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YES _____ NO X _____

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS: Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, at August 1, 2006: 216,287,442.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

LEUCADIA NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 Consolidated Balance Sheets
 June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005
 (Dollars in thousands, except par value)

	June 30, 2006
	----- (Unaudited)
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 356,94
Investments	1,306,67
Trade, notes and other receivables, net	272,33
Prepays and other current assets	154,42

Total current assets	2,090,36
Restricted cash	133,38
Non-current investments	1,064,04
Notes and other receivables, net	33,85
Intangible assets, net and goodwill	94,64
Deferred tax assets, net	1,009,64
Other assets	157,65
Property, equipment and leasehold improvements, net	405,92
Investments in associated companies	554,29

Total	\$ 5,543,82
	=====
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Trade payables and expense accruals	\$ 156,74
Other current liabilities	14,64
Debt due within one year	410,66
Income taxes payable	16,34

Total current liabilities	598,40
Other non-current liabilities	110,42

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Long-term debt	1,026,57

Total liabilities	1,735,40

Commitments and contingencies	
Minority interest	16,65

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Common shares, par value \$1 per share, authorized 300,000,000 shares; 216,225,442 and 216,058,016 shares issued and outstanding, after deducting 56,875,963 and 56,874,929 shares held in treasury	216,22
Additional paid-in capital	512,79
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(80,41
Retained earnings	3,143,15

Total shareholders' equity	3,791,76

Total	\$ 5,543,82
	=====

See notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

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LEUCADIA NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Operations
For the periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005
(In thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Month Period Ended June 3	
	2006	2005
	----	----
Revenues and Other Income:		
Manufacturing	\$ 118,414	\$ 88,414
Telecommunications	40,145	30,145
Investment and other income	63,303	31,303
Net securities gains	44,418	46,418
	-----	-----
	266,280	197,280
	-----	-----
Expenses:		
Cost of sales:		
Manufacturing	100,276	76,276
Telecommunications	23,411	18,411
Interest	21,601	16,601
Salaries and incentive compensation	34,033	16,033

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Depreciation and amortization	9,356	7,
Selling, general and other expenses	36,578	32,
	-----	-----
	225,255	167,
	-----	-----
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in income of associated companies	41,025	29,
Income taxes	14,952	(1,107,
	-----	-----
Income from continuing operations before equity in income of associated companies	26,073	1,137,
Equity in income of associated companies, net of taxes	9,534	67,
	-----	-----
Income from continuing operations	35,607	1,204,
Income from discontinued operations, net of taxes	1,048	12,
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations, net of taxes	365	54,
	-----	-----
Net income	\$ 37,020	\$1,271,
	=====	=====
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:		
Income from continuing operations	\$.16	\$ 5
Income from discontinued operations	.01	
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations	--	
	----	----
Net income	\$.17	\$ 5
	=====	=====
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:		
Income from continuing operations	\$.16	\$ 5
Income from discontinued operations	.01	
Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations	--	
	----	----
Net income	\$.17	\$ 5
	=====	=====

See notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

LEUCADIA NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

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Net cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:	
Deferred income tax provision (benefit)	
Depreciation and amortization of property, equipment and leasehold improvements	
Other amortization	
Share-based compensation	
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	
Provision for doubtful accounts	
Net securities gains	
Equity in income of associated companies	
Distributions from associated companies	
Net gains related to real estate, property and equipment, and other assets	(
(Gain) loss on disposal of discontinued operations)
Investments classified as trading, net	
Net change in:	
Restricted cash	
Trade, notes and other receivables	
Prepays and other assets	
Trade payables and expense accruals	(
Other liabilities)
Income taxes payable	
Other	
Net cash provided by operating activities	-----

Net cash flows from investing activities:	
Acquisition of property, equipment and leasehold improvements	
Acquisitions of and capital expenditures for real estate investments	
Proceeds from disposals of real estate, property and equipment, and other assets	
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations	
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(
Net change in restricted cash)
Advances on notes receivables	
Collections on notes and loan receivables	
Investments in associated companies	(
Distributions from associated companies)
Purchases of investments (other than short-term)	(2,
Proceeds from maturities of investments	
Proceeds from sales of investments	1,
Net cash used for investing activities	-----

Net cash flows from financing activities:	
Net change in customer banking deposits	
Issuance of long-term debt	
Reduction of long-term debt	
Issuance of common shares	
Purchase of common shares for treasury	
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	
Other	
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	-----

Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	-----
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1,	-----

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Cash and cash equivalents at June 30,

\$

See notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

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LEUCADIA NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
 For the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005
 (In thousands, except par value)
 (Unaudited)

	Common Shares \$1 Par Value -----	Additional Paid-In Capital -----	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) -----
Balance, January 1, 2005	\$ 215,201	\$490,903	\$ 136,138
Comprehensive income:			
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments, net of taxes of \$0			(29,639)
Net change in unrealized foreign exchange gain (loss), net of taxes of \$0			(13,136)
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments, net of taxes of \$0			2,127
Net income			
Comprehensive income			
Exercise of options to purchase common shares	170 -----	1,217 -----	-----
Balance, June 30, 2005	\$ 215,371 =====	\$492,120 =====	\$ 95,490 =====
Balance, January 1, 2006	\$ 216,058	\$501,914	\$ (81,502)
Comprehensive income:			
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments, net of taxes \$1,455			(2,564)
Net change in unrealized foreign exchange gain (loss), net of taxes of \$2,268			3,999
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments, net of taxes of \$198			(349)
Net income			
Comprehensive income			
Share-based compensation expense		9,363	
Exercise of options to purchase common shares, including excess tax benefit	168	1,552	
Purchase of common shares for treasury	(1)	(32)	

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	-----	-----	-----
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 216,225	\$512,797	\$ (80,416)
	=====	=====	=====

See notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

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LEUCADIA NATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

1. The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, which reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring items or items discussed herein) that management believes necessary to present fairly results of interim operations, should be read in conjunction with the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (including the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies) included in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005, which are included in the Company's Annual Report filed on Form 10-K, as amended by Form 10-K/A, for such year (the "2005 10-K"). Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of annual results of operations. The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2005 was extracted from the audited annual financial statements and does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for annual financial statements.

On June 14, 2006, a two-for-one stock split was effected in the form of a 100% stock dividend that was paid to shareholders of record on May 30, 2006. The financial statements (and notes thereto) give retroactive effect to the stock split for all periods presented.

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"), which prescribes the accounting for and disclosure of uncertainty in tax positions. FIN 48 defines the criteria that must be met for the benefits of a tax position to be recognized in the financial statements and the measurement of tax benefits recognized. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with the cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle recorded as an adjustment to opening retained earnings. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48 on its consolidated financial statements.

In July 2006 the Company completed the sale of Symphony Health Services, LLC ("Symphony") and has reclassified Symphony as a discontinued operation in the Company's consolidated financial statements. For more information concerning the sale, see Note 9.

Certain amounts for prior periods have also been reclassified to be

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consistent with the 2006 presentation, and to reflect as discontinued operations WilTel Communications Group, LLC ("WilTel"), which was sold during the fourth quarter of 2005.

2. Results of operations for the Company's segments are reflected from the date of acquisition. The primary measure of segment operating results and profitability used by the Company is income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in income (losses) of associated companies. As a result of the classification of Symphony as a discontinued operation, the Company no longer has a Healthcare Services segment; for information about the Company's new Gaming Entertainment segment, see Note 17.

Certain information concerning the Company's segments for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is presented in the following table.

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Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

	For the Three Month Period Ended June 30	
	2006	2005
	-----	-----
Revenues and other income (a):		
Manufacturing:		
Idaho Timber	\$ 91,743	\$ 63,000
Plastics	27,069	24,000
Telecommunications	41,032	30,000
Gaming Entertainment	842	
Domestic Real Estate	9,748	7,000
Other Operations	9,536	10,000
Corporate	86,310	60,000
	-----	-----
Total consolidated revenues and other income	\$ 266,280	\$ 197,000
	=====	=====
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in income of associated companies:		
Manufacturing:		
Idaho Timber	\$ 4,309	\$ 4,000
Plastics	4,997	4,000
Telecommunications	2,097	
Gaming Entertainment	613	
Domestic Real Estate	3,162	1,000
Other Operations	(10,078)	
Corporate	35,925	25,000
Elimination (b)	--	
	-----	-----
Total consolidated income from continuing		

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operations before income taxes and equity in income
of associated companies

\$ 41,025
=====

\$ 29
=====

- (a) Revenues and other income for each segment include amounts for services rendered and products sold, as well as segment reported amounts classified as investment and other income and net securities gains on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.
- (b) Eliminates services purchased by ATX Communications, Inc. ("ATX") from WilTel and recorded as a cost of sales by ATX.

