

WYNN RESORTS LTD  
Form 10-Q  
May 09, 2014  
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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q  
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934  
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014  
OR  
.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934  
For the transition period from to  
Commission File No. 000-50028

WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)  
NEVADA 46-0484987  
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer  
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)  
3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South - Las Vegas, Nevada 89109  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)  
(702) 770-7555  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days: Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer "  
Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x

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Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

| Class                             | Outstanding at April 30,<br>2014 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Common stock, \$0.01 par<br>value | 101,257,217                      |

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## Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(in thousands, except share data)

|  | March 31,<br>2014<br>(unaudited) | December 31,<br>2013 |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>  |                                  |                      |
| Current assets:  |                                  |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | \$3,273,621                      | \$2,435,041          |
| Investment securities  | 218,876                          | 174,399              |
| Receivables, net   | 230,690                          | 241,932              |
| Inventories  | 71,865                           | 74,739               |
| Prepaid expenses and other   | 44,132                           | 42,703               |
| Total current assets   | 3,839,184                        | 2,968,814            |
| Property and equipment, net  | 5,036,430                        | 4,934,449            |
| Restricted cash  | —                                | 199,936              |
| Investment securities  | 35,947                           | 79,989               |
| Intangible assets, net   | 30,172                           | 30,767               |
| Deferred financing costs, net  | 71,688                           | 67,926               |
| Deposits and other assets  | 95,740                           | 91,001               |
| Investment in unconsolidated affiliates  | 4,060                            | 4,148                |
| Total assets   | \$9,113,221                      | \$8,377,030          |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>  |                                  |                      |
| Current liabilities:   |                                  |                      |
| Accounts and construction payables   | \$270,299                        | \$272,861            |
| Current portion of long-term debt  | 1,050                            | 1,050                |
| Current portion of land concession obligation  | 29,328                           | 29,341               |
| Customer deposits  | 511,153                          | 704,401              |
| Gaming taxes payable   | 228,538                          | 205,260              |
| Accrued compensation and benefits  | 83,155                           | 83,769               |
| Accrued interest   | 73,567                           | 101,442              |
| Other accrued liabilities  | 51,182                           | 49,797               |
| Construction retention   | 3,018                            | 3,578                |
| Deferred income taxes, net   | 4,035                            | 4,035                |
| Total current liabilities  | 1,255,325                        | 1,455,534            |
| Long-term debt   | 7,329,777                        | 6,586,518            |
| Land concession obligation   | 46,800                           | 46,819               |
| Other long-term liabilities  | 117,824                          | 141,465              |
| Deferred income taxes, net   | 42,753                           | 14,343               |
| Total liabilities  | 8,792,479                        | 8,244,679            |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)  |                                  |                      |
| Stockholders' equity:  |                                  |                      |
| Preferred stock, par value \$0.01; 40,000,000 shares authorized; zero shares issued and outstanding  | —                                | —                    |
| Common stock, par value \$0.01; 400,000,000 shares authorized; 114,241,860 and 114,170,493 shares issued; 101,257,217 and 101,192,408 shares outstanding, respectively | 1,142                            | 1,142                |

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|   |             |              |   |
|---|-------------|--------------|---|
| Treasury stock, at cost; 12,984,643 and 12,978,085 shares, respectively | (1,144,845  | ) (1,143,419 | ) |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 902,046     | 888,727      |   |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income                                  | 2,528       | 2,913        |   |
| Retained earnings   | 166,664     | 66,130       |   |
| Total Wynn Resorts, Limited stockholders' deficit                       | (72,465     | ) (184,507   | ) |
| Noncontrolling interest   | 393,207     | 316,858      |   |
| Total equity  | 320,742     | 132,351      |   |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity                              | \$9,113,221 | \$8,377,030  |   |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
(in thousands, except per share data)  
(unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |              |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------|
|  | 2014                            | 2013         |
| Operating revenues:                                      |                                 |              |
| Casino   | \$ 1,226,133                    | \$ 1,106,503 |
| Rooms  | 136,476                         | 120,480      |
| Food and beverage  | 141,837                         | 139,701      |
| Entertainment, retail and other                          | 106,860                         | 101,548      |
| Gross revenues   | 1,611,306                       | 1,468,232    |
| Less: promotional allowances                             | (97,693)                        | (89,578)     |
| Net revenues   | 1,513,613                       | 1,378,654    |
| Operating costs and expenses:                            |                                 |              |
| Casino   | 783,734                         | 697,188      |
| Rooms  | 35,345                          | 33,390       |
| Food and beverage  | 74,953                          | 73,873       |
| Entertainment, retail and other                          | 44,535                          | 40,326       |
| General and administrative                               | 111,277                         | 94,909       |
| (Benefit) provision for doubtful accounts                | (2,728)                         | 7,004        |
| Pre-opening costs  | 3,073                           | 452          |
| Depreciation and amortization                            | 76,659                          | 92,518       |
| Property charges and other                               | 9,934                           | 5,346        |
| Total operating costs and expenses                       | 1,136,782                       | 1,045,006    |
| Operating income   | 376,831                         | 333,648      |
| Other income (expense):                                  |                                 |              |
| Interest income  | 4,753                           | 4,222        |
| Interest expense, net of capitalized interest            | (75,256)                        | (75,377)     |
| Increase in swap fair value                              | 842                             | 3,144        |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt                           | (1,529)                         | —            |
| Equity in income from unconsolidated affiliates          | 308                             | 200          |
| Other  | (297)                           | 1,165        |
| Other income (expense), net                              | (71,179)                        | (66,646)     |
| Income before income taxes                               | 305,652                         | 267,002      |
| (Provision) benefit for income taxes                     | (2,609)                         | 5,142        |
| Net income   | 303,043                         | 272,144      |
| Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest | (76,147)                        | (69,181)     |
| Net income attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited         | \$ 226,896                      | \$ 202,963   |
| Basic and diluted income per common share:               |                                 |              |
| Net income attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited:        |                                 |              |
| Basic  | \$ 2.25                         | \$ 2.02      |
| Diluted  | \$ 2.22                         | \$ 2.00      |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding:              |                                 |              |
| Basic  | 100,822                         | 100,237      |
| Diluted  | 102,009                         | 101,373      |
| Dividends declared per common share                      | \$ 1.25                         | \$ 1.00      |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
 (in thousands)  
 (unaudited)

|  | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |           |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------|
|  | 2014                            | 2013      |
| Net income   | \$303,043                       | \$272,144 |
| Other comprehensive income:  |                                 |           |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax               | (606                            | ) (2,681  |
| Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities, net of tax       | 61                              | 161       |
| Total comprehensive income   | 302,498                         | 269,624   |
| Less: comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest | (75,987                         | ) (68,456 |
| Comprehensive income attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited         | \$226,511                       | \$201,168 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands, except share data)

(unaudited)

|   | Common stock          |              |                   |                                  |   |                      | Total<br>Wynn<br>Resorts,<br>Ltd.<br>stockholders'<br>equity<br>(deficit) | Noncontrolling<br>interest | Total<br>stockholders'<br>equity |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---|----------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
|   | Shares<br>outstanding | Par<br>value | Treasury<br>stock | Additional<br>paid-in<br>capital | Accumulated<br>other<br>comprehensive<br>income | Retained<br>earnings |   |                            |                                  |
| Balances,<br>January 1,<br>2014   | 101,192,408           | \$ 1,142     | \$(1,143,419)     | \$888,727                        | \$2,913   | \$66,130             | \$(184,507)   | \$316,858                  | \$132,351                        |
| Net income  | —                     | —            | —                 | —                                | —   | 226,896              | 226,896   | 76,147                     | 303,043                          |
| Currency<br>translation<br>adjustment   | —                     | —            | —                 | —                                | (438 )  | —                    | (438 )  | (168 )                     | (606 )                           |
| Net unrealized<br>gain on<br>investments  | —                     | —            | —                 | —                                | 53  | —                    | 53  | 8                          | 61                               |
| Exercise of<br>stock options  | 35,533                | —            | —                 | 1,717                            | —   | —                    | 1,717   | —                          | 1,717                            |
| Cancellation<br>of restricted<br>stock  | (9,166 )              | —            | —                 | —                                | —   | —                    | —   | —                          | —                                |
| Shares<br>repurchased<br>by the<br>Company and<br>held as<br>treasury<br>shares | (6,558 )              | —            | (1,426 )          | —                                | —   | —                    | (1,426 )  | —                          | (1,426 )                         |
| Issuance of<br>restricted<br>stock  | 45,000                | —            | —                 | —                                | —   | —                    | —   | —                          | —                                |
| Cash<br>dividends<br>declared   | —                     | —            | —                 | 59                               | —   | (126,362 )           | (126,303 )  | —                          | (126,303 )                       |
| Excess tax<br>benefits from<br>stock-based<br>compensation                      | —                     | —            | —                 | 2,449                            | —   | —                    | 2,449   | —                          | 2,449                            |
| Stock-based<br>compensation   | —                     | —            | —                 | 9,094                            | —   | —                    | 9,094   | 362                        | 9,456                            |
| Balances,<br>March 31,  | 101,257,217           | \$ 1,142     | \$(1,144,845)     | \$902,046                        | \$2,528   | \$166,664            | \$(72,465 )   | \$393,207                  | \$320,742                        |

2014

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |             |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|
|   | 2014                            | 2013        |
| Cash flows from operating activities:   |                                 |             |
| Net income  | \$303,043                       | \$272,144   |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                                 |             |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 76,659                          | 92,518      |
| Deferred income taxes   | 1,583                           | (6,030)     |
| Stock-based compensation expense  | 3,921                           | 1,122       |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation                                 | (2,424)                         | (1,232)     |
| Amortization and write-offs of deferred financing costs and other                 | 6,448                           | 4,620       |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt  | 1,529                           | —           |
| (Benefit) provision for doubtful accounts   | (2,728)                         | 7,004       |
| Property charges and other  | 9,953                           | 3,057       |
| Equity in income of unconsolidated affiliates, net of distributions               | 88                              | 556         |
| Increase in swap fair value   | (842)                           | (3,144)     |
| Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:                                      |                                 |             |
| Receivables, net  | 13,941                          | (12,131)    |
| Inventories and prepaid expenses and other  | 1,465                           | (7,904)     |
| Customer deposits   | (193,248)                       | 88,581      |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses   | (10,166)                        | (18,291)    |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   | 209,222                         | 420,870     |
| Cash flows from investing activities:   |                                 |             |
| Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention                  | (178,050)                       | (58,797)    |
| Purchase of corporate debt securities   | (46,635)                        | (22,881)    |
| Proceeds from sale or maturity of corporate debt securities                       | 44,995                          | 63,075      |
| Restricted cash   | 199,805                         | 39,573      |
| Deposits and purchase of other assets   | (5,172)                         | (6,419)     |
| Proceeds from sale of assets  | 2,995                           | 278         |
| Net cash provided by investing activities   | 17,938                          | 14,829      |
| Cash flows from financing activities:   |                                 |             |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options   | 1,717                           | 960         |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation                                 | 2,424                           | 1,232       |
| Dividends paid  | (126,406)                       | (101,709)   |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt  | 756,229                         | —           |
| Principal payments on long-term debt  | (350)                           | (350)       |
| Repurchase of common stock  | (1,426)                         | (2,461)     |
| Repurchase of first mortgage notes  | (12,000)                        | —           |
| Payments for financing costs  | (7,391)                         | —           |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities                               | 612,797                         | (102,328)   |
| Effect of exchange rate on cash   | (1,377)                         | (1,885)     |
| Cash and cash equivalents:  |                                 |             |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents   | 838,580                         | 331,486     |
| Balance, beginning of period  | 2,435,041                       | 1,725,219   |
| Balance, end of period  | \$3,273,621                     | \$2,056,705 |

Supplemental cash flow disclosures:

Cash transactions:

|  |           |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized | \$116,698 | \$121,386 |
|--|-----------|-----------|

Non-cash transactions:

|  |         |      |
|--|---------|------|
| Stock-based compensation capitalized into construction | \$5,535 | \$48 |
|--|---------|------|

|   |         |          |
|---|---------|----------|
| Change in property and equipment included in accounts and construction payables | \$4,205 | \$27,550 |
|---|---------|----------|

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Note 1 - Organization and Basis of Presentation

Organization

Wynn Resorts, Limited, a Nevada corporation (together with its subsidiaries, “Wynn Resorts” or the “Company”) owns 72.3% of Wynn Macau, Limited, which operates a destination casino hotel resort in the Macau Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China. The Company also owns and operates a destination casino hotel resort in Las Vegas, Nevada.

The Company's fully integrated Macau resort of Wynn Macau and Encore at Wynn Macau features two luxury hotel towers with a total of 1,008 spacious guest rooms and suites, approximately 280,000 square feet of casino space, casual and fine dining in eight restaurants, approximately 31,000 square feet of lounge and meeting space, approximately 57,000 square feet of retail space, recreation and leisure facilities, including two health clubs, spas and one pool. The Company refers to this fully integrated resort as its Macau Operations.

The Company's fully integrated Las Vegas resort of Wynn Las Vegas and Encore at Wynn Las Vegas features two luxury hotel towers with a total of 4,748 spacious guest rooms, suites and villas, approximately 186,000 square feet of casino space, 34 food and beverage outlets featuring signature chefs, an on-site 18-hole golf course, approximately 284,000 square feet of meeting and convention space, a Ferrari and Maserati dealership, approximately 99,000 square feet of retail space, as well as two showrooms, three nightclubs and a beach club. The Company refers to this fully integrated resort as its Las Vegas Operations.

