ISABELLA BANK CORP

Form 10-Q August 08, 2013 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

ý Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 0-18415

Isabella Bank Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Michigan 38-2830092 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 38-2830092 (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) identification No.)

401 N. Main St, Mt. Pleasant, MI 48858 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(989) 772-9471

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ý Yes "No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ý Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer", and "smaller reporting company", in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check One).

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer ý

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company "
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

"Yes ý No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock no par value, 7,711,460 as of 7/25/2013

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Forward Looking Statements

This report contains certain forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We intend such forward looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and is included in this statement for purposes of these safe harbor provisions. Forward looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "project similar expressions. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse effect on the operations and future prospects include, but are not limited to, changes in: interest rates, general economic conditions, monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. Government, including policies of the U.S. Treasury and the FRB, the quality or composition of the loan or investment portfolios, demand for loan products, fluctuation in the value of collateral securing our loan portfolio, deposit flows, competition, demand for financial services in our market area, and accounting principles, policies and guidelines. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Further information concerning Isabella Bank Corporation and its business, including additional factors that could materially affect our financial results, is included in our filings with the SEC.

The acronyms and abbreviations identified below may be used throughout this 10-Q, or in our other filings. You may find it helpful to refer back to this page while reading this report.

AFS: Available-for-sale

ALLL: Allowance for loan and lease losses

AOCI: Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

ASC: FASB Accounting Standards Codification ASU: FASB Accounting Standards Update

ATM: Automated Teller Machine

BHC Act: Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 CFPB: Consumer Financial Protection Bureau

CRA: Community Reinvestment Act

DIF: Deposit Insurance Fund

DIFS: Department of Insurance and Financial Services Directors Plan: Isabella Bank Corporation and Related Companies Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors Dividend Reinvestment Plan: Isabella Bank Corporation Stockholder Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Employee

Stock Purchase Plan

Dodd-Frank Act: Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and

Consumer Protection Act of 2010 ESOP: Employee stock ownership plan

Exchange Act: Securities Exchange Act of 1934 FASB: Financial Accounting Standards Board FDI Act: Federal Deposit Insurance Act FDIC: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation FFIEC: Federal Financial Institutions Examinations

Council

Fitch: Fitch Ratings

FRB: Federal Reserve Bank FHLB: Federal Home Loan Bank

Freddie Mac: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

FTE: Fully taxable equivalent

GLB Act: Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act of 1999 IFRS: International Financial Reporting Standards

IRR: Interest Rate Risk

JOBS Act: Jumpstart our Business Startups Act

LIBOR: London Interbank Offered Rate Moody's: Moody's Investors Service, Inc

N/A: Not applicable N/M: Not meaningful

NASDAQ: NASDAQ Stock Market Index NASDAQ Banks: NASDAQ Bank Stock Index

NAV: Net asset value

NOW: Negotiable order of withdrawal

NSF: Non-sufficient funds

OCI: Other comprehensive income (loss)

OMSRs: Originated mortgage servicing rights

OREO: Other real estate owned

OTC: Over-the-Counter

OTTI: Other-than-temporary impairment PBO: Projected Benefit Obligation

PCAOB: Public Company Accounting Oversight Board

Rabbi Trust: A trust established to fund the Directors Plan

SEC: U.S. Securities & Exchange Commission

SOX: Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

S&P: Standard & Poor

TDR: Troubled debt restructuring

GAAP: U.S. generally accepted accounting principles XBRL: eXtensible Business Reporting Language

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 – Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands)

(Dollars in thousands)		
	June 30	December 31
	2013	2012
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and demand deposits due from banks	\$21,289	\$22,634
Interest bearing balances due from banks	77	2,286
Total cash and cash equivalents	21,366	24,920
Certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions	1,810	4,465
Trading securities	950	1,573
AFS securities (amortized cost of \$499,891 in 2013 and \$490,420 in 2012)	499,424	504,010
Mortgage loans AFS	743	3,633
Loans		
Commercial	389,044	371,505
Agricultural	87,516	83,606
Residential real estate	293,158	284,148
Consumer	33,734	33,494
Total loans	803,452	772,753
Less allowance for loan and lease losses	11,700	11,936
Net loans	791,752	760,817
Premises and equipment	25,852	25,787
Corporate owned life insurance policies	24,101	22,773
Accrued interest receivable	5,232	5,227
Equity securities without readily determinable fair values	18,242	18,118
Goodwill and other intangible assets	46,418	46,532
Other assets	15,525	12,784
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,451,415	\$1,430,639
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits		
Noninterest bearing	\$139,942	\$143,735
NOW accounts	173,184	181,259
Certificates of deposit under \$100 and other savings	468,094	455,546
Certificates of deposit over \$100	240,204	237,127
Total deposits	1,021,424	1,017,667
Borrowed funds	262,460	241,001
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	8,243	7,482
Total liabilities	1,292,127	1,266,150
Shareholders' equity	, ,	, ,
Common stock — no par value 15,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstandin	g	
7,703,589 shares (including 4,742 shares held in the Rabbi Trust) in 2013 and	137,321	136,580
7,671,846 shares (including 5,130 shares held in the Rabbi Trust) in 2012	,	
Shares to be issued for deferred compensation obligations	3,871	3,734
Retained earnings	22,244	19,168
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)) 5,007
Total shareholders' equity	159,288	164,489
····	107,200	10.,.07

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

\$1,451,415 \$1,430,639

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Month June 30	s Ended
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Interest income				
Loans, including fees	\$10,280	\$10,849	\$20,610	\$21,789
AFS securities				
Taxable	1,798	1,988	3,632	3,877
Nontaxable	1,244	1,216	2,478	2,420
Trading securities	9	22	23	64
Federal funds sold and other	109	113	225	242
Total interest income	13,440	14,188	26,968	28,392
Interest expense				
Deposits	1,822	2,368	3,696	4,880
Borrowings	959	1,061	1,906	2,253
Total interest expense	2,781	3,429	5,602	7,133
Net interest income	10,659	10,759	21,366	21,259
Provision for loan losses	215	439	515	900
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	10,444	10,320	20,851	20,359
Noninterest income				
Service charges and fees	1,747	1,628	3,291	3,257
Gain (loss) on sale of mortgage loans	249	279	607	658
Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies	190	177	359	348
Gain (loss) on sale of AFS securities			99	1,003
Other	550	460	827	819
Total noninterest income	2,736	2,544	5,183	6,085
Noninterest expenses				
Compensation and benefits	5,236	5,232	10,681	10,533
Furniture and equipment	1,192	1,170	2,381	2,260
Occupancy	641	599	1,306	1,240
AFS security impairment loss				
Total other-than-temporary impairment loss				486
Portion of loss reported in other comprehensive income (loss)				(204)
Net AFS security impairment loss				282
Other	2,255	2,187	4,147	4,446
Total noninterest expenses	9,324	9,188	18,515	18,761
Income before federal income tax expense	3,856	3,676	7,519	7,683
Federal income tax expense	643	672	1,219	1,445
NET INCOME	\$3,213	\$3,004	\$6,300	\$6,238
Earnings per share				
Basic	\$0.42	\$0.40	\$0.82	\$0.82
Diluted	\$0.41	\$0.39	\$0.80	\$0.80
Cash dividends per basic share	\$0.21	\$0.20	\$0.42	\$0.40
1	•	•	•	•

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Net income	\$3,213	\$3,004	\$6,300	\$6,238	
Unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities:					
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	(11,997) 1,420	(13,958) 2,219	
Reclassification adjustment for net realized (gains) losses included in net income	_	_	(99) (1,003)
Reclassification adjustment for impairment loss included in net income	_		_	282	
Net unrealized gains (losses)	(11,997) 1,420	(14,057) 1,498	
Tax effect (1)	3,979	(546	4,902	(27)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(8,018) 874	(9,155) 1,471	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$(4,805) \$3,878	\$(2,855) \$7,709	

⁽¹⁾ See "Note 10 – Federal Income Taxes" for tax effect reconciliation.

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

	Common Stock Shares Outstanding	Common Stock		Shares to be Issued for Deferred Compensati Obligations		Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehens Income (Los	ive	Totals	
Balance, January 1, 2012	7,589,226	\$134,734		\$ 4,524		\$13,036	\$ 2,489		\$154,783	
Comprehensive income (loss)		_				6,238	1,471		7,709	
Issuance of common stock	54,900	1,322		_					1,322	
Common stock transferred from	n									
the Rabbi Trust to satisfy		95		(95	`					
deferred compensation		73		()3	,					
obligations										
Share-based payment awards				295					295	
under equity compensation plan	1			2)3					273	
Common stock purchased for										
deferred compensation	_	(225)			_			(225)
obligations										
Common stock repurchased										
pursuant to publicly announced	(41,581)	(995)			_			(995)
repurchase plan										
Cash dividends (\$0.40 per						(3,034)			(3,034)
share)										,
Balance, June 30, 2012	7,602,545	\$134,931		\$ 4,724		\$16,240	\$ 3,960		\$159,855	
Balance, January 1, 2013	7,671,846	\$136,580		\$ 3,734		\$19,168	\$ 5,007		\$164,489	
Comprehensive income (loss)						6,300	(9,155)	(2,855)
Issuance of common stock	77,568	1,900							1,900	
Common stock transferred from	n									
the Rabbi Trust to satisfy	_	121		(121)	_	_		_	
deferred compensation				(,					
obligations										
Share-based payment awards	_			258		_	_		258	
under equity compensation plan	1									
Common stock purchased for		4.55							4.66	
deferred compensation	_	(166)			_			(166)
obligations										
Common stock repurchased	(45.005)	/1 11 A							/1 111	,
pursuant to publicly announced	(45,825)	(1,114)						(1,114)
repurchase plan										
Cash dividends (\$0.42 per share)		_		_		(3,224)	_		(3,224)
Balance, June 30, 2013	7,703,589	\$137,321		\$ 3,871		\$22,244	\$ (4,148	`	\$159,288	
Dalance, June 30, 2013	1,105,509	φ131,341		φ 3,0/1		φ 44,444	φ (4,140)	φ137,200	

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in thousands)

(=	Six Months June 30	s Ended	
	2013	2012	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2013	2012	
Net income	\$6,300	\$6,238	
Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operations:	Ψ0,200	Ψ0,230	
Provision for loan losses	515	900	
Impairment of foreclosed assets	92	17	
Depreciation	1,249	1,195	
Amortization and impairment of OMSRs	210	287	
Amortization of acquisition intangibles	114	133	
Net amortization of AFS securities	1,131	1,076	
AFS security impairment loss		282	
(Gain) loss on sale of AFS securities	(99) (1,003)
Net unrealized (gains) losses on trading securities	18	32	,
Net gain on sale of mortgage loans	(607) (658)
Net unrealized (gains) losses on borrowings measured at fair value		(33)
Increase in cash value of corporate owned life insurance policies	(359) (348)
Share-based payment awards under equity compensation plan	258	295	,
Origination of loans held-for-sale	(35,014) (46,386)
Proceeds from loan sales	38,511	47,902	,
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash:	00,011	,> ==	
Trading securities	605	2,680	
Accrued interest receivable	(5) 631	
Other assets	914	(1,132)
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	761	(161)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	14,594	11,947	,
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	7	,-	
Net change in certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions	2,655	2,044	
Activity in AFS securities	,	,	
Sales	9,857	24,241	
Maturities and calls	46,780	37,922	
Purchases	(67,140) (112,835)
Loan principal originations, net	(32,185) (6,768)
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed assets	1,556	647	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(1,314) (1,298)
Purchases of corporate owned life insurance policies	(1,092) —	ŕ
Proceeds from redemption of corporate owned life insurance policies	123	· —	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(40,760) (56,047)
			•
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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

	Six Months June 30	s Ended	
	2013	2012	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acceptances and withdrawals of deposits, net	3,757	20,664	
Increase (decrease) in borrowed funds	21,459	18,029	
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(3,224) (3,034)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	1,900	1,322	
Common stock repurchased	(1,114) (995)
Common stock purchased for deferred compensation obligations	(166) (225)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	22,612	35,761	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,554) (8,339)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	24,920	28,590	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$21,366	\$20,251	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:			
Interest paid	\$5,667	\$7,291	
Federal income taxes paid	702	836	
SUPPLEMENTAL NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING INFORMAT	ION:		
Transfers of loans to foreclosed assets	\$735	\$1,150	

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

As used in these notes as well as in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, references to "Isabella," "we," "our," "us," and similar terms refer to the consolidated entity consisting of Isabella Bank Corporation and its subsidiaries. Isabella Bank Corporation refers solely to the parent holding company, and Isabella Bank refers to Isabella Bank Corporation's subsidiary, Isabella Bank.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2013. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Our accounting policies are materially the same as those discussed in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 2 – Computation of Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share represents income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued. Potential common shares that may be issued relate solely to outstanding shares in the Directors Plan.

Earnings per common share have been computed based on the following:

included in our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2012.

	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months I June 30	Ended
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Average number of common shares outstanding for basic calculation	7,701,042	7,592,668	7,689,092	7,593,462
Average potential effect of shares in the Directors Plan (1)	168,323	203,603	166,800	201,743
Average number of common shares outstanding used to calculate diluted earnings per common share	7,869,365	7,796,271	7,855,892	7,795,205
Net income	\$3,213	\$3,004	\$6,300	\$6,238
Earnings per share				
Basic	\$0.42	\$0.40	\$0.82	\$0.82
Diluted	\$0.41	\$0.39	\$0.80	\$0.80

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of shares held in the Rabbi Trust

Note 3 – Recently Adopted Accounting Standards Update

ASU No. 2013-02: "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income"

In February 2013, ASU No. 2013-02 amended ASC Topic 220, "Comprehensive Income" to require disclosures related to reclassifications out of AOCI in one place. The ASU also requires the disclosure of reclassifications out of AOCI by component. The new authoritative guidance was effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2012 and did not have a financial impact on the Corporation, but increased the level of disclosures related to AOCI (see "Note 13 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)").

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Note 4 – Trading Securities

Trading securities, at fair value, consist of the following investments at:

	Ju	une 30	December 31
	20	013	2012
States and political subdivisions	\$9	950	\$1,573

Included in net trading losses of \$18 during the first six months of 2013 were \$4 of net unrealized trading losses on securities that were held in our trading portfolio as of June 30, 2013. Included in net trading losses of \$32 during the first six months of 2012 were \$10 of net unrealized trading losses on securities that were held in our trading portfolio as of June 30, 2012.

Note 5 – AFS Securities

The amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities, with gross unrealized gains and losses, are as follows at: June 30, 2013

	June 30, 2013				
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	
Government sponsored enterprises	\$25,184	\$16	\$951	\$24,249	
States and political subdivisions	184,157	5,567	2,422	187,302	
Auction rate money market preferred	3,200		257	2,943	
Preferred stocks	6,800	66	307	6,559	
Mortgage-backed securities	151,530	862	2,985	149,407	
Collateralized mortgage obligations	129,020	1,445	1,501	128,964	
Total	\$499,891	\$7,956	\$8,423	\$499,424	
	December 31, 2	2012			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	
Government sponsored enterprises	\$25,668	\$108	\$ —	\$25,776	
States and political subdivisions	174,118	9,190	565	182,743	
Auction rate money market preferred	3,200		422	2,778	
Preferred stocks	6,800		437	6,363	
Mortgage-backed securities	152,256	3,199	110	155,345	
Collateralized mortgage obligations	128,378	2,627	_	131,005	
Total	\$490,420	\$15,124	\$1,534	\$504,010	

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The amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities by contractual maturity at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	Maturing				Securities with	
	Due in One Year or Less	After One Year But Within Five Years	After Five Years But Within Ten Years	After Ten Years	Variable Monthly Payments or Noncontractual Maturities	Total
Government sponsored enterprises	\$—	\$72	\$25,112	\$ —	\$ —	\$25,184
States and political subdivisions	9,925	35,019	92,688	46,525	_	184,157
Auction rate money market preferred	_	_	_	_	3,200	3,200
Preferred stocks				_	6,800	6,800
Mortgage-backed securities					151,530	151,530
Collateralized mortgage obligations	_	_	_	_	129,020	129,020
Total amortized cost	\$9,925	\$35,091	\$117,800	\$46,525	\$ 290,550	\$499,891
Fair value	\$9,998	\$36,221	\$119,783	\$45,549	\$ 287,873	\$499,424

Expected maturities for government sponsored enterprises and states and political subdivisions may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations.

As auction rate money market preferred and preferred stocks have continual call dates, they are not reported by a specific maturity group. Because of their variable monthly payments, mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations are not reported by a specific maturity group.

A summary of the activity related to sales of AFS securities was as follows for the three and six month periods ended:

·	Three Mor	ths Ended	Six Months Ended	
	June 30		June 30	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Proceeds from sales of AFS securities	\$ —	\$—	\$9,857	\$24,241
Gross realized gains (losses)	\$ —	\$—	\$99	\$1,003
Applicable income tax expense (benefit)	\$ —	\$—	\$34	\$341

The cost basis used to determine the realized gains or losses of securities sold was the amortized cost of the individual investment security as of the trade date.

