,689)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Premiums payable		10,363		(592,694)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(287,036)		261,280
Taxes payable		159,709		(18,174)
Other current liabilities		(10,638)		(24,429)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		162,383		131,692
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Decrease (increase) in finance contracts receivable – net		832,527		(1,071,130)
Decrease in notes and other receivables – net		93,394		9,852
Purchase of notes		-		(1,771,701)
Proceeds from sale of stores		66,300		(1,7,7,7,7,7)
Purchase of agencies		-		(832,654)
Purchase of property and equipment		(136,179)		(40,238)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		856,042		(3,705,877)
The cash 110 hadd by (essa in) in essaig 11011 hads		000,012		(0,700,077)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:				
Principal payments on long-term debt		(283,509)		-
Proceeds from revolving credit line		20,447,842		28,307,721
Payments on revolving credit line	(21,541,228)		(25,887,220)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		112,200		191,250
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities		(1,264,695)		2,611,751
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(246,270)		(962,434)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of period	,.	1,196,412		1,961,489
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of period	\$	950,142	\$	999,055
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Investing				
and Financing Activities:				
Note payable issued for purchase of notes receivable			\$	1,303,434

Note payable issued for purchase of agencies		\$ 522,949
Capital lease obligations	\$ 89,818	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

DCAP GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 AND 2006 (UNAUDITED)

1. The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2007, the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 and the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 have been prepared by us without audit. In our opinion, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly in all material respects our financial position as of June 30, 2007, results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

This report should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2006.

The results of operations and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

a. <u>Principles of consolidation</u>

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of all subsidiaries and joint ventures in which we have a majority voting interest or voting control. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

b. Revenue recognition

We recognize commission revenue from insurance policies at the beginning of the contract period. Refunds of commissions on the cancellation of insurance policies are reflected at the time of cancellation.

Franchise fee revenue on initial franchisee fees is recognized when substantially all of our contractual requirements under the franchise agreement are completed. Franchisees also pay a monthly franchise fee plus an applicable percentage of co-op advertising expense. We are obligated to provide marketing and training support to each franchisee. During the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, approximately \$110,000 and \$25,000, respectively, was recognized as initial franchise fee income.

Automobile club dues are recognized equally over the contract period.

For our premium finance operations, we are using the interest method to recognize interest income over the life of each loan in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 91, "Accounting for Nonrefundable Fees and Costs Associated with Originating or Acquiring Loans and Initial Direct Costs of Leases."

Upon the establishment of a premium finance contract, we record the gross loan payments as a receivable with a corresponding reduction for deferred interest. The deferred interest is amortized to interest income using the interest method over the life of each loan. The weighted average interest rate charged with respect to financed insurance policies was approximately 26.4% and 26.5% per annum for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Delinquency fees are earned when collected. Upon completion of collection efforts, after cancellation of the underlying insurance policies, any uncollected earned interest or fees are charged off.

c. Allowance for finance receivable losses

Customers who purchase insurance policies are often unable to pay the premium in a lump sum and, therefore, require extended payment terms. Premium finance involves making a loan to the customer that is backed by the unearned portion of the insurance premiums being financed. No credit checks are made prior to the decision to extend credit to a customer. Losses on finance receivables include an estimate of future credit losses on premium finance accounts. Credit losses on premium finance accounts occur when the unearned premiums received from the insurer upon cancellation of a financed policy are inadequate to pay the balance of the premium finance account. After collection attempts are exhausted, the remaining principal balance is written off against the allowance for finance receivable losses and the unrealized actual interest and late fees are charged against the premium finance revenue. We review historical trends of such losses relative to finance receivable balances to develop estimates of future losses. However, actual write-offs may differ materially from the write-off estimates that we used. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, the provision for finance receivable losses was \$275,610 and \$327,942, respectively, and actual principal write-offs for such periods (net of recoveries of previous write-offs) were \$301,441 and \$299,296, respectively.

d. <u>Website Development Costs</u>

Technology and content costs are generally expensed as incurred, except for certain costs relating to the development of internal-use software, including those relating to operating our website, that are capitalized and depreciated over two years. A total of \$45,684 and \$-0- in such costs was incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

e. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the consolidated financial statements for the six and three months ended June 30, 2006 to conform to the classifications used for the six and three months ended June 30, 2007.

