ISABELLA BANK CORP

Form 10-Q August 08, 2014 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

ý Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014

or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 0-18415

Isabella Bank Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Michigan 38-2830092 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

401 N. Main St, Mt. Pleasant, MI 48858 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(989) 772-9471

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ý Yes "No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ý Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer ý

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company "
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

"Yes ý No

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock (no par value) was 7,750,559 as of August 6, 2014.

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Forward Looking Statements

This report contains certain forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We intend such forward looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and are included in this statement for purposes of these safe harbor provisions. Forward looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "project similar expressions. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse effect on the operations and future prospects include, but are not limited to, changes in: interest rates, general economic conditions, monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. Government, including policies of the U.S. Treasury and the FRB, the quality or composition of the loan or investment portfolios, demand for loan products, fluctuation in the value of collateral securing our loan portfolio, deposit flows, competition, demand for financial services in our market area, and accounting principles, policies and guidelines. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Further information concerning our business, including additional factors that could materially affect our financial results, is included in our filings with the SEC.

The acronyms and abbreviations identified below may be used throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, or in our other filings. You may find it helpful to refer back to this page while reading this report.

AFS: Available-for-sale

ALLL: Allowance for loan and lease losses

AOCI: Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

ASC: FASB Accounting Standards Codification ASU: FASB Accounting Standards Update

ATM: Automated Teller Machine

BHC Act: Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 CFPB: Consumer Financial Protection Bureau

CIK: Central Index Key

CRA: Community Reinvestment Act

DIF: Deposit Insurance Fund

DIFS: Department of Insurance and Financial Services Directors Plan: Isabella Bank Corporation and Related Companies Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors Dividend Reinvestment Plan: Isabella Bank Corporation Stockholder Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Employee

Stock Purchase Plan

Dodd-Frank Act: Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and

Consumer Protection Act of 2010 ESOP: Employee stock ownership plan

Exchange Act: Securities Exchange Act of 1934 FASB: Financial Accounting Standards Board FDI Act: Federal Deposit Insurance Act FDIC: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation FFIEC: Federal Financial Institutions Examinations

Council

FRB: Federal Reserve Bank FHLB: Federal Home Loan Bank

Freddie Mac: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

FTE: Fully taxable equivalent

GAAP: U.S. generally accepted accounting principles

GLB Act: Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act of 1999 IFRS: International Financial Reporting Standards

IRR: Interest rate risk

JOBS Act: Jumpstart our Business Startups Act

LIBOR: London Interbank Offered Rate

N/A: Not applicable N/M: Not meaningful

NASDAQ: NASDAQ Stock Market Index NASDAQ Banks: NASDAQ Bank Stock Index

NAV: Net asset value

NOW: Negotiable order of withdrawal

NSF: Non-sufficient funds

OCI: Other comprehensive income (loss)

OMSRs: Originated mortgage servicing rights

OREO: Other real estate owned

OTC: Over-the-Counter

OTTI: Other-than-temporary impairment

PBO: Projected benefit obligation

PCAOB: Public Company Accounting Oversight Board

Rabbi Trust: A trust established to fund the Directors Plan

SEC: U.S. Securities & Exchange Commission

SOX: Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 TDR: Troubled debt restructuring

XBRL: eXtensible Business Reporting Language

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands)

	June 30 2014	December 31 2013	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and demand deposits due from banks	\$26,484	\$21,755	
Interest bearing balances due from banks	896	19,803	
Total cash and cash equivalents	27,380	41,558	
Certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions	580	580	
Trading securities	_	525	
AFS securities (amortized cost of \$546,102 in 2014 and \$517,614 in 2013)	550,518	512,062	
Mortgage loans AFS	340	1,104	
Loans		•	
Commercial	407,791	392,104	
Agricultural	97,661	92,589	
Residential real estate	278,545	289,931	
Consumer	32,310	33,413	
Gross loans	816,307	808,037	
Less allowance for loan and lease losses	10,700	11,500	
Net loans	805,607	796,537	
Premises and equipment	25,701	25,719	
Corporate owned life insurance policies	24,775	24,401	
Accrued interest receivable	5,448	5,442	
Equity securities without readily determinable fair values	19,303	18,293	
Goodwill and other intangible assets	46,216	46,311	
Other assets	16,267	20,605	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,522,135	\$1,493,137	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	ψ 1,0 22 ,100	Ψ1,1,2,12,	
Deposits			
Noninterest bearing	\$162,537	\$158,428	
NOW accounts	186,705	192,089	
Certificates of deposit under \$100 and other savings	463,497	455,547	
Certificates of deposit over \$100	248,189	237,702	
Total deposits	1,060,928	1,043,766	
Borrowed funds	279,457	279,326	
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	10,651	9,436	
Total liabilities	1,351,036	1,332,528	
Shareholders' equity	1,001,000	1,002,020	
Common stock — no par value 15,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding			
7,735,156 shares (including 6,697 shares held in the Rabbi Trust) in 2014 and	137,945	137,580	
7,723,023 shares (including 12,761 shares held in the Rabbi Trust) in 2013	137,513	137,200	
Shares to be issued for deferred compensation obligations	3,984	4,148	
Retained earnings	28,702	25,222	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	468	(6,341)
Total shareholders' equity	171,099	160,609	,
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$1,522,135	\$1,493,137	
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See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

(2014) in the double cheeps per share announce)	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months End June 30	nded	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Interest income					
Loans, including fees	\$9,799	\$10,280	\$19,550	\$20,610	
AFS securities					
Taxable	1,993	1,798	3,991	3,632	
Nontaxable	1,486	1,244	2,943	2,478	
Trading securities	1	9	6	23	
Federal funds sold and other	112	109	265	225	
Total interest income	13,391	13,440	26,755	26,968	
Interest expense					
Deposits	1,589	1,822	3,205	3,696	
Borrowings	879	959	1,763	1,906	
Total interest expense	2,468	2,781	4,968	5,602	
Net interest income	10,923	10,659	21,787	21,366	
Provision for loan losses	(200)	215	(442)	515	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	11,123	10,444	22,229	20,851	
Noninterest income					
Service charges and fees	1,360	1,445	2,754	2,726	
Net gain on sale of mortgage loans	151	249	266	607	
Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies	s 190	190	374	359	
Net gains (losses) on sale of AFS securities	_	_	_	99	
Other	733	852	1,289	1,392	
Total noninterest income	2,434	2,736	4,683	5,183	
Noninterest expenses					
Compensation and benefits	5,385	5,236	10,871	10,681	
Furniture and equipment	1,219	1,192	2,487	2,381	
Occupancy	676	641	1,418	1,306	
Other	2,020	2,255	4,010	4,147	
Total noninterest expenses	9,300	9,324	18,786	18,515	
Income before federal income tax expense	4,257	3,856	8,126	7,519	
Federal income tax expense	692	643	1,252	1,219	
NET INCOME	\$3,565	\$3,213	\$6,874	\$6,300	
Earnings per common share					
Basic	\$0.46	\$0.42	\$0.89	\$0.82	
Diluted	\$0.45	\$0.41	\$0.87	\$0.80	
Cash dividends per common share	\$0.22	\$0.21	\$0.44	\$0.42	

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended			Six Months	Enc	led	
	June 30			June 30			
	2014	2013		2014		2013	
Net income	\$3,565	\$3,213		\$6,874		\$6,300	
Unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities							
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	4,448	(11,997)	9,968		(13,958)
Reclassification adjustment for net realized (gains)						(00	`
losses included in net income		_				(99)
Net unrealized gains (losses)	4,448	(11,997)	9,968		(14,057)
Tax effect (1)	(1,420) 3,979		(3,159)	4,902	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	3,028	(8,018)	6,809		(9,155)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$6,593	\$(4,805)	\$13,683		\$(2,855)

⁽¹⁾ See "Note 12 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)" for tax effect reconciliation.

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

Common Stock

	Common Sic	CK									
	Shares Outstanding	Amount		Shares to be Issued for Deferred Compensation Obligations		Retained Earnings		Accumulated Other Comprehensi Income (Loss	ve	Totals	
Balance, January 1, 2013 Comprehensive income (loss)	7,671,846 —	\$136,580 —		\$ 3,734		\$19,168 6,300		\$ 5,007 (9,155)	\$164,489 (2,855)
Issuance of common stock	77,568	1,900		_		_		_	•	1,900	,
Common stock issued for											
deferred compensation	_	_		_		_		_		_	
obligations											
Common stock transferred from	n										
the Rabbi Trust to satisfy	_	121		(121)			_		_	
deferred compensation				•							
obligations Share-based payment awards											
under equity compensation plan				258				_		258	
Common stock purchased for	11										
deferred compensation	_	(166)							(166)
obligations		(100	,							(100	,
Common stock repurchased											
pursuant to publicly announced	1 (45,825)	(1,114)					_		(1,114)
repurchase plan											
Cash dividends (\$0.42 per						(3,224	`			(3,224	`
share)							,	_			,
Balance, June 30, 2013	7,703,589	\$137,321		\$ 3,871		\$22,244		' () - ,)	\$159,288	
Balance, January 1, 2014	7,723,023	\$137,580		\$ 4,148		\$25,222		,)	\$160,609	
Comprehensive income (loss)						6,874		6,809		13,683	
Issuance of common stock	76,341	1,778						_		1,778	
Common stock issued for	6 126	1.42		(143	`						
deferred compensation obligations	6,126	143		(143)	_		_		_	
Common stock transferred from	n										
the Rabbi Trust to satisfy	11										
deferred compensation	_	258		(258)	_		_		_	
obligations											
Share-based payment awards				227						227	
under equity compensation plan	n	_		237		_		_		237	
Common stock purchased for											
deferred compensation	_	(166)	_		_		_		(166)
obligations											
Common stock repurchased	1 (70 224	(1.640	`							(1.640	\
pursuant to publicly announced	1 (70,334)	(1,648)	_		_				(1,648)
repurchase plan Cash dividends (\$0.44 per											
share)		_		_		(3,394)	_		(3,394)
Siluic)											

Balance, June 30, 2014 7,735,156 \$137,945 \$3,984 \$28,702 \$468 \$171,099

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in thousands)

	Six Months	s Ended	
	June 30 2014	2013	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2014	2015	
Net income	\$6,874	\$6,300	
Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$0,674	\$0,500	
Provision for loan losses	(442) 515	
Impairment of foreclosed assets	63	92	
Depreciation	1,242	1,249	
Amortization of OMSRs	139	210	
Amortization of Courses Amortization of acquisition intangibles	95	114	
Net amortization of AFS securities	920	1,131	
Net (gains) losses on sale of AFS securities	920	(99)
Net unrealized (gains) losses on trading securities	5	18	,
Net gain on sale of mortgage loans	(266) (607)
Increase in cash value of corporate owned life insurance policies	(374) (359)
Share-based payment awards under equity compensation plan	237	258	,
Origination of loans held-for-sale	(12,878) (35,014)
Proceeds from loan sales	13,908	38,511	,
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash:	13,700	30,311	
Trading securities	520	605	
Accrued interest receivable	(6) (5)
Other assets	(250) 914	,
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	1,215	761	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	11,002	14,594	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	11,002	14,574	
Net change in certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions		2,655	
Activity in AFS securities		2,033	
Sales		9,857	
Maturities and calls	32,354	46,780	
Purchases	(61,762) (67,140)
Loan principal (originations) collections, net	(9,551) (32,185)
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed assets	1,140	1,556	,
Purchases of premises and equipment	(1,224) (1,314)
Purchases of corporate owned life insurance policies		(1,092)
Proceeds from redemption of corporate owned life insurance policies		123	,
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(39,043) (40,760)
	, ,	, , ,	,

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INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued) (Dollars in thousands)

	Six Months Ended		
	June 30		
	2014	2013	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	17,162	3,757	
Increase (decrease) in borrowed funds	131	21,459	
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(3,394) (3,224)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	1,778	1,900	
Common stock repurchased	(1,648) (1,114)
Common stock purchased for deferred compensation obligations	(166) (166)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	13,863	22,612	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(14,178) (3,554)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	41,558	24,920	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$27,380	\$21,366	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:			
Interest paid	\$5,074	\$5,667	
Federal income taxes paid	715	702	
SUPPLEMENTAL NONCASH INFORMATION:			
Transfers of loans to foreclosed assets	\$923	\$735	

See notes to interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

As used in these notes as well as in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, references to "Isabella," "we," "our," "us," and similar terms refer to the consolidated entity consisting of Isabella Bank Corporation and its subsidiaries. Isabella Bank Corporation refers solely to the parent holding company, and Isabella Bank refers to Isabella Bank Corporation's subsidiary, Isabella Bank.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2014. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. Our accounting policies are materially the same as those discussed in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Note 2 – Computation of Earnings Per Common Share

Basic earnings per common share represents income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share reflects additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued. Potential common shares that may be issued relate solely to outstanding shares in the Directors Plan.

Earnings per common share have been computed based on the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months End June 30	ded	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Average number of common shares outstanding for basic calculation	7,722,367	7,701,042	7,721,814	7,689,092	
Average potential effect of common shares in the Directors Plan (1)	168,715	168,323	170,984	166,800	
Average number of common shares outstanding used to calculate diluted earnings per common share	7,891,082	7,869,365	7,892,798	7,855,892	
Net income	\$3,565	\$3,213	\$6,874	\$6,300	
Earnings per common share					
Basic	\$0.46	\$0.42	\$0.89	\$0.82	
Diluted	\$0.45	\$0.41	\$0.87	\$0.80	

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of shares held in the Rabbi Trust

Note 3 – Pending Accounting Standards Updates

ASU No. 2014-01: "Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force)"

In January 2014, ASU No. 2014-01 amended ASC Topic 323, "Investments" to allow investors in low income housing tax credits to use the proportional amortization method if the following criteria are met:

It is probable that the tax credits allocable to the investor will be available.

The investor does not have the ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial policies of the limited liability entity.

Substantially all of the projected benefits are from tax credits and other tax benefits (e.g., operating losses).

The investor's projected yield is based solely on the cash flows from the tax credits and other tax benefits are positive.

• The investor is a limited liability investor in the limited liability entity for both legal and tax purposes, and the investor's liability is limited to its capital investment.

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Investors that do not meet the above criteria must utilize the cost method or equity method in accordance with previously issued authoritative accounting guidance. The new authoritative guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014 and is not expected to have a significant impact on our operations. ASU No. 2014-04: "Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force)"

In January 2014, ASU No. 2014-04 amended ASC Topic 310, "Receivables" to reduce diversity by clarifying when an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, that is, when a creditor should be considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan such that the loan receivable should be derecognized and the real estate property recognized. The new authoritative guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014 and is not expected to have a significant impact on our operations.

ASU No. 2014-11: "Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures" In June 2014, ASU No. 2014-11 amended ASC Topic 860, "Transfers and Servicing" to address concerns that current accounting guidance distinguishes between repurchase agreements that settle at the same time as the maturity of the transferred financial asset and those that settle any time before maturity. The update changes the accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions to secured borrowing accounting and, for repurchase financing arrangements, separate accounting for a transfer of a financial asset executed contemporaneously with a repurchase agreement with the same counterparty, which will result in secured borrowing accounting for the repurchase agreement. The new authoritative guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014 and is not expected to impact our financial statement disclosures.

June 30, 2014

Note 4 – AFS Securities

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The amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities, with gross unrealized gains and losses, are as follows at:

	bune 50, 201 .			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Government sponsored enterprises	\$24,706	\$5	\$607	\$24,104
States and political subdivisions	208,564	6,962	1,316	214,210
Auction rate money market preferred	3,200	_	333	2,867
Preferred stocks	6,800	6	592	6,214
Mortgage-backed securities	162,949	1,732	1,689	162,992
Collateralized mortgage obligations	139,883	1,652	1,404	140,131
Total	\$546,102	\$10,357	\$5,941	\$550,518
	December 31, 2	013		
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Government sponsored enterprises	\$24,860	\$7	\$1,122	\$23,745
States and political subdivisions	200,323	5,212	3,547	201,988
Auction rate money market preferred	3,200	_	623	2,577
Preferred stocks	6,800	20	993	5,827
Mortgage-backed securities	147,292	657	3,834	144,115
Collateralized mortgage obligations	135,139	1,016	2,345	133,810
Total	\$517,614	\$6,912	\$12,464	\$512,062

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The amortized cost and fair value of AFS securities by contractual maturity at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Maturing				Securities with	
	Due in One Year or Less	After One Year But Within Five Years	After Five Years But Within Ten Years	After Ten Years	Variable Monthly Payments or Noncontractual Maturities	Total
Government sponsored enterprises	\$—	\$9,068	\$15,638	\$—	\$ —	\$24,706
States and political subdivisions	3 10,714	49,186	99,791	48,873	_	208,564
Auction rate money market preferred	_	_	_	_	3,200	3,200
Preferred stocks	_	_			6,800	6,800
Mortgage-backed securities					162,949	162,949
Collateralized mortgage obligations	_	_	_	_	139,883	139,883
Total amortized cost	\$10,714	\$58,254	\$115,429	\$48,873	\$ 312,832	\$546,102
Fair value	\$10,812	\$60,195	\$118,057	\$49,250	\$ 312,204	\$550,518

Expected maturities for government sponsored enterprises and states and political subdivisions may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations.

As the auction rate money market preferred and preferred stocks have continual call dates, they are not reported by a specific maturity group. Because of their variable monthly payments, mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations are not reported by a specific maturity group.

A summary of the sales activity of AFS securities was as follows for the three and six month periods ended:

	Three Months Ended		Six Month	s Ended
	June 30		June 30	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Proceeds from sales of AFS securities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$9,857
Gross realized gains (losses)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$99
Applicable income tax expense (benefit)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$34

The cost basis used to determine the realized gains or losses of AFS securities sold was the amortized cost of the individual investment security as of the trade date.