The Company is also currently constructing Wynn Palace, a fully integrated resort in the Cotai area of Macau containing a 1,700-room hotel, performance lake, meeting space, casino, spa, retail offerings, and food and beverage outlets. The Company continues to remain on schedule for an opening in the first half of 2016.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods have been made. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2014, are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full fiscal year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries. Investments in the 50%-owned joint ventures operating the Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership and the Brioni mens' retail clothing store inside Wynn Las Vegas are accounted for under the equity method. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Certain amounts in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the previous years have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the previously reported net income.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and include both U.S. dollar-denominated and foreign currency-denominated securities. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

approximates fair value. Cash equivalents of \$1,583.0 million and \$1,349.6 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, were invested in bank time deposits, money market accounts, U.S. Treasuries and commercial paper. In addition, the Company held bank deposits and cash on hand of approximately \$1,690.6 million and \$1,085.4 million as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists primarily of certain proceeds of the Company's financing activities that are restricted by the agreements governing the Company's debt instruments for the payment of certain Wynn Palace related construction and development costs. Restricted cash balances totaled approximately \$199.9 million at December 31, 2013. During the first quarter of 2014, the Company applied the restricted cash balances to payment of certain Wynn Palace related construction and development costs, with no remaining restricted cash balances at March 31, 2014.

Investment Securities

Investment securities consist of domestic and foreign short-term and long-term investments in corporate bonds and commercial paper reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, reported in other comprehensive income. Short-term investments have maturities of greater than three months but equal to or less than one year and long-term investments are those with a maturity date greater than one year. The Company's investment policy limits the amount of exposure to any one issuer with the objective of minimizing the potential risk of principal loss. Management determines the appropriate classification (held-to-maturity/available-for-sale) of its securities at the time of purchase and reevaluates such designation as of each balance sheet date. Adjustments are made for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts to maturity computed under the effective interest method. Such amortization is included in interest income together with realized gains and losses and the stated interest on such securities.

Accounts Receivable and Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of casino accounts receivable. The Company issues credit in the form of "markers" to approved casino customers following investigations of creditworthiness. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, approximately 84% and 86% of the Company's markers were due from customers residing outside the United States, primarily in Asia. Business or economic conditions or other significant events in these countries could affect the collectability of such receivables.

Accounts receivable, including casino and hotel receivables, are typically non-interest bearing and are initially recorded at cost. Accounts are written off when management deems them to be uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts previously written off are recorded when received. An estimated allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained to reduce the Company's receivables to their carrying amount, which approximates fair value. The allowance is estimated based on specific review of customer accounts as well as management's experience with collection trends in the casino industry and current economic and business conditions.

Redemption Price Promissory Note

The Company recorded the fair value of the Redemption Price Promissory Note (the "Redemption Note") of approximately \$1.94 billion in accordance with applicable accounting guidance. In determining this fair value, the Company estimated the Redemption Note's present value using discounted cash flows with a probability weighted expected return for redemption assumptions and a discount rate which included time value and non-performance risk adjustments commensurate with risk of the Redemption Note.

Considerations for the redemption assumptions included the stated maturity of the Redemption Note, uncertainty of the related cash flows as well as potential effects of the following: uncertainties surrounding the potential outcome and timing of pending litigation with Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Kazuo Okada (collectively, the “Okada Parties”) (see Note 14 “Commitments and Contingencies”); the outcome of on-going investigations of Aruze USA, Inc. by the United States Attorney’s Office, the U.S. Department of Justice and the Nevada Gaming Control Board; and other potential legal and regulatory actions. In addition, in the furtherance of various future business objectives, the Company considered its ability, at its sole option, to prepay the Redemption Note at any time in accordance with its terms without penalty. Accordingly,

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

the Company reasonably determined that the estimated life of the Redemption Note could be less than the contractual life of the Redemption Note.

In determination of the appropriate discount rate to be used in the estimated present value, the Redemption Note's subordinated position relative to all other debt in the Company's capital structure and credit ratings associated with the Company's traded debt were considered. Observable inputs for the risk free rate based on Federal Reserve rates for U.S. Treasury securities and credit risk spread based on a yield curve index of similarly rated debt were used. As a result of this analysis, the Company concluded the Redemption Note's stated rate of 2% approximated a market rate.

Revenue Recognition and Promotional Allowances

The Company recognizes revenues at the time persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the service is provided or the retail goods are sold, prices are fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

Casino revenues are measured by the aggregate net difference between gaming wins and losses, with liabilities recognized for funds deposited by customers before gaming play occurs and for chips in the customers' possession. Cash discounts, other cash incentives related to casino play and commissions rebated through junkets to customers are recorded as a reduction to casino revenue. Hotel, food and beverage, entertainment and other operating revenues are recognized when services are performed. Entertainment, retail and other revenue includes rental income which is recognized on a time proportion basis over the lease term. Contingent rental income is recognized when the right to receive such rental income is established according to the lease agreements. Advance deposits on rooms and advance ticket sales are recorded as customer deposits until services are provided to the customer.

Revenues are recognized net of certain sales incentives which are required to be recorded as a reduction of revenues; consequently, the Company's casino revenues are reduced by discounts, commissions and points earned in the player's club loyalty program.

The retail value of accommodations, food and beverage, and other services furnished to guests without charge is included in gross revenues. Such amounts are then deducted as promotional allowances. The estimated cost of providing such promotional allowances is primarily included in casino expenses as follows (in thousands):

|                                 | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |          |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
|                                 | 2014                            | 2013     |
| Rooms                           | \$12,754                        | \$13,056 |
| Food and beverage               | 31,042                          | 27,764   |
| Entertainment, retail and other | 3,796                           | 3,558    |
|                                 | \$47,592                        | \$44,378 |

Gaming Taxes

The Company is subject to taxes based on gross gaming revenue in the jurisdictions in which it operates, subject to applicable jurisdictional adjustments. These gaming taxes are an assessment on the Company's gross gaming revenue and are recorded as casino expenses in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. These taxes totaled approximately \$550.2 million and \$481.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

## Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures certain of its financial assets and liabilities, such as cash equivalents, available-for-sale securities and interest rate swaps, at fair value on a recurring basis pursuant to accounting standards for fair value measurements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. These accounting standards establish a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

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## WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

The following tables present assets and liabilities carried at fair value (in thousands):

|                               |             | Fair Value Measurements Using: |             |              |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
|                               |             | Quoted                         | Other       | Unobservable |
|                               | March 31,   | Market                         | Observable  | Inputs       |
|                               | 2014        | Prices in                      | Inputs      | (Level 3)    |
|                               |             | Active                         | (Level 2)   |              |
|                               |             | Markets                        |             |              |
|                               |             | (Level 1)                      |             |              |
| Assets:                       |             |                                |             |              |
| Cash equivalents              | \$1,583,046 | \$205                          | \$1,582,841 | —            |
| Interest rate swaps           | \$11,146    | —                              | \$11,146    | —            |
| Available-for-sale securities | \$254,823   | —                              | \$254,823   | —            |

## Liabilities:

|                 |             |   |             |   |
|-----------------|-------------|---|-------------|---|
| Redemption Note | \$1,936,443 | — | \$1,936,443 | — |
|-----------------|-------------|---|-------------|---|

|                               |              | Fair Value Measurements Using: |             |              |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
|                               |              | Quoted                         | Other       | Unobservable |
|                               | December 31, | Market                         | Observable  | Inputs       |
|                               | 2013         | Prices in                      | Inputs      | (Level 3)    |
|                               |              | Active                         | (Level 2)   |              |
|                               |              | Markets                        |             |              |
|                               |              | (Level 1)                      |             |              |
| Assets:                       |              |                                |             |              |
| Cash equivalents              | \$1,349,647  | \$220,923                      | \$1,128,724 | —            |
| Interest rate swaps           | \$10,308     | —                              | \$10,308    | —            |
| Restricted cash               | \$199,936    | —                              | \$199,936   | —            |
| Available-for-sale securities | \$254,388    | —                              | \$254,388   | —            |

## Liabilities:

|                 |             |   |             |   |
|-----------------|-------------|---|-------------|---|
| Redemption Note | \$1,936,443 | — | \$1,936,443 | — |
|-----------------|-------------|---|-------------|---|

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, approximately 63% and 91% of the Company's cash equivalents categorized as Level 2 were deposits held in foreign currencies, respectively.

## Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In July 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an accounting standards update that amends the presentation requirements of an unrecognized tax benefit when a loss or other carryforward exists. The update would require the netting of unrecognized tax benefits against a deferred tax asset for a loss or other carryforward that would apply in settlement of the uncertain tax positions. The effective date for this update is for the annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The adoption of this update prospectively during the quarter resulted in the presentation of unrecognized tax benefits of \$29.3 million previously reflected in other long-term liabilities to be classified in long-term deferred income taxes, net, in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, at March 31, 2014.

## Note 3 - Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share (“EPS”) is computed by dividing net income attributable to Wynn Resorts by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income attributable to Wynn Resorts by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period increased to include the number of additional shares of common stock that would have been outstanding if the potential dilutive securities had been issued. Potentially dilutive securities include outstanding stock options and unvested restricted stock.

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## WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

The weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted EPS consisted of the following (in thousands, except per share amounts):

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |           |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------|
|   | 2014                            | 2013      |
| Numerator:  |                                 |           |
| Net income attributable to Wynn Resorts, Ltd.   | \$226,896                       | \$202,963 |
| Denominator:  |                                 |           |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding  | 100,822                         | 100,237   |
| Potential dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock                         | 1,187                           | 1,136     |
| Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding                        | 102,009                         | 101,373   |
| Net income attributable to Wynn Resorts, Ltd. per common share, basic                   | \$2.25                          | \$2.02    |
| Net income attributable to Wynn Resorts, Ltd. per common share, diluted                 | \$2.22                          | \$2.00    |
| Anti-dilutive stock options excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share | —                               | 659       |

## Note 4 - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table presents the changes by component, net of tax and noncontrolling interest, in accumulated other comprehensive income of the Company (in thousands):

|  | Foreign<br>currency<br>translation | Unrealized<br>gain on<br>securities | Accumulated<br>other<br>comprehensive<br>income |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| December 31, 2013                              | \$2,874                            | \$39                                | \$2,913   |
| Current period other comprehensive (loss) gain | (438                               | ) 53                                | (385 )  |
| March 31, 2014                                 | \$2,436                            | \$92                                | \$2,528   |

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, there were no amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income.

## Note 5 - Investment Securities

Investment securities consisted of the following (in thousands):

| March 31, 2014    |                              |                               |   | December 31, 2013 |                              |                               |   |
|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Amortized<br>cost | Gross<br>unrealized<br>gains | Gross<br>unrealized<br>losses | Fair value<br>(net<br>carrying<br>amount) | Amortized<br>cost | Gross<br>unrealized<br>gains | Gross<br>unrealized<br>losses | Fair value<br>(net<br>carrying<br>amount) |
| \$214,802         | \$164                        | \$(76 )                       | \$214,890                                 | \$221,418         | \$140                        | \$(124 )                      | \$221,434                                 |

Domestic and foreign  
corporate bonds

|                  |           |       |       |   |           |           |       |        |   |           |
|------------------|-----------|-------|-------|---|-----------|-----------|-------|--------|---|-----------|
| Commercial paper | 39,930    | 13    | (10   | ) | 39,933    | 32,941    | 16    | (3     | ) | 32,954    |
|                  | \$254,732 | \$177 | \$(86 | ) | \$254,823 | \$254,359 | \$156 | \$(127 | ) | \$254,388 |

For investments with unrealized losses as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company has determined that (i) it does not have the intent to sell any of these investments, and (ii) it is not likely that the Company will be required to sell

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## WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

these investments prior to the recovery of the amortized cost. Accordingly, the Company has determined that no other-than-temporary impairments exist at the reporting dates.

The Company obtains pricing information in determining the fair value of its available-for-sale securities from independent pricing vendors. Based on management's inquiries, the pricing vendors use various pricing models consistent with what other market participants would use. The assumptions and inputs used by the pricing vendors are derived from market observable sources including: reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, benchmark curves, bids, offers and other market-related data. The Company has not made adjustments to such prices. Each quarter, the Company validates the fair value pricing methodology to determine the fair value is consistent with applicable accounting guidance and to confirm that the securities are classified properly in the fair value hierarchy. The Company compares the pricing received from its vendors to independent sources for the same or similar securities.

The fair value of these investment securities at March 31, 2014, by contractual maturity, are as follows (in thousands):

|                                      | Fair value |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Due in one year or less              | \$218,876  |
| Due after one year through two years | 35,947     |
|                                      | \$254,823  |

## Note 6 - Receivables, net

Receivables, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

|                                       | March 31,<br>2014 | December 31,<br>2013 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Casino                                | \$221,597         | \$252,998            |
| Hotel                                 | 18,176            | 15,386               |
| Retail leases and other               | 53,605            | 47,539               |
|                                       | 293,378           | 315,923              |
| Less: allowance for doubtful accounts | (62,688)          | (73,991)             |
|                                       | \$230,690         | \$241,932            |

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## WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

## Note 7 - Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

|                                   | March 31,<br>2014 | December 31,<br>2013 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Land and improvements             | \$733,495         | \$733,233            |
| Buildings and improvements        | 3,872,997         | 3,883,442            |
| Airplanes                         | 135,040           | 135,040              |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 1,695,071         | 1,686,522            |
| Leasehold interests in land       | 316,416           | 316,550              |
| Construction in progress          | 717,417           | 558,624              |
|                                   | 7,470,436         | 7,313,411            |
| Less: accumulated depreciation    | (2,434,006)       | (2,378,962)          |
|                                   | \$5,036,430       | \$4,934,449          |

## Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

|   | March 31,<br>2014 | December 31,<br>2013 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan, due July 31, 2017 and July 31, 2018; interest at LIBOR or HIBOR plus 1.75%—2.50%, net of original issue discount of \$4,631 at March 31, 2014 and \$4,900 at December 31, 2013 | \$947,986         | \$948,028            |
| 5 1/4% Wynn Macau, Limited Senior Notes, due October 15, 2021, including original issue premium of \$5,606 at March 31, 2014 and none at December 31, 2013  | 1,355,606         | 600,000              |
| 7 7/8% Wynn Las Vegas First Mortgage Notes, due May 1, 2020, net of original issue discount of \$1,418 at March 31, 2014 and \$1,463 at December 31, 2013   | 350,592           | 350,547              |
| 7 3/4% Wynn Las Vegas First Mortgage Notes, due August 15, 2020   | 1,308,000         | 1,320,000            |
| 5 3/8% Wynn Las Vegas First Mortgage Notes, due March 15, 2022  | 900,000           | 900,000              |
| 4 1/4% Wynn Las Vegas Senior Notes, due May 30, 2023  | 500,000           | 500,000              |
| Redemption Price Promissory Note with former stockholder and related party, due February 18, 2022; interest at 2%   | 1,936,443         | 1,936,443            |
| \$42 million Note Payable, due April 1, 2017; interest at LIBOR plus 1.25%  | 32,200            | 32,550               |
|   | 7,330,827         | 6,587,568            |
| Less: current portion of long-term debt   | (1,050)           | (1,050)              |
|   | \$7,329,777       | \$6,586,518          |

## 5 1/4% Wynn Macau, Limited Senior Notes due 2021

On March 20, 2014, Wynn Macau, Limited (“WML”), an indirect subsidiary of Wynn Resorts, Limited, issued \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 5 1/4% Senior Notes due 2021 (the “Additional 2021 Notes”), which were consolidated and form a single series with the \$600 million aggregate principal amount of 5 1/4% Senior Notes due 2021 issued by WML on October 16, 2013 (the “Original 2021 Notes” and together with the “Additional 2021 Notes”, the “2021 Notes”). WML received net proceeds of approximately \$748.8 million after adding the original issue premium

and deducting commissions and estimated expenses of the offering. WML will use the net proceeds for working capital requirements and general corporate purposes.

