| Hilltop Holding | s Inc. | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Form 10-Q | | |
| April 25, 2019 Table of Conten | ate. | |
| Table of Conten | 11.5 | |
| UNITED STAT | TES | |
| SECURITIES A | AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION | |
| Washington, DO | C 20549 | |
| FORM 10-Q | | |
| QUARTERLY 1934 | REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR | 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF |
| For the quarterly | y period ended March 31, 2019 | |
| TRANSITION 1934 | REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1 | 5(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF |
| Commission Fil | e Number: 1-31987 | |
| Hilltop Holding | s Inc. | |
| (Exact name of | registrant as specified in its charter) | |
| (| Maryland (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) | 84-1477939 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) |

2323 Victory Avenue, Suite 1400

Dallas, TX 75219 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(214) 855-2177

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding at April 25, 2019 was 93,983,247.

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HILLTOP HOLDINGS INC.

FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

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HILLTOP HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

| 2019 2018 Assets | • |
|---|-----------|
| | 4,073 |
| Federal funds sold 438 40 | • |
| | 3,993 |
| | ,611 |
| Securities: | , |
| | 5,466 |
| Available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$1,021,221 and \$886,799, | -, |
| | 5,658 |
| Held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value of \$365,781 and \$341,124, | • |
| | 51,012 |
| Equity, at fair value 19,343 19 | ,679 |
| 2,112,354 1,9 | 991,815 |
| | |
| Loans held for sale 1,059,280 1,3 | 393,246 |
| | 930,458 |
| | 9,486) |
| Loans held for investment, net 6,952,870 6,8 | 870,972 |
| | |
| | 440,287 |
| 1 1 · · · | 37,373 |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets 108,806 — | _ |
| , | 30,362 |
| , | 01,435 |
| | 3,005 |
| Total assets \$ 13,549,370 \$ 13 | 5,683,572 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | |
| Deposits: | |
| • | 560,750 |
| | 975,406 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 536,156 |
| 10tti deposito 0,270,117 0,2 | 550,150 |
| Broker-dealer and clearing organization payables 1,490,227 1,2 | 294,925 |

| Short-term borrowings | 914,525 | 1,065,807 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value | 69,354 | 81,667 |
| Notes payable | 225,372 | 228,872 |
| Operating lease liabilities | 118,452 | _ |
| Junior subordinated debentures | 67,012 | 67,012 |
| Other liabilities | 351,178 | 435,240 |
| Total liabilities | 11,534,239 | 11,709,679 |
| Commitments and contingencies (see Notes 13 and 14) | | |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Hilltop stockholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 125,000,000 shares authorized; 93,821,450 | | |
| and 93,610,217 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2019 and December | | |
| 31, 2018, respectively | 938 | 936 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 1,491,585 | 1,489,816 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (1,062) | (8,627) |
| Retained earnings | 499,452 | 466,737 |
| Deferred compensation employee stock trust, net | 827 | 825 |
| Employee stock trust (10,683 and 11,672 shares, at cost, at March 31, 2019 and | | |
| December 31, 2018, respectively) | (213) | (217) |
| Total Hilltop stockholders' equity | 1,991,527 | 1,949,470 |
| Noncontrolling interests | 23,604 | 24,423 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 2,015,131 | 1,973,893 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 13,549,370 | \$ 13,683,572 |

See accompanying notes.

HILLTOP HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months March 31, | s Ended |
|---|------------------------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Interest income: | | |
| Loans, including fees | \$ 110,870 | \$ 99,944 |
| Securities borrowed | 16,859 | 16,300 |
| Securities: | | |
| Taxable | 15,616 | 10,953 |
| Tax-exempt | 1,498 | 1,772 |
| Other | 5,197 | 4,391 |
| Total interest income | 150,040 | 133,360 |
| Interest expense: | | |
| Deposits | 17,106 | 8,675 |
| Securities loaned | 14,738 | 13,739 |
| Short-term borrowings | 5,471 | 4,043 |
| Notes payable | 2,641 | 2,497 |
| Junior subordinated debentures | 1,001 | 822 |
| Other | 152 | 164 |
| Total interest expense | 41,109 | 29,940 |
| Net interest income | 108,931 | 103,420 |
| Provision (recovery) for loan losses | 951 | (1,807) |
| Net interest income after provision (recovery) for loan losses | 107,980 | 105,227 |
| Noninterest income: | | |
| Net gains from sale of loans and other mortgage production income | 96,139 | 105,767 |
| Mortgage loan origination fees | 21,873 | 20,626 |
| Securities commissions and fees | 35,969 | 38,717 |
| Investment and securities advisory fees and commissions | 20,160 | 18,354 |
| Net insurance premiums earned | 33,203 | 34,315 |
| Other | 45,124 | 17,364 |
| Total noninterest income | 252,468 | 235,143 |
| Noninterest expense: | | |
| Employees' compensation and benefits | 189,898 | 182,600 |
| Occupancy and equipment, net | 28,023 | 27,830 |
| Professional services | 22,942 | 24,704 |
| | · · | <i>y</i> |

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| Loss and loss adjustment expenses Other Total noninterest expense | 14,926 53,296 309,085 | 15,532 57,536 308,202 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Income before income taxes Income tax expense | 51,363 11,586 | 32,168 7,488 |
| Net income Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest Income attributable to Hilltop | 39,777 991 \$ 38,786 | 24,680 239 \$ 24,441 |
| Earnings per common share: Basic Diluted | \$ 0.41 \$ 0.41 | \$ 0.25 \$ 0.25 |
| Weighted average share information: Basic Diluted | 93,669 93,669 | 95,985 96,146 |

See accompanying notes.

HILLTOP HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Net income | \$ 39,777 | \$ 24,680 |
| Other comprehensive income: | | |
| Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale, net of tax of \$2,208 and | | |
| \$(1,893), respectively | 7,549 | (6,703) |
| Reclassification adjustment for gains (losses) included in net income, net of tax of \$5 | | |
| and \$0, respectively | 16 | |
| Comprehensive income | 47,342 | 17,977 |
| Less: comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest | 991 | 239 |
| Comprehensive income applicable to Hilltop | \$ 46,351 | \$ 17,738 |

See accompanying notes.

HILLTOP HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | g | Additional | Accumulate Other | | Deferred Compensa Emp loyee Employee | | Total Hilltop | | |
|----------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---|----------|------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Com | mon Stock | Paid-in | Comprehen | siveetained | Stock Trust, | Stock Tr | rust | Stockholders' | Noncontrollin |
| Shar | res Amount | Capital | Loss | Earnings | Net | Shares | Amount | Equity | Interest |
| , 95,9 — | 82 \$ 960 — | \$ 1,526,369 — | \$ (394) — | \$ 384,545 24,441 | \$ 848 — | 12 — | \$ (247) — | \$ 1,912,081 24,441 | \$ 2,726 239 |
| ve — | _ | _ | (6,703) | _ | _ | _ | _ | (6,703) | _ |
| n — ck | _ | 2,164 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2,164 | _ |
| rd 5 | _ | 124 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 124 | _ |
| k | | | | | | | | | |
| 129 of | 1 | (693) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (692) | _ |
| k (68) | (1) | (1,097) | _ | (608) | _ | _ | _ | (1,706) | _ |
| k | | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | _ | _ | (6,719) | _ | _ | _ | (6,719) | _ |
| h — | _ | _ | _ | _ | 9 | (1) | (7) | 2 | _ |
| | _ | _ | (2,601) | 2,601 | | | _ | _ | _ |

| ıg — | | | _ | | | | | | (501) |
|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|---------|---------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| rch 96,048 | \$ 960 | \$ 1,526,867 | \$ (9,698) | \$ 404,260 | \$ 857 | 11 | \$ (254) | \$ 1,922,992 | \$ 2,464 |
| 93,610 — | \$ 936 — | \$ 1,489,816 — | \$ (8,627) — | \$ 466,737 38,786 | \$ 825 — | 11 — | \$ (217) — | \$ 1,949,470 38,786 | \$ 24,423 991 |
| ve — | _ | _ | 7,565 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 7,565 | _ |
| n — ck | _ | 2,354 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2,354 | _ |
| rd 8 | _ | 140 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 140 | _ |
| k | | | | | | | | | |
| 203 | 2 | (725) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (723) | _ |
| k — | _ | _ | _ | (7,464) | _ | _ | _ | (7,464) | _ |
| 1 — | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2 | _ | 4 | 6 | _ |
| ote — | _ | _ | _ | 1,393 | _ | _ | _ | 1,393 | _ |
| ıg | | | | | | | | | (1.910) |
| rch 93,821 | \$ 938 | \$ 1,491,585 | \$ (1,062) | \$ 499,452 | \$ 827 | 11 | \$ (213) | \$ 1,991,527 | (1,810) \$ 23,604 |

See accompanying notes.

HILLTOP HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months E | nded March 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------|------------------------|
| Operating Activities | | |
| Net income | \$ 39,777 | \$ 24,680 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating | | |
| activities: | | |
| Provision (recovery) for loan losses | 951 | (1,807) |
| Depreciation, amortization and accretion, net | (1,563) | 1,577 |
| Net change in fair value of equity securities | (1,256) | 572 |
| Deferred income taxes | 527 | (534) |
| Other, net | 2,616 | 2,590 |
| Net change in securities purchased under agreements to resell | (3,594) | (58,441) |
| Net change in trading securities | 42,171 | (25,466) |
| Net change in broker-dealer and clearing organization receivables | (124,407) | (164,957) |
| Net change in other assets | (8,824) | (2,949) |
| Net change in broker-dealer and clearing organization payables | 119,673 | 217,443 |
| Net change in other liabilities | (43,919) | (108,306) |
| Net change in securities sold, not yet purchased | (12,313) | 22,730 |
| Net gains from sales of loans | (96,139) | (105,767) |
| Loans originated for sale | (2,596,880) | (3,021,516) |
| Proceeds from loans sold | 3,009,282 | 3,405,633 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 326,102 | 185,482 |
| Investing Activities | • | • |
| Proceeds from maturities and principal reductions of securities held to | | |
| maturity | 6,340 | 14,095 |
| Proceeds from sales, maturities and principal reductions of securities | - / | , |
| available for sale | 37,604 | 44,925 |
| Proceeds from sales, maturities and principal reductions of equity securities | 1,815 | 15 |
| Purchases of securities held to maturity | (25,243) | (14,848) |
| Purchases of securities available for sale | (172,511) | (116,393) |
| Purchases of equity securities | (223) | (217) |
| Net change in loans held for investment | (159,202) | 48,859 |
| Purchases of premises and equipment and other assets | (8,454) | (4,271) |
| Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment and other real estate owned | 5,892 | 4,487 |
| Net cash received from Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank | 5,072 | 1, 107 |
| stock | 7,172 | 9,716 |
| Stock | 1,112 | 2,710 |

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| Net cash used in investing activities | (306,810) | (13,632) |
|--|-----------------------|------------|
| Financing Activities | | |
| Net change in deposits | (162,408) | (19,231) |
| Net change in short-term borrowings | (151,282) | (142,099) |
| Proceeds from notes payable | 134,639 | 69,808 |
| Payments on notes payable | (138,160) | (75,799) |
| Payments to repurchase common stock | _ | (1,706) |
| Dividends paid on common stock | (7,464) | (6,719) |
| Net cash distributed to noncontrolling interest | (1,810) | (501) |
| Taxes paid on employee stock awards netting activity | (723) | (689) |
| Other, net | (69) | (177) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (327,277) | (177,113) |
| Not shange in each and each equivalents | (207.095) | (5.262) |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | (307,985) | (5,263) |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period | 778,466 \$ 470,481 | 673,960 |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period | \$ 470,481 | \$ 668,697 |
| Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash to | | |
| Consolidated Balance Sheets | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 313,192 | \$ 470,127 |
| Federal funds sold | 438 | 400 |
| Assets segregated for regulatory purposes | 156,851 | 198,170 |
| Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | \$ 470,481 | \$ 668,697 |
| Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 39,297 | \$ 28,294 |
| Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds | \$ (270) | \$ 542 |
| Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Activities | , , | |
| Derecognition of construction in progress related to build-to-suit lease | | |
| obligations | \$ 29,195 | \$ — |
| Conversion of loans to other real estate owned | \$ 1,578 | \$ 2,496 |
| Additions to mortgage servicing rights | \$ 1,861 | \$ 6,661 |
| 6-6 | , , | , |

See accompanying notes.

| S |
|---|
| |

Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies

Nature of Operations

Hilltop Holdings Inc. ("Hilltop" and, collectively with its subsidiaries, the "Company") is a financial holding company registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956. The Company's primary line of business is to provide business and consumer banking services from offices located throughout Texas through PlainsCapital Bank (the "Bank"). In addition, the Company provides an array of financial products and services through its broker-dealer, mortgage origination and insurance subsidiaries.