For the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, income from continuing operations has been reduced by depreciation and amortization expenses of \$13,900,000 and \$10,800,000, respectively; such amounts are primarily comprised of Corporate (\$3,000,000 and \$2,700,000, respectively), manufacturing (\$4,400,000 and \$4,200,000, respectively), other operations (\$3,100,000 and \$1,500,000, respectively) and telecommunications (\$2,300,000 and \$1,800,000, respectively). For the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, income from continuing operations has been reduced by depreciation and amortization expenses of \$25,900,000 and \$17,500,000, respectively; such amounts are primarily comprised of Corporate (\$5,900,000 and \$5,300,000, respectively), manufacturing (\$8,600,000 and \$5,900,000, respectively), other operations (\$4,500,000 and \$3,000,000, respectively) and telecommunications (\$5,100,000 and \$1,800,000, respectively). Depreciation and amortization expenses for other segments are not material.

For the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, income from continuing operations has been reduced by interest expense of \$21,600,000 and \$16,400,000, respectively; such amounts are primarily comprised of Corporate (\$18,100,000 and \$15,600,000, respectively), gaming entertainment (\$3,400,000 in 2006), and other operations (\$400,000 in 2005). For the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, income from continuing operations has been reduced by interest expense of \$38,800,000 and \$33,100,000, respectively; such amounts are primarily comprised of Corporate (\$35,100,000 and \$31,200,000, respectively), gaming entertainment (\$3,400,000 in 2006) and other operations (\$1,000,000 in 2005). Interest expense for other segments is not material.

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

- 3. The following tables provide summarized data with respect to significant investments in associated companies accounted for under the equity method of accounting for the periods the investments were owned by the Company. The information is provided for those investments whose relative significance to the Company could result in the Company including separate audited financial statements for such investments in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 (in thousands).

EagleRock Capital Partners (QP), LP ("EagleRock"):

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Total revenues
 Income (loss) from continuing operations before extraordinary items
 Net income (loss)
 The Company's equity in net income (loss)

Jefferies Partners Opportunity Fund II, LLC ("JPOF II"):

Total revenues
 Income from continuing operations before extraordinary items
 Net income
 The Company's equity in net income

4. A summary of investments at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 is as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2006	
	Amortized Cost ----	Carrying Value and Estimated Fair Value -----
Current Investments:		
Investments available for sale	\$1,192,167	\$1,189,507
Trading securities	103,858	103,395
Other investments, including accrued interest income	13,770	13,770
	-----	-----
Total current investments	\$1,309,795	\$1,306,672
	=====	=====
Non-current Investments:		
Investments available for sale	\$ 840,967	\$ 905,713
Other investments	158,327	158,327
	-----	-----
Total non-current investments	\$ 999,294	\$1,064,040
	=====	=====

During the first quarter of 2006, the Company sold all of its 115,000,000 shares of Level 3 Communications, Inc. common stock that it had received in connection with the sale of WilTel for total proceeds of \$376,600,000 and recorded a pre-tax gain of \$37,400,000.

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

5. A summary of intangible assets, net and goodwill at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 is as follows (in thousands):

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Intangibles:

Customer relationships, net of accumulated amortization of \$11,216 and \$6,686
 Licenses, net of accumulated amortization of \$5 and \$0
 Trademarks and tradename, net of accumulated amortization of \$466 and \$268
 Software, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,211 and \$701
 Patents, net of accumulated amortization of \$220 and \$142
 Other, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,960 and \$1,488

Goodwill

As a result of the acquisition of Premier Entertainment Biloxi, LLC ("Premier") during the second quarter of 2006, the net carrying amount of intangible assets increased by \$11,900,000; see Note 17 for further information. In addition, the net carrying amount of intangible assets, principally customer relationships, increased by \$3,500,000 due to acquisitions by the plastics manufacturing segment and within the other operations segment.

Amortization expense on intangible assets was \$3,000,000 and \$2,700,000, respectively, for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and \$5,800,000 and \$3,000,000, respectively, for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The estimated aggregate future amortization expense for the intangible assets for each of the next five years is as follows: 2006 (for the remaining six months) - \$6,000,000; 2007 - \$10,800,000; 2008 - \$10,300,000; 2009 - \$9,200,000; and 2010 - \$7,600,000.

At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, goodwill was comprised of \$5,800,000 within the telecommunications segment and \$8,200,000 within the plastics manufacturing segment.

6. A summary of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 is as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2006	De
	-----	---
Net unrealized losses on investments	\$ (24,945)	\$
Net unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses)	1,109	
Net unrealized losses on derivative instruments	(1,357)	
Net minimum pension liability	(55,223)	
	-----	---
	\$ (80,416)	\$
	=====	==

7. Investment and other income includes changes in the fair values of derivative financial instruments of \$800,000 and \$(1,300,000) for the three

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month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$1,800,000 and \$(200,000), for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

8. In February 2006, 711 Developer, LLC ("Square 711"), a 90% owned subsidiary of the Company, completed the sale of 8 acres of unimproved land in Washington, D.C. for aggregate cash consideration of \$121,900,000. The land was acquired by Square 711 in September 2003 for cash consideration of \$53,800,000. After satisfaction of mortgage indebtedness on the property of \$32,000,000 and other closing payments, the Company received net cash proceeds of approximately \$75,700,000, and recorded a pre-tax gain of \$48,900,000.

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Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

9. In July 2006, the Company sold Symphony to RehabCare Group, Inc., for aggregate cash consideration of approximately \$101,500,000, subject to working capital adjustments. Including estimated working capital adjustments and after satisfaction of Symphony's outstanding credit agreement (\$31,700,000 at June 30, 2006) and other sale related obligations, the Company expects to realize net cash proceeds of approximately \$62,300,000 and expects to record a pre-tax gain on sale of discontinued operations of approximately \$53,300,000. Results of operations for Symphony for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	For the Three Month Period Ended June 30,	
	2006	2005
	----	----
	(In	
Revenues and other income:		
Healthcare revenues	\$ 55,650	\$ 60,977
Investment and other income	206	103
	55,856	61,080
Expenses:		
Healthcare cost of sales	46,978	51,328
Interest	590	741
Salaries	2,974	3,125
Depreciation and amortization	356	314
Selling, general and other expenses	3,237	4,723
	54,135	60,231
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes	1,721	849
Income taxes	21	(8)

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Income from discontinued operations	\$ 1,700	857
	=====	=====

The Company has not classified Symphony's assets and liabilities as discontinued operations because the balances are not material. Summarized information for Symphony's assets and liabilities is as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2006	

Current assets	\$ 54,219	
Non-current assets	3,839	

Total assets	\$ 58,058	
	=====	
Current liabilities	\$ 17,014	
Non-current liabilities	32,057	

Total liabilities	\$ 49,071	
	=====	

Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations principally reflects working capital adjustments and the resolution of certain sale-related obligations and contingencies related to WilTel, which was sold in the fourth quarter of 2005.

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Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

10. Pension expense charged to operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 related to the defined benefit pension plan (other than WilTel's plan) included the following components (in thousands):

	For the Three Month Period Ended June 30,	

	2006	2005
	----	----
Interest cost	\$ 483	\$ 512
Expected return on plan assets	(266)	(229)
Actuarial loss	236	208

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Amortization of prior service cost	1	1
	-----	-----
Net pension expense	\$ 454	\$ 492
	=====	=====

WilTel's defined benefit pension plan expense charged to operations (classified as discontinued operations in 2005) for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 included the following components (in thousands):

	For the Three Month Period Ended June 30,	
	2006	2005
	-----	-----
Interest cost	\$ 2,487	\$ 2,052
Service cost	--	966
Expected return on plan assets	(1,766)	(1,327)
Actuarial loss	397	11
	-----	-----
Net pension expense	\$ 1,118	\$ 1,702
	=====	=====

Employer contributions to WilTel's defined benefit pension plan were \$42,800,000 during the first six months of 2006; as disclosed in the Company's 2005 10-K such contributions were estimated to aggregate \$29,100,000 for all of 2006. The Company is currently evaluating whether it will make additional contributions during the remainder of 2006.

Several subsidiaries provide certain healthcare and other benefits to certain retired employees under plans which are currently unfunded. The Company pays the cost of postretirement benefits as they are incurred. Amounts charged to expense were not material in each of the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

- Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R, "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"), using the modified prospective method. SFAS 123R requires that the cost of all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options and warrants, be recognized in the financial statements based on their fair values. The cost is recognized as an expense over the vesting period of the award. Prior to adoption of SFAS 123R, no compensation cost was recognized in the statements of operations for the Company's share-based compensation plans; the Company disclosed certain pro forma amounts as required.