Information pertaining to AFS securities with gross unrealized losses at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, follows:

•	June 30, 20	14					
	Less Than Twelve MonthsTwelve Months or More						
	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Total Unrealized Losses		
Government sponsored enterprises	\$—	\$	\$607	\$23,389	\$607		
States and political subdivisions	259	15,190	1,057	27,852	1,316		
Auction rate money market preferred			333	2,167	333		
Preferred stocks			592	3,208	592		
Mortgage-backed securities	17	9,268	1,672	65,346	1,689		
Collateralized mortgage obligations	82	23,739	1,322	42,518	1,404		
Total	\$358	\$48,197	\$5,583	\$164,480	\$5,941		
Number of securities in an unrealized loss position:		123		116	239		

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December 31, 2013	

	Less Than Twelve MonthsTwelve Months or More					
	Gross	Fair	Gross	Fair	Total	
	Unrealized	Value	Unrealized	Value	Unrealized	
	Losses	varue	Losses	value	Losses	
Government sponsored enterprises	\$1,122	\$22,873	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,122	
States and political subdivisions	2,566	42,593	981	6,115	3,547	
Auction rate money market preferred	_		623	2,577	623	
Preferred stocks	_		993	2,807	993	
Mortgage-backed securities	2,424	101,816	1,410	21,662	3,834	
Collateralized mortgage obligations	2,345	84,478			2,345	
Total	\$8,457	\$251,760	\$4,007	\$33,161	\$12,464	
Number of securities in an unrealized loss position:		182		19	201	

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we conducted an analysis to determine whether any securities currently in an unrealized loss position should be other-than-temporarily impaired. Such analyses considered, among other factors, the following criteria:

Has the value of the investment declined more than what is deemed to be reasonable based on a risk and maturity adjusted discount rate?

- Is the investment credit rating below investment grade?
- Is it probable the issuer will be unable to pay the amount when due?
- Is it more likely than not that we will have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis?
- Has the duration of the investment been extended?

Based on our analyses, the fact that we have asserted that we do not have the intent to sell AFS securities in an unrealized loss position, and considering it is unlikely that we will have to sell AFS securities in an unrealized loss position before recovery of their cost basis, we do not believe that the values of any AFS securities are other-than-temporarily impaired as of June 30, 2014, or December 31, 2013.

Note 5 – Loans and ALLL

We grant commercial, agricultural, residential real estate, and consumer loans to customers situated primarily in Clare, Gratiot, Isabella, Mecosta, Midland, Montcalm, and Saginaw counties in Michigan. The ability of the borrowers to honor their repayment obligations is often dependent upon the real estate, agricultural, light manufacturing, retail, gaming, tourism, higher education, and general economic conditions of this region. Substantially all of our consumer and residential real estate loans are secured by various items of property, while commercial loans are secured primarily by real estate, business assets, and personal guarantees; a portion of loans are unsecured.

Loans that we have the intent and ability to hold in our portfolio are reported at their outstanding principal balance adjusted for any charge-offs, the ALLL, and any deferred fees or costs. Interest income is accrued over the term of the loan based on the principal amount outstanding. Loan origination fees and certain direct loan origination costs are capitalized and recognized as a component of interest income over the term of the loan using the level yield method. The accrual of interest on commercial, agricultural, and residential real estate loans is typically discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days or more past due unless the credit is well-secured and in the process of collection. Consumer loans are typically charged-off no later than 180 days past due. Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loan. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged-off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful.

For loans that are placed on nonaccrual status or charged-off, all interest accrued in the current calendar year, but not collected, is reversed against interest income while interest accrued in prior calendar years, but not collected, is charged against the ALLL. Loans are typically returned to accrual status after six months of continuous performance. For impaired loans not classified as nonaccrual, interest income continues to be accrued over the term of the loan based on the principal amount outstanding.

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Commercial and agricultural loans include loans for commercial real estate, commercial operating loans, farmland and agricultural production, and states and political subdivisions. Repayment of these loans is often dependent upon the successful operation and management of a business. We minimize our risk by limiting the amount of credit exposure to any one borrower to \$15,000. Borrowers with credit needs of more than \$15,000 are serviced through the use of loan participations with other commercial banks. Commercial and agricultural real estate loans generally require loan-to-value limits of less than 80%. Depending upon the type of loan, past credit history, and current operating results, we may require the borrower to pledge accounts receivable, inventory, and property and equipment. Personal guarantees are generally required from the owners of closely held corporations, partnerships, and sole proprietorships. In addition, we require annual financial statements, prepare cash flow analyses, and review credit reports as deemed necessary.

We offer adjustable rate mortgages, construction loans, and fixed rate residential real estate loans which typically have amortization periods up to a maximum of 30 years. Fixed rate residential real estate loans with an amortization of greater than 15 years are generally sold upon origination to Freddie Mac. Fixed rate residential real estate loans with an amortization of 15 years or less may be held in our portfolio or sold upon origination. We consider the direction of interest rates, the sensitivity of our balance sheet to changes in interest rates, and overall loan demand to determine whether or not to sell these loans to Freddie Mac.

Our lending policies generally limit the maximum loan-to-value ratio on residential real estate loans to 95% of the lower of the appraised value of the property or the purchase price, with the condition that private mortgage insurance is required on loans with loan-to-value ratios in excess of 80%. Substantially all loans upon origination have a loan to value ratio of less than 80%. Underwriting criteria for residential real estate loans include: evaluation of the borrower's ability to make monthly payments, the value of the property securing the loan, ensuring the payment of principal, interest, taxes, and hazard insurance does not exceed 28% of a borrower's gross income, all debt servicing does not exceed 36% of income, acceptable credit reports, verification of employment, income, and financial information. Appraisals are performed by independent appraisers and reviewed internally. All mortgage loan requests are reviewed by our mortgage loan committee or through a secondary market automated underwriting system; loans in excess of \$500 require the approval of our Internal Loan Committee, the Board of Directors' Loan Committee, or the Board of Directors.

Consumer loans include secured and unsecured personal loans. Loans are amortized for a period of up to 12 years based on the age and value of the underlying collateral. The underwriting emphasis is on a borrower's perceived intent and ability to pay rather than collateral value. No consumer loans are sold to the secondary market.

The ALLL is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the ALLL when we believe the uncollectability of the loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the ALLL.

The ALLL is evaluated on a regular basis and is based upon a periodic review of the collectability of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral, and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

The primary factors behind the determination of the level of the ALLL are specific allocations for impaired loans, historical loss percentages, as well as unallocated components. Specific allocations for impaired loans are primarily determined based on the difference between the net realizable value of the loan's underlying collateral or the net present value of the projected payment stream and our recorded investment. Historical loss allocations were calculated at the loan class and segment levels based on a migration analysis of the loan portfolio over the preceding five years. An unallocated component is maintained to cover uncertainties that we believe affect our estimate of probable losses based on qualitative factors. The unallocated component of the allowance reflects the margin of imprecision inherent in the underlying assumptions used in the methodologies for estimating specific and general losses in the portfolio.

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A summary of changes in the ALLL and the recorded investment in loans by segments follows:

A summary of changes in the Al		corded investm or Loan Losses		y segments for	lows:				
	Three Month	s Ended June 3	30, 2014						
	Commercial	Agricultural	Residential Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
April 1, 2014	\$4,814	\$425	\$4,727	\$630	\$504	\$11,100			
Loans charged-off	(79)	_	(264)	(68)	_	(411)		
Recoveries	92	_	86	33	_	211			
Provision for loan losses	185	(206)	(568)	207	182	(200)		
June 30, 2014	\$5,012	\$219	\$3,981	\$802	\$686	\$10,700			
		r Loan Losses		+	7 0 0 0	+,,			
		Ended June 30,							
		Agricultural	Residential Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
January 1, 2014	\$6,048	\$434	\$3,845	\$639	\$534	\$11,500			
Loans charged-off	(271)		•	(182)		(861)		
Recoveries	306	(31)	122	75		503	,		
Provision for loan losses		(184)	391	270	152	(442)		
June 30, 2014	\$5,012	\$219	\$3,981	\$802	\$686	\$10,700	,		
June 30, 2014	·					φ10,700			
	Allowance for Loan Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans June 30, 2014								
	Commercial	Agricultural	Residential Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
ALLL									
Individually evaluated for	\$1,633	\$36	\$2,270	\$1	\$ —	\$3,940			
impairment	Ψ1,022	Ψ20	Ψ 2,2 / 0	Ψ1	Ψ	Ψ3,> .0			
Collectively evaluated for	3,379	183	1,711	801	686	6,760			
impairment						•			
Total	\$5,012	\$219	\$3,981	\$802	\$686	\$10,700			
Loans									
Individually evaluated for	\$13,164	\$1,583	\$12,906	\$74		\$27,727			
impairment	Ψ13,104	Ψ1,505	\$12,700	Ψ/-		Ψ21,121			
Collectively evaluated for impairment	394,627	96,078	265,639	32,236		788,580			
Total	\$407,791	\$97,661	\$278,545	\$32,310		\$816,307			
	Allowance for	r Loan Losses							
	Three Month	s Ended June 3	30, 2013						
	G : 1	A . 1, 1	Residential		YY 11 . 1	TD . 1			
	Commercial	Agricultural	Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total			
April 1, 2013	\$6,897	\$321	\$3,634	\$732	\$325	\$11,909			
Loans charged-off	(234)	_	(397)		_	(719)		
Recoveries	166		61	68	_	295	,		
Provision for loan losses	(357)	14	378	(65)	245	215			
June 30, 2013	\$6,472	\$335	\$3,676	\$647	\$570	\$11,700			
20, 2010	÷ ~, · · · -	+ 000	+ 0,0,0	÷ • · ·	+ .	7 2 2 , 7 0 0			
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	Allowance for Loan Losses Six Months Ended June 30, 2013							
		Agricultural	Residential Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total		
January 1, 2013	\$6,862	\$407	\$3,627	\$666	\$374	\$11,936		
Loans charged-off	(445)	_	(587)	(209)	_	(1,241)	
Recoveries	223	_	114	153	_	490		
Provision for loan losses	(168)	(72)	522	37	196	515		
June 30, 2013	\$6,472	\$335	\$3,676	\$647	\$570	\$11,700		
	Allowance for	r Loan Losses	and Recorded	Investment in	Loans			
	December 31	, 2013						
	Commercial	Agricultural	Residential Real Estate	Consumer	Unallocated	Total		
ALLL								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$2,035	\$30	\$2,287	\$—	\$—	\$4,352		
Collectively evaluated for impairment	4,013	404	1,558	639	534	7,148		
Total	\$6,048	\$434	\$3,845	\$639	\$534	\$11,500		
Loans	,							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$13,816	\$1,538	\$14,302	\$119		\$29,775		
Collectively evaluated for impairment	378,288	91,051	275,629	33,294		778,262		
Total	\$392,104	\$92,589	\$289,931	\$33,413		\$808,037		
The following table displays the	credit quality	indicators for o	commercial an	d agricultural	credit exposure	es based on		

The following table displays the credit quality indicators for commercial and agricultural credit exposures based on internally assigned credit ratings as of:

June 30, 2014

	June 30, 201	4						
	Commercial			Agricultural	Agricultural			
	Real Estate	Other	Total	Real Estate	Other	Total		
Rating								
2 - High quality	\$15,038	\$16,364	\$31,402	\$5,619	\$3,817	\$9,436		
3 - High satisfactory	92,014	48,135	140,149	25,840	12,843	38,683		
4 - Low satisfactory	166,155	42,561	208,716	29,461	15,804	45,265		
5 - Special mention	9,816	1,153	10,969	1,810	318	2,128		
6 - Substandard	13,557	145	13,702	1,848	186	2,034		
7 - Vulnerable	2,605	234	2,839	115		115		
8 - Doubtful	_	14	14	_	_			
Total	\$299,185	\$108,606	\$407,791	\$64,693	\$32,968	\$97,661		

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	December 3	1, 2013					
	Commercial			Agricultural	Agricultural		
	Real Estate	Other	Total	Real Estate	Other	Total	
Rating							
2 - High quality	\$18,671	\$14,461	\$33,132	\$3,527	\$3,235	\$6,762	
3 - High satisfactory	91,323	39,403	130,726	26,015	17,000	43,015	
4 - Low satisfactory	149,921	43,809	193,730	26,874	10,902	37,776	
5 - Special mention	13,747	1,843	15,590	1,609	922	2,531	
6 - Substandard	16,974	473	17,447	1,232	1,273	2,505	
7 - Vulnerable	1,041	238	1,279	_	_		
8 - Doubtful	183	17	200	_	_		
Total	\$291,860	\$100,244	\$392,104	\$59,257	\$33,332	\$92,589	

Internally assigned risk ratings are reviewed, at a minimum, when loans are renewed or when management has knowledge of improvements or deterioration of the credit quality of individual credits. Descriptions of the internally assigned risk ratings for commercial and agricultural loans are as follows:

1. EXCELLENT – Substantially Risk Free

Credit has strong financial condition and solid earnings history, characterized by:

- High liquidity, strong cash flow, low
 - leverage.
- Unquestioned ability to meet all obligations
 - when due.

Experienced management, with management succession in place.

Secured by cash.

2. HIGH QUALITY - Limited Risk

Credit with sound financial condition and has a positive trend in earnings supplemented by:

Favorable liquidity and leverage ratios.

- Ability to meet all obligations when due.
- Management with successful track record.
- Steady and satisfactory earnings history.
- If loan is secured, collateral is of high quality and readily marketable.
- Access to alternative financing.
- Well defined primary and secondary source of repayment.
- If supported by guaranty, the financial strength and liquidity of the guarantor(s) are clearly evident.
- 3. HIGH SATISFACTORY Reasonable Risk

Credit with satisfactory financial condition and further characterized by:

- Working capital adequate to support operations.
- Cash flow sufficient to pay debts as scheduled.
- Management experience and depth appear favorable.
- Loan performing according to terms.
- If loan is secured, collateral is acceptable and loan is fully protected.

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4. LOW SATISFACTORY - Acceptable Risk

Credit with bankable risks, although some signs of weaknesses are shown:

Would include most start-up businesses.

Occasional instances of trade slowness or repayment delinquency – may have been 10-30 days slow within the past year.

Management's abilities are apparent, yet unproven.

Weakness in primary source of repayment with adequate secondary source of repayment.

• Loan structure generally in accordance with policy.

If secured, loan collateral coverage is marginal.

Adequate cash flow to service debt, but coverage is low.

To be classified as less than satisfactory, only one of the following criteria must be met.

5. SPECIAL MENTION - Criticized

Credit constitutes an undue and unwarranted credit risk but not to the point of justifying a classification of substandard. The credit risk may be relatively minor yet constitute an unwarranted risk in light of the circumstances surrounding a specific loan:

Downward trend in sales, profit levels, and margins.

Impaired working capital position.

Cash flow is strained in order to meet debt repayment.

Loan delinquency (30-60 days) and overdrafts may occur.

Shrinking equity

cushion.

Diminishing primary source of repayment and questionable secondary source.

Management abilities are questionable.

Weak industry conditions.

Litigation pending against the borrower.

Collateral or guaranty offers limited protection.

Negative debt service coverage, however the credit is well collateralized and payments are current.

6. SUBSTANDARD - Classified

Credit where the borrower's current net worth, paying capacity, and value of the collateral pledged is inadequate. There is a distinct possibility that we will implement collection procedures if the loan deficiencies are not corrected. In addition, the following characteristics may apply:

Sustained losses have severely eroded the equity and cash flow.

Deteriorating liquidity.

Serious management problems or internal fraud.

Original repayment terms liberalized.

Likelihood of bankruptcy.

Inability to access other funding sources.

Reliance on secondary source of repayment.

Litigation filed against borrower.

Collateral provides little or no value.

Requires excessive attention of the loan officer.

Borrower is uncooperative with loan officer.

7. VULNERABLE - Classified

Credit is considered "Substandard" and warrants placing on nonaccrual. Risk of loss is being evaluated and exit strategy options are under review. Other characteristics that may apply:

Insufficient cash flow to service debt.

Minimal or no payments being received.

Limited options available to avoid the collection process.

Transition status, expect action will take place to collect loan without immediate progress being made.

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8. DOUBTFUL - Workout

Credit has all the weaknesses inherent in a "Substandard" loan with the added characteristic that collection and/or liquidation is pending. The possibility of a loss is extremely high, but its classification as a loss is deferred until liquidation procedures are completed, or reasonably estimable. Other characteristics that may apply:

Normal operations are severely diminished or have ceased.

Seriously impaired cash flow.

Original repayment terms materially altered.

Secondary source of repayment is inadequate.

Survivability as a "going concern" is impossible.

Collection process has begun.

Bankruptcy petition has been filed.

Judgments have been filed.

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Portion of the loan balance has been charged-off.

Our primary credit quality indicator for residential real estate and consumer loans is the individual loan's past due aging. The following tables summarize the past due and current loans as of:

	June 30, 20	14							
	Accruing In	terest			Total				
	and Past Du	e:			Past Due				
	30-59	60-89	90 Days	Managamial	and	Cumant	Total		
	Days	Days	or More	Nonaccrual	Nonaccrual	Current	Total		
Commercial									
Commercial real estate	\$857	\$332	\$ —	\$2,605	\$3,794	\$295,391	\$299,185		
Commercial other	257	13	28	234	532	108,074	108,606		
Total commercial	1,114	345	28	2,839	4,326	403,465	407,791		
Agricultural									
Agricultural real estate	208	_	_	115	323	64,370	64,693		
Agricultural other	312	84			396	32,572	32,968		
Total agricultural	520	84	_	115	719	96,942	97,661		
Residential real estate									
Senior liens	1,558	766	91	1,239	3,654	222,355	226,009		
Junior liens	311	18		23	352	11,984	12,336		
Home equity lines of credi	t 246	_	_	361	607	39,593	40,200		
Total residential real estate	2,115	784	91	1,623	4,613	273,932	278,545		
Consumer									
Secured	46			10	56	27,827	27,883		
Unsecured	38	4			42	4,385	4,427		
Total consumer	84	4	_	10	98	32,212	32,310		
Total	\$3,833	\$1,217	\$119	\$4,587	\$9,756	\$806,551	\$816,307		

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	December 3	1, 2013							
	Accruing In	terest			Total				
	and Past Du	e:			Past Due				
	30-59	60-89	90 Days	Nonaccrual	and	Current	Total		
	Days	Days	or More	Nonacciuai	Nonaccrual	Current	Total		
Commercial									
Commercial real estate	\$1,226	\$296	\$ —	\$1,136	\$2,658	\$289,202	\$291,860		
Commercial other	368	15	13	238	634	99,610	100,244		
Total commercial	1,594	311	13	1,374	3,292	388,812	392,104		
Agricultural									
Agricultural real estate	34	295			329	58,928	59,257		
Agricultural other		_		_	_	33,332	33,332		
Total agricultural	34	295	_		329	92,260	92,589		
Residential real estate									
Senior liens	3,441	986	129	1,765	6,321	229,865	236,186		
Junior liens	408	44	_	29	481	13,074	13,555		
Home equity lines of credit	181			25	206	39,984	40,190		
Total residential real estate	4,030	1,030	129	1,819	7,008	282,923	289,931		
Consumer									
Secured	167	11		50	228	28,444	28,672		
Unsecured	25	5		1	31	4,710	4,741		
Total consumer	192	16		51	259	33,154	33,413		
Total	\$5,850	\$1,652	\$142	\$3,244	\$10,888	\$797,149	\$808,037		
Impaired Loans									

Loans may be classified as impaired if they meet one or more of the following criteria:

- 1. There has been a charge-off of its principal balance (in whole or in part),
- 2. The loan has been classified as a TDR, or
- 3. The loan is in nonaccrual status.

Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial and agricultural loans by comparing the loan's outstanding balance to the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price, or the fair value of the collateral, less cost to sell, if the loan is collateral dependent. Large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for residential real estate and consumer loans by comparing the loan's outstanding balance to the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate.

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We do not recognize interest income on impaired loans in nonaccrual status. For impaired loans not in nonaccrual status, interest income is recognized daily, as earned, according to the terms of the loan agreement. The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans as of:

summary of information pertain	June 30, 201			December 31	31, 2013		
	Outstanding Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance	Outstanding Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance	
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance							
Commercial real estate	\$6,512	\$6,720	\$1,621	\$6,748	\$6,888	\$1,915	
Commercial other	629	848	12	521	521	120	
Agricultural real estate	204	204	36	90	90	30	
Residential real estate senior liens	12,454	13,727	2,242	14,061	15,315	2,278	
Residential real estate junior liens	92	102	19	48	64	9	
Home equity lines of credit	360	660	9	_	_	_	
Consumer secured	64	64	1			_	
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance Impaired loans without a	20,315	22,325	3,940	21,468	22,878	4,352	
valuation allowance							
Commercial real estate	5,708	6,326		5,622	6,499		
Commercial other	315	356		925	1,035		
Agricultural real estate	1,361	1,361		1,370	1,370		
Agricultural other	18	138		78	198		
Home equity lines of credit	_	_		193	493		
Consumer secured	10	10		119	148		
Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance	7,412	8,191		8,307	9,743		
Impaired loans							
Commercial	13,164	14,250	1,633	13,816	14,943	2,035	
Agricultural	1,583	1,703	36	1,538	1,658	30	
Residential real estate	12,906	14,489	2,270	14,302	15,872	2,287	
Consumer	74	74	1	119	148	<u> </u>	
Total impaired loans	\$27,727	\$30,516	\$3,940	\$29,775	\$32,621	\$4,352	
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The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans for the three and six month periods ended:

	Three Months I	Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2014			June 30, 2014	
	Average	Interest		Average	Interest
	Outstanding	Income		Outstanding	Income
	Balance	Recognized		Balance	Recognized
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance					
Commercial real estate	\$6,644	\$91		\$6,701	\$185
Commercial other	852	11		825	29
Agricultural real estate	147	(1)	118	_
Agricultural other	_			_	
Residential real estate senior liens	12,786	126		13,188	264
Residential real estate junior liens	68	1		57	1
Home equity lines of credit	265	10		175	11
Consumer secured	63	1		77	2
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance	20,825	239		21,141	492
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance					
Commercial real estate	5,819	91		5,797	193
Commercial other	286	1		438	7
Agricultural real estate	1,405	21		1,407	37
Agricultural other	131			146	28
Home equity lines of credit				48	
Consumer secured	5			3	
Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance	7,646	113		7,839	265
Impaired loans					
Commercial	13,601	194		13,761	414
Agricultural	1,683	20		1,671	65
Residential real estate	13,119	137		13,468	276
Consumer	68	1		80	2
Total impaired loans	\$28,471	\$352		\$28,980	\$757
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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013		Six Months End June 30, 2013	ded
	Average	Interest	Average	Interest
	Outstanding	Income	Outstanding	Income
	Balance	Recognized	Balance	Recognized
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance		8		8
Commercial real estate	\$7,990	\$102	\$8,084	\$221
Commercial other	764	37	932	38
Agricultural real estate	91	1	124	4
Agricultural other			105	
Residential real estate senior liens	10,466	110	10,460	209
Residential real estate junior liens	85	1	85	1
Home equity lines of credit	_	_	_	_
Consumer secured	_	_	_	
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance	19,396	251	19,790	473
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance				
Commercial real estate	3,954	85	3,790	158
Commercial other	1,020	19	1,126	59
Agricultural real estate	133	2	67	2
Agricultural other	458	(11)	423	(4)
Home equity lines of credit	179	5	181	9
Consumer secured	63	1	68	2
Total impaired loans without a valuation allowance	5,807	101	5,655	226
Impaired loans				
Commercial	13,728	243	13,932	476
Agricultural	682	(8)	719	2
Residential real estate	10,730	116	10,726	219
Consumer	63	1	68	2
Total impaired loans	\$25,203	\$352	\$25,445	\$699

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we had committed to advance \$36 and \$134, respectively, in connection with impaired loans, which include TDRs.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

Loan modifications are considered to be TDRs when the modification includes terms outside of normal lending practices to a borrower who is experiencing financial difficulties.

Typical concessions granted include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Agreeing to interest rates below prevailing market rates for debt with similar risk characteristics.
- 2. Extending the amortization period beyond typical lending guidelines for debt with similar risk characteristics.
- 3. Forgiving principal.
- 4. Forgiving accrued interest.

To determine if a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties, we consider if:

- 1. The borrower is currently in default on any of their debt.
- 2. The borrower would likely default on any of their debt if the concession was not granted.
- 3. The borrower's cash flow was insufficient to service all of their debt if the concession was not granted.
- 4. The borrower has declared, or is in the process of declaring, bankruptcy.
- 5. The borrower is unlikely to continue as a going concern (if the entity is a business).

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The following is a summary of information pertaining to TDRs granted in the:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

	Three Mon	nths Ended June	30, 2014	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014			
	Number	Pre-Modificati	ioRost-Modificati	ion Number of	Pre-Modification	on Post-Modification	
		Recorded	Recorded	_	Recorded	Recorded	
	of Loans	Investment	Investment	Loans	Investment	Investment	
Commercial other	1	\$ 8	\$ 8	5	\$ 363	\$ 363	
Agricultural other		_	_		_	_	
Residential real estate							
Senior liens	3	170	170	12	661	661	
Junior liens	1	41	41	1	41	41	
Home equity lines of credit	1	160	160	1	160	160	
Total residential real estate	5	371	371	14	862	862	
Consumer unsecured	2	8	8	3	8	8	
Total	8	\$ 387	\$ 387	22	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,233	
	Three Mor	nths Ended June	30, 2013	Six Month	s Ended June 30	, 2013	
	Nissaals au	Pre-Modificati	or Post-Modificati	ion,	Pre-Modificati	on Post-Modification	
	Number	Recorded	Recorded		Recorded	Recorded	
	of Loans	Investment	Investment	of Loans	Investment	Investment	
Commercial other	7	\$ 3,153	\$ 2,957	7	\$ 3,153	\$ 2,957	
Agricultural other				1	134	134	
Residential real estate							
Senior liens	7	635	635	15	1,435	1,418	
Junior liens	_		_			_	
Home equity lines of credit	_	_	_		_	_	
Total residential real estate	7	635	635	15	1,435	1,418	
Consumer unsecured	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total	14	\$ 3,788	\$ 3,592	23	\$ 4,722	\$ 4,509	
TTI C. 11			1 4 - 1	C: : -1 -1: C:	C 14 C 41		

The following tables summarize concessions we granted to borrowers in financial difficulty for the:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014				Six Months Ended June 30, 2014				
	Below Market Interest Rate		Rate and Extension of		Below M Interest I		Below Market Interest Rate and Extension of Amortization Period		
	Number	Pre-Modificati	idMumber	Pre-Modificat	idMumber	Pre-Modificati	idMumber	Pre-Modification	
	of	Recorded	of	Recorded	of	Recorded	of	Recorded	
	Loans	Investment	Loans	Investment	Loans	Investment	Loans	Investment	
Commercial other	_	\$ —	1	\$ 8	4	\$ 355	1	\$ 8	
Agricultural other	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Residential real									
estate									
Senior liens	1	48	2	122	3	98	9	563	
Junior liens	_		1	41			1	41	
Home equity lines of credit	1	160	_	_	1	160	_	_	
Total residential real estate	2	208	3	163	4	258	10	604	
Consumer unsecured	. 1	5	1	3	2	5	1	3	
Total	3	\$ 213	5	\$ 174	10	\$ 618	12	\$ 615	

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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013			Six Months Ended June 30, 2013					
	Below M Interest	Market Rate and		nd Extension of		Below Market Interest Rate		Below Market Interest Rate and Extension of Amortization Period	
	Number	Pre-Modificati	idNumber	Pre-Modificati	id Number	Mumber Pre-Modification		Number Pre-Modification	
	of	Recorded	of	Recorded	of	Recorded	of	Recorded	
	Loans	Investment	Loans	Investment	Loans	Investment	Loans	Investment	
Commercial other	3	\$ 1,357	4	\$ 1,796	3	\$ 1,357	4	\$ 1,796	
Agricultural other	_	_	_	_	1	134	_	_	
Residential real									
estate									
Senior liens	4	414	3	221	7	625	8	810	
Junior liens								_	
Home equity lines or credit	f	_		_	_	_	_	_	
Total residential real estate	4	414	3	221	7	625	8	810	
Consumer unsecured	1—							_	
Total	7	\$ 1,771	7	\$ 2,017	11	\$ 2,116	12	\$ 2,606	

We did not restructure any loans by forgiving principal or accrued interest in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 or 2013.

Based on our historical loss experience, losses associated with TDRs are not significantly different than other impaired loans within the same loan segment. As such, TDRs, including TDRs that have been modified in the past 12 months that subsequently defaulted, are analyzed in the same manner as other impaired loans within their respective loan segment.

We had no loans that defaulted in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 or 2013, which were modified within 12 months prior to the default date.

The following is a summary of TDR loan balances as of:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
TDRs	\$24,192	\$25,865

Note 6 – Equity Securities Without Readily Determinable Fair Values

Included in equity securities without readily determinable fair values are restricted securities, which are carried at cost, and investments in unconsolidated entities accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

Equity securities without readily determinable fair values consist of the following as of:

	June 30	December 31
	2014	2013
FHLB Stock	\$9,100	\$8,100
Corporate Settlement Solutions, LLC	6,983	6,970
FRB Stock	1,879	1,879
Valley Financial Corporation	1,000	1,000
Other	341	344
Total	\$19,303	\$18,293

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Note 7 – Borrowed Funds

Borrowed funds consist of the following obligations as of:

June 30			December 31		
2014			2013		
Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate	
\$182,000	1.84	%	\$162,000	2.02	%
87,058	0.13	%	106,025	0.13	%
1,199	4.27	%	11,301	3.30	%
9,200	0.39	%	_		
\$279,457	1.27	%	\$279,326	1.35	%
	Amount \$182,000 87,058 1,199 9,200	2014 Amount Rate \$182,000 1.84 87,058 0.13 1,199 4.27 9,200 0.39	2014 Amount Rate \$182,000 1.84 % 87,058 0.13 % 1,199 4.27 % 9,200 0.39 %	2014 2013 Amount Rate Amount \$182,000 1.84 % \$162,000 87,058 0.13 % 106,025 1,199 4.27 % 11,301 9,200 0.39 % —	2014 2013 Amount Rate \$182,000 1.84 \$162,000 2.02 87,058 0.13 \$106,025 0.13 1,199 4.27 \$11,301 3.30 9,200 0.39 \$6 —

FHLB advances are collateralized by a blanket lien on all qualified 1-4 family residential real estate loans and certain mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations. FHLB advances are also secured by our holdings of FHLB stock.

The following table lists the maturity and weighted average interest rates of FHLB advances as of:

	June 30			December 31	l	
	2014			2013		
	Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate	
Fixed rate advances due 2014	\$10,000	0.48	%	\$10,000	0.48	%
Variable rate advances due 2014	20,000	0.42	%	_		
Fixed rate advances due 2015	32,000	0.84	%	32,000	0.84	%
Fixed rate advances due 2016	10,000	2.15	%	10,000	2.15	%
Fixed rate advances due 2017	30,000	1.95	%	30,000	1.95	%
Fixed rate advances due 2018	40,000	2.35	%	40,000	2.35	%
Fixed rate advances due 2019	20,000	3.11	%	20,000	3.11	%
Fixed rate advances due 2020	10,000	1.98	%	10,000	1.98	%
Fixed rate advances due 2023	10,000	3.90	%	10,000	3.90	%
Total	\$182,000	1.84	%	\$162,000	2.02	%

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are classified as secured borrowings. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase without stated maturity dates generally mature within one to four days from the transaction date. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are reflected at the amount of cash received in connection with the transaction. The securities underlying the agreements have a carrying value and a fair value of \$144,683 and \$148,930 at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Such securities remain under our control. We may be required to provide additional collateral based on the fair value of underlying securities.

The following table lists the maturity and weighted average interest rates of securities sold under agreements to repurchase with stated maturity dates as of:

	June 30			December 3	1	
	2014			2013		
	Amount	Rate		Amount	Rate	
Repurchase agreements due 2014	\$767	4.84	%	\$10,876	3.30	%
Repurchase agreements due 2015	432	3.25	%	425	3.25	%
Total	\$1,199	4.27	%	\$11,301	3.30	%

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Securities sold under repurchase agreements without stated maturity dates, federal funds purchased, and FRB Discount Window advances generally mature within one to four days from the transaction date. The following table provides a summary of securities sold under repurchase agreements without stated maturity dates, federal funds purchased, and FRB Discount Window advances borrowings for the three and six month periods ended:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014			Three Months Ended June 30, 20)13	
	Maximum Month End Balance	Average Balance	Weighted Average Interest R During the Period	Rate	Maximum Month End Balance	Average Balance	Weighted Average Interest F During the Period	Rate
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase without stated maturity dates	\$90,813	\$90,484	0.13	%	\$71,668	\$69,692	0.15	%
Federal funds purchased	16,500	6,849	0.48	%	13,700	6,022	0.57	%
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014				Six Months Ended June 30, 2013			
	Maximum Month End Balance	Average Balance	Weighted Average Interest R During th Period	Rate	Maximum Month End Balance	Average Balance	Weighted Average Interest F During the Period	Rate
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase without stated maturity dates	\$94,741	\$92,412	0.13	%	\$71,668	\$65,363	0.15	%
Federal funds purchased	16,500	6,305	0.47	%	13,700	3,646	0.56	%
We had pledged trading securities AFS sec	urities and	1-4 family r	esidential	real	estate loans	in the follo	wing	

We had pledged trading securities, AFS securities, and 1-4 family residential real estate loans in the following amounts at:

	June 30	December 31
	2014	2013
Pledged to secure borrowed funds	\$295,175	\$320,173
Pledged to secure repurchase agreements	144,683	148,930
Pledged for public deposits and for other purposes necessary or required by law	18,446	20,922
Total	\$458,304	\$490,025

As of June 30, 2014, we had the ability to borrow up to an additional \$84,668, based on assets pledged as collateral. We had no investment securities that are restricted to be pledged for specific purposes.

Note 8 – Other Noninterest Expenses

A summary of expenses included in other noninterest expenses is as follows for the:

	Three Mont	ths Ended	Six Months	s Ended	
	June 30		June 30		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Marketing and community relations	\$211	\$432	\$454	\$674	
FDIC insurance premiums	221	273	423	545	
Directors fees	183	205	378	404	
Audit and related fees	182	162	320	301	
Education and travel	143	116	264	238	
Postage and freight	90	94	198	193	
Printing and supplies	87	99	189	185	
Loan underwriting fees	92	123	187	239	
Consulting fees	76	83	167	155	
All other	735	668	1,430	1,213	
Total other	\$2,020	\$2,255	\$4,010	\$4,147	

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Note 9 – Federal Income Taxes

The reconciliation of the provision for federal income taxes and the amount computed at the federal statutory tax rate of 34% of income before federal income tax expense is as follows for the:

	Three Month	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended			led	
	June 30				June 30			
	2014		2013		2014		2013	
Income taxes at 34% statutory rate	\$1,448		\$1,311		\$2,763		\$2,556	
Effect of nontaxable income								
Interest income on tax exempt municipal securities	(503)	(424)	(997)	(845)
Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies	(64)	(65)	(127)	(122)
Effect of tax credits	(191)	(196)	(388)	(397)
Other	(43)	(26)	(77)	(52)
Total effect of nontaxable income	(801)	(711)	(1,589)	(1,416)
Effect of nondeductible expenses	45		43		78		79	
Federal income tax expense	\$692		\$643		\$1,252		\$1,219	

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

We maintain a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan, which was curtailed effective March 1, 2007. As a result of the curtailment, future salary increases are no longer considered (the projected benefit obligation is equal to the accumulated benefit obligation), and plan benefits are based on years of service and the individual employee's five highest consecutive years of compensation out of the last ten years of service through March 1, 2007. We do not anticipate any contributions to the plan in 2014. We contributed the following to the plan during the three and six month periods ended:

monum periodo endea.					
	Three Mo	onths Ended	Six Mont	hs Ended	
	June 30		June 30		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Plan Contributions	\$ —	\$ —	\$	\$215	
Following are the components of net periodic ben	efit cost for	the:			
	Three Mo	onths Ended	Six Mont	hs Ended	
	June 30		June 30		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Interest cost on benefit obligation	\$121	\$112	\$243	\$225	
Expected return on plan assets	(154) (144) (308) (287)
Amortization of unrecognized actuarial net loss	43	82	85	165	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$10	\$50	\$20	\$103	
Note 11 – Fair Value					

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies, key inputs, and an indication of the level of the fair value hierarchy in which the assets or liabilities are classified.

Cash and cash equivalents: The carrying amounts of cash and demand deposits due from banks and interest bearing balances due from banks approximate fair values. As such, we classify cash and cash equivalents as Level 1. Certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions; Certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions include certificates of deposit and other short term interest bearing balances that mature within 3 years. Fair value is determined using prices for similar assets with similar characteristics. As such, we classify certificates of deposits held in other financial institutions as Level 2.

AFS and trading securities: AFS and trading securities are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments. Level 2 fair value measurement is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are measured using independent pricing models or other model based valuation techniques such as the present value of future cash flows, adjusted for the security's credit rating, prepayment assumptions and other factors such as credit loss and liquidity assumptions. The values for Level 1 and Level 2

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investment securities are generally obtained from an independent third party. On a quarterly basis, we compare the values provided to alternative pricing sources.