The Company, headquartered in Dallas, Texas, provides its products and services through three primary business units, PlainsCapital Corporation ("PCC"), Hilltop Securities Holdings LLC ("Securities Holdings") and National Lloyds Corporation ("NLC"). PCC is a financial holding company that provides, through its subsidiaries, traditional banking, wealth and investment management and treasury management services primarily in Texas and residential mortgage lending throughout the United States. Securities Holdings is a holding company that provides, through its subsidiaries, investment banking and other related financial services, including municipal advisory, sales, trading and underwriting of taxable and tax-exempt fixed income securities, equity trading, clearing, securities lending, structured finance and retail brokerage services throughout the United States. NLC is a property and casualty insurance holding company that provides, through its subsidiaries, fire and homeowners insurance to low value dwellings and manufactured homes primarily in Texas and other areas of the southern United States.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), and in conformity with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). In the opinion of management, these financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results of the interim periods presented. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 ("2018 Form 10-K"). Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for a full year or any future period.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates regarding the allowance for loan losses, the fair values of financial instruments, reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE"), the mortgage loan indemnification liability, and the potential impairment of assets are particularly subject to change. The Company has applied its critical accounting policies and estimation methods consistently in all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

Hilltop owns 100% of the outstanding stock of PCC. PCC owns 100% of the outstanding stock of the Bank and 100% of the membership interest in Hilltop Opportunity Partners LLC, formerly known as PlainsCapital Equity, LLC, a merchant bank utilized to facilitate investments in companies engaged in non-financial activities. The Bank owns 100% of the outstanding stock of PrimeLending, a PlainsCapital Company ("PrimeLending").

PrimeLending owns a 100% membership interest in PrimeLending Ventures Management, LLC ("Ventures Management"), which holds an ownership interest in and is the managing member of certain affiliated business arrangements ("ABAs").

PCC also owns 100% of the outstanding common securities of PCC Statutory Trusts I, II, III and IV (the "Trusts"), which are not included in the consolidated financial statements under the requirements of the Variable Interest Entities

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

("VIE") Subsections of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") because the primary beneficiaries of the Trusts are not within the consolidated group.

Hilltop has a 100% membership interest in Securities Holdings, which operates through its wholly owned subsidiaries, Hilltop Securities Inc. ("Hilltop Securities"), Hilltop Securities Independent Network Inc. ("HTS Independent Network") (collectively, the "Hilltop Broker-Dealers") and Hilltop Securities Asset Management, LLC. Hilltop Securities is a broker-dealer registered with the SEC and Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and a member of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), HTS Independent Network is an introducing broker-dealer that is also registered with the SEC and FINRA, and Hilltop Securities Asset Management, LLC is a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

Hilltop also owns 100% of NLC, which operates through its wholly owned subsidiaries, National Lloyds Insurance Company ("NLIC") and American Summit Insurance Company ("ASIC").

In addition, Hilltop owns 100% of the membership interest in each of HTH Hillcrest Project LLC ("HTH Project LLC") and Hilltop Investments I, LLC. Hilltop Investments I, LLC owns 50% of the membership interest in HTH Diamond Hillcrest Land LLC ("Hillcrest Land LLC") which is consolidated under the aforementioned VIE Subsections of the ASC. These entities are related to the Hilltop Plaza investment discussed in detail in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements and are collectively referred to as the "Hilltop Plaza Entities."

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the above-named entities. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. Noncontrolling interests have been recorded for minority ownership in entities that are not wholly owned and are presented in compliance with the provisions of Noncontrolling Interest in Subsidiary Subsections of the ASC.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period consolidated financial statements to conform with the current period presentation, including reclassifications due to the adoption of new accounting pronouncements. As previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018, filed with the SEC on October 25, 2018, the quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2018, filed with the SEC on April 26, 2018, incorrectly included the change in assets segregated for regulatory purposes in the operating section of the statements of cash flows. Previously disclosed net changes in assets segregated for regulatory purposes of (\$11.6) million for the three months ended March 31, 2018, should have been excluded from the cash flows from operating activities and the beginning-of-period and end-of-period balances of assets segregated for regulatory purposes are

included in total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash in accordance with Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-18. Accordingly, net cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2018, originally reported as \$173.9 million, is \$185.5 million. In preparing these consolidated financial statements, subsequent events were evaluated through the time the financial statements were issued. Financial statements are considered issued when they are widely distributed to all stockholders and other financial statement users, or filed with the SEC.

Significant accounting policies are detailed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2018 Form 10-K. As a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-02 and related amendments and technical corrections (collectively, the "Leasing Standard"), the Company has included a new significant accounting policy related to lease accounting as summarized below.

Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases with a term of greater than one year are included in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets and operating lease liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Finance leases are included in premises and equipment and other liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The Company has lease agreements with lease and nonlease components, which are generally accounted for as a single lease component. Leases of low-value assets are assessed on a lease-by-lease basis to determine the need for balance sheet capitalization.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent its obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized on the lease commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate commensurate with the lease term based on the information available at the lease commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. No significant judgments or assumptions were involved in developing the estimated operating lease liabilities as the Company's operating lease liabilities largely represent the future rental expenses associated with operating leases, and the incremental borrowing rates are based on publicly available interest rates. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease. These options to extend or terminate are assessed on a lease-by-lease basis, and the ROU assets and lease liabilities are adjusted when it is reasonably certain that an option will be exercised. Rental expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is included in occupancy and equipment, net within our consolidated statements of operations.

2. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

Accounting Standards Adopted During 2019

In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-09 which clarifies, corrects and makes minor improvements to a wide variety of topics in the ASC. The amendments make the ASC easier to understand and apply by eliminating inconsistencies and providing clarifications. The transition and effective dates are based on the facts and circumstances of each amendment, with some amendments becoming effective upon issuance of the ASU, and others becoming effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company adopted the amendments as of January 1, 2019, which did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12 which provides targeted improvements to accounting for hedging activities. The purpose of the amendment is to better align a company's risk management activities with its financial reporting for hedging relationships, to simplify the hedge accounting requirements and to improve the disclosures of hedging arrangements. The amendment is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2019. The Company has not historically applied hedge accounting to its derivative transactions, so the provisions of the amendment did not

have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued the Leasing Standard, which is codified in ASC 842, Leases, and is intended to increase transparency and comparability among organizations and require lessees to record an ROU asset and a liability representing the obligation to make lease payments for long-term leases. Accounting by lessors remains largely unchanged. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective transition under the option to apply the Leasing Standard at its effective date without adjusting the prior period comparative financial statements. The Company elected the package of practical expedients to not reassess: (i) whether any existing contracts are or contain a lease, (ii) the lease classification of any existing leases and (iii) initial direct costs related to existing leases. The Company also elected to apply an additional practical expedient to include both the lease and nonlease components of all leases as a single component and account for it as a lease. The Company implemented internal controls and key system functionality to enable the preparation of financial information upon adoption. The implementation of the Leasing Standard had a material impact on our consolidated balance sheets but did not have a material impact on our consolidated statements of operations. On January 1, 2019, the Company recorded operating lease liabilities of \$121.8 million and ROU assets of \$111.9 million upon adoption of the Leasing Standard. The lease liabilities (at their present value) represent predominantly all of the future minimum lease payments required under operating leases. The balance sheet effects of the new lease accounting standard also impacted regulatory capital ratios, performance ratios and other measures which are dependent upon asset or liability balances. In addition, the Company reassessed its accounting ownership of the Hilltop Plaza assets under construction as of January 1, 2019, under the build-to-suit provisions of ASC 842 and concluded it is not the accounting owner. As such, the assets and liabilities of the project were derecognized during the first quarter of 2019, with the \$1.4 million offset representing deferred expenses

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

recognized on the project to date through January 1, 2019, recorded as an increase to retained earnings. Refer to Note 13 for more details regarding the Hilltop Plaza transaction.

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Adopted

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-15 which aligns the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software (and hosting arrangements that include an internal-use software licenses). The accounting for the service element of a hosting arrangement that is a service contract is not affected by the amendments in this update. The amendment also includes presentation and disclosure provisions regarding capitalized implementation costs. The amendment is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of the amendment and the impact on its future consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13 which includes various removals, modifications and additions to existing guidance regarding fair value disclosures. The amendments are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of the amendments but does not expect the amendments to have a material impact on its future consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13 which sets forth a "current expected credit loss" (CECL) model which requires entities to measure all credit losses expected over the life of an exposure (or pool of exposures) for financial instruments held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The new standard, which is codified in ASC 326, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses, replaces the existing incurred loss model and is applicable to the measurement of credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost and applies to some off-balance sheet credit exposures. The new standard also requires enhanced disclosures to help financial statement users better understand significant estimates and judgments used in estimating credit losses, as well as the credit quality and underwriting standards of an entity's portfolio. The new standard is effective for annual periods, and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2019 with a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the reporting period of adoption. The Company does not intend to adopt the provisions of the new standard early. The Company's cross-functional team is continuing the implementation and testing of new credit forecasting models and a credit scoring system that will be utilized to estimate the likelihood of default and loss severity as a part of its credit loss estimation methodology in accordance with the new standard. In addition, the Company continues to identify and assess key interpretive policy issues, as well as design and build new or modified policies and procedures that will be used to calculate its credit loss

| reserves. However, the magnitude of the change in allowance for loan losses and other credit losses upon adoption |
|---|
| will depend on, among other things, the portfolio composition and quality at the adoption date, as well as economic |
| conditions and forecasts at that time. |

3. Acquisition

BORO Acquisition

On August 1, 2018, in an effort to expand its Houston-area banking operations, the Company acquired privately-held The Bank of River Oaks ("BORO") in an all-cash transaction (the "BORO Acquisition"). Pursuant to the terms of the definitive agreement, the Company paid cash in the aggregate amount of \$85 million to the shareholders and option holders of BORO. The operations of BORO are included in the Bank's operating results beginning August 1, 2018. BORO's results of operations prior to the acquisition date are not included in the Company's consolidated operating results.

Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

The BORO Acquisition was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting, and accordingly, purchased assets, including identifiable intangible assets, and assumed liabilities were recorded at their respective acquisition date fair values. The resulting fair values of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed from BORO at August 1, 2018 are summarized in the following table (in thousands).

| Cash and due from banks | \$ 21,756 |
|---|-----------|
| Securities | 60,477 |
| Loans held for investment | 326,618 |
| Other assets | 25,912 |
| Total identifiable assets acquired | 434,763 |
| | |
| Deposits | 376,393 |
| Short-term borrowings | 10,000 |
| Other liabilities | 2,996 |
| Total liabilities assumed | 389,389 |
| | |
| Net identifiable assets acquired | 45,374 |
| Goodwill resulting from the acquisition | 39,627 |
| Net assets acquired | \$ 85,001 |

The goodwill of \$39.6 million resulting from the BORO Acquisition represents the inherent long-term value expected from the business opportunities created from combining BORO with the Company. The Company used significant estimates and assumptions to value the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The amount of goodwill recorded in connection with the Company's acquisition of BORO is not deductible for tax purposes.

Included within the fair value of other assets in the table above are \$10.0 million of identifiable core deposits intangible assets recorded in connection with the BORO Acquisition which are being amortized on an accelerated basis over an estimated useful life of six years. The fair value of the core deposit intangible assets was estimated using the net cost savings method, a variation of the income approach. This involved the use of the following significant assumptions: cost of deposits, customer attrition rate, and discount rate.

In connection with the BORO Acquisition, the Company acquired loans both with and without evidence of credit quality deterioration since origination. The acquired loans were initially recorded at fair value with no carryover of any allowance for loan losses. Acquired loans were segregated between those considered to be purchased credit impaired ("PCI") loans and those without credit impairment at acquisition.

The following table presents details on acquired loans at the acquisition date (in thousands).

| | | | Total Loans |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------|-------------|
| | Loans, excluding | PCI | Held |
| | | | for |
| | PCI Loans | Loans | Investment |
| Commercial real estate | \$ 119,188 | \$ 5,350 | \$ 124,538 |
| 1 - 4 family residential | 55,487 | 39 | 55,526 |
| Construction and land development | 37,134 | _ | 37,134 |
| Commercial and industrial | 98,259 | 2,127 | 100,386 |
| Consumer | 9,021 | 13 | 9,034 |
| Total | \$ 319,089 | \$ 7.529 | \$ 326,618 |

The following table presents information about the PCI loans at acquisition (in thousands).

| Contractually required principal and interest payments | \$ 10,730 |
|---|-----------|
| Nonaccretable difference | 2,859 |
| Cash flows expected to be collected | 7,871 |
| Accretable difference | 342 |
| Fair value of loans acquired with a deterioration of credit quality | \$ 7,529 |

| T | ab] | le | of | Con | tents |
|---|-----|----|----|-----|-------|
| | | | | | |

Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

The following table presents information about the acquired loans without credit impairment at acquisition (in thousands).

| Contractually required principal and interest payments | \$ 381,551 |
|--|------------|
| Contractual cash flows not expected to be collected | 15,286 |
| Fair value at acquisition | 319,089 |

4. Fair Value Measurements

Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

The Company determines fair values in compliance with The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the ASC (the "Fair Value Topic"). The Fair Value Topic defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in GAAP and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The Fair Value Topic defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Fair Value Topic assumes that transactions upon which fair value measurements are based occur in the principal market for the asset or liability being measured. Further, fair value measurements made under the Fair Value Topic exclude transaction costs and are not the result of forced transactions.

The Fair Value Topic includes a fair value hierarchy that classifies fair value measurements based upon the inputs used in valuing the assets or liabilities that are the subject of fair value measurements. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs, as indicated below.

- · Level 1 Inputs: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at the measurement date.
- · Level 2 Inputs: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (such as interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, default rates, credit risks and loss severities), and inputs that are derived from or corroborated by market data, among others.
- · Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs that reflect an entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities. Level 3 inputs include pricing models and discounted cash flow techniques, among others.