Information pertaining to AFS securities with gross unrealized losses at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, follows:

	June 30, 201	June 30, 2013						
	Less Than Twelve MonthsTwelve Months or More							
	Gross	Fair	Gross	Fair	Total			
	Unrealized	Value	Unrealized	Value	Unrealized			
	Losses	v alue	Losses	value	Losses			
Government sponsored enterprises	\$951	\$23,043	\$ —	\$	\$951			
States and political subdivisions	1,901	39,297	521	2,090	2,422			
Auction rate money market preferred			257	2,943	257			
Preferred stocks			307	3,493	307			
Mortgage-backed securities	2,985	93,842			2,985			
Collateralized mortgage obligations	1,501	54,368			1,501			
Total	\$7,338	\$210,550	\$1,085	\$8,526	\$8,423			
Number of securities in an unrealized loss position:		155		6	161			

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December 31, 2012

1	Less Than	Twelve	MonthsTy	welve M	onths or	More
	LUSS I HAII	IWCIVC	/ IVIOHUISI '	wcivc ivi	onuis or	WICH

	Less Than I				
	Gross	Fair	Gross	Fair	Total
	Unrealized	Value	Unrealized	Value	Unrealized
	Losses	value	Losses	value	Losses
States and political subdivisions	\$80	\$5,019	\$485	\$2,352	\$565
Auction rate money market preferred	_		422	2,778	422
Preferred stocks	_		437	3,363	437
Mortgage-backed securities	110	25,499			110
Total	\$190	\$30,518	\$1,344	\$8,493	\$1,534
Number of securities in an unrealized loss position:		15		6	21

As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we conducted an analysis to determine whether any securities currently in an unrealized loss position should be other-than-temporarily impaired. Such analyses considered, among other factors, the following criteria:

Has the value of the investment declined more than what is deemed to be reasonable based on a risk and maturity adjusted discount rate?

- Is the investment credit rating below investment grade?
- Is it probable the issuer will be unable to pay the amount when due?
- Is it more likely than not that we will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis?
- Has the duration of the investment been extended?

During the three month period ended March 31, 2012, we had one state issued student loan auction rate AFS investment security (which is included in states and political subdivisions) that was downgraded by Moody's from A3 to Caa3. As a result of this downgrade, we engaged the services of an independent investment valuation firm to estimate the amount of credit losses (if any) related to this particular issue as of March 31, 2012. The evaluation calculated a range of estimated credit losses utilizing two different bifurcation methods:

- 1) Discounted Cash Flow Method.
- 2) Credit Yield Analysis Method.

The two methods were then weighted, with a higher weighting applied to the Discounted Cash Flow Method, to determine the estimated credit related impairment. As a result of this analysis we recognized an OTTI of \$282 in earnings in the quarter ended March 31, 2012.

A summary of key valuation assumptions used in the aforementioned analysis as of March 31, 2012, follows:

	Discounted
	Cash Flow Method
Ratings	
Fitch	Not Rated
Moody's	Caa3
S&P	A
Seniority	Senior
Discount rate	LIBOR + 6.35%
	Credit Yield
	Analysis Method
Credit discount rate	LIBOR + 4.00%
Average observed discounts based on closed transactions	14.00%

To test for additional impairment of this security during the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, we obtained another investment valuation (from the same firm engaged to perform the initial valuation as of March 31, 2012) as of June 30, 2013. Based on our analysis, no additional OTTI was indicated as of June 30, 2013.

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The following table provides a roll-forward of credit related impairment recognized in earnings for the:

	Three Months Ended June		Civ Months	Ended June 30
	30		SIX MOILUIS	Elided Julie 30
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Balance at beginning of period	\$282	\$282	\$282	\$ —
Additions to credit losses for which no previous OTTI was recognized	_	_	_	282
Balance at end of period	\$282	\$282	\$282	\$282

Based on our analysis using the above criteria, the fact that we have asserted that we do not have the intent to sell these securities in an unrealized loss position, and considering it is unlikely that we will have to sell the securities before recovery of their cost basis, we do not believe that the values of any other securities are other-than-temporarily impaired as of June 30, 2013, or December 31, 2012.

Note 6 – Loans and ALLL

method.

We grant commercial, agricultural, residential real estate, and consumer loans to customers situated primarily in Clare, Gratiot, Isabella, Mecosta, Midland, Montcalm, and Saginaw counties in Michigan. The ability of the borrowers to honor their repayment obligations is often dependent upon the real estate, agricultural, light manufacturing, retail, gaming, tourism, higher education, and general economic conditions of this region. Substantially all of our consumer and residential real estate loans are secured by various items of property, while commercial loans are secured primarily by real estate, business assets, and personal guarantees; a portion of loans are unsecured. Loans that we have the intent and ability to hold in our portfolio are reported at their outstanding principal balance adjusted for any charge-offs, the ALLL, and any deferred fees or costs. Interest income on loans is accrued over the term of the loan based on the principal amount outstanding. Loan origination fees and certain direct loan origination costs are capitalized and recognized as a component of interest income over the term of the loan using the level yield

The accrual of interest on commercial, agricultural, and residential real estate loans is typically discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days or more past due unless the credit is well-secured and in the process of collection. Consumer loans are typically charged-off no later than 180 days past due. Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loan. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged-off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful.

For loans that are placed on nonaccrual status or charged-off, all interest accrued in the current calendar year, but not collected, is reversed against interest income while interest accrued in prior calendar years, but not collected, is charged against the ALLL. The interest on these loans is accounted for on the cash basis, until qualifying for return to accrual status. Loans are typically returned to accrual status after six months of continuous performance. For impaired loans not classified as nonaccrual, interest income continues to be accrued over the term of the loan based on the principal amount outstanding.

Commercial and agricultural loans include loans for commercial real estate, commercial operating loans, farmland and agricultural production, and states and political subdivisions. Repayment of these loans is often dependent upon the successful operation and management of a business. We minimize our risk by limiting the amount of credit exposure to any one borrower to \$12,500. Borrowers with credit needs of more than \$12,500 are serviced through the use of loan participations with other commercial banks. Commercial and agricultural real estate loans generally require loan-to-value limits of less than 80%. Depending upon the type of loan, past credit history, and current operating results, we may require the borrower to pledge accounts receivable, inventory, and property and equipment. Personal guarantees are generally required from the owners of closely held corporations, partnerships, and sole proprietorships. In addition, we require annual financial statements, prepare cash flow analyses, and review credit reports as deemed necessary.

We offer adjustable rate mortgages, fixed rate balloon mortgages, construction loans, and fixed rate mortgage loans which typically have amortization periods up to a maximum of 30 years. Fixed rate loans with an amortization of greater than 15 years are generally sold upon origination to Freddie Mac. Fixed rate residential real estate loans with an amortization of 15 years or less may be held in our portfolio, held for future sale, or sold upon origination. We

consider the direction of interest rates, the sensitivity of our balance sheet to changes in interest rates, and overall loan demand to determine whether or not to sell these loans to Freddie Mac.

Our lending policies generally limit the maximum loan-to-value ratio on residential real estate loans to 95% of the lower of the appraised value of the property or the purchase price, with the condition that private mortgage insurance is required on loans with loan-to-value ratios in excess of 80%. Substantially all loans upon origination have a loan to value ratio of less than 80%. Underwriting criteria for residential real estate loans include: evaluation of the borrower's ability to make monthly payments,

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the value of the property securing the loan, ensuring the payment of principal, interest, taxes, and hazard insurance does not exceed 28% of a borrower's gross income, all debt servicing does not exceed 36% of income, acceptable credit reports, verification of employment, income, and financial information. Appraisals are performed by independent appraisers and reviewed internally. All mortgage loan requests are reviewed by our mortgage loan committee or through a secondary market automated underwriting system; loans in excess of \$400 require the approval of our Internal Loan Committee, the Board of Directors' Loan Committee, or the Board of Directors. Consumer loans include automobile loans, secured and unsecured personal loans, and overdraft protection related loans. Loans are amortized generally for a period of up to 6 years. The underwriting emphasis is on a borrower's perceived intent and ability to pay rather than collateral value. No consumer loans are sold to the secondary market. The ALLL is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the ALLL when we believe the uncollectability of the loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the ALLL.

The ALLL is evaluated on a regular basis and is based upon a periodic review of the collectability of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral, and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

The primary factors behind the determination of the level of the ALLL are specific allocations for impaired loans, historical loss percentages, as well as unallocated components. Specific allocations for impaired loans are primarily determined based on the difference between the net realizable value of the loan's underlying collateral or the net present value of the projected payment stream and our recorded investment. Historical loss allocations were calculated at the loan class and segment levels based on a migration analysis of the loan portfolio over the preceding five years. An unallocated component is maintained to cover uncertainties that we believe affect our estimate of probable losses based on qualitative factors. The unallocated component of the allowance reflects the margin of imprecision inherent in the underlying assumptions used in the methodologies for estimating specific and general losses in the portfolio. A summary of changes in the ALLL and the recorded investment in loans by segments follows:

Allowance for Loan Losses

	Allowance for Loan Losses									
	Three Mon	ths	Ended June 3	30, 2013	0, 2013					
	Commercia	ıl	Agricultural	Residential Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
April 1, 2013	\$6,897		\$321	\$3,634	\$732	\$325	\$11,909			
Loans charged-off	(234)		(397)	(88	· 	(719)		
Recoveries	166			61	68	_	295			
Provision for loan losses	(357)	14	378	(65)	245	215			
June 30, 2013	\$6,472		\$335	\$3,676	\$647	\$570	\$11,700			
	Allowance for Loan Losses									
	Six Months Ended June 30,			, 2013						
	Commercia	ıl	Agricultural	Residential Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
January 1, 2013	\$6,862		\$407	\$3,627	\$666	\$374	\$11,936			
Loans charged-off	(445)		(587)	(209	· —	(1,241)		
Recoveries	223		_	114	153	_	490			
Provision for loan losses	(168)	(72)	522	37	196	515			
June 30, 2013	\$6,472		\$335	\$3,676	\$647	\$570	\$11,700			

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	Allowance for Loan Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans June 30, 2013								
	Commercial	Agricultural	Residential Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
ALLL Individually evaluated for impairment	\$1,642	\$31	\$1,744	\$	\$ —	\$3,417			
Collectively evaluated for impairment	4,830	304	1,932	647	570	8,283			
Total	\$6,472	\$335	\$3,676	\$647	\$570	\$11,700			
Loans Individually evaluated for impairment	\$13,639	\$576	\$10,720	\$54		\$24,989			
Collectively evaluated for impairment	375,405	86,940	282,438	33,680		778,463			
Total		\$87,516 or Loan Losses		\$33,734		\$803,452			
	Three Month	s Ended June 3	30, 2012 Residential						
	Commercial	Agricultural	Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
April 1, 2012 Loans charged-off Recoveries Provision for loan losses June 30, 2012	\$5,728 (237) 42 475 \$6,008	_	\$3,702 (238) 20 185 \$3,669	\$625 (146) 63 125 \$667	\$1,461 — 80 \$1,541	\$12,375 (621) 125 439 \$12,318			
		or Loan Losses							
	Six Months I	Ended June 30,	2012 Residential						
	Commercial	Agricultural	Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
January 1, 2012	\$6,284	\$1,003	\$2,980	\$633	\$1,475	\$12,375			
Loans charged-off	(686)		(353)	,		(1,276)			
Recoveries Provision for loan losses	128 282	(570)	61 981	130 141		319 900			
June 30, 2012	\$6,008	\$433	\$3,669		\$1,541	\$12,318			
	•	or Loan Losses	and Recorded		•	, ,			
	Commercial	Agricultural	Residential Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
ALLL Individually evaluated for impairment	\$2,050	\$91	\$1,796	\$—	\$	\$3,937			
Collectively evaluated for impairment	4,812	316	1,831	666	374	7,999			
Total	\$6,862	\$407	\$3,627	\$666	\$374	\$11,936			
Loans Individually evaluated for impairment	\$14,456	\$723	\$10,704	\$75		\$25,958			
Collectively evaluated for impairment	357,049	82,883	273,444	33,419		746,795			

Total \$371,505 \$83,606 \$284,148 \$33,494 \$772,753

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The following table displays the credit quality indicators for commercial and agricultural credit exposures based on internally assigned credit ratings as of:

	June 30, 201	3					
	Commercial			Agricultural			
	Real Estate	Other	Total	Real Estate	Other	Total	
Rating							
2 - High quality	\$21,836	\$16,358	\$38,194	\$3,523	\$3,273	\$6,796	
3 - High satisfactory	94,390	40,835	135,225	24,305	14,758	39,063	
4 - Low satisfactory	133,379	44,636	178,015	24,782	13,248	38,030	
5 - Special mention	14,315	1,314	15,629	803	201	1,004	
6 - Substandard	17,350	2,138	19,488	958	1,268	2,226	
7 - Vulnerable	1,068	78	1,146	_	248	248	
8 - Doubtful	1,327	20	1,347		149	149	
Total	\$283,665	\$105,379	\$389,044	\$54,371	\$33,145	\$87,516	
	December 31, 2012						
	Commercial			Agricultural			
	Real Estate	Other	Total	Real Estate	Other	Total	
Rating							
2 - High quality	\$25,209	\$15,536	\$40,745	\$2,955	\$2,313	\$5,268	
3 - High satisfactory	83,805	28,974	112,779	16,972	11,886	28,858	
4 - Low satisfactory	127,423	45,143	172,566	27,291	15,437	42,728	
5 - Special mention	16,046	1,692	17,738	1,008	3,191	4,199	
6 - Substandard	20,029	2,224	22,253	1,167	1,217	2,384	
7 - Vulnerable	1,512	2,294	3,806				
8 - Doubtful	1,596	22	1,618		169	169	
Total	\$275,620	\$95,885	\$371,505	\$49,393	\$34,213	\$83,606	

Internally assigned risk ratings are reviewed, at a minimum, when loans are renewed or when management has knowledge of improvements or deterioration of the credit quality of individual credits. Descriptions of the internally assigned risk ratings for commercial and agricultural loans are as follows:

1. EXCELLENT – Substantially Risk Free

Credit has strong financial condition and solid earnings history, characterized by:

- High liquidity, strong cash flow, low
- leverage.
 - Unquestioned ability to meet all obligations
 - when due.

Experienced management, with management succession in place.

Secured by cash.

2. HIGH QUALITY – Limited Risk

Credit with sound financial condition and has a positive trend in earnings supplemented by:

Favorable liquidity and leverage ratios.

- Ability to meet all obligations when due.
- Management with successful track record.
- Steady and satisfactory earnings history.
- If loan is secured, collateral is of high quality and readily marketable.
- Access to alternative financing.
- Well defined primary and secondary source of repayment.
- If supported by guaranty, the financial strength and liquidity of the guarantor(s) are clearly evident.

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3. HIGH SATISFACTORY – Reasonable Risk

Credit with satisfactory financial condition and further characterized by:

Working capital adequate to support operations.

Cash flow sufficient to pay debts as scheduled.

Management experience and depth appear favorable.

Loan performing according to terms.

If loan is secured, collateral is acceptable and loan is fully protected.

4. LOW SATISFACTORY - Acceptable Risk

Credit with bankable risks, although some signs of weaknesses are shown:

Would include most start-up businesses.

Occasional instances of trade slowness or repayment delinquency – may have been 10-30 days slow within the past year.

Management's abilities are apparent, yet unproven.

Weakness in primary source of repayment with adequate secondary source of repayment.

Loan structure generally in accordance with

policy.

If secured, loan collateral coverage is marginal.

Adequate cash flow to service debt, but coverage is low.

To be classified as less than satisfactory, only one of the following criteria must be met.

5. SPECIAL MENTION - Criticized

Credit constitutes an undue and unwarranted credit risk but not to the point of justifying a classification of substandard. The credit risk may be relatively minor yet constitute an unwarranted risk in light of the circumstances surrounding a specific loan:

Downward trend in sales, profit levels, and margins.

Impaired working capital position.

Cash flow is strained in order to meet debt repayment.

Loan delinquency (30-60 days) and overdrafts may occur.

Shrinking equity

cushion.

Diminishing primary source of repayment and questionable secondary source.

Management abilities are questionable.

Weak industry conditions.

Litigation pending against the borrower.

Collateral or guaranty offers limited protection.

Negative debt service coverage, however the credit is well collateralized and payments are current.

6. SUBSTANDARD - Classified

Credit where the borrower's current net worth, paying capacity, and value of the collateral pledged is inadequate. There is a distinct possibility that we will implement collection procedures if the loan deficiencies are not corrected. In addition, the following characteristics may apply:

Sustained losses have severely eroded the equity and cash flow.