3. Business Segments:

We currently have two reportable business segments: Insurance and Premium Finance. The Insurance segment sells retail auto, motorcycle, boat, life, business, and homeowner's insurance and franchises. In addition, this segment offers tax preparation services and automobile club services for roadside emergencies. Insurance revenues are derived from activities within the United States, and all long-lived assets are located within the United States. The Premium Finance segment offers property and casualty policyholders loans to finance the policy premiums.

Summarized financial information concerning our reportable segments for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 is shown in the following tables:

Six Months Ended				Premium				
June 30, 2007	Iı	Insurance		Finance		Other (1)		Total
Revenues from external								
customers	\$	3,126,859	\$	1,641,868	\$	-	\$	4,768,727
Interest income		2,933		-		975		3,908
Interest income –notes								
receivable		-		-		648,597		648,597
Interest expense		40,553		332,980		228,638		602,171
Depreciation and								
amortization		116,274		50,938		21,407		188,619
Segment profit (loss)								
before income taxes		402,999		241,886		(237,514)		407,371
Segment profit (loss)		221,649		133,037		(130,632)		224,054
Segment assets		4,789,307		14,597,126		4,909,721		24,296,154

⁽¹⁾ Column represents corporate-related items and, as it relates to segment profit (loss), income, expense and assets not allocated to reportable segments.

Six Months Ended		Premium		
June 30, 2006	Insurance	Finance	Other (1)	Total
Revenues from external				
customers	\$ 3,753,230	\$ 2,146,701	\$ - \$	5,899,931
Interest income	2,172	-	110	2,282
Interest income –notes				
receivable	-	-	534,247	534,247
Interest expense	46,619	407,550	227,545	681,714
Depreciation and				
amortization	110,492	93,342	20,787	224,621
Segment profit (loss)				
before income taxes	750,450	410,431	(481,558)	679,323
Segment profit (loss)	450,270	246,259	(288,935)	407,594
Segment assets	4,722,707	18,483,913	3,901,497	27,083,114

⁽¹⁾ Column represents corporate-related items and, as it relates to segment profit (loss), income, expense and assets not allocated to reportable segments.

Summarized financial information concerning our reportable segments for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 is shown in the following tables:

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	Premium		
Insurance	Finance	Other (1)	Total
\$ 1,513,620	\$ 851,173	\$ - \$	2,364,793
1,664	-	891	2,555
-	-	324,299	324,299
19,275	167,162	107,461	293,898
56,404	25,469	10,288	92,161
164,912	173,040	(92,025)	245,927
90,701	95,172	(50,613)	135,260
	\$ 1,513,620 1,664 - 19,275 56,404 164,912	Insurance Finance \$ 1,513,620 \$ 851,173	Insurance Finance Other (1) \$ 1,513,620 \$ 851,173 \$ - \$ 891 324,299 19,275 167,162 107,461 56,404 25,469 10,288 164,912 173,040 (92,025)

(1) Column represents corporate-related items and, as it relates to segment profit (loss), income, expense and assets not allocated to reportable segments.

Three Months Ended			Premium		
June 30, 2006]	Insurance	Finance	Other (1)	Total
Revenues from external					
customers	\$	1,860,052	\$ 1,172,188	\$ - \$	3,032,240
Interest income		898	-	25	923
Interest income –notes					
receivable		-	-	321,955	321,955
Interest expense		23,508	218,452	140,034	381,994
Depreciation and					
amortization		56,465	46,357	10,495	113,317
Segment profit (loss)					
before income taxes		410,097	295,782	(237,740)	468,139
Segment profit (loss)		245,988	177,469	(142,844)	280,814

(1) Column represents corporate-related items and, as it relates to segment profit (loss), income, expense and assets not allocated to reportable segments.

4. Employee Stock Compensation

In November 1998, we adopted the 1998 Stock Option Plan, which provides for the issuance of incentive stock options and nonstatutory stock options. Under this plan, options to purchase not more than 400,000 of our common shares were permitted to be granted, at a price to be determined by our Board of Directors or the Stock Option Committee at the time of grant. During 2002, we increased the number of common shares authorized to be issued pursuant to the 1998 Stock Option Plan to 750,000. Incentive stock options granted under this plan expire no later than ten years from date of grant (except no later than five years for a grant to a 10% stockholder). Our Board of Directors or the Stock Option Committee will determine the expiration date with respect to nonstatutory options granted under this plan.