Fair Value Option

The Company has elected to measure substantially all of PrimeLending's mortgage loans held for sale and retained mortgage servicing rights ("MSR") asset at fair value, under the provisions of the Fair Value Option. The Company elected to apply the provisions of the Fair Value Option to these items so that it would have the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the aggregate fair value of PrimeLending's mortgage loans held for sale accounted for under the Fair Value Option was \$0.93 billion and \$1.26 billion, respectively, and the unpaid principal balance of those loans was \$0.90 billion and \$1.21 billion, respectively. The interest component of fair value is reported as interest income on loans in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

The Company holds a number of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, either by the application of the Fair Value Option or other authoritative pronouncements. The fair values of those instruments are determined primarily using Level 2 inputs. Those inputs include quotes from mortgage loan investors and derivatives

Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

dealers and data from independent pricing services. The fair value of loans held for sale is determined using an exit price method.

The following tables present information regarding financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in thousands).

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| March 31, 2019 | Inputs | Inputs | Inputs | Fair Value |
| Trading securities | \$ 2,122 | \$ 701,173 | \$ — | \$ 703,295 |
| Available for sale securities | | 1,019,851 | | 1,019,851 |
| Equity securities | 19,343 | | | 19,343 |
| Loans held for sale | | 870,363 | 57,844 | 928,207 |
| Derivative assets | | 53,176 | | 53,176 |
| MSR asset | | _ | 62,049 | 62,049 |
| Securities sold, not yet purchased | 37,462 | 31,892 | | 69,354 |
| Derivative liabilities | | 29,726 | | 29,726 |
| | | | | |
| December 31, 2018 Trading securities Available for sale securities Equity securities Loans held for sale | Level 1 Inputs \$ 7,947 — 19,679 — | Level 2 Inputs \$ 737,519 875,658 — 1,207,311 | Level 3 Inputs \$ — — — 50,464 | Total Fair Value \$ 745,466 875,658 19,679 1,257,775 |
| Trading securities Available for sale securities Equity securities Loans held for sale Derivative assets | Inputs \$ 7,947 — | Inputs \$ 737,519 875,658 | Inputs \$ — — 50,464 — | Fair Value \$ 745,466 875,658 19,679 |
| Trading securities Available for sale securities Equity securities Loans held for sale Derivative assets MSR asset | Inputs \$ 7,947 — 19,679 — — | Inputs \$ 737,519 875,658 — 1,207,311 35,010 — | Inputs \$ — — — — | Fair Value \$ 745,466 875,658 19,679 1,257,775 35,010 66,102 |
| Trading securities Available for sale securities Equity securities Loans held for sale Derivative assets MSR asset Securities sold, not yet purchased | Inputs \$ 7,947 — | Inputs \$ 737,519 875,658 — 1,207,311 35,010 — 48,667 | Inputs \$ — — 50,464 — | Fair Value \$ 745,466 875,658 19,679 1,257,775 35,010 66,102 81,667 |
| Trading securities Available for sale securities Equity securities Loans held for sale Derivative assets MSR asset | Inputs \$ 7,947 — 19,679 — — | Inputs \$ 737,519 875,658 — 1,207,311 35,010 — | Inputs \$ — — 50,464 — | Fair Value \$ 745,466 875,658 19,679 1,257,775 35,010 66,102 |

The following tables include a rollforward for those financial instruments measured at fair value using Level 3 inputs (in thousands).

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| | | | | (Realized or Unrealized) | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| | Balance at | | | | | Included in Other | | |
| | Beginning of | Purchases/ | Sales/ | Transfers into | Included in | CompreherBavence at | | |
| | Period | Additions | Reductions | Level 3 | Net Income | Income (Lossa) of Period | | |
| Three months ended March 31, 2019 | | | | | | | | |
| Loans held for | | * 17 107 | * (6.0 = 6) | 4.00= | 4. (2.400) | * *** • *** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | |
| sale MSR asset | \$ 50,464 66,102 | \$ 15,427 1,861 | \$ (6,976) — | 1,037 | \$ (2,108) (5,914) | \$ — \$ 57,844 — 62,049 | | |
| Total | \$ 116,566 | \$ 17,288 | \$ (6,976) | \$ 1,037 | \$ (8,022) | \$ — \$ 119,893 | | |
| Three months ended March 31, 2018 Loans held for | | | | | | | | |
| sale | \$ 36,972 | \$ 12,479 | \$ (3,975) | _ | \$ (1,993) | \$ \$ 43,483 | | |
| MSR asset | 54,714 | 6,661 | _ | | 2,582 | — 63,957 | | |
| Total | \$ 91,686 | \$ 19,140 | \$ (3,975) | \$ — | \$ 589 | \$ — \$ 107,440 | | |

All net realized and unrealized gains (losses) in the tables above are reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The unrealized gains (losses) relate to financial instruments still held at March 31, 2019.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

For Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements were as follows.

| | | | Range (Weighted-Average) | | | |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | | March 31, | December 31, | | |
| Financial instrument | Valuation Technique | Unobservable Inputs | 2019 | 2018 | | |
| Loans held for sale | Discounted cash flows / Market comparable | Projected price | 94 - 96 % (95 %) | 95 - 97 % (95 %) | | |
| | 1 | J | , | , | | |
| MSR asset | Discounted cash flows | Constant prepayment rate | 11.72 % | 9.62 % | | |
| | | Discount rate | 11.11 % | 10.99 % | | |

The fair value of certain loans held for sale that cannot be sold through normal sale channels or are non-performing is measured using Level 3 inputs. The fair value of such loans is generally based upon estimates of expected cash flows using unobservable inputs, including listing prices of comparable assets, uncorroborated expert opinions, and/or management's knowledge of underlying collateral.

The MSR asset, which is included in other assets within the Company's consolidated balance sheets, is reported at fair value using Level 3 inputs. The MSR asset is valued by projecting net servicing cash flows, which are then discounted to estimate the fair value. The fair value of the MSR asset is impacted by a variety of factors. Prepayment rates and discount rates, the most significant unobservable inputs, are discussed further in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company had no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 during the periods presented. Any transfers are based on changes in the observability and/or significance of the valuation inputs and are assumed to occur at the beginning of the quarterly reporting period in which they occur.

The following table presents those changes in fair value of instruments recognized in the consolidated statements of operations that are accounted for under the Fair Value Option (in thousands).

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| | Three Month | s Ended March | 31, 2019 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | | Other | Total | | Other | Total | |
| | Net | Noninterest | Changes in | Net | Noninterest | Changes in | |
| | Gains | | | | | | |
| | (Losses) | Income | Fair Value | Gains (Losse | s) Income | Fair Value | |
| Loans held for sale | \$ (13,324) | \$ — | \$ (13,324) | \$ (14,880) | \$ — | \$ (14,880) | |
| MSR asset | (5,914) | _ | (5,914) | 2,582 | _ | 2,582 | |

The Company also determines the fair value of certain assets and liabilities on a non-recurring basis. In particular, the fair value of all assets acquired and liabilities assumed in an acquisition of a business are determined at their respective acquisition date fair values. In addition, facts and circumstances may dictate a fair value measurement when there is evidence of impairment. Assets and liabilities measured on a non-recurring basis include the items discussed below.

Impaired Loans — The Company reports individually impaired loans based on the underlying fair value of the collateral through specific allowances within the allowance for loan losses. PCI loans were acquired by the Company upon completion of the merger with PCC (the "PlainsCapital Merger"), the FDIC-assisted transaction whereby the Bank acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of Edinburg, Texas-based First National Bank ("FNB") on September 13, 2013 (the "FNB Transaction"), the acquisition of SWS Group, Inc. ("SWS") in a stock and cash transaction (the "SWS Merger"), whereby SWS's banking subsidiary, Southwest Securities, FSB, was merged into the Bank, and the BORO Acquisition (collectively, the "Bank Transactions"). The fair value of PCI loans was determined using Level 3 inputs, including estimates of expected cash flows that incorporated significant unobservable inputs regarding default rates, loss severity rates assuming default, prepayment speeds on acquired loans accounted for in pools ("Pooled Loans"), and estimated collateral values.

Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

Estimates for these significant unobservable inputs and the resulting weighted average expected loss on PCI loans were as follows.

| March 31, 2019 | PCI Loans PlainsCapita Merger | FNB Transaction | | SWS Merger | | BORO Acquisition | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------|--------|---------------------|-------------|---|
| Weighted average default rate | 82 | % | 31 | % | 72 | % | 63 | % |
| Weighted average loss severity rate | 59 | % | 12 | % | 28 | % | 42 | % |
| Weighted average prepayment speed | 0 | % | 6 | % | 0 | % | 0 | % |
| Resulting weighted average expected loss on | | | | | | | | |
| PCI loans | 48 | % | 4 | % | 20 | % | 26 | % |
| | PCI Loans | | | | | | | |
| | PlainsCapita | 1 | FNB | | SWS | | BORO | |
| December 31, 2018 | Merger | | Transaction | | Merger | | Acquisition | |
| Weighted average default rate | 81 | % | 34 | % | 71 | % | 63 | % |
| Weighted average loss severity rate | 59 | % | 12 | % | 28 | % | 42 | % |
| Weighted average prepayment speed | 0 | % | 6 | % | 0 | % | 0 | % |
| Resulting weighted average expected loss on | | | | | | | | |
| PCI loans | 48 | % | 4 | % | 20 | % | 26 | % |

The Company obtains updated appraisals of the fair value of collateral securing impaired collateral dependent loans at least annually, in accordance with regulatory guidelines. The Company also reviews the fair value of such collateral on a quarterly basis. If the quarterly review indicates that the fair value of the collateral may have deteriorated, the Company orders an updated appraisal of the fair value of the collateral. Because the Company obtains updated appraisals when evidence of a decline in the fair value of collateral exists, it typically does not adjust appraised values.

Other Real Estate Owned — The Company determines fair value primarily using independent appraisals of other real estate owned ("OREO") properties. The resulting fair value measurements are classified as Level 2 inputs. At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the estimated fair value of OREO was \$23.1 million and \$27.6 million, respectively, and the underlying fair value measurements utilized Level 2 inputs. The amounts are included in other assets within the consolidated balance sheets. During the reported periods, all fair value measurements for OREO subsequent to initial recognition utilized Level 2 inputs.

The following table presents information regarding certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis for which a change in fair value has been recorded during reporting periods subsequent to initial recognition (in thousands).

| | | | | | | s (Losses) for the ths Ended March |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | 31, | |
| March 31, 2019 | Inputs | Inputs | Inputs | Fair Value | 2019 | 2018 |
| Impaired loans held for | | | | | | |
| investment | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 70,963 | \$ 70,963 | \$ 100 | \$ (123) |
| Other real estate owned | | 14,865 | _ | 14,865 | (494) | (1,106) |

The Fair Value of Financial Instruments Subsection of the ASC requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and liabilities, including the financial assets and liabilities previously discussed. There have been changes to the methods for determining estimated fair value for financial assets and liabilities as described in detail in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2018 Form 10-K.

Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

The following tables present the carrying values and estimated fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis (in thousands).

| | | Estimated Fair Value | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| | Carrying | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| March 31, 2019 | Amount | Inputs | Inputs | Inputs | Total |
| Financial assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 313,630 | \$ 313,630 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 313,630 |
| Assets segregated for regulatory | | | | | |
| purposes | 156,851 | 156,851 | | | 156,851 |
| Securities purchased under | | | | | |
| agreements to resell | 65,205 | | 65,205 | | 65,205 |
| Held to maturity securities | 369,865 | | 365,781 | | 365,781 |
| Loans held for sale | 131,073 | | 131,073 | | 131,073 |
| Loans held for investment, net | 6,952,870 | | 491,857 | 6,646,402 | 7,138,259 |
| Broker-dealer and clearing | | | | | |
| organization receivables | 1,651,199 | _ | 1,651,199 | | 1,651,199 |
| Other assets | 72,777 | _ | 71,577 | 1,200 | 72,777 |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | | |
| Deposits | 8,298,119 | | 8,295,435 | | 8,295,435 |
| Broker-dealer and clearing | | | | | |
| organization payables | 1,490,227 | | 1,490,227 | | 1,490,227 |
| Short-term borrowings | 914,525 | | 914,525 | | 914,525 |
| Debt | 292,384 | _ | 290,179 | _ | 290,179 |
| Other liabilities | 5,518 | _ | 5,518 | _ | 5,518 |
| | | | | | |

| | | Estimated Fair Value | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|----------------------|---------|---------|------------|
| | Carrying | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| December 31, 2018 | Amount | Inputs | Inputs | Inputs | Total |
| Financial assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 644,473 | \$ 644,473 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 644,473 |
| Assets segregated for regulatory | | | | | |
| purposes | 133,993 | 133,993 | _ | _ | 133,993 |
| Securities purchased under | | | | | |
| agreements to resell | 61,611 | | 61,611 | | 61,611 |
| | | | | | |

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| Held to maturity securities | 351,012 | _ | 341,124 | _ | 341,124 |
|--|-----------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Loans held for sale | 135,471 | | 135,471 | _ | 135,471 |
| Loans held for investment, net Broker-dealer and clearing | 6,870,972 | _ | 578,363 | 6,445,810 | 7,024,173 |
| organization receivables | 1,440,287 | _ | 1,440,287 | _ | 1,440,287 |
| Other assets | 69,720 | _ | 68,573 | 1,147 | 69,720 |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | | |
| Deposits | 8,536,155 | _ | 8,528,947 | | 8,528,947 |
| Broker-dealer and clearing | | | | | |
| organization payables | 1,294,925 | _ | 1,294,925 | | 1,294,925 |
| Short-term borrowings | 1,065,807 | _ | 1,065,807 | _ | 1,065,807 |
| Debt | 295,884 | _ | 293,685 | | 293,685 |
| Other liabilities | 3,482 | | 3,482 | _ | 3,482 |

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

The Company held equity investments other than securities of \$37.8 million and \$35.8 million at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, which are included within other assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Of the \$37.8 million of such equity investments held at March 31, 2019, \$21.7 million do not have readily determinable fair values and each is measured at cost, less any impairment, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment of the same issuer. The following table presents the adjustments to the carrying value of these investments during the periods presented (in thousands).