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

The fair value of each award is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. As a result of the adoption of SFAS

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123R, compensation cost increased by \$9,000,000 and \$9,400,000, respectively, for the three and six month 2006 periods and net income decreased by \$5,800,000 and \$6,100,000, respectively, for the three and six month 2006 periods. Had the Company used the fair value based accounting method for the three and six month 2005 periods, compensation cost would have been higher by \$500,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively, and primary and diluted earnings per share would not have changed. As of June 30, 2006, total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation plans was \$32,400,000; this cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.5 years.

As of June 30, 2006, the Company has two share-based plans: a fixed stock option plan and a senior executive warrant plan. The fixed stock option plan provides for grants of options or rights to non-employee directors and certain employees up to a maximum grant of 450,000 shares to any individual in a given taxable year. The maximum number of common shares that may be acquired through the exercise of options or rights under this plan cannot exceed 2,519,150. The plan provides for the issuance of stock options and stock appreciation rights at not less than the fair market value of the underlying stock at the date of grant. Options granted to employees under this plan are intended to qualify as incentive stock options to the extent permitted under the Internal Revenue Code and become exercisable in five equal annual instalments starting one year from date of grant. Options granted to non-employee directors become exercisable in four equal annual instalments starting one year from date of grant. No stock appreciation rights have been granted. As of June 30, 2006, 2,495,150 shares were available for grant under the plan. During the three and six month 2006 periods, 24,000 options at \$30.78 per share were granted; during the three and six month 2005 periods, 12,000 options at \$18.03 per share were granted.

The senior executive warrant plan provides for the issuance, subject to shareholder approval, of warrants to purchase up to 2,000,000 common shares to each of the Company's Chairman and President at an exercise price equal to 105% of the closing price per share of a common share on the date of grant. On March 6, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors approved, subject to shareholder approval, the grant of warrants to purchase 2,000,000 common shares to each of the Company's Chairman and President at an exercise price equal to \$28.515 per share (105% of the closing price per share of a common share on that date). In May 2006, shareholder approval was received and the warrants were issued. The warrants expire in 2011 and vest in five equal tranches with 20% vesting on the date shareholder approval was received and an additional 20% vesting in each subsequent year.

The following summary presents the weighted-average assumptions used for grants made during the 2006 and 2005 periods:

	2006	
	Options	Warrants
Risk free interest rate	4.92%	4.95%
Expected volatility	22.78%	23.05%
Expected dividend yield	.81%	.41%
Expected life	4.3 years	4.3 years
Weighted average fair value per grant	\$7.75	\$9.39

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The expected life assumptions were based on historical behavior and incorporated post-vesting forfeitures for each type of award and population identified.

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Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

The following table summarizes information about outstanding stock options at June 30, 2006 and changes during the six months then ended:

	Shares -----	Weighted-Average Exercise Price -----	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years) -----
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	1,955,260	\$17.60	
Granted	24,000	\$30.78	
Exercised	(168,460)	\$ 9.04	
Forfeited	--	\$ --	
Outstanding at June 30, 2006	1,810,800 =====	\$18.57 =====	3.8 =====
Exercisable at June 30, 2006	459,600 =====	\$16.51 =====	3.3 =====

At June 30, 2006, 4,000,000 warrants were outstanding and 800,000 were exercisable; outstanding warrants had an aggregate intrinsic value of \$2,700,000 and exercisable warrants had an aggregate intrinsic value of \$500,000. Both the outstanding and exercisable warrants had a weighted-average remaining contractual term of 4.7 years. No warrants were exercised or forfeited during the six month 2006 period.

12. For the 2006 periods, the Company's effective income tax rate is higher than the federal statutory rate due to state income taxes. The income tax provision for the 2005 periods reflects a credit of \$1,110,000,000 as a result of the reversal of a portion of the valuation allowance for the deferred tax asset. The Company adjusted the valuation allowance since it believed it was more likely than not that it will have future taxable income sufficient to realize that portion of the net deferred tax asset.
13. Basic earnings (loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. To determine diluted earnings (loss) per share, the weighted average number of common shares is adjusted for the incremental weighted average number of shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options and warrants, unless the effect is antidilutive. In addition, the calculations

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of diluted earnings (loss) per share assume the 3 3/4% Convertible Notes are converted into common shares and earnings increased for the interest on such notes, net of the income tax effect, unless the effect is antidilutive. The number of shares used to calculate basic earnings (loss) per share amounts was 216,201,000 and 215,303,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and 216,154,000 and 215,265,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The number of shares used to calculate diluted earnings (loss) per share amounts was 231,777,000 and 231,026,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and 231,482,000 and 231,017,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

14. Cash paid for interest and income taxes (net of refunds) was \$34,600,000 and \$4,500,000, respectively, for the six month period ended June 30, 2006 and \$52,000,000 and \$1,400,000, respectively, for the six month period ended June 30, 2005.
15. Debt due within one year includes \$221,400,000 and \$92,100,000 as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively, relating to repurchase agreements. These fixed rate repurchase agreements have a weighted average interest rate of approximately 5%, mature at various dates through November 2006 and are secured by investments with a carrying value of \$229,900,000.

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Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

16. In April 2006, the Company acquired a 30% limited liability company interest in Goober Drilling, LLC, ("Goober Drilling") for aggregate consideration of \$60,000,000, excluding expenses, and agreed to lend to Goober Drilling, on a secured basis, up to \$80,000,000 to finance new equipment purchases and construction costs, and to repay existing debt. In June 2006, the Company agreed to increase the secured loan amount to an aggregate of \$126,000,000 to finance additional equipment purchases and construction costs. As of June 30, 2006, the outstanding loan amount was \$53,100,000. Goober Drilling is an on-shore contract oil and gas drilling company based in Stillwater, Oklahoma that provides drilling services to exploration and production companies. The Company's investment in Goober Drilling is classified as an investment in an associated company.
17. During the second quarter of 2006, the Company indirectly acquired a controlling voting interest in Premier for an aggregate purchase price of \$90,800,000, excluding expenses. The Company effectively owns approximately 46% of the fully diluted common units of Premier and all of Premier's preferred units, which accrue an annual preferred return of 17%. The Company also acquired Premier's junior subordinated note due August 2012, with an outstanding balance at acquisition of \$13,400,000, and has made an \$8,000,000 12% loan to Premier that matures in May 2007. Premier is the owner of the Hard Rock Hotel & Casino Biloxi ("Hard Rock Biloxi"), located in Biloxi, Mississippi, which was severely damaged prior to opening by Hurricane Katrina and which, pending receipt of insurance proceeds, is to be rebuilt. All of Premier's equity interests are pledged to secure repayment of Premier's outstanding \$160,000,000 principal amount of 10 3/4% First Mortgage Notes due February 1, 2012 (the "Premier Notes"). In addition, the Company agreed to provide up to \$40,000,000 of construction financing to Premier's general contractor by purchasing the contractor's receivables from Premier if the receivables are more than ten days past due.

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The Company has consolidated Premier from the date of acquisition. Based upon the Company's preliminary allocation of the purchase price, it has recorded intangible assets of \$11,900,000, principally related to the license to use the Hard Rock name. The license will be amortized on a straight-line basis over its initial term of 20 years, which term commences upon the opening of the Hard Rock Biloxi. The Company has not completed all of the analyses and studies to finalize its allocation of the purchase price for Premier; it expects to complete its allocation of the purchase price by the end of 2006, and any changes from its initial allocation could affect the values assigned to property and equipment and intangible assets. However, the Company does not expect that the impact of these changes will be material. Unaudited pro forma data is not included for Premier as the amounts were not material.

Prior to Hurricane Katrina, Premier purchased a comprehensive blanket insurance policy providing up to \$181,100,000 in coverage for damage to real and personal property, including business interruption coverage. Premier has reached settlements with various insurance carriers aggregating \$159,800,000 with respect to \$167,100,000 face amount of coverage; the remaining \$14,000,000 face amount of coverage has not been settled and is currently in litigation. As of June 30, 2006, paid insurance settlements aggregating \$111,900,000 (\$121,500,000 as of August 7, 2006) have been placed on deposit into restricted accounts held by the indenture trustee of the Premier Notes; proceeds from the remaining insurance policies that have been settled are expected to be received before the end of August. The restricted accounts held by the trustee are classified as restricted cash in the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

Hurricane Katrina completely destroyed the Hard Rock Biloxi's casino, which was a facility built on floating barges, and caused significant damage to the hotel and related structures. The threat of hurricanes remains a significant risk to the existing facilities and to the new casino, which will be constructed over water on concrete pilings that are expected to greatly improve the structural integrity of the facility. In July 2006, Premier purchased a new insurance policy providing up to \$149,300,000 in coverage for damage to real and personal property and up to the lesser of six months or \$30,000,000 of business interruption and delayed opening coverage. The coverage is syndicated through several insurance carriers, each with an A.M. Best Rating of A- (Excellent) or better. The policy provides coverage for the existing structures, as well as for the repair and rebuild of the hotel, low rise building and parking garage and the construction of the new

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

casino. Although the insurance policy is an "all risk" policy, weather catastrophe occurrence ("WCO"), which is defined to include damage caused by a named storm, is limited to \$50,000,000 with a deductible equal to the greater of \$7,000,000 or 5% of total insured values at risk. WCO coverage is subject to mandatory reinstatement of coverage for an additional pre-determined premium.