The Additional 2021 Notes have the same terms and conditions as those of the Original 2021 Notes. The 2021 Notes will bear interest at the rate of 5 1/4% per annum and will mature on October 15, 2021. Interest on the 2021 Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on April 15, 2014. At any time on or before October 14, 2016, WML may redeem the 2021 Notes, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (a) 100% of the

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

aggregate principal amount of the 2021 Notes or (b) a “make-whole” amount as determined by an independent investment banker in accordance with the terms of the WML Indenture, in either case, plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, on or after October 15, 2016, WML may redeem the 2021 Notes, in whole or in part, at a premium decreasing annually from 103.94% of the principal amount to zero, plus accrued and unpaid interest. If WML undergoes a Change of Control (as defined in the WML Indenture), it must offer to repurchase the 2021 Notes at a price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, the Company may redeem the 2021 Notes, in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, in response to any change in or amendment to certain tax laws or tax positions. Further, if a holder or beneficial owner of the 2021 Notes fails to meet certain requirements imposed by any Gaming Authority (as defined in the WML Indenture), WML may require the holder or beneficial owner to dispose of or redeem its 2021 Notes.

The 2021 Notes are WML’s general unsecured obligations and rank pari passu in right of payment with all of WML’s existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness; will rank senior to all of WML’s future subordinated indebtedness, if any; will be effectively subordinated to all of WML’s future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt; and will be structurally subordinated to all existing and future obligations of WML’s subsidiaries, including Wynn Macau, S.A.’s existing credit facilities. The 2021 Notes are not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and the 2021 Notes are subject to restrictions on transferability and resale.

The WML Indenture contains covenants limiting WML’s (and certain of its subsidiaries’) ability to, among other things: merge or consolidate with another company; transfer or sell all or substantially all of its properties or assets; and lease all or substantially all of its properties or assets. The terms of the WML Indenture contain customary events of default, including, but not limited to: default for 30 days in the payment when due of interest on the 2021 Notes; default in the payment when due of the principal of, or premium, if any, on the 2021 Notes; failure to comply with any payment obligations relating to the repurchase by WML of the 2021 Notes upon a change of control; failure to comply with certain covenants in the WML Indenture; certain defaults on certain other indebtedness; failure to pay judgments against WML or certain subsidiaries that, in the aggregate, exceed \$50 million; and certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency. In the case of an event of default arising from certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency, all 2021 Notes then outstanding will become due and payable immediately without further action or notice.

7 3/4% Wynn Las Vegas First Mortgage Notes due 2020

During the first quarter of 2014, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC repurchased and canceled \$12.0 million in principal plus interest of its 7 3/4% first mortgage notes due August 15, 2020 through an open market transaction. The Company incurred \$1.5 million in expenses associated primarily with the premium paid for the repurchases and unamortized deferred financing costs included in loss on extinguishment of debt in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

Wynn Macau Credit Facilities

The Company's credit facilities consist of a \$950 million equivalent fully funded senior secured term loan facility (the "Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan") and a \$1.55 billion equivalent senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Wynn Macau Senior Revolving Credit Facility" and together with the Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan, the "Wynn Macau Credit Facilities"). As of March 31, 2014, there were no amounts outstanding under the Wynn Macau Senior Revolving Credit Facility.

## Debt Covenant Compliance

As of March 31, 2014, management believes the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants.

## Fair Value of Long-Term Debt

The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt, excluding the Redemption Note, as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, was approximately \$5.6 billion and \$4.8 billion, respectively, compared to its carrying value of \$5.4 billion and \$4.7 billion, respectively. The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt, excluding the Redemption Note, is based on recent trades, if available, and indicative pricing from market information (level 2 inputs). See Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" for discussion on the estimated fair value of the Redemption Note.

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

Note 9 - Interest Rate Swaps

The Company has entered into floating-for-fixed interest rate swap arrangements in order to manage interest rate risk relating to certain of its debt facilities. These interest rate swap agreements modify the Company's exposure to interest rate risk by converting a portion of the Company's floating-rate debt to a fixed rate. These interest rate swaps essentially fix the interest rate at the percentages noted below; however, changes in the fair value of the interest rate swaps for each reporting period have been recorded as an increase/decrease in swap fair value in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, as the interest rate swaps do not qualify for hedge accounting.

The Company utilized Level 2 inputs as described in Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to determine fair value. The fair value approximates the amount the Company would pay if these contracts were settled at the respective valuation dates. Fair value is estimated based upon current, and predictions of future, interest rate levels along a yield curve, the remaining duration of the instruments and other market conditions, and therefore, is subject to significant estimation and a high degree of variability and fluctuation between periods. The fair value is adjusted, to reflect the impact of credit ratings of the counterparties or the Company, as applicable. These adjustments resulted in a reduction in the fair values as compared to their settlement values. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the interest rate swaps were recorded as an asset of \$11.1 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, and included in deposits and other assets.

The Company currently has three interest rate swap agreements intended to hedge a portion of the underlying interest rate risk on borrowings under the Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan. Under two of the swap agreements, the Company pays a fixed interest rate (excluding the applicable interest margin) of 0.73% on notional amounts corresponding to borrowings of HK\$3.95 billion (approximately \$509.4 million) incurred under the Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable HIBOR at the time of payment. These interest rate swaps fix the all-in interest rate on such amounts at 2.48% to 3.23%. These interest rate swap agreements mature in July 2017.

Under the third swap agreement, the Company pays a fixed interest rate (excluding the applicable interest margin) of 0.68% on notional amounts corresponding to borrowings of \$243.8 million incurred under the Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable-rate based on the applicable LIBOR at the time of payment. This interest rate swap fixes the all-in interest rate on such amounts at 2.43% to 3.18%. This interest rate swap agreement matures in July 2017.

Note 10 - Related Party Transactions

Amounts Due to Officers

The Company periodically provides services to Stephen A. Wynn, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer ("Mr. Wynn"), and certain other officers and directors of the Company, including the personal use of employees, construction work and other personal services. Mr. Wynn and other officers and directors have deposits with the Company to prepay any such items, which are replenished on an ongoing basis as needed. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, Mr. Wynn and the other officers and directors had a net deposit balance with the Company of approximately \$1.6 million and \$0.8 million, respectively.

Villa Lease

Mr. Wynn currently leases from Wynn Las Vegas a villa which serves as Mr. Wynn's personal residence. The restated lease agreement and amendments ("SW Lease") were approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts. Pursuant to the SW Lease, Mr. Wynn pays Wynn Las Vegas annual rent for the villa of \$525,000, which amount was determined to be the fair market value of the accommodations based on a third-party appraisal. In addition, pursuant to the SW Lease, Wynn Las Vegas pays for all capital improvements to the villa. The rental value for the villa will be re-determined every two years during the term of the SW Lease by the Audit Committee, with the current rent rate effective through February 28, 2015. Certain services for, and maintenance of, the villa are included in the annual rent.

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

Aircraft Purchase Option Agreement

On January 3, 2013, the Company and Mr. Wynn entered into an agreement pursuant to which Mr. Wynn agreed to terminate a previously granted option to purchase an approximately two acre tract of land located on the Wynn Las Vegas golf course and, in return, the Company granted Mr. Wynn the right to purchase any or all of the aircraft owned by the Company or its direct wholly owned subsidiaries. The aircraft purchase option is exercisable upon 30 days written notice and at a price equal to the book value of such aircraft, and will terminate on the date of termination of the employment agreement between the Company and Mr. Wynn, which expires in October 2020.

The “Wynn” Surname Rights Agreement

On August 6, 2004, the Company entered into agreements with Mr. Wynn that confirm and clarify the Company’s rights to use the “Wynn” name and Mr. Wynn’s persona in connection with its casino resorts. Under the parties’ Surname Rights Agreement, Mr. Wynn granted the Company an exclusive, fully paid-up, perpetual, worldwide license to use, and to own and register trademarks and service marks incorporating the “Wynn” name for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the right to sublicense the name and marks to its affiliates. Under the parties’ Rights of Publicity License, Mr. Wynn granted the Company the exclusive, royalty-free, worldwide right to use his full name, persona and related rights of publicity for casino resorts and related businesses, together with the ability to sublicense the persona and publicity rights to its affiliates, until October 24, 2017.

Note 11 - Property Charges and Other

Property charges and other generally include costs related to the retirement of assets for remodels and asset abandonments. Property charges and other for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$9.9 million and \$5.3 million, respectively. During the first quarter 2014, the Company incurred property charges primarily associated with the renovation of approximately 27,000 square feet of casino space at Wynn Macau for new VIP gaming rooms. The Company expects to complete this renovation before Chinese New Year of 2015. Property charges for the three months ended March 31, 2013 were primarily from miscellaneous renovations and abandonments at our resorts.

Note 12 - Noncontrolling Interest

In October 2009, Wynn Macau, Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and the developer, owner and operator of Wynn Macau, listed its ordinary shares of common stock on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Through an initial public offering, including the over allotment, Wynn Macau, Limited sold 1,437,500,000 shares (27.7%) of this subsidiary’s common stock. The shares of Wynn Macau, Limited were not and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent a registration under the Securities Act, or an applicable exception from such registration requirements. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest was \$76.1 million and \$69.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

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## WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

#### Note 13 - Stock-Based Compensation

The total compensation cost relating both to stock options and nonvested stock is allocated as follows (in thousands):

|  | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |         |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|
|  | 2014                            | 2013    |
| Casino                                     | \$1,256                         | \$1,813 |
| Rooms                                      | —                               | 220     |
| Food and beverage                          | 26                              | 299     |
| Entertainment, retail and other            | —                               | 117     |
| General and administrative                 | 2,639                           | (1,327) |
| Total stock-based compensation expense     | 3,921                           | 1,122   |
| Total stock-based compensation capitalized | 5,535                           | 48      |
| Total stock-based compensation costs       | \$9,456                         | \$1,170 |

During the first quarter of 2014, the Company capitalized \$5.5 million of stock-based compensation into construction for a restricted stock award granted which immediately vested. The restricted stock award was granted to an employee of the Company's design, development and construction subsidiary and will be amortized over the useful life of the related asset.

During the first quarter of 2013, the Company reversed stock-based compensation expense allocated to general and administrative related to restricted stock granted in 2008 and 2011 with an average nine year cliff vest provision that were modified and forfeited during the first quarter of 2013.

#### Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

##### Cotai Development and Land Concession Contract

The Company is currently constructing Wynn Palace, a fully integrated resort containing a 1,700-room hotel, performance lake, meeting space, casino, spa, retail and food and beverage outlets.

In September 2011, Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. and Palo Real Estate Company Limited ("Palo"), each an indirect subsidiary of Wynn Macau Limited, formally accepted the terms and conditions of a draft land concession contract from the Macau government for approximately 51 acres of land in the Cotai area of Macau. On May 2, 2012, the land concession contract was gazetted by the government of Macau evidencing the final step in the granting of the land concession. The initial term of the land concession contract is 25 years from May 2, 2012, and it may be renewed with government approval for successive periods. The total land premium payable, including interest as required by the land concession contract, is \$193.4 million. An initial payment of \$62.5 million was paid in December 2011, with eight additional semi-annual payments of approximately \$16.4 million each (which includes interest at 5%) due beginning November 2012. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company has recorded this obligation and related asset with \$29.3 million included as a current liability and \$46.8 million included as a long-term liability. The Company is also required to make annual lease payments of \$0.8 million during the resort construction period and annual payments of approximately \$1.1 million once the development is completed.

On July 29, 2013, Wynn Macau, S.A. and Palo finalized and executed a guaranteed maximum price construction (“GMP”) contract with Leighton Contractors (Asia) Limited, acting as the general contractor. Under the GMP contract, the general contractor is responsible for both the design and construction of the Wynn Palace project. The general contractor is obligated to substantially complete the project in the first half of 2016 for a guaranteed maximum price of HK\$20 billion (approximately US\$2.57 billion). An early completion bonus for achievement of substantial completion on or before January 25, 2016 will be paid to the general contractor if certain conditions are satisfied under the GMP contract. Both the contract time and guaranteed maximum price are subject to further adjustment under certain specified conditions. The performance of the general contractor is backed by a full completion guarantee given by Leighton Holdings Limited, the parent company of the general contractor, as well as a performance bond for 5% of the guaranteed maximum price.

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

As of March 31, 2014, the Company incurred approximately \$866.7 million of the \$4.0 billion in total project budget costs. The total project budget includes all construction costs, capitalized interest, pre-opening expenses, land costs and financing fees. The Company continues to remain on schedule for an opening in the first half of 2016.