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | 2019 | 2018 | |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ 20,376 | \$ 22,946 | |
| Additional investments | 1,398 | | |
| Upward adjustments | 101 | 272 | |
| Impairments and downward adjustments | (197) | (1,312) | |
| Dispositions | | | |
| Balance, end of period | \$ 21,677 | \$ 21,906 | |

5. Securities

The fair value of trading securities is summarized as follows (in thousands).

| | December |
|-----------|----------|
| March 31, | 31, |
| 2019 | 2018 |

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| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 2,121 | \$ 7,945 |
|--|------------|------------|
| U.S. government agencies: | | |
| Bonds | 1,485 | 1,494 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 334,090 | 309,455 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 2,225 | 4,239 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 119,178 | 206,813 |
| Corporate debt securities | 67,442 | 59,293 |
| States and political subdivisions | 134,572 | 126,748 |
| Unit investment trusts | 33,276 | 19,913 |
| Private-label securitized product | 5,520 | 5,680 |
| Other | 3,386 | 3,886 |
| Totals | \$ 703,295 | \$ 745,466 |

The Hilltop Broker-Dealers enter into transactions that represent commitments to purchase and deliver securities at prevailing future market prices to facilitate customer transactions and satisfy such commitments. Accordingly, the Hilltop Broker-Dealers' ultimate obligations may exceed the amount recognized in the financial statements. These securities, which are carried at fair value and reported as securities sold, not yet purchased in the consolidated balance sheets, had a value of \$69.4 million and \$81.7 million at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

The amortized cost and fair value of available for sale and held to maturity securities are summarized as follows (in thousands).

| | Available for Sale | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Amortized | Unrealized | Unrealized | |
| March 31, 2019 | Cost | Gains | Losses | Fair Value |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 10,554 | \$ 89 | \$ (26) | \$ 10,617 |
| U.S. government agencies: | | | | |
| Bonds | 85,415 | 819 | (223) | 86,011 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 472,203 | 2,589 | (3,705) | 471,087 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 11,648 | 334 | (20) | 11,962 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 343,765 | 1,250 | (4,250) | 340,765 |
| Corporate debt securities | 49,196 | 925 | (19) | 50,102 |
| States and political subdivisions | 48,440 | 911 | (44) | 49,307 |
| Totals | \$ 1,021,221 | \$ 6,917 | \$ (8,287) | \$ 1,019,851 |

| | Available for Sale | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| | Amortized | Unrealized | Unrealized | |
| December 31, 2018 | Cost | Gains | Losses | Fair Value |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 11,552 | \$ 30 | \$ (44) | \$ 11,538 |
| U.S. government agencies: | | | | |
| Bonds | 85,492 | 552 | (433) | 85,611 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 391,428 | 608 | (6,962) | 385,074 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 11,703 | 189 | (120) | 11,772 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 281,450 | 385 | (5,436) | 276,399 |
| Corporate debt securities | 53,614 | 268 | (580) | 53,302 |
| States and political subdivisions | 51,560 | 608 | (206) | 51,962 |
| Totals | \$ 886,799 | \$ 2,640 | \$ (13,781) | \$ 875,658 |

| | Held to Maturity | | | |
|--|------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Amortized | Unrealized | Unrealized | |
| March 31, 2019 | Cost | Gains | Losses | Fair Value |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 9,932 | \$ 12 | \$ — | \$ 9,944 |
| U.S. government agencies: | | | | |
| Bonds | 39,018 | _ | (691) | 38,327 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 21,154 | 22 | (26) | 21,150 |

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| Commercial mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations | 112,056 137,053 | 1,187 9 | (474) (3,488) | 112,769 133,574 |
|--|--------------------|------------|------------------|--------------------|
| States and political subdivisions | 50,652 | 264 | (899) | 50,017 |
| Totals | \$ 369,865 | \$ 1,494 | \$ (5,578) | \$ 365,781 |
| | II.lla Ma | | | |
| | Held to Mati | • | | |
| | Amortized | Unrealized | Unrealized | |
| December 31, 2018 | Cost | Gains | Losses | Fair Value |
| U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 9,903 | \$ 3 | \$ — | \$ 9,906 |
| U.S. government agencies: | | | | |
| Bonds | 39,018 | | (1,479) | 37,539 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 21,903 | | (263) | 21,640 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 87,065 | 271 | (1,462) | 85,874 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 142,474 | | (5,000) | 137,474 |
| 0 1 10. 1 1 1 1 1 | 50.640 | 0.1 | (2.0.40) | 10.601 |

Additionally, the Company had unrealized net gains of \$0.5 million and unrealized net losses of \$0.9 million from equity securities with fair values of \$19.3 million and \$19.7 million held at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018,

50,649

\$ 351,012

91

\$ 365

(2,049)

\$ (10,253)

48,691

\$ 341,124

Totals

States and political subdivisions

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

respectively. The Company recognized net gains of \$1.3 million and net losses of \$0.6 million, respectively, during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, due to changes in the fair value of equity securities still held at the balance sheet date. During the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, net gains recognized from equity securities sold were nominal.

Information regarding available for sale, held to maturity and equity securities that were in an unrealized loss position is shown in the following tables (dollars in thousands).

| | March 31, 201 Number of | 9 | Unrealized | December 31 Number of | , 2018 | Unrealized |
|--|----------------------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| | Securities | Fair Value | Losses | Securities | Fair Value | Losses |
| Available for Sale U.S. treasury securities: Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months Unrealized loss for twelve | 1 | \$ 986 | \$ 3 | 1 | \$ 981 | \$ 6 |
| months or longer | 2 | 2,572 | 23 | 3 | 3,556 | 39 |
| - | 3 | 3,558 | 26 | 4 | 4,537 | 45 |
| U.S. government agencies: Bonds: Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months | | _ | | 3 | 24,772 | 5 |
| Unrealized loss for twelve | | | | | , | |
| months or longer | 3 | 30,678 | 223 | 3 | 30,472 | 428 |
| C | 3 | 30,678 | 223 | 6 | 55,244 | 433 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities: Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months Unrealized loss for twelve | 2 | 16,539 | 53 | 8 | 66,791 | 432 |
| months or longer | 26 | 176,090 | 3,652 | 27 | 194,228 | 6,530 |
| | 28 | 192,629 | 3,705 | 35 | 261,019 | 6,962 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities: Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months Unrealized loss for twelve | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| months or longer | 1 | 5,048 | 20 | 1 | 4,953 | 120 |

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|---------------|---------|----------|------|--------|------|
| | | | | | |

| | 1 | 5,048 | 20 | 1 | 4,953 | 120 |
|----------------------------|----|------------|----------|-----|------------|-----------|
| Collateralized mortgage | | | | | | |
| obligations: | | | | | | |
| Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months | 11 | 65,779 | 191 | 11 | 44,394 | 498 |
| Unrealized loss for twelve | | | | | | |
| months or longer | 32 | 153,288 | 4,059 | 28 | 140,483 | 4,938 |
| | 43 | 219,067 | 4,250 | 39 | 184,877 | 5,436 |
| Corporate debt securities: | | | | | | |
| Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months | _ | _ | _ | 8 | 16,256 | 282 |
| Unrealized loss for twelve | | | | | | |
| months or longer | 2 | 3,961 | 19 | 8 | 15,665 | 297 |
| | 2 | 3,961 | 19 | 16 | 31,921 | 579 |
| States and political | | | | | | |
| subdivisions: | | | | | | |
| Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months | 3 | 353 | | 29 | 8,590 | 27 |
| Unrealized loss for twelve | | | | | | |
| months or longer | 15 | 6,737 | 44 | 18 | 9,029 | 179 |
| | 18 | 7,090 | 44 | 47 | 17,619 | 206 |
| Total available for sale: | | | | | | |
| Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months | 17 | 83,657 | 247 | 60 | 161,784 | 1,250 |
| Unrealized loss for twelve | | | | | | |
| months or longer | 81 | 378,374 | 8,040 | 88 | 398,386 | 12,531 |
| | 98 | \$ 462,031 | \$ 8,287 | 148 | \$ 560,170 | \$ 13,781 |
| | | | | | | |

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

| | March 31, 2019 Number of | | Unrealized | December 31 Number of | December 31, 2018 Number of | |
|--|-----------------------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| | Securities | Fair Value | Losses | Securities | Fair Value | Losses |
| Held to Maturity U.S. government agencies: Bonds: Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months Unrealized loss for | _ | \$ — | \$ — | _ | \$ — | \$ — |
| twelve months or longer | 4 | 38,327 | 691 | 4 | 37,539 | 1,479 |
| | 4 | 38,327 | 691 | 4 | 37,539 | 1,479 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities: Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months | _ | | | 1 | 8,411 | 89 |
| Unrealized loss for | | | | | -, | |
| twelve months or longer | 3 | 12,908 | 26 | 3 | 13,229 | 174 |
| Č | 3 | 12,908 | 26 | 4 | 21,640 | 263 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities: Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months Unrealized loss for | 1 | 10,469 | 8 | 1 | 4,973 | 27 |
| twelve months or longer | 7 | 36,387 | 466 | 13 | 59,670 | 1,435 |
| C | 8 | 46,856 | 474 | 14 | 64,643 | 1,462 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations: Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months Unrealized loss for | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 2,051 | 26 |
| twelve months or longer | 22 | 128,077 | 3,488 | 24 | 135,423 | 4,974 |
| | 22 | 128,077 | 3,488 | 25 | 137,474 | 5,000 |
| States and political subdivisions: Unrealized loss for less | | · | · | | · | · |
| than twelve months Unrealized loss for | 2 | 736 | 9 | 9 | 6,431 | 56 |
| twelve months or longer | 59 | 26,174 | 890 | 86 | 32,909 | 1,993 |

| | 61 | 26,910 | 899 | 95 | 39,340 | 2,049 |
|--------------------------|----|------------|----------|-----|------------|-----------|
| Total held to maturity: | | • | | | , | , |
| Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months | 3 | 11,205 | 17 | 12 | 21,866 | 198 |
| Unrealized loss for | | | | | | |
| twelve months or longer | 95 | 241,873 | 5,561 | 130 | 278,770 | 10,055 |
| _ | 98 | \$ 253,078 | \$ 5,578 | 142 | \$ 300,636 | \$ 10,253 |
| Equity | | | | | | |
| Common and preferred | | | | | | |
| stock: | | | | | | |
| Unrealized loss for less | | | | | | |
| than twelve months | | | | | _ | |
| Unrealized loss for | | | | | | |
| twelve months or longer | | | | | _ | — |
| | _ | \$ — | \$ — | | \$ — | \$ — |

During the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company did not record any other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI"). While some of the securities held in the Company's investment portfolio have decreased in value since the date of acquisition, the severity of loss and the duration of the loss position are not significant enough to warrant OTTI of the securities. Factors considered in the Company's analysis include the reasons for the unrealized loss position, the severity and duration of the unrealized loss position, credit worthiness, and forecasted performance of the investee. The Company does not intend to sell, nor does the Company believe that it is likely that the Company will be required to sell, these securities before the recovery of the cost basis.

Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because certain borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without penalties. The amortized cost and fair value of securities, excluding trading and equity securities, at March 31, 2019 are shown by contractual maturity below (in thousands).

| | Available for Sale | | Held to Maturity | |
|--|--------------------|--------------|------------------|------------|
| | Amortized | | Amortized | |
| | Cost | Fair Value | Cost | Fair Value |
| Due in one year or less | \$ 42,520 | \$ 42,498 | \$ 11,329 | \$ 11,342 |
| Due after one year through five years | 90,202 | 91,604 | 25,730 | 25,347 |
| Due after five years through ten years | 40,668 | 41,050 | 4,902 | 4,875 |
| Due after ten years | 20,215 | 20,885 | 57,641 | 56,724 |
| | 193,605 | 196,037 | 99,602 | 98,288 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 472,203 | 471,087 | 21,154 | 21,150 |
| Collateralized mortgage obligations | 343,765 | 340,765 | 137,053 | 133,574 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 11,648 | 11,962 | 112,056 | 112,769 |
| | \$ 1,021,221 | \$ 1,019,851 | \$ 369,865 | \$ 365,781 |

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

The Company recognized net gains of \$8.1 million and net losses of \$4.8 million from its trading portfolio during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. In addition, the Hilltop Broker-Dealers realized net gains from structured product trading activities of \$25.3 million and \$17.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. All such realized net gains and losses are recorded as a component of other noninterest income within the consolidated statements of operations.

Securities with a carrying amount of \$576.2 million and \$612.3 million (with a fair value of \$572.3 million and \$600.0 million, respectively) at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, were pledged by the Bank to secure public and trust deposits, federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase, and for other purposes as required or permitted by law. Substantially all of these pledged securities were included in our available for sale and held to maturity securities portfolios at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations consist primarily of Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA") and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC") pass-through and participation certificates. GNMA securities are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States, while FNMA and FHLMC securities are fully guaranteed by those respective United States government-sponsored agencies, and conditionally guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States.

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, NLC had investments on deposit in custody for various state insurance departments with aggregate carrying values of \$9.3 million and \$9.5 million, respectively.