Since the WCO coverage purchased by Premier is substantially less than the coverage in place prior to Hurricane Katrina, Premier has more exposure to property damage resulting from similar catastrophic storms. However, Premier's assessment of the probability of a similar type of loss occurring during the remainder of this year's hurricane season is remote, an assessment based in large part on the less severe damage sustained to the

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non-casino facilities from Hurricane Katrina last year, and the amount of new construction that will be at risk during the balance of this hurricane season. Premiums for WCO policies have increased dramatically as a result of Hurricane Katrina, and the amount of coverage that can be purchased has also been reduced as insurance companies seek to reduce their exposure to such events.

On May 5, 2006, a subsidiary of the Company commenced a tender offer for all of the Premier Notes at a price equal to 101% of par value, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase. The tender offer satisfied Premier's obligation under the indenture to make such an offer upon a change of control; the offer expired on June 9, 2006 without any Premier Notes being tendered. On June 30, 2006, Premier commenced a tender offer to purchase up to \$94,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Premier Notes at a price equal to 100% of par value, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase, as required under the indenture for the Premier Notes as a result of the payment of a specified amount of insurance proceeds. Contemporaneous with the commencement of Premier's offer, the Company commenced a tender offer for all of the Premier Notes at a price equal to 101% of the par value of the Premier Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase. The Company's offer was intended to enable Premier to have the maximum amount of insurance proceeds available to it to finance the opening of the Hard Rock Biloxi while still providing the holders of the Premier Notes with the opportunity to sell all of their Premier Notes without commission or expense associated with any such sale. Both tender offers expired on August 2, 2006 without any Premier Notes being tendered. Upon the payment of certain additional insurance proceeds expected during the third quarter of 2006, Premier may be required to make another tender offer for the Premier Notes up to the aggregate amount of additional insurance proceeds paid. In the event Premier is required to make another tender offer, the Company has also agreed, under certain conditions, to make a tender offer for all of the Premier Notes at a price equal to 101% of par value. The Company has classified the Premier Notes as a current payable as of June 30, 2006.

Premier has made a proposal to the trustee of the Premier Notes to exercise its discretion, subject to court approval, to allow Premier to use the insurance proceeds held by the trustee to repair, rebuild and open the Hard Rock Biloxi and to pay certain claims. The proposal assumes that funds would not be needed to purchase the Premier Notes pursuant to Premier's tender offer described above, and included a revised plan and budget for the reconstruction and repair of the Hard Rock Biloxi, along with financial and other information to assist the trustee in its evaluation of Premier's proposal, and certain other information as required under the indenture and related documents governing the Premier Notes. On June 30, 2006, the trustee filed a petition with the State of Minnesota District Court, Second Judicial District, Ramsey County, seeking to authorize the trustee to take all actions reasonable or necessary to consummate Premier's proposal. A hearing on this matter is expected to take place in August 2006.

Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

18. In June 2006, the Company entered into an agreement to sell ATX to Broadview Networks Holdings, Inc. Closing of the transaction is subject to receipt of required regulatory approvals, purchaser financing and satisfaction of certain closing conditions. After payment of estimated closing costs, amounts due to minority interests and estimated net working capital adjustments, at closing the Company would receive net cash proceeds

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of approximately \$85,000,000, and would record a pre-tax gain on sale of discontinued operations of approximately \$30,000,000.

19. In June 2006, the Company entered into a new credit agreement with various bank lenders for a \$100,000,000 unsecured credit facility that matures in five years and bears interest based on the Eurocurrency rate or the prime rate. The Company's existing credit agreement was terminated. At June 30, 2006, no amounts were outstanding under this bank credit facility.
20. In July 2006, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Fortescue Metals Group Ltd ("Fortescue") and its subsidiary, FMG Chichester Pty Ltd ("FMG"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to invest an aggregate of \$400,000,000 in Fortescue and its Pilbara iron ore infrastructure project in Western Australia. Pursuant to the subscription agreement, the Company will acquire 26,400,000 common shares of Fortescue, representing approximately 9.99% of the common stock of Fortescue to then be outstanding, and a 13 year, \$100,000,000 note of FMG. Interest on the note is calculated as 4% of the revenue, net of government royalties, invoiced from the iron ore produced from the project. The note will be unsecured and will be subordinate to the secured debt to be issued in respect of the project. The Company's obligation to consummate the investment is subject to Fortescue obtaining approximately \$2,000,000,000 of additional financing for the project, including senior secured financing, on terms acceptable to the Company. If this condition is not satisfied or waived by December 31, 2006, either party will be able to terminate the subscription agreement.
21. Restricted cash as of June 30, 2006 includes \$117,500,000 relating to Premier's restricted accounts held by the trustee; see Note 17 for further information. The remaining balance of \$15,900,000 principally represents cash collateral requirements for letters of credit to secure various obligations; substantially all of these obligations expire before 2008.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Interim Operations.

The following should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in the 2005 10-K.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the six month period ended June 30, 2006, net cash was provided by operating activities principally as a result of the collection of certain receivables from AT&T Inc. (formerly SBC Communications, Inc.), distributions and collection of a receivable from associated companies, and receipt of proceeds from short-term investments, partially offset by payment of incentive compensation and pension plan contributions. For the six month period ended June 30, 2005, net cash was provided by operating activities principally as a result of the collection of a receivable related to a former partnership interest, distributions from associated companies and a decrease in the Company's investment in the trading portfolio.

As of June 30, 2006, the Company's readily available cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, excluding amounts held by subsidiaries that are parties to agreements which restrict the payment of dividends, totaled \$2,295,400,000. This amount is comprised of cash and short-term bonds and notes of the United

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States Government and its agencies of \$1,259,700,000 (54.9%), U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprises of \$247,100,000 (10.8%) and other publicly traded debt and equity securities aggregating \$788,600,000 (34.3%). This amount does not include 5,600,000 shares of Inmet Mining Corporation, which is restricted and carried at cost of \$78,000,000 as of June 30, 2006 (market value of \$209,600,000).

As of June 30, 2006, the Company had outstanding \$221,400,000 of fixed rate repurchase agreements (an increase of \$129,300,000 from December 31, 2005). These repurchase agreements, which are reflected in debt due within one year, have a weighted average interest rate of approximately 5%, mature at various dates through November 2006 and are secured by investments with a carrying value of \$229,900,000.

In January, April and July 2006, the Company received \$16,600,000, \$20,100,000 and \$11,500,000, respectively, as distributions from its investment in EagleRock. The amount received in January was included in current trade, notes and other receivables, net in the Company's December 31, 2005 consolidated balance sheet. As more fully described in the 2005 10-K, the Company's entire interest in EagleRock is in the process of being redeemed.

In January 2006, the Company invested \$50,000,000 in Safe Harbor Domestic Partners L.P. ("Safe Harbor"), a limited partnership which will principally invest in the securities of Japanese public companies. Although the general partner is permitted to invest directly in securities, the general partner expects that substantially all funds will be invested in a master fund managed by the general partner.

In February 2006, Square 711 completed the sale of 8 acres of unimproved land in Washington, D.C. for aggregate cash consideration of \$121,900,000. The land was acquired by Square 711 in September 2003 for cash consideration of \$53,800,000. After satisfaction of mortgage indebtedness on the property of \$32,000,000 and other closing payments, the Company received net cash proceeds of approximately \$75,700,000.

During the first quarter of 2006, the Company received aggregate cash proceeds of \$56,400,000 from the sale of its equity interest in and loan repayment by two associated companies and recorded a pre-tax gain totaling \$27,500,000, which is reflected in investment and other income for the six month period ended June 30, 2006.