Mortgage loans AFS: Mortgage loans AFS are carried at the lower of cost or fair value. The fair value of Mortgage loans AFS are based on what price secondary markets are currently offering for portfolios with similar characteristics. As such, we classify Mortgage loans AFS subject to nonrecurring fair value adjustments as Level 2.

Loans: For variable rate loans with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values. Fair values for fixed rate loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. The resulting amounts are adjusted to estimate the effect of changes in the credit quality of borrowers since the loans were originated. As such, we classify loans as Level 3 assets.

We do not record loans at fair value on a recurring basis. However, from time-to-time, loans are classified as impaired and a specific allowance for loan losses may be established. Loans for which it is probable that payment of interest and principal will be significantly different than the contractual terms of the original loan agreement are considered impaired. Once a loan is identified as impaired, we measure the estimated impairment. The fair value of impaired loans is estimated using one of several methods, including the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price, or the fair value of the collateral, less cost to sell, if the loan is collateral dependent. Those impaired loans not requiring an allowance represent loans for which the fair value of the expected repayments or collateral exceed the recorded investments in such loans.

We review the net realizable values of the underlying collateral for collateral dependent impaired loans on at least a quarterly basis for all loan types. To determine the collateral value, we utilize independent appraisals, broker price opinions, or internal evaluations. We review these valuations to determine whether an additional discount should be applied given the age of market information that may have been considered as well as other factors such as costs to carry and sell an asset if it is determined that the collateral will be liquidated in connection with the ultimate settlement of the loan. We use these valuations to determine if any specific reserves or charge-offs are necessary. We may obtain new valuations in certain circumstances, including when there has been significant deterioration in the condition of the collateral, if the foreclosure process has begun, or if the existing valuation is deemed to be outdated. The following tables list the quantitative fair value information about impaired loans as of:

	June 30, 2014		
Valuation Techniques	Fair Value	Unobservable Input	Range
_		Discount applied to collateral appraisal:	
		Real Estate	20% - 30%
		Equipment	30% - 40%
Discounted appraisal value	\$13,352	Cash crop inventory	40%
		Other inventory	50%
		Accounts receivable	50% - 75%
		Liquor license	75%
	December 31,	, 2013	
Valuation Techniques	Fair Value	Unobservable Input	Range
		Discount applied to collateral appraisal:	
		Real Estate	20% - 30%
		Equipment	50%
Discounted appraisal value	\$13,902	Livestock	50%
		Cash crop inventory	50%
		Other inventory	75%
		Accounts receivable	75%

Discount factors with ranges are based on the age of the independent appraisal, broker price opinion, or internal evaluations.

Accrued interest receivable: The carrying amounts of accrued interest receivable approximate fair value. As such, we classify accrued interest receivable as Level 1.

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Equity securities without readily determinable fair values: Included in equity securities without readily determinable fair values are FHLB stock and FRB stock as well as our ownership interests in Corporate Settlement Solutions, LLC and Valley Financial Corporation. The investment in Corporate Settlement Solutions, LLC, a title insurance company, was made in the first quarter 2008. We are not the managing entity of Corporate Settlement Solutions, LLC, and therefore, we account for our investment under the equity method of accounting. Valley Financial Corporation is the parent company of 1st State Bank in Saginaw, Michigan, which is a community bank that opened in 2005. We made investments in Valley Financial Corporation in 2004 and in 2007.

The lack of an active market, or other independent sources to validate fair value estimates coupled with the impact of future capital calls and transfer restrictions, is an inherent limitation in the valuation process. As the fair values of these investments are not readily determinable, they are not disclosed under a specific fair value hierarchy; however, they are reviewed quarterly for impairment. If we were to record an impairment adjustment related to these securities, it would be classified as a nonrecurring Level 3 fair value adjustment. During 2014 and 2013, there were no impairments recorded on equity securities without readily determinable fair values.

Foreclosed assets: Upon transfer from the loan portfolio, foreclosed assets (which are included in other assets) are adjusted to and subsequently carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. Net realizable value is based upon independent market prices, appraised values of the collateral, or management's estimation of the value of the collateral. Due to the inherent level of estimation in the valuation process, we record foreclosed assets as nonrecurring Level 3.

The table below lists the quantitative fair value information related to foreclosed assets as of:

	June 30, 2014		
Valuation Techniques	Fair Value	Unobservable Input	Range
		Discount applied to	
		collateral appraisal:	
Discounted appraisal value	\$1,132	Real Estate	20% - 30%
	December 31, 2	2013	
Valuation Techniques	Fair Value	Unobservable Input	Range
		Discount applied to	
		collateral appraisal:	
Discounted appraisal value	\$1,412	Real Estate	20% - 30%

Discount factors with ranges are based on the age of the independent appraisal, broker price opinion, or internal evaluations.

Goodwill and other intangible assets: Acquisition intangibles and goodwill are evaluated for potential impairment on at least an annual basis. Acquisition intangibles and goodwill are typically qualitatively evaluated to determine if it is more likely than not that the carrying balance is impaired. If it is determined that the carrying balance of acquisition intangibles or goodwill is more likely than not to be impaired, we perform a cash flow valuation to determine the extent of the potential impairment. If the testing resulted in impairment, we would classify goodwill and other acquisition intangibles subjected to nonrecurring fair value adjustments as Level 3. During 2014 and 2013, there were no impairments recorded on goodwill and other acquisition intangibles.

OMSRs: OMSRs (which are included in other assets) are subject to impairment testing. To test for impairment, we utilize a discounted cash flow analysis using interest rates and prepayment speed assumptions currently quoted for comparable instruments and discount rates. If the valuation model reflects a value less than the carrying value, OMSRs are adjusted to fair value through a valuation allowance as determined by the model. As such, we classify OMSRs subject to nonrecurring fair value adjustments as Level 2.

Deposits: The fair value of demand, savings, and money market deposits are, by definition, equal their carrying amounts and are classified as Level 1. Fair values for variable rate certificates of deposit approximate their carrying value. Fair values for fixed rate certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on time deposits. As such, fixed rate certificates of deposit are classified as Level 2.

Borrowed funds: The carrying amounts of federal funds purchased, borrowings under overnight repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings maturing within ninety days approximate their fair values. The fair values of other borrowed funds are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on current incremental borrowing arrangements. As such, borrowed funds are classified as Level 2.

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Accrued interest payable: The carrying amounts of accrued interest payable approximate fair value. As such, we classify accrued interest payable as Level 1.

Commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit, and undisbursed loans: Our commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit, and undisbursed funds have no carrying amount and are estimated to have no realizable fair value. Historically, a majority of the unused commitments to extend credit have not been drawn upon and, generally, we do not receive fees in connection with these commitments other than standby letter of credit fees, which are not significant.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Although we believe our valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement.

Estimated Fair Values of Financial Instruments Not Recorded at Fair Value in their Entirety on a Recurring Basis Disclosure of the estimated fair values of financial instruments, which differ from carrying values, often requires the use of estimates. In cases where quoted market values in an active market are not available, we use present value techniques and other valuation methods to estimate the fair values of our financial instruments. These valuation methods require considerable judgment and the resulting estimates of fair value can be significantly affected by the assumptions made and methods used.

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The carrying amount and estimated fair value of financial instruments not recorded at fair value in their entirety on a recurring basis on our consolidated balance sheets are as follows as of:

	June 30, 2014 Carrying Value	Estimated Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
ASSETS	varae	Turr varae			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$27,380	\$27,380	\$27,380	\$ —	\$ —
Certificates of deposit held in other	580	580	_	580	_
financial institutions	2.40	257			
Mortgage loans AFS	340	357		357	
Total loans	816,307	802,848			802,848
Less allowance for loan and lease losses	10,700	10,700			10,700
Net loans	805,607	792,148			792,148
Accrued interest receivable	5,448	5,448	5,448		_
Equity securities without readily determinable fair values (1)	19,303	19,303	_	_	_
OMSRs	2,618	2,703		2,703	_
LIABILITIES					
Deposits without stated maturities	609,280	609,280	609,280		_
Deposits with stated maturities	451,648	453,458		453,458	
Borrowed funds	279,457	263,604		263,604	
Accrued interest payable	527	527	527	_	
	December 31,	2013			
	Carrying	Estimated	(Laval 1)	(Laval 2)	(Laval 2)
	Value	Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$41,558	\$41,558	\$41,558	\$—	\$ —
Certificates of deposit held in other	580	582	_	582	
financial institutions	1 104	1 102		1 100	
Mortgage loans AFS	1,104	1,123		1,123	— 000 2 46
Total loans	808,037	808,246	_	_	808,246
Less allowance for loan and lease losses	11,500	11,500	_	_	11,500 796,746
Net loans	796,537	796,746			/90./40
Accrued interest receivable Equity securities without readily	5 442	5 442	5 442		,
Eamily securines without readily	5,442	5,442	5,442	_	_
	5,442 18,293	5,442 18,293	5,442	_	
determinable fair values (1)	18,293	18,293	5,442 —		_
determinable fair values (1) OMSRs			5,442 — —		
determinable fair values (1) OMSRs LIABILITIES	18,293 2,555	18,293 2,667	_ _		_ _ _
determinable fair values (1) OMSRs LIABILITIES Deposits without stated maturities	18,293 2,555 593,754	18,293 2,667 593,754	5,442 — — 593,754	_	
determinable fair values (1) OMSRs LIABILITIES Deposits without stated maturities Deposits with stated maturities	18,293 2,555 593,754 450,012	18,293 2,667 593,754 452,803	_ _	<u> </u>	
determinable fair values (1) OMSRs LIABILITIES Deposits without stated maturities	18,293 2,555 593,754	18,293 2,667 593,754	_ _	_	

Due to the characteristics of equity securities without readily determinable fair values, they are not disclosed under

⁽¹⁾ a specific fair value hierarchy. If we were to record an impairment adjustment related to these securities, such amount would be classified as a nonrecurring Level 3 fair value adjustment.

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Financial Instruments Recorded at Fair Value

The table below presents the recorded amount of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on:

1	June 30, 2	014			December 31, 2013					
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Recurring items Trading securities States and political subdivisions AFS securities	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$525	\$—	\$525	\$—		
Government-sponsored enterprises	¹ 24,104	_	24,104	_	23,745	_	23,745	_		
States and political subdivisions	214,210	_	214,210	_	201,988	_	201,988	_		
Auction rate money market preferred	2,867		2,867	_	2,577		2,577	_		
Preferred stocks	6,214	6,214	_	_	5,827	5,827	_	_		
Mortgage-backed securities	162,992	_	162,992		144,115	_	144,115	_		
Collateralized mortgage obligations	140,131	_	140,131	_	133,810	_	133,810	_		
Total AFS securities	550,518	6,214	544,304		512,062	5,827	506,235			
Nonrecurring items Impaired loans (net of the ALLL)	13,352	_	_	13,352	13,902	_	_	13,902		
Foreclosed assets	1,132			1,132	1,412		_	1,412		
Total	\$565,002	\$6,214	\$544,304	\$14,484	\$527,901	\$5,827	\$506,760	\$15,314		
Percent of assets and										
		1.10 %	96.34 %	2.56 %		1.10 %	96.00 %	2.90 %		
Preferred stocks Mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations Total AFS securities Nonrecurring items Impaired loans (net of the ALLL) Foreclosed assets Total	162,992 140,131 550,518 13,352 1,132		140,131 544,304 — — \$544,304	1,132 \$14,484	144,115 133,810 512,062 13,902 1,412		133,810 506,235 — — \$506,760	1,412		

The following table provides a summary of the changes in fair value of assets and liabilities recorded at fair value through earnings on a recurring basis and changes in assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, for which gains or losses were recognized in the:

-	Three Months Ended June 30											
	2014						2013					
	Trading		Other Gains		Total		Trading		Other Gain	S	Total	
	Losses		(Losses)		Total		Losses		(Losses)		Total	
Recurring items												
Trading securities	\$(1)	\$ —		\$(1)	\$(8)	\$		\$(8)
Nonrecurring items												
Foreclosed assets			(20)	(20)	_		(68)	(68)
Total	\$(1)	\$(20)	\$(21)	\$(8)	\$(68)	\$(76)
	Six Months	E	Ended June 30)								
	2014						2013					
	Trading		Other Gains		Total		Trading		Other Gain	S	Total	
	Losses		(Losses)		Total		Losses		(Losses)		Total	
Recurring items												
Trading securities	\$(5)	\$ —		\$(5)	\$(18)	\$ —		\$(18)
Nonrecurring items												
Foreclosed assets			(63)	(63)	_		(92)	(92)

Total \$(5) \$(63) \$(68) \$(18) \$(92) \$(110)

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Note 12 – Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table summarizes the changes in AOCI by component for the:

The following table summarizes	the changes	111	MOCI by Co	<i>)</i> 111	ponent for	uic	•				
	Three Mon	th	s Ended June	e 3	0						
	2014						2013				
	Unrealized						Unrealized				
	Holding Ga	ain	sDefined				Holding Gair	ns	Defined		
	(Losses) or		Benefit		Total		(Losses) on		Benefit	Total	
	AFS		Pension Pla	ın			AFS		Pension Plan		
	Securities						Securities				
Balance, April 1	\$(426)	\$(2,134)	\$(2,560)	\$7,541		\$(3,671)	\$3,870	
OCI before reclassifications	4,448			-	4,448	-	(11,997))		(11,997)
Amounts reclassified from AOC	I —									_	
Subtotal	4,448				4,448		(11,997))	_	(11,997)
Tax effect	(1,420)			(1,420)	3,979			3,979	
OCI, net of tax	3,028				3,028		(8,018))		(8,018)
Balance, June 30	\$2,602		\$(2,134)	\$468		\$(477))	\$(3,671)	\$(4,148)
	Six Months	s E	Ended June 3	0							
	2014						2013				
	Unrealized						Unrealized				
	Holding Ga	ain	sDefined				Holding Gair	ns	Defined		
	(Losses) or	1	Benefit		Total		(Losses) on		Benefit	Total	
	AFS		Pension Pla	an			AFS		Pension Plan		
	Securities						Securities				
Balance, January 1	\$(4,207)	\$(2,134)	\$(6,341)	\$8,678		\$(3,671)	\$5,007	
OCI before reclassifications	9,968				9,968		(13,958))		(13,958)
Amounts reclassified from AOC	I —						(99))		(99)
Subtotal	9,968				9,968		(14,057))		(14,057)
Tax effect	(3,159)			(3,159)	4,902			4,902	
OCI, net of tax	6,809				6,809		(9,155))		(9,155)
Balance, June 30	\$2,602		\$(2,134)	\$468		\$(477))	\$(3,671)	\$(4,148)
Included in OCI for the three and	six month	nei	riods ended	Tiii	ne 30 2014	an	d 2013 are ch	ar	nges in unrea	lized hold	ing

Included in OCI for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are changes in unrealized holding gains and losses related to auction rate money market preferred and preferred stocks. For federal income tax purposes, these securities are considered equity investments. As such, no deferred federal income taxes related to unrealized holding gains or losses are expected or recorded.

A summary of the components of unrealized holding gains on AFS securities included in OCI follows for the:

, ,	Three Months	Ended June 30					
	2014 Auction Rate			2013 Auction Rate			
	Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	All Other AFS Securities	Total	Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	All Other AFS Securities	Total	
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	\$298	\$4,150	\$4,448	\$(363)	\$(11,634) \$(11,997)
Reclassification adjustment for net realized (gains) losses included in net income	I_	_	_	_	_	_	

Net unrealized gains (losses) Tax effect	298 —	4,150 (1,420	4,448 (1,420	(363) (11,634 3,979) (11,997 3,979)
Unrealized gains (losses), net of tax	\$298	\$2,730	\$3,028	\$(363) \$(7,655) \$(8,018)

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	Six Months Er	ided June 30							
	2014				2013				
	Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	All Other AFS Securities		Total	Auction Rate Money Market Preferred and Preferred Stocks	All Other AFS Securities		Total	
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	\$298	\$9,670		\$9,968	\$295	\$(14,253)	\$(13,958)
Reclassification adjustment for net realized (gains) losses included in net income	i	_		_	_	(99)	(99)
Net unrealized gains (losses)	298	9,670		9,968	295	(14,352)	(14,057)
Tax effect	_	(3,159)	(3,159)		4,902		4,902	
Unrealized gains (losses), net of tax	\$298	\$6,511		\$6,809	\$295	\$(9,450)	\$(9,155)

The following table details reclassification adjustments and the related affected line items on our interim condensed consolidated statements of income for the noted periods:

Details about AOCI components	Amount Reclassified fr AOCI	rom			Affected Line Item in the Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
	Three Months	Ended June 30	Six Months En	nded June 30	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on AFS securities					
	\$	\$ —	\$ —	\$99	Net gains (losses) on sale of AFS securities
	_	_	_	99	Income before federal income tax expense
				34	Federal income tax expense
	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$65	Net income

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Note 13 – Parent Company Only Financial Information Interim Condensed Balance Sheets

			June 30	December 31
			2014	2013
ASSETS				
Cash on deposit at the Bank			\$961	\$529
AFS securities			3,522	3,542
Investments in subsidiaries			121,714	110,192
Premises and equipment			1,954	2,013
Other assets			54,274	54,223
TOTAL ASSETS			\$182,425	\$170,499
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	7			
Other liabilities			\$11,326	\$9,890
Shareholders' equity			171,099	160,609
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'	EQUITY		\$182,425	\$170,499
Interim Condensed Statements of Income				
	Three Mont	hs Ended	Six Months I	Ended
	June 30		June 30	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Income				
Dividends from subsidiaries	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$3,000	\$3,000
Interest income	39	41	78	84
Management fee and other	722	559	1,228	1,067
Total income	2,261	2,100	4,306	4,151
Expenses				
Compensation and benefits	772	669	1,604	1,381
Occupancy and equipment	107	119	221	230
Audit and related fees	98	93	169	158
Other	298	297	566	501
Total expenses	1,275	1,178	2,560	2,270
Income before income tax benefit and equity in	986	922	1,746	1,881
undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	900	922	1,740	1,001
Federal income tax benefit	178	199	432	388
Income before equity in undistributed earnings of	1,164	1,121	2 179	2,269
subsidiaries	1,104	1,121	2,178	2,209
Undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	2,401	2,092	4,696	4,031
Net income	\$3,565	\$3,213	\$6,874	\$6,300

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Interim Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Six Months	Enc	led	
	June 30		2012	
	2014		2013	
Operating activities	* - a= .		* - *	
Net income	\$6,874		\$6,300	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operations				
Undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	(4,696)	(4,031)
Undistributed earnings of equity securities without readily determinable fair values	(10)	125	
Share-based payment awards	237		258	
Depreciation	65		77	
Net amortization of AFS securities	2		1	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash				
Other assets	(40)	(26)
Accrued interest and other liabilities	836		211	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,268		2,915	
Investing activities				
Maturities, calls, and sales of AFS securities	_		395	
Purchases of premises and equipment	(6)	(127)
Advances to subsidiaries, net of repayments			101	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(6)	369	
Financing activities				
Net increase (decrease) in borrowed funds	600		(200)
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(3,394)	(3,224)
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock	1,778		1,900	
Common stock repurchased	(1,648)	(1,114)
Common stock purchased for deferred compensation obligations	(166)	(166)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(2,830)	(2,804)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	432		480	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	529		332	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$961		\$812	
Note 14 – Operating Segments				

Note 14 – Operating Segments

Our reportable segments are based on legal entities that account for at least 10% of net operating results. The operations of the Bank as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 and each of the three and six month periods then ended, represent approximately 90% or more of our consolidated total assets and operating results. As such, no additional segment reporting is presented.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ISABELLA BANK CORPORATION FINANCIAL REVIEW

(Dollars in thousands except per share amounts)

This section reviews our financial condition and results of our operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. This analysis should be read in conjunction with our 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K and with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and notes, beginning on page 4 of this report. Executive Summary

During the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014, we reported record net income of \$3,565 and \$6,874, respectively. In addition to record net income, we also posted record earnings per common share of \$0.46 and \$0.89 in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

The primary driver for the increase in net income was a continued improvement in various credit quality indicators. These improvements continue to drive declines in the level of the ALLL in both amount and as a percentage of gross loans, resulting in a reversal of provision for loan losses of \$442 for the six month period ended June 30, 2014. Net loans charged-off during the first six months of 2014 were \$358 as compared to \$751 in the first six months of 2013. Additionally, we continue to see reductions in loans classified as less than satisfactory. While we experienced reductions in net loans charged-off and in the level of loans classified as less than satisfactory, nonperforming loans have increased since December 31, 2013. This increase was primarily the result of two loans, which are well collateralized and closely monitored by management.