6. Loans Held for Investment and Allowance for Loan Losses

The loans acquired in the FNB Transaction were subject to loss-share agreements with the FDIC. During the fourth quarter of 2018, the Bank and the FDIC entered into a Termination Agreement pursuant to which all rights and obligations of the Bank and the FDIC under the FDIC loss-share agreements were resolved and terminated. Accordingly, loans which were previously referred to as either "covered loans" if covered by the loss-share agreements or otherwise "non-covered loans" are now collectively referred to as "loans held for investment." Disclosures associated with loans that were previously covered by the FDIC loss-share agreements during the three months ended March 31, 2018 are included in the "covered" portfolio segment in the applicable tables that follow. The majority of the loans previously covered by the FDIC loss-share agreements are comprised primarily of commercial real estate and 1-4

family residential loans. Loans held for investment summarized by portfolio segment are as follows (in thousands).

| | March 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------|-------------------|
| Commercial real estate | \$ 2,939,855 | \$ 2,940,120 |
| Commercial and industrial | 1,493,436 | 1,508,451 |
| Construction and land development | 995,698 | 932,909 |
| 1-4 family residential | 696,209 | 679,263 |
| Mortgage warehouse | 350,896 | 243,806 |
| Consumer | 43,728 | 47,546 |
| Broker-dealer (1) | 491,857 | 578,363 |
| | 7,011,679 | 6,930,458 |
| Allowance for loan losses | (58,809) | (59,486) |
| Total loans held for investment, net of allowance | \$ 6,952,870 | \$ 6,870,972 |

⁽¹⁾ Primarily represents margin loans to customers and correspondents associated with broker-dealer segment operations.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

In connection with the Bank Transactions, the Company acquired loans both with and without evidence of credit quality deterioration since origination. The following table presents the carrying values and the outstanding balances of PCI loans (in thousands).

| | | December |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | March 31, | 31, |
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Carrying amount | \$ 90,571 | \$ 93,072 |
| Outstanding balance | 164,753 | 172,808 |

Changes in the accretable yield for PCI loans were as follows (in thousands).

| | Three Mont | hs Ended |
|--|------------|-----------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ 80,693 | \$ 98,846 |
| Additions | | |
| Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference, net (1) | 534 | 7,129 |
| Disposals of loans | (366) | (289) |
| Accretion | (8,689) | (12,000) |
| Balance, end of period | \$ 72,172 | \$ 93,686 |

⁽¹⁾ Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference are primarily due to net increases in expected cash flows in the quarterly recasts. Reclassifications to nonaccretable difference occur when accruing loans are moved to non-accrual and expected cash flows are no longer predictable and the accretable yield is eliminated.

The remaining nonaccretable difference for PCI loans was \$63.8 million and \$64.2 million at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Impaired loans exhibit a clear indication that the borrower's cash flow may not be sufficient to meet principal and interest payments, which generally occurs when a loan is 90 days past due unless the asset is both well secured and in the process of collection. Impaired loans include non-accrual loans, troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs"), PCI loans and partially charged-off loans.

The amounts shown in the following tables include loans accounted for on an individual basis, as well as acquired Pooled Loans. For Pooled Loans, the recorded investment and the related allowance consider impairment measured at the pool level. Impaired loans, segregated between those considered to be PCI loans and those without credit impairment at acquisition, are summarized by class in the following tables (in thousands).

| | | npaid ontractual | | ecorded vestment with | | ecorded vestment with | | otal ecorded | R | elated |
|---------------------------|----|---------------------|----|-----------------------|----|-----------------------|----|-----------------|----|----------|
| March 31, 2019 | Pr | incipal Balance | No | o Allowance | A | llowance | In | rvestment | A | llowance |
| PCI | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-owner occupied | \$ | 36,025 | \$ | 5,452 | \$ | 7,596 | \$ | 13,048 | \$ | 1,251 |
| Owner occupied | | 34,222 | | 6,227 | | 8,027 | | 14,254 | | 545 |
| Commercial and industrial | | 27,636 | | 4,918 | | 1,287 | | 6,205 | | 54 |
| Construction and land | | | | | | | | | | |
| development | | 9,457 | | 33 | | 266 | | 299 | | 61 |
| 1-4 family residential | | 101,570 | | 40,573 | | 16,187 | | 56,760 | | 1,548 |
| Mortgage warehouse | | _ | | | | | | _ | | |
| Consumer | | 1,937 | | 5 | | | | 5 | | |
| Broker-dealer | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | 210,847 | | 57,208 | | 33,363 | | 90,571 | | 3,459 |
| Non-PCI | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-owner occupied | | 206 | | 199 | | | | 199 | | _ |
| Owner occupied | | 5,103 | | 3,962 | | | | 3,962 | | |
| Commercial and industrial | | 22,788 | | 9,932 | | 327 | | 10,259 | | 73 |
| Construction and land | | | | | | | | | | |
| development | | 1,580 | | 950 | | 510 | | 1,460 | | 12 |
| 1-4 family residential | | 9,099 | | 7,301 | | | | 7,301 | | |
| Mortgage warehouse | | _ | | | | | | _ | | |
| Consumer | | 146 | | 38 | | | | 38 | | |
| Broker-dealer | | _ | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | 38,922 | | 22,382 | | 837 | | 23,219 | | 85 |
| | \$ | 249,769 | \$ | 79,590 | \$ | 34,200 | \$ | 113,790 | \$ | 3,544 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | | | | | | | | | | |

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

| | Unpaid Contractual | Recorded Investment with | Recorded Investment with | Total Recorded | Related |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| December 31, 2018 | Principal Balance | | Allowance | Investment | Allowance |
| PCI | Timelpai Dalance | No Allowance | Anowance | mvestment | Allowalice |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | |
| Non-owner occupied | \$ 42,668 | \$ 5,549 | \$ 7,540 | \$ 13,089 | \$ 1,125 |
| Owner occupied | 36,246 | 11,657 | 2,967 | 14,624 | 304 |
| Commercial and industrial | 27,403 | 5,491 | , | * | 72 |
| Construction and land | 27,403 | 3,491 | 1,068 | 6,559 | 12 |
| | 10,992 | 74 | 390 | 464 | 92 |
| development | • | | | | |
| 1-4 family residential | 106,503 | 646 | 57,681 | 58,327 | 1,299 |
| Mortgage warehouse | <u> </u> | _ | _ | | |
| Consumer | 2,185 | 9 | _ | 9 | |
| Broker-dealer | | | | | |
| | 225,997 | 23,426 | 69,646 | 93,072 | 2,892 |
| Non-PCI | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | | |
| Non-owner occupied | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Owner occupied | 5,231 | 4,098 | _ | 4,098 | _ |
| Commercial and industrial | 22,277 | 9,891 | 1,740 | 11,631 | 721 |
| Construction and land | | | | | |
| development | 3,430 | 2,711 | 535 | 3,246 | 31 |
| 1-4 family residential | 8,695 | 6,922 | _ | 6,922 | _ |
| Mortgage warehouse | | _ | _ | | |
| Consumer | 149 | 42 | _ | 42 | |
| Broker-dealer | | | | | |
| | 39,782 | 23,664 | 2,275 | 25,939 | 752 |
| | \$ 265,779 | \$ 47,090 | \$ 71,921 | \$ 119,011 | \$ 3,644 |

Average recorded investment in impaired loans is summarized by class in the following table (in thousands).

| | Three Months Ended | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | March 31, | | | |
| | 2019 | 2018 | | |
| Commercial real estate: | | | | |
| Non-owner occupied | \$ 13,168 | \$ 13,734 | | |

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| Owner occupied | 18,469 | 22,033 |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Commercial and industrial | 17,327 | 23,946 |
| Construction and land development | 2,735 | 1,954 |
| 1-4 family residential | 64,655 | 4,904 |
| Mortgage warehouse | | |
| Consumer | 47 | 121 |
| Broker-dealer | | _ |
| Covered | | 89,203 |
| | \$ 116,401 | \$ 155,895 |

Non-accrual loans, excluding those classified as held for sale, are summarized by class in the following table (in thousands).

| | | December |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | March 31, | 31, |
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Commercial real estate: | | |
| Non-owner occupied | \$ 1,370 | \$ 1,226 |
| Owner occupied | 3,962 | 4,098 |
| Commercial and industrial | 13,350 | 14,870 |
| Construction and land development | 1,473 | 3,278 |
| 1-4 family residential | 7,395 | 7,026 |
| Mortgage warehouse | _ | _ |
| Consumer | 38 | 41 |
| Broker-dealer | _ | _ |
| | \$ 27,588 | \$ 30,539 |

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|----------|------|----|----------|
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| | | | |

Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, non-accrual loans included PCI loans of \$4.6 million and \$4.9 million, respectively, for which discount accretion has been suspended because the extent and timing of cash flows from these PCI loans can no longer be reasonably estimated. In addition to the non-accrual loans in the table above, \$3.3 million and \$3.4 million of real estate loans secured by residential properties and classified as held for sale were in non-accrual status at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Interest income, including recoveries and cash payments, recorded on impaired loans was \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Except as noted above, PCI loans are considered to be performing due to the application of the accretion method.

The Bank classifies loan modifications as TDRs when it concludes that it has both granted a concession to a debtor and that the debtor is experiencing financial difficulties. Loan modifications are typically structured to create affordable payments for the debtor and can be achieved in a variety of ways. The Bank modifies loans by reducing interest rates and/or lengthening loan amortization schedules. The Bank may also reconfigure a single loan into two or more loans ("A/B Note"). The typical A/B Note restructure results in a "bad" loan which is charged off and a "good" loan or loans, the terms of which comply with the Bank's customary underwriting policies. The debt charged off on the "bad" loan is not forgiven to the debtor.

The Bank did not grant any TDRs during three months ended March 31, 2019 or 2018. At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Bank had nominal unadvanced commitments to borrowers whose loans have been restructured in TDRs.

There were no TDRs granted during the twelve months preceding March 31, 2019. The following table presents information regarding TDRs granted during the twelve months preceding March 31, 2018, for which a payment was at least 30 days past due (dollars in thousands).

Twelve Months Preceding March 31,

2018

Balance

Number of Balance at at

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| | Loans | Extension | End of Period |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------------|
| Commercial real estate: | | | |
| Non-owner occupied | _ | \$ — | \$ — |
| Owner occupied | | _ | _ |
| Commercial and industrial | | _ | _ |
| Construction and land development | 1 | 655 | 595 |
| 1-4 family residential | | _ | _ |
| Mortgage warehouse | _ | _ | _ |
| Consumer | | _ | _ |
| Broker-dealer | | _ | _ |
| | 1 | \$ 655 | \$ 595 |

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

An analysis of the aging of the Company's loan portfolio is shown in the following tables (in thousands).

| March 31, | Loans Past I | D il æans Pas | et Duc ans Past | Dúlætal | Current | PCI | Total | Accruin (Non-Po Past Du |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Commercial real estate: Non-owner | 30-59 Days | 60-89 Day | ys 90 Days or | MBast Due L | oa l isoans | Loans | Loans | 90 Days |
| occupied Owner | \$ 979 | \$ — | \$ 199 | \$ 1,178 | \$ 1,713,901 | \$ 13,048 | \$ 1,728,127 | \$ — |
| occupied Commercial | 3,294 | _ | 2,955 | 6,249 | 1,191,225 | 14,254 | 1,211,728 | _ |
| and industrial Construction and land | 4,894 | 4,752 | 9,107 | 18,753 | 1,468,478 | 6,205 | 1,493,436 | 3 |
| development 1-4 family | 134 | 13 | _ | 147 | 995,252 | 299 | 995,698 | _ |
| residential Mortgage | 5,345 | 1,742 | 2,799 | 9,886 | 629,563 | 56,760 | 696,209 | _ |
| warehouse | | _ | _ | | 350,896 | | 350,896 | |
| Consumer | 123 | 460 | | 583 | 43,140 | 5 | 43,728 | |
| Broker-dealer | _ | | _ | _ | 491,857 | _ | 491,857 | |
| | \$ 14,769 | \$ 6,967 | \$ 15,060 | \$ 36,796 | \$ 6,884,312 | \$ 90,571 | \$ 7,011,679 | \$ 3 |

| December 31, | Loans Past Dileoans Past Dileotal Current PCI Total | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2018 Commercial real estate: | 30-59 Days | 60-89 Day | vs 90 Days or | MBast Due L | oa h xans | Loans | Loans | 90 Days or l | | | | |
| Non-owner occupied Owner | \$ 1,174 | \$ 199 | \$ — | \$ 1,373 | \$ 1,708,160 | \$ 13,089 | \$ 1,722,622 | \$ — | | | | |
| occupied | 1,364 1,792 | 1,049 | 4,173 11,051 | 5,537 13,892 | 1,197,337 1,488,000 | 14,624 6,559 | 1,217,498 1,508,451 | 75 3 | | | | |

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| Commercial | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------|
| and industrial | | | | | | | | |
| Construction | | | | | | | | |
| and land | | | | | | | | |
| development | 3,549 | _ | _ | 3,549 | 928,896 | 464 | 932,909 | |
| 1-4 family | | | | | | | | |
| residential | 5,987 | 2,484 | 1,950 | 10,421 | 610,515 | 58,327 | 679,263 | |
| Mortgage | | | | | | | | |
| warehouse | | | | 0 | 243,806 | | 243,806 | |
| Consumer | 254 | 147 | _ | 401 | 47,136 | 9 | 47,546 | |
| Broker-dealer | | | | | 578,363 | _ | 578,363 | |
| | \$ 14,120 | \$ 3,879 | \$ 17,174 | \$ 35,173 | \$ 6,802,213 | \$ 93,072 | \$ 6,930,458 | \$ 78 |

In addition to the loans shown in the tables above, PrimeLending had \$77.0 million and \$83.1 million of loans included in loans held for sale (with an aggregate unpaid principal balance of \$78.1 million and \$84.0 million, respectively) that were 90 days past due and accruing interest at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. These loans are guaranteed by U.S. government agencies and include loans that are subject to repurchase, or have been repurchased, by PrimeLending.