In the second quarter of 2006, the Company acquired a 30% limited liability company interest in Goober Drilling for aggregate consideration of \$60,000,000, excluding expenses, and agreed to lend to Goober Drilling, on a secured basis, up to \$126,000,000 to finance new equipment purchases and construction costs, and to repay existing debt. As of June 30, 2006, the outstanding loan amount was \$53,100,000. Goober Drilling is an on-shore contract oil and gas drilling company based in Stillwater, Oklahoma that provides drilling services to exploration and production companies.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Interim Operations, continued.

As discussed above, during the second quarter of 2006, the Company indirectly acquired a controlling voting interest in Premier for an aggregate purchase price of \$90,800,000, excluding expenses. The Company effectively owns approximately 46% of the fully diluted common units of Premier and all of

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Premier's preferred units, which accrue an annual preferred return of 17%. The Company also acquired Premier's junior subordinated note due August 2012, with an outstanding balance at acquisition of \$13,400,000, and has made an \$8,000,000 12% loan to Premier that matures in May 2007. All of Premier's equity interests are pledged to secure repayment of Premier's outstanding \$160,000,000 principal amount of 10 3/4% First Mortgage Notes due February 1, 2012 (the "Premier Notes"). In addition, the Company agreed to provide up to \$40,000,000 of construction financing to Premier's general contractor by purchasing the contractor's receivables from Premier if the receivables are more than ten days past due.

Prior to Hurricane Katrina, Premier purchased a comprehensive blanket insurance policy providing up to \$181,100,000 in coverage for damage to real and personal property, including business interruption coverage. Premier has reached settlements with various insurance carriers aggregating \$159,800,000 with respect to \$167,100,000 face amount of coverage; the remaining \$14,000,000 face amount of coverage has not been settled and is currently in litigation. As of June 30, 2006, paid insurance settlements aggregating \$111,900,000 (\$121,500,000 as of August 7, 2006) have been placed on deposit into restricted accounts held by the indenture trustee of the Notes; proceeds from the remaining insurance policies that have been settled are expected to be received before the end of August. The restricted accounts held by the trustee are classified as restricted cash in the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

Hurricane Katrina completely destroyed the Hard Rock Biloxi's casino, which was a facility built on floating barges, and caused significant damage to the hotel and related structures. The threat of hurricanes remains a significant risk to the existing facilities and to the new casino, which will be constructed over water on concrete pilings that are expected to greatly improve the structural integrity of the facility. In July 2006, Premier purchased a new insurance policy providing up to \$149,300,000 in coverage for damage to real and personal property and up to the lesser of six months or \$30,000,000 of business interruption and delayed opening coverage. The coverage is syndicated through several insurance carriers, each with an A.M. Best Rating of A- (Excellent) or better. The policy provides coverage for the existing structures, as well as for the repair and rebuild of the hotel, low rise building and parking garage and the construction of the new casino. Although the insurance policy is an "all risk" policy, weather catastrophe occurrence ("WCO"), which is defined to include damage caused by a named storm, is limited to \$50,000,000 with a deductible equal to the greater of \$7,000,000 or 5% of total insured values at risk. WCO coverage is subject to mandatory reinstatement of coverage for an additional pre-determined premium.

Since the WCO coverage purchased by Premier is substantially less than the coverage in place prior to Hurricane Katrina, Premier has more exposure to property damage resulting from similar catastrophic storms. However, Premier's assessment of the probability of a similar type of loss occurring during the remainder of this year's hurricane season is remote, an assessment based in large part on the less severe damage sustained to the non-casino facilities from Hurricane Katrina last year, and the amount of new construction that will be at risk during the balance of this hurricane season. Premiums for WCO policies have increased dramatically as a result of Hurricane Katrina, and the amount of coverage that can be purchased has also been reduced as insurance companies seek to reduce their exposure to such events.

On May 5, 2006, a subsidiary of the Company commenced a tender offer for all of the Premier Notes at a price equal to 101% of par value, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase. The tender offer satisfied Premier's obligation under the indenture to make such an offer upon a change of control; the offer expired on June 9, 2006 without any Premier Notes being tendered. On June 30, 2006, Premier commenced a tender offer to purchase up to \$94,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the Premier Notes at a price equal to 100% of par

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value, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase, as required under the indenture for the Premier Notes as a result of the payment of a specified amount of insurance proceeds. Contemporaneous with the commencement of Premier's offer, the Company commenced a tender offer for all of the Premier Notes at a price

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Interim Operations, continued.

equal to 101% of the par value of the Premier Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase. The Company's offer was intended to enable Premier to have the maximum amount of insurance proceeds available to it to finance the opening of the Hard Rock Biloxi while still providing the holders of the Premier Notes with the opportunity to sell all of their Premier Notes without commission or expense associated with any such sale. Both tender offers expired on August 2, 2006 without any Premier Notes being tendered. Upon the payment of certain additional insurance proceeds expected during the third quarter of 2006, Premier may be required to make another tender offer for the Premier Notes up to the aggregate amount of additional insurance proceeds paid. In the event Premier is required to make another tender offer, the Company has also agreed, under certain conditions, to make a tender offer for all of the Premier Notes at a price equal to 101% of par value. The Company has classified the Premier Notes as a current payable as of June 30, 2006.

Premier believes that its insurance recoveries and permitted equipment financing is adequate to reconstruct the Hard Rock Biloxi similar to its condition immediately preceding Hurricane Katrina, and is also sufficient to cover interest and expenses through the reconstruction period and settle all outstanding payables arising both prior to and subsequent to Hurricane Katrina, assuming the insurance proceeds are received in a favorable and timely manner. However, due to Premier's current inability to access the insurance proceeds, together with the litigation with the remaining insurance carrier, both the amount and timing of receipt of the insurance proceeds is uncertain. Premier has estimated that the cost of debris removal and replacing the property and equipment destroyed by Hurricane Katrina will be approximately \$123,000,000 and will take approximately twelve months to complete. Interest payments under the Notes during this reconstruction period are estimated to be approximately \$20,100,000 and preopening expenses are estimated to be approximately \$17,000,000.

Premier has made a proposal to the trustee of the Premier Notes to exercise its discretion, subject to court approval, to allow Premier to use the insurance proceeds held by the trustee to repair, rebuild and open the Hard Rock Biloxi and to pay certain claims. The proposal assumes that funds would not be needed to purchase the Premier Notes pursuant to Premier's tender offer described above, and included a revised plan and budget for the reconstruction and repair of the Hard Rock Biloxi, along with financial and other information to assist the trustee in its evaluation of Premier's proposal, and certain other information as required under the indenture and related documents governing the Premier Notes. On June 30, 2006, the trustee filed a petition with the State of Minnesota District Court, Second Judicial District, Ramsey County, seeking to authorize the trustee to take all actions reasonable or necessary to consummate Premier's proposal. A hearing on this matter is expected to take place in August 2006.

In June 2006, the Company entered into a new credit agreement with various bank lenders for a \$100,000,000 unsecured credit facility that matures in five years and bears interest based on the Eurocurrency rate or the prime rate. The Company's existing credit agreement was terminated. At June 30, 2006, no amounts

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were outstanding under this bank credit facility.

In July 2006, the Company sold Symphony to RehabCare Group, Inc., for aggregate cash consideration of approximately \$101,500,000, subject to working capital adjustments. Including estimated working capital adjustments and after satisfaction of Symphony's outstanding credit agreement (\$31,700,000 at June 30, 2006) and other sale related obligations, the Company expects to realize net cash proceeds of approximately \$62,300,000 and expects to record a pre-tax gain on sale of discontinued operations of approximately \$53,300,000.

In July 2006, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Fortescue and its subsidiary, FMG, pursuant to which the Company agreed to invest an aggregate of \$400,000,000 in Fortescue and its Pilbara iron ore infrastructure project in Western Australia. Pursuant to the subscription agreement, the Company will acquire 26,400,000 common shares of Fortescue, representing approximately 9.99% of the common stock of Fortescue to then be outstanding, and a 13 year, \$100,000,000 note of FMG. Interest on the note is calculated as 4% of the revenue, net of government royalties, invoiced from the iron ore produced from the project. The note will be

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Interim Operations, continued.

unsecured and will be subordinate to the secured debt to be issued in respect of the project. The Company's obligation to consummate the investment is subject to Fortescue obtaining approximately \$2,000,000,000 of additional financing for the project, including senior secured financing, on terms acceptable to the Company. If this condition is not satisfied or waived by December 31, 2006, either party will be able to terminate the subscription agreement.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The Company's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon its consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, the Company evaluates all of these estimates and assumptions. The following areas have been identified as critical accounting estimates because they have the potential to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements, and because they are based on assumptions which are used in the accounting records to reflect, at a specific point in time, events whose ultimate outcome won't be known until a later date. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Income Taxes - The Company records a valuation allowance to reduce its deferred tax asset to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. If in the future the Company were to determine that it would be able to realize its deferred tax asset in excess of its net recorded amount, an adjustment would increase income in such period. Similarly, if in the future the Company were to determine that it would not be able to realize all or part of its deferred tax asset, an adjustment would be charged to income in such period. The determination of the amount of the valuation allowance required is based, in significant part, upon the Company's projection of future taxable income at any point in time. The Company also records reserves for contingent tax liabilities based on the Company's assessment of the probability of successfully sustaining

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its tax filing positions.