Litigation

In addition to the actions noted below, the Company's affiliates are involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, such litigation is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Atlantic-Pacific Capital

On May 3, 2010, Atlantic-Pacific Capital, Inc. ("APC") filed an arbitration demand with JAMS, a private alternative dispute resolution provider, regarding an agreement with the Company. The action concerns a claim for compensation pursuant to an agreement entered into between APC and the Company on or about March 30, 2009, whereby APC was engaged to raise private equity capital for a specific investment vehicle to be sponsored by the Company. The investment vehicle was never formed. The Company has denied APC's claims for compensation. After APC's demand in early 2010, the Company filed a Complaint for Damages and Declaratory Relief against APC in the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada, on May 10, 2010, which APC removed to the United States District Court, District of Nevada. In March 2011, the District Court denied APC's motion to compel arbitration, and dismissed the action. APC appealed, and on November 13, 2012, the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit reversed the District Court and compelled arbitration. The arbitration hearing took place during April 2014. The Arbitrator ordered the submission of post-hearing briefs, with the final brief due on or before June 12, 2014, and is expected to enter a decision within 30 days thereafter. Management maintains its belief that APC's claims against the Company are without merit, and the Company intends to continue to defend this matter vigorously.

Determination of Unsuitability and Redemption of Aruze USA, Inc. and Affiliates

On February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts' Gaming Compliance Committee received an independent report by Freeh, Sporkin & Sullivan, LLP (the "Freeh Report") detailing a pattern of misconduct by Aruze USA, Inc. (at the time a stockholder of Wynn Resorts), Universal Entertainment Corporation (Aruze USA, Inc.'s parent company), and Kazuo Okada (the majority shareholder of Universal Entertainment Corporation and a former member of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts and Wynn Macau, Limited) (collectively, the "Okada Parties"). The factual record presented in the Freeh Report included evidence that the Okada Parties had provided valuable items to certain foreign gaming officials who were responsible for regulating gaming in a jurisdiction in which entities controlled by Mr. Okada were developing a gaming resort. Mr. Okada denied the impropriety of such conduct to members of the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts and, while serving as one of the Company's directors, Mr. Okada refused to acknowledge or abide by Wynn Resorts' anti-bribery policies and refused to participate in the training all other directors received concerning these policies.

Based on the Freeh Report, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts determined that the Okada Parties are "unsuitable persons" under Article VII of the Company's articles of incorporation. The Board of Directors was unanimous (other than Mr. Okada) in its determination. After authorizing the redemption of the Aruze shares, as discussed below, the Board of Directors took certain actions to protect the Company and its operations from any influence of an unsuitable person, including placing limitations on the provision of certain operating information to unsuitable persons and formation of an Executive Committee of the Board to manage the business and affairs of the Company during the

period between each annual meeting. The Charter of the Executive Committee provides that “Unsuitable Persons” are not permitted to serve on the Committee. All members of the Board, other than Mr. Okada, were appointed to the Executive Committee on February 18, 2012. The Board of Directors also requested that Mr. Okada resign as a director of Wynn Resorts (under Nevada corporation law, a board of directors does not have the power to remove a director) and recommended that Mr. Okada be removed as a member of the Board of Directors of Wynn Macau, Limited. On February 18, 2012, Mr. Okada was removed from the Board of Directors of Wynn Las Vegas Capital Corp., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Wynn Resorts. On February 24, 2012, Mr. Okada was removed from the Board of Directors of Wynn Macau, Limited and on February 22, 2013, he was removed from the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts by a stockholder vote in which 99.6% of the over 86 million shares voted were cast in favor of removal. Mr. Okada resigned from the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts on February 21, 2013. Although the Company has retained the structure of the Executive Committee, the Board has resumed its past role in managing the business and affairs of the Company.

Based on the Board of Directors’ finding of “unsuitability,” on February 18, 2012, Wynn Resorts redeemed and canceled Aruze USA, Inc.’s 24,549,222 shares of Wynn Resorts’ common stock. Following a finding of “unsuitability,” Article VII of

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

Wynn Resorts' articles of incorporation authorizes redemption at "fair value" of the shares held by unsuitable persons. The Company engaged an independent financial adviser to assist in the fair value calculation and concluded that a discount to the then current trading price was appropriate because of, among other things, restrictions on most of the shares held by Aruze USA, Inc. under the terms of the Stockholders Agreement (as defined below). Pursuant to its articles of incorporation, Wynn Resorts issued the Redemption Note to Aruze USA, Inc. in redemption of the shares. The Redemption Note has a principal amount of \$1.94 billion, matures on February 18, 2022, and bears interest at the rate of 2% per annum, payable annually in arrears on each anniversary of the date of the Redemption Note. The Company may, in its sole and absolute discretion, at any time and from time to time, and without penalty or premium, prepay the whole or any portion of the principal or interest due under the Redemption Note. In no instance shall any payment obligation under the Redemption Note be accelerated except in the sole and absolute discretion of Wynn Resorts or as specifically mandated by law. The indebtedness evidenced by the Redemption Note is and shall be subordinated in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner provided in the Redemption Note, to the prior payment in full of all existing and future obligations of Wynn Resorts or any of its affiliates in respect of indebtedness for borrowed money of any kind or nature.

The Company provided the Freeh Report to appropriate regulators and law enforcement agencies and has been cooperating with related investigations that such regulators and agencies have undertaken. The conduct of the Okada Parties and any resulting regulatory investigations could have adverse consequences to the Company and its subsidiaries. A finding by regulatory authorities that Mr. Okada violated anti-corruption statutes and/or other laws or regulations applicable to persons affiliated with a gaming licensee on Company property and/or otherwise involved the Company in criminal or civil violations could result in actions by regulatory authorities against the Company and its subsidiaries.

Redemption Action and Counterclaim

On February 19, 2012, Wynn Resorts filed a complaint in the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada against the Okada Parties (as amended, the "Complaint"), alleging breaches of fiduciary duty and related claims (the "Redemption Action") arising from the activities addressed in the Freeh Report. The Company is seeking compensatory and special damages as well as a declaration that it acted lawfully and in full compliance with its articles of incorporation, bylaws and other governing documents in redeeming and canceling the shares of Aruze, USA, Inc.

On March 12, 2012, the Okada Parties removed the action to the United States District Court for the District of Nevada (the action was subsequently remanded to Nevada state court). On that same date, the Okada Parties filed an answer denying the claims and a counterclaim (as amended, the "Counterclaim") that purports to assert claims against the Company, each of the members of the Company's Board of Directors (other than Mr. Okada) and Wynn Resorts' General Counsel (the "Wynn Parties"). The Counterclaim alleges, among other things: (1) that the shares of Wynn Resorts common stock owned by Aruze USA, Inc. were exempt from the redemption-for-unsuitability provisions in the Wynn Resorts articles of incorporation (the "Articles") pursuant to certain agreements executed in 2002; (2) that the Wynn Resorts directors who authorized the redemption of Aruze USA, Inc.'s shares acted at the direction of Stephen A. Wynn and did not independently and objectively evaluate the Okada Parties' suitability, and by so doing, breached their fiduciary duties; (3) that the Wynn Resorts directors violated the terms of the Wynn Resorts Articles by failing to pay Aruze USA, Inc. fair value for the redeemed shares; and (4) that the terms of the Redemption Note that Aruze USA, Inc. received in exchange for the redeemed shares, including the Redemption Note's principal amount, duration, interest rate, and subordinated status, were unconscionable. Among other relief, the Counterclaim seeks a declaration that the redemption of Aruze USA, Inc.'s shares was void, an injunction restoring Aruze USA, Inc.'s share ownership, damages in an unspecified amount and rescission of the Amended and Restated Stockholders Agreement,

dated as of January 6, 2010, by and among Aruze USA, Inc., Stephen A. Wynn, and Elaine Wynn (the "Stockholders Agreement").

On June 19, 2012, Elaine Wynn asserted a cross claim against Stephen A. Wynn and Aruze USA, Inc. seeking a declaration that (1) any and all of Elaine Wynn's duties under the Stockholders Agreement be discharged; (2) the Stockholders Agreement is subject to rescission and is rescinded; (3) the Stockholders Agreement is an unreasonable restraint on alienation in violation of public policy; and/or (4) the restrictions on sale of shares shall be construed as inapplicable to Elaine Wynn. The indentures for Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's 7 7/8% first mortgage notes due 2020, 7 3/4% first mortgage notes due 2020 (together, the "2020 Indentures") and the indenture for Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's 4 1/4% Senior Notes due 2023 (the "2023 Indenture," and, together with the 2020 Indentures, the "Indentures") provide that if Stephen A. Wynn, together with certain related parties, in the aggregate beneficially owns a lesser percentage of the outstanding common stock of the Company than are beneficially owned by any other person, a change of control will have occurred. The indentures for Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's 5 3/8% first mortgage notes due 2022 (the "2022 Indenture") provides that if any event constitutes a "change of control" under the 2020 Indentures, it will constitute a change of control under the 2022 Indenture. If Elaine Wynn prevails in her cross claim, Stephen A. Wynn would not beneficially own or control Elaine Wynn's shares and a change in control may result under the Wynn Las

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

Vegas debt documents. Under the 2020 Indentures and the 2022 Indenture, the occurrence of a change of control requires that the Company make an offer to each holder to repurchase all or any part of such holder's notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest on the notes purchased, if any, to the date of repurchase (unless the notes have been previously called for redemption). Under the 2023 Indenture, if a change of control occurs and within 60 days after that occurrence the 4 1/4% Senior Notes due 2023 are rated below investment grade by both rating agencies that rate such notes, the Company is required to make an offer to each holder to repurchase all or any part of such holder's notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest on the notes purchased, if any, to the date of repurchase (unless the notes have been previously called for redemption). Mr. Wynn is opposing Ms. Wynn's cross claim.

The Company's Complaint and the Okada Parties' Counterclaim have been, and continue to be, challenged through motion practice. At a hearing held on November 13, 2012, the Nevada state court granted the Wynn Parties' motion to dismiss the Counterclaim with respect to the Okada Parties' claim under the Nevada Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act with respect to certain Company executives but otherwise denied the motion. At a hearing held on January 15, 2013, the court denied the Okada Parties' motion to dismiss the Company's Complaint. On April 22, 2013, the Company filed a second amended complaint. On August 30, 2013, the Okada Parties filed their third amended Counterclaim. On September 18, 2013, the Company filed a Partial Motion to Dismiss related to a claim in the third amended Counterclaim alleging civil extortion by Mr. Wynn and the Company's General Counsel. On October 29, 2013, the court granted the motion and dismissed the claim. On November 26, 2013, the Okada Parties filed their fourth amended Counterclaim, and the Company filed an answer to that pleading on December 16, 2013.

On each of February 14, 2013, and February 13, 2014, the Company issued a check to Aruze USA, Inc. in the amount of \$38.7 million, representing the interest payments due on the Redemption Note at those times. However, those checks were not cashed. The parties engaged in discussions regarding the terms of an escrow agreement in accordance with a prior court order. However, in February 2014, the Okada Parties advised of their intent to deposit any checks for interest and principal, past and future, due under the terms of the Redemption Note to the Clerk of the Court for deposit into the Clerk's Trust Account. On March 17, 2014, the parties stipulated that the checks be returned to the Company for reissue in the same amounts, payable to the Clerk of the Court for deposit into the Clerk's Trust Account. Pursuant to the stipulation, on March 20, 2014, the Company delivered to the Clerk of the Court the reissued checks for deposit into the Clerk's Trust Account and filed a Notice with the Court with respect to the same.

On April 8, 2013, the United States Attorney's Office and the U.S. Department of Justice filed a Motion to Intervene and for Temporary and Partial Stay of Discovery in the Redemption Action. The parties had been engaged in discovery at the time of the filing. The motion stated that the federal government has been conducting a criminal investigation of the Okada Parties involving the "same underlying allegations of misconduct-that is, potential violations of the Foreign Corrupt Practice Act and related fraudulent conduct-that form the basis of" the Company's complaint, as amended, in the Redemption Action. The motion sought to stay all discovery in the Redemption Action related to the Okada Parties' allegedly unlawful activities in connection with their casino project in the Philippines until the conclusion of the criminal investigation and any resulting criminal prosecution, with an interim status update to the court in six months. At a hearing on May 2, 2013, the court granted the motion and ordered that all discovery in the Redemption Action be stayed for a period of six months (the "Stay"). On May 30, 2013, Elaine Wynn filed a motion for partial relief from the Stay, to allow her to conduct limited discovery related to her cross and counterclaims. The Wynn Parties opposed the motion so as to not interfere with the United States government's investigation. At a hearing on August 1, 2013, the court denied the motion. On October 29, 2013, the United States Attorney's Office and the U.S. Department of Justice filed a Motion to Extend the Stay for a further period of six months. At a hearing on

October 31, 2013, the court granted the requested extension based upon an affidavit provided under seal that outlined, among other things, concerns for witness safety. The court did, however, order the parties to exchange written discovery propounded prior to May 2, 2013, including discovery related to the Elaine Wynn cross and counterclaims referred to above. The extended Stay expired on May 5, 2014. On April 29, 2014, the United States Attorney's Office and the U.S. Department of Justice filed a Motion for a Second Extension of Temporary Stay of Discovery for a further six months. At a hearing on May 1, 2014, the court denied the motion.

The Company will continue to vigorously pursue its claims against the Okada Parties, and the Company and the Wynn Parties will continue to vigorously defend against the counterclaims asserted against them. The Company's claims and the Okada Parties' counterclaims remain in an early stage and management has determined that based on proceedings to date, it is currently unable to determine the probability of the outcome of this matter or the range of reasonably possible loss, if any. An adverse judgment or settlement involving payment of a material amount could cause a material adverse effect on our financial condition.

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WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

Litigation Commenced by Kazuo Okada

Japan Action:

On August 28, 2012, Mr. Okada, Universal Entertainment Corporation and Okada Holdings (“Okada Japan Parties”) filed a complaint in Tokyo District Court against the Company, all members of the Board of Directors (other than Mr. Okada) and the Company’s General Counsel (the “Wynn Parties”), alleging that the press release issued by the Company with respect to the redemption has damaged plaintiffs’ social evaluation and credibility. The Okada Japan Parties seek damages and legal fees from the Wynn Parties. After asking the Okada Japan Parties to clarify the allegations in their complaint, the Wynn Parties objected to the jurisdiction of the Japanese court. On April 30, 2013, the Wynn Parties filed a memorandum in support of their jurisdictional position. On October 21, 2013, the court dismissed the action on jurisdictional grounds. On November 1, 2013, the Okada Japan Parties filed an appeal moving the matter to the Tokyo High Court. On April 24, 2014, a hearing took place, with a decision on the appeal expected in June, 2014.