Management tracks credit quality trends on a quarterly basis related to: (i) past due levels, (ii) non-performing asset levels, (iii) classified loan levels, (iv) net charge-offs, and (v) general economic conditions in state and local markets.

The Company utilizes a risk grading matrix to assign a risk grade to each of the loans in its portfolio with the exception of broker-dealer margin loans. A risk rating is assigned based on an assessment of the borrower's management, collateral position, financial capacity, and economic factors. The general characteristics of the various risk grades are described below.

Pass – "Pass" loans present a range of acceptable risks to the Company. Loans that would be considered virtually risk-free are rated Pass – low risk. Loans that exhibit sound standards based on the grading factors above and present a reasonable risk to the Company are rated Pass – normal risk. Loans that exhibit a minor weakness in one or more of the grading criteria but still present an acceptable risk to the Company are rated Pass – high risk.

Special Mention – "Special Mention" loans have potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in a deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loans and weaken the Company's credit position at some future date. Special Mention loans are not adversely classified and do not expose the Company to sufficient risk to require adverse classification.

Substandard – "Substandard" loans are inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain

some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Many substandard loans are considered impaired.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

PCI – "PCI" loans exhibited evidence of credit deterioration at acquisition that made it probable that all contractually required principal payments would not be collected.

The following tables present the internal risk grades of loans, as previously described, in the portfolio by class (in thousands).

| March 31, 2019 Commercial real estate: | Pass | Special Mention | Substandard | PCI | Total |
|---|--------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| Non-owner occupied | \$ 1,671,428 | \$ 5,957 | \$ 37,694 | \$ 13,048 | \$ 1,728,127 |
| Owner occupied | 1,168,015 | _ | 29,459 | 14,254 | 1,211,728 |
| Commercial and industrial | 1,421,541 | 479 | 65,211 | 6,205 | 1,493,436 |
| Construction and land | | | | | |
| development | 993,927 | _ | 1,472 | 299 | 995,698 |
| 1-4 family residential | 620,547 | 382 | 18,520 | 56,760 | 696,209 |
| Mortgage warehouse | 350,896 | _ | | | 350,896 |
| Consumer | 43,595 | | 128 | 5 | 43,728 |
| Broker-dealer | 491,857 | | | | 491,857 |
| | \$ 6,761,806 | \$ 6,818 | \$ 152,484 | \$ 90,571 | \$ 7,011,679 |
| December 31, 2018 | Pass | Special Mention | Substandard | PCI | Total |
| Commercial real estate: | * | | | | |
| Non-owner occupied | \$ 1,673,424 | \$ — | \$ 36,109 | \$ 13,089 | \$ 1,722,622 |
| Owner occupied | 1,175,225 | 2,083 | 25,566 | 14,624 | 1,217,498 |
| Commercial and industrial | 1,433,227 | 15,320 | 53,345 | 6,559 | 1,508,451 |
| Construction and land | | | | | |
| development | 929,130 | _ | 3,315 | 464 | 932,909 |
| 1-4 family residential | 601,264 | 393 | 19,279 | 58,327 | 679,263 |
| Mortgage warehouse | 243,806 | _ | _ | _ | 243,806 |
| Consumer | 47,416 | _ | 121 | 9 | 47,546 |
| Broker-dealer | 578,363 | _ | _ | _ | 578,363 |
| | \$ 6,681,855 | \$ 17,796 | \$ 137,735 | \$ 93,072 | \$ 6,930,458 |

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is subject to regulatory examinations and determinations as to adequacy, which may take into account such factors as the methodology used to calculate the allowance and the size of the allowance. The Company's analysis of the level of the allowance for loan losses to ensure that it is appropriate for the estimated credit losses in the portfolio consistent with the Interagency Policy Statement on the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses and the Receivables and Contingencies Topics of the ASC is described in detail in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2018 Form 10-K.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

Changes in the allowance for loan losses, distributed by portfolio segment, are shown below (in thousands).

| | | Provision | | Recoveries | |
|---|--|--|----------------------------------|--|---|
| | Balance, | (recovery) | Loans | on | Balance, |
| | beginning | for loan | charged | charged | end of |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 | of period | losses | off | off loans | period |
| Commercial real estate | \$ 27,100 | \$ (255) | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 26,845 |
| Commercial and industrial | 21,980 | 458 | (1,818) | 648 | 21,268 |
| Construction and land development | 6,061 | (153) | | | 5,908 |
| 1-4 family residential | 3,956 | 389 | (28) | 14 | 4,331 |
| Mortgage warehouse | | | | | |
| Consumer | 267 | 586 | (454) | 10 | 409 |
| Broker-dealer | 122 | (74) | | | 48 |
| Total | \$ 59,486 | \$ 951 | \$ (2,300) | \$ 672 | \$ 58,809 |
| | | | | | |
| | Balance, beginning | Provision (recovery) for loan | Loans charged | Recoveries on charged | Balance, end of |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 | beginning of period | (recovery) for loan losses | charged off | on charged off loans | end of period |
| Commercial real estate | beginning of period \$ 26,413 | (recovery) for loan losses \$ 780 | charged off \$ — | on charged off loans \$ — | end of period \$ 27,193 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial | beginning of period \$ 26,413 23,674 | (recovery) for loan losses \$ 780 (1,696) | charged off | on charged off loans | end of period \$ 27,193 23,269 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development | beginning of period \$ 26,413 23,674 7,844 | (recovery) for loan losses \$ 780 (1,696) (395) | charged off \$ — (1,183) — | on charged off loans \$ — 2,474 — | end of period \$ 27,193 23,269 7,449 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development 1-4 family residential | beginning of period \$ 26,413 23,674 | (recovery) for loan losses \$ 780 (1,696) | charged off \$ — | on charged off loans \$ — | end of period \$ 27,193 23,269 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development 1-4 family residential Mortgage warehouse | beginning of period \$ 26,413 23,674 7,844 2,362 | (recovery) for loan losses \$ 780 | charged off \$ — (1,183) — (6) — | on charged off loans \$ — 2,474 — 28 — | end of period \$ 27,193 23,269 7,449 2,107 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development 1-4 family residential Mortgage warehouse Consumer | beginning of period \$ 26,413 23,674 7,844 2,362 — 311 | (recovery) for loan losses \$ 780 | charged off \$ — (1,183) — | on charged off loans \$ — 2,474 — | end of period \$ 27,193 23,269 7,449 2,107 — 276 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development 1-4 family residential Mortgage warehouse Consumer Broker-dealer | beginning of period \$ 26,413 23,674 7,844 2,362 — 311 353 | (recovery) for loan losses \$ 780 | charged off \$ — (1,183) — (6) — | on charged off loans \$ — 2,474 — 28 — 12 — | end of period \$ 27,193 23,269 7,449 2,107 — 276 77 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development 1-4 family residential Mortgage warehouse Consumer | beginning of period \$ 26,413 23,674 7,844 2,362 — 311 | (recovery) for loan losses \$ 780 | charged off \$ — (1,183) — (6) — | on charged off loans \$ — 2,474 — 28 — | end of period \$ 27,193 23,269 7,449 2,107 — 276 |

The loan portfolio was distributed by portfolio segment and impairment methodology as shown below (in thousands).

Loans Loans individually collectively evaluated for PCI

| March 31, 2019 Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial | evaluated for impairment \$ 3,581 9,450 | impairment \$ 2,908,972 1,477,781 | loans \$ 27,302 6,205 | Total \$ 2,939,855 1,493,436 |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Construction and land development | 1,358 | 994,041 | 299 | 995,698 |
| 1-4 family residential | 608 | 638,841 | 56,760 | 696,209 |
| Mortgage warehouse | _ | 350,896 | | 350,896 |
| Consumer Broker-dealer | | 43,723 491,857 | 5 | 43,728 491,857 |
| Total | \$ 14,997 | \$ 6,906,111 | \$ 90,571 | \$ 7,011,679 |
| | | | | |
| | Loans individually evaluated | Loans collectively | p.g. | |
| December 21, 2019 | individually evaluated for | collectively evaluated for | PCI | Total |
| December 31, 2018 Commercial real estate | individually evaluated for impairment | collectively evaluated for impairment | loans | Total \$ 2.940.120 |
| | individually evaluated for | collectively evaluated for | | Total \$ 2,940,120 1,508,451 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development | individually evaluated for impairment \$ 3,909 | collectively evaluated for impairment \$ 2,908,498 1,491,151 929,204 | loans \$ 27,713 6,559 464 | \$ 2,940,120 1,508,451 932,909 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development 1-4 family residential | individually evaluated for impairment \$ 3,909 10,741 | collectively evaluated for impairment \$ 2,908,498 1,491,151 929,204 620,936 | loans \$ 27,713 6,559 | \$ 2,940,120 1,508,451 932,909 679,263 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development 1-4 family residential Mortgage warehouse | individually evaluated for impairment \$ 3,909 10,741 | collectively evaluated for impairment \$ 2,908,498 1,491,151 929,204 620,936 243,806 | loans \$ 27,713 6,559 464 58,327 | \$ 2,940,120 1,508,451 932,909 679,263 243,806 |
| Commercial real estate Commercial and industrial Construction and land development 1-4 family residential | individually evaluated for impairment \$ 3,909 10,741 | collectively evaluated for impairment \$ 2,908,498 1,491,151 929,204 620,936 | loans \$ 27,713 6,559 464 | \$ 2,940,120 1,508,451 932,909 679,263 |

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

The allowance for loan losses was distributed by portfolio segment and impairment methodology as shown below (in thousands).

| | Lo | ans | L | oans | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-------------|----------------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| | ind | lividually | C | ollectively | | |
| | eva | aluated | e ⁻ | valuated | | |
| | for | | fo | or | PCI | |
| March 31, 2019 | im | pairment | ir | npairment | loans | Total |
| Commercial real estate | \$ | | \$ | 25,049 | \$ 1,796 | \$ 26,845 |
| Commercial and industrial | | 73 | | 21,141 | 54 | 21,268 |
| Construction and land development | | 12 | | 5,835 | 61 | 5,908 |
| 1-4 family residential | | _ | | 2,783 | 1,548 | 4,331 |
| Mortgage warehouse | | | | | | |
| Consumer | | _ | | 409 | _ | 409 |
| Broker-dealer | | | | 48 | | 48 |
| Total | \$ | 85 | \$ | 55,265 | \$ 3,459 | \$ 58,809 |

| | Loans | Loans | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| | individually | collectively | | |
| | evaluated | evaluated | | |
| | for | for | PCI | |
| December 31, 2018 | impairment | impairment | loans | Total |
| Commercial real estate | \$ — | \$ 25,671 | \$ 1,429 | \$ 27,100 |
| Commercial and industrial | 721 | 21,187 | 72 | 21,980 |
| Construction and land development | 31 | 5,938 | 92 | 6,061 |
| 1-4 family residential | _ | 2,657 | 1,299 | 3,956 |
| Mortgage warehouse | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Consumer | _ | 267 | _ | 267 |
| Broker-dealer | _ | 122 | | 122 |
| Total | \$ 752 | \$ 55,842 | \$ 2,892 | \$ 59,486 |

7. Mortgage Servicing Rights

The following tables present the changes in fair value of the Company's MSR asset, as included in other assets within the consolidated balance sheets, and other information related to the serviced portfolio (dollars in thousands).

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ 66,102 | \$ 54,714 |
| Additions | 1,861 | 6,661 |
| Changes in fair value: | | |
| Due to changes in model inputs or assumptions (1) | (5,033) | 3,641 |
| Due to customer payoffs | (881) | (1,059) |
| Balance, end of period | \$ 62,049 | \$ 63,957 |
| | | |
| | March 31, | December 31, |
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Mortgage loans serviced for others | \$ 5,077,800 | \$ 5,086,461 |
| MSR asset as a percentage of serviced mortgage loans | 1.22 | % 1.30 % |

⁽¹⁾ Primarily represents normal customer payments, changes in discount rates and prepayment speed assumptions, which are primarily affected by changes in interest rates and the refinement of other MSR model assumptions.

The key assumptions used in measuring the fair value of the Company's MSR asset were as follows.

| | March 31, | | December 31, | |
|---|-----------|---|--------------|---|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | |
| Weighted average constant prepayment rate | 11.72 | % | 10.51 | % |
| Weighted average discount rate | 11.11 | % | 11.11 | % |
| Weighted average life (in years) | 6.5 | | 7.1 | |

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

A sensitivity analysis of the fair value of the Company's MSR asset to certain key assumptions is presented in the following table (in thousands).

| | March 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Constant prepayment rate: | | |
| Impact of 10% adverse change | \$ (2,897) | \$ (2,512) |
| Impact of 20% adverse change | (5,664) | (4,980) |
| Discount rate: | | |
| Impact of 10% adverse change | (2,434) | (2,677) |
| Impact of 20% adverse change | (4,677) | (5,139) |

This sensitivity analysis presents the effect of hypothetical changes in key assumptions on the fair value of the MSR asset. The effect of such hypothetical change in assumptions generally cannot be extrapolated because the relationship of the change in one key assumption to the change in the fair value of the MSR asset is not linear. In addition, in the analysis, the impact of an adverse change in one key assumption is calculated independent of any impact on other assumptions. In reality, changes in one assumption may change another assumption.