While competition for high quality commercial loans continues to be intense, we were able to grow our commercial loan portfolio in the first six months of 2014 by \$15,687 without relaxing our underwriting standards. This growth was partially offset by declines in both residential real estate loans of \$11,386 and consumer loans of \$1,103, resulting in a net increase in total loans of \$8,270 for the period. The lack of demand for residential real estate loans continues to result in noticeable declines in loan fees and the gain on sale of mortgage loans.

We anticipate that competition for commercial loans will continue to be significant, residential mortgage loan activity will remain soft, and growing our deposit base will be challenging throughout the foreseeable future. Despite these challenges, our unwavering commitment to core community banking principles and long term sustainable growth has, and will continue to, enable us to meet the needs of the communities we serve and increase shareholder value.

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Results of Operations

The following table outlines our quarterly results of operations and provides certain performance measures as of, and for the three month periods ended:

June 30 2014		March 31 2014		December 3 2013	31	September 2013	30	June 30 2013	
\$13,391		\$13,364		\$13,603		\$13,505		\$13,440	
2,468		2,500		2,683		2,736		2,781	
10,923		10,864		10,920		10,769		10,659	
(200)	(242)	245		351		215	
2,434		2,249		2,130		2,862		2,736	
9,300		9,486		9,578		9,320		9,324	
692		560		303		674		643	
\$3,565		\$3,309		\$2,924		\$3,286		\$3,213	
\$0.46		\$0.43		\$0.38		\$0.43		\$0.42	
\$0.45		\$0.42		\$0.37		\$0.42		\$0.41	
\$0.22		\$0.22		\$0.21		\$0.21		\$0.21	
\$16.08		\$15.82		\$15.62		\$15.43		\$15.19	
\$23.50		\$23.94		\$24.84		\$25.50		\$26.00	
\$22.52		\$22.25		\$21.12		\$23.40		\$24.75	
\$22.95		\$23.00		\$23.85		\$24.85		\$24.75	
7,735,156		7,727,547		7,723,023		7,709,781		7,703,589	
0.95	%	0.88	%	0.80	%	0.91	%	0.89	%
8.43	%	8.04	%	7.18	%	8.27	%	7.76	%
11.50	0%	10.02	0%	0.78	0%	11 16	0%	11 10	%
11.39	70	10.92	70	9.76	70	11.10	70	11.10	70
3.43	%	3.42	%	3.50	%	3.48	%	3.50	%
\$816,307		\$808,411		\$808,037		\$807,849		\$803,452	
\$550,518		\$555,144		\$512,062		\$501,057		\$499,424	
\$1,522,135	5	\$1,513,371	1	\$1,493,137		\$1,459,341		\$1,451,415	5
\$1,060,928	3	\$1,065,935	5	\$1,043,766		\$1,023,931		\$1,021,424	1
\$279,457		\$272,536		\$279,326		\$266,001		\$262,460	
\$171,099		\$165,971		\$160,609		\$161,305		\$159,288	
76.94	%	75.84	%	77.42	%	78.90	%	78.66	%
\$290,590		\$292,382		\$293,665		\$294,999		\$295,047	
\$374,002		\$358 811		\$351.420		\$351 505		\$336 132	
\$374,092		\$330,011		\$331,420		\$331,303		\$330,132	
\$2,186,817	7	\$2,164,564	4	\$2,138,222		\$2,105,845		\$2,082,594	1
0.58			%	0.42					%
0.38	%	0.42	%	0.32	%	0.37	%	0.36	%
1.31	%	1.37	%	1.42	%	1.44	%	1.46	%
	\$13,391 2,468 10,923 (200 2,434 9,300 692 \$3,565 \$0.46 \$0.45 \$0.22 \$16.08 \$23.50 \$22.52 \$22.95 7,735,156 0.95 8.43 11.59 3.43 \$816,307 \$550,518 \$1,522,135 \$1,060,928 \$279,457 \$171,099 76.94 \$290,590 \$374,092 \$2,186,817 0.58 0.38	\$13,391 2,468 10,923 (200) 2,434 9,300 692 \$3,565 \$0.46 \$0.45 \$0.22 \$16.08 \$23.50 \$22.52 \$22.95 7,735,156 0.95 % 8.43 % 11.59 % 3.43 % \$11.59 % 3.43 % \$11.59 % \$1,522,135 \$1,060,928 \$279,457 \$171,099 76.94 % \$290,590 \$374,092 \$2,186,817 0.58 % 0.38 %	2014 2014 \$13,391 \$13,364 2,468 2,500 10,923 10,864 (200) (242 2,434 9,300 9,486 692 560 \$3,565 \$3,309 \$0.46 \$0.43 \$0.45 \$0.42 \$0.22 \$0.22 \$16.08 \$15.82 \$23.50 \$23.94 \$22.52 \$22.25 \$22.95 \$23.00 7,735,156 7,727,547 0.95 % 0.88 8.43 % 8.04 11.59 % 10.92 3.43 % 3.42 \$816,307 \$808,411 \$550,518 \$555,144 \$1,522,135 \$1,513,375 \$1,060,928 \$1,065,933 \$279,457 \$272,536 \$171,099 \$165,971 76.94 % 75.84 \$290,590 \$292,382 \$374,092 \$358,811 \$2,186,817 \$2,164,564 0.58 % 0.65	\$13,391 \$13,364 2,468 2,500 10,923 10,864 (200) (242) 2,434 2,249 9,300 9,486 692 560 \$3,565 \$3,309 \$0.46 \$0.43 \$0.45 \$0.42 \$0.22 \$0.22 \$16.08 \$15.82 \$23.50 \$23.94 \$22.52 \$22.25 \$22.95 7,735,156 7,727,547 0.95 % 0.88 % 8.43 % 8.04 % 11.59 % 10.92 % 3.43 % 3.42 % \$816,307 \$808,411 \$550,518 \$555,144 \$1,522,135 \$1,513,371 \$1,060,928 \$1,065,935 \$279,457 \$272,536 \$171,099 \$165,971 76.94 % 75.84 % \$290,590 \$292,382 \$374,092 \$358,811 \$2,186,817 \$2,164,564 0.58 % 0.65 % 0.38 % 0.42 %	2014 2013 \$13,391 \$13,364 \$13,603 2,468 2,500 2,683 10,923 10,864 10,920 (200) (242) 245 2,434 2,249 2,130 9,300 9,486 9,578 692 560 303 \$3,565 \$3,309 \$2,924 \$0.46 \$0.43 \$0.38 \$0.45 \$0.42 \$0.37 \$0.22 \$0.21 \$15.62 \$23.50 \$23.94 \$24.84 \$22.52 \$22.25 \$21.12 \$22.95 \$23.00 \$23.85 7,735,156 7,727,547 7,723,023 0.95 % 0.88 % 0.80 8.43 % 8.04 % 7.18 11.59 % 10.92 % 9.78 3.43 % 3.42 % 3.50 \$816,307 \$808,411 \$808,037 \$550,518 \$555,144 \$512,062 \$1,522,135 \$1,513,371 \$1,493,137 \$1,060,928 \$1,065,935 \$1,043,766 <tr< td=""><td>2014 2013 \$13,391 \$13,364 \$13,603 2,468 2,500 2,683 10,923 10,864 10,920 (200) (242) 245 2,434 2,249 2,130 9,300 9,486 9,578 692 560 303 \$3,565 \$3,309 \$2,924 \$0.46 \$0.43 \$0.37 \$0.22 \$0.21 \$16.08 \$15.82 \$15.62 \$23.50 \$23.94 \$24.84 \$22.52 \$22.25 \$21.12 \$22.95 \$23.00 \$23.85 7,735,156 7,727,547 7,723,023 0.95 % 0.88 % 0.80 % 8.43 % 8.04 % 7.18 % 11.59 % 10.92 % 9.78 % 3.43 % 3.42 % 3.50 % \$816,307 \$808,411 \$808,037 \$550,518 \$555,144 \$512,062 \$1,522,135 \$1,513,371 \$1,493,137 \$1,060,928 \$1,065,935</td><td>2014 2014 2013 2013 \$13,391 \$13,364 \$13,603 \$13,505 2,468 2,500 2,683 2,736 10,923 10,864 10,920 10,769 (200) (242) 245 351 2,434 2,249 2,130 2,862 9,300 9,486 9,578 9,320 692 560 303 674 \$3,565 \$3,309 \$2,924 \$3,286 \$0.46 \$0.43 \$0.38 \$0.43 \$0.45 \$0.42 \$0.37 \$0.42 \$0.22 \$0.22 \$0.21 \$0.21 \$16.08 \$15.82 \$15.62 \$15.43 \$23.50 \$23.94 \$24.84 \$25.50 \$22.52 \$22.25 \$21.12 \$23.40 \$22.95 \$23.00 \$23.85 \$24.85 7,735,156 7,727,547 7,723,023 7,709,781 0.95 \$0.88 \$0.80 \$0.91</td><td>2014 2014 2013 2013 \$13,391 \$13,364 \$13,603 \$13,505 2,468 2,500 2,683 2,736 10,923 10,864 10,920 10,769 (200) (242) 245 351 2,434 2,249 2,130 2,862 9,300 9,486 9,578 9,320 692 560 303 674 \$3,565 \$3,309 \$2,924 \$3,286 \$0.46 \$0.43 \$0.38 \$0.43 \$0.45 \$0.42 \$0.37 \$0.42 \$0.22 \$0.22 \$0.21 \$0.21 \$16.08 \$15.82 \$15.62 \$15.43 \$23.50 \$23.94 \$24.84 \$25.50 \$22.52 \$22.25 \$21.12 \$23.40 \$22.95 \$23.00 \$23.85 \$24.85 7,735,156 7,727,547 7,723,023 7,709,781 0.95 \$0.88 \$0.80 \$0.91 \$0.80</td><td>2014 2014 2013 2013 2013 \$13,391 \$13,364 \$13,603 \$13,505 \$13,440 2,468 2,500 2,683 2,736 2,781 10,923 10,864 10,920 10,769 10,659 (200) (242) 245 351 215 2,434 2,249 2,130 2,862 2,736 9,324 692 560 303 674 643 83,565 \$3,309 \$2,924 \$3,286 \$3,213 \$0.46 \$0.43 \$0.38 \$0.43 \$0.42 \$0.45 \$0.42 \$0.37 \$0.42 \$0.41 \$0.22 \$0.22 \$0.21 \$0.21 \$0.21 \$16.08 \$15.82 \$15.62 \$15.43 \$15.19 \$22.52 \$22.52 \$22.55 \$21.12 \$23.40 \$24.75 \$22.95 \$22.55 \$21.12 \$23.40 \$24.75 \$22.95 \$22.55 \$2</td></tr<>	2014 2013 \$13,391 \$13,364 \$13,603 2,468 2,500 2,683 10,923 10,864 10,920 (200) (242) 245 2,434 2,249 2,130 9,300 9,486 9,578 692 560 303 \$3,565 \$3,309 \$2,924 \$0.46 \$0.43 \$0.37 \$0.22 \$0.21 \$16.08 \$15.82 \$15.62 \$23.50 \$23.94 \$24.84 \$22.52 \$22.25 \$21.12 \$22.95 \$23.00 \$23.85 7,735,156 7,727,547 7,723,023 0.95 % 0.88 % 0.80 % 8.43 % 8.04 % 7.18 % 11.59 % 10.92 % 9.78 % 3.43 % 3.42 % 3.50 % \$816,307 \$808,411 \$808,037 \$550,518 \$555,144 \$512,062 \$1,522,135 \$1,513,371 \$1,493,137 \$1,060,928 \$1,065,935	2014 2014 2013 2013 \$13,391 \$13,364 \$13,603 \$13,505 2,468 2,500 2,683 2,736 10,923 10,864 10,920 10,769 (200) (242) 245 351 2,434 2,249 2,130 2,862 9,300 9,486 9,578 9,320 692 560 303 674 \$3,565 \$3,309 \$2,924 \$3,286 \$0.46 \$0.43 \$0.38 \$0.43 \$0.45 \$0.42 \$0.37 \$0.42 \$0.22 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\$0.43 \$0.42 \$0.45 \$0.42 \$0.37 \$0.42 \$0.41 \$0.22 \$0.22 \$0.21 \$0.21 \$0.21 \$16.08 \$15.82 \$15.62 \$15.43 \$15.19 \$22.52 \$22.52 \$22.55 \$21.12 \$23.40 \$24.75 \$22.95 \$22.55 \$21.12 \$23.40 \$24.75 \$22.95 \$22.55 \$2

Shareholders' equity to assets Tier 1 capital to average assets	11.24 8.50	% 10.97 % 8.38	% 10.76 % 8.46	% 11.05 % 8.45	% 10.97 % 8.38	% %
Tier 1 risk-based capital	13.84	% 13.88	% 13.67	% 13.75	% 13.59	%
Total risk-based capital * At end of period	15.09	% 15.13	% 14.92	% 15.00	% 14.84	%
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The following table outlines our quarterly results of operations and provides certain performance measures as of, and for the six month periods ended:

and out containing processes	June 30 2014		June 30 2013	
INCOME STATEMENT DATA	2017		2013	
Interest income	\$26,755		\$26,968	
Interest expense	4,968		5,602	
Net interest income	21,787		21,366	
Provision for loan losses	(442)	515	
Noninterest income	4,683		5,183	
Noninterest expenses	18,786		18,515	
Federal income tax expense	1,252		1,219	
Net Income	\$6,874		\$6,300	
PER SHARE			•	
Basic earnings	\$0.89		\$0.82	
Diluted earnings	\$0.87		\$0.80	
Dividends	\$0.44		\$0.42	
Tangible book value*	\$16.08		\$15.19	
Market value				
High	\$23.94		\$26.00	
Low	\$22.52		\$21.60	
Close*	\$22.95		\$24.75	
Common shares outstanding*	7,735,156		7,703,589	
PERFORMANCE RATIOS (annualized)				
Return on average total assets	0.91	%	0.88	%
Return on average shareholders' equity	8.24	%	7.63	%
Return on average tangible shareholders' equity	11.17	%	10.98	%
Net interest margin yield (FTE)	3.42	%	3.52	%
BALANCE SHEET DATA*				
Gross loans	\$816,307		\$803,452	
AFS securities	\$550,518		\$499,424	
Total assets	\$1,522,135		\$1,451,415	
Deposits	\$1,060,928		\$1,021,424	
Borrowed funds	\$279,457		\$262,460	
Shareholders' equity	\$171,099		\$159,288	
Gross loans to deposits	76.94	%	78.66	%
ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT*				
Loans sold with servicing retained	\$290,590		\$295,047	
Assets managed by our Investment and Trust Services Department	\$374,092		\$336,132	
Total assets under management	\$2,186,817		\$2,082,594	
ASSET QUALITY*				
Nonperforming loans to gross loans	0.58	%	0.52	%
Nonperforming assets to total assets	0.38	%	0.36	%
ALLL to gross loans	1.31	%	1.46	%
CAPITAL RATIOS*				
Shareholders' equity to assets	11.24	%	10.97	%
Tier 1 capital to average assets	8.50	%	8.38	%
Tier 1 risk-based capital	13.84	%	13.59	%
Total risk-based capital	15.09	%	14.84	%

* At end of period

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Average Balances, Interest Rate, and Net Interest Income

The following schedules present the daily average amount outstanding for each major category of interest earning assets, nonearning assets, interest bearing liabilities, and noninterest bearing liabilities. These schedules also present an analysis of interest income and interest expense for the periods indicated. All interest income is reported on a FTE basis using a 34% federal income tax rate. Nonaccrual loans, for the purpose of the following computations, are included in the average loan balances. FRB and FHLB restricted equity holdings are included in accrued income and other assets.