Indemnification Action:

On March 20, 2013, Mr. Okada filed a complaint against the Company in Nevada state court for indemnification under the Company’s Articles, bylaws and agreements with its directors. The complaint sought advancement of Mr. Okada’s costs and expenses (including attorney’s fees) incurred pursuant to the various legal proceedings and related regulatory investigations described above. The Company’s answer and counterclaim was filed on April 15, 2013. The counterclaim named each of the Okada Parties as defendants and sought indemnification under the Company’s Articles for costs and expenses (including attorney’s fees) incurred pursuant to the various legal proceedings and related regulatory investigations described above. On April 30, 2013, Mr. Okada filed his reply to the counterclaim. On February 4, 2014, the court entered an order on the parties’ stipulation that: (1) dismissed all claims Mr. Okada asserted against the Company; (2) reserved Mr. Okada’s right to assert, in the future, any claims for indemnity following the resolution of the Redemption Action; and (3) stayed the claims asserted by the Company against Mr. Okada pending the resolution of the Redemption Action.

Management has determined that based on proceedings to date, it is currently unable to determine the probability of the outcome of this action or the range of reasonably possible loss, if any.

Related Investigations and Derivative Litigation

Investigations:

In the U.S. Department of Justice’s Motion to Intervene and for Temporary and Partial Stay of Discovery in the Redemption Action, the Department of Justice states in a footnote that the government also has been conducting a criminal investigation into the Company’s donation to the University of Macau discussed above. The Company has not received any target letter or subpoena in connection with such an investigation. The Company intends to cooperate fully with the government in response to any inquiry related to the donation to the University of Macau.

Other regulators may pursue separate investigations into the Company’s compliance with applicable laws arising from the allegations in the matters described above and in response to the Counterclaim and other litigation filed by Mr. Okada suggesting improprieties in connection with the Company’s donation to the University of Macau. While the

Company believes that it is in full compliance with all applicable laws, any such investigations could result in actions by regulators against the Company. Prior investigations by the Nevada Gaming Control Board and SEC were closed with no actions taken.

Derivative Claims:

Six derivative actions were commenced against the Company and all members of its Board of Directors: four in the United States District Court, District of Nevada, and two in the Eighth Judicial District Court of Clark County, Nevada.

The four federal actions brought by the following plaintiffs have been consolidated: (1) The Louisiana Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System, (2) Maryanne Solak, (3) Excavators Union Local 731 Welfare Fund, and (4) Boilermakers Lodge No. 154 Retirement Fund (collectively, the "Federal Plaintiffs").

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

The Federal Plaintiffs filed a consolidated complaint on August 6, 2012, asserting claims for: (1) breach of fiduciary duty; (2) waste of corporate assets; (3) injunctive relief; and (4) unjust enrichment. The claims were against the Company and all Company directors, including Mr. Okada, however, the plaintiffs voluntarily dismissed Mr. Okada as a defendant in this consolidated action on September 27, 2012. The Federal Plaintiffs claimed that the individual defendants breached their fiduciary duties and wasted assets by: (a) failing to ensure the Company's officers and directors complied with federal and state laws and the Company's Code of Conduct; (b) voting to allow the Company's subsidiary to make the donation to the University of Macau; and (c) redeeming Aruze USA, Inc.'s stock such that the Company incurs the debt associated with the redemption. The Federal Plaintiffs seek unspecified compensatory damages, restitution in the form of disgorgement, reformation of corporate governance procedures, an injunction against all future payments related to the donation/pledge, and all fees (attorneys, accountants, and experts) and costs. The directors responded to the consolidated complaint by filing a motion to dismiss on September 14, 2012. On February 1, 2013, the federal court dismissed the complaint for failure to plead adequately the futility of a pre-suit demand on the Board. The dismissal was without prejudice to the Federal Plaintiffs' ability to file a motion within 30 days seeking leave to file an amended complaint. On April 9, 2013, the Federal Plaintiffs filed their amended complaint. The Company and the directors filed their motion to dismiss the amended complaint on May 23, 2013. On March 13, 2014, the federal court granted the motion to dismiss and entered judgment in favor of the Company and directors and against the Federal Plaintiffs without prejudice. On April 10, 2014, the Federal plaintiff's filed a notice of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit.

The two state court actions brought by the following plaintiffs have also been consolidated: (1) IBEW Local 98 Pension Fund and (2) Danny Hinson (collectively, the "State Plaintiffs"). Through a coordination of efforts by all parties, the directors and the Company (a nominal defendant) have been served in all of the actions. The State Plaintiffs filed a consolidated complaint on July 20, 2012 asserting claims for (1) breach of fiduciary duty; (2) abuse of control; (3) gross mismanagement; and (4) unjust enrichment. The claims are against the Company and all Company directors, including Mr. Okada, as well as the Company's Chief Financial Officer, who signs financial disclosures filed with the SEC. The State Plaintiffs claim that the individual defendants failed to disclose to the Company's stockholders the investigation into, and the dispute with director Okada as well as the alleged potential violations of the FCPA related to, the University of Macau Development Foundation donation. The State Plaintiffs seek unspecified monetary damages (compensatory and punitive), disgorgement, reformation of corporate governance procedures, an order directing the Company to internally investigate the donation, as well as attorneys' fees and costs. On October 13, 2012, the court entered the parties' stipulation providing for a stay of the state derivative action for 90 days, subject to the parties' obligation to monitor the progress of the pending litigation, discussed above, between Wynn Resorts (among others) and Mr. Okada (among others). Per the stipulation, Wynn Resorts and the individual defendants were not required to respond to the consolidated complaint while the stay remained in effect. Following the expiration of the stay, the State Plaintiffs advised the Company and the individual defendants that they intended to resume the action by filing an amended complaint, which they did, on April 26, 2013. The Company and directors filed their motion to dismiss on June 10, 2013. However, on July 31, 2013, the parties agreed to a stipulation that was submitted to, and approved by the court. The stipulation contemplates a stay of the consolidated state court derivative action of equal duration as the Stay entered by the court in the Redemption Action. On February 5, 2014, the court entered a new stipulation between the parties that provides for a further stay of the state derivative action and directs the parties, within 30 days of the conclusion of the Stay in the Redemption Action, to discuss how the state derivative action should proceed and to file a joint report with the court.

The individual defendants are vigorously defending against the claims pleaded against them in the state derivative action. Management has determined that based on proceedings to date, it is currently unable to determine the probability of the outcome of this action or the range of reasonably possible loss, if any.

Note 15 - Income Taxes

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company recorded tax expense of \$2.6 million and tax benefit of \$5.1 million, respectively. The Company's income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2014 is primarily related to an increase in the domestic valuation allowance for U.S. foreign tax credits that are not expected to provide a U.S. tax benefit in future years. The Company's income tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2013 is primarily related to a decrease in deferred tax liabilities reduced by foreign taxes assessable on the dividends of Wynn Macau, S.A. and foreign tax provisions related to international marketing offices. Since June 30, 2010, the Company no longer considers its portion of the tax earnings and profits of Wynn Macau, Limited to be permanently invested. No additional U.S. tax provision has been made with respect to amounts not considered permanently invested as the Company anticipates that U.S. foreign tax credits should be sufficient to eliminate any U.S. tax provision relating to such repatriation. The Company has not provided deferred U.S. income taxes or foreign withholding taxes on temporary differences as these amounts are permanently reinvested. For the three months

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## WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company recognized income tax benefits related to excess tax deductions associated with stock compensation costs of \$2.4 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

Wynn Macau, S.A. has received a 5-year exemption from Macau's 12% Complementary Tax on casino gaming profits through December 31, 2015. Accordingly, the Company was exempted from the payment of \$31.6 million and \$26.5 million in such taxes during each of the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. The Company's non-gaming profits remain subject to the Macau Complementary Tax and casino winnings remain subject to the Macau Special Gaming tax and other levies together totaling 39% in accordance with its concession agreement.

In December 2013, the Company received notification that for the 2014 tax year it had been accepted for the Compliance Maintenance phase of the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") Compliance Assurance Program ("CAP"), which accelerates IRS examination of key transactions with the goal of resolving any issues before the taxpayer files its return. In the Compliance Maintenance phase, the IRS, at its discretion, may reduce the level of review of the taxpayer's tax positions based on the complexity and number of issues, and the taxpayer's history of compliance, cooperation and transparency in the CAP.

In February 2014, the Company received notification that the IRS completed its examination of the Company's 2012 U.S. income tax return and had no changes.

In March 2013, the Financial Services Bureau commenced an examination of the 2009, 2010, and 2011 Macau income tax returns of Wynn Macau, S.A. Since the examination is in its initial stages, the Company is unable to determine if it will conclude within the next 12 months. The Company believes that its liability for uncertain tax positions is adequate with respect to these years.

## Note 16 - Segment Information

The Company monitors its operations and evaluates earnings by reviewing the assets and operations of its Macau Operations and its Las Vegas Operations. The Company's total assets by segment are as follows (in thousands):

|                      | March 31,<br>2014 | December 31,<br>2013 |
|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Assets               |                   |                      |
| Macau Operations     | \$4,828,933       | \$3,918,163          |
| Las Vegas Operations | 3,515,731         | 3,576,648            |
| Corporate and other  | 768,557           | 882,219              |
|                      | \$9,113,221       | \$8,377,030          |

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## WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

The Company's segment information for its results of operations are as follows (in thousands):

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |             |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|
|   | 2014                            | 2013        |
| Net revenues                                    |                                 |             |
| Macau Operations                                | \$1,132,698                     | \$992,065   |
| Las Vegas Operations                            | 380,915                         | 386,589     |
| Total   | \$1,513,613                     | \$1,378,654 |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA (1)                    |                                 |             |
| Macau Operations                                | \$384,328                       | \$330,711   |
| Las Vegas Operations                            | 110,288                         | 120,357     |
| Total   | 494,616                         | 451,068     |
| Other operating costs and expenses              |                                 |             |
| Pre-opening costs                               | 3,073                           | 452         |
| Depreciation and amortization                   | 76,659                          | 92,518      |
| Property charges and other                      | 9,934                           | 5,346       |
| Corporate expenses and other                    | 23,890                          | 17,782      |
| Stock-based compensation                        | 3,921                           | 1,122       |
| Equity in income from unconsolidated affiliates | 308                             | 200         |
| Total   | 117,785                         | 117,420     |
| Operating income                                | 376,831                         | 333,648     |
| Non-operating costs and expenses                |                                 |             |
| Interest income                                 | 4,753                           | 4,222       |
| Interest expense, net of capitalized interest   | (75,256)                        | ) (75,377 ) |
| Increase in swap fair value                     | 842                             | 3,144       |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt                  | (1,529)                         | ) —         |
| Equity in income from unconsolidated affiliates | 308                             | 200         |
| Other   | (297)                           | ) 1,165     |
| Total   | (71,179)                        | ) (66,646 ) |
| Income before income taxes                      | 305,652                         | 267,002     |
| (Provision) benefit for income taxes            | (2,609)                         | ) 5,142     |
| Net income                                      | \$303,043                       | \$272,144   |

(1) "Adjusted Property EBITDA" is earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, pre-opening costs, property charges and other, corporate expenses, intercompany golf course and water rights leases, stock-based compensation, and other non-operating income and expenses and includes equity in income from unconsolidated affiliates. Adjusted Property EBITDA is presented exclusively as a supplemental disclosure because management believes that it is widely used to measure the performance, and as a basis for valuation, of gaming companies. Management uses Adjusted Property EBITDA as a measure of the operating performance of its segments and to compare the operating performance of its properties with those of its competitors. The Company also presents Adjusted Property EBITDA because it is used by some investors as a way to measure a company's ability to incur and service debt, make capital expenditures and meet working capital requirements. Gaming companies have historically reported EBITDA as a supplement to financial measures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). In order to view the operations of their casinos on a more stand-alone basis, gaming companies, including Wynn Resorts, Limited, have historically excluded from their EBITDA calculations pre-opening expenses, property charges, corporate expenses and stock-based compensation that do not relate to the

management of specific casino properties. However, Adjusted Property EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to operating income as an indicator of the Company's performance, as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity, or as an alternative to any other measure determined in accordance with GAAP. Unlike net income, Adjusted Property EBITDA does not include depreciation or interest expense and therefore does

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

not reflect current or future capital expenditures or the cost of capital. The Company has significant uses of cash flows, including capital expenditures, interest payments, debt principal repayments, taxes and other non-recurring charges, which are not reflected in Adjusted Property EBITDA. Also, Wynn Resorts' calculation of Adjusted Property EBITDA may be different from the calculation methods used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be limited.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

On May 1, 2014 the Company announced a cash dividend of \$1.25 per share of its outstanding common stock. The cash dividend will be payable on May 29, 2014 to stockholders of record on May 15, 2014.

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### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and our consolidated financial statements appearing in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references herein to the "Company," "we," "us" or "our," or similar terms, refer to Wynn Resorts, Limited, a Nevada corporation, and its consolidated subsidiaries. This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements. Please refer to the section below entitled "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

#### Overview

We are a developer, owner and operator of destination casino resorts. In the Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China ("Macau"), we operate and own 72.3% of Wynn Macau and Encore at Wynn Macau. We refer to the fully integrated Wynn Macau and Encore at Wynn Macau resort as Wynn Macau | Encore or as our Macau Operations. In Las Vegas, Nevada, we own and operate Wynn Las Vegas and Encore at Wynn Las Vegas, which we refer to as Wynn Las Vegas | Encore or our Las Vegas Operations. We are developing Wynn Palace, a fully integrated casino resort in the Cotai area of Macau.

#### Macau Operations

We operate Wynn Macau | Encore under a 20-year casino concession agreement granted by the Macau government in June 2002.