Contractually specified servicing fees, late fees and ancillary fees earned of \$6.3 million and \$5.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, were included in net gains from sale of loans and other mortgage production income within the consolidated statements of operations.

8. Deposits

Deposits are summarized as follows (in thousands).

| | March 31, | December 31, |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Noninterest-bearing demand | \$ 2,490,144 | \$ 2,560,750 |

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| Interest-bearing: | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| NOW accounts | 1,388,860 | 1,358,196 |
| Money market | 2,502,889 | 2,725,541 |
| Brokered - money market | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Demand | 330,968 | 393,685 |
| Savings | 185,015 | 184,700 |
| Time | 1,395,243 | 1,308,284 |
| | \$ 8,298,119 | \$ 8,536,156 |

9. Short-term Borrowings

Short-term borrowings are summarized as follows (in thousands).

| | March 31, | December 31, |
|--|------------|--------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Federal funds purchased | \$ 132,800 | \$ 100,100 |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase | 560,725 | 576,707 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank | | 200,000 |
| Short-term bank loans | 221,000 | 189,000 |
| | \$ 914,525 | \$ 1,065,807 |

Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase generally mature daily, on demand, or on some other short-term basis. The Bank and the Hilltop Broker-Dealers execute transactions to sell securities under agreements to repurchase with both customers and other broker-dealers. Securities involved in these transactions are held by the Bank, the Hilltop Broker-Dealers or a third-party dealer.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

Information concerning federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase is shown in the following tables (dollars in thousands).

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|--|------------------------------|---|------------|---|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | |
| Average balance during the period | \$ 654,117 | | \$ 678,723 | |
| Average interest rate during the period | 2.63 | % | 1.50 | % |
| | | | December | |
| | March 31, | | 31, | |
| | 2019 | | 2018 | |
| Average interest rate at end of period | 2.47 | % | 2.43 | % |
| Securities underlying the agreements at end of period: | | | | |
| Carrying value | \$ 562,897 | | \$ 587,609 | |
| Estimated fair value | \$ 598,304 | | \$ 618,231 | |

Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") short-term borrowings mature over terms not exceeding 365 days and are collateralized by FHLB Dallas stock, nonspecified real estate loans and certain specific commercial real estate loans. Other information regarding FHLB short-term borrowings is shown in the following tables (dollars in thousands).

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---|--------------|---|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | |
| Average balance during the period | \$ 4,167 | | \$ 26,111 | |
| Average interest rate during the period | 2.65 | % | 2.03 | % |
| | | | | |
| | March 31, | | December 31, | |
| | 2019 | | 2018 | |
| Average interest rate at end of period | 0.00 | % | 2.65 | % |
| | | | | |

The Hilltop Broker-Dealers use short-term bank loans periodically to finance securities owned, margin loans to customers and correspondents, and underwriting activities. Interest on the borrowings varies with the federal funds rate. The weighted average interest rate on the borrowings at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was 3.29% and

3.35%, respectively.

10. Notes Payable

Notes payable consisted of the following (in thousands).

| | | December |
|---|------------|------------|
| | March 31, | 31, |
| | 2019 | 2018 |
| Senior Notes due April 2025, net of discount of \$1,353 and \$1,393, respectively | \$ 148,647 | \$ 148,607 |
| FHLB notes, including premium of \$203 and \$222, respectively, with maturities | | |
| ranging from September 2020 to June 2030 | 4,284 | 4,391 |
| NLIC note payable due May 2033 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| NLIC note payable due September 2033 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| ASIC note payable due April 2034 | 7,500 | 7,500 |
| Insurance company line of credit due December 31, 2019 | _ | |
| Ventures Management lines of credit due May 2019 | 44,941 | 48,374 |
| | \$ 225,372 | \$ 228,872 |

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

11. Leases

Hilltop and its subsidiaries lease space, primarily for corporate offices, branch facilities and automated teller machines, under both operating and finance leases. Certain of the Company's leases have options to extend, with the longest extension option being ten years, and some of the Company's leases include options to terminate within one year. The Company's leases contain customary restrictions and covenants. The Company has certain intercompany leases and subleases between its subsidiaries, and these transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation and are not reflected in the tables and information presented below.

Supplemental balance sheet information related to finance leases is as follows (in thousands).

| | March 31, 2019 |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Finance leases: | |
| Premises and equipment | \$ 7,780 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (3,736) |
| Premises and equipment, net | \$ 4,044 |

Operating lease rental cost and finance lease amortization of ROU assets is included within occupancy and equipment, net in the consolidated statements of operations. Finance lease interest expense is included within other interest expense in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company does not generally enter into leases which contain variable payments, other than due to the passage of time. The components of lease costs, including short-term lease costs, are as follows (in thousands).

| | Three |
|--|-----------|
| | Months |
| | Ended |
| | March 31, |
| | 2019 |
| Operating lease cost | \$ 10,531 |
| Less operating lease and sublease income | (388) |
| Net operating lease cost | \$ 10,143 |

Finance lease cost:

| Amortization of lease assets | \$ 147 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Interest on lease liabilities | 152 |
| Total finance lease cost | \$ 299 |

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases is as follows (in thousands):

| | Three |
|---|----------|
| | Months |
| | Ended |
| | March |
| | 31, 2019 |
| Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities: | |
| Operating cash flows from operating leases | \$ 8,220 |
| Operating cash flows from finance leases | 152 |
| Financing cash flows from finance leases | 144 |
| Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new lease obligations: | |
| Operating leases | \$ 3,591 |
| Finance leases | |

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

Information regarding the lease terms and discount rates of the Company's leases is as follows.

| | March 31, 2019 | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | Weighted |
| | Weighted Average | Average |
| | | Discount |
| Lease Classification | Remaining Lease Term (Years) | Rate |
| Operating | 5 | 5.18% |
| Finance | 8 | 4.77 % |

Future minimum lease payments under the Leasing Standard as of March 31, 2019, under lease agreements that had commenced as of January 1, 2019, are presented below (in thousands).

| | Operating | Finance |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------|
| | leases | Leases |
| 2019 | \$ 27,512 | \$ 891 |
| 2020 | 31,127 | 1,197 |
| 2021 | 23,287 | 1,212 |
| 2022 | 17,922 | 1,241 |
| 2023 | 13,902 | 1,280 |
| Thereafter | 20,278 | 3,460 |
| Total minimum lease payments | \$ 134,028 | \$ 9,281 |
| Less amount representing interest | (15,576) | (1,374) |
| Lease liabilities | \$ 118,452 | \$ 7,907 |

The Company adopted the Leasing Standard on January 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective transition under the option to apply the new standard at its effective date without adjusting the prior period comparative financial statements. As such, disclosures for comparative periods under the predecessor standard, ASC 840, Leases, are required in the year of transition. Future minimum lease payments under ASC 840 as of December 31, 2018, under lease agreements that had commenced as of December 31, 2018, are presented below (in thousands).

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| | Oı | perating Leases | Ca | apital Leases |
|---|----|-----------------|----|---------------|
| 2019 | \$ | 36,171 | \$ | 1,186 |
| 2020 | | 29,109 | | 1,197 |
| 2021 | | 21,058 | | 1,212 |
| 2022 | | 16,386 | | 1,241 |
| 2023 | | 12,361 | | 1,280 |
| Thereafter | | 18,264 | | 3,460 |
| Total minimum lease payments | \$ | 133,349 | | 9,576 |
| Amount representing interest | | | | (1,221) |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | | | \$ | 8,355 |

As of March 31, 2019, the Company had additional operating leases that have not yet commenced with future minimum lease payments of approximately \$38 million, primarily related to the Hilltop Plaza leases, as discussed in more detail in Note 13. These operating leases are expected to commence between April 2019 and December 2019 with lease terms ranging from three to ten years.

A related party is the lessor in an operating lease with the Bank. The Bank's minimum payment under the lease is \$0.5 million annually through 2028, for an aggregate remaining obligation of \$4.6 million at March 31, 2019.

12. Income Taxes

The Company applies an estimated annual effective rate to interim period pre-tax income to calculate the income tax provision for the quarter in accordance with the principal method prescribed by the accounting guidance established for computing income taxes in interim periods. The Company's effective tax rates were 22.6% and 23.3% during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and approximated the applicable statutory rates for such periods.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Matters

The Company is subject to loss contingencies related to litigation, claims, investigations and legal and administrative cases and proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company evaluates these contingencies based on information currently available, including advice of counsel. The Company establishes accruals for those matters when a loss contingency is considered probable and the related amount is reasonably estimable. Any accruals are periodically reviewed and may be adjusted as circumstances change. A portion of the Company's exposure with respect to loss contingencies may be offset by applicable insurance coverage. In determining the amounts of any accruals or estimates of possible loss contingencies, the Company does not take into account the availability of insurance coverage, other than that provided by reinsurers in the insurance segment. When it is practicable, the Company estimates loss contingencies for possible litigation and claims, whether or not there is an accrued probable loss. When the Company is able to estimate such probable losses, and when it estimates that it is reasonably possible it could incur losses in excess of amounts accrued, the Company is required to make a disclosure of the aggregate estimation. As available information changes, however, the matters for which the Company is able to estimate, as well as the estimates themselves, will be adjusted accordingly.

Assessments of litigation and claims exposures are difficult due to many factors that involve inherent unpredictability. Those factors include the following: the varying stages of the proceedings, particularly in the early stages; unspecified, unsupported, or uncertain damages; damages other than compensatory, such as punitive damages; a matter presenting meaningful legal uncertainties, including novel issues of law; multiple defendants and jurisdictions; whether discovery has begun or is complete; whether meaningful settlement discussions have commenced; and whether the claim involves a class action and if so, how the class is defined. As a result of some of these factors, the Company may be unable to estimate reasonably possible losses with respect to some or all of the pending and threatened litigation and claims asserted against the Company.

While the final outcome of litigation and claims exposures is inherently unpredictable, management is currently of the opinion that the outcome of pending and threatened litigation will not have a material effect on the Company's business, consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows as a whole. However, in the event of unexpected future developments, it is reasonably possible that an adverse outcome in any matter could be material to the Company's business, consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows for any particular reporting period of occurrence.

Indemnification Liability Reserve

The mortgage origination segment may be responsible to agencies, investors, or other parties for errors or omissions relating to its representations and warranties that each loan sold meets certain requirements, including representations as to underwriting standards and the validity of certain borrower representations in connection with the loan. If determined to be at fault, the mortgage origination segment either repurchases the affected loan from or indemnifies the claimant against loss. The mortgage origination segment has established an indemnification liability reserve for such probable losses.

Generally, the mortgage origination segment first becomes aware that an agency, investor, or other party believes a loss has been incurred on a sold loan when it receives a written request from the claimant to repurchase the loan or reimburse the claimant's losses. Upon completing its review of the claimant's request, the mortgage origination segment establishes a specific claims reserve for the loan if it concludes its obligation to the claimant is both probable and reasonably estimable.

An additional reserve has been established for probable agency, investor or other party losses that may have been incurred, but not yet reported to the mortgage origination segment based upon a reasonable estimate of such losses. Factors considered in the calculation of this reserve include, but are not limited to, the total volume of loans sold

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

exclusive of specific claimant requests, actual claim settlements and the severity of estimated losses resulting from future claims, and the mortgage origination segment's history of successfully curing defects identified in claim requests. While the mortgage origination segment's sales contracts typically include borrower early payment default repurchase provisions, these provisions have not been a primary driver of claims to date, and therefore, are not a primary factor considered in the calculation of this reserve.

At both March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the mortgage origination segment's indemnification liability reserve totaled \$10.7 million. The provision for indemnification losses was \$0.5 million and \$0.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Representation and Warranty Specific Claims

The following tables provide for a rollforward of claims activity for loans put-back to the mortgage origination segment based upon an alleged breach of a representation or warranty with respect to a loan sold and related indemnification liability reserve activity (in thousands).

| | A stimite - Onicionation I and Delance | | | | | |
|---|--|--|-------------|---|--|--|
| | Activity - Origination Loan Balance | | | | | |
| | Three Months Ende | | | * | | |
| | | 19 | 20 | 2018 | | |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ | 33,784 | \$ | 33,702 | | |
| Claims made | | 3,182 | | 6,989 | | |
| Claims resolved with no payment | | (5,687) | | (5,861) | | |
| Repurchases | | (1,167) | | (2,089) | | |
| Indemnification payments | | _ | | (420) | | |
| Balance, end of period | \$ | 30,112 | \$ | 32,321 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | т 1 | 1 'C' (' T' 1'1') | D | 4 | | |
| | Ind | lemnification Liability | Res | serve Activity (1) | | |
| | | temnification Liability | | • • • | | |
| | | ree Months Ended Ma | | 31, | | |
| Balance, beginning of period | Th | ree Months Ended Ma | rch 3 | 31, | | |
| Balance, beginning of period Additions for new sales | Th: 201 | ree Months Ended Ma 19 | rch 3 20 | 31, 18 | | |
| | Th: 201 | ree Months Ended Ma 19 10,701 | rch 3 20 | 31, 18 23,472 | | |
| Additions for new sales | Th: 201 | ree Months Ended Ma 19 10,701 489 | rch 3 20 | 31, 18 23,472 728 | | |
| Additions for new sales Repurchases | Th: 201 | ree Months Ended Ma 19 10,701 489 (82) | rch 3 20 | 31, 18 23,472 728 (160) | | |
| Additions for new sales Repurchases Early payment defaults | Th: 201 | ree Months Ended Ma 19 10,701 489 (82) (142) | rch 3 20 | 31, 18 23,472 728 (160) (146) | | |
| Additions for new sales Repurchases Early payment defaults Indemnification payments | Th: 201 | ree Months Ended Ma 19 10,701 489 (82) (142) (3) | rch 3 20 | 31, 18 23,472 728 (160) (146) (117) | | |

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| | March 31, 2019 | December 31 2018 | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|--|--|
| Reserve for Indemnification Liability: | | | | |
| Specific claims | \$ 916 | \$ 676 | | |
| Incurred but not reported claims | 9,805 | 10,025 | | |
| Total | \$ 10,721 | \$ 10,701 | | |

(1) The Reserve for Indemnification Liability as of March 31, 2018 reflected \$10.2 million of specific claims related to an inquiry by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") and the U.S. Department of Justice which was resolved in the fourth quarter of 2018. The resolution of this matter is discussed in detail in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2018 Form 10-K.