During 2005, the Company's projections of future taxable income enabled it to conclude that it is more likely than not that it will have future taxable income sufficient to realize a portion of the Company's net deferred tax asset; accordingly, \$1,135,100,000 of the deferred tax valuation allowance was reversed as a credit to income tax expense (principally during the second quarter of 2005). The Company's conclusion that a portion of the deferred tax asset was more likely than not to be realizable is strongly influenced by its historical ability to generate significant amounts of taxable income. The Company's estimate of future taxable income considers all available evidence, both positive and negative, about its current operations and investments, includes an aggregation of individual projections for each material operation and investment, and includes all future years that the Company estimated it would have available net operating losses. Over the projection period, the Company assumed that its readily available cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities would provide returns generally equivalent to the returns expected to be provided by the Company's existing operations and investments, except for certain amounts assumed to be invested on a short-term basis to meet the Company's liquidity needs. The Company believes that its estimate of future taxable income is reasonable but inherently uncertain, and if its current or future operations and investments generate taxable income greater than the projected amounts, further adjustments to reduce the valuation allowance are possible. Conversely, if the Company realizes unforeseen material losses in the future, or its ability to generate future taxable income necessary to realize a portion of the deferred tax asset is materially reduced, additions to the valuation allowance could be recorded. At June 30, 2006, the balance of the deferred valuation allowance was approximately \$800,000,000.

Impairment of Securities - Investments with an impairment in value considered to be other than temporary are written down to estimated fair value. The write-downs are included in net securities gains in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company evaluates its investments for impairment on a quarterly basis.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Interim Operations, continued.

The Company's determination of whether a security is other than temporarily impaired incorporates both quantitative and qualitative information; GAAP requires the exercise of judgment in making this assessment, rather than the application of fixed mathematical criteria. The Company considers a number of factors including, but not limited to, the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near term prospects of the issuer, the reason for the decline in fair value, changes in fair value subsequent to the balance sheet date, and other factors specific to the individual investment. The Company's assessment involves a high degree of judgment and accordingly, actual results may differ materially from the Company's estimates and judgments. The Company recorded impairment charges for securities of \$1,700,000 and \$1,000,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$2,600,000 and \$3,300,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Business Combinations - At acquisition, the Company allocates the cost of a business acquisition to the specific tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their relative fair values. Significant judgments

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and estimates are often made to determine these allocated values, and may include the use of independent appraisals, consider market quotes for similar transactions, employ discounted cash flow techniques or consider other information the Company believes relevant. The finalization of the purchase price allocation will typically take a number of months to complete, and if final values are materially different from initially recorded amounts adjustments are recorded. Any excess of the cost of a business acquisition over the fair values of the net assets and liabilities acquired is recorded as goodwill which is not amortized to expense. Recorded goodwill of a reporting unit is required to be tested for impairment on an annual basis, and between annual testing dates if events or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its net book value.

Subsequent to the finalization of the purchase price allocation, any adjustments to the recorded values of acquired assets and liabilities would be reflected in the Company's consolidated statement of operations. Once final, the Company is not permitted to revise the allocation of the original purchase price, even if subsequent events or circumstances prove the Company's original judgments and estimates to be incorrect. In addition, long-lived assets like property and equipment, amortizable intangibles and goodwill may be deemed to be impaired in the future resulting in the recognition of an impairment loss; however, under GAAP the methods, assumptions and results of an impairment review are not the same for all long-lived assets. The assumptions and judgments made by the Company when recording business combinations will have an impact on reported results of operations for many years into the future.

Results of Operations

The 2006 Periods Compared to the 2005 Periods

Manufacturing - Idaho Timber

Revenues and other income for Idaho Timber (which was acquired in May 2005) were \$91,700,000 and \$184,300,000 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006, respectively, and \$63,500,000 for the 2005 periods; gross profit was \$9,400,000 and \$21,200,000 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006, respectively, and \$3,400,000 for the 2005 periods; and pre-tax income (loss) was \$4,300,000 and \$11,500,000 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006, respectively, and \$(400,000) for the 2005 periods. Results of operations include salaries and incentive compensation expenses of \$2,600,000 and \$5,200,000 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006, respectively, and \$1,100,000 for the 2005 periods, and depreciation and amortization expenses of \$1,200,000 and \$2,500,000 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006, respectively, and \$1,800,000 for the 2005 periods. While Idaho Timber's revenues and shipment volume for the second quarter of 2006 were largely unchanged as compared to the first quarter of 2006, the average selling price

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Interim Operations, continued.

declined significantly during June. This decline was principally due to weakening demand resulting from the abundant supply of high-grade inventory in the marketplace combined with expected decreased demand due to reductions in new housing starts. Raw material costs (the largest component of its cost of sales), which generally lag behind reductions in selling prices, increased during the

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second quarter of 2006 as compared to the first quarter of 2006 reflecting uncertainty concerning Canadian low-grade softwood imports. Gross profit and pre-tax results reflect this compression during the second quarter, and particularly during the month of June.

Manufacturing - Plastics

Pre-tax income for the plastics division was \$5,000,000 and \$4,700,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$10,200,000 and \$7,900,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The plastics division's revenues and other income were \$27,100,000 and \$24,600,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$54,200,000 and \$45,400,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Gross profits were \$8,700,000 and \$8,100,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$17,800,000 and \$14,400,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase in revenues in 2006 reflects an increase in NSW's revenues (which was acquired in February 2005) of \$800,000 and \$3,400,000, respectively, for the three and six month periods, and increases primarily in the carpet cushion and erosion control markets, partially reduced by a decline in the consumer products market due to lower demand for certain products. The sales increases result from a variety of factors including the strong housing market, increased road construction and the impact of price increases implemented in 2005. Gross margin for the second quarter of 2006 also reflects an increase in the cost of polypropylene, the principal raw material used and a byproduct of the oil refining process whose price tends to fluctuate with the price of oil. In addition, gross margins for the three and six month 2006 periods reflect \$400,000 and \$800,000, respectively, of greater amortization expense on intangible assets resulting from acquisitions and depreciation expense as compared to the same periods in 2005. Pre-tax results for the three and six month 2006 periods also reflect \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 of higher salaries and incentive compensation expense than for the comparable periods in 2005.

Telecommunications - ATX

ATX has been consolidated by the Company since April 22, 2005, the effective date of its bankruptcy plan. ATX telecommunications revenues and other income were \$41,000,000 and \$80,700,000, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and \$30,700,000 for the 2005 periods. Telecommunications cost of sales were \$23,400,000 and \$47,200,000, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and \$19,400,000 for the 2005 periods. Salaries and incentive compensation expense was \$6,300,000 and \$12,500,000, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and \$5,100,000 for the 2005 periods; depreciation and amortization expenses were \$2,300,000 and \$5,100,000, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and \$1,800,000 for the 2005 periods; and selling, general and other expenses were \$6,800,000 and \$13,800,000, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and \$5,200,000 for the 2005 periods. ATX had pre-tax income (loss) of \$2,100,000 and \$2,000,000, respectively, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and \$(700,000) for the 2005 periods. Other income for the 2006 periods includes \$500,000 from the recovery of certain pre-bankruptcy payments that had no book value. Revenues and cost of sales for the second quarter of 2006 were largely unchanged as compared to the first quarter of 2006.

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of Interim Operations, continued.

In June 2006, the Company entered into an agreement to sell ATX to Broadview Networks Holdings, Inc. Closing of the transaction is subject to receipt of required regulatory approvals, purchaser financing and satisfaction of certain closing conditions. After payment of estimated closing costs, amounts due to minority interests and estimated net working capital adjustments, at closing the Company would receive net cash proceeds of approximately \$85,000,000, and would record a pre-tax gain on sale of discontinued operations of approximately \$30,000,000.

Gaming Entertainment

For the period from date of acquisition to June 30, 2006, Premier had pre-tax income of \$600,000. Such amount reflects Premier's interest expense of \$3,400,000, all other expenses of \$2,300,000, insurance recoveries and charges for minority interests. As more fully discussed above, Premier is currently awaiting the release of insurance proceeds held by the trustee under the Premier Notes; however, reconstruction activities have begun and are expected to take twelve months to complete. Until such time as the Hard Rock Biloxi reopens, Premier's operating results will consist primarily of overhead costs, interest expense, charges or credits for minority interests and remaining insurance recoveries.