In December 2005, our shareholders ratified the adoption of the 2005 Equity Participation Plan, which provides for the issuance of incentive stock options, nonstatutory stock options and restricted stock. Under this plan, a maximum of 300,000 common shares may be issued pursuant to options granted and restricted stock issued. Incentive stock options granted under this plan expire no later than ten years from date of grant (except no later than five years for a grant to a 10% stockholder). Our Board of Directors or the Stock Option Committee will determine the expiration date with respect to nonstatutory options, and the vesting provisions for restricted stock, granted under this plan.

Our results for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2007 include share-based compensation expense totaling \$10,000 and \$5,000, respectively. Our results for the six and three months ended June 30, 2006 include share-based compensation expense totaling approximately \$20,000 and \$10,000, respectively. Such amounts have been included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income within general and administrative expenses.

Stock option compensation expense in 2007 and 2006 is the estimated fair value of options granted amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for entire portion of the award.

We did not grant any options under either plan during the six and three months ended June 30, 2007 or 2006.

The following table represents our stock options granted, exercised, and forfeited during the first six months of 2007:

Stock Options	Number of Shares	A Ex Pr	eighted verage kercise ice per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
*				1 61111	v alue
Outstanding at January 1, 2007	193,300	\$	2.09	-	-
Granted	-		-	-	-
Exercised	(74,500)	\$	1.51	-	-
Forfeited/expired	(39,500)	\$	1.53	-	-
Outstanding at					
June 30, 2007	79,300	\$	3.29	2.44	\$ 19,660
Vested and Exercisable					
at June 30, 2007	70,369	\$	3.62	1.75	\$ 14,035

The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding and options exercisable at June 30, 2007 is calculated as the difference between the exercise price of the underlying options and the market price of our common shares for the shares that had exercise prices that were lower than the \$2.68 closing price of our common shares on June 30, 2007. We received cash proceeds from options exercised in the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 of approximately \$112,000 and \$191,000, respectively.

As of June 30, 2007, the fair value of unamortized compensation cost related to unvested stock option awards was approximately \$17,000. Unamortized compensation cost as of June 30, 2007 is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average vesting period of .70 years.

5. Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share reflect, in periods in which they have a dilutive effect, the impact of common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options and conversion of mandatorily redeemable preferred shares. The computation of diluted earnings per share excludes those options and warrants with an exercise price in excess of the average market price of our common shares during the periods presented. The inclusion of such options and warrants in the computation of diluted earnings per share would have been anti-dilutive. The number of excluded options and warrants were 149,800 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 158,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006.

The reconciliation is as follows:

	Six Month June		Three Months Ended June 30,		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Weighted Average Number of Shares					
Outstanding	2,954,538	2,881,466	2,967,442	2,896,024	
Effect of Dilutive Securities, Common					
Share					
Equivalents	329,558	362,380	317,081	352,644	
Weighted Average Number of Shares					
Outstanding,					
used for computing diluted earnings					
per share	3,284,096	3,243,846	3,284,523	3,248,668	

Net income available to common shareholders for the computation of diluted earnings per share is computed as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,				Three Months Ended June 30,			
		2007		2006	2007		2006	
Net Income	\$	224,054	\$	407,594	\$ 135,260	\$	280,814	
Interest Expense on Dilutive Convertible								
Preferred Shares		19,500		19,500	9,750		9,750	
Net Income Available to Common								
Shareholders								
for Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$	243,554	\$	427,094	\$ 145,010	\$	290,564	

6. Extension of Maturity Date of Subordinated Debt

Effective March 23, 2007, the holders of approximately \$1,385,000 outstanding principal amount of our subordinated debt agreed to extend the maturity date of the debt from September 30, 2007 to September 30, 2008. In consideration for the extension of the due date of the subordinated debt, we extended the expiration date of warrants held by the debtholders for the purchase of 90,000 of our common shares from September 30, 2007 to September 30, 2008.