The following tables display the results for the:

_	Three Month	ns Ended							
	June 30, 201	4		March 31, 20	014		June 30, 201	3	
	Average Balance	Tax Equivaler Interest	Average ntYield / Rate	Average Balance	Tax Equivaler Interest	Average ntYield / Rate	Average Balance	Tax Equivaler Interest	Average ntYield / Rate
INTEREST									
EARNING									
ASSETS									
Loans	\$808,541	\$9,799	4.85 %	\$805,812	\$9,751	4.84 %	\$780,909	\$ 10,280	5.27 %
Taxable	2.50 0.50	1.000		2.50.012	4 000		244 222	4 =00	• • • •
investment	353,878	1,993	2.25 %	353,013	1,998	2.26 %	341,232	1,798	2.11 %
securities									
Nontaxable investment	194,307	2,376	180 %	189,000	2,332	1 01 %	162,626	2,024	4.98 %
securities	194,307	2,370	4.09 %	169,000	2,332	4.94 %	102,020	2,024	4.90 %
Trading account									
securities	172	2	4.65 %	524	8	6.11 %	1,156	14	4.84 %
Other	21,421	112	2.09 %	26,604	153	2.30 %	23,533	109	1.85 %
Total earning	1,378,319	14,282	111 %	1,374,953	14,242	111 %	1,309,456	14,225	4.35 %
assets	1,376,319	14,202	4.14 %	1,374,933	14,242	4.14 %	1,309,430	14,223	4.33 %
NONEARNING									
ASSETS									
Allowance for	(11,208)			(11,634)			(11,889)		
loan losses				,			,		
Cash and demand deposits due from				17,690			17,157		
banks	1 17,403			17,090			17,137		
Premises and									
equipment	25,960			26,018			25,917		
Accrued income	07.107			04.704			00.720		
and other assets	97,187			94,704			99,729		
Total assets	\$1,507,661			\$1,501,731			\$1,440,370		
INTEREST									
BEARING									
LIABILITIES									
Interest bearing	\$192,798	39	0.08 %	\$197,776	41	0.08 %	\$181,044	40	0.09 %
demand deposits Savings deposits	257,628	91	0.11 0%	252,979	94	0 15 %	242,247	90	0.15 %
Time deposits	455,592	1,459		451,350	94 1,481		460,379	1,692	1.47 %
Borrowed funds	263,606	879		270,010	884		243,936	959	1.57 %
_ 0110 04 141140	1,169,624	2,468		1,172,115	2,500		1,127,606	2,781	0.99 %

Total interest bearing liabilities NONINTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES									
Demand deposits	158,804			155,176			138,483		
Other	10,166			9,861			8,571		
Shareholders' equity	169,067			164,579			165,710		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,507,661			\$1,501,731			\$1,440,370		
Net interest income (FTE)		\$11,814			\$11,742			\$11,444	
Net yield on interest earning assets (FTE)			3.43 %			3.42 %			3.50 %
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	Six Months I	Ended										
	June 30, 201	4			June 30, 2013	June 30, 2013						
	Average Balance	Tax Equivalent Interest	Average Yield / Rate	;	Average Balance	Tax Equivalent Interest	Average Yield / Rate	2				
INTEREST EARNING ASSETS												
Loans	\$807,177	\$19,550	4.84	%	\$773,825	\$20,610	5.33	%				
Taxable investment securities	353,446	3,991	2.26	%	342,375	3,632	2.12	%				
Nontaxable investment securities	191,654	4,703	4.91	%	159,147	4,035	5.07	%				
Trading account securities	348	9	5.17	%	1,363	35	5.14	%				
Other	24,013	265	2.21	%	26,955	225	1.67	%				
Total earning assets	1,376,638	28,518	4.14	%	1,303,665	28,537	4.38	%				
NONEARNING ASSETS												
ALLL	(11,421)				(11,987)							
Cash and demand deposits due from bank	s 17,546				17,909							
Premises and equipment	25,989				25,927							
Accrued income and other assets	95,946				100,773							
Total assets	\$1,504,698				\$1,436,287							
INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES												
Interest bearing demand deposits	\$195,287	80	0.08	%	\$183,921	81	0.09	%				
Savings deposits	255,304	185	0.14	%	241,824	181	0.15	%				
Time deposits	453,472	2,940	1.30	%	460,958	3,434	1.49	%				
Borrowed funds	266,808	1,763	1.32	%	237,863	1,906	1.60	%				
Total interest bearing liabilities	1,170,871	4,968	0.85	%	1,124,566	5,602	1.00	%				
NONINTEREST BEARING												
LIABILITIES												
Demand deposits	156,990				138,221							
Other	10,014				8,388							
Shareholders' equity	166,823				165,112							
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,504,698				\$1,436,287							
Net interest income (FTE)		\$23,550				\$22,935						
Net yield on interest earning assets (FTE)			3.42	%			3.52	%				
Net Interest Income												

Net interest income is the amount by which interest income on earning assets exceeds the interest expenses on interest bearing liabilities. Net interest income is influenced by changes in the balance and mix of assets and liabilities and market interest rates. We exert some control over these factors; however, FRB monetary policy and competition have a significant impact. For analytical purposes, net interest income is adjusted to an FTE basis by adding the income tax savings from interest on tax exempt loans, AFS securities, and trading securities, thus making year to year comparisons more meaningful. Included in interest income are loan fees for the three and six month periods ended:

	Three Mont	hs Ended		Six Months	Ended
	June 30	March 31	June 30	June 30	June 30
	2014	2014	2013	2014	2013
Loan fees	\$566	\$476	\$862	\$1.042	\$1.683

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Volume and Rate Variance Analysis

The following table sets forth the effect of volume and rate changes on interest income and expense for the periods indicated. For the purpose of this table, changes in interest due to volume and rate were determined as follows: Volume—change in volume multiplied by the previous period's rate.

Rate—change in the FTE rate multiplied by the previous period's volume.

The change in interest due to both volume and rate has been allocated to volume and rate changes in proportion to the relationship of the absolute dollar amounts of the change in each.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 Compared to						Three Months Ended Six Months Ended							1.					
	June 30 March			mį	pared to		June 30, 2014 Compared to June 30, 2013						June 30, 2014 Compared to						
			i, 2014 (Decreas	e)	Due to			-	Decreas	e)	Due to		June 30, 2013 Increase (Decrease) Due to						
	Volume		Rate	,c)	Net		Volume		Rate	<i>(</i> 30	Net		Volume		Rate	٠)	Net		
Changes in interest income	Volume		Rate		1101		Volum		Rate		1101		Volum		Ruic		rict		
Loans	\$33		\$15		\$48		\$355		\$(836)	\$(481)	\$862		\$(1,922)	\$(1,060)	
Taxable AFS securities	5		(10)	(5)	68		127		195		120		239		359		
Nontaxable AFS securities	65		(21)	44		388		(36)	352		801		(133)	668		
Trading securities	(4)	(2)	(6)	(11)	(1)	(12)	(26)			(26)	
Other	(28)	(13)	(41)	(10)	13		3		(27)	67		40		
Total changes in interest income	71		(31)	40		790		(733)	57		1,730		(1,749)	(19)	
Changes in interest																			
expense																			
Interest bearing demand deposits	(1)	(1)	(2)	3		(4)	(1)	5		(6)	(1)	
Savings deposits	2		(5)	(3)	6		(5)	1		10		(6)	4		
Time deposits	14		(36)	(22)	(17)	(216))	(55)	(439	-)	
Borrowed funds	(21)	16	,	(5)	73	,	(153))	215	,	(358))	
Total changes in					•				•						•				
interest expense	(6)	(26)	(32)	65		(378)	(313)	175		(809)	(634)	
Net change in interest margin (FTE)	\$77		\$(5)	\$72		\$725		\$(355)	\$370		\$1,555		\$(940)	\$615		

While our net yield on interest earning assets remains at historically low levels, our net yield on interest earning assets has stabilized. The low net yields on interest earning assets are a direct result of FRB monetary policy. As we do not foresee any significant changes in FRB monetary policy or our earning asset and liability mix in the near future, we anticipate that the net yield on interest earning assets will likely approximate current levels. Net interest income will increase only through continued balance sheet growth.

	Average Yield / Rate for the Three Month Periods Ended:											
	June 30		March 31		December	r 31	Septembe	er 30	June 30			
	2014		2014		2013		2013		2013			
Total earning assets	4.14	%	4.14	%	4.30	%	4.31	%	4.35	%		
Total interest bearing liabilities	0.84	%	0.85	%	0.94	%	0.96	%	0.99	%		
Net yield on interest earning assets (FTE)	3.43	%	3.42	%	3.50	%	3.48	%	3.50	%		

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	Quarter to 1	Date Net Intere	st Income (FTE)	
	June 30	March 31	December 31	September 30	June 30
	2014	2014	2013	2013	2013
Total interest income (FTE)	\$14,282	\$14,242	\$14,441	\$ 14,290	\$14,225
Total interest expense	2,468	2,500	2,683	2,736	2,781
Net interest income (FTE)	\$11,814	\$11,742	\$11,758	\$ 11,554	\$11,444

One of the the primary contributors to the decline in the net yield on interest earning assets in the first quarter of 2014 was a drastic decline in loan fees. Loan fees have declined as the demand for residential mortgage loans has diminished and the competition for commercial loans remains intense. As shown in the following table, the net yield on interest earning assets and net interest income excluding the impact of loan fees (FTE) has remained essentially unchanged since the second quarter of 2013.

	June 30		March 31		December 3	1	September	30	June 30	
	2014		2014		2013		2013		2013	
Net interest income (FTE)	\$11,814		\$11,742		\$11,758		\$11,554		\$11,444	
Less loan fees	566		476		761		738		862	
Net interest income excluding loan fees	\$11,248		\$11,266		\$10,997		\$10,816		\$10,582	
(FTE)	\$11,240		\$11,200		\$10,997		\$10,610		\$10,362	
Net yield on interest earning assets	3.26	0%	3.28	0%	3.27	0%	3.26	0%	3.23	%
excluding loan fees (FTE)	3.20	/0	3.20	70	3.41	10	3.20	10	3.43	/0

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

The viability of any financial institution is ultimately determined by its management of credit risk. Loans represent our single largest concentration of risk. The ALLL is our estimation of losses within the existing loan portfolio. We allocate the ALLL throughout the loan portfolio based on our assessment of the underlying risks associated with each loan segment. Our assessments include allocations based on specific impairment valuation allowances, historical charge-offs, internally assigned risk ratings, and past due and nonaccrual balances. A portion of the ALLL is not allocated to any one loan segment, but is instead a reflection of other qualitative risks within the loan portfolio. The following table summarizes our charge-off and recovery activity for the three and six month periods ended June 30:

	Three Months Ended		nded	Six Months End			led	
	June 30				June 30			
	2014		2013		2014		2013	
ALLL at beginning of period	\$11,100		\$11,909		\$11,500		\$11,936	
Loans charged-off								
Commercial and agricultural	79		234		302		445	
Residential real estate	264		397		377		587	
Consumer	68		88		182		209	
Total loans charged-off	411		719		861		1,241	
Recoveries								
Commercial and agricultural	92		166		306		223	
Residential real estate	86		61		122		114	
Consumer	33		68		75		153	
Total recoveries	211		295		503		490	
Net loans charged-off	200		424		358		751	
Provision for loan losses	(200)	215		(442)	515	
ALLL at end of period	\$10,700		\$11,700		\$10,700		\$11,700	
Net loans charged-off to average loans outstanding	0.02	%	0.05	%	0.04	%	0.10	%

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The following table summarizes our charge-offs, recoveries, provisions for loan losses, and ALLL balances as of, and for the three month periods ended:

	June 30		March 31		December 3	31	September 3	30	June 30	
	2014		2014		2013		2013		2013	
Total loans charged-off	\$411		\$450		\$497		\$602		\$719	
Total recoveries	211		292		152		151		295	
Net loans charged-off	200		158		345		451		424	
Net loans charged-off to average	0.02	0%	0.02	%	0.04	0%	0.06	0%	0.05	%
loans outstanding	0.02	70	0.02	70	0.04	70	0.00	70	0.03	70
Provision for loan losses	\$(200)	\$(242)	\$245		\$351		\$215	
Provision for loan losses to average	(0.02)%	(0.03)0%	0.03	0%	0.04	0%	0.03	%
loans outstanding	(0.02)70	(0.03)70	0.03	70	0.04	70	0.03	70
ALLL	\$10,700		\$11,100		\$11,500		\$10,600		\$11,909	
ALLL as a% of loans at end of period	d1.31	%	1.37	%	1.42	%	1.44	%	1.46	%

As the level of net loans charged-off continues to decline and credit quality indicators continue to improve, we have reduced the ALLL in both amount and as a percentage of loans. For further discussion of the allocation of the ALLL, see "Note 5 – Loans and ALLL" of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Loans Past Due and Loans in Nonaccrual Status

Increases in past due and nonaccrual loans can have a significant impact on the ALLL. To determine the potential impact, and corresponding estimated losses, we analyze our historical loss trends on loans past due greater than 30 days and nonaccrual loans. We monitor all loans that are past due and in nonaccrual status for indicators of additional deterioration.

	Total Past Due and Nonaccrual								
	June 30	March 31	December 31	September 30	June 30				
	2014	2014	2013	2013	2013				
Commercial and agricultural	\$5,045	\$4,986	\$3,621	\$5,371	\$4,962				
Residential real estate	4,613	7,067	7,008	6,339	5,080				
Consumer	98	113	259	152	104				
Total	\$9,756	\$12,166	\$10,888	\$11,862	\$10,146				
Total past due and nonaccrual loans to	1 20 %	1.50 %	1.35 %	1.47 %	1.26	%			
gross loans	1.20 %	1.50 %	1.55 %	1.4/ //	1.20	70			

The decline in residential real estate loans past due and nonaccrual since March 31, 2014 can be attributed to a decline of loans 30-59 days past due. The majority of these loans were current as of June 30, 2014 and no longer past due. A summary of loans past due and in nonaccrual status, including the composition of the ending balance of nonaccrual loans by type, is included in "Note 5 – Loans and ALLL" of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements. Troubled Debt Restructurings

We have taken a proactive approach to avoid foreclosures on borrowers who are willing to work with us in modifying their loans, thus making them more affordable. While this approach has allowed certain borrowers to develop a payment structure that will allow them to continue making payments in lieu of foreclosure, it has contributed to a significant increase in the level of loans classified as TDRs. The modifications have been successful for us and our customers as very few of the modified loans have resulted in foreclosures. At the time of the TDR, the loan is reviewed to determine whether or not to classify the loan as accrual or nonaccrual. The majority of new modifications result in terms that satisfy our criteria for continued interest accrual. TDRs that have been placed in nonaccrual status may be placed back on accrual status after six months of continued performance.

We restructure debt with borrowers who due to temporary financial difficulties are unable to service their debt under the original terms. We may extend the amortization period, reduce interest rates, forgive principal, forgive interest, or a combination of these modifications. Typically, the modifications are for a period of five years or less. There were no TDRs that were Government sponsored as of June 30, 2014 or December 31, 2013.

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Losses associated with TDRs, if any, are included in the estimation of the ALLL in the quarter in which a loan is identified as a TDR, and we review the ALLL estimation each reporting period to ensure its continued appropriateness.

The following tables provide a roll-forward of TDRs for the:

The following tables provide a r												
			s Ended Jui	ne 3								
	Accruing	Int	erest		Nonaccru	ıal			Total			
	Number				Number				Number			
	of		Balance		of		Balance		of		Balance	
	Loans				Loans				Loans			
April 1, 2014	165		\$22,954		16		\$2,679		181		\$25,633	
New modifications	6		218		2		169		8		387	
Principal payments			(809)			(45)			(854)
Loans paid-off	(5)	1	<u> </u>	(2)	(88))	(7)	(640)
Partial charge-off			(70	<u> </u>	_		(100)	_		(170)
Balances charged-off			_				_	,			_	
Transfers to OREO			_		(2)	(164)	(2)	(164)
Transfers to accrual status	1		263		(1	ĺ	(263)	_	,	_	,
Transfers to nonaccrual status	(5)	·)	5	,	739	,				
June 30, 2014	162	,	\$21,265	,	18		\$2,927		180		\$24,192	
June 30, 2014		ne F	Ended June	30			Ψ2,721		100		Ψ21,172	
	Accruing			50,	Nonaccru	121			Total			
	Number	1110	cicst		Number	ıaı			Number			
	of		Balance		of		Balance		of		Balance	
	Loans		Dalance		Loans		Darance		Loans		Dalance	
January 1, 2014			¢24.422				¢1.442				¢25 065	
January 1, 2014	165		\$24,423 988		15 4		\$1,442		180 22		\$25,865	
New modifications	18			`	4		245	`			1,233	`
Principal payments		,	(1,082)		,	(74)		,	(1,156)
Loans paid-off	(15)	())	(2)	(88)	(17)	(1,358)
Partial charge-off		,	(70)	_		(118)		,	(188)
Balances charged-off	(1)	(6)				,	(1)	(6)
Transfers to OREO	_		_		(4)	(198)	(4)	(198)
Transfers to accrual status	3		320		(3)	()			_	
Transfers to nonaccrual status	(8)	(2,038)	8		2,038		_		_	
June 30, 2014	162		\$21,265		18		\$2,927		180		\$24,192	
			s Ended Jui	ne 3	-							
	Accruing	Int	erest		Nonaccru	ıal			Total			
	Number				Number				Number			
	of		Balance		of		Balance		of		Balance	
	Loans				Loans				Loans			
April 1, 2013	119		\$16,900		19		\$2,502		138		\$19,402	
New modifications	14		3,592						14		3,592	
Principal payments			(198)			(206)			(404)
Loans paid-off	(7)	(1,089)	(4)	(497)	(11)	(1,586)
Partial charge-off	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Balances charged-off	(3)	(147)					(3)	(147)
Transfers to OREO	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				_		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Transfers to accrual status	1		105		(1)	(105)				
Transfers to nonaccrual status	(1))	ì	,	29		_		_	
June 30, 2013	123	,	\$19,134		15		\$1,723		138		\$20,857	

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	Six Montl	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013										
	Accruing	Inte	erest		Nonaccrual			Total				
	Number				Number				Number			
	of		Balance		of		Balance		of		Balance	
	Loans				Loans				Loans			
January 1, 2013	115		\$16,531		19		\$2,824		134		\$19,355	
New modifications	22		4,411		1		98		23		4,509	
Principal payments	_		(463)	_		(243)	_		(706)
Loans paid-off	(10)	(1,219)	(5)	(697)	(15)	(1,916)
Partial charge-off			(15)			(211)			(226)
Balances charged-off	(3)	(147)			_		(3)	(147)
Transfers to OREO	_		_		(1)	(12)	(1)	(12)
Transfers to accrual status	1		105		(1)	(105)			_	
Transfers to nonaccrual status	(2)	(69)	2		69				_	
June 30, 2013	123		\$19,134		15		\$1,723		138		\$20,857	

The following table summarizes our TDRs as of:

	June 30, 201	.4		December 3	December 31, 2013					
	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Total	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Total	Total			
	Interest	Nonacciuai	Total	Interest	Nonacciuai	Total	Change			
Current	\$19,663	\$1,522	\$21,185	\$21,690	\$1,189	\$22,879	\$(1,694)		
Past due 30-59 days	1,036	1,013	2,049	2,158	37	2,195	(146)		
Past due 60-89 days	566	4	570	575	_	575	(5)		
Past due 90 days or more	_	388	388		216	216	172			
Total	\$21,265	\$2,927	\$24,192	\$24,423	\$1,442	\$25,865	\$(1,673)		

Additional disclosures about TDRs are included in "Note 5 – Loans and ALLL" of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Impaired Loans

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans as of:

	June 30, 2014			December 31, 2013					
	Outstanding Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance	Outstanding Balance	Unpaid Principal Balance	Valuation Allowance			
TDRs									
Commercial real estate	\$10,396	\$10,897	\$1,342	\$10,663	\$11,193	\$1,585			
Commercial other	847	1,096	12	1,310	1,340	62			
Agricultural real estate	1,450	1,450	29	1,459	1,459	30			
Agricultural other	18	138		79	199	_			
Residential real estate senior liens	11,197	11,777	2,052	12,266	12,841	2,010			
Residential real estate junior liens	60	60	12	20	20	4			
Home equity lines of credit	160	460	4	_	_	_			
Consumer secured	64	64	1	68	69				
Total TDRs	24,192	25,942	3,452	25,865	27,121	3,691			
Other impaired loans									
Commercial real estate	1,824	2,149	279	1,707	2,193	330			
Commercial other	97	108		136	217	58			
Agricultural real estate	115	115	7	_	_	_			
Agricultural other									
Residential real estate senior liens	1,257	1,950	190	1,795	2,473	268			
Residential real estate junior liens	32	42	7	28	45	5			
Home equity lines of credit	200	200	5	193	493				
Consumer secured	10	10	_	51	79				
Total other impaired loans	3,535	4,574	488	3,910	5,500	661			
Total impaired loans	\$27,727	\$30,516	\$3,940	\$29,775	\$32,621	\$4,352			

Additional disclosure related to impaired loans is included in "Note 5 – Loans and ALLL" of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Nonperforming Assets

The following table summarizes our nonperforming assets as of:

Ç	June 30 2014		March 31 2014		December 31 2013	1	September 3 2013	0	June 30 2013		
Nonaccrual loans	\$4,587		\$4,345		\$3,244		\$3,812		\$3,651		
Accruing loans past due 90 days or more	119		893		142		457		520		
Total nonperforming loans	4,706		5,238		3,386		4,269		4,171		
Foreclosed assets	1,132		1,126		1,412		1,186		1,105		
Total nonperforming assets	\$5,838		\$6,364		\$4,798		\$5,455		\$5,276		
Nonperforming loans as a % of total loans	0.58	%	0.65	%	0.42	%	0.53	%	0.52	%	
Nonperforming assets as a % of total assets	0.38	%	0.42	%	0.32	%	0.37	%	0.36	%	

After a loan is 90 days past due, it is generally placed in nonaccrual status unless it is well secured and in the process of collection. Upon transferring the loans to nonaccrual status, we perform an evaluation to determine the net

realizable value of the underlying collateral. This evaluation is used to help determine if any charge-offs are necessary. Loans may be placed back on accrual status after six months months of continued performance.

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Included in the nonaccrual loan balances above were loans currently classified as TDRs as of:

	June 30	December 31
	2014	2013
Commercial and agricultural	\$2,136	\$833
Residential real estate	791	609
Total	\$2,927	\$1,442

The following table lists individually significant commercial and agricultural loan relationships in nonaccrual status as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. To be classified as individually significant, the recorded investment in nonaccrual loans to each borrower must have exceeded \$1,000 as of the end of either period.

	June 30, 2014		December 31, 2	2013		
	Outstanding	Specific	Outstanding	Specific		
	Balance	Allocation	Balance	Allocation		
Borrower 1	\$1,111	\$	\$ —	\$ —		
Others not individually significant	3,476		3,244			
Total	\$4,587		\$3,244			

¹ No specific allocation was established as the loan was collateral dependent and the net realizable value of the underlying collateral value exceeded the loan's carrying balance.

Additional disclosures about nonaccrual loans are included in "Note 5 – Loans and ALLL" of our interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

We continue to devote considerable attention to identifying impaired loans and adjusting the net carrying value of these loans to their current net realizable values through the establishment of a specific reserve or the recording of a charge-off. We believe that all loans deemed to be impaired have been identified.

We believe that the level of the ALLL is appropriate as of June 30, 2014 and we will continue to closely monitor overall credit quality and our policies and procedures related to the analysis of the ALLL to ensure that the ALLL remains appropriate.

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Noninterest Income and Noninterest Expenses

Noninterest income consists of service charges and fees, gains on sale of mortgage loans, earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies, gains and losses on sales of AFS securities, and other income. Significant account balances are highlighted in the following table with additional descriptions of significant fluctuations:

	Three Mont	hs Ended June 30)		
			Change		
	2014	2013	\$	%	
Service charges and fees					
NSF and overdraft fees	\$552	\$558	\$(6) (1.08)%
ATM and debit card fees	534	489	45	9.20	%
Freddie Mac servicing fee	180	187	(7) (3.74)%
Service charges on deposit accounts	89	95	(6) (6.32)%
Net OMSRs income (loss)	(28) 88	(116) (131.82)%
All other	33	28	5	17.86	%
Total service charges and fees	1,360	1,445	(85) (5.88)%
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	151	249	(98) (39.36)%
Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies	190	190	_	_	%
Gains (losses) on sale of AFS securities	_	_		_	%
Other					
Trust and brokerage advisory fees	519	483	36	7.45	%
Other	214	369	(155) (42.01)%
Total other	733	852	(119) (13.97)%
Total noninterest income	\$2,434	\$2,736	\$(302) (11.04)%
	Six Months	Ended June 30			
			Change		
	2014	2013	\$	%	
Service charges and fees					
NSF and overdraft fees	\$1,065	\$1,074	\$(9) (0.84)%
ATM and debit card fees	1,021	944	77	8.16	%
Freddie Mac servicing fee	363	371	(8) (2.16)%
Service charges on deposit accounts	175	185	(10) (5.41)%
Net OMSRs income (loss)	63	96	(33) (34.38)%
All other	67	56	11	19.64	%
Total service charges and fees	2,754	2,726	28	1.03	%
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	266	607	(341) (56.18)%
Earnings on corporate owned life insurance policies	374	359	15	4.18	%
Gains (losses) on sale of AFS securities	_	99	(99) (100.00)%
Other			`	, (,
Trust and brokerage advisory fees	1,026	893	133	14.89	%
Other	263	499	(236) (47.29)%
Total other	1,289	1,392	(103) (7.40)%
Total noninterest income	\$4,683	\$5,183	\$(500) (9.65)%
		•	•	, ,	•

Significant changes in noninterest income are detailed below:

As customers continue to increase their dependence on ATM and debit cards, we have realized a corresponding increase in fees. We do not anticipate significant changes to our ATM and debit fee structure; however, we do expect that these fees will continue to increase as the usage of ATM and debit cards increase.

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Offering rates on residential mortgage loans is the most significant driver behind fluctuations in the gain on sale of mortgage loans and net OMSRs income (loss). As offering rates increase, we typically experience reductions in the gain on sale of mortgage loans. Offsetting these declines are increases in the value of our mortgage servicing portfolio which typically leads to the increase in net OMSRs income. As a result of the lack of demand in residential mortgage loan originations, we are experiencing declines in both the gain on sale of mortgage loans and net OMSRs income (loss). As mortgage rates are expected to approximate current levels in the foreseeable future and purchase money mortgage activity will likely remain soft, we do not anticipate any significant changes in origination volumes or the gain on sale of mortgage loans.

We are continually analyzing our AFS securities for potential sale opportunities. These analyses identified several mortgage-backed securities pools in 2013 that made economic sense to sell. Currently we are not planning any significant investment sales during 2014.

In recent periods, we have invested considerable efforts to increase our market share in trust and brokerage advisory services. These efforts have translated into increases in trust fees and brokerage and advisory fees. We expect this trend to continue.

The fluctuations in all other income is spread throughout various categories, none of which are individually significant. We do not anticipate any significant fluctuations from current levels in 2014.

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Noninterest expenses include compensation and benefits, furniture and equipment, occupancy, and other expenses. Significant account balances are highlighted in the following table with additional descriptions of significant fluctuations:

Tructuur on St	Three Months Ended June 30									
			Change							
	2014	2013	\$	%						
Compensation and benefits										
Employee salaries	\$4,046	\$3,844	\$202	5.25	%					
Employee benefits	1,339	1,392	(53) (3.81)%					
Total compensation and benefits	5,385	5,236	149	2.85	%					
Furniture and equipment										
Service contracts	591	534	57	10.67	%					
Depreciation	449	459	(10) (2.18)%					
ATM and debit card fees	166	185	(19) (10.27)%					
All other	13	14	(1) (7.14)%					
Total furniture and equipment	1,219	1,192	27	2.27	%					
Occupancy										
Outside services	168	151	17	11.26	%					
Depreciation	174	165	9	5.45	%					
Utilities	119	119	_		%					
Property taxes	131	134	(3) (2.24)%					
All other	84	72	12	16.67	%					
Total occupancy	676	641	35	5.46	%					
Other										
Marketing and community relations	211	432	(221) (51.16)%					
FDIC insurance premiums	221	273	(52) (19.05)%					
Directors fees	183	205	(22) (10.73)%					
Audit and related fees	182	162	20	12.35	%					
Education and travel	143	116	27	23.28	%					
Postage and freight	90	94	(4) (4.26)%					
Printing and supplies	87	99	(12) (12.12)%					
Loan underwriting fees	92	123	(31) (25.20)%					
Consulting fees	76	83	(7) (8.43)%					
All other	735	668	67	10.03	%					
Total other	2,020	2,255	(235) (10.42)%					
Total noninterest expenses	\$9,300	\$9,324	\$(24) (0.26)%					
52										
J 4										

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	Six Months Ended June 30						
			Change				
	2014	2013	\$		%		
Compensation and benefits							
Employee salaries	\$8,088	\$7,720	\$368		4.77	%	
Employee benefits	2,783	2,961	(178)	(6.01)%	
Total compensation and benefits	10,871	10,681	190		1.78	%	
Furniture and equipment							
Service contracts	1,211	1,070	141		13.18	%	
Depreciation	894	923	(29)	(3.14)%	
ATM and debit card fees	354	353	1		0.28	%	
All other	28	35	(7)	(20.00)%	
Total furniture and equipment	2,487	2,381	106		4.45	%	
Occupancy							
Outside services	375	321	54		16.82	%	
Depreciation	348	326	22		6.75	%	
Utilities	275	255	20		7.84	%	
Property taxes	265	269	(4)	(1.49)%	
All other	155	135	20		14.81	%	
Total occupancy	1,418	1,306	112		8.58	%	
Other							
Marketing and community relations	454	674	(220)	(32.64)%	
FDIC insurance premiums	423	545	(122)	(22.39)%	
Directors fees	378	404	(26)	(6.44)%	
Audit and related fees	320	301	19		6.31	%	
Education and travel	264	238	26		10.92	%	
Postage and freight	198	193	5		2.59	%	
Printing and supplies	189	185	4		2.16	%	
Loan underwriting fees	187	239	(52)	(21.76)%	
Consulting fees	167	155	12		7.74	%	
All other	1,430	1,213	217		17.89	%	
Total other	4,010	4,147	(137)	(3.30)%	
Total noninterest expenses	\$18,786	\$18,515	\$271		1.46	%	

Significant changes in noninterest expenses are detailed below:

Employee salaries have increased as a result of normal merit increases and additional staffing required by our continued growth. The decline in employee benefits is related to health care costs as a result of lower than anticipated claims. Employee benefits are expected to increase moderately in future periods as a result of anticipated increases in health care costs.

Service contracts have increased during 2014 due to costs related to data lines as well as increases in various other contracts as we continue to expand our on-line services offered to customers. Service contracts are anticipated to approximate current levels for the remainder of 2014.

We have consistently been a strong supporter of the various communities, schools, and charities in the markets we serve. We sponsor a foundation, which we established in 1996, that is funded by discretionary donations. The affiliated foundation provides centralized oversight for donations to organizations that benefit our communities. Included in marketing and community relations were discretionary donations to the foundation of \$0 and \$200 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

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Total

FDIC insurance premiums increased in 2013 as a result of us receiving less of a refund for prepaid FDIC insurance premiums than we had anticipated. FDIC insurance premiums have returned to normalized levels and are anticipated to approximate current levels for the remainder of 2014.

Loan underwriting fees have declined in 2014 as a result of declines in residential real estate loan originations. The fluctuations in all other expenses are spread throughout various categories, none of which are individually significant.

significant.	noughout variot	is categories, non	e or which are	, 111	arviduarry	
Analysis of Changes in Financial Condition						
Analysis of Changes in Financial Condition	June 30	December 31			% Change	
	2014	2013	\$ Change		(unannualize	ed)
ASSETS	2011	2013			(unumuunze	<i>(</i>)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$27,380	\$41,558	\$(14,178)	(34.12)%
Certificates of deposit held in other financial			+ (- 1,- / -	,	(==	,,-
institutions	580	580	_		_	
Trading securities	_	525	(525)	(100.00)%
AFS securities						
Amortized cost of AFS securities	546,102	517,614	28,488		5.50	%
Unrealized Gains (losses) on AFS securities	4,416	(5,552)	9,968		N/M	
AFS securities	550,518	512,062	38,456		7.51	%
Mortgage loans AFS	340	1,104	(764)	(69.20)%
Loans			•		•	
Gross loans	816,307	808,037	8,270		1.02	%
Less allowance for loan and lease losses	10,700	11,500	(800))	(6.96)%
Net loans	805,607	796,537	9,070		1.14	%
Premises and equipment	25,701	25,719	(18)	(0.07)%
Corporate owned life insurance policies	24,775	24,401	374		1.53	%
Accrued interest receivable	5,448	5,442	6		0.11	%
Equity securities without readily determinable fair	19,303	18,293	1,010		5.52	%
values	19,303	10,293	1,010		3.32	70
Goodwill and other intangible assets	46,216	46,311	(95)	(0.21)%
Other assets	16,267	20,605	(4,338)	(21.05)%
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,522,135	\$1,493,137	\$28,998		1.94	%
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	<i>Y</i>					
Liabilities						
Deposits	\$1,060,928	\$1,043,766	\$17,162		1.64	%
Borrowed funds	279,457	279,326	131		0.05	%
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	10,651	9,436	1,215		12.88	%
Total liabilities	1,351,036	1,332,528	18,508		1.39	%
Shareholders' equity	171,099	160,609	10,490		6.53	%
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'	\$1,522,135	\$1,493,137	\$28,998		1.94	%
EQUITY	Ψ1,322,133	Ψ1,173,137	Ψ20,270		1.71	70
The following table outlines the changes in loans:						
	June 30	December 31	\$ Change		% Change	
	2014	2013	Č		(unannualize	
Commercial	\$407,791	\$392,104	\$15,687		4.00	%
Agricultural	97,661	92,589	5,072		5.48	%
Residential real estate	278,545	289,931	(11,386	-	(3.93)%
Consumer	32,310	33,413	(1,103)	(3.30)%

\$816,307

%

1.02

\$8,270

\$808,037

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The following table displays loan balances as of:

	June 30	March 31	December 31	September 30	June 30
	2014	2014	2013	2013	2013
Commercial	\$407,791	\$399,702	\$392,104	\$388,973	\$389,044
Agricultural	97,661	92,059	92,589	92,927	87,516
Residential real estate	278,545	284,586	289,931	291,825	293,158
Consumer	32,310	32,064	33,413	34,124	33,734
Total	\$816,307	\$808,411	\$808,037	\$807,849	\$803,452

We continue to see declines in residential real estate loans which have been offset by increases in commercial and agricultural loans. This trend is likely to continue as the demand for residential real estate loans is anticipated to remain soft due to continuing uncertainty in the residential real estate markets, increases in interest rates, and the implementation of CFPB underwriting guidelines.

The following table outlines the changes in deposits:

		June 30	December 31	\$ Change	% Change		
		2014	2013	5 Change	(unannualized)		
Noninterest bearing demand depos	its	\$162,537	\$158,428	\$4,109	2.59	%	
Interest bearing demand deposits		186,705	192,089	(5,384)	(2.80)%	
Savings deposits		260,038	243,237	16,801	6.91	%	
Certificates of deposit		346,200	362,473	(16,273)	(4.49)%	
Brokered certificates of deposit		75,031	56,329	18,702	33.20	%	
Internet certificates of deposit		30,417	31,210	(793)	(2.54)%	
Total		\$1,060,928	\$1,043,766	\$17,162	1.64	%	
The following table displays depos	sit balances as	of:					
	June 30	March 31	December 31	September 30	June 30		
	2014	2014	2013	2013	2013		
Noninterest bearing demand deposits	\$162,537	\$158,241	\$158,428	\$143,013	\$139,942		
Interest bearing demand deposits	186,705	194,407	192,089	186,630	173,184		
Savings deposits	260,038	261,444	243,237	245,217	248,098		
Certificates of deposit	346,200	356,847	362,473	366,349	368,713		
Brokered certificates of deposit	75,031	65,273	56,329	51,410	57,701		
Internet certificates of deposit	30,417	29,723	31,210	31,312	33,786		

While deposits declined in the second quarter of 2014, deposits have grown considerably since June 30, 2013. As a result of the current interest rate environment, we continue to see declines in certificates of deposits, but these declines have been offset by increases in noninterest bearing demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and savings accounts. We expect this trend to continue for the foreseeable future.