Domestic Real Estate

Pre-tax income for the domestic real estate segment was \$3,200,000 and \$1,100,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$51,000,000 and \$500,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Pre-tax income for this segment for the six month period ended June 30, 2006 principally reflects the sale by Square 711, which resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$48,900,000. In addition, the Company recognized pre-tax profit related to its 95-lot development project in South Walton County, Florida of \$3,000,000 and \$1,500,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$3,500,000 and \$2,400,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Such amounts principally result from the completion of certain required improvements.

Corporate and Other Operations

Investment and other income increased in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the same periods in 2005 primarily due to greater interest income of \$19,600,000 and \$38,100,000, respectively, reflecting a larger amount of invested assets and higher interest rates, and for the six month period, \$27,500,000 of gain from the sales of two associated companies. In addition, investment and other income for the 2006 periods include \$7,100,000 from the recovery of a bankruptcy claim. Investment and other income also reflects income (charges) of \$800,000 and \$(1,300,000) for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$1,800,000 and \$(200,000) for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, related to the accounting for mark-to-market values of Corporate derivatives.

Net securities gains for Corporate and Other Operations aggregated \$44,400,000 and \$46,900,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$83,100,000 and \$47,000,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Included in net securities gains for the six month 2006 period is a gain of \$37,400,000 from the sale of 115,000,000 shares of Level 3 common stock for \$376,600,000. Net securities gains include provisions of \$1,700,000 and \$1,000,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$2,600,000 and \$3,300,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, to write down the Company's investments in certain available for sale securities. The write-down of the

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securities resulted from a decline in market value determined to be other than temporary.

The increase in interest expense during the 2006 periods as compared to the same periods in 2005 primarily reflects interest expense relating to fixed rate repurchase agreements.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Interim Operations, continued.

Salaries and incentive compensation expense increased by \$13,100,000 and \$16,700,000, respectively, in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the same periods in 2005 principally due to share-based compensation expense recorded as a result of the adoption of SFAS 123R. For the three and six month 2006 periods, salaries and incentive compensation expense included \$9,000,000 and \$9,400,000, respectively, relating to grants made under the Company's senior executive warrant plan and the fixed stock option plan. Salaries and incentive compensation also increased due to greater Corporate bonus expense, compensation expense of a subsidiary that was acquired in the fourth quarter of 2005 that is engaged in the development of a new medical product, and greater compensation expense for the winery operations.

The increase in selling, general and other expenses of \$6,500,000 and \$16,400,000 in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the same periods in 2005 primarily reflects research and development costs and operating expenses of the medical product development subsidiary, greater employee benefit costs including pension costs relating to WilTel's retained plan (which were classified with discontinued operations in 2005), the write down of certain gas properties, and higher professional fees, which largely relate to potential and existing investments. The 2006 periods also reflect increased corporate aircraft expenses. In addition, selling, general and administrative expenses for the three and six month 2005 periods include \$1,300,000 and \$2,100,000, respectively, related to Indular, an Argentine shoe manufacturing company that was sold in the fourth quarter of 2005.

For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006, the Company's effective income tax rate is higher than the federal statutory rate primarily due to state income taxes. The income tax provisions for the 2005 periods reflect a credit of \$1,110,000,000 as a result of the reversal of a portion of the valuation allowance for the deferred tax asset. The Company adjusted the valuation allowance since it believes it is more likely than not that it will have future taxable income sufficient to realize that portion of the net deferred tax asset.

Associated Companies

Equity in income (losses) of associated companies for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 includes the following (in thousands):

For the Three Month Period Ended June 30,		For the S Period Ende
-----		-----
2006	2005	2006
-----	-----	-----

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Olympus Re Holdings, Ltd.	\$ --	\$ 4,900	\$ --
EagleRock	2,500	(14,700)	12,000
JPOF II	14,100	4,700	19,700
HomeFed Corporation	200	500	900
Union Square	--	72,000	--
Safe Harbor	(4,600)	--	(3,500)
Other	2,900	600	8,500
	-----	-----	-----
Equity in income before income taxes	15,100	68,000	37,600
Income tax expense	5,600	700	14,300
	-----	-----	-----
Equity in income, net of taxes	\$ 9,500	\$ 67,300	\$ 23,300
	=====	=====	=====

In early 2006, Olympus Re Holdings, Ltd. raised a significant amount of new equity to replace some, but not all of the capital that was lost as a result of the 2005 hurricanes. Since the Company did not invest additional capital in Olympus, its equity interest was diluted (to less than 4%) such that it no longer applies the equity method of accounting for this investment subsequent to December 31, 2005. The Company wrote down the book value of its remaining investment in Olympus to zero in 2005.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Interim Operations, continued.

In May 2005, Union Square sold its interest in an office complex located on Capitol Hill in Washington, D.C. During the second quarter of 2005, the Company received its share of the net proceeds totaling \$71,800,000 and received an additional \$1,000,000 in the fourth quarter for its share of escrowed proceeds. The Company recognized a pre-tax gain on the sale, including the escrowed proceeds, of \$71,900,000.

Discontinued Operations

Healthcare Services

As discussed above, in July 2006 the Company sold Symphony and classified its historical operating results as a discontinued operation during the second quarter. Pre-tax income of the healthcare services segment was \$1,700,000 and \$800,000 for the three month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$200,000 and \$2,200,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Real Estate

In May 2005, the Company sold its 716-room Waikiki Beach hotel and related assets for an aggregate purchase price of \$107,000,000, before closing costs and other required payments. The Company recorded a pre-tax gain of \$56,600,000, which is reflected in gain on disposal of discontinued operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2005.

WilTel

Gain (loss) on disposal of discontinued operations for the 2006 periods principally reflects working capital adjustments and the resolution of certain

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sale-related obligations and contingencies related to WilTel, which was sold in the fourth quarter of 2005. WilTel's pre-tax income classified as a discontinued operation was \$11,300,000 and \$20,600,000 for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2005, respectively.

Cautionary Statement for Forward-Looking Information

Statements included in this Report may contain forward-looking statements. Such statements may relate, but are not limited, to projections of revenues, income or loss, development expenditures, plans for growth and future operations, competition and regulation, as well as assumptions relating to the foregoing. Such forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe-harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which cannot be predicted or quantified. When used in this Report, the words "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "plans," "intends" and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Future events and actual results could differ materially from those set forth in, contemplated by or underlying the forward-looking statements.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from any results projected, forecasted, estimated or budgeted or may materially and adversely affect the Company's actual results include but are not limited to the following: potential acquisitions and dispositions of our operations and investments could change our risk profile; dependence on certain key personnel; economic downturns; changes in the U.S. housing market; changes in telecommunications laws and regulations; risks associated with the increased volatility in raw material prices and the availability of key raw materials; compliance with government laws and regulations; changes in mortgage interest rate levels or changes in consumer lending practices; a decrease in consumer spending or general increases in the cost of living; proper functioning of our information systems; intense competition in the operation

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Interim Operations, continued.

of our businesses; our ability to generate sufficient taxable income to fully realize our deferred tax asset; weather related conditions and significant natural disasters, including hurricanes, tornadoes, windstorms, earthquakes and hailstorms; our ability to insure certain risks economically; reduction or cessation of dividend payments on our common shares. For additional information see Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in the 2005 10-K and Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors contained herein.

Undue reliance should not be placed on these forward-looking statements, which are applicable only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to revise or update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date of this Report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Information required under this Item is contained in Item 7A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, and is incorporated by reference herein.

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

- (a) The Company's management evaluated, with the participation of the Company's principal executive and principal financial officers, the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of June 30, 2006. Based on their evaluation, the Company's principal executive and principal financial officers concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2006.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting

- (b) There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the Company's fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2006, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

On June 8, 2006, approximately 1,590 individual purchasers of subordinated notes issued by Thaxton Group, Inc. ("Thaxton") filed, in one consolidated case, a lawsuit in the United States District Court for the District of South Carolina, Anderson Division, against Leucadia National Corporation; FINOVA Capital Corporation, Inc.; FINOVA Group, Inc.; Berkshire Hathaway, Inc.; Thomas Mara; Berkadia, LLC; Berkadia II LLC; Berkadia Equity Holdings LLC; and Berkadia Management LLC. Plaintiffs in the aggregate claim to have purchased approximately \$84,000,000 (including interest) of Thaxton Notes (as defined below). The plaintiffs' claims are brought under various statutory and common law theories and substantially rely upon a control theory of lender liability, assert civil conspiracy, securities fraud, unfair trade practices act, and civil racketeering claims against the defendants and seek civil, punitive and treble damages. The Company believes that the claims against it are without merit and intends to vigorously defend against this litigation.