7. Exchange of Preferred Shares

Effective March 23, 2007, the holder of our Series A preferred shares exchanged such shares for an equal number of Series B preferred shares. The terms of the Series B preferred shares are identical to those of the Series A preferred shares, except that they are mandatorily redeemable on April 30, 2008 (as opposed to April 30, 2007 for the Series A preferred shares). Such shares have been classified as a current liability at June 30, 2007 since they are due within one year.

8. Sale of Book of Business

In March 2007, we sold the book of business of one of our stores for \$63,000 in cash. The sale resulted in a gain of \$62,467.

9. Treasury Stock

In June 2007, a shareholder tendered common shares to settle an obligation due us approximating \$7,200. The tendered shares were recorded as an increase in treasury stock, valued at the balance of the obligation.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION.

Overview

There are 71 store locations owned or franchised by us of which 66 are located in New York State. In the New York metropolitan area, there are 44 DCAP franchises. There are also 17 Barry Scott locations and five Accurate locations outside the New York metropolitan area (all located in central and western New York State). There are five Atlantic Insurance locations in eastern Pennsylvania. All of the Barry Scott, Atlantic Insurance and Accurate locations are wholly-owned by us.

Our insurance storefronts serve as insurance agents or brokers and place various types of insurance on behalf of customers. We focus on automobile, motorcycle and homeowner's insurance and our customer base is primarily individuals rather than businesses.

The stores receive commissions from insurance companies for their services. We receive fees from the franchised locations in connection with their use of the DCAP name. Neither we nor the stores currently serve as an insurance company and therefore do not assume underwriting risks; however, as discussed below, Commercial Mutual Insurance Company is seeking to convert from an advance premium insurance company to a stock property and casualty insurance company. In the event of such conversion, the surplus notes issued by Commercial Mutual and held by us may be converted into a controlling equity interest in Commercial Mutual.

Payments Inc., our wholly-owned subsidiary, is an insurance premium finance agency that offers premium financing to clients of DCAP, Barry Scott, Atlantic Insurance and Accurate offices, as well as non-affiliated insurance agencies. We currently operate within the states of New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

We also offer automobile club services for roadside emergencies. Income tax preparation services are also offered in connection with the franchise operation of the DCAP stores.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our consolidated financial statements include accounts of DCAP Group, Inc. and all majority-owned and controlled subsidiaries. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires our management to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in our consolidated financial statements and related notes. In preparing these financial statements, our management has utilized information available including our past history, industry standards and the current economic environment, among other factors, in forming its estimates and judgments of certain amounts included in the consolidated financial statements, giving due consideration to materiality. It is possible that the ultimate outcome as anticipated by our management in formulating its estimates inherent in these financial statements might not materialize. In addition, application of the critical accounting policies below involves the exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ from these estimates. Further, other companies may utilize different estimates, which may impact comparability of our results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses.

Commission and fee income

We recognize commission revenue from insurance policies at the beginning of the contract period. Refunds of commissions on the cancellation of insurance policies are reflected at the time of cancellation.

Franchise fee revenue from initial franchise fees is recognized when substantially all of our contractual requirements under the franchise agreement are completed. Franchisees also pay a monthly franchise fee plus an applicable percentage of advertising expense. We are obligated to provide marketing and training support to each franchisee.

Franchise fee income is recognized when substantially all of our contractual requirements under the franchise agreement are completed.

Automobile club dues are recognized equally over the contract period.

Finance income, fees and receivables

For our premium finance operations, we are using the interest method to recognize interest income over the life of each loan in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 91, "Accounting for Nonrefundable Fees and Costs Associated with Originating or Acquiring Loans and Initial Direct Costs of Leases."

Upon the establishment of a premium finance contract, we record the gross loan payments as a receivable with a corresponding reduction for deferred interest. The deferred interest is amortized to interest income using the interest method over the life of each loan. The weighted average interest rate charged with respect to financed insurance policies was approximately 26.4% and 26.5% per annum for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Delinquency fees are earned when collected. Upon completion of collection efforts, after cancellation of the underlying insurance policies, any uncollected earned interest or fees are charged off.