Deteriorating liquidity.

Serious management problems or internal fraud.

Original repayment terms liberalized.

Likelihood of bankruptcy.

Inability to access other funding sources.

Reliance on secondary source of repayment.

Litigation filed against borrower.

Collateral provides little or no value.

Requires excessive attention of the loan officer.

Borrower is uncooperative with loan officer.

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7. VULNERABLE - Classified

Credit is considered "Substandard" and warrants placing on nonaccrual. Risk of loss is being evaluated and exit strategy options are under review. Other characteristics that may apply:

Insufficient cash flow to service debt.

Minimal or no payments being received.

Limited options available to avoid the collection process.

Transition status, expect action will take place to collect loan without immediate progress being made.

8. DOUBTFUL - Workout

Credit has all the weaknesses inherent in a "Substandard" loan with the added characteristic that collection and/or liquidation is pending. The possibility of a loss is extremely high, but its classification as a loss is deferred until liquidation procedures are completed, or reasonably estimable. Other characteristics that may apply:

Normal operations are severely diminished or have ceased.

Seriously impaired cash flow.

Original repayment terms materially altered.

Secondary source of repayment is inadequate.

Survivability as a "going concern" is impossible.

Collection process has begun.

Bankruptcy petition has been filed.

Judgments have been filed.

Portion of the loan balance has been charged-off.

Our primary credit quality indicators for residential real estate and consumer loans is the individual loan's past due aging. The following tables summarize the past due and current loans as of:

	June 30, 201	13							
	Accruing In	terest			Total				
	and Past Du	e:			Past Due				
	30-59	60-89	90 Days	Managamual	and	Comment	Total		
	Days	Days	or More	Nonaccrual	Nonaccrual	Current	Total		
Commercial									
Commercial real estate	\$1,224	\$490	\$ —	\$1,806	\$3,520	\$280,145	\$283,665		
Commercial other	403	113	192	78	786	104,593	105,379		
Total commercial	1,627	603	192	1,884	4,306	384,738	389,044		
Agricultural									
Agricultural real estate	377	19			396	53,975	54,371		
Agricultural other	_	12		248	260	32,885	33,145		
Total agricultural	377	31		248	656	86,860	87,516		
Residential real estate									
Senior liens	2,461	462	316	1,427	4,666	234,597	239,263		
Junior liens	199	29		71	299	14,220	14,519		
Home equity lines of credit	t 90	25			115	39,261	39,376		
Total residential real estate	2,750	516	316	1,498	5,080	288,078	293,158		
Consumer									
Secured	46		12	21	79	28,984	29,063		
Unsecured	19	6			25	4,646	4,671		
Total consumer	65	6	12	21	104	33,630	33,734		
Total	\$4,819	\$1,156	\$520	\$3,651	\$10,146	\$793,306	\$803,452		

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	December 3	1, 2012							
	Accruing In	terest			Total				
	and Past Du	e:			Past Due				
	30-59	60-89	90 Days	NI 1	and	C	T-4-1		
	Days	Days	or More	Nonaccrual	Nonaccrual	Current	Total		
Commercial									
Commercial real estate	\$1,304	\$161	\$63	\$2,544	\$4,072	\$271,548	\$275,620		
Commercial other	606		40	2,294	2,940	92,945	95,885		
Total commercial	1,910	161	103	4,838	7,012	364,493	371,505		
Agricultural									
Agricultural real estate			_		_	49,393	49,393		
Agricultural other	90	_	_	169	259	33,954	34,213		
Total agricultural	90	_	_	169	259	83,347	83,606		
Residential real estate									
Senior liens	2,000	346	320	2,064	4,730	223,532	228,262		
Junior liens	232		_	50	282	16,207	16,489		
Home equity lines of credit	237		_	182	419	38,978	39,397		
Total residential real estate	2,469	346	320	2,296	5,431	278,717	284,148		
Consumer									
Secured	127	33	4	_	164	28,118	28,282		
Unsecured	31	3	1		35	5,177	5,212		
Total consumer	158	36	5		199	33,295	33,494		
Total	\$4,627	\$543	\$428	\$7,303	\$12,901	\$759,852	\$772,753		
Impaired Loons									

Impaired Loans

Loans may be classified as impaired if they meet one or more of the following criteria:

- 1. There has been a charge-off of its principal balance (in whole or in part),
- 2. The loan has been classified as a TDR, or
- 3. The loan is in nonaccrual status.

Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial and agricultural loans by comparing the loan's outstanding balance to the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price, or the fair value of the collateral, less cost to sell, if the loan is collateral dependent. Large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for residential real estate and consumer loans by comparing the loan's outstanding balance to the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate.

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We do not recognize interest income on impaired loans in nonaccrual status. For impaired loans not in nonaccrual status, interest income is recognized daily, as earned, according to the terms of the loan agreement. The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans as of, and for the periods ended:

Summary of information persuant	June 30, 2013		no for the peri	December 31	, 2012	
	Outstanding Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance	Outstanding Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance						
Commercial real estate	\$6,919	\$7,420	\$1,578	\$7,295	\$7,536	\$1,653
Commercial other	1,468	1,468	64	2,140	2,140	397
Agricultural real estate	91	91	31	91	91	32
Agricultural other	_	_		420	420	59
Residential real estate senior liens	10,475	11,675	1,731	10,450	11,672	1,783
Residential real estate junior liens	71	109	13	72	118	13
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance Impaired loans without a	\$19,024	\$20,763	\$3,417	\$20,468	\$21,977	\$3,937
valuation allowance						
Commercial real estate	\$4,405	\$5,139		\$3,749	\$4,408	
Commercial other	847	958		1,272	1,433	
Agricultural real estate	132	132			_	
Agricultural other	353	473		212	332	
Home equity lines of credit	174	474		182	482	
Consumer secured	54	54		75	84	
Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance	\$5,965	\$7,230		\$5,490	\$6,739	
Impaired loans	¢ 12 (20	¢14005	¢ 1 <i>C</i> 42	¢ 1 4 45 C	¢ 15 5 17	¢2.050
Commercial	\$13,639	\$14,985	\$1,642	\$14,456	\$15,517	\$2,050
Agricultural	576	696	31	723	843	91
Residential real estate	10,720 54	12,258	1,744	10,704	12,272	1,796
Consumer		54	<u> </u>	75 \$25.059	84	<u> </u>
Total impaired loans	\$24,989	\$27,993	\$3,417	\$25,958	\$28,716	\$3,937
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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013		Six Months En June 30, 2013	ded	
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest	
	Outstanding	Income	Outstanding	Income	
	Balance	Recognized	Balance	Recognized	
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance		6		33.28	
Commercial real estate	\$7,990	\$102	\$8,084	\$221	
Commercial other	764	37	932	38	
Agricultural real estate	91	1	124	4	
Agricultural other			105		
Residential real estate senior liens	10,466	110	10,460	209	
Residential real estate junior liens	85	1	85	1	
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$19,396	\$251	\$19,790	\$473	
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance					
Commercial real estate	\$3,954	\$85	\$3,790	\$158	
Commercial other	1,020	19	1,126	59	
Agricultural real estate	133	2	67	2	
Agricultural other	458	(11	423	(4)
Home equity lines of credit	179	5	181	9	
Consumer secured	63	1	68	2	
Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance	\$5,807	\$101	\$5,655	\$226	
Impaired loans					
Commercial	\$13,728	\$243	\$13,932	\$476	
Agricultural	682	(8	719	2	
Residential real estate	10,730	116	10,726	219	
Consumer	63	1	68	2	
Total impaired loans	\$25,203	\$352	\$25,445	\$699	
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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2012		Six Months Ended June 30, 2012	
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	Outstanding	Income	Outstanding	Income
	Balance	Recognized	Balance	Recognized
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance				
Commercial real estate	\$6,444	\$83	\$6,165	\$181
Commercial other	829	16	777	28
Agricultural real estate	_			_
Agricultural other	2,145	36	2,306	73
Residential real estate senior liens	7,862	92	7,706	175
Residential real estate junior liens	175	2	183	4
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$17,455	\$229	\$17,137	\$461
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance				
Commercial real estate	\$6,789	\$112	\$7,299	\$179
Commercial other	2,249	34	1,777	65
Agricultural real estate	274		232	
Agricultural other	607	3	595	7
Home equity lines of credit	195	4	197	8
Consumer secured	89	1	95	3
Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance	\$10,203	\$154	\$10,195	\$262
Impaired loans				
Commercial	\$16,311	\$245	\$16,018	\$453
Agricultural	3,026	39	3,133	80
Residential real estate	8,232	98	8,086	187
Consumer	89	1	95	3
Total impaired loans	\$27,658	\$383	\$27,332	\$723

As of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we had committed to advance \$61 and \$9, respectively, in connection with impaired loans, which include TDRs.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

Loan modifications are considered to be TDRs when the modification includes terms outside of normal lending practices to a borrower who is experiencing financial difficulties.

Typical concessions granted include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Agreeing to interest rates below prevailing market rates for debt with similar risk characteristics.
- 2. Extending the amortization period beyond typical lending guidelines for debt with similar risk characteristics.
- 3. Forbearance of principal.
- 4. Forbearance of accrued interest.

To determine if a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties, we consider if:

- 1. The borrower is currently in default on any of their debt.
- 2. The borrower would likely default on any of their debt if the concession was not granted.
- 3. The borrower's cash flow was insufficient to service all of their debt if the concession was not granted.
- 4. The borrower has declared, or is in the process of declaring, bankruptcy.
- 5. The borrower is unlikely to continue as a going concern (if the entity is a business).

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The following	g is a sumr	nary of informa	_	-	-	_			2012	
		Three Mo Number of Loans	onths Ende Pre-Moo Recorde Investm		2013 st-Modifica corded estment	Six Mon tion Number of Loan	Pre-l Reco	ed June 30, Modification orded stment	2013 Post-Modification Recorded Investment	
Commercial other Agricultural other		7	\$ 3,153 —	\$ 2	2,957	7 1	\$ 3, 134	153	\$ 2,957 134	
Residential reliens	eal estate so	enior 7	635	635	5	15	1,43	5	1,418	
Total		14 Three M	\$ 3,788 onths Ende	\$ 3 d June 30, 2	3,592 2012	23 Six Mor	\$ 4,7 oths Ende	722 ed June 30,	\$ 4,509 2012	
		Number Loans	Investm	ea Rec ient Inv	estment	Loans	Inves	raea stment	Post-Modification Recorded Investment	
Commercial of Agricultural of		5	\$ 305	\$ 3	305	26 6	\$ 4,8 561	391	\$ 4,891 561	
Residential re	Residential real estate senior		684	684	1	12	1,405	5	1,405	
liens Total		12	\$ 989	\$ 9		44	\$ 6,8		\$ 6,857	
	Three Mo	onths Ended Ju	•			Ionths End	led June		Indicat Internact	
Below Mark Interest Rate		Rate	Rate and	Below Market Intere Rate and Extension of Amortization Period		Below Market Interest Rate		Rate and	Market Interest I Extension of ation Period	
	Number of Loans	Pre-Modificat Recorded Investment	ion Number of Loans		ot Lo	anc	Modificat rded stment	ion Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Recorded Investment	
Commercial other	3	\$ 1,357	4	\$ 1,796	3	\$ 1,	357	4	\$ 1,796	
Agricultural other Residential real estate senior liens	_	_			1	134			_	
	4	414	3	221	7	625		8	810	
Total	7 Three Ma	\$ 1,771 onths Ended Ju	7 no 20, 2017	\$ 2,017	11 Siv M	\$ 2,		12	\$ 2,606	
			-	Below Market Interest Rate and Extension of Amortization Period Belo Interest		Six Months Ended J Below Market Interest Rate		-	arket Interest	
	Interest Rate		Amortiza					Rate and Extension Amortization Period		
	Number of Loans	Pre-Modificate Recorded Investment	tion Number of Loans	Pre-Modif Recorded Investment	Of LO	anc Iteeo	Iodificat rded tment	ion Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Recorded Investment	
Commercial other Agricultural other Residential	3	\$ 160	2	\$ 145	24	\$ 4,7	46	2	\$ 145	
	_	_	_	_	6	561		_	_	
real estate senior liens	4	324	3	360	4	324		8	1,081	
Tatal	7	¢ 404	_	¢ 505	2.4	¢ 5 /	201	10	¢ 1 226	

\$ 484 5 \$ 505 34

7

Total

\$ 1,226

\$ 5,631

We did not restructure any loans through the forbearance of principal or accrued interest in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013 or 2012.

Based on our historical loss experience, losses associated with TDRs are not significantly different than other impaired loans within the same loan segment. As such, TDRs, including TDRs that have been modified in the past 12 months that subsequently defaulted, are analyzed in the same manner as other impaired loans within their respective loan segment.

We had no loans that defaulted in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013, which were modified within 12 months prior to the default date.

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Following is a summary of loans that defaulted in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2012, which were modified within 12 months prior to the default date:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2012			Six Months Ended June 30, 2012				
		Pre-	Charge-Off Post-			Pre-	Charge-C	Off Post-
	Number	Default	Recorded	Default	Number	Default	Recorded	d Default
	of Loans	Recorded	Upon	Recorded	of Loans	Recorded	Upon	Recorded
		Investment	Default	Investment		Investment	Default	Investment
Commercial other	2	\$50	\$ 25	\$25	3	\$132	\$67	\$65
Residential real estate senior liens	_	_	_	_	1	47	43	4
Consumer secured	1	8	8	_	1	8	8	
Total	3	\$58	\$ 33	\$25	5	\$187	\$118	\$69
The following is a summary of TDR loan balances as of:								
						June 30	D	December 31
						2013	2	012
TDRs						\$20,857	\$	19,355

Note 7 – Equity Securities Without Readily Determinable Fair Values

Included in equity securities without readily determinable fair values are restricted securities, which are carried at cost, and investments in unconsolidated entities accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

June 30

December 31

Equity securities without readily determinable fair values consist of the following as of:

	June 30	December 31
	2013	2012
FHLB Stock	\$8,100	\$7,850
Corporate Settlement Solutions, LLC	6,919	7,040
FRB Stock	1,879	1,879
Valley Financial Corporation	1,000	1,000
Other	344	349
Total	\$18,242	\$18,118
Note 8 – Borrowed Funds		
Borrowed funds consist of the following obligations as of:		
	June 30	December 31
	2013	2012
FHLB advances	\$162,000	\$152,000
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase without stated maturity dates	71,668	66,147
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase with stated maturity dates	16,292	16,284
Federal funds purchased	12,500	6,570
Total	\$262,460	\$241,001

The FHLB advances are collateralized by a blanket lien on all qualified 1-4 family residential real estate loans and certain mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations. Advances are also secured by our holdings of FHLB stock. As of June 30, 2013, we had the ability to borrow up to an additional \$91,951, based on assets pledged as collateral. During the first quarter of 2013 and 2012, we reduced funding costs by modifying the term of \$30,000 and \$60,000, respectively, of FHLB advances.

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The following table lists the maturity and weighted average interest rates of FHLB advances as of:

	June 30, 2013		December 31,	2012	
	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	
Fixed rate advances due 2013	\$10,000	0.33	% \$—		%
Fixed rate advances due 2014	10,000	0.48	% 10,000	0.48	%
Fixed rate advances due 2015	32,000	0.84	% 42,000	1.12	%
Fixed rate advances due 2016	10,000	2.15	% 10,000	2.15	%
Fixed rate advances due 2017	30,000	1.95	% 40,000	2.15	%
Fixed rate advances due 2018	30,000	2.49	% 20,000	2.86	%
Fixed rate advances due 2019	20,000	3.11	% 20,000	3.73	%
Fixed rate advances due 2020	10,000	1.98	% 10,000	1.98	%
Fixed rate advances due 2023	10,000	3.90	% —		%
Total	\$162,000	1.92	% \$152,000	2.05	%

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are classified as secured borrowings. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase without stated maturity dates generally mature within one to four days from the transaction date. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are reflected at the amount of cash received in connection with the transaction. The securities underlying the agreements have a carrying value and a fair value of \$122,362 and \$143,322 at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Such securities remain under our control. We may be required to provide additional collateral based on the fair value of underlying securities.