Our Macau resort complex features:

- Approximately 280,000 square feet of casino space, offering 24-hour gaming and a full range of games, including private gaming salons, sky casinos and a poker pit;

- Two luxury hotel towers with a total of 1,008 spacious guest rooms and suites;

- Casual and fine dining in eight restaurants;

- Approximately 57,000 square feet of high-end, brand-name retail shopping, including stores and boutiques by Bvlgari, Cartier, Chanel, Dior, Dunhill, Ferrari, Giorgio Armani, Graff, Gucci, Hermes, Hugo Boss, Jaeger-LeCoultre, Loro Piana, Louis Vuitton, Miu Miu, Piaget, Prada, Roger Dubuis, Rolex, Tiffany, Tudor, Vacheron Constantin, Van Cleef & Arpels, Versace, Vertu, Ermenegildo Zegna and others;

- Recreation and leisure facilities, including two health clubs, spas, a salon and a pool; and

- Approximately 31,000 square feet of space for lounges and meeting facilities.

In response to our evaluation of our Macau Operations and the reactions of our guests, we have made and expect to continue to make enhancements and refinements to this resort complex. In March 2014, we began renovation of approximately 27,000 square feet of our casino space at Wynn Macau for new VIP gaming rooms. We expect to complete this renovation before Chinese New Year of 2015.

#### Las Vegas Operations

Wynn Las Vegas | Encore is located at the intersection of the Las Vegas Strip and Sands Avenue, and occupies approximately 215 acres of land fronting the Las Vegas Strip. In addition, we own approximately 18 acres across Sands Avenue, a portion of which is utilized for employee parking and an office building, and approximately 5 acres adjacent to the golf course on which an office building is located.

Our Las Vegas resort complex features:

- Approximately 186,000 square feet of casino space, offering 24-hour gaming and a full range of games, including private gaming salons, a sky casino, a poker room, and a race and sports book;
- Two luxury hotel towers with a total of 4,748 spacious guest rooms, suites and villas;
- 34 food and beverage outlets featuring signature chefs;
- A Ferrari and Maserati automobile dealership;

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- Approximately 284,000 square feet of meeting and convention space;
- Approximately 99,000 square feet of high-end, brand-name retail shopping, including stores and boutiques by Alexander McQueen, Brioni, Cartier, Chanel, Chloé, Chopard, Dior, Givenchy, Graff, Hermes, IWC Schaffhausen, Jaeger-LeCoultre, Loro Piana, Louis Vuitton, Manolo Blahnik, Nicholas Kirkwood, Oscar de la Renta, Piaget, Rolex, Vertu and others;
- Recreation and leisure facilities, including an 18-hole golf course, swimming pools, private cabanas and two full service spas and salons;
- Two showrooms; and
- Three nightclubs and a beach club.

## Future Development

We are currently constructing Wynn Palace in the Cotai area of Macau, a fully integrated resort containing a 1,700-room hotel, performance lake, meeting space, casino, spa, retail offerings and food and beverage outlets. The total project budget, including construction costs, capitalized interest, pre-opening expenses, land costs and financing fees, is \$4.0 billion. As of March 31, 2014, we have invested \$866.7 million in the project. We continue to remain on schedule for an opening in the first half of 2016.

On July 29, 2013, Wynn Macau and Palo finalized and executed a guaranteed maximum price construction ("GMP") contract with Leighton Contractors (Asia) Limited acting as the general contractor. Under the GMP contract, the general contractor is responsible for both the design and construction of the Wynn Palace project. The general contractor is obligated to substantially complete the project in the first half of 2016 for a guaranteed maximum price of HK\$20 billion (approximately \$2.57 billion). An early completion bonus for achievement of substantial completion on or before January 25, 2016 will be paid to the general contractor if certain conditions are satisfied under the GMP contract. Both the contract time and guaranteed maximum price are subject to further adjustment under certain specified conditions. The performance of the general contractor is backed by a full completion guarantee given by Leighton Holdings Limited, the parent company of the general contractor, as well as a performance bond for 5% of the guaranteed maximum price.

We continually seek out new opportunities for additional gaming or related businesses, in the United States, and worldwide. We have made an application for a gaming license in Massachusetts. The process is competitive and we expect to know the outcome by the end of the third quarter of 2014. Proceeding with this project will require significant expenditure of Company funds. In addition, we are exploring various international jurisdictions for expansion opportunities.

## Key Operating Measures

Certain key operating statistics specific to the gaming industry are included in our discussion of our operational performance for the periods for which a Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income is presented. Below are definitions of these key operating statistics discussed:

- Table games win is the amount of drop or turnover that is retained and recorded as casino revenue.
- Drop is the amount of cash and net markers issued that are deposited in a gaming table's drop box.
- Turnover is the sum of all losing rolling chip wagers within our Wynn Macau Operations' VIP program.
- Rolling chips are identifiable chips that are used to track turnover for purposes of calculating incentives.
- Slot win is the amount of handle (representing the total amount wagered) that is retained by us and is recorded as casino revenue.
- Average Daily Rate ("ADR") is calculated by dividing total room revenue including the retail value of promotional allowances (less service charges, if any) by total rooms occupied including complimentary rooms.

Revenue per Available Room (“REVPAR”) is calculated by dividing total room revenue including the retail value of promotional allowances (less service charges, if any) by total rooms available.

Occupancy is calculated by dividing total occupied rooms, including complimentary rooms, by the total rooms available.

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Below is a discussion of the methodologies used to calculate win percentage at our resorts.

In our VIP casino in Macau, customers primarily purchase non-negotiable chips, commonly referred to as rolling chips, from the casino cage and there is no deposit into a gaming table drop box from chips purchased from the cage. Non-negotiable chips can only be used to make wagers. Winning wagers are paid in cash chips. The loss of the non-negotiable chips in the VIP casino is recorded as turnover and provides a base for calculating VIP casino win percentage. It is customary in Macau to measure VIP casino play using this rolling chip method. We expect our win as a percentage of turnover in this segment to be within the range of 2.7% to 3.0%.

The measurement base used in the general casino is not the same as that used in the VIP casino. In our general casino in Macau, customers may purchase cash chips at either the gaming tables or at the casino cage. The cash used to purchase the cash chips at the gaming tables is deposited into the gaming table's drop box. This is the base of measurement that we use for calculating win percentage in our general casino. We do not report an expected range for the win percentage in our general casino as chips purchased at the casino cage are excluded from table games drop and distort our expected win percentage. With increased purchases at the casino cage, we believe the relevant indicator of volumes in the mass market segment should be table games win.

The measurements in our VIP casino and the general casino are not comparable as the general casino tracks the initial purchase of chips at the table while the measurement method in our VIP casino tracks the sum of all losing wagers. Accordingly, the base measurement in the VIP casino is much larger than the base measurement in the general casino. As a result, the expected win percentage with the same amount of gaming win is smaller in the VIP casino when compared to the general casino.

In Las Vegas, customers purchase chips at the gaming tables. The cash and net markers used to purchase chips are deposited in the gaming table's drop box. This is the base of measurement that we use for calculating win percentage in Las Vegas. Each type of table game has its own theoretical win percentage. Our expected table games win percentage in Las Vegas is 21% to 24%.

## Results of Operations

### First quarter 2014 results

| (in thousands, except per share data)            | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |             | Percent<br>Change |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
|  | 2014                            | 2013        |                   |
| Net revenues                                     | \$1,513,613                     | \$1,378,654 | 9.8               |
| Net income attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited | \$226,896                       | \$202,963   | 11.8              |
| Diluted income per share                         | \$2.22                          | \$2.00      | 11.0              |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA                         | \$494,616                       | \$451,068   | 9.7               |

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, our net income attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited increased 11.8% to \$226.9 million, resulting in diluted earnings per share of \$2.22. We increased Adjusted Property EBITDA year-over-year by 9.7%, from \$451.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 to \$494.6 million for the same period of 2014. Our results for the quarter were attributable to a 15.1% increase in casino revenues from our Macau Operations driven by a volume increase in our VIP casino and an increase in table games win at our general casino.

Reliance on only two resort complexes (in two geographic regions) for our operating cash flow exposes us to certain risks that competitors, whose operations are more geographically diversified, may be better able to control. In addition

to the concentration of operations in two resort complexes, many of our customers are premium gaming customers who wager on credit, thus exposing us to increased credit risk. High-end gaming also increases the potential for variability in our results.

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Financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2013.

## Net Revenues

The following table presents net revenues from our Macau and Las Vegas Operations (in thousands):

|                      | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |             | Percent<br>Change |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
|                      | 2014                            | 2013        |                   |
| Net revenues         |                                 |             |                   |
| Macau Operations     | \$1,132,698                     | \$992,065   | 14.2              |
| Las Vegas Operations | 380,915                         | 386,589     | (1.5 )            |
|                      | \$1,513,613                     | \$1,378,654 | 9.8               |

Net revenues increased 9.8% to \$1,513.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, up from \$1,378.7 million for the same period in 2013. The net revenue growth was driven by an increase of \$140.6 million, or 15.1%, in casino revenue from our Macau Operations.

The following table presents net revenues from our casino revenues and non-casino revenues (in thousands).

Non-casino revenues consist of operating revenues from rooms, food and beverage, entertainment, retail and other, less promotional allowances.

|                     | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |             | Percent<br>Change |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
|                     | 2014                            | 2013        |                   |
| Net revenues        |                                 |             |                   |
| Casino revenues     | \$1,226,133                     | \$1,106,503 | 10.8              |
| Non-casino revenues | 287,480                         | 272,151     | 5.6               |
|                     | \$1,513,613                     | \$1,378,654 | 9.8               |

Casino revenues were 81.0% of total net revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to 80.3% of total net revenues for the same period of 2013, while non-casino revenues were 19.0% of total net revenues compared to 19.7% in the prior year.

## Casino Revenues

Casino revenues increased 10.8% to \$1,226.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, up from \$1,106.5 million in the same period of 2013 primarily from our Macau Operations. Our Macau Operations experienced a year-over-year increase in casino revenues of 15.1% from \$930.3 million to \$1,070.9 million driven by a 26.7% increase in VIP turnover and a 23.7% increase in table games win at our general casino. We experienced this performance despite a reduction in our VIP win as a percentage of turnover from 3.14% to 2.79%. Our Las Vegas Operations experienced a decline in casino revenues of 11.9% to \$155.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, from \$176.3 million in the same period of 2013, primarily due to a 6.0 percentage point reduction in table games win percentage.

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The table below sets forth our casino revenues and associated key operating measures for our Macau and Las Vegas Operations (in thousands, except for win per unit per day and average number of table games and slots).

|                                   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |              |                         |                   |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
|                                   | 2014                            | 2013         | Increase/<br>(Decrease) | Percent<br>Change |
| <b>Macau Operations:</b>          |                                 |              |                         |                   |
| Total casino revenues             | \$1,070,854                     | \$930,252    | \$140,602               | 15.1              |
| Average number of table games     | 492                             | 494          | (2)                     | (0.4)             |
| <b>VIP Casino</b>                 |                                 |              |                         |                   |
| VIP turnover                      | \$35,997,716                    | \$28,414,118 | \$7,583,598             | 26.7              |
| VIP win as a % of turnover        | 2.79                            | % 3.14       | % (0.35)                | )                 |
| <b>General Casino</b>             |                                 |              |                         |                   |
| Drop (1)                          | \$692,459                       | \$684,809    | \$7,650                 | 1.1               |
| Table games win                   | \$300,709                       | \$243,122    | \$57,587                | 23.7              |
| Table games win % (1)             | 43.4                            | % 35.5       | % 7.9                   |                   |
| Table games win per unit per day  | \$15,695                        | \$13,180     | \$2,515                 | 19.1              |
| <b>Las Vegas Operations:</b>      |                                 |              |                         |                   |
| Average number of slots           | 842                             | 843          | (1)                     | (0.1)             |
| Slot machine handle               | \$1,398,890                     | \$1,116,103  | \$282,787               | 25.3              |
| Slot machine win                  | \$69,437                        | \$61,389     | \$8,048                 | 13.1              |
| Slot machine win per unit per day | \$917                           | \$809        | \$108                   | 13.3              |
| <b>Las Vegas Operations:</b>      |                                 |              |                         |                   |
| Total casino revenues             | \$155,279                       | \$176,251    | \$(20,972)              | (11.9)            |
| Average number of table games     | 231                             | 233          | (2)                     | (0.9)             |
| Drop                              | \$647,436                       | \$668,920    | \$(21,484)              | (3.2)             |
| Table games win                   | \$133,734                       | \$178,790    | \$(45,056)              | (25.2)            |
| Table games win %                 | 20.7                            | % 26.7       | % (6.0)                 | )                 |
| Table games win per unit per day  | \$6,419                         | \$8,519      | \$(2,100)               | (24.7)            |
| <b>Las Vegas Operations:</b>      |                                 |              |                         |                   |
| Average number of slots           | 1,866                           | 2,187        | (321)                   | (14.7)            |
| Slot machine handle               | \$743,798                       | \$696,594    | \$47,204                | 6.8               |
| Slot machine win                  | \$45,501                        | \$42,283     | \$3,218                 | 7.6               |
| Slot machine win per unit per day | \$271                           | \$215        | \$56                    | 26.0              |

Customers purchase general casino gaming chips at either the gaming tables or the casino cage. Chips purchased at the casino cage are excluded from table games drop and will increase the expected win percentage. With the increased purchases at the casino cage in our Macau general casino, we believe the relevant indicator of volumes in the general casino should be table games win.

## Non-casino revenues

Non-casino revenues increased 5.6%, or \$15.3 million, to \$287.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, up from \$272.2 million for the same period of 2013 primarily from a \$16.0 million increase in room revenues and a \$5.3 million increase in entertainment, retail and other revenues. Our non-casino revenue performance was offset by an \$8.1 million increase in promotional allowances.

Room revenues increased 13.3%, or \$16.0 million, to \$136.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, up from \$120.5 million in the same period of 2013. Our Las Vegas Operations accounted for \$11.5 million of the increase, while Macau Operations accounted for \$4.5 million, both experiencing an increase in ADR and occupancy.