Allowance for finance receivable losses

Losses on finance receivables include an estimate of future credit losses on premium finance accounts. Credit losses on premium finance accounts occur when the unearned premiums received from the insurer upon cancellation of a financed policy are inadequate to pay the balance of the premium finance loan amount, which includes accrued interest and late fees. The majority of these shortfalls result in the write-off of the remaining principal balance against the allowance for finance receivable losses and the unrealized actual interest and late fees are charged against the premium finance revenue. We review historical trends of such losses relative to finance receivable balances to develop estimates of future losses. However, actual write-offs may differ materially from the write-off estimates that we used. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, the provision for finance receivable losses was \$275,610 and \$327,942, respectively, and actual principal write-offs for such periods (net of recoveries of previous write-offs) were \$301,441 and \$299,296, respectively. If our provision for finance receivable losses was understated by 10% because our actual write-offs were greater than anticipated, the effect would have been a reduction in our earnings per share by approximately \$0.01 (basic) for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Goodwill and intangible assets

The carrying value of goodwill was initially reviewed for impairment as of January 1, 2002, and is reviewed annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount might not be recoverable. If the fair value of the operations to which goodwill relates is less than the carrying amount of those operations, including unamortized goodwill, the carrying amount of goodwill is reduced accordingly with a charge to expense. Based on our most recent analysis, we believe that no impairment of goodwill exists at June 30, 2007.

Stock-based compensation

We account for stock-based compensation in accordance with SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004) "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"). Under the provisions of SFAS 123R, stock-based compensation cost is estimated at the grant date based on the award's fair-value as calculated by a Black Scholes Merton option pricing model (the "Black Scholes model") and is recognized as expense ratably over the requisite service period. The Black Scholes model requires various highly judgmental assumptions including volatility, forfeiture rates, and expected option life. If any of the assumptions used in the model change significantly, stock-based compensation expense may differ materially in the future from that recorded in the current period.

Income Taxes

Effective January 1, 2007, we began to measure and record tax contingency accruals in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"). Under FIN 48, we recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. We measure tax benefits in our financial statements from such a position as the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The impact on our reassessment of our tax positions in accordance with FIN 48 did not have a material impact on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

Results of Operations

Six Months ended June 30, 2007 compared to Six Months ended June 30, 2006

Our net income for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$224,054 as compared to \$407,594 for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, revenues from our insurance-related operations were \$3,126,859 as compared to \$3,753,230 for the six months ended June 30, 2006. The revenue decrease of \$626,371 was primarily attributable to the sale of fewer insurance policies in 2007 than in 2006. Such reduction in sales was generally caused by the continued heightened competition from the voluntary insurance market which is offering lower premium rates to the non-standard insured.

Premium finance revenues decreased \$504,833 during the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease is a direct result of the decrease in the number of policies sold as discussed in the paragraph above.

Our general and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2007 were \$590,737 less than for the six months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease was primarily due to a reduction in personnel at our premium finance operation, a reduction in variable compensation paid to employees due to a reduction in policies sold at our insurance related operations, no bonus, if any, having as yet been determined for our Chief Executive Officer during the first six months of 2007 (a bonus was provided during the first six months of 2006) and a decrease in fees paid to service our premium finance operations, offset by an increase in advertising expenses.

Our provision for finance receivable losses for the first six months of 2007 was \$52,332 less than for the first six months of 2006. This was the result of a lower provision for finance receivable losses in the first six months of 2007 caused by a decrease in volume.

Our premium finance interest expense during the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$74,570 less than for the six months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease was the result of a decrease in the average outstanding balance of our revolving credit line for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Our interest income – notes receivable for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$114,350 more than for the six months ended June 30, 2006. On January 31, 2006, we purchased surplus notes of Commercial Mutual Insurance Company. We recorded five months of interest in the first six months of 2006 as compared to six months of interest in the first six months of 2007.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, our provision for income taxes was \$183,317 as opposed to \$271,729 for the six months ended June 30, 2006. This was due primarily to the lower income before income taxes in 2007.