The following table provides a summary of short-term borrowings for the three and six month periods ended:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013					Three Months Ended June 30, 2012				
	Maximur Month End Balance	n Average Balance	Weighted Average Interest Rate During the Period		Maximum Month Average End Balance Balance		Weighted Average Interest Rate During the Period			
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase without stated maturity dates	\$71,668	\$69,692	0.15	%	\$58,584	\$58,045	0.20	%		
Federal funds purchased	13,700	6,022	0.57	%	17,900	7,025	0.47	%		
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 Six Months Ended June 30, 2012									
	Maximum Month End Balance	n Average Balance	Weighted Average Interest Ra During the Period		Maximun Month End Balance	n Average Balance	Weighted Average Interest F During the Period	Rate		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase without stated maturity dates	\$71,668	\$65,363	0.15	%	\$58,584	\$55,436	0.11	%		
Federal funds purchased	13,700	3,646	0.56	%	17,900	3,552	0.23	%		

We had pledged certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions, trading securities, AFS securities, and 1-4 family residential real estate loans in the following amounts at:

	June 30	December 31
	2013	2012
Pledged to secure borrowed funds	\$307,647	\$308,628
Pledged to secure repurchase agreements	122,362	143,322
Pledged for public deposits and for other purposes necessary or required by law	22,331	22,955
Total	\$452,340	\$474,905

We had no investment securities that are restricted to be pledged for specific purposes.

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Note 9 – Other Noninterest Expenses

A summary of expenses included in other noninterest expenses are as follows for the:

Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		
June 30				
2013	2012	2013	2012	
\$432	\$535	\$674	\$1,029	
273	213	545	428	
205	209	404	419	
162	154	301	330	
116	139	238	266	
94	94	193	195	
99	110	185	219	
120	81	180	143	
83	71	155	258	
671	581	1,272	1,159	
\$2,255	\$2,187	\$4,147	\$4,446	
	June 30 2013 \$432 273 205 162 116 94 99 120 83 671	June 30 2013 2012 \$432 \$535 273 213 205 209 162 154 116 139 94 94 99 110 120 81 83 71 671 581	June 30 June 30 2013 2012 2013 \$432 \$535 \$674 273 213 545 205 209 404 162 154 301 116 139 238 94 94 193 99 110 185 120 81 180 83 71 155 671 581 1,272	

Note 10 – Federal Income Taxes

The reconciliation of the provision for federal income taxes and the amount computed at the federal statutory tax rate of 34% of income before federal income tax expense is as follows for the:

	Three Montl	hs Ended		Six Months	s Ended	
	June 30			June 30		
	2013	2012		2013	2012	
Income taxes at 34% statutory rate	\$1,311	\$1,250		\$2,556	\$2,612	
Effect of nontaxable income						
Interest income on tax exempt municipal securities	(400) (388)	(801) (779)
Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies	(65) (60)	(122) (118)
Other	(222) (141)	(450) (292)
Total effect of nontaxable income	(687) (589)	(1,373) (1,189)
Effect of nondeductible expenses	19	11		36	22	
Federal income tax expense	\$643	\$672		\$1,219	\$1,445	

Included in OCI for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are changes in unrealized holding gains and losses related to auction rate money market preferred and preferred stocks. For federal income tax purposes, these securities are considered equity investments. As such, no deferred federal income taxes related to unrealized holding gains or losses are expected or recorded.

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A summary of OCI follow	s for the: Three Months 2013 Auction Rate	Ended June 3	30			2012 Auction Rate				
	Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	All Other AFS Securities		Total		Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	All Other AFS Securities		Total	
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period Reclassification adjustmer	,	\$(11,634)	\$(11,997)	\$(185)	\$1,605		\$1,420	
for net realized (gains) losses included in net income		_		_		_	_		_	
Reclassification adjustment for impairment loss	nt —	_		_		_	_		_	
included in net income Net unrealized gains	(2.62	(11.604	`	(11.007	`	(105	1.605		1 420	
(losses)	(363)	(11,634)	(11,997)	(185)	1,605	,	1,420	`
Tax effect Unrealized gains (losses),	Φ(2.62	3,979	\	3,979		Φ (105	(546)	`)
net of tax	\$(363)	\$(7,655)	\$(8,018)	\$(185)	\$1,059		\$874	
	Six Months Er 2013 Auction Rate	nded June 30				2012 Auction Rate				
		All Other AFS Securities		Total		2012 Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	All Other AFS Securities		Total	
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	2013 Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks \$295	All Other AFS		Total \$(13,958)	Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred	AFS		Total \$2,219	
arising during the period Reclassification adjustment for net realized (gains) losses included in net	2013 Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks \$295	All Other AFS Securities))	Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	AFS Securities))
arising during the period Reclassification adjustmer for net realized (gains)	2013 Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks \$295	All Other AFS Securities \$(14,253))	\$(13,958)	Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	AFS Securities \$800)	\$2,219)
arising during the period Reclassification adjustment for net realized (gains) losses included in net income Reclassification adjustment for impairment loss included in net income Net unrealized gains	2013 Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks \$295	All Other AFS Securities \$(14,253))	\$(13,958)	Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	AFS Securities \$800 (1,003)	\$2,219 (1,003)
arising during the period Reclassification adjustmer for net realized (gains) losses included in net income Reclassification adjustmer for impairment loss included in net income	2013 Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks \$295 at	All Other AFS Securities \$(14,253))	\$(13,958 (99)	Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks \$1,419	AFS Securities \$800 (1,003)	\$2,219 (1,003 282 1,498)

Note 11 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

We maintain a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan, which was curtailed effective March 1, 2007. As a result of the curtailment, future salary increases are no longer considered and plan benefits are based on years of service and the individual employee's five highest consecutive years of compensation out of the last ten years of service through March 1, 2007. We contributed \$215 and \$709 to the plan during the six month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. We do not anticipate any further contributions to the plan in 2013.

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Following are the components of net periodic benefit cost for the three and six month periods ended:

Three Mo	onths Ended	Six Montl	hs Ended	
June 30		June 30		
2013	2012	2013	2012	
\$112	\$117	\$225	\$235	
(144) (127) (287) (254)
82	73	165	146	
\$50	\$63	\$103	\$127	
	June 30 2013 \$112 (144 82	2013 2012 \$112 \$117 (144) (127 82 73	June 30 June 30 2013 2012 2013 \$112 \$117 \$225 (144) (127) (287 82 73 165	June 30 June 30 2013 2012 2013 2012 \$112 \$117 \$225 \$235 (144) (127) (287) (254 82 73 165 146

Note 12 – Fair Value

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies, key inputs, and an indication of the level of the fair value hierarchy in which the assets or liabilities are classified.

Cash and cash equivalents: The carrying amounts of cash and short term investments, including Federal funds sold, approximate fair values. As such, we classify cash and demand deposits due from banks as Level 1.

Certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions: Interest bearing balances held in unaffiliated financial institutions include certificates of deposit and other short term interest bearing balances that mature within 3 years. Fair value is determined using prices for similar assets with similar characteristics. As such, we classify certificates of deposits held in other financial institutions as Level 2.

AFS and trading securities: AFS and trading securities are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments. Level 2 fair value measurement is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are measured using independent pricing models or other model based valuation techniques such as the present value of future cash flows, adjusted for the security's credit rating, prepayment assumptions and other factors such as credit loss and liquidity assumptions. The values for Level 1 and Level 2 investment securities are generally obtained from an independent third party. On a quarterly basis, we compare the values provided to alternative pricing sources.

Mortgage loans AFS: Mortgage loans AFS are carried at the lower of cost or fair value. The fair value of Mortgage loans AFS are based on what price secondary markets are currently offering for portfolios with similar characteristics. As such, we classify Mortgage loans AFS subject to nonrecurring fair value adjustments as Level 2.

Loans: For variable rate loans with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values. Fair values for fixed rate loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. The resulting amounts are adjusted to estimate the effect of changes in the credit quality of borrowers since the loans were originated. As such, we classify loans as Level 3 assets.

We do not record loans at fair value on a recurring basis. However, from time-to-time, loans are classified as impaired and a specific allowance for loan losses may be established. Loans for which it is probable that payment of interest and principal will be significantly different than the contractual terms of the original loan agreement are considered impaired. Once a loan is identified as impaired, we measure the estimated impairment. The fair value of impaired loans is estimated using one of several methods, including collateral value, market value of similar debt, enterprise value, liquidation value, or discounted cash flows. Those impaired loans not requiring an allowance represent loans for which the fair value of the expected repayments or collateral exceed the recorded investments in such loans. We review the net realizable values of the underlying collateral for collateral dependent impaired loans on at least a quarterly basis for all loan types. To determine the collateral value, we utilize independent appraisals, broker price opinions, or internal evaluations. We review these valuations to determine whether an additional discount should be applied given the age of market information that may have been considered as well as other factors such as costs to carry and sell an asset if it is determined that the collateral will be liquidated in connection with the ultimate settlement of the loan. We use these valuations to determine if any charge-offs or specific reserves are necessary. We may obtain new valuations in certain circumstances, including when there has been significant deterioration in the condition of the collateral, if the foreclosure process has begun, or if the existing valuation is deemed to be outdated. Due to the inherent level of estimation in the valuation process, we record impaired loans as nonrecurring Level 3.

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The table below lists the quantitative information about impaired loans measured utilizing Level 3 fair value measurements as of:

	June 30, 2013		
Valuation Techniques	Fair Value	Unobservable Input	Range
Discounted cash flow	\$8,802	Duration of cash flows:	8-120 Months
	Reduction in interest rate from original loan terms: Discount applied to collateral appraisal:		5.00% - 6.63%
		Real Estate	20% - 30%
		Equipment	50%
Discounted appraisal value	\$12,770	Livestock	50%
		Cash crop inventory	50%
		Other inventory	75%
		Accounts receivable	75%
	December 31, 2		
Valuation Techniques	Fair Value	Unobservable Input	Range
Discounted cash flow	\$8,726	Duration of cash flows:	14-120 Months
		Reduction in interest rate from original loan terms:	5.00% - 6.25%
		Discount applied to	
		collateral appraisal:	
		Real Estate	20% - 30%
		Equipment	50%
Discounted appraisal value	\$13,295	Livestock	50%
		Cash crop inventory	50%
		Other inventory	75%
		Accounts receivable	75%

Accrued interest receivable: The carrying amounts of accrued interest receivable approximate fair value. As such, we classify accrued interest receivable as Level 1.

Equity securities without readily determinable fair values: Included in equity securities without readily determinable fair values are FHLB Stock and FRB Stock as well as our ownership interests in Corporate Settlement Solutions, LLC and Valley Financial Corporation. The investment in Corporate Settlement Solutions, LLC, a title insurance company, was made in the first quarter 2007. We are not the managing entity of Corporate Settlement Solutions, LLC, and therefore, we account for our investment under the equity method of accounting. Valley Financial Corporation is the parent company of 1st State Bank in Saginaw, Michigan, which is a de novo bank that opened in 2005. We made investments in Valley Financial Corporation in 2004 and in 2007.

The lack of an active market, or other independent sources to validate fair value estimates coupled with the impact of future capital calls and transfer restrictions, is an inherent limitation in the valuation process. As the fair values of these investments are not readily determinable, they are not disclosed under a specific fair value hierarchy; however, they are reviewed quarterly for impairment. If we were to record an impairment adjustment related to these securities, it would be classified as a nonrecurring Level 3 fair value adjustment. During 2013 and 2012, there were no impairments recorded on equity securities without readily determinable fair values.

Foreclosed assets: Upon transfer from the loan portfolio, foreclosed assets (which are included in other assets) are adjusted to and subsequently carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. Net realizable value is based upon independent market prices, appraised values of the collateral, or management's estimation of the value of the collateral. Due to the inherent level of estimation in the valuation process, we record foreclosed assets as nonrecurring Level 3.

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The table below lists the quantitative information related to foreclosed assets measured utilizing Level 3 fair value measurements as of:

June 30, 2013 Valuation Techniques Fair Value Unobservable Input Range Discount applied to collateral appraisal: Real Estate 20% - 30% Discounted appraisal value \$1,105 December 31, 2012 Fair Value Valuation Techniques Unobservable Input Range Discount applied to collateral appraisal:

Discounted appraisal value \$2,018 Real Estate 20% - 30%

Goodwill and other intangible assets: Acquisition intangibles and goodwill are evaluated for potential impairment on at least an annual basis. Acquisition intangibles and goodwill are typically qualitatively evaluated to determine if it is more likely than not that the carrying balance is impaired. If it is determined that the carrying balance of acquisition intangibles or goodwill is more likely than not to be impaired, we perform a cash flow valuation to determine the extent of the potential impairment. If the testing resulted in impairment, we would classify goodwill and other acquisition intangibles subjected to nonrecurring fair value adjustments as Level 3. During 2013 and 2012, there were no impairments recorded on goodwill and other acquisition intangibles.

OMSRs: OMSRs (which are included in other assets) are subject to impairment testing. To test for impairment, we utilize a discounted cash flow analysis using interest rates and prepayment speed assumptions currently quoted for comparable instruments and discount rates. If the valuation model reflects a value less than the carrying value, OMSRs are adjusted to fair value through a valuation allowance as determined by the model. As such, we classify OMSRs subject to nonrecurring fair value adjustments as Level 2.

Deposits: The fair value of demand, savings, and money market deposits are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amounts), and are classified as Level 1. Fair values for variable rate certificates of deposit approximate their recorded carrying value. Fair values for fixed rate certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on time deposits. As such, fixed rate certificates of deposit are classified as Level 2.

Borrowed funds: The carrying amounts of federal funds purchased, borrowings under overnight repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings maturing within ninety days approximate their fair values. The fair values of other borrowed funds are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on current incremental borrowing arrangements. As such, borrowed funds are classified as Level 2.

Accrued interest payable: The carrying amounts of accrued interest payable approximate fair value. As such, we classify accrued interest payable as Level 1.

Commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit, and undisbursed loans: Our commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit, and undisbursed funds have no carrying amount and are estimated to have no realizable fair value. Historically, a majority of the unused commitments to extend credit have not been drawn upon and, generally, we do not receive fees in connection with these commitments other than standby letter of credit fees, which are not significant.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Although we believe our valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement.

Estimated Fair Values of Financial Instruments Not Recorded at Fair Value in their Entirety on a Recurring Basis Disclosure of the estimated fair values of financial instruments, which differ from carrying values, often requires the use of estimates. In cases where quoted market values in an active market are not available, we use present value techniques and other valuation methods to estimate the fair values of our financial instruments. These valuation

methods require considerable judgment and the resulting estimates of fair value can be significantly affected by the assumptions made and methods used.

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The carrying amount and estimated fair value of financial instruments not recorded at fair value in their entirety on a recurring basis on our consolidated balance sheets are as follows as of:

	June 30, 2013 Carrying Value	Estimated Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
ASSETS	\$21.266	¢21.266	ΦΩ1.266	¢.	¢.
Cash and cash equivalents	\$21,366	\$21,366	\$21,366	\$ —	\$ —
Certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions	1,810	1,813	_	1,813	_
Mortgage loans AFS	743	768	_	768	_
Total loans	803,452	808,902	_	_	808,902
Less allowance for loan and lease losses	(11,700)	(11,700)			(11,700)
Net loans	791,752	797,202			797,202
Accrued interest receivable	5,232	5,232	5,232	_	_
Equity securities without readily determinable fair values (1)	18,242	18,242		_	
OMSRs	2,381	2,381	_	2,381	_
LIABILITIES					
Deposits without stated maturities	561,224	561,224	561,224		_
Deposits with stated maturities	460,200	464,148	_	464,148	_
Borrowed funds	262,460	266,633	_	266,633	_
Accrued interest payable	686	686	686		_
	December 31,	2012			
	Carrying	Estimated	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
	Value	Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$24,920	\$24,920	\$24,920	\$ —	\$ —
Certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions	4,465	4,475	_	4,475	_
Mortgage loans AFS	3,633	3,680		3,680	
Total loans	772,753	784,964	_	_	784,964
Less allowance for loan and lease losses	(11,936)	(11,936)	_		(11,936)
Net loans	760,817	773,028	_		773,028
Accrued interest receivable	5,227	5,227	5,227	_	_
Equity securities without readily	18,118	18,118			
determinable fair values (1)	10,110	10,110	_		_
OMSRs	2,285	2,285	_	2,285	_
LIABILITIES					
Deposits without stated maturities	553,332	553,332	553,332		_
Deposits with stated maturities	464,335	472,630		472,630	
Borrowed funds	241,001	248,822	_	248,822	_
Accrued interest payable	751	751	751		

Due to the characteristics of equity securities without readily determinable fair values, they are not disclosed under

⁽¹⁾ a specific fair value hierarchy. If we were to record an impairment adjustment related to these securities, such amount would be classified as a nonrecurring Level 3 fair value adjustment.