\$1,065,935

\$1,043,766

\$1,023,931

\$1,021,424

\$1,060,928

Total

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The current interest rate environment has made it almost impossible to increase net interest income without increasing earning assets. As deposit growth has generally outpaced loan demand, we continue to deploy deposits into purchases of AFS securities to provide additional interest income. We anticipate that future increases in our AFS securities will be in the form of mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations. The following table displays fair values of AFS securities as of:

	June 30	March 31	December 31	September 30	June 30
	2014	2014	2013	2013	2013
Government sponsored enterprises	\$24,104	\$23,883	\$23,745	\$24,155	\$24,249
States and political subdivisions	214,210	219,644	201,988	193,786	187,302
Auction rate money market preferred	2,867	2,755	2,577	2,639	2,943
Preferred stocks	6,214	6,053	5,827	6,144	6,559
Mortgage-backed securities	162,992	157,856	144,115	146,393	149,407
Collateralized mortgage obligations	s 140,131	144,953	133,810	127,940	128,964
Total	\$550,518	\$555,144	\$512,062	\$501,057	\$499,424
The following table displays borrow	wed funds balanc	es as of:			
	June 30	March 31	December 31	September 30	June 30
	2014	2014	2013	2013	2013
FHLB advances	\$182,000	\$162,000	\$162,000	\$162,000	\$162,000
Securities sold under agreements to)				
repurchase without stated maturity	87,058	94,741	106,025	81,405	71,668
dates					
Securities sold under agreements to)				
repurchase with stated maturity	1,199	1,195	11,301	16,296	16,292
dates					
Federal funds purchased	9,200	14,600	_	6,300	12,500
Total	\$279,457	\$272,536	\$279,326	\$266,001	\$262,460
Capital					

Capital consists solely of common stock, retained earnings, and accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). We are currently authorized to raise capital through dividend reinvestment, employee and director stock purchases, and shareholder stock purchases. Pursuant to these authorizations, we issued 76,341 shares or \$1,778 of common stock during the first six months of 2014, as compared to 77,568 shares or \$1,900 of common stock during the same period in 2013. We also offer the Directors Plan in which participants either directly purchase stock or purchase stock units through deferred fees, in lieu of cash payments. Pursuant to this plan, we increased shareholders' equity by \$237 and \$258 during the six month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

We have approved a publicly announced common stock repurchase plan. Pursuant to this plan, we repurchased 70,334 shares or \$1,648 of common stock compared to 45,825 shares for \$1,114 during the first six months of 2014 and 2013, respectively. As of June 30, 2014, we were authorized to repurchase up to an additional 66,812 shares of common stock.

There are no significant regulatory constraints placed on our capital. The FRB's current recommended minimum primary capital to assets requirement is 6.00%. Our primary capital to adjusted average assets, which consists of shareholders' equity plus the ALLL acquisition intangibles, was 8.50% as of June 30, 2014.

The FRB has established minimum risk based capital guidelines. Pursuant to these guidelines, a framework has been established that assigns risk weights to each category of on and off balance sheet items to arrive at risk adjusted total assets. Regulatory capital is divided by the risk adjusted assets with the resulting ratio compared to the minimum standard to determine whether a corporation has adequate capital. The minimum standard is 8.00%, of which at least 4.00% must consist of equity capital net of goodwill. The following table sets forth the percentages required under the Risk Based Capital guidelines and our values as of:

Required

	June 30 2014	December 3 2013	1			
Equity Capital	13.84	% 13.67	% 4.00	%		
Secondary Capital	1.25	% 1.25	% 4.00	%		
Total Capital	15.09	% 14.92	% 8.00	%		
56						

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Secondary capital includes only the ALLL. The percentage for the secondary capital under the required column is the maximum amount allowed from all sources.

The FRB and FDIC also prescribe minimum capital requirements for Isabella Bank. At June 30, 2014, the Bank exceeded these minimum capital requirements. On July 2, 2013, the FRB published revised BASEL III Capital standards for banks. The rules redefine what is included or deducted from equity capital, changes risk weighting for certain on and off-balance sheet assets, increases the minimum required equity capital to be considered well capitalized, and introduces a capital cushion buffer. The rules, which will be gradually phased in between 2015 and 2019, are not expected to have a material impact on our operations.

Contractual Obligations and Loan Commitments

We are party to credit related financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk. These financial instruments are entered into in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of our customers. These financial instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets. The contract or notional amounts of these instruments reflect the extent of involvement we have in a particular class of financial instrument.

The following table summarizes our credit related financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk as of:

	June 30	December 31
	2014	2013
Unfunded commitments under lines of credit	\$111,348	\$121,959
Commercial and standby letters of credit	4,189	4,169
Commitments to grant loans	24,722	29,096
Total	\$140,259	\$155,224

Unfunded commitments under lines of credit are commitments for possible future extensions of credit to existing customers. These commitments may expire without being drawn upon. Therefore, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

Commercial and standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support private borrowing arrangements, including commercial paper, bond financing, and similar transactions. These commitments to extend credit and letters of credit generally mature within one year. The credit risk involved in these transactions is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to customers. We evaluate each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary upon the extension of credit, is based on a credit evaluation of the borrower. While we consider standby letters of credit to be guarantees, the amount of the liability related to such guarantees on the commitment date is not significant and a liability related to such guarantees is not recorded on the consolidated balance sheets.

Commitments to grant loans are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The amount of collateral obtained, if it is deemed necessary, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer. Commitments to grant loans include loans committed to be sold to the secondary market. Our exposure to credit-related loss in the event of nonperformance by the counter parties to the financial instruments for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit could be up to the contractual notional amount of those instruments. We use the same credit policies as we do for extending loans to customers. No significant losses are anticipated as a result of these commitments.

Fair Value

We utilize fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. Trading securities, AFS securities, and certain liabilities are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Additionally, from time-to-time, we may be required to record at fair value other assets on a nonrecurring basis, such as mortgage loans AFS, foreclosed assets, OMSRs, and certain other assets and liabilities. These nonrecurring fair value adjustments typically involve the application of lower of cost or market accounting or write-downs of individual assets.

For further information regarding fair value measurements see "Note 11 – Fair Value" of our notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Liquidity

Liquidity is monitored regularly by our Market Risk Committee, which consists of members of senior management. The committee reviews projected cash flows, key ratios, and liquidity available from both primary and secondary sources.

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposit held in other financial institutions, trading securities, and AFS securities. These categories totaled \$578,478 or 38.00% of assets as of June 30, 2014 as compared to \$554,725 or 37.15% as of December 31, 2013. Liquidity is important for financial institutions because of their need to meet loan funding commitments, depositor withdrawal requests, and various other commitments including expansion of operations, investment opportunities, and payment of cash dividends. Liquidity varies significantly daily, based on customer activity.

Our primary source of funds is deposit accounts. We also have the ability to borrow from the FHLB, the FRB, and through various correspondent banks in the form of federal funds purchased. These funding methods typically carry a higher interest rate than traditional market deposit accounts. Some borrowed funds, including FHLB advances, FRB Discount Window advances, and repurchase agreements, require us to pledge assets, typically in the form of certificates of deposits held in other financial institutions, trading securities, AFS securities, or loans as collateral. As of June 30, 2014, we had available lines of credit of \$84,668.

The following table summarizes our sources and uses of cash for the six month periods ended June 30:

	2014	2013	\$ variance	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$11,002	\$14,594	\$(3,592)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(39,043) (40,760) 1,717	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	13,863	22,612	(8,749)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(14,178) (3,554) (10,624)
Cash and cash equivalents January 1	41,558	24,920	16,638	
Cash and cash equivalents June 30	\$27,380	\$21,366	\$6,014	
3.6 1 70.1				

Market Risk

Our primary market risks are interest rate risk and liquidity risk. We have no significant foreign exchange risk and do not utilize interest rate swaps or derivatives, except for interest rate locks and forward loan commitments, in the management of IRR. Any changes in foreign exchange rates or commodity prices would have an insignificant impact on our interest income and cash flows.

IRR is the exposure of our net interest income to changes in interest rates. IRR results from the difference in the maturity or repricing frequency of a financial institution's interest earning assets and its interest bearing liabilities. IRR is the fundamental method by which financial institutions earn income and create shareholder value. Excessive exposure to IRR could pose a significant risk to our earnings and capital.

The FRB has adopted a policy requiring us to effectively manage the various risks that can have a material impact on our safety and soundness. The risks include credit, interest rate, liquidity, operational, and reputational. We have policies, procedures, and internal controls for measuring and managing these risks. Specifically, our Funds Management policy and procedures include defining acceptable types and terms of investments and funding sources, liquidity requirements, limits on investments in long term assets, limiting the mismatch in repricing opportunity of assets and liabilities, and the frequency of measuring and reporting to our Board.

The primary technique to measure IRR is simulation analysis. Simulation analysis forecasts the effects on the balance sheet structure and net interest income under a variety of scenarios that incorporate changes in interest rates, the shape of yield curves, interest rate relationships, and loan prepayments. These forecasts are compared against net interest income projected in a stable interest rate environment. While many assets and liabilities reprice either at maturity or in accordance with their contractual terms, several balance sheet components demonstrate characteristics that require an evaluation to more accurately reflect their repricing behavior. Key assumptions in the simulation analysis include prepayments on loans, probable calls of investment securities, changes in market conditions, loan volumes and loan pricing, deposit sensitivity, and customer preferences. These assumptions are inherently uncertain as they are subject to fluctuation and revision in a dynamic environment. As a result, the simulation analysis cannot precisely forecast the impact of rising and falling interest rates on net interest income. Actual results will differ from simulated results due

to many other factors, including changes in balance sheet components, interest rate changes, changes in market conditions, and management strategies.

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Our interest rate sensitivity is estimated by first forecasting the next 12 and 24 months of net interest income under an assumed environment of a constant balance sheet and constant market interest rates (base case). We then compare the results of various simulation analyses to the base case. At June 30, 2014, we projected the change in net interest income during the next 12 and 24 months assuming market interest rates were to immediately decrease by 100 basis points and increase by 100, 200, 300, and 400 basis points in a parallel fashion over the entire yield curve during the same time period. We did not project scenarios showing decreases in interest rates beyond 100 basis points as this is considered extremely unlikely given current interest rate levels. These projections were based on our assets and liabilities remaining static over the next 12 and 24 months, while factoring in probable calls and prepayments of certain investment securities and real estate residential and consumer loans. While it is extremely unlikely that interest rates would immediately increase to these levels, we feel that these extreme scenarios help us identify potential gaps and mismatches in the repricing characteristics of assets and liabilities. We regularly monitor our projected net interest income sensitivity to ensure that it remains within established limits.

The following table summarizes our interest rate sensitivity for the:

	12 Mor	nths Ending J	une 30, 2	2015			
Immediate basis point change assumption (short-term)	(100)	0	100	200	300	400	
Percent change in net interest income vs. constant rates	(2.30)% —	(0.66)% (1.52)% (2.92)% (4.46)%
	24 Mor	nths Ending J	une 30, 2	2016			
Immediate basis point change assumption (short-term)	(100)	0	100	200	300	400	
Percent change in net interest income vs. constant rates	(2.19)% —	(1.10)% (1.14)% (1.98)% (3.30)%
	12 Mo	nths Ending l	Decembe	er 31, 2014			
Immediate basis point change assumption (short-term)	(100)	0	100	200	300	400	
Percent change in net interest income vs. constarrates	nt (2.85)% —	0.25	% (0.28)% (0.99)% (2.16)%
	24 M	onths Ending	Decemb	per 31, 2015			
Immediate basis point change assumption (short-term)	(100)	0	100	200	300	400	
Percent change in net interest income vs. constarrates	nt (3.24)% —	0.04	% 0.29	% 0.41	% (0.35)%

The following tables provide information about assets and liabilities that are sensitive to changes in interest rates as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The principal amounts of investments, loans, other interest earning assets, borrowings, and time deposits maturing were calculated based on the contractual maturity dates. Estimated cash flows for savings and NOW accounts are based on our estimated deposit decay rates.

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	June 30,	201	14											
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	Thereafte	er	Total		Fair Value
Rate sensitive assets														Varae
Other interest bearing assets	\$1,136		\$240		\$100		\$—		\$	\$ —		\$1,476		\$1,476
Average interest rates	0.40	%	1.05	%	0.35	%	_		_	_		0.50	%	
Trading securities Average interest	\$ —	01	\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$—	\$ —		\$ —	01	\$ —
rates	<u> —</u>		—		— Ф 71 562		<u></u>		<u></u>	<u>—</u>		<u></u>	%	Φ.550.510
AFS securities Average interest	\$141,652		\$82,697		\$71,563		\$50,596		\$44,848	\$159,162		\$550,518		\$550,518
rates	1.06	%	2.24	%	2.37	%	2.34	%	2.50 %	2.58	%	2.08	%	
Fixed interest rate loans (1)	\$233,285	5	\$146,050)	\$102,598	3	\$63,483		\$37,076	\$54,377		\$636,869)	\$623,410
Average interest rates	4.91	%	4.74	%	4.55	%	4.32	%	4.50 %	4.26	%	4.67	%	
Variable interest rate loans (1)	\$99,126		\$29,335		\$18,636		\$13,074		\$12,550	\$6,717		\$179,438	3	\$179,438
Average interest rates Rate sensitive	4.41	%	4.02	%	3.56	%	3.41	%	3.38 %	3.42	%	4.08	%	
liabilities														
Borrowed funds	\$149,457	7	\$10,000		\$30,000		\$40,000		\$30,000	\$20,000		\$279,457	7	\$263,604
Average interest rates	0.33	%	1.23	%	1.88	%	2.46	%	2.72 %	2.94	%	1.28	%	
Savings and NOW accounts	\$39,720		\$35,807		\$32,172		\$28,932		\$26,050	\$284,062	2	\$446,743	3	\$446,743
Average interest rates	0.11	%	0.11	%	0.11	%	0.11	%	0.11 %	0.11	%	0.11	%	
Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit	\$216,946	5	\$76,320		\$53,302		\$62,795		\$22,567	\$18,601		\$450,531	1	\$452,341
Average interest rates	0.88	%	1.86	%	1.76	%	1.38	%	1.49 %	1.57	%	1.28	%	
Variable interest rate certificates of deposit	\$878		\$239		\$—		\$ —		\$—	\$—		\$1,117		\$1,117
Average interest rates	0.40	%	0.40	%	_		_		_	_		0.40	%	
	Decemb	er	31, 2013											г.
	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	Thereafte	r	Total		Fair Value
Rate sensitive asse	ets													
Other interest bearing assets	\$19,903	3	\$480		\$—		\$—		\$—	\$		\$20,383		\$20,385
3	0.25	9	6 1.15	%	_		_			_		0.27	%	

Average interest														
rates														
Trading securities	\$525		\$—		\$—		\$—		\$ —	\$ —		\$525		\$525
Average interest rates	2.77	%	_		_		_		_	_		2.77	%	
AFS securities	\$131,89	2	\$73,723	3	\$63,190)	\$52,078		\$37,972	\$153,20	7	\$512,062	2	\$512,062
Average interest rates	2.26	%	2.23	%	2.42	%	2.48	%	2.48	2.80	%	2.48	%	
Fixed interest rate loans (1)	\$115,183	3	\$94,84	1	\$91,140)	\$118,479)	\$85,448	\$134,61	4	\$639,70	5	\$639,914
Average interest rates	5.31	%	5.17	%	4.93	%	4.53	%	4.33	4.33	%	4.75	%	
Variable interest rate loans (1)	\$69,036		\$29,460	O	\$20,332	2	\$14,208		\$15,699	\$19,597		\$168,332	2	\$168,332
Average interest rates	4.76	%	3.90	%	4.06	%	3.36	%	3.35	3.99	%	4.19	%	
Rate sensitive liabilities														
Borrowed funds	\$126,950	\mathbf{C}	\$32,370	6	\$10,000)	\$30,000		\$40,000	\$40,000)	\$279,320	6	\$283,060
Average interest rates	0.43	%	0.86	%	2.15	%	1.95	%	2.35	3.02	%	1.35	%	
Savings and NOW accounts	\$47,000		\$33,569	9	\$30,200)	\$27,198		\$24,522	\$272,83	7	\$435,320	6	\$435,326
Average interest rates	0.19	%	0.12	%	0.11	%	0.11	%	0.11	0.11	%	0.12	%	
Fixed interest rate certificates of deposit	\$206,51	4	\$81,038	8	\$58,627	7	\$46,336		\$39,214	\$17,144		\$448,873	3	\$451,664
Average interest rates	0.89	%	1.93	%	1.95	%	1.63	%	1.34	5 1.66	%	1.36	%	
Variable interest rate certificates of deposit	\$764		\$375		\$ —		\$ —		\$—	\$—		\$1,139		\$1,139
ucposit														

⁽¹⁾ The fair value reported is exclusive of the allocation of the ALLL.

We do not believe that there has been a material change in the nature or categories of our primary market risk exposure, or the particular markets that present the primary risk of loss. As of the date of this report, we do not know of or expect there to be any material change in the general nature of our primary market risk exposure in the near term. As of the date of this report, we do not expect to make material changes in those methods in the near term. We may change those methods in the future to adapt to changes in circumstances or to implement new techniques.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The information presented in the section captioned "Market Risk" in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of June 30, 2014, pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Based upon that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2014, were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

During the most recent fiscal quarter, no change occurred in our internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or is likely to materially effect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not involved in any material legal proceedings. We are involved in ordinary, routine litigation incidental to our business; however, no such routine proceedings are expected to result in any material adverse effect on operations, earnings, financial condition, or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (A) None
- (B) None
- (C) Repurchases of Common Stock

We have adopted and publicly announced a common stock repurchase plan. The plan was last amended on October 23, 2013, to allow for the repurchase of an additional 150,000 shares of common stock. These authorizations do not have expiration dates. As shares are repurchased under this plan, they are retired and revert back to the status of authorized, but unissued shares.

The following table provides information for the three month period ended June 30, 2014, with respect to this plan:

	Shares Repurchased		Total Number of	Maximum Number of
	Number	Average Price Per Share	Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan or Program	Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
Balance, March 31				99,981
April 1 - 30	10,389	\$22.91	10,389	89,592
May 1 - 31	12,969	22.75	12,969	76,623
June 1 - 30	9,811	22.83	9,811	66,812
Balance, June 30	33,169	\$22.82	33,169	66,812

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Item 6. Exhibits

- (a) Exhibits
- 31(a) Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Principal Executive Officer
- 31(b) Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by the Principal Financial Officer
- 32 Section 1350 Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer
- 101.1* 101.INS (XBRL Instance Document)
 - 101.SCH (XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document)
 - 101.CAL (XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document)
 - 101.LAB (XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document)
 - 101.DEF (XBRL Taxonomy Linkbase Document)
 - 101.PRE (XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document)

In accordance with Rule 406T of Regulations S-T, the XBRL related information shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be part of any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Isabella Bank Corporation

Date: August 8, 2014 /s/ Jae A. Evans

Jae A. Evans

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 8, 2014 /s/ Dennis P. Angner

Dennis P. Angner

President, Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer, Principal Accounting Officer)