Our insurance-related operations, on a stand-alone basis, generated a net profit before income taxes of \$402,999 during the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to a net profit before income taxes of \$750,450 during the six months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease was primarily due to decreased revenues, offset by a reduction in variable compensation paid on commissions generated and the gain on the sale of the book of business of one of our stores. Our premium finance operations, on a stand-alone basis, generated a net profit before income taxes of \$241,886 during the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to a net profit before income taxes of \$410,431 during the six months ended June 30, 2006. The decrease was primarily due to reduced premium finance revenue in 2007, offset by a reduction in personnel and fees paid to service our premium finance operations. Loss before income taxes from corporate-related items not allocable to reportable segments was \$237,514 during the six months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to \$481,558 during the six months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease was primarily due to an increase in interest income-notes receivable related to the purchase of the surplus notes issued by Commercial

Mutual, and the absence of a bonus determination for our Chief Executive Officer during the first six months of 2007.

Three Months ended June 30, 2007 compared to Three Months ended June 30, 2006

Our net income for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$135,260 as compared to \$280,814 for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

During the three months ended June 30, 2007, revenues from our insurance-related operations were \$1,513,620 as compared to \$1,860,052 for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The revenue decrease of \$346,432 was primarily attributable to the sale of fewer insurance policies in 2007 than in 2006. Such reduction in sales was generally caused by the continued heightened competition from the voluntary insurance market which is offering lower premium rates to the non-standard insured.

Premium finance revenues decreased \$321,015 during the three months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease is a direct result of the decrease in the number of policies sold as discussed in the paragraph above.

Our general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2007 were \$364,049 less than for the three months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease was primarily due to a reduction in personnel at our premium finance operation, a reduction in variable compensation paid to employees due to a reduction in policies sold at our insurance related operations, no bonus, if any, having as yet been determined for our Chief Executive Officer during the first second quarter of 2007 (a bonus was provided during the second quarter of 2006), a decrease in fees paid to service our premium finance operations and a decrease in advertising expenses.

Our provision for finance receivable losses for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$45,763 less than for the three months ended June 30, 2006. This was the result of a lower provision for finance receivable losses in 2007 caused by a decrease in volume.

Our premium finance interest expense during the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$51,290 less than for the three months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease was the result of a decrease in the average outstanding balance of our revolving credit line for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2006.

During the three months ended June 30, 2007, our provision for income taxes was \$110,667 as opposed to \$187,325 for the three months ended June 30, 2006. This was due primarily to the lower income before income taxes in 2007.

Our insurance-related operations, on a stand-alone basis, generated a net profit before income taxes of \$164,912 during the three months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to a net profit before income taxes of \$410,097 during the three months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease was primarily due to decreased revenues, offset by a reduction in variable compensation paid on commissions generated and a decrease in advertising expenses. Our premium finance operations, on a stand-alone basis, generated a net profit before income taxes of \$173,040 during the three months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to a net profit before income taxes of \$295,782 during the three months ended June 30, 2006. The decrease was primarily due to reduced premium finance revenue in 2007, offset by a reduction in personnel and fees paid to service our premium finance operations. Loss before income taxes from corporate-related items not allocable to reportable segments was \$92,025 during the three months ended June 30, 2007 as compared to \$237,740 during the three months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in compensation expense, including the absence of a bonus determination for our Chief Executive Officer during the three months ended June 30, 2007.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2007, we had \$950,142 in cash and cash equivalents and working capital of \$811,417. As of December 31, 2006, we had \$1,196,412 in cash and cash equivalents and working capital of \$2,031,120.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, our cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$246,270. This was due primarily to the following:

- Net cash provided by operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$162,383 primarily due to the following: (i) a decrease in accounts receivable of \$432,737 offset by (ii) the accretion of discount on notes receivable of \$493,902. The decrease in accounts receivable is primarily the result of a January 2007 payment of a revenue accrual from an insurance company, which did not continue in 2007 and the conversion of certain amounts from franchisees into notes receivable.
- Though fluctuations in our premium finance business impact our cash position and daily operations, our cash flows from operating activities do not reflect changes in the premium finance contract receivables or borrowing under our revolving credit facility associated with that business. Changes in the premium finance contract receivables are considered investing activities as they include the making and collection of loans and borrowings under our revolving line of credit are considered financing activities.
- Net cash provided by investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$856,042 primarily due to a decrease in finance contracts receivable of \$832,527. This reduction was caused by the financing of fewer insurance policies in 2007 than in 2006.
- Net cash used in financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$1,264,695 primarily due to the following: (i) payments of \$21,541,228 on our revolving credit line with Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company ("M&T") for premium finance purposes, offset by proceeds of \$20,447,842 from the revolving credit line.