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Financial Instruments Recorded at Fair Value

The table below presents the recorded amount of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on:

The table below present	June 30, 2		t or assets are		December	21 2012	311.	
	Total		(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total	,	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Recurring items	Total	(LCVCI I)	(LCVCI 2)	(Level 3)	Total	(LCVCI I)	(LCVCI 2)	(Level 3)
Trading securities								
_								
States and political	\$950	\$—	\$950	\$ —	\$1,573	\$—	\$1,573	\$ —
subdivisions								
AFS Securities	1							
Government-sponsored	¹ 24,249	_	24,249	_	25,776		25,776	
enterprises	,		,		,		,	
States and political	187,302		187,302	_	182,743	_	182,743	
subdivisions	,		,		,		,	
Auction rate money	2,943	_	2,943		2,778	_	2,778	
market preferred			2,5 1.5				2,770	
Preferred stocks	6,559	6,559			6,363	6,363		
Mortgage-backed	149,407		149,407		155,345		155,345	
securities	142,407		142,407		155,545		133,343	
Collateralized	128,964		128,964		131,005		131,005	
mortgage obligations	120,704		120,704		131,003		131,003	
Total AFS Securities	499,424	6,559	492,865		504,010	6,363	497,647	
Nonrecurring items								
Impaired loans (net of	21,572			21,572	22,021			22,021
the ALLL)	21,372	_		21,372	22,021			22,021
OMSRs	2,381	_	2,381	_	2,285	_	2,285	
Foreclosed assets	1,105	_		1,105	2,018	_		2,018
	\$525,432	\$6,559	\$496,196	\$22,677	\$531,907	\$6,363	\$501,505	\$24,039
Percent of assets and								
liabilities measured at		1.25 %	94.44 %	4.31 %		1.20 %	94.28 %	4.52 %
fair value								

The following table provides a summary of the changes in fair value of assets and liabilities recorded at fair value through earnings on a recurring basis and changes in assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, for which an impairment, or reduction of an impairment, was recognized in the three and six month periods ended:

	Three Mo	nth	s Ended June	30							
	2013					2012					
	Trading		Other Gains	Total		Trading		Other Gains	S	Total	
	Losses		(Losses)	Total		Losses		(Losses)		Total	
Recurring items											
Trading securities	\$(8)	\$ —	\$(8)	\$(16)	\$ —		\$(16)
Borrowed funds			_			_				_	
Nonrecurring items										_	
Foreclosed assets			(68)	(68)	_				_	
OMSRs			135	135		_		(32)	(32)
Total	\$(8)	\$67	\$59		\$(16)	\$(32)	\$(48)

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	Six Months 2013 Trading Losses	s E	Other Gains (Losses)	Total		2012 Trading Losses	Other Gains (Losses)	Total
Recurring items	LUSSES		(LUSSES)			LUSSES	(LUSSES)	
Trading securities	\$(18)	\$ —	\$(18)	\$(32	\$	\$(32)
Borrowed funds	-	,		-	,	— ,	33	33
Nonrecurring items								_
Foreclosed assets	_		(92)	(92)		(17)	(17)
OMSRs			152	152		_	42	(16)
Total	\$(18)	\$60	\$42		\$(32	\$58	\$(32)
Note 13 – Accumulated Other Co		-						,
The following table summarizes	_				he	:		
C	_		s Ended June 3	_				
	2013					2012		
	Unrealized					Unrealized		
	Holding Ga	ain	sDefined			Holding Gai	nsDefined	
	(Losses) or		Benefit	Total		(Losses) on	Benefit	Total
	AFS		Pension Plan			AFS	Pension Plan	
	Securities					Securities		
April 1, 2013	\$7,541		\$(3,671)	\$3,870		\$6,539	\$(3,453)	\$3,086
OCI before reclassifications	(11,997)	_	(11,997)	1,420	_	1,420
Amounts reclassified from AOC	I—		_					
Subtotal	(11,997)	_	(11,997)	1,420		1,420
Tax effect	3,979		_	3,979		(546	· —	(546)
OCI, net of tax	(8,018)	_	(8,018)	874		874
June 30, 2013	\$(477)	\$(3,671)	\$(4,148)	\$7,413	\$(3,453)	\$3,960
	Six Months	s E	nded June 30					
	2013					2012		
	Unrealized					Unrealized		
	Holding Ga	ain	sDefined .			Holding Gai	nsDefined	
	(Losses) or	1	Benefit	Total		(Losses) on	Benefit	Total
	AFS		Pension Plan			AFS	Pension Plan	
	Securities					Securities		
January 1, 2013	\$8,678		\$(3,671)	\$5,007		\$5,942	\$(3,453)	\$2,489
OCI before reclassifications	(13,958)		(13,958)	2,219		2,219
Amounts reclassified from AOC	I (99)		(99)	(721	· —	(721)
Subtotal	(14,057)	_	(14,057)	1,498	_	1,498
Tax effect	4,902		_	4,902		(27		(27)
OCI, net of tax	(9,155)	_	(9,155)	1,471	_	1,471
June 30, 2013	\$(477)	\$(3,671)	\$(4,148)	\$7,413	\$(3,453)	\$3,960

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The following table details reclassification adjustments and the related affected line items on our interim condensed consolidated statements of income for the noted periods:

consolidated statements of mic	OHIC TOF THE	noica penous	•							
Details about AOCI components	Amount Reclassifi AOCI	ed from			Affected Line Item in the Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income					
	Three Mo	nths Ended	Six Mont	ths Ended June	e					
	June 30		30							
	2013	2012	2013	2012						
Unrealized holding gains										
(losses) on AFS securities										
	\$—	\$ —	\$99	\$1,003		Gain (loss) on securities	sale of AFS			
	_	_		(282)]	Net AFS impai	rment loss			
	_	_	99	721		Income before expense	ncome before federal income tax xpense			
		_	34	245		Federal income tax expense Net income				
	\$ —	\$ —	\$65	\$476						
Note 14 – Parent Company On Interim Condensed Balance St	-	al Information								
						June 30	December 31			
						2013	2012			
ASSETS						*				
Cash on deposit at the Bank						\$812	\$332			
AFS Securities						3,595	3,939			
Investments in subsidiaries						110,500	115,781			
Premises and equipment						2,091	2,041			
Other assets						52,303	52,398			
TOTAL ASSETS						\$169,301	\$174,491			
LIABILITIES AND SHARE	HOLDERS'	EQUITY								

35

Other liabilities

Shareholders' equity

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

\$10,013

159,288

\$169,301

\$10,002

164,489

\$174,491

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Interim Condensed Statements of Income

	Three Mon June 30	ths Ended	Six Mont June 30	hs Ended
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Income				
Dividends from subsidiaries	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$3,000	\$3,125
Interest income	41	43	84	89
Management fee and other	559	551	1,067	966
Total income	2,100	2,094	4,151	4,180
Expenses				
Compensation and benefits	669	604	1,381	1,214
Occupancy and equipment	119	97	230	182
Audit and related fees	93	81	158	175
Other	297	265	501	497
Total expenses	1,178	1,047	2,270	2,068
Income before income tax benefit and equity in undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	922	1,047	1,881	2,112
Federal income tax benefit	199	160	388	357
	1,121	1,207	2,269	2,469
Undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	2,092	1,797	4,031	3,769
Net income	\$3,213	\$3,004	\$6,300	\$6,238

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Interim Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Six Months June 30	Enc	led	
	2013		2012	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2013		2012	
Net income	\$6,300		\$6,238	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operations	φο,500		Ψ0,230	
Undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	(4,031)	(3,769)
Undistributed earnings of equity securities without readily determinable fair values	125	,	(3,70)	,
Share-based payment awards	258		295	
Depreciation	236 77		54	
Net amortization of AFS securities	1		2	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities which used cash	1		2	
Other assets	(26)	(278	`
Accrued interest and other liabilities	211	,	(69)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2,915		2,473	,
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	2,913		2,473	
Maturities, calls, and sales of AFS securities	395		370	
		`		`
Purchases of equipment and premises	(127 101)	(81)
Repayment of advances to subsidiaries	-			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	369		289	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(200	`	(507	,
Net increase (decrease) in borrowed funds	(200))
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(3,224)	(3,034)
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock	1,900		1,322	
Common stock repurchased	(1,114)	(995)
Common stock purchased for deferred compensation obligations	(166)	_)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,804)	(-))
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	480		(767)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	332		1,474	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$812		\$707	
Note 15 – Operating Segments				

Note 15 – Operating Segments

Our reportable segments are based on legal entities that account for at least 10% of net operating results. The operations of the Bank as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 and each of the three and six month periods then ended, represented 90% or more of our consolidated total assets and operating results. As such, no additional segment reporting is presented.

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Item 2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ISABELLA BANK CORPORATION FINANCIAL REVIEW

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

This section reviews our financial condition and results of our operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. This analysis should be read in conjunction with our 2012 annual report and with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and notes, beginning on page 4 of this report. Executive Summary

Despite compressed margins, we surpassed 2012 earnings on a quarterly and year-to-date basis due to continued improvement in credit quality, a reduction in the provision for loan losses, and loan growth of \$30.70 million in the first six months of 2013. Our continued success throughout these challenging times is a direct result of our unwavering focus on community banking principles, prudent underwriting standards, and long term sustainable growth. This focus has enabled us to continue to meet the needs of the communities we serve, which translates into increased shareholder value.

As we continue to provide superior customer service, we are excited to see the construction progress on our latest branch located in Big Rapids, Michigan, which is expected to open in the third quarter. The new location will complement our existing Big Rapids office and provide additional shareholder value for years to come. Recent Legislation

The Health Care and Education Act of 2010, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, the Dodd-Frank Act, and the JOBS Act, have already had, and are expected to continue to have, a significant negative impact on our operating results. Of these three acts, the Dodd-Frank Act has had, and is likely to have, the most significant impact, along with its establishment of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau. This particular act made sweeping changes in the regulation of financial institutions aimed at strengthening the oversight of the federal government over the operation of the financial services sector and increasing the protection of consumers within the financial services sector. As a result of the implementation of some of the provisions, we have had increases in compensation costs and this trend is expected to continue.

The CFPB has begun to issue substantial proposed and final rules regarding consumer lending, including residential mortgage lending. These rules will likely further increase our compensation and outside advisor costs to ensure our compliance with the new regulations.

On July 3, 2013, the FRB published revised BASEL III Capital standards for Banks. The rules redefine what is included or deducted from equity capital, changes risk weighting for certain on and off-balance sheet assets, increases the minimum required equity capital to be considered well capitalized, and introduces a capital cushion buffer. The rules take effect for us on January 1, 2015 and are not expected to have a material impact on the Corporation.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Selected Financial Data

The following table outlines our quarterly results of operations and provides certain performance measures for:

The following table outlines our quarterly result	Three Mont	•	Six Months Ended						
	June 30			June 30	cu				
	2013		2012		2013		2012		
INCOME STATEMENT DATA	2012		2012		2015		2012		
Interest income	\$13,440		\$14,188		\$26,968		\$28,392		
Interest expense	2,781		3,429		5,602		7,133		
Net interest income	10,659		10,759		21,366		21,259		
Provision for loan losses	215		439		515		900		
Noninterest income	2,736		2,544		5,183		6,085		
Noninterest expenses	9,324		9,188		18,515		18,761		
Federal income tax expense	643		672		1,219		1,445		
Net Income	\$3,213		\$3,004		\$6,300		\$6,238		
PER SHARE	, - ,		, - ,		1 - 7		,		
Basic earnings	0.42		0.40		0.82		0.82		
Diluted earnings	0.41		0.39		0.80		0.80		
Dividends	0.21		0.20		0.42		0.40		
Market value*	24.75		24.85		24.75		24.85		
Tangible book value*	15.19		14.37		15.19		14.37		
BALANCE SHEET DATA									
At end of period									
Loans	\$803,452		\$754,952		\$803,452		\$754,952		
Total assets	1,451,415		1,381,496		1,451,415		1,381,496		
Deposits	1,021,424		978,828		1,021,424		978,828		
Shareholders' equity	159,288		159,855		159,288		159,855		
Average balance									
Loans	\$780,909		\$748,223		\$773,825		\$746,072		
Total assets	1,440,370		1,369,240		1,436,287		1,362,675		
Deposits	1,022,153		972,953		1,024,924		975,835		
Shareholders' equity	165,710		154,627		165,112		155,374		
PERFORMANCE RATIOS									
Return on average total assets (annualized)	0.89	%	0.88	%	0.88	%	0.92	%	
Return on average shareholders' equity	7.76	07	7.77	07	7.63	07	8.03	%	
(annualized)	7.70	%	1.11	%	7.03	%	8.03	%	
Return on average tangible equity (annualized)	11.10	%	11.11	%	10.98	%	11.66	%	
Net interest margin yield (FTE annualized)	3.50	%	3.73	%	3.52	%	3.71	%	
Loan to deposit*	78.66	%	77.13	%	78.66	%	77.13	%	
Nonperforming loans to total loans*	0.52	%	0.86	%	0.52	%	0.86	%	
Nonperforming assets to total assets*	0.36	%	0.64	%	0.36	%	0.64	%	
ALLL to nonperforming loans*	280.51	%	188.67	%	280.51	%	188.67	%	
CAPITAL RATIOS									
Shareholders' equity to assets*	10.97	%	11.57	%	10.97	%	11.57	%	
Tier 1 capital to average assets*	8.38	%	8.24	%	8.38	%	8.24	%	
Tier 1 risk-based capital*	13.59	%	13.19	%	13.59	%	13.19	%	
Total risk-based capital*	14.84	%	14.44	%	14.84	%	14.44	%	
* At end of period									

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AVERAGE BALANCES, INTEREST RATE, AND NET INTEREST INCOME

The following schedules present the daily average amount outstanding for each major category of interest earning assets, nonearning assets, interest bearing liabilities, and noninterest bearing liabilities. This schedule also presents an analysis of interest income and interest expense for the periods indicated. All interest income is reported on a FTE basis using a 34% tax rate. Nonaccruing loans, for the purpose of the following computations, are included in the average loan amounts outstanding. FRB and FHLB restricted equity holdings are included in accrued income and other assets.

The following table displays the results for the three month periods ended June 30:

	2013		r		2012			
	Average Balance	Tax Equivalent Interest	Average Yield / Rate		Average Balance	Tax Equivalent Interest	Average Yield / Rate	
INTEREST EARNING ASSETS								
Loans	\$780,909	\$10,280	5.27	%	\$748,223	\$10,849	5.80	%
Taxable investment securities	341,232	1,798	2.11	%	316,237	1,988	2.51	%
Nontaxable investment securities	162,626	2,024	4.98		144,492	1,983	5.49	%
Trading account securities	1,156	14	4.84		2,496	33	5.29	%
Other	23,533	109	1.85		25,911	113	1.74	%
Total earning assets NONEARNING ASSETS	1,309,456	14,225	4.35	%	1,237,359	14,966	4.84	%
ALLL	(11,889)			(12,586)			
Cash and demand deposits due	17,157				18,572			
from banks	•							
Premises and equipment	25,917				24,948			
Accrued income and other asset	•				100,947			
Total assets	\$1,440,370				\$1,369,240			
INTEREST BEARING								
LIABILITIES	#101.044	40	0.00	01	Φ167.200	50	0.10	04
Interest bearing demand deposit		40	0.09		\$167,399	50	0.12	%
Savings deposits	242,247	90	0.15		210,872	109	0.21	% ~
Time deposits Borrowed funds	460,379	1,692 959	1.47 1.57		475,996	2,209	1.86	% %
Total interest bearing liabilities	243,936	939 2,781	0.99		227,360 1,081,627	1,061 3,429	1.87 1.27	% %
NONINTEREST BEARING	1,127,000	2,701	0.99	70	1,061,027	3,429	1.27	70
LIABILITIES								
Demand deposits	138,483				118,686			
Other	8,571				14,300			
Shareholders' equity	165,710				154,627			
Total liabilities and shareholder	S'+							
equity	\$1,440,370				\$1,369,240			
Net interest income (FTE)		\$11,444				\$11,537		
Net yield on interest earning			2.50	07			2 72	07
assets (FTE)			3.50	%			3.73	%

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The following table displays the results for the six month periods ended June 30:

	2013	-			2012			
	Average Balance	Tax Equivalent Interest	Average Yield / Rate		Average Balance	Tax Equivalent Interest	Average Yield / Rate	
INTEREST EARNING								
ASSETS								
Loans	\$773,825	\$20,610	5.33		\$746,072	\$21,789	5.84	%
Taxable investment securities	342,375	3,632	2.12	%	300,689	3,877	2.58	%
Nontaxable investment securities	159,147	4,035	5.07	%	141,560	3,948	5.58	%
Trading account securities	1,363	35	5.14	%	3,457	97	5.61	%
Other	26,955	225	1.67	%	37,246	242	1.30	%
Total earning assets	1,303,665	28,537	4.38	%	1,229,024	29,953	4.87	%
NONEARNING ASSETS								
ALLL	(11,987)			(12,597)			
Cash and demand deposits due from banks	17,909				19,442			
Premises and equipment	25,927				24,974			
Accrued income and other asset	s 100,773				101,832			
Total assets	\$1,436,287				\$1,362,675			
INTEREST BEARING								
LIABILITIES								
Interest bearing demand deposit	s\$183,921	81	0.09	%	\$170,153	104	0.12	%
Savings deposits	241,824	181	0.15	%	209,047	231	0.22	%
Time deposits	460,958	3,434	1.49	%	477,843	4,545	1.90	%
Borrowed funds	237,863	1,906	1.60	%	219,386	2,253	2.05	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	1,124,566	5,602	1.00	%	1,076,429	7,133	1.33	%
NONINTEREST BEARING								
LIABILITIES								
Demand deposits	138,221				118,792			
Other	8,388				12,080			
Shareholders' equity	165,112				155,374			
Total liabilities and shareholders	s'\$1 436 287				\$1,362,675			
equity	ψ1,430,207				φ1,302,073			
Net interest income (FTE)		\$22,935				\$22,820		
Net yield on interest earning			3.52	%			3.71	%
assets (FTE)			3.32	70			5.71	,0
Mat Intonest Income								

Net Interest Income

Net interest income is our primary source of income. Interest income includes loan fees of \$862 and \$1,683 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013, respectively, as compared to \$809 and \$1,456 during the same periods in 2012. For analytical purposes, net interest income is adjusted to an FTE basis by adding the income tax savings from interest on tax exempt loans and securities, thus making year to year comparisons more meaningful.