Although management considers the total indemnification liability reserve to be appropriate, there may be changes in the reserve over time to address incurred losses due to unanticipated adverse changes in the economy and historical loss patterns, discrete events adversely affecting specific borrowers or industries, and/or actions taken by institutions or investors. The impact of such matters is considered in the reserving process when probable and estimable.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

Hilltop Plaza Investment

On July 31, 2018, Hillcrest Land LLC purchased approximately 1.7 acres of land in the City of University Park, Texas for \$38.5 million. Hillcrest Land LLC is owned equally between Hilltop Investments I, LLC, a wholly owned entity of Hilltop, and Diamond Ground, LLC, an affiliate of Mr. Gerald J. Ford, Chairman of the Board of Directors. Each of Hilltop Investments I, LLC and Diamond Ground, LLC contributed \$19.3 million to Hillcrest Land LLC to complete the purchase. As the voting rights of Hillcrest Land LLC are shared equally between the Company and Diamond Ground, LLC, there is no primary beneficiary, and Diamond Ground, LLC's interest in Hillcrest Land LLC has been reflected as a noncontrolling interest in the Company's consolidated financial statements. Therefore, the Company has consolidated Hillcrest Land LLC under the VIE model according to the "most-closely associated" test. The purchased land is included within premises and equipment, net in the consolidated balance sheets. Any income (loss) associated with Hillcrest Land LLC is included within other noninterest income in the consolidated statements of operations. Trusts for which Jeremy Ford, President and Chief Executive Officer, and the wife of Corey Prestidge, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary, are a beneficiary own 10.2% and 10.1%, respectively, of Diamond Ground, LLC.

In connection with the purchase of the land, Hillcrest Land LLC entered into a 99-year ground lease of the land with three tenants-in-common: SPC Park Plaza Partners LLC ("Park Plaza LLC"), an unaffiliated entity which received an undivided 50% leasehold interest; HTH Project LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Hilltop, which received an undivided 25% leasehold interest; and Diamond Hillcrest, LLC ("Diamond Hillcrest"), an entity owned by Mr. Gerald J. Ford, which received an undivided 25% leasehold interest (collectively, the "Co-Owners"). The ground lease is triple net. The base rent from the Co-Owners under the ground lease commences 18 months after the ground lease was signed at \$1.8 million per year and increases 1.0% per year each January 1 thereafter. The ground lease was classified as an operating lease, and the accounting commencement date was determined to be July 31, 2018, the date the land was available to the Co-Owners.

Concurrent with the ground lease, the Co-Owners entered into an agreement to purchase the improvements currently being constructed on the land, which is a mixed-use project containing a six-story building ("Hilltop Plaza"). HTH Project LLC and Diamond Hillcrest each own an undivided 25% interest in Hilltop Plaza. Park Plaza LLC owns the remaining undivided 50% interest in Hilltop Plaza. Park Plaza LLC has agreed to serve as the Co-Owner property manager under the Co-Owners Agreement; however, certain actions require unanimous approval of all Co-Owners. Funding for Hilltop Plaza includes a \$41.0 million construction loan from an unaffiliated third party bank, as well as cash contributions of \$5.3 million from each of HTH Project LLC and Diamond Hillcrest. HTH Project LLC's undivided interest in Hilltop Plaza is accounted for as an equity method investment as the tenants-in-common have joint control over decisions regarding Hilltop Plaza. The investment is included within other assets in the consolidated balance sheets and any income (loss) is included within other noninterest income in the consolidated statements of operations.

Hilltop and the Bank entered into leases for an aggregate of approximately 72,000 of the total 119,000 square feet of rentable space in Hilltop Plaza to serve as the headquarters for both companies. The two separate 129-month office and retail leases have combined total base rent of approximately \$35 million with the first nine months of rent abated. Move-in is expected in the fourth quarter of 2019. The office and retail leases were considered under the build-to-suit provisions of ASC 840, and the Company was determined to be the accounting owner of the project as its affiliate, HTH Project LLC, has an equity investment in the project. As such, the assets of Hilltop Plaza were recognized during the construction period through December 31, 2018, as costs were incurred to construct the asset, with a corresponding liability representing the costs paid for by the lessor (the Co-Owners). At December 31, 2018, the \$27.8 million of costs incurred to date were included within premises and equipment and other liabilities, respectively, in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company reassessed its accounting ownership of the Hilltop Plaza assets under construction as of January 1, 2019, under the build-to-suit provisions of the newly adopted Leasing Standard and concluded it is not the accounting owner. As such, the assets and liabilities of the project were derecognized on January 1, 2019, with the \$1.4 million offset representing deferred expenses recognized on the project to date through December 31, 2018, recorded as an increase to retained earnings.

All intercompany transactions associated with the Hilltop Plaza investment and the related transactions discussed above are eliminated in consolidation.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

14. Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The Bank is party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit that involve varying degrees of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Such financial instruments are recorded in the consolidated financial statements when they are funded or related fees are incurred or received. The contract amounts of those instruments reflect the extent of involvement (and therefore the exposure to credit loss) the Bank has in particular classes of financial instruments.

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer provided that the terms established in the contract are met. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates and may require payment of fees. Because some commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. These letters of credit are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan commitments to customers.

In the aggregate, the Bank had outstanding unused commitments to extend credit of \$2.3 billion at March 31, 2019 and outstanding financial and performance standby letters of credit of \$95.1 million at March 31, 2019.

The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and standby letters of credit as it does for on-balance sheet instruments. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary, in these transactions is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies but may include real estate, accounts receivable, marketable securities, interest-bearing deposit accounts, inventory, and property, plant and equipment.

In the normal course of business, the Hilltop Broker-Dealers execute, settle, and finance various securities transactions that may expose the Hilltop Broker-Dealers to off-balance sheet risk in the event that a customer or counterparty does not fulfill its contractual obligations. Examples of such transactions include the sale of securities not yet purchased by customers or for the accounts of the Hilltop Broker-Dealers, use of derivatives to support certain non-profit housing organization clients and to hedge changes in the fair value of certain securities, clearing agreements between the

Hilltop Broker-Dealers and various clearinghouses and broker-dealers, secured financing arrangements that involve pledged securities, and when-issued underwriting and purchase commitments.

15. Stock-Based Compensation

Pursuant to the Hilltop Holdings Inc. 2012 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2012 Plan"), the Company may grant nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance awards, dividend equivalent rights and other awards to employees of the Company, its subsidiaries and outside directors of the Company. In the aggregate, 4,000,000 shares of common stock may be delivered pursuant to awards granted under the 2012 Plan. At March 31, 2019, 666,839 shares of common stock remained available for issuance pursuant to awards granted under the 2012 Plan, excluding shares that may be delivered pursuant to outstanding awards. Compensation expense related to the 2012 Plan was \$2.5 million and \$2.3 million during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

During the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, Hilltop granted 7,958 and 4,921 shares of common stock, respectively, pursuant to the 2012 Plan to certain non-employee members of the Company's board of directors for services rendered to the Company.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

Restricted Stock Units

The following table summarizes information about nonvested RSU activity for the three months ended March 31, 2019 (shares in thousands).

| | RSUs | |
|-----------------|-------------|------------|
| | | Weighted |
| | | Average |
| | | Grant |
| | | Date |
| | Outstanding | Fair Value |
| Balance, | | |
| December 31, | | |
| 2018 | 1,270 | \$ 22.44 |
| Granted | 574 | \$ 19.20 |
| Vested/Released | (240) | \$ 16.32 |
| Forfeited | (2) | \$ 24.72 |
| Balance, March | | |
| 31, 2019 | 1,602 | \$ 21.24 |

Vested/Released RSUs include an aggregate of 36,553 shares withheld to satisfy employee statutory tax obligations during the three months ended March 31, 2019. Pursuant to certain RSU award agreements, an aggregate of 3,322 vested RSUs at March 31, 2019 require deferral of the settlement in shares and statutory tax obligations to a future date.

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Compensation Committee of the board of directors of the Company awarded certain executives and key employees an aggregate of 565,861 RSUs pursuant to the 2012 Plan. Of the RSUs granted during the three months ended March 31, 2019, 474,612 that were outstanding at March 31, 2019, are subject to time-based vesting conditions and generally cliff vest on the third anniversary of the grant date. Of the RSUs granted during the three months ended March 31, 2019, 91,249 that were outstanding at March 31, 2019, will cliff vest based upon the achievement of certain performance goals over a three-year period.

At March 31, 2019, in the aggregate, 1,350,926 of the outstanding RSUs are subject to time-based vesting conditions and generally cliff vest on the third anniversary of the grant date, and 250,177 outstanding RSUs cliff vest based upon the achievement of certain performance goals over a three-year period. At March 31, 2019, unrecognized compensation expense related to outstanding RSUs of \$20.6 million is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.83 years.

16. Regulatory Matters

Banking and Hilltop

PlainsCapital, which includes the Bank and PrimeLending, and Hilltop are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by federal banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory — and possibly additional discretionary — actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct, material effect on the consolidated financial statements. The regulations require PlainsCapital and Hilltop to meet specific capital adequacy guidelines that involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The Company performs reviews of the classification and calculation of risk-weighted assets to ensure accuracy and compliance with the Basel III regulatory capital requirements as implemented by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. The capital classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors. Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the companies to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (set forth in the following table) of Tier 1 capital (as defined in the regulations) to total average assets (as defined), and minimum ratios of common equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and total capital (as defined) to risk-weighted assets (as defined).

In order to avoid limitations on capital distributions, including dividend payments, stock repurchases and certain discretionary bonus payments to executive officers, Basel III requires banking organizations to maintain a capital conservation buffer above minimum risk-based capital requirements measured relative to risk-weighted assets. The phase-in of the capital conservation buffer requirements began on January 1, 2016 for Hilltop and PlainsCapital, and the requirements were fully phased in as of January 1, 2019.

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Hilltop Holdings Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Unaudited)

The following tables show PlainsCapital's and Hilltop's actual capital amounts and ratios in accordance with Basel III compared to the regulatory minimum capital requirements including conservation buffer in effect at the end of the period and on a fully phased-in basis as if such requirements were currently in effect at December 31, 2018 (dollars in thousands). Based on actual capital amounts and ratios shown in the following table, PlainsCapital's ratios place it in the "well capitalized" (as defined) capital category under regulatory requirements.

| | | | Minimum Cap Requirements Including Cor Buffer | | | | |
|---|--------------|---------|--|-----------------|---|-------------|----|
| | | | In Effect at End of | Fully Phased | | To Be Well | l |
| | Actual | | Period | In | | Capitalized | Į. |
| | Amount | Ratio | Ratio | Ratio | | Ratio | |
| March 31, 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 capital (to average assets): | | | | | | | |
| PlainsCapital | \$ 1,195,051 | 12.61 % | 4.0 % | 4.0 | % | 5.0 | % |
| Hilltop | 1,718,119 | 13.22 % | 4.0 % | 4.0 | % | N/A | |
| Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets): | | | | | | | |
| PlainsCapital | 1,195,051 | 13.89 % | 7.0 | 7.0 | % | 6.5 | % |
| Hilltop | 1,671,530 | 16.75 % | 7.0 % | 7.0 | % | N/A | |
| Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets): | | | | | | | |
| PlainsCapital | 1,195,051 | 13.89 % | 8.5 | 8.5 | % | 8.0 | % |
| Hilltop | 1,718,119 | 17.22 % | 8.5 | 8.5 | % | N/A | |
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets): | | | | | | | |
| PlainsCapital | 1,256,067 | 14.60 % | 10.5 | 10.5 | % | 10.0 | % |
| Hilltop | 1,760,772 | 17.64 % | 10.5 | 10.5 | % | N/A | |
| | | | Minimum Cap Requirements Including Cor Buffer | | | | |
| | | | In Effect at | Fully | | To Be Well | l |
| | | | End of | Phased | | | |
| | Actual | | Period | In | | Capitalized | |
| | Amount | Ratio | Ratio | Ratio | | Ratio | |
| December 31, 2018 | | | | | | | |

| Tier 1 capital (to average assets): | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---|-----|---|-----|---|
| PlainsCapital | \$ 1,183,447 | 12.47 % 4.0 | % | 4.0 | % | 5.0 | % |
| Hilltop | 1,680,364 | 12.53 % 4.0 | % | 4.0 | % | N/A | |
| Common equity Tier 1 capital (to | | | | | | | |
| risk-weighted assets): | | | | | | | |
| PlainsCapital | 1,183,447 | 13.90 % 6.375 | % | 7.0 | % | 6.5 | % |
| Hilltop | | | | | | | |