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The table below sets forth our room revenues and associated key operating measures for our Macau and Las Vegas Operations.

|                                    | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |          |                       |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|
|                                    | 2014                            | 2013     | Percent<br>Change (a) |
| Macau Operations:                  |                                 |          |                       |
| Total room revenues (in thousands) | \$33,404                        | \$28,935 | 15.4                  |
| Occupancy                          | 98.1                            | % 93.8   | % 4.3                 |
| ADR                                | \$338                           | \$315    | 7.3                   |
| REVPAR                             | \$331                           | \$296    | 11.8                  |
| Las Vegas Operations:              |                                 |          |                       |
| Total room revenues (in thousands) | \$103,072                       | \$91,545 | 12.6                  |
| Occupancy                          | 87.8                            | % 82.8   | % 5.0                 |
| ADR                                | \$275                           | \$259    | 6.2                   |
| REVPAR                             | \$241                           | \$214    | 12.6                  |

(a) Except occupancy, which is presented as a percentage point change.

Food and beverage revenues were relatively flat with \$141.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to \$139.7 million for the same period of 2013. We experienced an increase in revenues from our Macau and Las Vegas Operations restaurants offset by a reduction in revenues from our Wynn Las Vegas nightclubs.

Entertainment, retail and other revenues increased 5.2%, or \$5.3 million, to \$106.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, up from \$101.5 million for the same period of 2013 driven by revenue increases from Wynn Las Vegas retail shops, spa and other event services.

Promotional allowances increased 9.1%, or \$8.1 million to \$97.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, up from \$89.6 million for the same period of 2013. As a percentage of total casino revenues, promotional allowances were flat year-over-year with 8.0% for both three month periods ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

#### Operating costs and expenses

Operating costs and expenses increased 8.8%, or \$91.8 million, to \$1,136.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, up from \$1,045.0 million for the same period of 2013. The increase was primarily driven by a 12.4% increase in casino expenses and a 17.2% increase in general and administrative expenses, which were partially offset by decreases in depreciation and amortization expense and provision for doubtful accounts.

Casino expenses increased 12.4%, or \$86.5 million to \$783.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, up from \$697.2 million for the same period of 2013, primarily due to higher gaming taxes from the 39.0% gross win tax incurred at our Macau Operations. The increase in gaming taxes was commensurate with the 15.1% increase in casino revenues at our Macau Operations.

Room and food and beverage expenses increased slightly year-over-year by \$2.0 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. The increase in room revenues of \$16.0 million outpaced our room expenses from the effect of ADR increases at our Macau and Las Vegas Operations.

Entertainment, retail and other expenses increased 10.4%, or \$4.2 million to \$44.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 from \$40.3 million in the same period of 2013 mainly from costs associated with certain Wynn Las Vegas entertainment events during the quarter which did not take place in the prior year.

General and administrative expenses increased 17.2%, or \$16.4 million to \$111.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 from \$94.9 million in the same period of 2013. The majority of the increase is attributable to a \$6.1 million increase from corporate expenses and other and a \$7.0 million increase from our Macau Operations. The corporate expenses

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and other increase consists mainly of an increase in stock-based compensation expense and development expenses, while our Macau Operations experienced increases compared to the prior year period in labor costs, certain property maintenance and repair expenses, and other miscellaneous expenses.

Provision for doubtful accounts decreased \$9.7 million to a benefit of \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, down from a provision of \$7.0 million for the same period of 2013. The decrease to a benefit is a result of increased casino accounts receivable collections from our Macau Operations compared to the same period in the prior year which drove a reduction in our percentage of casino accounts receivable outstanding over 180 days.

Pre-opening costs were \$3.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to \$0.5 million for the same period of 2013 associated with the design and planning for Wynn Palace. We expect our pre-opening costs to increase in the future as the construction and development of Wynn Palace continues toward the expected completion in the first half of 2016.

Depreciation and amortization decreased 17.1%, or \$15.9 million, to \$76.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, down from \$92.5 million for the same period of 2013 due to certain Las Vegas Operations assets with a five year useful life becoming fully depreciated.

Property charges and other for the three months ended March 31, 2014, was \$9.9 million compared to \$5.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. During the first quarter of 2014, we incurred property charges primarily associated with the renovation of approximately 27,000 square feet of casino space at Wynn Macau for new VIP gaming rooms. We expect to complete this renovation before Chinese New Year of 2015. Property charges in the three months ended March 31, 2013, were primarily due to miscellaneous renovations and abandonments at our resorts.

Interest expense, net of capitalized interest

Interest expense, net of capitalized interest, was flat year-over-year with \$75.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to \$75.4 million for the same period in 2013, attributable to a \$4.6 million increase in interest expense offset by a \$4.4 million increase in capitalized interest. Financing activities during the first quarter of 2014 and in 2013 subsequent to the first quarter, increased our long-term debt while reducing our weighted average interest rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to same period in 2013. During 2013, we completed the principal repayment of \$500 million 7 7/8% first mortgage notes through a cash tender offer and redemption of untendered notes, completed issuances of \$500 million 4 1/4% senior notes and \$600 million 5 1/4% senior notes and Wynn Macau exercised its option to increase the senior term loan facility by \$200 million. During the first quarter of 2014, we issued an additional \$750 million of 5 1/4% senior notes. Capitalized interest increased due to the construction costs of Wynn Palace. Capitalized interest will continue to increase with the ongoing borrowings and construction costs related to Wynn Palace.

Other non-operating costs and expenses

Interest income was \$4.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to \$4.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. During 2014 and 2013, our short-term investment strategy has been to preserve capital while retaining sufficient liquidity. The majority of our short-term investments were in time deposits, fixed deposits and money market accounts with a maturity of three months or less.

We incurred a gain of \$0.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, from the increase in the fair value of our interest rate swaps compared to a gain of \$3.1 million from the increase in fair value for the same period in 2013. For further information on our interest rate swaps, see Item 3 – “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market

Risk.”

#### Income Taxes

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, we recorded a tax expense of \$2.6 million and a tax benefit \$5.1 million, respectively. Our income tax expense is primarily related to an increase in our domestic valuation allowance for U.S. foreign tax credits that are not expected to provide a U.S. tax benefit in future years. Our income tax benefit in 2013 was primarily related to a decrease in deferred tax liabilities reduced by foreign taxes assessable on the dividends of Wynn Macau, S.A. and foreign tax provisions related to our international marketing offices. Since June 30, 2010, we have no longer considered our portion of the tax earnings and profits of Wynn Macau, Limited to be permanently invested. No additional U.S. tax provision has been made with respect to amounts not considered permanently invested as we anticipate that U.S. foreign tax credits should be sufficient to eliminate any U.S. tax provision relating to repatriation. We have not provided deferred U.S. income taxes or foreign withholding taxes on temporary differences as these amounts are permanently reinvested. For the three

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months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, we recognized income tax benefits related to excess tax deductions associated with stock compensation costs of \$2.4 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

Wynn Macau, S.A. has received an exemption from Macau's 12% Complementary Tax on casino gaming profits through December 31, 2015. Accordingly, we were exempt from the payment of \$31.6 million and \$26.5 million in such taxes during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Our non-gaming profits remain subject to the Macau Complementary Tax and casino winnings remain subject to the Macau Special Gaming tax and other levies together totaling 39% in accordance with our concession agreement.

In December 2013, we received notification that for the 2014 tax year we had been accepted for the Compliance Maintenance phase of the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") Compliance Assurance Program ("CAP"), which accelerates IRS examination of key transactions with the goal of resolving any issues before the taxpayer files its return. In the Compliance Maintenance phase, the IRS, at its discretion, may reduce the level of review of the taxpayer's tax positions based on the complexity and number of issues, and the taxpayer's history of compliance, cooperation and transparency in the CAP.

In February 2014, we received notification that the IRS completed its examination of our 2012 U.S. income tax return and had no changes.

In March 2013, the Financial Services Bureau commenced an examination of the 2009, 2010, and 2011 Macau income tax returns of Wynn Macau, S.A. Since the examination is in its initial stages, we are unable to determine if it will conclude within the next 12 months. We believe that our liability for uncertain tax positions is adequate with respect to these years.

### Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests

In October 2009, Wynn Macau, Limited, our indirect wholly owned subsidiary and the developer, owner and operator of Wynn Macau, listed its ordinary shares of common stock on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Wynn Macau, Limited sold 1,437,500,000 shares (27.7%) of its common stock through an initial public offering. We recorded net income attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$76.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to \$69.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. This represents the noncontrolling interests' share of net income from Wynn Macau, Limited during each quarter.

### Adjusted Property EBITDA

We use Adjusted Property EBITDA to manage the operating results of our segments. Adjusted Property EBITDA is earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, pre-opening costs, property charges and other, corporate expenses, intercompany golf course and water rights leases, stock-based compensation, and other non-operating income and expenses, and includes equity in income from unconsolidated affiliates. Adjusted Property EBITDA is presented exclusively as a supplemental disclosure because we believe that it is widely used to measure the performance, and as a basis for valuation, of gaming companies. We use Adjusted Property EBITDA as a measure of the operating performance of our segments and to compare the operating performance of our properties with those of our competitors. We also present Adjusted Property EBITDA because it is used by some investors as a way to measure a company's ability to incur and service debt, make capital expenditures and meet working capital requirements. Gaming companies have historically reported EBITDA as a supplement to financial measures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). In order to view the operations of their casinos on a more stand-alone basis, gaming companies, including us, have historically excluded from their EBITDA calculations pre-opening expenses, property charges, corporate expenses and stock-based compensation that do not relate to the management of specific casino properties. However, Adjusted Property EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to operating income as an indicator of our performance, as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity, or as an alternative to any other measure determined in accordance with GAAP. Unlike net income, Adjusted Property EBITDA does not include depreciation or interest expense and therefore does not reflect current or future capital expenditures or the cost of capital. We have significant uses of cash

flows, including capital expenditures, interest payments, debt principal repayments, taxes and other non-recurring charges, which are not reflected in Adjusted Property EBITDA. Also, our calculation of Adjusted Property EBITDA may be different from the calculation methods used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be limited.

The following table summarizes Adjusted Property EBITDA (in thousands) for our Macau and Las Vegas Operations as reviewed by management and summarized in Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 16 – “Segment Information.” That footnote also presents a reconciliation of Adjusted Property EBITDA to net income.

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|                      | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |           |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|
|                      | 2014                            | 2013      |
| Macau Operations     | \$384,328                       | \$330,711 |
| Las Vegas Operations | 110,288                         | 120,357   |
|                      | \$494,616                       | \$451,068 |

Adjusted Property EBITDA at our Macau Operations increased from \$330.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 to \$384.3 million for the same period of 2014, mainly attributable to a 15.1% increase in casino revenues from our Macau Operations driven by volume increase at our VIP casino and table games win increase at our general casino.

Adjusted Property EBITDA at our Las Vegas Operations decreased from \$120.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 to \$110.3 million mainly from the impact of a 6.0 percentage points decline in table games win percentage.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Operating Activities

Our operating cash flows primarily consist of our operating income generated by our Macau and Las Vegas operations (excluding depreciation and other non-cash charges), interest paid, and changes in working capital accounts such as receivables, inventories, prepaid expenses, and payables. Our table games play both in Macau and Las Vegas is a mix of cash play and credit play, while our slot machine play is conducted primarily on a cash basis. A significant portion of our table games revenue is attributable to the play of a limited number of premium international customers that gamble on credit. The ability to collect these gaming receivables may impact our operating cash flow for the period. Our rooms, food and beverage, and entertainment, retail, and other revenue is conducted primarily on a cash basis or as a trade receivable. Accordingly, operating cash flows will be impacted by changes in operating income and accounts receivables.

Net cash provided by operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014, was \$209.2 million compared to \$420.9 million provided by operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The decline in cash provided by operations was primarily due to a decrease in our customer deposits, partially offset by increased operating income from results in the casino department.

Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$17.9 million compared to \$14.8 million for the same period in 2013. During the three months ended March 31, 2014 we were provided \$199.8 million of proceeds from restricted cash we applied to payment of certain Wynn Palace related construction and development costs. These proceeds were partially offset by capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention, of \$178.1 million primarily for Wynn Palace construction. Capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2013 were \$58.8 million and related to site preparation costs for Cotai land and various renovations at our resorts.

Financing Activities

Net cash flows provided by financing activities were \$612.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, which was primarily attributable to proceeds of \$756.2 million from the issuance of senior notes. These sources of funds were offset by the payment of dividends of \$126.4 million and open market repurchases of \$12.0 million in principal of first mortgage notes. Net cash flows used in financing activities of \$102.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was for the payment of dividends.

#### Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2014, we had approximately \$3,273.6 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$254.8 million of available-for-sale investments in foreign and domestic debt securities with maturities of up to two years. Cash and cash equivalents include cash in bank and fixed deposits, investments in money market funds, domestic and foreign bank time deposits and commercial paper, all with maturities of less than 90 days. Our cash is available for operations, debt service and retirement, development activities, general corporate purposes and enhancements to our resorts. Of these amounts, Wynn

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Macau, Limited and its subsidiaries held \$2,781.1 million and \$4.8 million in cash and available-for-sale investments, respectively, of which we own 72.3%. If our portion of this cash was repatriated to the U.S. on March 31, 2014, approximately two-thirds of this amount would be subject to U.S. tax in the year of repatriation. Wynn Resorts, Limited, which is not a guarantor of the debt of its subsidiaries, held \$278.1 million (including cash of its subsidiaries other than those of Wynn Las Vegas and Wynn Macau) and \$250.0 million of cash and available-for-sale investments, respectively. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC held cash balances of \$214.4 million.

Our credit facilities consist of a \$950 million equivalent fully funded senior secured term loan facility (the "Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan") and a \$1.55 billion equivalent senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Wynn Macau Senior Revolving Credit Facility" and together with the Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan, the "Wynn Macau Credit Facilities"). Borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities, which consist of both Hong Kong dollars and United States dollar tranches, will be used to fund the design, development, construction and pre-opening expenses of Wynn Palace, and for general corporate purposes. As of March 31, 2014, there were no amounts outstanding under the Wynn Macau Senior Revolving Credit Facility. Accordingly, we have availability of \$1.55 billion under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities.

We believe that cash flow from operations, availability under our bank credit facility and our existing cash balances will be adequate to satisfy our anticipated uses of capital for the remainder of 2014. If any additional financing became necessary, we cannot provide assurance that future borrowings will be available.