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VOLUME AND RATE VARIANCE ANALYSIS

The following table sets forth the effect of volume and rate changes on interest income and expense for the periods indicated. For the purpose of this table, changes in interest due to volume and rate were determined as follows: Volume Variance—change in volume multiplied by the previous year's rate.

Rate Variance—change in the FTE rate multiplied by the previous year's volume.

The change in interest due to both volume and rate has been allocated to volume and rate changes in proportion to the relationship of the absolute dollar amounts of the change in each.

	Three Months Ended						Six Months Ended							
	June 30, 2013 Compared to						June 30, 2013 Compared to							
	June 30, 2012					June 30, 2012								
	Increase (I	De	ecrease) D	ue	to		Increase	to						
	Volume		Rate		Net		Volume		Rate		Net			
CHANGES IN INTEREST INCOME														
Loans	\$460		\$(1,029)	\$(569)	\$789		\$(1,968)	\$(1,179)		
Taxable AFS securities	149		(339)	(190)	496		(741)	(245)		
Nontaxable AFS securities	236		(195)	41		465		(378)	87			
Trading securities	(16)	(3)	(19)	(54)	(8)	(62)		
Other	(11)	7		(4)	(76)	59		(17)		
Total changes in interest income	818		(1,559)	(741)	1,620		(3,036)	(1,416)		
CHANGES IN INTEREST EXPENSE														
Interest bearing demand deposits	4		(14)	(10)	8		(31)	(23)		
Savings deposits	15		(34)	(19)	32		(82)	(50)		
Time deposits	(70)	(447)	(517)	(156)	(955)	(1,111)		
Borrowed funds	73		(175)	(102)	178		(525)	(347)		
Total changes in interest expense	22		(670)	(648)	62		(1,593)	(1,531)		
Net change in interest margin (FTE)	\$796		\$(889)	\$(93)	\$1,558		\$(1,443)	\$115			

As shown in the following table, we continue to experience downward pressure on our net yield on interest earning assets. This pressure is a direct result of FRB monetary policy which has reduced yields on interest earning assets more than rates on interest bearing liabilities. The persistent low interest rate environment coupled with an increase in the concentration of AFS securities and trading securities as a percentage of earnings assets has also placed downward pressure on net interest margin yield.

	Average Yield / Rate For The Three Month Periods Ended:											
	June 30		March 31		December	31	Septemb	er 30	June 30			
	2013		2013		2012		2012		2012			
Total earning assets	4.35	%	4.41	%	4.61	%	4.76	%	4.84	%		
Total interest bearing liabilities	0.99	%	1.01	%	1.12	%	1.18	%	1.27	%		
Net yield on interest earning assets (FTE)	3.50	%	3.54	%	3.65	%	3.73	%	3.73	%		

While there have recently been noticeable increases in long term interest rates, short and medium term rates continue to be at historically low levels, and therefore the net yield on interest earning assets is not likely to increase in the near future. We anticipate that the continued reduction in rates earned on loans without a proportionate decline in funding rate will continue to cause downward pressure in net interest margin yield.

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Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

The viability of any financial institution is ultimately determined by its management of credit risk. Loans outstanding represent our single largest concentration of risk. The ALLL is our estimation of probable losses inherent in the existing loan portfolio. We allocate the ALLL throughout the loan portfolio based on our assessment of the underlying risks associated with each loan segment. Our assessments include allocations based on specific impairment allocations, historical charge-offs, internally assigned credit ratings, and past due and nonaccrual balances. A portion of the ALLL is not allocated to any one loan segment, but is instead a reflection of other qualitative risks within the loan portfolio.

The following tables summarize our charge-off and recovery activity for the:

	Three Months Ended				Six Months	ed		
	June 30	June 30						
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
ALLL at beginning of period	\$11,909		\$12,375		\$11,936		\$12,375	
Loans charged-off								
Commercial and agricultural	234		237		445		686	
Residential real estate	397		238		587		353	
Consumer	88		146		209		237	
Total Loans charged-off	719		621		1,241		1,276	
Recoveries								
Commercial and agricultural	166		42		223		128	
Residential real estate	61		20		114		61	
Consumer	68		63		153		130	
Total Recoveries	295		125		490		319	
Provision for loan losses	215		439		515		900	
ALLL at end of period	\$11,700		\$12,318		\$11,700		\$12,318	
Net loans charged-off	\$424		\$496		\$751		\$957	
Year-to-date average loans outstanding	780,909		748,223		773,825		746,072	
Net loans charged-off to average loans outstanding	0.05	%	0.07	%	0.10	%	0.13	%
Total loans at end of period	\$803,452		\$754,952		\$803,452		\$754,952	
ALLL as a% of loans at end of period	1.46	%	1.63	%	1.46	%	1.63	%

As shown in the preceding table, the level of net charge-offs continues to decline. This trend has allowed us to reduce the provision for loan losses, leading to a decline in the ALLL in both amount and as a percentage of loans. We do not expect any significant increases in net loans charged-off throughout the remainder of 2013 and, as such, we anticipate the provision for loan losses to approximate current levels. For further discussion of the allocation of the ALLL, see "Note 6 – Loans and ALLL" of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Loans Past Due and Loans in Nonaccrual Status

Increases in past due and nonaccrual loans can have a significant impact on the ALLL. To determine the potential impact, and corresponding estimated losses, we analyze our historical loss trends on loans past due greater than 30 days and nonaccrual loans. We monitor all loans that are past due and in nonaccrual status for indicators of additional deterioration.

	Total Past I	Total Past Due and Nonaccrual									
	June 30	March 31	December 31	September 30	June 30						
	2013	2013	2012	2012	2012						
Commercial and agricultural	\$4,962	\$8,713	\$7,271	\$11,004	\$9,459						
Residential real estate	5,080	4,077	5,431	4,879	4,496						
Consumer	104	212	199	284	179						
Total	\$10,146	\$13,002	\$12,901	\$16,167	\$14,134						

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A summary of loans past due and in nonaccrual status, including the composition of the ending balance of nonaccrual loans by type, is included in "Note 6 – Loans and ALLL" of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Troubled Debt Restructurings

We have taken a proactive approach to avoid foreclosures on borrowers who are willing to work with us in modifying their loans, thus making them more affordable. While this approach has allowed certain borrowers to develop a payment structure that will allow them to continue making payments in lieu of foreclosure, it has contributed to a significant increase in the level of loans classified as TDRs. The implementation of ASU No. 2011-02 "A Creditor's Determination of Whether a Restructuring Is a Troubled Debt Restructuring" has also contributed to the increased level of TDRs. The modifications have been successful for us and our customers as very few of the modified loans have resulted in foreclosures. At the time of the TDR, the loan is reviewed to determine whether or not to classify the loan as accrual or nonaccrual. The majority of new modifications result in terms that satisfy our criteria for continued interest accrual. TDRs that have been placed in nonaccrual status may be placed back on accrual status after six months of continued performance.

We restructure debt with borrowers who due to temporary financial difficulties are unable to service their debt under the original terms. We may extend the amortization period, reduce interest rates, forgive principal, or a combination of these modifications. Typically, the modifications are for a period of five years or less. There were no TDRs that were Government sponsored as of June 30, 2013 or December 31, 2012.

Losses associated with TDRs, if any, are included in the estimation of the ALLL in the quarter in which a loan is identified as a TDR, and we review the ALLL estimation each reporting period to ensure its continued appropriateness.

The following tables provide a roll-forward of TDRs for the:

	Three Mor	nth	s Ended Jui									
	Accruing Interest				Nonaccrual				Total			
	Number				Number				Number			
	of		Balance		of		Balance		of		Balance	
	Loans				Loans				Loans			
April 1, 2013	119		\$16,900		19		\$2,502		138		\$19,402	
New modifications	14		3,592		_		_		14		3,592	
Principal payments			(198)			(206)	_		(404)
Loans paid-off	(7)	(1,089)	(4)	(497)	(11)	(1,586)
Partial charge-off			_						_			
Balances charged-off	(3)	(147)	_		_		(3)	(147)
Transfers to OREO			_						_			
Transfers to accrual status	1		105		(1)	(105)	_			
Transfers to nonaccrual status	(1)	(29)	1		29		_			
June 30, 2013	123		\$19,134		15		\$1,723		138		\$20,857	

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	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013											
	Accruing Interest				Nonaccrua			Total				
	Number				Number				Number			
	of		Balance		of		Balance		of		Balance	
	Loans				Loans				Loans			
January 1, 2013	115		\$16,531		19		\$2,824		134		\$19,355	
New modifications	22		4,411		1		98		23		4,509	
Principal payments	_		(463)	_		(243)			(706)
Loans paid-off	(10))	(5)	(697)	(15)	(1,916)
Partial charge-off	_		(15)	_		(211)			(226)
Balances charged-off	(3)	(147)	_		_		(3)	(147)
Transfers to OREO			_		(1)	(12)	(1)	(12)
Transfers to accrual status	1		105		(1)	(105)	_		_	,
Transfers to nonaccrual status	(2))	2	,	69	,	_		_	
June 30, 2013	123	,	\$19,134	,	15		\$1,723		138		\$20,857	
00110 00, 2010		nth	s Ended Jui	ne 3			¥ 1,7 20		100		Ψ20,007	
	Accruing 1				Nonaccrua	a1			Total			
	Number		DIOSC		Number				Number			
	of		Balance		of		Balance		of		Balance	
	Loans		Bulunce		Loans		Bulunce		Loans		Bulunce	
April 1, 2012	127		\$20,964		17		\$2,138		144		\$23,102	
New modifications	12		989		1		Ψ2,130		13		989	
Principal payments	12		(423	`			(30	`			(453	`
Loans paid-off	(5)	(550	<i>)</i>			(30	,	(5	`	(550)
Partial charge-off	(3	,	(152	<i>)</i>					(5	,	(152)
Balances charged-off	(1)	(8)	(1)	(25	`	(2	`	(33)
Transfers to OREO	(1	,	(0	,	(4)	(360	<i>)</i>	(4))	(360)
Transfers to accrual status					(4	,	(300	,	(4	,	(300	,
Transfers to nonaccrual status		`	(1,186	`	7		1,186					
June 30, 2012	126)	\$19,634	,	20		\$2,909		— 146		<u>\$22,543</u>	
Julie 30, 2012		I		20			\$2,909		140		\$22,343	
			Ended June	30,		.1			Total			
	Accruing 1	ını	erest		Nonaccrua	aı			Total			
	Number		D.1		Number		D -1		Number		D.1	
	of		Balance		of		Balance		of		Balance	
L 1 2012	Loans		¢ 17 720		Loans		¢1.010		Loans		¢ 10 750	
January 1, 2012	112		\$17,738		12		\$1,018		124		\$18,756	
New modifications	36		5,640	,	9		1,217	,	45		6,857	,
Principal payments	<u> </u>	,	(778)	_		(91)		`	(869)
Loans paid-off	(14)	(1,591)	_		_		(14)	(1,591)
Partial charge-off		,	(152)		,					(152)
Balances charged-off	(1)	(8)	(4)	(90)	(5)	(98)
Transfers to OREO	_		_		(4)	(360)	(4)	(360)
Transfers to accrual status	1		21		(1)	(21)				
Transfers to nonaccrual status	(8)	(1,236)	8		1,236					
June 30, 2012	126		\$19,634		20		\$2,909		146		\$22,543	

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The following table summarizes our TDRs as of:

	June 30, 2013			December 3				
	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Total	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Total	Total	
	Interest			Interest			Change	
Current	\$18,264	\$874	\$19,138	\$16,301	\$941	\$17,242	\$1,896	
Past due 30-59 days	870	34	904	158	561	719	185	
Past due 60-89 days	_	_		72	41	113	(113)
Past due 90 days or more	_	815	815	_	1,281	1,281	(466)
Total	\$19,134	\$1,723	\$20,857	\$16,531	\$2,824	\$19,355	\$1,502	

Additional disclosures about TDRs are included in "Note 6 – Loans and ALLL" of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Impaired Loans

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans as of:

	June 30, 2013	3		December 31	, 2012	
	Outstanding Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance	Outstanding Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance
TDRs						
Commercial real estate	\$9,411	\$10,085	\$1,269	\$9,227	\$9,640	\$1,333
Commercial other	2,286	2,316	64	1,167	1,197	38
Agricultural real estate	223	223	31	91	91	32
Agricultural other	105	225		569	689	59
Residential real estate senior liens	8,798	9,197	1,489	8,224	8,670	1,429
Residential real estate junior liens	_	_	_	21	57	4
Consumer secured	34	34		56	56	
Total TDRs	20,857	22,080	2,853	19,355	20,400	2,895
Other impaired loans	20,027	22,000	2,000	15,555	20,100	2,000
Commercial real estate	1,913	2,474	309	1,817	2,304	320
Commercial other	29	110		2,245	2,376	359
Agricultural other	248	248	_	63	63	
Residential real estate senior liens	1,677	2,478	242	2,226	3,002	354
Residential real estate junior liens	71	109	13	51	61	9
Home equity lines of credit	174	474	_	182	482	_
Consumer secured	20	20		19	28	
Total other impaired loans	4,132	5,913	564	6,603	8,316	1,042
Total impaired loans	\$24,989	\$27,993	\$3,417	\$25,958	\$28,716	\$3,937

Additional disclosure related to impaired loans is included in "Note 6 – Loans and ALLL" of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Nonperforming Assets

The following table summarizes our nonperforming assets as of:

	June 30	December 31	
	2013	2012	
Nonaccrual loans	\$3,651	\$7,303	
Accruing loans past due 90 days or more	520	428	
Total nonperforming loans	4,171	7,731	
Foreclosed assets	1,105	2,018	
Total nonperforming assets	\$5,276	\$9,749	
Nonperforming loans as a % of total loans	0.52	% 1.00	%
Nonperforming assets as a % of total assets	0.36	% 0.68	%

Loans are placed in nonaccrual status when the foreclosure process has begun, generally after a loan is 90 days past due, unless they are well secured. Upon transferring the loans to nonaccrual status, we perform an evaluation to determine the net realizable value of the underlying collateral. This evaluation is used to help determine if any charge-offs are necessary. Loans may be placed back on accrual status after six months of continued performance. Included in the nonaccrual loan balances above were loans currently classified as TDRs as of:

	June 30	December 31
	2013	2012
Commercial and agricultural	\$1,317	\$2,325
Residential real estate	406	499
Total	\$1,723	\$2,824

The following table lists individually significant commercial and agricultural loan relationships in nonaccrual status as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. To be classified as individually significant, the recorded investment in nonaccrual loans to each borrower must have exceeded \$1,000 as of the end of either period.

	June 30, 2013		December 31,	, 2012
	Oustanding	Specific	Oustanding	Specific
	Balance	Allocation	Balance	Allocation
Borrower 1	\$ —	\$ —	\$2,077	\$359
Others not individually significant	3,651		5,226	
Total	\$3,651		\$7,303	

The reduction in the outstanding balance for Borrower 1 was the result of the loan being placed back on accrual status due to continued performance. There were no other individually significant credits included in nonaccrual loans as of June 30, 2013 or December 31, 2012.

Additional disclosures about nonaccrual loans are included in "Note 6 – Loans and ALLL" of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

We continue to devote considerable attention to identifying impaired loans and adjusting the net carrying value of these loans to their current net realizable values through the establishment of a specific reserve or the recording of a charge-off. We believe that all loans deemed to be impaired have been identified.

We believe that the level of the ALLL is appropriate as of June 30, 2013 and we will continue to closely monitor overall credit quality and our policies and procedures related to the analysis of the ALLL to ensure that the ALLL remains appropriate.