This lawsuit arises out of the same facts underlying litigation between The FINOVA Group Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Finova") and Thaxton and its affiliates (and their respective chapter 11 estates) and holders of Thaxton Notes following the bankruptcy of Thaxton in October 2003 and its subsequent default on subordinated debt that Thaxton and certain related parties had issued (the "Thaxton Notes"). The claims in the prior litigations against Finova relate to Finova's attempts to collect on its \$108,000,000 senior secured loan to Thaxton. These actions were either brought by holders of the Thaxton Notes (which actions were certified as a class action by the United States District Court for the District of South Carolina, Anderson Division, but which ruling was subsequently reversed by the United States Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit) or by the unsecured creditors of Thaxton in the Thaxton bankruptcy proceedings. All of these actions were consolidated for pre-trial discovery in the United States District Court for the District of South Carolina, Anderson

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Division. In March 2006, the South Carolina District Court granted a partial summary judgment motion on the Thaxton creditors' claim for equitable subordination, finding that FINOVA Capital Corporation had engaged in fraudulent conduct by purposefully structuring its loan agreement in a way that allowed Thaxton to report to all its creditors, and particularly prospective purchasers of Thaxton Notes, that an \$8,000,000 equity investment had been made in 1998, when in fact, that \$8,000,000 continued to be debt, and that this enabled Thaxton to violate federal banking law. Finova has filed an appeal of this decision to the Fourth Circuit. Finova has stated in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission that it believes that all of the claims against it in these actions are without merit.

For additional information concerning Finova and Thaxton-related litigation, reference is made to the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 filed by The FINOVA Group Inc. and its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006.

For additional information concerning the Company's relationship with Berkadia and Finova, see the Company's 2005 10-K.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As a result of the Company's acquisition of Premier during the second quarter of 2006, the Company is adding to its risk factors the items listed below that are specific to the Premier investment.

Premier could be unsuccessful in its attempt to fully collect on its remaining insurance claim related to Hurricane Katrina. Premier is currently engaged in litigation with one insurance carrier that provided \$14,000,000 of insurance coverage. If Premier is not successful in recovering its insurance claim, it may not have sufficient funds to repair and rebuild the Hard Rock Biloxi and fund its pre-opening expenses without additional assistance.

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Premier may not be successful in obtaining access to the insurance proceeds held in restricted accounts by the trustee under the Notes. If the trustee under the Notes does not approve Premier's proposal and release the funds to repair and rebuild the Hard Rock Biloxi, Premier will not be able to carry out its business plan in a timely manner without access to alternative capital.

Premier could encounter problems during reconstruction that could substantially increase the construction costs or delay the opening of the Hard Rock Biloxi. Reconstruction projects like the Hard Rock Biloxi are subject to significant development and construction risks, any of which could cause unanticipated cost increases and delays. These include, among others, the following:

- o shortages of materials and skilled labor;
- o adverse weather which damages the project or causes delays;
- o delays in obtaining or inability to obtain necessary permits, licenses and approvals, including alcoholic beverage licensing and gaming commission approval;
- o changes in statutes, regulations, policies and agency interpretations of laws applicable to gaming projects;
- o changes to the plans or specifications;
- o engineering problems;
- o labor disputes and work stoppages;
- o environmental issues;
- o fire, flooding and other natural disasters; and
- o geological, construction, excavation, regulatory and equipment problems.

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Premier has no operating history or history of earnings and does not have any experience developing or operating a gaming facility. Following reconstruction, the Hard Rock Biloxi will be a new business and, accordingly, will be subject to all of the risks inherent in the establishment of a new business enterprise. If Premier is unable to manage these risks successfully, or fail to attract a sufficient number of guests, gaming customers and other visitors to the Hard Rock Biloxi, it would negatively impact its operations.

The right to operate the Hard Rock Biloxi is contingent upon governmental approval. A revocation, suspension, limit or condition of Premier's gaming licenses or registrations would result in a material adverse effect on its business. If Premier's gaming licenses and/or registrations are revoked for any reason, the Mississippi Gaming Commission could require us to close the Hard Rock Biloxi. Failure to maintain such approvals could prevent or delay the completion of reconstruction or opening of the Hard Rock Biloxi, or otherwise affect the design and features of the operation of the Hard Rock Biloxi, all of which could materially and adversely affect financial position and results of operations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The Company's purchases of its common shares during the second quarter of 2006 were as follows:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
June 1 to June 30	1,034	\$32.02	--	\$ --
Total	1,034		--	

(1) Consists of common shares received from a director to exercise stock options in accordance with the terms of the stock option plan. Shares were valued at the market price at the time of the option exercise.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

The following matters were submitted to a vote of shareholders at the Company's 2006 Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 16, 2006.

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a) Election of directors.

	For	Number of Shares	Wi
	---	-----	---
Ian M. Cumming	194,563,118		1
Paul M. Dougan	194,565,600		1
Lawrence D. Glaubinger	194,526,426		1
Alan J. Hirschfield	194,096,136		1
James E. Jordan	193,977,302		2
Jeffrey C. Keil	195,458,462		
Jesse Clyde Nichols, III	194,540,806		1
Joseph S. Steinberg	194,558,996		1

b) Approval of an amendment to the Company's 2003 Senior Executive Annual Incentive Bonus Plan increasing the maximum annual incentive bonus that may be paid to each of Ian M. Cumming and Joseph S. Steinberg under the plan from 1% to 1.35% of the audited pre-tax earnings of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries for each year of the plan through and including fiscal year 2014.

For	150,358,868
Against	2,383,850
Abstentions	1,460,404
Broker non-votes	41,844,462

c) Approval of the 2006 Senior Executive Warrant Plan and the grant of warrants to each of Ian M. Cumming and Joseph S. Steinberg under the plan to purchase 2,000,000 Leucadia National Corporation common shares at a per share exercise price equal to \$28.515 per share, representing 105% of the closing price of our common shares as quoted on the New York Stock Exchange on March 6, 2006, the date on which the warrants were granted, subject to shareholder approval.

For	147,119,728
Against	5,314,134
Abstentions	1,549,258
Broker non-votes	42,064,464

d) Approval of an amendment to the 1999 Stock Option Plan increasing the number of Leucadia National Corporation common shares reserved for issuance under the 1999 Stock Option Plan by 2,000,000 common shares so that an aggregate of 2,519,150 common shares would be reserved for issuance under the plan.

For	146,616,522
Against	6,064,970
Abstentions	1,521,626
Broker non-votes	41,844,466

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- e) Ratification of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, as independent auditors for the year ended December 31, 2006.

For	195,678,248
Against	253,646
Abstentions	115,690
Broker non-votes	--

Item 6. Exhibits.

- 10.1 Form of Unit Purchase Agreement, dated as of April 6, 2006, by and among GAR, LLC, the Company, AA Capital Equity Fund, L.P., AA Capital Biloxi Co-Investment Fund, L.P. and HRHC Holdings, LLC.
- 10.2 Form of Loan Agreement, dated as of April 6, 2006, by and among Goober Drilling, LLC, the Subsidiaries of Goober Drilling, LLC from time to time signatory thereto and the Company.
- 10.3 Form of First Amendment to Loan Agreement, dated as of June 15, 2006, between Goober Drilling, LLC, the Subsidiaries of Goober Drilling, LLC from time to time signatory thereto and the Company.
- 10.4 Form of First Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Goober Drilling, LLC, dated as of June 15, 2006, by and among Goober Holdings, LLC, Baldwin Enterprises, Inc., the Persons that become Members from time to time, John Special, Chris McCutchen, Jim Eden, Mike Brown and Goober Drilling Corporation.
- 10.5 Form of Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated as of May 3, 2006, by and among LUK-Symphony Management, LLC, Symphony Health Services, LLC and RehabCare Group, Inc.
- 10.6 Form of Amendment No. 1, dated as of May 16, 2006, to the Amended and Restated Shareholders Agreement dated as of June 30, 2003, by and among Ian M. Cumming, Joseph S. Steinberg and the Company.
- 10.7 Form of Credit Agreement, dated as of June 28, 2006, by and among the Company, the various financial institutions and other Persons from time to time party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association.
- 31.1 Certification of Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of President pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.3 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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32.2 Certification of President pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32.3 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LEUCADIA NATIONAL CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: August 9, 2006

By: /s/ Barbara L. Lowenthal

Barbara L. Lowenthal
Vice President and Comptroller
(Chief Accounting Officer)

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Exhibit Index

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10.4 Form of First Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company

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