We continually seek out new opportunities for additional gaming or related businesses, in the United States, and worldwide. We have made an application for a gaming license in Massachusetts. The process is competitive and we expect to know the outcome by the end of the third quarter of 2014. Proceeding with this project will require significant expenditure of Company funds. In addition, we are exploring various international jurisdictions for expansion opportunities.

### Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any transactions with special purpose entities nor do we engage in any derivatives except for previously discussed interest rate swaps. We do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity. At March 31, 2014, we had unsecured outstanding letters of credit totaling \$16.7 million.

### Contractual Obligations and Commitments

There have been no material changes outside the ordinary course of our business during the three months ended March 31, 2014 to our contractual obligations or off balance sheet arrangements as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, except as discussed above under "Financing Activities."

### Other Liquidity Matters

Wynn Resorts is a holding company and, as a result, our ability to pay dividends is highly dependent on our ability to obtain funds and our subsidiaries' ability to provide funds to us. Restrictions imposed by our Wynn Las Vegas and Wynn Macau debt instruments restrict our ability to pay dividends. Specifically, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and certain of its subsidiaries are restricted under the indentures governing its notes from making certain "restricted payments" as defined in the indentures. These restricted payments include the payment of dividends or distributions to any direct or indirect holders of equity interests of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. These restricted payments may not be made unless certain financial and non-financial criteria have been satisfied. While the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities contain similar restrictions, Wynn Macau currently satisfies all requirements, including its leverage ratio, which must be met in order to pay dividends and is presently able to pay dividends in accordance with the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities.

Wynn Las Vegas, LLC intends to fund its operations and capital requirements from cash on hand and operating cash flow. We cannot assure you however, that our Las Vegas Operations will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or the availability of additional indebtedness will be sufficient to enable us to service and repay Wynn Las Vegas, LLC's indebtedness and to fund its other liquidity needs. Similarly, we expect that our Macau Operations will fund Wynn Macau, S.A.'s debt service obligations with existing cash, operating cash flow and availability under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities. However, we cannot assure you that operating cash flows will be sufficient to do so. We may refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness on or before maturity. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of the indebtedness on acceptable terms or at all.

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Legal proceedings in which we are involved also may impact our liquidity. No assurance can be provided as to the outcome of such proceedings. In addition, litigation inherently involves significant costs. For information regarding legal proceedings, see Item 1 - "Financial Statements", Note 14 "Commitments and Contingencies".

We have in the past repurchased, and in the future, we may periodically consider repurchasing our outstanding notes for cash. The amount of any notes to be repurchased, as well as the timing of any repurchases, will be based on business, market and other conditions and factors, including price, contractual requirements or consents, and capital availability. Any repurchases might be made using a variety of methods, which may include open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, or by any combination of those methods, in compliance with applicable securities laws and regulations.

New business developments or other unforeseen events may occur, resulting in the need to raise additional funds. We continue to explore opportunities to develop additional gaming or related businesses in domestic and international markets. There can be no assurances regarding the business prospects with respect to any other opportunity. Any new development would require us to obtain additional financing. We may decide to conduct any such development through Wynn Resorts or through subsidiaries separate from the Las Vegas or Macau-related entities.

The Company's articles of incorporation provide that, to the extent required by the gaming authority making the determination of unsuitability or to the extent the Board of Directors determines, in its sole discretion, that a person is likely to jeopardize the Company's or any affiliate's application for, receipt of, approval for, right to the use of, or entitlement to, any gaming license, shares of Wynn Resorts' capital stock that are owned or controlled by an unsuitable person or its affiliates are subject to redemption by the Company. The redemption price may be paid in cash, by promissory note or both, as required by the applicable gaming authority and, if not, as we elect. Any promissory note that we issue to an unsuitable person or its affiliate in exchange for its shares could increase our debt to equity ratio and would increase our leverage ratio.

On February 18, 2012, the Board of Directors of Wynn Resorts determined that Aruze USA, Inc., Universal Entertainment Corporation and Mr. Kazuo Okada are "unsuitable" under the provision of our articles of incorporation and redeemed and canceled all of Aruze USA, Inc.'s, 24,549,222 shares of Wynn Resorts' common stock. Pursuant to our articles of incorporation, we issued the Redemption Note to Aruze USA, Inc. in redemption of the shares. For additional information on the redemption and the Redemption Note, see Note 14 "Commitments and Contingencies."

## Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

A description of our critical accounting policies is included in Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. There has been no material change to these policies for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

## Recently Issued Accounting Standards

See related disclosure at Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies."

## Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

We make forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q based upon the beliefs and assumptions of our management and on information currently available to us. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, information about our business strategy, development activities, competition and possible or assumed

future results of operations, throughout this report and are often preceded by, followed by or include the words “may,” “will,” “should,” “would,” “could,” “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “intend,” “plan,” “continue” or the negative or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those we express in these forward-looking statements, including risks and uncertainties in Item 1A - Risk Factors and other factors we describe from time to time in our periodic filings with the SEC, such as:

- our dependence on Stephen A. Wynn and existing management;
- regulatory or enforcement actions and probity investigations;
- potential violations of law by Mr. Kazuo Okada, a former shareholder of ours;

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changes in the valuation of the promissory note we issued in connection with the redemption of Mr. Okada's shares;  
 any violations by us of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act or federal anti-money laundering laws;  
 pending or future legal proceedings;  
 decreases in levels of travel, leisure and consumer spending;  
 fluctuations in occupancy rates and average daily room rates;  
 competition in the casino/hotel and resort industries and actions taken by our competitors;  
 uncertainties over the development and success of new gaming and resort properties;  
 new development and construction activities of competitors;  
 our dependence on a limited number of resorts and locations for all of our cash flow;  
 adverse tourism and trends reflecting current domestic and international economic conditions;  
 general global macroeconomic conditions;  
 doing business in foreign locations such as Macau;  
 changes in gaming laws or regulations (including the legalization of gaming in certain jurisdictions);  
 the effect of environmental regulation on management and construction of projects;  
 our current and future insurance coverage levels;  
 our subsidiaries' ability to pay us dividends and distributions;  
 our ability to protect our intellectual property rights;  
 our relationships with Macau games promoters;  
 our ability to maintain our customer relationships and collect and enforce gaming debts;  
 the maintenance of our concession from the Macau government;  
 changes in exchange rates;  
 cybersecurity risk including misappropriation of customer information or other breaches of information security;  
 changes in U.S. laws regarding healthcare;  
 changes in federal, foreign, or state tax laws or the administration of such laws;  
 approvals under applicable jurisdictional laws and regulations (including gaming laws and regulations);  
 volatility and weakness in worldwide credit and financial markets and from governmental intervention in the financial markets;  
 conditions precedent to funding under our credit facilities;  
 continued compliance with all provisions in our credit agreements;  
 leverage and debt service (including sensitivity to fluctuations in interest rates);  
 restrictions or conditions on visitation by citizens of mainland China to Macau;  
 the impact that an outbreak of an infectious disease or the impact of extreme weather patterns or a natural disaster may have on the travel and leisure industry; and  
 the consequences of military conflicts and any future security alerts and/or terrorist attacks.

Further information on potential factors that could affect our financial condition, results of operations and business are included in this report and our other filings with the SEC. You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which are based only on information available to us at the time this statement is made. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices.

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### Interest Rate Risks

One of our primary exposures to market risk is interest rate risk associated with our debt facilities that bear interest based on floating rates. We attempt to manage interest rate risk by managing the mix of long-term fixed rate borrowings and variable-rate borrowings, and using hedging activities. We cannot assure you that these risk management strategies will have the desired effect, and interest rate fluctuations could have a negative impact on our results of operations. We do not use derivative financial instruments, other financial instruments or derivative commodity instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

### Interest Rate Swap Information

We have entered into floating-for-fixed interest rate swap arrangements relating to certain of our floating-rate debt facilities. We measure the fair value of our interest rate swaps on a recurring basis. Changes in the fair values of our interest rate swaps for each reporting period recorded are, and will continue to be, recognized as an increase (decrease) in swap fair value in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, as the swaps do not qualify for hedge accounting.

We currently have three interest rate swap agreements intended to hedge a portion of the underlying interest rate risk on borrowings under our Wynn Macau Credit Facilities. Under two of the swap agreements, we pay a fixed interest rate (excluding the applicable interest margin) of 0.73% on notional amounts corresponding to borrowings of HK\$3.95 billion (approximately \$509.4 million) incurred under the Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable interest rate based on the applicable HIBOR at the time of payment. These interest rate swaps fix the all-in interest rate on such amounts at 2.48% to 3.23%. These interest rate swap agreements mature in July 2017.

Under the third swap agreement, we pay a fixed interest rate (excluding the applicable interest margin) of 0.68% on notional amounts corresponding to borrowings of \$243.8 million incurred under the Wynn Macau Senior Term Loan in exchange for receipts on the same amount at a variable-rate based on the applicable LIBOR at the time of payment. This interest rate swap fixes the all-in interest rate on such amounts at 2.43% to 3.18%. This interest rate swap agreement matures in July 2017.

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we recorded an asset of \$11.1 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, for our interest rate swaps in deposits and other assets.

### Interest Rate Sensitivity

As of March 31, 2014, approximately 97% of our long-term debt was based on fixed rates. Based on our borrowings as of March 31, 2014, an assumed 1% change in the variable rates would cause our annual interest cost to change by \$2.3 million.

### Foreign Currency Risks

The currency delineated in Wynn Macau's concession agreement with the government of Macau is the Macau pataca. The Macau pataca, which is not a freely convertible currency, is linked to the Hong Kong dollar, and in many cases the two are used interchangeably in Macau. The Hong Kong dollar is linked to the U.S. dollar and the exchange rate between these two currencies has remained relatively stable over the past several years. However, the exchange linkages of the Hong Kong dollar and the Macau pataca, and the Hong Kong dollar and the U.S. dollar, are subject to potential changes due to, among other things, changes in Chinese governmental policies and international economic and political developments.

If the Hong Kong dollar and the Macau pataca are not linked to the U.S. dollar in the future, severe fluctuations in the exchange rate for these currencies may result. We also cannot assure you that the current rate of exchange fixed by the applicable monetary authorities for these currencies will remain at the same level.

Because many of Wynn Macau's payment and expenditure obligations are in Macau patacas, in the event of unfavorable Macau pataca or Hong Kong dollar rate changes, Wynn Macau's obligations, as denominated in U.S. dollars, would increase. In addition, because we expect that most of the revenues for any casino that Wynn Macau operates in Macau will be in Hong Kong dollars, we are subject to foreign exchange risk with respect to the exchange rate between the Hong Kong dollar and the U.S. dollar. Also, if any of our Macau-related entities incur U.S. dollar-denominated debt, fluctuations in the exchange rates of the Macau pataca or the Hong Kong dollar, in relation to the U.S. dollar, could have adverse effects on Wynn Macau's results of operations, financial condition, and ability to service its debt. To date, we have not engaged in hedging activities intended to protect against foreign currency risk. Approximately 63% of our cash balances are denominated in foreign currencies, primarily

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the Hong Kong dollar. Based on our balances at March 31, 2014, an assumed 1% change in the dollar/Hong Kong dollar exchange rate would cause a foreign currency transaction gain/loss of approximately \$14.2 million.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures. The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective, at the reasonable assurance level, in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting, on a timely basis, information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act and were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter to which this report relates that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are occasionally party to lawsuits. As with all litigation, no assurance can be provided as to the outcome of such matters and we note that litigation inherently involves significant costs. For information regarding the Company's legal proceedings see Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 14 "Commitments and Contingencies" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

A description of our risk factors can be found in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. There were no material changes to those risk factors during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Dividend Restrictions

On January 30, 2014, we announced a cash dividend of \$1.25 per share under our Board approved quarterly cash dividend program. The cash dividend was paid on February 27, 2014 to stockholders of record as of February 13, 2014.

Wynn Resorts is a holding company and, as a result, our ability to pay dividends is dependent on our ability to obtain funds and our subsidiaries' ability to provide funds to us. Restrictions imposed by our subsidiaries' debt instruments significantly restrict certain key subsidiaries holding a majority of our assets, including Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and Wynn Macau, S.A. from making dividends or distributions to Wynn Resorts. Specifically, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC and certain of its subsidiaries are restricted under the indentures governing its notes from making certain "restricted payments" as defined in the indentures. These restricted payments include the payment of dividends or distributions to any direct or indirect holders of equity interests of Wynn Las Vegas, LLC. Restricted payments cannot be made unless certain financial and non-financial criteria have been satisfied. While the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities contain similar restrictions, Wynn Macau currently satisfies all requirements, including its leverage ratio, which be met in order to pay dividends and is presently able to pay dividends in accordance with the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities. On March 28, 2014, the Wynn Macau, Limited Board of Directors recommended the payment of a HK\$0.98 per share dividend subject to approval by the shareholders of Wynn Macau, Limited at their annual meeting on May 15, 2014.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

In January 2014, we repurchased 6,558 shares in satisfaction of tax withholding obligations on vested restricted stock, at an average price of \$217.42 per share, for a total expenditure of \$1.4 million.

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Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits

EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit No. | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| 3.1         | Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant. (1)  |
| 3.2         | Sixth Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant, as amended. (2)  |
| *10.1       | Second Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated as of January 2, 2014 by and between Worldwide Wynn, LLC and Linda Chen.  |
| *31.1       | Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a – 14(a) and Rule 15d – 14(a).  |
| *31.2       | Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a – 14(a) and Rule 15d – 14(a).  |
| *32         | Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.  |
| *101        | The following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on May 9, 2014 formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity at March 31, 2014 and (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. |

Wynn Resorts, Limited agrees to furnish to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, upon request, a copy of each agreement with respect to long-term debt not filed herewith in reliance upon the exemption from filing applicable to any series of debt which does not exceed 10% of the total consolidated assets of the company.

\*Filed herewith.

- (1) Previously filed with Amendment No. 4 to the Form S-1 filed by the Registrant on October 7, 2002 (File No. 333-90600) and incorporated herein by reference.
- (2) Previously filed with the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by the Registrant on September 12, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED

Dated: May 9, 2014

By: /s/ Matt Maddox  
Matt Maddox  
President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)