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NONINTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSES

Noninterest Income

Noninterest income consists of service charges and fee income, gains from the sale of mortgage loans, gains and losses on trading securities and borrowings measured at fair value, gains from the sale of investment securities, and other. Significant account balances are highlighted in the accompanying tables with additional descriptions of significant fluctuations:

	Three Mont	ths Ended June 3	30		
			Change		
	2013	2012	\$	%	
Service charges and fees					
NSF and overdraft fees	\$558	\$597	\$(39) (6.53)%
ATM and debit card fees	489	477	12	2.52	%
Trust fees	302	266	36	13.53	%
Freddie Mac servicing fee	187	187	_		%
Service charges on deposit accounts	95	84	11	13.10	%
Net OMSRs income (loss)	88	(13) 101	N/M	
All other	28	30	(2) (6.67)%
Total service charges and fees	1,747	1,628	119	7.31	%
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	249	279	(30) (10.75)%
Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies	190	177	13	7.34	%
Gain (loss) on sale of AFS securities	_	_	_		%
Other					
Brokerage and advisory fees	181	137	44	32.12	%
Other	369	323	46	14.24	%
Total other	550	460	90	19.57	%
Total noninterest income	\$2,736	\$2,544	\$192	7.55	%

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	Six Months	Ended June 30				
			Change			
	2013	2012	\$		%	
Service charges and fees						
NSF and overdraft fees	\$1,074	\$1,155	\$(81)	(7.01)%
ATM and debit card fees	944	934	10		1.07	%
Trust fees	565	516	49		9.50	%
Freddie Mac servicing fee	371	378	(7)	(1.85)%
Service charges on deposit accounts	185	158	27		17.09	%
Net OMSRs income (loss)	96	50	46		92.00	%
All other	56	66	(10)	(15.15)%
Total service charges and fees	3,291	3,257	34		1.04	%
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	607	658	(51)	(7.75)%
Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policie	es359	348	11		3.16	%
Gain (loss) on sale of AFS securities	99	1,003	(904)	(90.13)%
Other						
Brokerage and advisory fees	328	267	61		22.85	%
Other	499	552	(53)	(9.60)%
Total other	827	819	8		0.98	%
Total noninterest income	\$5,183	\$6,085	\$(902)	(14.82)%

Significant changes in noninterest income are detailed below:

We continuously analyze various fees related to deposit accounts including service charges and NSF and overdraft fees. Based on these analyses, we make any necessary adjustments to ensure that our fee structure is within the range of our competitors, while at the same time making sure that the fees remain fair to deposit customers. NSF and overdraft fees represent the largest single component of service charges and fees. While we have experienced significant increases in deposit accounts, NSF and overdraft fees continue to decline. This decline has been the result of reduced overdraft activity by our customers. We expect this trend to continue.

In recent periods, we have invested considerable efforts to increase our market share in trust and brokerage and advisory services. These efforts have translated into increases in trust fees and brokerage and advisory fees. We expect this trend to continue.

Residential loan refinancing activity declined in 2013, resulting in a decline in the gain on sale of mortgage loans. The decline in refinancing activity was the result of a decline in demand as well as an increase in offering rates. Offsetting the decline in the gain on sale of mortgage loans was an increase in net OMSRs income. We expect mortgage origination volumes and the related income to continue to decline when compared to 2012.

We are continually analyzing our AFS securities for potential sale opportunities. These analyses identified several mortgage-backed securities pools in 2013 and 2012 that made economic sense to sell. We do not anticipate any significant investment sales during the remainder of 2013.

The fluctuations in all other income is spread throughout various categories, none of which are individually significant. We do not anticipate any significant fluctuations from current levels for the remainder of 2013.

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Noninterest Expenses

Noninterest expenses include compensation and benefits, furniture and equipment, occupancy, net AFS security impairment loss, and other expenses. Significant account balances are highlighted in the accompanying tables with additional descriptions of significant fluctuations:

	Three Months	Ended June 30				
			Change			
	2013	2012	\$		%	
Compensation and benefits						
Employee salaries	\$3,844	\$3,820	\$24		0.63	%
Employee benefits	1,392	1,412	(20)	(1.42)%
Total compensation and benefits	5,236	5,232	4		0.08	%
Furniture and equipment						
Service contracts	534	534			_	%
Depreciation	459	443	16		3.61	%
ATM and debit card fees	185	179	6		3.35	%
All other	14	14			_	%
Total furniture and equipment	1,192	1,170	22		1.88	%
Occupancy						
Depreciation	165	155	10		6.45	%
Outside services	151	153	(2)	(1.31)%
Property taxes	134	130	4		3.08	%
Utilities	119	98	21		21.43	%
All other	72	63	9		14.29	%
Total occupancy	641	599	42		7.01	%
Net AFS security impairment loss	_	_			N/M	
Other						
Marketing and community relations	432	535	(103)	(19.25)%
FDIC insurance premiums	273	213	60		28.17	%
Directors fees	205	209	(4)	(1.91)%
Audit and related fees	162	154	8		5.19	%
Education and travel	116	139	(23)	(16.55)%
Postage and freight	94	94			_	%
Printing and supplies	99	110	(11)	(10.00)%
Legal fees	120	81	39		48.15	%
Consulting fees	83	71	12		16.90	%
Other	671	581	90		15.49	%
Total other	2,255	2,187	68		3.11	%
Total noninterest expenses	\$9,324	\$9,188	\$136		1.48	%

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	Six Months E	nded June 30				
			Change			
	2013	2012	\$		%	
Compensation and benefits						
Employee salaries	\$7,720	\$7,648	\$72		0.94	%
Employee benefits	2,961	2,885	76		2.63	%
Total compensation and benefits	10,681	10,533	148		1.41	%
Furniture and equipment						
Service contracts	1,070	1,014	56		5.52	%
Depreciation	923	886	37		4.18	%
ATM and debit card fees	353	330	23		6.97	%
All other	35	30	5		16.67	%
Total furniture and equipment	2,381	2,260	121		5.35	%
Occupancy						
Depreciation	326	309	17		5.50	%
Outside services	321	300	21		7.00	%
Property taxes	269	259	10		3.86	%
Utilities	255	224	31		13.84	%
All other	135	148	(13)	(8.78)%
Total occupancy	1,306	1,240	66		5.32	%
Net AFS security impairment loss	_	282	(282)	N/M	
Other						
Marketing and community relations	674	1,029	(355)	(34.50)%
FDIC insurance premiums	545	428	117		27.34	%
Directors fees	404	419	(15)	(3.58)%
Audit and related fees	301	330	(29)	(8.79)%
Education and travel	238	266	(28)	(10.53)%
Postage and freight	193	195	(2)	(1.03)%
Printing and supplies	185	219	(34)	(15.53)%
Legal fees	180	143	37		25.87	%
Consulting fees	155	258	(103)	(39.92)%
Other	1,272	1,159	113		9.75	%
Total other	4,147	4,446	(299)	(6.73)%
Total noninterest expenses	\$18,515	\$18,761	\$(246)	(1.31)%

To help offset our current declining net interest margin yields, we have made a conscious effort to limit increases, or reduce, noninterest expenses. These efforts translated into a decline of 1.31% in total noninterest expenses when the first six months of 2013 are compared to the same period in 2012.

Significant changes in noninterest expenses are detailed below:

During the first quarter of 2012, we recorded a credit impairment on an AFS security through earnings due to a bond being downgraded below investment grade. We continuously monitor the AFS security portfolio for other potential OTTI. For further discussion, see "Note 5 – AFS Securities" of our notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

We have consistently been a strong supporter of the various communities, schools, and charities in the markets we serve. We sponsor a foundation, which we established in 1996, that is generally funded from non-recurring, or extraordinary, revenue sources. The foundation provides centralized oversight for donations to organizations that benefit our communities. Included in marketing and community relations were discretionary donations to the foundation of \$200 and \$200 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2013, respectively, as compared to \$250 and \$500 during the same periods in 2012.

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Audit and related fees fluctuate from period to period based on the timing of services performed. Audit and related fees are expected to approximate current levels throughout the remainder of 2013.

Education and travel expenses were higher in 2012 as a result of a company-wide customer service seminar which occurred in the second quarter of 2012. Our 2013 company-wide customer service seminar is scheduled for the fourth quarter of 2013.

Legal fees increased in 2013 as a result of higher costs associated with filing documents with the SEC, primarily those associated with XBRL tagging. We expect legal fees to approximate current levels for the remainder of 2013.

Printing and supplies expenses declined in 2013 as a result of increased utilization of paperless office opportunities. During the first quarter of 2012, we incurred consulting fees to review our FHLB advances for potential

restructuring options. They were also elevated in 2012 due to the engagement of consultants to review our loan prepayment and deposit decay assumptions and various information technology projects. Consulting fees are anticipated to approximate current levels for the remainder of 2013.

The fluctuations in all other expenses are spread throughout various categories, none of which are individually significant.

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL CONDITION

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012	\$ Change		% Change (unannualize	ed)
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$21,366	\$24,920	\$(3,554)	(14.26)%
Certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions	1,810	4,465	(2,655)	(59.46)%
Trading securities	950	1,573	(623)	(39.61)%
AFS securities	499,424	504,010	(4,586)	(0.91)%
Mortgage loans AFS	743	3,633	(2,890)	(79.55)%
Loans	803,452	772,753	30,699		3.97	%
ALLL	(11,700)	(11,936)	236		N/M	
Premises and equipment	25,852	25,787	65		0.25	%
Corporate owned life insurance policies	24,101	22,773	1,328		5.83	%
Accrued interest receivable	5,232	5,227	5		0.10	%
Equity securities without readily determinable fair values	18,242	18,118	124		0.68	%
Goodwill and other intangible assets	46,418	46,532	(114)	(0.24)%
Other assets	15,525	12,784	2,741		21.44	%
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,451,415	\$1,430,639	\$20,776		1.45	%
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	7					
Liabilities						
Deposits	\$1,021,424	\$1,017,667	\$3,757		0.37	%
Borrowed funds	262,460	241,001	21,459		8.90	%
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	8,243	7,482	761		10.17	%
Total liabilities	1,292,127	1,266,150	25,977		2.05	%
Shareholders' equity	159,288	164,489	(5,201)	(3.16)%
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$1,451,415	\$1,430,639	\$20,776		1.45	%

As shown above, total assets have increased since December 31, 2012. In the first six months of 2013, loans grew by \$30,699. This loan growth was primary funded by increases in borrowed funds. We expect that loans will continue to grow throughout the rest of the year.

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The following table outlines the changes in loans:

	June 30, 2013 December 31, \$ Change		lune 30 2013 \$ Change			Change
	June 30, 2013	2012	ψ Change	(un	annualized)	
Commercial	\$389,044	\$371,505	\$17,539	4.72	2 %	
Agricultural	87,516	83,606	3,910	4.68	3 %	
Residential real estate	293,158	284,148	9,010	3.1	7 %	
Consumer	33,734	33,494	240	0.72	2 %	
Total	\$803,452	\$772,753	\$30,699	3.9	7 %	
The following table outlines the changes is	n deposits:					
	June 30, 2013	December 31,	¢ Change	% C	hange	
	Julie 30, 2013	2012	\$ Change	(una	nnualized)	
Noninterest bearing demand deposits	\$139,942	\$143,735	\$(3,793) (2.6	4)%	
Interest bearing demand deposits	173,184	181,259	(8,075) (4.4:	5)%	
Savings deposits	248,098	228,338	19,760	8.65	%	
Certificates of deposit	368,713	376,790	(8,077) (2.14	4)%	
Brokered certificates of deposit	57,701	55,348	2,353	4.25	%	
Internet certificates of deposit	33,786	32,197	1,589	4.94	%	
Total	\$1,021,424	\$1,017,667	\$3,757	0.37	%	
Capital						

Capital consists solely of common stock, retained earnings, and accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). We are currently authorized to raise capital through dividend reinvestment, employee and director stock purchases, and shareholder stock purchases. Pursuant to theses authorizations, we issued 77,568 shares or \$1,900 of common stock during the first six months of 2013, as compared to 54,900 shares or \$1,322 of common stock during the same period in 2012. We also offer the Directors Plan which allows participants to purchase stock units, in lieu of cash payments. Pursuant to this plan, we increased shareholders' equity by \$258 and \$295 during the six month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

We have approved a publicly announced common stock repurchase plan. Pursuant to this plan, we repurchased 45,825 shares or \$1,114 of common stock compared to 41,581 shares for \$995 during the first six months of 2013 and 2012, respectively. As of June 30, 2013, we were authorized to repurchase up to an additional 39,585 shares of common stock.

There are no significant regulatory constraints placed on our capital. The FRB's current recommended minimum primary capital to assets requirement is 6.0%. Our primary capital to adjusted average assets, which consists of shareholders' equity plus the allowance for loan losses less acquisition intangibles, was 8.38% as of June 30, 2013. The FRB has established a minimum risk based capital standard. Under this standard, a framework has been established that assigns risk weights to each category of on and off balance sheet items to arrive at risk adjusted total assets. Regulatory capital is divided by the risk adjusted assets with the resulting ratio compared to the minimum standard to determine whether a corporation has adequate capital. The minimum standard is 8%, of which at least 4% must consist of equity capital net of goodwill. The following table sets forth the percentages required under the Risk Based Capital guidelines and our values as of:

	June 30	Decembe	er 31 Baguinad	
	2013	2012	Required	
Equity Capital	13.59	% 13.23	% 4.00	%
Secondary Capital	1.25	% 1.25	% 4.00	%
Total Capital	14.84	% 14.48	% 8.00	%

Secondary capital includes only the ALLL. The percentage for the secondary capital under the required column is the maximum amount allowed from all sources.

The FRB and FDIC also prescribe minimum capital requirements for Isabella Bank. At June 30, 2013, the Bank exceeded these minimum capital requirements. On July 3, 2013, the FRB published revised BASEL III Capital standards for Banks. The rules redefine what is included or deducted from equity capital, changes risk weighting for

certain on and off-balance sheet

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assets, increases the minimum required equity capital to be considered well capitalized, and introduces a capital cushion buffer. The rules take effect for us on January 1, 2015 and are not expected to have a material impact on the Corporation.

Contractual Obligations and Loan Commitments

We are party to credit related financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk. These financial instruments are entered into in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of our customers. These financial instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets. The contract or notional amounts of these instruments reflect the extent of involvement we have in a particular class of financial instrument.

The following table summarizes our credit related financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk as of:

	June 50	December 31
	2013	2012
Unfunded commitments under lines of credit	\$121,516	\$115,233
Commercial and standby letters of credit	3,058	3,935
Commitments to grant loans	25,571	40,507

Unfunded commitments under lines of credit are commitments for possible future extensions of credit to existing customers. These commitments may expire without being drawn upon. Therefore, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

Commercial and standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support private borrowing arrangements, including commercial paper, bond financing, and similar transactions. These commitments to extend credit and letters of credit generally mature within one year. The credit risk involved in these transactions is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to customers. We evaluate each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary upon the extension of credit, is based on a credit evaluation of the borrower. While we consider standby letters of credit to be guarantees, the amount of the liability related to such guarantees on the commitment date is not significant and a liability related to such guarantees is not recorded on the consolidated balance sheets.

Commitments to grant loans are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The amount of collateral obtained, if it is deemed necessary, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer. Commitments to grant loans include loans committed to be sold to the secondary market. Our exposure to credit-related loss in the event of nonperformance by the counter parties to the financial instruments for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit could be up to the contractual notional amount of those instruments. We use the same credit policies as we do for extending loans to customers. No significant losses are anticipated as a result of these commitments.

Fair Value

We utilize fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. Trading securities, AFS securities, and certain liabilities are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Additionally, from time-to-time, we may be required to record at fair value other assets on a nonrecurring basis, such as mortgage loans AFS, foreclosed assets, OMSRs, and certain other assets and liabilities. These nonrecurring fair value adjustments typically involve the application of lower of cost or market accounting or write-downs of individual assets.

For further information regarding fair value measurements see "Note 12 – Fair Value" of our notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Liquidity

Liquidity is monitored regularly by our Market Risk Committee, which consists of members of senior management. The committee reviews projected cash flows, key ratios, and liquidity available from both primary and secondary sources

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions, trading securities, and AFS securities. These categories totaled \$523,550 or 36.1% of assets as of June 30, 2013 as compared to \$534,968 or 37.4% as of December 31, 2012. Liquidity is important for financial institutions because of their need to meet loan funding commitments, depositor withdrawal requests, and various other commitments including expansion of operations, investment opportunities, and payment of cash dividends. Liquidity varies significantly daily, based on customer activity.

Our primary source of funds is deposit accounts. We also have the ability to borrow from the FHLB, the FRB, and through various correspondent banks in the form of federal funds purchased. These funding methods typically carry a higher interest rate than traditional market deposit accounts. Some borrowed funds, including FHLB Advances, FRB Discount Window Advances, and repurchase agreements, require us to pledge assets, typically in the form of certificates of deposits held in other financial institutions, trading securities, AFS securities, or loans as collateral. As of June 30, 2013, we had available lines of credit of \$91,951.