Our premium finance operations are financed pursuant to a \$20,000,000 revolving line of credit from M&T entered into on July 28, 2006, which replaced our revolving line of credit agreement with M&T dated December 27, 2004. The line of credit bears interest at either (i) M&T's prime rate or (ii) LIBOR plus 2.25%, matures on June 30, 2008 and is secured by substantially all of our assets. We can borrow against the line to the extent of 85% of eligible premium finance receivables. As of June 30, 2007, \$9,858,960 was outstanding under the line. As of June 30, 2007, of the \$15,322,568 reflected on the Balance Sheet as "Finance contracts receivable," approximately \$12,414,022 represents eligible receivables for purposes of our finance credit agreement. The line of credit also allows for a \$2,500,000 term loan (of the \$20,000,000 credit line availability) to be used to provide liquidity for ongoing working capital purposes. Any draws against this line bear interest at LIBOR plus 2.75%. As of July 28, 2006, we made our first draw of \$1,300,000 against the term line. The draw is repayable in quarterly principal installments of \$130,000 each, commencing September 1, 2006. The remaining principal balance is payable on June 30, 2008. Interest is payable monthly.

We have no current commitments for capital expenditures. However, we may, from time to time, consider acquisitions of complementary businesses, products or technologies.

In connection with our initial acquisition of the line of credit from M&T, we obtained a \$3,500,000 secured subordinated loan to support our premium finance operations. During 2005, we utilized the M&T line of credit to repay an aggregate of \$2,000,000 of the subordinated debt. The remaining balance of the loan was due in January 2006 and carries interest at the rate of 12-5/8% per annum. In May 2005, we obtained an extension of the maturity date of the remaining subordinated debt to September 30, 2007. In March 2007, holders of approximately \$1,385,000 of the outstanding principal amount of the subordinated debt agreed to extend the maturity date of the debt from September 30, 2007 to September 30, 2008. We have the right to prepay the subordinated debt (subject to M&T's consent) without penalty.

Effective March 23, 2007, the holder of our Series A preferred shares exchanged such shares for an equal number of Series B preferred shares. The Series B preferred shares are mandatorily redeemable on April 30, 2008.

Commercial Mutual Insurance Company

On January 31, 2006, we purchased \$3,750,000 of surplus notes issued by Commercial Mutual Insurance Company for a price of \$3,075,141, of which \$1,303,434 was paid by delivery of a six month promissory note which provided for interest at the rate of 7.5% per annum. The promissory note was paid in full on July 28, 2006. Accrued but unpaid interest on the surplus notes totaled \$1,794,688 at the time of the purchase.

In March 2007, Commercial Mutual's Board of Directors adopted a resolution to convert Commercial Mutual from an advance premium insurance company to a stock property and casualty insurance company. In the event the conversion occurs, we may be able to convert the surplus notes we hold into a controlling equity interest in Commercial Mutual.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

Item 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) that are designed to assure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

As required by Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of that date.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. <u>LEGAL PROCEEDINGS</u>

None

Item 2. <u>UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF</u>

PROCEEDS

- (a) Not applicable
- (b) Not applicable
- (c) Issuer repurchases during the quarter:

Small Business Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased(1)	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Yet Be Purchased
4/1/07 - 4/30/07	-	-	-	-
5/1/07 - 5/31/07	-	-	-	-
6/1/07 - 6/30/07	4,500	\$1.61	-	-
Total	4,500	\$1.61	-	-

Item 3. <u>DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES</u>

None

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

Item 6. <u>EXHIBITS</u>

3(a) Restated Certificate of Incorporation 1

3(b) Certificate of Designation of Series A Preferred Stock2

¹ Denotes document filed as an exhibit to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference.

² Denotes document filed as an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K for an event dated May 28, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference.

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- 3(c) Certificate of Designation of Series B Preferred Stock3
- 3(d) By-laws, as amended4
- Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 3 Denotes document filed as an exhibit to our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference.
- ⁴ Denotes document filed as an exhibit to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended June 30, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DCAP GROUP, INC.

Dated: August 13, 2007 By: /s/ Barry B. Goldstein

Barry B. Goldstein

President

(Principal Executive, Financial

and Accounting Officer)