The following table summarizes our sources and uses of cash for the six month periods ended June 30:

	2013	2012	\$ Variance	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$14,594	\$11,947	\$2,647	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(40,760) (56,047) 15,287	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	22,612	35,761	(13,149)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,554) (8,339) 4,785	
Cash and cash equivalents January 1	24,920	28,590	(3,670)
Cash and cash equivalents June 30	\$21,366	\$20,251	\$1,115	

Market Risk

Our primary market risks are interest rate risk and liquidity risk. We have no significant foreign exchange risk and do not utilize interest rate swaps or derivatives, except for interest rate locks and forward loan commitments, in the management of IRR. Any changes in foreign exchange rates or commodity prices would have an insignificant impact on our interest income and cash flows.

IRR is the exposure of our net interest income to changes in interest rates. IRR results from the difference in the maturity or repricing frequency of a financial institution's interest earning assets and its interest bearing liabilities. IRR is the fundamental method by which financial institutions earn income and create shareholder value. Excessive exposure to IRR could pose a significant risk to our earnings and capital.

The FRB has adopted a policy requiring us to effectively manage the various risks that can have a material impact on our safety and soundness. The risks include credit, interest rate, liquidity, operational, and reputational. We have policies, procedures, and internal controls for measuring and managing these risks. Specifically, our Funds Management policy and procedures include defining acceptable types and terms of investments and funding sources, liquidity requirements, limits on investments in long term assets, limiting the mismatch in repricing opportunity of assets and liabilities, and the frequency of measuring and reporting to our Board.

The primary technique to measure interest rate risk is simulation analysis. Simulation analysis forecasts the effects on the balance sheet structure and net interest income under a variety of scenarios that incorporate changes in interest rates, the shape of yield curves, interest rate relationships, and loan prepayments. These forecasts are compared against net interest income projected in a stable interest rate environment. While many assets and liabilities reprice either at maturity or in accordance with their contractual terms, several balance sheet components demonstrate characteristics that require an evaluation to more accurately reflect their repricing behavior. Key assumptions in the simulation analysis include prepayments on loans, probable calls of investment securities, changes in market conditions, loan volumes and loan pricing, deposit sensitivity, and customer preferences. These assumptions are inherently uncertain as they are subject to fluctuation and revision in a dynamic environment. As a result, the

simulation analysis cannot precisely forecast the impact of rising and falling interest rates on net interest income. Actual results will differ from simulated results due to many other factors, including changes in balance sheet components, interest rate changes, changes in market conditions, and management strategies.

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Our interest rate sensitivity is estimated by first forecasting the next twelve months of net interest income under an assumed environment of a constant balance sheet and constant market interest rates (base case). We then compare the results of various simulation analyses to the base case. At June 30, 2013, we projected the change in net interest income during the next twelve months assuming market interest rates were to immediately decrease by 100 basis points and increase by 100, 200, 300, and 400 basis points in a parallel fashion over the entire yield curve during the same time period. We did not project scenarios showing decreases in interest rates beyond 100 basis points as this is considered extremely unlikely given current interest rate levels. These projections were based on our assets and liabilities remaining static over the next twelve months, while factoring in probable calls and prepayments of certain investment securities and real estate residential and consumer loans. While it is extremely unlikely that interest rates would immediately increase to these levels, we feel that these extreme scenarios help us identify potential gaps and mismatches in the repricing characteristics of assets and liabilities. We regularly monitor our forecasted net interest income sensitivity to ensure that it remains within established limits.

The following table summarizes our interest rate sensitivity as of:

	June	30, 2013					
Immediate basis point change assumption (short-term rates)	(100)	0	100	200	300	400	
Percent change in net income vs. constant rates	(2.86)% —	0.42	% 0.69	% 0.65	% 0.50	%
	Decem	ber 31, 2012					
Immediate basis point change assumption (short-term rates)	(100)	0	100	200	300	400	
Percent change in net income vs. constant rates	(1.61)% —	0.49	% (1.58)% (1.74)% (2.16)%

The secondary method to measure IRR is gap analysis. Gap analysis measures the cash flows and/or the earliest repricing of our interest bearing assets and liabilities. This analysis is useful for measuring trends in the repricing characteristics of the balance sheet. Significant assumptions are required in this process because of the embedded repricing options contained in assets and liabilities. Residential real estate and consumer loans allow the borrower to repay the balance prior to maturity without penalty, while commercial and agricultural loans have prepayment penalties. The amount of prepayments is dependent upon many factors, including the interest rate of a given loan in comparison to the current offering rates, the level of sales of used homes, and the overall availability of credit in the market place. Generally, a decrease in interest rates will result in an increase in cash flows from these assets. A significant portion of our securities are callable or have prepayment options. The call and prepayment options are more likely to be exercised in a period of decreasing interest rates. Savings and demand accounts may generally be withdrawn on request without prior notice. The timing of cash flows from these deposits is estimated based on historical experience. Certificates of deposit have penalties that discourage early withdrawals.

The following tables provide information about assets and liabilities that are sensitive to changes in interest rates as of June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. The principal amounts of assets and time deposits maturing were calculated based on the contractual maturity dates. Savings and NOW accounts are based on management's estimate of their future cash flows. During the first quarter of 2012, we engaged the services of a third party to analyze our historical loan prepayment speeds and non-contractual deposit decay rates. We have reviewed the results of the analyses in detail and feel that it reasonably reflects the prepayment speeds and decay rates of our loan and deposit portfolios.

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	June 30,	201	13											
	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	Thereafte	r	Total		Fair Value
Rate sensitive assets														
Other interest bearing assets	\$1,647		\$240		\$ —		\$—		\$—	\$—		\$1,887		\$1,890
Average interest rates	0.86	%	1.25	%	_		_		_	_		0.91	%	
Trading securities	\$950		\$—		\$ —		\$—		\$—	\$ —		\$950		\$950
Average interest rates	2.83	%					_		_	_		2.83	%	
AFS securities	\$168,609)	\$90,752		\$53,417		\$38,028		\$24,252	\$124,366		\$499,424	1	\$499,424
Average interest rates	1.58	%	1.62	%	1.94	%	2.64	%	2.75 %	2.70	%	2.04	%	
Fixed interest rate loans (1)	\$116,839)	\$100,362	2	\$92,019		\$100,014	ļ	\$97,363	\$117,502		\$624,099)	\$629,549
Average interest rates	5.43	%	5.42	%	5.13	%	4.64	%	4.42 %	4.37	%	4.90	%	
Variable interest rate loans (1)	\$82,141		\$30,652		\$19,690		\$17,726		\$18,250	\$10,894		\$179,353	3	\$179,353
Average interest rates Rate sensitive	4.63	%	3.88	%	4.11	%	3.32	%	3.35 %	3.64	%	3.64	%	
liabilities														
	¢ 100 /11	,	\$22.049		\$10,000		\$20,000		\$40,000	\$40,000		\$262.460	`	\$266 622
Borrowed funds	\$109,412		\$33,048		\$10,000		\$30,000		\$40,000	\$40,000		\$262,460		\$266,633
	\$109,412 0.69		\$33,048 0.68	%		%	\$30,000 1.88	%		•	%	\$262,460 1.47	%	\$266,633
Borrowed funds Average interest	0.69		•	%		%	-	%		•			%	\$266,633 \$421,282
Borrowed funds Average interest rates Savings and NOW	0.69	%	0.68		1.23 \$30,886		1.88		2.46 % \$24,952	3.02 \$265,182		1.47	%	·
Borrowed funds Average interest rates Savings and NOW accounts Average interest rates Fixed interest rate certificates of	0.69	%	0.68 \$34,415		1.23 ° \$30,886		1.88 \$27,749		2.46 % \$24,952	3.02 \$265,182		1.47 \$421,282	% 2 %	·
Borrowed funds Average interest rates Savings and NOW accounts Average interest rates Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rates	0.69 \$38,098 0.13	% %	0.68 \$34,415 0.12	%	1.23 ° \$30,886 ° 0.12 ° \$64,216	%	1.88 \$27,749 0.12	%	2.46 % \$24,952 0.12 % \$49,574	3.02 \$265,182 0.11 \$16,006	%	1.47 \$421,282 0.12	% 2 %	\$421,282
Borrowed funds Average interest rates Savings and NOW accounts Average interest rates Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rates Variable interest rate certificates of	0.69 \$38,098 0.13 \$199,979 0.95	% %	0.68 \$34,415 0.12 \$80,929	%	1.23 ° \$30,886 ° 0.12 ° \$64,216	%	1.88 \$27,749 0.12 \$48,369	%	2.46 % \$24,952 0.12 % \$49,574	3.02 \$265,182 0.11 \$16,006	%	1.47 \$421,282 0.12 \$459,073	% 2 % 3	\$421,282
Borrowed funds Average interest rates Savings and NOW accounts Average interest rates Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rates Variable interest	0.69 \$38,098 0.13 \$199,979 0.95	% % %	0.68 \$34,415 0.12 \$80,929 1.71	%	1.23 \$30,886 0.12 \$64,216 2.11	%	1.88 \$27,749 0.12 \$48,369 1.87	%	2.46 % \$24,952 0.12 % \$49,574 1.41 %	3.02 \$265,182 0.11 \$16,006 1.64	%	1.47 \$421,282 0.12 \$459,073 1.42	% 2 % 3	\$421,282 \$463,021
Borrowed funds Average interest rates Savings and NOW accounts Average interest rates Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rates Variable interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest	0.69 \$38,098 0.13 \$199,979 0.95 \$637 0.42	% % %	0.68 \$34,415 0.12 \$80,929 1.71 \$490	%	1.23 \$ \$ \$30,886 \$ 0.12 \$ \$ \$64,216 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	%	1.88 \$27,749 0.12 \$48,369 1.87	%	2.46 % \$24,952 0.12 % \$49,574 1.41 %	3.02 \$265,182 0.11 \$16,006 1.64	%	1.47 \$421,282 0.12 \$459,073 1.42 \$1,127	% 2 % 3	\$421,282 \$463,021 \$1,127
Borrowed funds Average interest rates Savings and NOW accounts Average interest rates Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rates Variable interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest	0.69 \$38,098 0.13 \$199,979 0.95 \$637 0.42	% % %	0.68 \$34,415 0.12 \$80,929 1.71 \$490 0.42	%	1.23 \$ \$ \$30,886 \$ 0.12 \$ \$ \$64,216 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	%	1.88 \$27,749 0.12 \$48,369 1.87	%	2.46 % \$24,952 0.12 % \$49,574 1.41 %	3.02 \$265,182 0.11 \$16,006 1.64	%	1.47 \$421,282 0.12 \$459,073 1.42 \$1,127	% 2 % 3	\$421,282 \$463,021
Borrowed funds Average interest rates Savings and NOW accounts Average interest rates Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rates Variable interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rates	0.69 \$38,098 0.13 \$199,979 0.95 \$637 0.42 December 2013	% % %	0.68 \$34,415 0.12 \$80,929 1.71 \$490 0.42 31, 2012	%	1.23 ° \$30,886 ° 0.12 ° \$64,216 ° 2.11 ° \$—	%	1.88 \$27,749 0.12 \$48,369 1.87 \$—	%	2.46 % \$24,952 0.12 % \$49,574 1.41 % —	3.02 \$265,182 0.11 \$16,006 1.64 \$—	%	1.47 \$421,282 0.12 \$459,073 1.42 \$1,127 0.42	% 2 % 3	\$421,282 \$463,021 \$1,127
Borrowed funds Average interest rates Savings and NOW accounts Average interest rates Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rates Variable interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rate certificates of deposit Average interest rate certificates of deposit	0.69 \$38,098 0.13 \$199,979 0.95 \$637 0.42 December 2013	% % %	0.68 \$34,415 0.12 \$80,929 1.71 \$490 0.42 31, 2012	%	1.23 ° \$30,886 ° 0.12 ° \$64,216 ° 2.11 ° \$—	%	1.88 \$27,749 0.12 \$48,369 1.87 \$—	%	2.46 % \$24,952 0.12 % \$49,574 1.41 % —	3.02 \$265,182 0.11 \$16,006 1.64 \$—	%	1.47 \$421,282 0.12 \$459,073 1.42 \$1,127 0.42	% 2 % 3	\$421,282 \$463,021 \$1,127

Average interest															
rates	¢ 1 051		¢ 500		Ф		ф		Ф		Ф		¢ 1 572		¢ 1 572
Trading securities	\$1,051		\$522		\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$1,573		\$1,573
Average interest rates	2.68	%	2.54	%	_		_		_		_		2.63	%	
AFS securities	\$124,45	2	\$83,600	5	\$49,419)	\$42,655	5	\$35,504		\$168,374	1	\$504,010)	\$504,010
Average interest rates	2.42	%	2.30	%	2.53	%	2.82	%	2.89	%	2.48	%	2.50	%	
Fixed interest rate loans (1)	\$138,84	O	\$96,013	3	\$91,353	3	\$85,095	5	\$109,057	7	\$89,760		\$610,118	3	\$622,329
Average interest rates	5.74	%	5.62	%	5.57	%	5.21	%	4.60	%	4.63	%	5.26	%	
Variable interest rate loans (1)	\$64,482		\$28,076	5	\$24,669)	\$12,650)	\$22,061		\$10,697		\$162,635	5	\$162,635
Average interest rates	4.90	%	3.77	%	3.96	%	3.89	%	3.36	%	3.90	%	4.21	%	
Rate sensitive liabilities															
Borrowed funds	\$77,865		\$10,814	4	\$42,322	2	\$20,000)	\$40,000		\$50,000		\$241,001	1	\$248,822
Average interest rates	0.46	%	0.65	%	1.14	%	2.67	%	2.15	%	3.03	%	1.59	%	
Savings and NOW accounts	\$35,796		\$32,794	1	\$29,476	6	\$26,520)	\$23,885		\$261,126	6	\$409,597	7	\$409,597
Average interest rates	0.13	%	0.13	%	0.12	%	0.12	%	0.12	%	0.11	%	0.12	%	
Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit	\$204,972	2	\$76,373	3	\$71,685	5	\$51,232	2	\$40,523		\$18,399		\$463,184	1	\$471,479
Average interest rates	1.13	%	1.69	%	2.10	%	2.14	%	1.72	%	1.67	%	1.55	%	
Variable interest rate certificates of deposit	\$782		\$369		\$—		\$—		\$—		\$—		\$1,151		\$1,151
Average interest rates	0.46	%	0.45	%	_		_		_		_		0.46	%	

⁽¹⁾ The fair value reported is exclusive of the allocation of the ALLL.

We do not believe that there has been a material change in the nature or categories of our primary market risk exposure, or the particular markets that present the primary risk of loss. As of the date of this report, we do not know of or expect there to be any material change in the general nature of our primary market risk exposure in the near term. As of the date of this report, we

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do not expect to make material changes in those methods in the near term. We may change those methods in the future to adapt to changes in circumstances or to implement new techniques.

Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The information presented in the "Market Risk" section of the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 4 – Controls and Procedures

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of June 30, 2013, pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based upon that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2013, were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

During the most recent fiscal quarter, no change occurred in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or is likely to materially effect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 – Legal Proceedings

We are not involved in any material legal proceedings. We are involved in ordinary, routine litigation incidental to our business; however, no such routine proceedings are expected to result in any material adverse effect on operations, earnings, or financial condition, or cash flows.

Item 1A – Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Item 2 – Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (A) None
- (B)None
- (C) Repurchases of Common Stock

We have adopted and publically announced a common stock repurchase plan. The plan was last amended on April 26, 2012, to allow for the repurchase of an additional 150,000 shares of common stock. These authorizations do not have expiration dates. As shares are repurchased under this plan, they are retired and revert back to the status of authorized, but unissued shares.

The following table provides information for the three month period ended June 30, 2013, with respect to this plan:

	Shares Repurchase	d	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Maximum Number of
	Number	Average Price Per Share	as Part of Publicly Announced Plan or Program	Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
Balance, March 31, 2013			C	64,901
April 1 - 30, 2013	7,811	\$25.48	7,811	57,090
May 1 - 31, 2013	7,805	24.98	7,805	49,285
June 1 - 30, 2013	9,700	24.95	9,700	39,585
Total	25,316	\$25.12	25,316	39,585

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- (a) Exhibits
- 31(a) Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Principal Executive Officer
- 31(b) Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Principal Financial Officer
- 32 Section 1350 Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer
- 101.1* 101.INS (XBRL Instance Document)
 - 101.SCH (XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document)
 - 101.CAL (XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document)
 - 101.LAB (XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document)
 - 101.DEF (XBRL Taxonomy Linkbase Document)
 - 101.PRE (XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document)

In accordance with Rule 406T of Regulations S-T, the XBRL related information shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be part of any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Isabella Bank Corporation

Date: July 29, 2013 /s/ Richard J. Barz

Richard J. Barz

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: July 29, 2013 /s/ Dennis P. Angner

Dennis P. Angner

President, Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer, Principal Accounting Officer)